



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>



A propos de ce livre

Ceci est une copie numérique d'un ouvrage conservé depuis des générations dans les rayonnages d'une bibliothèque avant d'être numérisé avec précaution par Google dans le cadre d'un projet visant à permettre aux internautes de découvrir l'ensemble du patrimoine littéraire mondial en ligne.

Ce livre étant relativement ancien, il n'est plus protégé par la loi sur les droits d'auteur et appartient à présent au domaine public. L'expression "appartenir au domaine public" signifie que le livre en question n'a jamais été soumis aux droits d'auteur ou que ses droits légaux sont arrivés à expiration. Les conditions requises pour qu'un livre tombe dans le domaine public peuvent varier d'un pays à l'autre. Les livres libres de droit sont autant de liens avec le passé. Ils sont les témoins de la richesse de notre histoire, de notre patrimoine culturel et de la connaissance humaine et sont trop souvent difficilement accessibles au public.

Les notes de bas de page et autres annotations en marge du texte présentes dans le volume original sont reprises dans ce fichier, comme un souvenir du long chemin parcouru par l'ouvrage depuis la maison d'édition en passant par la bibliothèque pour finalement se retrouver entre vos mains.

Consignes d'utilisation

Google est fier de travailler en partenariat avec des bibliothèques à la numérisation des ouvrages appartenant au domaine public et de les rendre ainsi accessibles à tous. Ces livres sont en effet la propriété de tous et de toutes et nous sommes tout simplement les gardiens de ce patrimoine. Il s'agit toutefois d'un projet coûteux. Par conséquent et en vue de poursuivre la diffusion de ces ressources inépuisables, nous avons pris les dispositions nécessaires afin de prévenir les éventuels abus auxquels pourraient se livrer des sites marchands tiers, notamment en instaurant des contraintes techniques relatives aux requêtes automatisées.

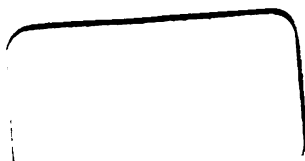
Nous vous demandons également de:

- + *Ne pas utiliser les fichiers à des fins commerciales* Nous avons conçu le programme Google Recherche de Livres à l'usage des particuliers. Nous vous demandons donc d'utiliser uniquement ces fichiers à des fins personnelles. Ils ne sauraient en effet être employés dans un quelconque but commercial.
- + *Ne pas procéder à des requêtes automatisées* N'envoyez aucune requête automatisée quelle qu'elle soit au système Google. Si vous effectuez des recherches concernant les logiciels de traduction, la reconnaissance optique de caractères ou tout autre domaine nécessitant de disposer d'importantes quantités de texte, n'hésitez pas à nous contacter. Nous encourageons pour la réalisation de ce type de travaux l'utilisation des ouvrages et documents appartenant au domaine public et serions heureux de vous être utile.
- + *Ne pas supprimer l'attribution* Le filigrane Google contenu dans chaque fichier est indispensable pour informer les internautes de notre projet et leur permettre d'accéder à davantage de documents par l'intermédiaire du Programme Google Recherche de Livres. Ne le supprimez en aucun cas.
- + *Rester dans la légalité* Quelle que soit l'utilisation que vous comptez faire des fichiers, n'oubliez pas qu'il est de votre responsabilité de veiller à respecter la loi. Si un ouvrage appartient au domaine public américain, n'en déduisez pas pour autant qu'il en va de même dans les autres pays. La durée légale des droits d'auteur d'un livre varie d'un pays à l'autre. Nous ne sommes donc pas en mesure de répertorier les ouvrages dont l'utilisation est autorisée et ceux dont elle ne l'est pas. Ne croyez pas que le simple fait d'afficher un livre sur Google Recherche de Livres signifie que celui-ci peut être utilisé de quelque façon que ce soit dans le monde entier. La condamnation à laquelle vous vous exposeriez en cas de violation des droits d'auteur peut être sévère.

À propos du service Google Recherche de Livres

En favorisant la recherche et l'accès à un nombre croissant de livres disponibles dans de nombreuses langues, dont le français, Google souhaite contribuer à promouvoir la diversité culturelle grâce à Google Recherche de Livres. En effet, le Programme Google Recherche de Livres permet aux internautes de découvrir le patrimoine littéraire mondial, tout en aidant les auteurs et les éditeurs à élargir leur public. Vous pouvez effectuer des recherches en ligne dans le texte intégral de cet ouvrage à l'adresse <http://books.google.com>

B 1,433,802





S40.3
B79T
F83

DICTIONNAIRE

R O Y A L

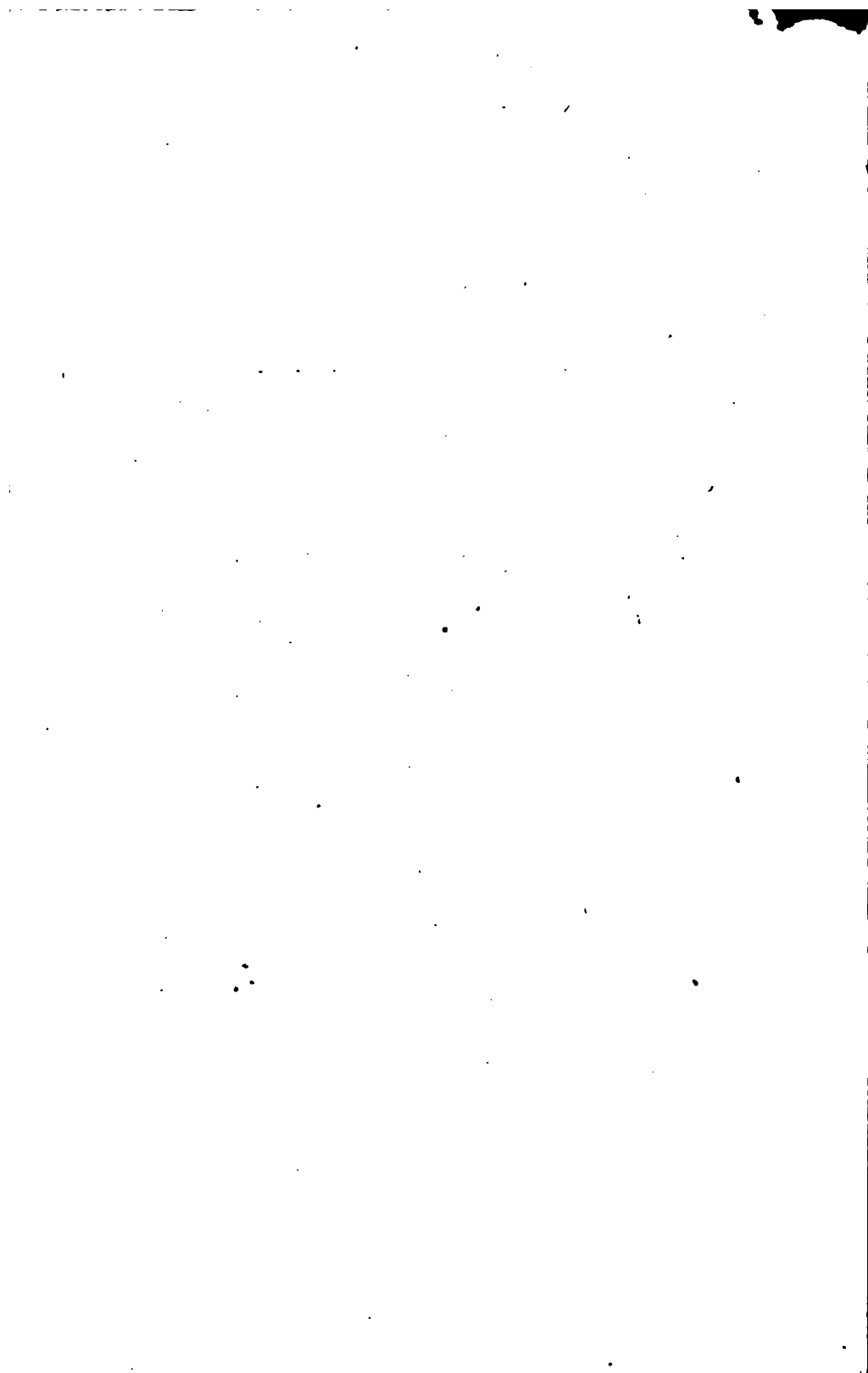
FRANÇOIS-ANGLOIS,

EN ABRÉGÉ.

John D. Hale
E. S. Leber

Oct 18-1822

D



DICTIONNAIRE
R O Y A L
FRANÇOIS-ANGLOIS
ET
ANGLOIS-FRANÇOIS,
EN ABRÉGÉ,

Par **M. A. BOYER.**

*AVEC des Accens pour faciliter aux Étrangers la
prononciation de la Langue Angloise.*

QUINZIEME EDITION,

Soigneusement corrigée, & enrichie de tous les termes de Marine
usités dans l'une & l'autre Langue ; ainsi que d'une Table
alphabétique & raisonnée des Particules Angloises dressée d'après
les meilleurs Auteurs.

T O M E P R E M I E R.



A L Y O N,

Chez JEAN-MARIE BRUYSET Pere & Fils.

M. D.C.C. LXXXIII.

1783
AVEC APPROBATION ET PRIVILEGE DU ROI.

40



AVERTISSEMENT

S U R

CETTE NOUVELLE ÉDITION.

L'APPROBATION qu'a reçue l'Édition précédente de cet Abrégé, & l'empressement avec lequel on en attend une nouvelle, nous faisoient un devoir des soins que nous avons mis à perfectionner celle que nous offrons aujourd'hui au Public. D'autres motifs devoient exciter notre émulation, la multiplicité des Ouvrages de ce genre qui ont paru depuis la première Édition françoise de l'*Abrégé de Boyer* exigeoit que nous ne négligeassions rien pour le rendre plus utile ; ils nous en fournissoient d'ailleurs eux-mêmes les moyens en nous offrant des modèles utiles de comparaison, soit relativement aux différens plans que se sont formés leurs Auteurs, soit quant aux détails pour rectifier nos erreurs ou suppléer à nos omissions.

Tels étoient les secours que nous devions attendre de l'Édition publiée à Londres en 1773 du *grand Dictionnaire de Boyer* revu par Prieur, du *Dictionnaire Anglois & François, François & Anglois* de Chambaud & Robinet, imprimé à Amsterdam en 1776, du *nouvel Abrégé de Boyer* par Prieur, donné à Londres en 1777, & du nouveau *Dictionnaire de Deletanville*, imprimé en 1779. Le travail auquel nous nous sommes livrés nous-mêmes pour perfectionner l'Édition du *Dictionnaire de*
Tome I.

Boyer, in-4.° que nous avons donnée en 1780, ne pouvoit manquer de favoriser nos vues relativement à son Abrégé, & c'est dans cette source que nous avons puisé les termes de Marine de l'une & l'autre Langue dont cette nouvelle Edition est enrichie ; addition que les relations continuelles des deux Nations rendent extrêmement importante, & d'autant plus précieuse, que les termes consacrés à l'art de la Navigation ne se trouvent consignés, soit en France, soit en Angleterre, dans aucun des Dictionnaires destinés à l'étude des deux Langues, à l'exception de celui que nous citons.

En nous livrant, dans la révision de cette nouvelle Edition, à l'examen si pénible & pourtant si nécessaire des détails qui tiennent à la pureté du langage, nous avons, surtout pour la partie Angloise, également mis à contribution les Auteurs que nous venons de citer ; nous avons cherché à nous éclairer en les comparant ; & ce travail qui a servi de base à la révision de cet Abrégé, a été répété à la lecture de chaque feuille, pour assurer l'exactitude de la partie typographique qui laissera peu à désirer. Mais *l'Abrégé de Prieur & le Dictionnaire de Deletanville* offroient chacun un plan particulier de rédaction, dans lequel ils ont à l'envi, cherché à rendre l'usage de leur Dictionnaire plus instructif & plus universel. S'ils n'ont pu nous servir de modèles, ils nous ont néanmoins fourni des vues que nous avons adoptées, avec cette différence que s'étant appliqués à rendre l'étude du François plus facile aux Anglois, nous avons cru devoir faire pour nos compatriotes ce qu'ils ont cherché à faire pour les leurs, & tâcher de faciliter à notre Nation l'étude de la Langue Angloise. Le but que devoient naturellement se proposer les Lexicographes Anglois, peut mettre ceux qui préfèrent les Editions de Londres, sous le prétexte que la partie Angloise doit y être plus exacte, à portée d'apprécier jusqu'à quel point cette préférence est fondée.

Prieur a ajouté à son Abrégé une Préface dont le style barbare semble devoir décréditer son travail ; elle est principalement destinée à expliquer la formation des temps des Verbes François & la Table qui y est relative dans le premier volume de son Dictionnaire. Il établit dans notre Langue dix sortes de Conjugaisons , & rappelle dans le cours de son Ouvrage celle à laquelle appartient chaque verbe françois , en plaçant à la suite les chiffres 1 à 10. Il a encore cherché à faciliter l'étude du François , en mettant dans la partie Angloise & Françoisise à la suite de chaque mot françois le genre auquel il appartient , & la seule addition qu'il ait faite en faveur des Etrangers , est celle des Prétérits & des Participes qu'il a placés à la suite des Verbes Anglois irréguliers , encore ces irrégularités se trouvent-elles dans presque toutes les Grammaires ; elles forment d'ailleurs dans son Ouvrage un double emploi , parce que les Prétérits & les Participes des Verbes Anglois irréguliers s'y trouvent comme dans le nôtre , placés à leur rang dans l'ordre alphabétique.

Deletanville, dont le travail est postérieur à celui de *Prieur* , a cherché à renchérir sur lui , & semble s'être attaché plus particulièrement encore à approprier l'usage de son Dictionnaire à la Nation Angloise ; il a placé à la tête de son Ouvrage un Précis de Grammaire Françoisise contenu en dix pages , qui renferment essentiellement les Conjugaisons des Verbes François divisées en six. Il y renvoie dans le cours de son Ouvrage , par les chiffres 1 à 6 dans la partie Françoisise & Angloise , & dans la partie Angloise & Françoisise , par les six lettres , *a , e , i , o , u , y*. La bigarrure qui résulte de la dissemblance de ces renvois , n'est pas le seul inconvénient qu'ils présentent ; il s'est également servi de chiffres dans l'une & l'autre partie , pour distinguer les différentes significations d'un même mot ; de sorte que le même signe servant à deux usages différens , peut , à tout instant , induire en erreur le Lecteur qui consulte , &

deviendrait au moins inutile , si la facilité de se méprendre sur son emploi , ne le rendoit embarrassant. Il a exclu totalement de son plan les Participes , soit François , soit Anglois , sous le prétexte qu'en les admettant il faudroit également insérer les autres temps des Verbes , comme s'ils étoient , ainsi que les Participes , dans le cas d'avoir alternativement à remplir la double fonction qui leur est attachée , d'Adjectif & de Participe. Nous avons dû nous garder de former d'après lui dans notre Ouvrage un vide qui ne s'y trouvoit pas , & nous y avons conservé dans l'une & l'autre partie les Participes des Verbes des deux Langues , préférant une surabondance utile , à des retranchemens auxquels on ne peut suppléer que par le secours d'un Maître ou d'une Grammaire. Enfin , le désir bien juste sans doute d'approprier son Ouvrage à l'usage des Anglois , a porté M. *Deletanville* à n'admettre , dans l'une & l'autre partie , que des définitions Angloises à la suite de chaque mot ; parce qu'autrement , dit-il , elles n'auroient pas été susceptibles d'être entendues par des Anglois qui commencent à étudier le François. Nous n'avons pas cru devoir encore nous écarter du plan suivi dans notre premier Abrégé , où les définitions sont en François dans la partie Française , & en Anglois dans la partie Angloise ; par la raison bien simple que la traduction Française ou Angloise du mot qui forme l'article , en donne également l'explication aux Lecteurs de l'une ou de l'autre Nation.

Les améliorations que l'Auteur du Dictionnaire s'étoit proposées dans le plan qu'il a suivi , ne pouvoient donc nous fournir des ressources pour perfectionner le nôtre. Il nous eût été aisé de le faire précéder d'un Précis de Grammaire Angloise ; le petit nombre des regles auxquelles cette Langue est assreinte , eût rendu cette tâche plus aisée à remplir que celle de donner un Abrégé de la Grammaire Française. Il nous a paru superflu de grossir notre Ouvrage d'un croquis imparfait , qui n'eût dispensé personne de recourir

A V E R T I S S E M E N T. ▼

aux Grammaires qui existent. Nous avons cru mieux servir les François qui s'appliquent à l'étude de la Langue Angloise, en faisant précéder notre second Volume d'une *Table alphabétique & raisonnée des Particules Angloises*. On peut regarder la variété de leur usage & de leurs significations comme l'une des plus grandes difficultés que puisse offrir l'étude de cette Langue, & comme la source principale de la plupart des idiotismes dont elle est susceptible. Cependant cet objet intéressant, toujours effleuré dans les Dictionnaires qu'on a publiés jusqu'à présent, semble avoir presque aussi généralement échappé à l'attention de ceux qui ont donné des Grammaires Angloises; *Boyer, Peyton, Berry, &c.* n'en ont pas fait la plus légère mention. On diroit que les Grammairiens & les Lexicographes se reposant mutuellement les uns sur les autres, se sont réciproquement renvoyé cette tâche, à la vérité difficile à remplir, & que ni les uns ni les autres n'ont cru qu'elle fût de leur ressort; nous nous sommes appliqués à suppléer à ce vide. C'est dans l'excellent Ouvrage de M. *Greenwood*, sur la Grammaire de sa Langue; dans ceux de *Wallis* & de *Bayley*; dans le *Dictionnaire des Particules Angloises*, imprimé à Paris en 1774, & sur-tout dans le grand *Dictionnaire de Johnson*, que nous avons puisé les secours qui nous ont aidé à rédiger la Table des Particules Angloises, que nous avons placée à la tête de notre second Volume. Nous avons préféré cette forme, parce que, réunies dans un même Tableau, elles peuvent former un supplément nécessaire à celles des Grammaires qui n'ont point embrassé cet objet, & parce qu'exigeant sur leur signification des détails raisonnés suivis de nombreux exemples, la méthode que nous devions employer s'écartoit de celle que nous avons dû suivre pour les autres articles du Dictionnaire. Elles s'y trouvent néanmoins toutes rappelées dans le cours de l'Ouvrage selon l'ordre de l'Alphabet, mais avec des renvois à la *Table alphabétique & raisonnée*.

vi A V E R T I S S E M E N T.

Nous n'aurions rendu qu'un compte imparfait de l'Ouvrage que nous présentons au Public, si nous ne prémunissions nos Lecteurs contre l'imputation que fait M. *Deletanville* à l'Abrégé de *Boyer*, d'être beaucoup moins riche quant à la quantité de mots. Nous nous bornons, à cet égard, à présenter le relevé de ceux qu'offre notre Ouvrage ; & qu'on ne trouve point dans celui de M. *Deletanville*, relevé pris au hasard depuis la lettre C jusqu'à CAS, dans le seul espace de huit pages.

DANS LA PARTIE FRANÇOISE ET ANGLOISE de BOYER.

Cabasset, homme de Cabinet, *Cachet du Roi*, *Cadastre*, *Cadmie*, *Cadran*, (horloge solaire), *Legs caduc*, *Cafetan*, *Battre la caisse*, *Calament*, *Calamite*, *Camisard*, *Mestre-de-Camp*, *Maréchal-de-Camp*, *Campanule*, *faire canal*, *Candi*, adj. *Canon*, en Architecture, *Canon*, en Musique, *Canons de chasse*, *Canons de retraite*, *Canons en ferre*, *Canthus*, *Cap-de-mouton*, *Capacité d'une mesure*, *Capitole*, *Capitolin*, *Caponniere*, *Capot des Chevaliers de l'Ordre du Saint-Esprit*, *Capucin*, *Caquerole*, *Caqueterie*, *Caracol*, (terme d'Architecture), *Carline*, *Carlingue*, *Carme*, (Moine), *Carobe*, *Carouge*, *Caroubier*, *Brochet carreau*, *Carréger*, *Carrément*, *Carrosse de remise*, *Carrosse coupé*, *Carte blanche*, *Cartésien*, *Cartisane*, *Cartulaire*, *Cas de conscience*, *Cas*, (Aventure), &c.

Deletanville, dans la même partie & dans le même espace offre les mots suivans, qu'on ne trouvera point dans notre Abrégé, comme étant ou surannés, ou barbares.

Calot, (Noix dont on a enlevé la coque); *Donner des canards à quelqu'un*; *Candidement*, adv. hors d'usage; *Canner*, v. n. (Chier); *Canet*, (jeune canard); *Parler à quel-*

A V E R T I S S E M E N T. vij

qu'un cap à cap, (ou tête à tête); *Capablement*; *Caraquon*, diminutif de caraque; *Cariage*, (ménage de pauvres gens); *Carillonnement*; *Caristade*, &c.

DANS LA PARTIE ANGLOISE ET FRANÇOISE;

Notre Abrégé offre dans un moindre espace & dans environs trois pages les mots suivans, qu'on chercheroit vainement dans *Deletanville*.

To cabal in company, Cabbage-Lettice, Cabbage of a deer's head, Cackrel, Cajoling, Rose-cake, Calamus, Sweet-calamus, Calves foot, Calf, (A hart male of the first year), Calligraphy, To call, (As a partridge does), To call one's game, To call off, Caller, Callow maid, Calix of a flower, Cambering, Cammock, Campaign-wig, &c.

On trouvera dans cette Edition le même secours, qu'offroient dans la précédente pour la facilité de la prononciation angloise, les accens destinés à cet usage dans la seconde partie de notre Dictionnaire.



EXPLANATION
OF THE MARKS AND ABBREVIATIONS
 MADE USE OF IN THIS WORK.

EXPLICATION
DES MARQUES ET DES ABBRÉVIATIONS
 DONT ON SE SERT DANS CET OUVRAGE.

‡ **M**ARKS an obsolete word, or expression.

† A mean or vulgar word or expression.

D. A dubious word or expression: that is, an expression of no general use, and about which Authors are divided.

♦ Denotes the different significations of a word.

* A figurative word or expression.

* † A mean word or expression used in a figurative sense.

P. or *Prov.* A proverb or proverbial expression.

R. A Remark.

V. Stands for *Vide*, see.

S. or *Subst.* A Substantive.

S. M. A substantive of the masculine gender.

S. F. A substantive of the feminine gender.

Adj. An adjective, whether noun or participle.

V. A. or *Verb. act.* Verb active.

V. N. or *Verb. neut.* Verb neuter.

V. R. Verb reciprocal.

Part. Participle.

Adv. Adverb.

Prep. A preposition.

Interj. An interjection.

Ex. Example.

‡ **M**ARQUE un mot ou une expression qui a vieilli, & qui est hors d'usage.

† Un mot ou une expression basse, dont on se sert dans le style comique & burlesque.

D. Un mot ou une expression douteuse, c'est-à-dire dont l'usage n'est pas établi, & sur laquelle les Auteurs sont partagés.

♦ Marque les différentes significations d'un mot.

* Mot ou expression figurée.

* † Mot ou expression basse, dont on se sert dans le figuré.

P. or *Prov.* Un proverbe ou une expression proverbiale.

R. Une remarque.

V. Signifie *Vide*, voyez.

S. ou *Subst.* Substantif.

S. M. Substantif du genre masculin.

S. F. Substantif du genre féminin.

Adj. Adjectif, soit Nom ou Participe.

V. A. ou *Verb. act.* Verbe actif.

V. N. ou *Verb. neut.* Verbe neutre.

V. R. Verbe réciproque.

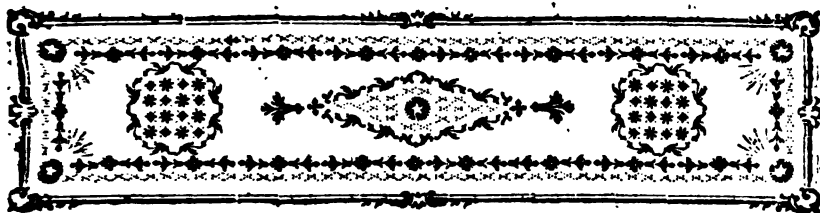
Part. Participe.

Adv. Adverbe.

Prép. Préposition.

Interj. Interjection.

Ex. Exemple.



L E
DICTIONNAIRE ROYAL
 EN ABRÉGÉ;
 PREMIERE PARTIE,
Qui contient le François devant l'Anglois.

THE
ROYAL DICTIONARY
 ABRIDGED;
 THE FIRST PART,
 Containing the French before the English.

A, THE first letter of the Alphabet in all Languages, and first of the five Vowels.

A, f. m. A. Un bon A, a good A.

† Il ne sait ni A ni B. He knows not A from B, he is a meer ignoramus.

A is sometimes an Article, which marks the Dative case either singular or plural. Ex. A Pierre, to Peter; à l'Homme, to the Man; à eux, to them. The Particle A being put before Nous and Pro-

nouns, sometimes betokens Possession or Appertenance.

Ex. A qui est cette maison? whose house is this? A Monsieur B—, Master B—'s. A qui est ce livre? whose book is this? A mon cousin, my cousin's; à Pierre, Peter's; à moi, mine or my own; à nous, ours or our own. Sometimes it signifies the duty. Ex. C'est à moi, 'tis my turn, 'tis my part or business, I am to.

A is sometimes a Proposution which signifies to, in, into,

at, after, against, off, within, by, on, &c. Ex. Aller à Paris, to go to Paris. Demeurer à Londres, to live in London. Aller à la Campagne, to go into the Country. A trois heures, at three o' clock; à trois jours de là, three days after. Cela est à la mode, this is in fashion. A dema'n, against to-morrow. A vingt lieues d'ici, twenty leagues off. À deux doigts de terre, within two inches of the ground. À force de bras, by strength of arms. À la faveur

A
de la nuit, *by the favour of the night*. A ce prix-là, *at that rate*; à raison de six pour cent, *at the rate of six per cent*. A droite, *on the right-hand*; à gauche, *on the left-hand*.

A is also a Particle which has several significations.

I. Sometimes it stands for the Prepositions, avec, with; pour, for; par, by; and dans, in. Ex. Bâti à chaux & à sable, *to build with sand and lime*. Travailler à l'aiguille, *to work with the needle*. Un pot à l'eau, a water-pot. Un moulin à vent, a windmill. Une chaise à bras, an elbow-chair. Une boîte à mouches, a patch-box. Faites faire cela à vos valets, (au lieu de dire, par vos valets,) *bid your men do that*.

II. Sometimes it signifies the gesture and posture of the body. Ex. A genoux, *Kneeling*.

III. Sometimes the fashion, as, Vêtu à la Française, *Dressed after the French fashion*.

IV. Sometimes the quality; as, A l'épreuve du mousquet. *Musket-proof*.

V. This Particle sometimes goes before the infinitive mood of verbs, and commonly signifies an aptness, disposition or duty, and when it is englished by the Particle To. Ex. C'est à moi à parler, *I am to speak* or 'tis my part, turn or business to speak. C'est à vous à jouer, *you are to play*, it is your turn to play. Or thus, Un maître à danser, a dancing-master. Un homme à tout faire, a man that will do any thing or that is fit for any thing. Un homme à une parole, (ou qui n'a qu'un mot,) a man who is at a word.

VI. Sometimes it is put for the adverb Environ, about. Ex. Neuf à dix mille, *about nine or ten thousand*.

VII. Sometimes it is used with a Noun adverbially. Ex. A tort, *wrongfully*; à la hâte,

ABA
hastily, in haste; à l'étourdie, *rashly, heedlessly*; à mesure que, as, as soon as, even as; à grand'peine, *hardly, with much ado*; pied à pied, *step by step*, by degrees, gradually; à merveille, *admirably well, wonderfully well*.

VIII. A is sometimes the third Person singular of the present tense in the Indicative mood of the Verb avoir. Ex. Il a de l'argent, *he has money*; il y a, *there is*.

IX. A used in reckoning games is used in this manner; vt, cinq à cinq, *five all*; quatre à rien, *four love*.

Abaissé, ée, adj. *Lowered, pulled down, brought down or low, depressed, humbled, cast down, debased*.

Abaïsse, f. f. The paste that serves to make the under-crust of any pastry-work.

Abaïssement, f. m. A fall, a falling, humbling, pressing down, diminution. * Humiliation, abasement, fall, disgrace. L'abaïssement de la matrice, the fall of the matrix.

Abaïsser, v. a. (faire aller en bas.) To pull, to bring or let down, to let fall, to lower. & Abaïsser une muraille de deux pieds, to bring a wall lower by two feet. & Abaïsser une branche, (terme de jardinier, la couper proche du tronc,) to cut or lop off a branch.

* Abaïsser, (humilier,) to humble, to abase, to cast down, to depress, to debase.

S'abaïsser, v. r. To fall, to sink, to decrease, to be laid.

* To humble one's self, to stoop, to cringe, to submit.

Abandon, f. m. An abandoning, forsaking, quitting, renouncing or resigning. Ex. L'abandon des biens du monde, the quitting or renouncing the goods of this world. & Abandon, (état de celui qui est abandonné,) the condition of one that is forsaken or abandoned.

A l'abandon, adv. Ex. Laisser tout à l'abandon, to leave

ABA
all at random or in confusion, to abandon or forsake all, to leave all at fixes and severns. Mettre tout à l'abandon, to put all things in disorder, to leave all things to be pillaged. Laisser les enfans à l'abandon, not to look after one's children, to leave them to shift for themselves, to leave them to the wide world.

Abandonné, ée, adj. *Abandoned, forsaken, cast off, given over, left at random*. & (Perdu de libertinage), *arrant, profligate*. Terres abandonnées, *derelict lands*.

Un malade abandonné, a sick person given over; a person desperately ill.

Un abandonné, f. m. A lewd, wicked, debauched fellow, a rake, one given over to all manner of vice.

Une abandonnée, f. f. A lewd loose woman, a prostitute, or common whore.

Abandonnement, f. m. An abandoning, forsaking, leaving, quitting, casting off, giving over, desertion. & Abandonnement d'une terre, the dereliction of an estate. * Abandonnement, lewdness, excess, debauchery. Etre dans le dernier abandonnement, to be extremely lewd.

Abandonner, v. a. (ou délaïsser entièrement.) To give over, to forsake, to cast off, to quit, to leave, to desert, to shake off, to forego. & Mes forces m'abandonnent, my strength fails me. & Il a abandonné le pays, he has run his country. & Il n'abandonna jamais son épée, he never let his sword go. & Abandonner les armes, to lay down arms. & Abandonner sa maîtresse à tout le monde, to prostitute one's mistress to all the world. & Nous l'abandonnons à votre colère, we let him to your anger, we deliver him up to your resentment.

S'abandonner, v. r. To give one's self over, to give

ABA

up or *addict one's self*. S'abandonner à la colere, to give way to one's anger, to indulge one's passion, to gratify one's passion. Dans cette extrémité il ne s'abandonna point, in that extremity he did not despond; he was not disheartened or cast down; he was not wanting to himself. S'abandonner au hasard, to commit one's self to fortune.

Abaque, *f. m.* Abacus or plinth, in architecture.

† Abasourdir, *v. a.* To stun, to fill with consternation.

Abatant, *f. m.* The shutter of a sky-light or trunk-light in a shop.

Abâtardi, *ie*, *adj.* Degenerate, spoiled, marred, grown worse, adulterate.

Abâtardir, *v. a.* To corrupt, to spoil, to mar, to adulterate.

S'abâtardir, *v. r.* To degenerate, to grown worse, to be spoiled, to be marred.

Abâtardissement, *f. m.* Corruption, spoiling, depravation, degeneracy.

Abat-jour, *f. m.* (sorte de fenêtré par laquelle on reçoit le jour d'en haut.) A sky-light, a trunk-light.

Abatis, *f. m.* A fall, as of several things pulled, cut or blown down, as houses, trees, walls, &c. a wind-fall.

Abattée, *f. f.* Casting or falling off of a ship to leeward.

Abattement, *f. m.* (affoiblissement.) Faintness, lowness of spirits. * Abattement de courage, abjection of mind, discouragement, meanness of spirit, faint-heartedness.

* Abattement, (tristesse), sadness, trouble, heaviness.

Abatteur, *f. m.* One that pulls, beats or cuts down.

Abattre, *v. a.* To pull, to break, to beat, to bring or to bear down, to overthrow, to demolish, to batter down, to destroy. * (Humilier), to bring down, to abate, to debase, to humble. * (Affliger, intimider), to cast down, to grieve, to afflict, to bring low, to daunt, to damp. † Abattre les ri-

ABA

deaux, to untie, to draw or to let down the curtains.

‡ Abattre un vaisseau, ou abattre un vaisseau en carene. To heave a ship down or to careen.

‡ Abattre un vaisseau en quille, to heave down or careen a ship.

‡ Abattre des arbres. To fell or cut down trees.

* † Abattre bien du bois, (expédier beaucoup d'affaires). To be a man of great dispatch, to dispatch a great deal of business.

‡ Qu'il abattra de têtes! How many heads will he cut off! how many heads will fall before him!

‡ Abattre les vapeurs. To abate, to suppress, to keep down or to lay the vapours.

‡ Abattre les vents. To abate, to appease or lay the winds.

* Se laisser abattre à la tristesse. To suffer one's self to be cast down with grief, to be overwhelmed with sorrow.

‡ Abattre la poudre de ses cheveux ou d'une perruque. To comb the powder off one's perwig or hair.

‡ Elle abattit sa robe. She let her gown down or hang down. ‡ Abattre le cuir d'un bœuf, to skin or flay an ox.

Abattre, *v. n.* ou faire son abattée, to fall off to leeward or to cast.

Laisse abattre! (commandement au Timonnier). Let her cast!

S'abattre, *v. r.* To fall, to tumble down.

* La chaleur s'abat. The heat abates.

* S'abattre, (se décourager). To despond, to be cast down, dejected or discouraged. ‡ Le vent s'abat, the wind lies.

Abattu, *ue*, *adj.* (renversé entièrement). Pulled, cut, broken, let down, overthrown, destroyed, &c. V. Abattre. * Abattu, (affligé, intimidé), dejected, grieved, afflicted, cast down, discouraged, broken, overwhelmed.

ABO

Abattures, *f. f.* Abatures, fuiling: a term of hunting; that is the sprigs or grass the stag thrusts down as he passes by.

Abat-vent, *f. m.* Pent-house of a steeple.

Abbatial, *le*, *adj.* Of or belonging to an abbot.

Abbaye, *f. f.* An Abby.

Abbé, *f. m.* An Abbot, the ruler of an Abbey.

Abbesse, *f. f.* An Abbess.

Abc, *f. m.* A b c or Cris-cross-row, the Alphabet. ‡ Un Abc, (livre qui contient l'A b c), a primer.

Abcès, *f. m.* An Abscess, an imposthumation or imposthume.

Abdication, *f. f.* Abdication.

Abdiqué, *ée*, *adj.* Abdicated.

Abdiquer, *v. a.* To abdicate.

Abdomen, *f. m.* (terme d'Anatomie). Abdomen.

Abécédaire, *adj.* A b c scholar.

Abeille, *f. f.* A bee, a honey-bee.

Abêtir. Voyez Abrutir.

Abhorré, *ée*, *adj.* Abhorred; detested, abominated, loathed.

Abhorrer, *v. a.* To abhor, to detest.

Abject, *ète*, *adj.* Abject, vile, contemptible, despicable, base, mean.

Abjection, *f. f.* Abjection, humiliation.

Abime. Voyez Abyeme.

Abjuration, *f. f.* Abjuration.

Abjurer, *v. a.* To abjure.

Ablatif, *f. m.* The ablative case.

Able ou ablette, *f. f.* A blay or bleak, a fresh-water fish.

Ablution, *f. f.* Ablution or washing.

Abnégation, *f. f.* Abnegation, denial.

Aboi, *f. m.* (cri du chien.) Barking, baying.

Abois, *au pluriel*, (l'extrémité où le cerf est réduit quand il est sur ses fins). Bay. * Abois, (extrémité). Last shift, extremity, distress. Il est aux abois, (il se meurt), he is at his last gasp. La place est aux abois, the place can hold out no longer.

Aboli, *ie*, *adj.* Abolished, &c.

Abolir, *v. a.* To abolish, to

annul, to repeal, to abrogate, to vacate, to antiquate, to extinguish, to annihilate, to raze out. *Abolir un impôt, to take off or away a tax.* *Abolir un crime, to pardon a crime, to remit the punishment due to it, to discharge a malefactor.*
S'abolir, v. r. To be abolished, annulled, &c. Voyez Abolir.
Abolissement, subst. m. ou, Abolition, f. f. Abolishment, disannulling, abrogation, annihilation, extinguishment, razing out, extirpation. *Abolition d'un crime, the abolition, pardon or full discharge of a crime.*
Abominable, adj. Abominable, detestable.
Abominablement, adv. Abominably.
Abomination, f. f. Abomination, execration, detestation. *An abominable or detestable thing or person. Avoir en abomination, to abominate, to detest, to abhor, to loath.* *Etre en abomination, to be abominated, detested, abhorred, loathed.*
Abondamment, adv. (en abondance). Abundantly, plentifully, in abundance, fully, copiously.
Abondance, f. f. Abundance, plenty, store, copiousness, great quantity. Vivre ou être dans l'abondance, to have plenty of all, to live plentifully. Avoir quelque chose en abondance, to abound in or with a thing.
Abondant, te, adj. Abundant, plentiful, plentiful, copious.
D'abondant, adv. Moreover, over and above, besides.
Abonder, v. n. To abound in or with, to have an abundance or a great deal of. *(Etre abondant), to abound, to overflow, to be in abundance.* ** Abonder en son sens, to be selfconceited.*
Abonnement, f. m. A compounding with or for, an agreeing for.
S'abonner, v. r. To compound for, to agree beforehand or

to be at a certain rate with one for a thing.
Ex. Ce Laboureur s'est abonné avec le Curé pour les dîmes, that Plowman has compounded with the Parson for tithes.
Abonner, v. a. Ex. Les Fermiers des Aides ont abonné ce cabaretier, the excisemen have compounded with that alehouse-keeper.
Abonnir, v. a. To make good or better, to better, to mend, to improve. S'abonnir, v. r. ou abonnir, v. n. To grow better, to mend.
Abord, f. m. Landing, arrival. ** (Accès), access, admittance. Avoir l'abord doux, gracieux, to receive people kindly, courteously, obligingly. Il est de difficile abord, he is hard to be spoken with, he keeps people at a distance, there is no coming at him.* ** Ahord, (affluence de choses ou de personnes.) resort, affluence, store, bringing in.*
D'abord, tout d'abord, adv. At first, at the first, at first blush, at first sight. ** D'abord, (incontinent,) presently, forthwith, straightway, incontinently.* ** Abord, aboard.*
Abordable, adj. (accessible, accessible.) Accessible, of easy access, accessible. Côte qui n'est pas abordable, an unsound coast.
Abordage, f. m. The boarding of a ship. ** Abordage, (choc des vaisseaux,) the running, the falling foul of ships one upon another.* ** Abordage de deux vaisseaux qui chassent l'un sur l'autre, falling or driving aboard a ship, or running foul of one another.* ** Abordage d'un vaisseau contre un écueil, &c. running foul of a bank, &c.* ** Abordage d'une chaloupe contre un quai, un vaisseau, &c. the manner and act of bringing a boat along side of a wharf or ship, &c.*
Aborder, v. n. To land, to arrive at,

Aborder, v. a. Ex. Aborder le rivage, to come to the coast or shore, to land. Aborder un vaisseau, to board a ship, to come up with a ship, to fall aboard of, to run foul. ** Aborder, (accoster,) to come or draw near, to accost.*
Aborder, v. n. (se rendre,) to resort.
Aborigènes, f. m. pl. (les premiers habitants d'un pays.) Aborigines.
Abortif, ive, adj. (ou avorté). Abortive, born before its time, untimely, stillborn.
Abouchement, f. m. Interview, conference or parley.
S'aboucher avec quelqu'un, v. r. (conférer avec lui). To have an interview or conference with one, to parley, to confer with him.
** Aboucher deux personnes. To bring two persons together.*
About, f. m. Butt-end of a plank.
Aboutir, v. n. To confine upon, to meet at an end, to touch, to be bounded, to border upon. ** Aboutir en pointe, to grow sharp at the top, to end sharp or pointed.* ** Aboutir, (tendre à), to tend, to drive at some end, to aim at, to come to.* *(en parlant des apostèmes), to draw to a head, to grow ripe.*
Aboutissant, ante, adj. Bordering or confining upon.
Aboutissant, f. m. Ex. Les tenans & aboutissans d'un champ. The bounds, limits of a piece of ground. ** Les tenans & aboutissans d'une affaire, the circumstances, particulars or sum of a business.*
Aboutissement, f. m. L'aboutissement d'un apostème. The drawing to a head of an imposthume. ** Aboutissement, (morceau d'étoffe), a piece of stuff to take out any thing.*
Aboyer, v. n. & a. To bark. Ses créanciers aboient après lui, his creditors are at his heels, he is dunned by his creditors. ** Aboyer après*

A B O

quelque charge, to gape after a place or preferment.
Aboyé, ée, adj. *Barked at. It is generally used in a figurative sense.*
Aboyeur, f. m. (qui aboie.) *A barker.* * **Aboyeur**, a den.
Abrégé, f. m. *An abridgment, an abstract, an epitome, a summary, a compendium. Réduire en abrégé, to abridge, to contract, to epitomize.*
En abrégé, adv. *In short, compendiously, summarily, briefly, in few words.*
Abréger, v. a. *To abridge, to shorten, to epitomize, to abbreviate, to contract.* ♣ Pour abréger, in short, to be short, to sum up all.
Abréviateur, f. m. *An abridger, an abbreviator.*
Abréviation, f. f. *Abbreviation.*
Abreuvé, ée, adj. *Watered, soaked, drenched. Notre-Seigneur fut abreuvé de vinigre, our Saviour had vinegar given him to drink.* * **Abreuvé**, informed, that has been told over and over, imbued.
Abreuver, v. a. *To water, to drench, to give to drink, to soak, to steep.* * **Abreuver** de quelque nouvelle, to inform of some news. ♣ **Abreuver** un vaisseau. To put water into a ship's hold which is new built.
S'abreuver, v. réc. *To drink plentifully.*
Abreuvoir, f. m. *A watering-place.*
Abri, f. m. *Shelter, covert. Se mettre à l'abri, to shelter one's self.* ♣ **Abri** pour les vaisseaux, a lee-shore, a shed, a corner or creek where the ships are safe. ♣ * **Abri**, (lieu où l'on est en sûreté,) a shelter, a sanctuary, any place where a man is safe.
Abricot, f. m. *An apricock.*
Abricotier, f. m. *An apricock-tree.*
Abrier, v. a. *Abrier un vaisseau, to becalm a ship.*
Abriter, v. a. (mettre à l'abri.) *To shade, shelter.*

A B S

Abrogation, f. f. *Abrogation, repealing, abolishment.*
Abroger, v. a. *To abrogate, to repeal, to disannul.*
Abrogé, ée, adj. *Abrogated, repealed, abolished, disannulled.*
Abrotone, f. f. *Southern-wood.*
Abruti, ie, adj. *Befotted, become brutish or beastly, senseless, dull, heavy.*
Abrutir, v. a. *To besot, to render brutish, stupid, dull, heavy.*
S'abrutir, v. r. *To be besotted, to become brutish, stupid, dull, heavy.*
Abrutissement, f. m. *Brutishness, stupidity.*
Absence, f. f. *Absence or being away.* * (Distraction,) absence of thought, heedlessness, want of attention.
Absent, ente, adj. *Absent, out of the way.*
S'absenter, v. r. *To absent one's self, to go away, to keep out of the way, to be absent.*
Absinthe, f. f. *Worm-wood.* ♣ *Biere d'absinthe, purl.*
Absolu, ue, adj. *Absolute, arbitrary, unlimited.* ♣ (Impérieux,) imperious, magisterial, peremptory.
Absolument, adv. *Absolutely, arbitrarily.* ♣ (Entièrement,) absolutely, wholly, entirely, without any condition or reserve. ♣ (D'une façon impérieuse,) absolutely, imperiously, magisterially. ♣ (Déterminément,) absolutely or by all means. ♣ (En général,) in general, simply, absolutely.
Absolution, f. f. *A discharge, an acquitting or acquittal. Les Juges ont conclu à l'absolution, the Judges have acquitted him or brought him in not guilty.* ♣ *Absolution des péchés, the absolution or forgiveness of sins.*
Absolutoire, adj. *Absolutory.*
Aborbant, f. m. & adj. *Aborbent.*
Aborber, v. a. *To swallow up, to absorb.*

A B U

Aborbé, ée, adj. *Swallowed up, absorbed.*
Aboudre, v. a. *To absolve, to acquit, to discharge, to bring in not guilty.* ♣ **Aboudre** un pénitent, to give a penitent sinner the absolution.
About, aboute, adj. *Absolved, acquitted, discharged.*
Aboute, f. f. *The general absolution in the roman church.*
Absteme, adj. & f. *Abstemious.*
S'abstenir, v. r. *To forbear; to abstain, to keep from.*
Absterger, v. a. *To absterge or absterge, to cleanse.*
Absterif, ive, adj. *Absterfive, cleansing, a term of Physick.*
Abstinence, f. f. *Abstinence, temperance, sobriety, forbearance.*
Abstinent, ente, adj. *Abstinent, sober, temperate.*
Abstraction, f. f. *Abstraction, separation.*
Par abstraction, adv. *Abstractedly, separately.*
Abstraire, v. a. *To abstract.*
Abstrait, te, adj. *Abstracted; abstruse.*
Abstrus, se, adj. *Abstruse; dark, intricate, difficult, obscure.*
Absurde, adj. *Absurd, foolish, nonsensical, unreasonable, silly, impertinent.*
Absurdement, adv. *Absurdly, nonsensically.*
Absurdité, f. f. *Absurdity, foolishness, unreasonableness, impertinence.*
Absynthe. Voyez Absinthe.
Abus, f. m. (mauvais usage.) *An abuse or misusing of a thing.* ♣ (Dérèglement,) a disorder. ♣ (Erreur,) error, mistake. ♣ (Tromperie,) fraud, cheat, deceit.
Abuser de, v. n. (en user mal.) *To abuse, to misuse, to use ill.* ♣ *Abuser d'un mot, to use a word improperly.*
Abuser, v. a. (tromper.) *To gull, to deceive, to cheat, to cozen.* ♣ *Abuser une fille, (la séduire,) to abuse a virgin.*
S'abuser, v. r. (se tromper.) *To mistake, to err.*

6 A B U

Abusé, ée, *adj.* *Abused*, *misused*, &c. Voyez *abuser*, in all its several senses.

† **Abuseur**, *f. m.* *Cheat*, *deceiver*, *impostor*.

Abusif, ive, *adj.* *Abusive*.

Abusivement, *adv.* *Abusively*, *improperly*.

Abyme, *f. m.* *An abyss*, *a bottomless gulf or pit*, *an unmeasurable depth*. ♣ (l'Enfer,) *hell*.

Abymér, *v. a.* *To cast or throw into an abyss*, *to swallow up*. * (Ruiner,) *to destroy*, *to ruin*, *to overthrow*, *to undo*, *to bring to nothing*.

Abymér, *v. n.* (tomber dans un abyme.) *To fall into an abyss*, *to sink or be swallowed up in a bottomless pit*. * (Périr,) *to perish*, *to be undone or to come to a fatal end*.

* **S'abymér**, *v. réc.* (s'enfoncer comme dans un abyme,) *to run into an abyss*, *to lose or sink one's self in a thing*.

Abymé, ée, *adj.* *Cast*, *thrown or swallowed up in an abyss*, &c. Voyez *Abymér* in all its senses.

Acabit, *f. m.* *Good or bad taste*.

Acacia, *f. m.* *Acacia*, *a sort of Egyptian tree*; ♣ *medicinal juice of that tree*.

Académicien, *f. m.* *An Academic* or *Platonick Philosopher*. ♣ (Membre de quelque Académie,) *a fellow of an Academy or learned society*.

Académie, *f. fem.* *Academy*. ♣ (Lieu où la Noblesse apprend ses exercices,) *a riding-house*, *an Academy*. ♣ (Lieu où l'on donne à jouer,) *an Academy*, *a gaming-ordinary*, *a gaming-house*.

Académique, *adject.* *Academical*.

Académiquement, *adv.* *Academically*.

Académiste, *f. m.* (qui apprend ses exercices.) *An Academicist*.

† **S'acagnarder**, *v. r.* *To grow lazy*, *stupid* or *idle*; *to be bejotted or stupefied*.

A C C

Acagnardé, ée, *adj.* *Grown lazy*, &c. *V.* the verb.

Acajou, *f. m.* *bois d'Acajou*. *Mahogany*.

Acanthe, *f. f.* *Brank-ursine*, *bear's-breech* or *bear's-foot*, *an herb*.

Acariâtre, *adj.* *Humoursome*, *peevish*, *scolding*, *cross-grained*.

Accablant, *adj.* *Burdensome*, *troublesome*, *grievous*, *unsufferable*.

Accablé, ée, *adj.* *Overburdened*, &c. *V.* *Accabler*. ♣ *Accablé d'années*, *d'affaires*, *full of years*, *business*. ♣ *Accablé de dettes*, *in debt over head and ears*. ♣ *Je suis accablé de sommeil*, *I am very heavy*, *drowsy* or *sleepy*. ♣ *Accablé tous les ruines d'une maison*, *buried in the ruins of a house*.

* **Accablement**, *f. m.* *Burden*, *oppression*, *grief*, *trouble*, *heaviness*, *discouragement*. ♣ *Accablement de poulx*, *an irregular beating of the pulse upon the coming of an ague-fit*.

Accabler, *v. a.* (*surcharger*.) *To crush or to make sink under the weight*, *to overburden*, *to overdo*, *to overcharge*, *to overload*. * (*Abattre*, *fatiguer*,) *to crush*, *to overdo*, *to oppress*, *to grieve*, *to bear down*, *to plague*, *to weary*, *to tire*, *to trouble*, *to overwhelm*.

Accastillage, *f. m.* *The castles of a ship*, *upper works*. *Vaisseau qui a l'accastillage ras ou élevé*, *a strait or round sheered ship*.

Accastillé, *adj.* *Ex.* *Vaisseau haut accastillé*. *A deep waisted ship*.

Accéder, *v. n.* *To accede*.

Accélération, *f. f.* *Acceleration*, *hastening*.

Accélérer, *v. a.* *To accelerate*, *to hasten*.

Accent, *f. m.* *Accent*. ♣ *Accent*, (en termes poétiques,) *tune*, *note*, *voice*. *Pouffer de funebres accens*, *to cry mournfully*.

Accentuer, *v. a.* *To accent*, *to mark with an accent*,

A C C

Accentué, ée, *adj.* *Accented*. **Acceptable**, *adj.* *Reasonable*, *not to be rejected*.

Acceptant, te, *adj.* *Accepting*.

Acceptation, *f. f.* *Acceptance*, *receiving*, *acceptation*.

Accepter, *v. a.* (*recevoir avec agrément*.) *To accept or to accept of*, *to receive*.

Accepté, ée, *adj.* *Accepted*, *accepted of*, *received*.

Accepteur, *f. m.* (qui accepte une lettre de change.) *Acceptor*.

Acception, *f. f.* (sens auquel un mot se prend.) *Acception* or *acceptation of a word*. ♣ *Acception de personnes*, *respect of persons*.

Accès, *f. m.* *Access*, *admittance*, *V.* *Abord*. ♣ *Accès de fièvre*, *an access* or *a fit of an ague*.

Accessible, *adj.* *Accessible*, *approachable*, *of an easy access*, *easy to come at*.

Accession, *f. f.* *Accession*, *increase*. ♣ (*Permission ou action d'aller dans un lieu*,) *an access*, *entry*.

Accessoire, *f. m.* *An accessory*, *an addition*. Le principal & l'accessoire, *the principal and the accessory*.

Accessoire, *adj.* *Accessory*, *additional*.

Accident, *f. m.* (cas fortuit.) *Accident*, *chance*, *fortune*, *either good or bad*, *casualty*. ♣ *Fâcheux accident*, *misfortune*, *ill fortune*, *misfortune*. ♣ *Les accidents*, (par opposition à la substance,) *the accidents*, *in opposition to substance*. ♣ *Par accident*, *casually*, *by chance*, *accidentally*.

Accidentel, elle, *adj.* *Accidental*, *casual*, *adventitious*.

Accidentellement, *adv.* (terme de Philosophie.) *Accidentally*.

Accise, *f. f.* *Excise*.

Acclamation, *f. f.* *Acclamation*, *shouting*, *shout*, † *Hurra*.

Acclampé, *adj.* *Mât acclampé*. *A mast born up*.

‡ **Accointance**, *f. f.* *Acquaintance*, *commerce*, *conversation*.

ACC

Accoler, v. a. To *quies*, to *fast*.

Accollez, f. f. *Clipping and colling*, embracing about one's mother's neck. & The *clipping of a knight*, the ceremony of clipping and colling used therein. Accolade de lapereaux, a couple of rabbits roasted or served together.

Accoler, v. a. To *clip and coll*, to embrace about the neck. & Accoler deux articles dans un compte, to put two articles or sums in reckoning into one. & Accoler deux lapereaux, to put two rabbits together.

Accolé, ée, adj. Embraced, &c. Accommodable, adj. (qui se peut accorder, en parlant d'un différent). That may be composed or brought to an agreement.

Accommodage, f. m. (apprêt de viandes). Dressing of meat. & Accommodage d'une maison, the fitting up of a house.

Accommodant, adj. (condescendant, commode). Complicy, complaisant, flexible, easy, courteous.

Accommodé, adj. Fitted, furnished, dressed, &c. V. Accommoder. & Un air accommodé aux paroles, a tone that honours the words. Un homme accommodé des biens de la fortune, well to fust, that as a competent estate.

Accommodement, f. m. Concurrence of a house. & (Accord,) agreement, accommodation, composition, reconciliation or reconciliation: adjusting of a quarrel. & (Biais, tempérament,) a medium, a temper.

Accommoder, v. a. (ranger, ajuster.) To fit or to make fit, to fit up, to set handily together, to dress, to trim, to furnish.

& Accommoder sa maison ou ses affaires, to settle a man's concerns, to clear one's estate, to improve it. & Accommoder, (apprêter à manger,) to dress or make

ACC

ready victuals. & Accommoder, (ou préparer,) to prepare, to make or get ready, to make fit. & Accommoder, (être à la bien-séance de,) to suit with, to be fit or convenient for; to serve one's turn. & Accommoder, (ou accorder,) to adjust, to accommodate, to compose, to agree, to make up.

& Accommoder, (ou conformer.) To accommodate, to fit, to adapt, to conform, to frame. * Accommoder quelqu'un, l'accommoder de toutes pieces, to pay one off, to thrash him, to beat him. & Accommoder quelqu'un de quelque chose, to accommodate one with a thing, to furnish him with it, &c. & Accommoder, (ou traiter,) to use.

S'accommoder, v. r. (n'être pas difficile à contenter). To make shift, to like. & S'accommoder de quelque chose, (la prendre un peu hardiment,) to make bold with a thing. & S'accommoder, (prendre sa commodité, ses aises,) to consult, to serve one's own ease or conveniency, to take care of one's self.

Accompagné, ée, adj. Accompanied, waited on, attended, followed, &c. V. Accompanyer.

Accompagnement, f. m. Accompanying, waiting on. & (Ceux qui accompagnent,) attendance, followers, retinue. & (Ce qui est joint,) an appendix, an accessory. & (Terme de musique,) musick played to one that sings.

Accompagner, v. a. To accompany, to wait on, to come or to go along with. & (Être de la suite,) to attend or to follow. & (Assortir,) to match. & Accompanyer quelque chose d'une autre, to add one thing to another. & Accompanyer quelqu'un qui chante, to accompany, to play to one that sings.

ACC

S'accompagner, v. r. (choisir certaine compagnie.) To keep company, to be accompanied.

Accomplir, v. a. (achever, finir.) To finish, to accomplish, to perform, to fulfil. Accompli, ie, adj. Accomplished, finished, fulfilled, performed; & perfect, excellent.

Accomplissement, f. m. Accomplishing, fulfilling or finishing, performance.

Accoquiner, v. a. (attacher & amuser, rendre fainéant.) To make one lazy or idle, to besot.

S'accoquiner, v. r. To grow idle or lazy, to sit forring, to sit one's time away, to be besotted.

Accoquiné, ée, adj. Grown lazy or idle, besotted.

Accord, f. m. An agreement, a contract or articles of agreement, a treaty. & (Concorde,) concord, good intelligence. & (Réconciliation,) agreement, reconciliation or reconciliation. & (Consentement,) accord, consent.

Tout d'un accord, adv. With one accord, unanimously. Etre, to mber ou demeurer d'accord, to agree, to be agreed, to consent. D'accord, je le veux bien, done, I will, I consent or agree to it, I grant it. Etre de tous bons accords, to be for any thing, to be a good companion. & Accord, (union, conformité,) accord, unity or conformity of sentiments. & (Proportion,) agreement, proportion. & Accord (consonance) des sons, consort, harmony, agreement in tune. Un instrument qui est ou qui n'est pas d'accord, an instrument in or out of tune.

Accordable, adj. Grantable, that may or ought to be granted.

Accordailles, f. f. The ceremony of signing the articles of marriage or a marriage-agreement.

ACC

Accordant, ante, *adj.* Tunable, agreeing in sound.
Accorder, *v. a.* To reconcile, to make friends. ♀ **Accorder** un différent, (le terminer à l'amiable,) to reconcile, to atone, to compound, to compose, to adjust, to make up a difference or quarrel.
 ♀ — un instrument de musique, to tune a musical instrument, — la voix avec un instrument, to sing in tune with an instrument.
 ♀ — l'adjectif avec le substantif, (terme de Grammaire), to make the adjective and substantive agree.
 ♀ — une grace, to grant a favour. — la fille en mariage, to betroth one's daughter to a man.
S'accorder, *v. r.* To agree.
Accordé, *ée*, *adj.* Reconciled, agreed, compounded, adjusted, &c. *V.* **Accorder**.
Accordé, *f. m.* (celui qui est convenu d'épouser une femme.) A bridegroom.
Accordée, *f. f.* A bride.
Accorder, *f. m.* A tuner.
Accort, *te*, *adj.* Courteous, civil, complaisant, affable.
Accostable, *adj.* Of an easy access, affable, civil, courteous.
Accoster, *v. a.* To accost, to make or to come up to; ♀ (speaking of a boat.) to come along side of a ship or wharf.
S'accoster de quelqu'un, *v. r.* To keep company with one.
Accotter, *v. a.* To prop up, to support, to bear up.
S'accotter contre, *v. r.* To lean against.
 † **Accotoir**, *f. m.* A prop or a thing to lean on.
Accouchée, *f. f.* A woman newly brought to bed, a woman that lies in, a woman in the straw.
Accouchement, *f. m.* Child-bed, a woman's delivery.
Accoucher, *v. n.* To bring forth children, to be delivered. to be brought to bed.
 ♀ **Accoucher** avant le terme, to miscarry.
Accoucher, *v. a.* To lay or to deliver a woman, to do

ACC

the office of a midwife.
Accoucheur, *f. m.* A midwife.
Accoucheuse, *f. f.* A midwife.
S'accouder, *v. r.* To lean on one's elbow.
Accoudoir, *f. m.* Any thing fit to lean upon. Chaise à accoudoirs, an elbow-chair.
Accouplé, *ée*, *adj.* Coupled, joined together, &c.
Accouplement, *f. m.* (assemblage, jonction.) A coupling or joining a couple.
 ♀ — (du mâle & de la femelle,) carnal copulation or encounter.
Accoupler, *v. a.* To couple, to join together.
S'accoupler, *v. r.* (se joindre pour la génération.) To couple. ♀ Un chien s'accouple avec une chienne, a dog lines a bitch.
Accourci, *ie*, *adj.* Shortened, made or grown shorter, abridged, &c.
Accourcir, *v. a.* To shorten, to make shorter, to abridge, to cut off, to clip. **Accourcir** la vue, to make short-sighted, to dim the sight.
S'accourcir, *v. r.* To shorten, to grow shorter, to decrease.
Accourcissement, *f. m.* A shortening, abridging. **Accourcissement** de chemin, shortening of the way.
Accourir, *v. n.* To run to, to hasten, to flock together.
 † **Accoutré**, *ée*, *adj.* Accoutred, dressed, &c. *V.* le verbe.
 † **Accoutrement**, *f. m.* Accoutrement, garb, dress.
 † **Accoutrer**, *v. a.* (parer.) To accoutre, to dress.
 † **Accoutumance**, *f. f.* Habit, custom.
Accoutumé, *ée*, *adj.* Accustomed, used, inured. ♀ (Ordinaire,) usual, wonted, ordinary.
Accoutumer, *v. a.* (faire prendre une coutume ou une habitude.) To accustom, to use, to inure.
S'accoutumer, *v. r.* To accustom, to use, to inure one's self.
Accoutumer, *v. n.* To use, to be wont.

ACC

† **Accravanter**, &c. *V.* **Accrâbler** ou **Ecrâbler**.
Accréditer, *v. a.* To give authority, reputation or credit; ♀ to put in esteem.
S'accréditer, *v. r.* To get into credit, to get a name.
Accrédité, *ée*, *adj.* That has got a name, who is in authority.
Accroc, *f. m.* A rent. ♀ (Ce qui accroche,) a hook.
 † **Accroche**, *f. f.* A let, an hindrance, a remora.
Accrocher, *v. a.* To hang upon a hook. ♀ **Accrocher** un vaisseau, to grapple a ship.
 ♀ **Accrocher**, (prendre avec un croc,) to hook in. ♀ (Arrêter,) to catch. ♀ (Retarder,) to stay, to stop.
S'accrocher, *v. r.* To hang on, to be caught or catched.
S'accrocher avec un vaisseau, to grapple with a ship.
Accroché, *ée*, *adj.* Hanged upon a hook, &c. *V.* **Accrocher**.
Accroire, *v. n.* Faire accroire. To make believe, to create belief, to persuade a thing untrue. ♀ En faire accroire à quelqu'un, (le tromper,) to impose upon one, to put upon him. ♀ S'en faire accroire, to be self-conceited, to think too well of one's self.
Accroissement, *f. m.* Increase, improvement, accretion, advancement, addition.
Accroître, *v. a.* To increase, to add, to augment, to enlarge, to improve, to advance.
S'accroître, *v. r.* ou **Accroître**, *v. n.* To increase, to grow, to be augmented or advanced. ♀ **Accroître**, (en termes de Droit,) to accrue.
Accroupi, *ie*, *adj.* Squat upon the tail.
S'accroupir, *v. r.* To sit squat upon the tail.
Accroupissement, *f. m.* The sitting squat upon the tail.
Accru, *ue*, *adj.* Increased, augmented, enlarged, improved, advanced. *V.* **Accroître**.
Accueil, *f. m.* Reception, entertainment. **Accueil** [avq]

A C C

table, a kind reception. Faire accueil à quelqu'un, to make one welcome.
Accueillir, *v. a.* To receive, to entertain, to make welcome. & (En parlant de tous les accidens fâcheux,) to take, to surprise, to overtake.
Accueilli, *ie*, *adj.* Received, entertained, taken, &c.
Accul, *f. m.* A small bay.
Acculement, *f. m.* Rising of the timbers. Acculement de la maîtresse varangue, rising of the floor timber amidships.
Acculer, *v. a.* To drive one to a corner, to overthrow him on his tail. * Acculer quelqu'un, (dans une dispute,) to put one to his plungers in arguing, to drive him to a nonplus.
S'acculer, *v. r.* To sit on one's tail, to throw one's self into a corner or against the wall; & to be pooped.
Acculé, *ée*, *adj.* Overthrown on his tail, hard put to it, &c. *V. le verbe.*
Accumulation, *f. f.* Accumulation, heaping up.
Accumuler, *v. a.* To accumulate, to heap up.
Accumulé, *ée*, *adj.* Accumulated, heaped up, gathered together.
Accusateur, *f. m.* Accuser, informer.
Accusatif, *f. m.* The accusative or the accusative case.
Accusation, *f. f.* Accusation, information, charge, impeachment.
Accusatrice, *f. f.* A she-accuser or informer.
Accusé, *ée*, *adj.* Accused, informed against, &c. *V. Accuser.*
Accusé, *f. m.* The party accused, the prisoner or criminal.
Accuser, *v. a.* To accuse, to inform against, to charge with a crime, to indict, to impeach.
Acquiescement, *f. m.* Lease, *f. m.*
Acquiescer, *v. a.* To lease or let out,

A C H

Acerbe, *adj.* Acerb, sour, sharp.
Acéré, *ée*, *adj.* Steely, of steel, steeld. & (Coupant,) sharp, sharp-edged, keen.
Acérer, *v. a.* To steel, to temper iron with steel.
Achalandé, *ée*, *adj.* Accustomed or customary, that has customers.
Achalander, *v. a.* To get custom.
S'achalander, *v. r.* To get, or draw chapmen or customers, to draw custom.
Acharnement, *f. m.* The holding fast, the animosity, the furious engaging of beasts. & Acharnement, (contre quelqu'un,) animosity.
Acharner, *v. a.* To set on, to animate, to incense, to exasperate.
S'acharner, *v. r.* ou être acharné l'un contre l'autre. To bite one another, to fall upon one another tooth and nail. * S'acharner ou être acharné contre quelqu'un, (en le persécutant,) to be cruelly or obstinately bent against one, to fall foul upon him.
Acharné, *ée*, *adj.* Provoked, incensed, exasperated, cruelly bent against, &c. Acharné au combat, eager in the fight.
Achat, *f. m.* Purchase, bargain, buying, purchasing, emption.
Ache, *f. f.* (herbe.) Smallage.
Acheminé, *ée*. *V.* Acheminer.
Acheminement, *f. m.* (moyen.) A way, means or introduction.
Acheminer, *v. a.* Ex. * Acheminer une affaire, une entreprise, to set a business or design forward. & Acheminer un cheval, to way a horse.
S'acheminer, *verb. recip.* To go, to take one's way, to begin one's journey, to set forward.
Acheminé, *ée*, *adj.* Set forward, &c. & Un cheval acheminé, (terme de Manège,) a wayed horse.
Acheter, *v. a.* to buy, to

A C Q

purchase, to get. * Acheter bien cher une grace, to pay dear for a favour.
Acheté, *ée*, *adj.* Bought; purchased.
Acheteur, *f. m.* Buyer, chapman, purchaser.
Achévé, *ée*, *adj.* Finished; ended, concluded. * (Parfait,) accomplished, finished, complete, perfect, absolute, rare, excellent. & (ou Fieffé,) absolute or arrant. & Un cheval achevé, a horse thoroughly managed.
Achèvement, *f. m.* Completion, the finishing, the perfecting.
Achever, *v. a.* To finish, to end, to close, to conclude, to make an end of, to accomplish; & to bring to perfection, to perfect, to put the last or the finishing hand, to finish, to polish. & Achever de boire, to drink up. Achever d'emplir, to fill up. & A peine achevoit-il de parler, those words were scarce out of his mouth.
*** Achoppement** ou pierre d'achoppement, *f. m.* A stumbling-block, a stumbling-stone.
Acide, *adj.* Acid, sharp; sour, biting.
Acidité, *f. f.* Acidity, sharpness, sourness.
Acier, *f. m.* Steel.
Acolyte, *f. m.* A Priest's Acolite, a Priest's attendant.
‡ Acon, *f. m.* A sort of lighter or small flat bottomed boat for catching shellfish.
Aconit, *f. m.* Libbard's bane, wolf-wort, wolf-bane, monks-hood.
Acorer, *v. a.* Acorer un vaisseau sur le chantier. To prop a ship. Acorer un tonneau, &c. to jam or wedge a cask, &c.
Acøres, *f. f. pl.* (ou épon-tilles d'un vaisseau.) The props or shores. & — (d'un banc.) The edge of a sand bank.
Acquéreur, *f. m.* A purchaser or buyer.
Acquérir, *v. a.* To acquire,

to get, to gain, to purchase, to procure, to obtain, to buy.
Acquérir, *v. r.* To get, to gain, to purchase.
Acquêt, *f. m.* A purchase, an acquit or acquisition.
Acquiescement, *f. m.* Acquiescence or acquiescency, consent, condescension, assent, compliance.
Acquiescer, *v. n.* To acquiesce, to yield, to submit, to consent, to condescend, to a thing, to comply with it.
Acquis, *se*, *adj.* Acquired, got or gotten, gained, purchased, procured, obtained.
Acquis, *f. m.* Avoir de l'acquis, to be skilled or experienced in a thing.
Acquisition, *f. f.* Acquisition, acquit, purchase.
Acquit, *f. m.* An acquittance, a discharge. **Acquit de douane**, a cocket. **Par maniere d'acquit**, perfunctorily, carelessly, negligently.
Acquitter quelqu'un, *v. a.* To clear one, to acquit, to discharge or to pay one's debts.
S'acquitter, *v. r.* (se libérer.) To discharge or to pay off one's debts, to clear one's debts. * **S'acquitter de son devoir**, to discharge or perform one's duty. * — d'une obligation, to acquit, to discharge an obligation. * — de sa promesse, to perform or make good one's promise, to be as good as one's word. — (d'un vœu,) to fulfil, to accomplish, to perform a vow.
Acquitté, *ée*, *adj.* Acquitted, discharged, cleared, &c. *V.* le verbe.
Acre, *adj.* Sharp, biting, tart, sour, acerb.
Acre, *f. m.* An acre or aker of land.
Acreté, *f. f.* ou
Acrimonia, *f. f.* Sharpness, tartness, acrimony.
Acrostiche, *f. m.* Acrostick.
Acroteres, *f. m. pl.* Acroters or pinacles.
Acte, *f. m.* *Act*, action, deed.

Act (d'une piece de théâtre,) act of a play. **Act** (de Justice,) a deed, an act or instrument in Law. **Actes**, (écrits publics,) records, public registers, rolls.
Acteur, *f. m.* An actor or player. * (Qui a part dans la conduite d'une affaire,) manager or promoter of a business.
Actif, *ive*, *adj.* Active. **Effets actifs ou dettes actives**, debts owing or due to us.
Action, *f. f.* Action, operation. **Acte**, fait, action, act, deed, feat. **Action de grâces**, thanks-giving, thanks. **Action de l'Orateur**, (les gestes, la prononciation,) &c. action or way of delivery. **Action publique**, speech, harangue. **Action**, (sermon,) sermon. **Emportement**, anger, passion. **Mouvement**, action, motion. **Combat**, action, fight. **Procès**, action in Law, a suit. **Portion d'un fonds public**, stock, share.
Actionner, *v. a.* (intenter action.) To bring an action, to sue at law.
Activement, *adv.* Actively, in an active sense or signification.
Activité, *f. f.* (faculté active.) Activity, strength, virtue. * (Promptitude,) activity, briskness, quickness, nimbleness. * **Activité d'esprit**, readiness or quickness of wit.
Actrice, *f. f.* An actress, a woman-player.
Actuel, *elle*, *adj.* Actual, real.
Actuellement, *adv.* Actually.
Acutangle, *adj.* Acutangular.

Advertisement.

Look with a single d for those words that are not to be found with a double dd. Also se without d those words which you do not find here with a d.
Adage, *subst. m.* (proverb.)

An adage, a proverb, an old saying.
Adaptation, *f. f.* Adapting.
Adapter, *v. a.* To adapt, to apply.
Adapté, *ée*, *adj.* Adapted, applied.
Addition, *f. f.* Addition.
Additionner, *v. a.* To make an addition, to cast up, to gather particular sums into one.
Ademption, *f. f.* Ademption, or taking away.
Adept, *f. m.* An adept.
Adhérence, *f. f.* Adherence, or adhesion.
Adhèrent, *ente*, *adj.* Sticking, cleaving, in a proper sense.
Adhèrent, *f. m.* Adherent, stickler, follower.
Adhérer, *v. n.* To cleave, to adhere to, to stick, to cling. **Etre du sentiment ou du parti de**, to adhere to, to follow, to side with, to cleave, to stick to.
Adhésion, *f. f.* Adhesion.
Adjacent, *ente*, *adj.* Adjacent, lying by, neighbouring.
Adiante, *f. m.* Maiden-hair, a plant.
Adjectif, *f. m.* An adjective.
Adjectivement, *adv.* Adjectively.
Adieu, *adv.* Adieu, farewell, god be with you. **Adieu pour jamais**, farewell for ever. **Dire adieu à quelque chose**, (y renoncer,) to bid a thing adieu or farewell, to renounce it, to give it over.
Adieu, *f. m.* A farewell, leave. **Un long adieu**, a long farewell.
Adieu, *va*, *int.* About ship! The order for tacking or veering a ship.
Adjoindre, *v. a.* To adjoin, to associate, to give an assistant.
Adjoint, *te*, *adj.* Adjoined, associated, given as an assistant.
Adjoint, *f. m.* An assistant, a colleague, a joint commissioner.
Adjonction, *f. f.* Adjunction.
Adipeux, *se*, *adj.* (terme de

ADJ

Médecine,) gras. *Adipous*,
fat.
Adjudicataire, *f. m. & f.* The
highest bidder to whom a
lease or farm is adjudged,
lessee, farmer.
Adjudication, *f. f.* *Adjud-
ging*.
Adjuger, *v. a.* To adjudge,
to award, to give by sen-
tence or judgment of the
Court.
Adjugé, *ée*, *adj.* *Adjudged*,
awarded, &c.
Ajourner, *f. f.* *Adjuration*,
an adjuring.
Adjuré, *ée*, *adj.* *Adjured*,
charged.
Adjurer, *v. a.* To adjure.
Admettre, *v. a.* To admit, to
receive, to let in, to suffer,
to come in, to give admit-
tance or access, to aggre-
gate. ♣ (Reconnoître pour
véritable,) to admit of,
to allow of, to grant, to
acknowledge, to entertain.
Admicule, *f. m.* *Adminicle*,
help, aid.
Administrateur, *f. m.* An
administrator, a manager.
♣ Administrateur d'un Hô-
pital, trustee or governor of
an hospital.
Administration, *f. f.* *Adminis-
tration*, government, con-
duct, management. *V.* the
verb.
Administrer, *v. a.* (gouver-
ner, régir.) To administer,
to steer, to manage, to
rule, to govern. ♣ Admin-
istrer la Justice, to admin-
ister Justice. ♣ Adminis-
trer (conférer) les Sac-
rements, to administer the
Sacraments.
Administré, *ée*, *adj.* *Admin-
istered*, &c. *V.* the verb.
Admirable, *adj.* *Admirable*,
wonderful, marvellous. ♣
(Excellent,) admirable,
rare, good, excellent.
Admirablement, *adv.* *Admi-
rably*, marvellously, won-
derfully, bravely, rarely,
well, mighty well.
Admirateur, *f. m.* An admirer.
Admiratif, *ive*, *adj.* un point
admiratif (!) A note of ad-
miration (!)
Admiration, *f. f.* *Admiration*,

ADO

wondering or admiring at.
Admiratrice, *f. f.* A she-
admirer.
Admirer, *v. a.* To admire, to
wonder at. ♣ to admire,
to have in admiration, to
esteem and regard. * † Je
vous admire, (façon de
parler ironique,) I love
your fancy.
Admiré, *ée*, *adj.* *Admired*,
wondered at, &c. *V.* *Ad-
mirer*.
Admis, *ise*, *adj.* *Admitted*,
&c. *V.* *Admettre*.
Admissible, *adj.* (recevable.)
Allowable.
Admission, *f. f.* *Admission*,
admittance, entrance.
Admonêter, *v. a.* To admo-
nish, to warn, to reprim-
and.
Admonété, *ée*, *adj.* *Admo-
nished*, warned, repriman-
ded.
Admonition, *f. f.* *Admoni-
tion*, warning.
Adolescence, *f. f.* *Adolesc-
ency*, youth, young age.
Adolescent, *f. m.* A youth,
a young man.
S'adoniser, *v. r.* To deck one's
self out, to make himself
an adonis.
Adonné, *ée*, *adj.* Given, ad-
dicted, inclined, bent.
S'adonner, *v. r.* To addit,
to give, to apply one's self
to, to follow, to give one's
mind to. ♣ S'adonner à un
lieu, to frequent a place,
to be often there.
Adonner, *v. n. Ex.* Le vent
adonne. The wind veers
ast.
Adopter, *v. a.* To adopt.
Adopté, *ée*, *adj.* *Adopted*.
Adoptif, *ive*, *adj.* *Adoptive*.
Adoption, *f. f.* *Adoption*.
Adorable, *adj.* *Adorable*.
Adorateur, *f. m.* An adorer,
a worshipper.
Adoration, *f. f.* *Adoration*,
worship.
Adorer, *v. a.* To adore, to
worship, to reverence. * Ado-
rer une belle, to adore a
lady, to have a passionate
love for her.
Adoré, *ée*, *adj.* *Adored*,
worshipped, &c. *V.* *Adorer*.
Ados, *f. m.* A shelving bed

ADR

or border against a wall.
Adossé, *ée*, *adj.* Sed back to
back, leaning backed, &c.
V. *Adosser*.
Adosser, *v. a.* To set the back
against a thing, to set back
to back. * Adosser un bâti-
ment contre un rocher, to
build a house against a rock.
S'adosser, *v. r.* To lean one's
back.
Adoucir, *v. a.* To sweeten,
to make sweet. ♣ (Rendre
doux au toucher,) to
soften, to make soft, to
smooth, to make smooth, to
ease, to alleviate. * (Ren-
dre moins fâcheux,) to
soften, to allay, to miti-
gate, to assuage. * (ou Ap-
païser,) to appease, to
sweeten, to allay, to mi-
tigate, to assuage, to pa-
cify. * Adoucir le son d'une
trompette, to make a trum-
pet sound sweeter. * La pluie
a adouci le temps, the
weather is grown mild after
the rain.
S'adoucir, *v. r.* To sweeten,
to grow sweet, to soften, to
grow soft; ♣ to grow mild
or gentle, to be tamed,
assuaged, lenified, tempe-
red, &c.
Adouci, *ie*, *adj.* Sweetened,
softened, &c. *V.* *Adoucir*,
in all its acceptations.
Adoucissement, *f. m.* A sweet-
ening, a softening, a smoo-
thing, &c. *Voy.* *Adoucir*.
* Adoucissement, (diminu-
tion de peine,) allay, ease,
mitigation, assuaging, leni-
fying, appeasing, allevia-
tion of pain, grief, &c.
* (Tempérament,) a tem-
per, a medium.
Adraganth, *f. m.* Gomme
d'adraganth, *f. f.* Gum-
adraganth or gum-dragon.
Adraganthe, *adj. Ex.* Gomme
adraganthe. Gum-dra-
gon.
Adressant, *ante*, *adj.* Direc-
ted.
Adresse, *f. f.* (indication.)
Direction of a person or
place. ♣ L'adresse d'une
lettre, the superscription of
a letter. ♣ Bureau d'adres-
se, an office of intelligence,

* Adresse, (industrie, dextérité,) *address, industry, dexterity, cunning*, * (Finesse, ruse,) *subtility, cunning, craftiness, slyness, shrewdness*.
 Adresser, *v. a. To direct, to send*. * Adresser le discours à quelqu'un, *to direct one's speech to one, to speak to one*.
 S'adresser, *v. r. (en parlant d'une lettre.) To be directed*. & S'adresser à quelqu'un, (avoir recours à lui,) *to address, to apply one's self, to make one's application, to make one's address to one*. & Ce discours s'adresse à vous seul, *this discourse regards or intends none but you, it is directed to none but you*.
 Adresser, *v. n. (toucher droit où l'on vise.) To hit the mark*.
 Adressé, *ée, adj. Directed, sent, &c. V. Adresser*.
 Adroit, *te, adj. (habile.) Dextrous, handy, ingenious, industrious, cunning, neat, skilful*. & (Fin, rusé, subtil,) *cunning, crafty, subtle, sly, wise*.
 Adroit, *f. m. He is a cunning or subtle fellow*.
 Adroitement, *adv. (avec adresse.) Dexterously, neatly, industriously, wisely, cunningly, craftily*.
 Adventif, *ive, adj. (terme de Jurisprudence.) Adventitious*.
 Adverbe, *f. m. Adverb*.
 Adverbial, *le, adj. Adverbial, belonging to the adverb*.
 Adverbialement, *adv. Adverbially*.
 Adversaire, *f. m. & f. An adversary, an opposer, the adverse party*.
 Adversatif, *ive, adj. Adversative*.
 Adverse, *adj. Adverse. Partie adverse, adverse party, adversary. Fortune adverse, adversity, cross fortune*.
 Adversité, *f. f. Adversity, calamity, misery, trouble*.
 Adulateur, Adulatrice, *subst. m. & f. Adulator, a flatterer*.

Adulte, *adj. Adult, past a child*.
 Adultère, *f. m. An adulterer*.
 Une adultère, *f. f. An adulteress*.
 Adultère, *f. m. (violation de la foi conjugale.) Adultery*.
 Adultère, *adj. Adulterous*.
 Adultérin, *ine, adj. Bastardly, begotten in adultery*.
 Adulte, *adj. Adult, overheated*.
 Aduktion, *f. f. Aduktion, burning*.
 Æolipyle, *f. f. Æolipyle*.
 Aéré, *ée, adj. Well seated, situate in a fine air*.
 Aérer, *v. a. To give light, to make light some*.
 Aérien, *ne, adj. Ætherial, airy*.
 Aéromancie, *f. f. Aeromancy*.
 Aérométrie, *f. f. Aerometry*.
 Affabilité, *f. f. Affability, courtesy, kindness, gentleness, easiness of address*.
 Affable, *adj. Affable, civil, courteous*.
 Affablement, *adv. Affably, courteously, lovingly, kindly*.
 Affadir, *v. a. To make unfavourable or insipid*.
 Affaire, *f. f. Business, affair, thing, matter, employ. & (Procès,) case, cause or suit in law. & (Tout ce qu'on a à démêler avec quelqu'un,) business, concern, affair, dealing, bargain. & (Action,) action, fight. & (Peine, embarras,) trouble. * Se tirer d'affaire, (relever d'une maladie,) to recover. & Affaire, (démêlé,) a quarrel. & (ou Besoin,) occasion, want, need. & Être mal dans ses affaires, (faire mal ses affaires,) not to thrive, to go down the wind. Faire bien ses affaires, to thrive, to do well, to prosper. & Faire ses affaires, (satisfaire aux nécessités naturelles,) to do one's business, to shite*.
 Affairé, *ée, adj. Busy, full of business*.
 Affaissement, *f. m. Sinking or weighing down*.
 Affaïsser, *v. a. To press, to weigh down*.

S'affaïsser, *v. r. To sink with too much weight*.
 Affaïssé, *ée, adj. Pressed or weighed down, sunk*.
 Affalé, *ée, adj. Windbound*.
 Affaler, *v. a. (terme de Marine.) To lower, to let go a main*.
 Affaler un palan. *To flect a tackle or to shift*.
 S'affaler, *v. r. (être affalé.) To be embayed*.
 Affamer, *v. a. To famish, to starve, to hunger-starve*.
 Affamé, *ée, adj. Famished, starved, hunger-starved. * Affamé, (qui a de l'avidité,) greedy, thirsty*.
 Affection, *f. f. Affection, affectionedness*.
 Affecté, *ée, adj. Affected, studied, over-curiously done*.
 & Affecté, (ou destiné) à quelque chose, *assigned, attributed, proper to something or properly belonging to it*.
 Affecter, *v. a. (destiner à certains usages.) To destine, to appropriate. & (hypothéquer,) to mortgage. & Affecter quelque chose, (la rechercher trop,) to affect a thing, to do it with too much study, to study. & Affecter, (rechercher, désirer,) to affect, to desire*.
 Affectif, *ive, adj. Ex. Théologie affective. That part of Divinity which moves the affections*.
 Affection, *f. f. Affection, love, benevolence, good-will, kindness, inclination, passion. & (Passion qu'on a pour quelque chose,) affection, love, passion, inclination, mind, study, desire. & (Ardeur,) zeal, affection, study, diligence, earnestness*.
 Affectionné, *ée, adj. Ex. Affectionné à quelqu'un. Affectionate or well affected to one. & Mal affectionné, ill affected. & Affectionné à quelque chose, addicted to a thing*.
 Affectionner, *v. a. (aimer.) To love, to have a love or an affection for, to affect*.

AFF

to fancy, to like, to favour.
 ♣ Affectionner une affaire,
 To espouse a business.
 S'affectedonner à quelque chose. To addict, to apply one's self to a thing.
 Affectueusement, adv. Affectionately, heartily.
 Affectueux, euse, adj. Affectionate, kind, obliging, hearty.
 Affermé, ée, adj. Farmed, let or leased out.
 Affermer, v. a. To farm, to let, to lease out. ♣ (Prendre à ferme,) to hire, to take a lease, to take a house or land, to rent it.
 Affermi, ie, adj. Strengthened, made fast or firm, &c.
 Affermir, v. a. (rendre ferme.) To strengthen, to fasten, to make fast or firm. ♣ Affermir son pied, to set one's foot upon sure ground. ♣ Affermir, (rendre dur,) to harden, to make hard, firm or tough, to compa^{ss}, to consolidate. * (Rendre plus affermé,) to establish, to confirm, to settle, to secure, to corroborate, to fortify. * Affermir son esprit contre les dangers, to insure or harden one's courage against dangers.
 Affermissement, f. m. A stay, a support, a prop. (L'action d'affermir,) strengthening, fastening, &c. * (Confirmation dans un bon état,) establishment, confirmation, settlement.
 Affété, ée, adj. Affected, full of affectation, precise, nice.
 Afféterie, f. f. Affectation, affectation, preciseness, niceness.
 Affeurage. V. Afforage.
 Affeurer ou Afforer, v. a. To affix, to set the price upon goods.
 Affiche, f. f. A bill or paper posted up.
 Affiché, ée, adj. Posted up, set up.
 Afficher, v. a. To set up or post up.
 Afficheur, f. m. One that posts up bills or papers.
 Affidé, ée, adj. Trusty.

AFF

Affidé, f. m. Trusty, friend, confident.
 Affilé, ée, adj. Sharpened, whetted, set, keen. * † Avoir la langue bien affilée. To have a nimble tongue.
 Affiler, v. a. To set, to set an edge on, to sharpen, to whet.
 Affiliation, f. f. Filiation, adoption.
 Affilier, v. a. (se dit en particulier des Ordres religieux.) To adopt.
 Affinage, f. m. Affinage, fining or refining of metals.
 Affiné, ée, adj. Fined, refined.
 Affiner, v. a. To fine, to refine metals. ♣ Affiner le chanvre, (le passer par l'affinoir,) to make the hemp finer.
 Affinerie, f. f. A little forge where iron is made into wire.
 Affineur, f. masc. A finer or refiner.
 Affinité, f. f. Affinity.
 Affinoir, f. m. A hatchet to make hemp finer.
 Affiquets, f. m. pl. Little ornaments belonging to women's dresses.
 Affirmatif, ive, adj. Affirmative. ♣ (Qui soutient une chose pour vraie.) Peremptory, positive.
 Affirmation, f. f. Affirmation, affirmative, assertion. ♣ (terme de Palais.) Oath.
 Affirmative, f. f. The affirmative.
 Affirmativement, adv. Affirmatively, by way of affirmation, positively.
 Affirmé, ée, adj. Affirmed, avouched, &c. V. the verb.
 Affirmer, v. a. To affirm, to avouch, to assert, to ascertain, to assure, to maintain. ♣ (Assurer par serment,) to swear, to take an oath.
 Affleurer, v. a. To level. ♣ To say as a plank says to the timbers.
 Afflictif, ive, adj. Ex. Peine afflictive. Corporal punishment.
 Affliction, f. f. Affliction, trouble, sorrow, anguish, vexation, grief. ♣ Affliction, (adversité,) affliction,

AFF 13

adversity, misfortune, calamity, misery, trouble, distress.
 Affligé, ée, adj. Afflicted, grieved, troubled, sorrowful, cast down, vexed, disquieted. ♣ Affligé, (qui est dans l'adversité.) Afflicted, poor, miserable, distressed.
 Affligé, f. m. Affligée, f. f. A person afflicted, grieved or distressed, &c. V. Affligé, adj.
 Affligeant, ante, adj. Afflicting, afflictive, sad, grievous.
 Affliger, v. act. To afflict, to grieve, to trouble, to cast down.
 ♣ Affliger, (tourmenter.) To afflict, to vex, to disquiet, to torment. ♣ Affliger (mortifier) son corps, to afflict, to mortify, to macerate one's body by austerities.
 S'affliger, v. r. (s'attrister.) To grieve, to be afflicted, troubled or cast down.
 Affluence, f. f. (abondance des choses.) Affluence, plenty, great store, abundance. ♣ Affluence de monde, a concourse, a great resort of people.
 Affluer, v. n. To flow, to run to the same place. * Affluer, (abonder,) to abound. * Affluer, (survenir en grand nombre,) to resort or come in great number.
 Affoiblit, ie, adj. Weakened.
 Affoiblir, v. a. To weaken, to make weak or faint, to debilitate, to enervate, to inflexible. ♣ Affoiblir la monnaie, to alloy the coin, to abate the value of it.
 S'affoiblir, v. r. To grow weak, feeble or infirm, to lose one's strength, to decay.
 Affoiblissant, ante, adj. (qui affoiblit.) Weakening.
 Affoiblissement, f. f. Weakening, inflexible. * Affoiblissement de courage, discouragement. ♣ Affoiblissement des monnoies, an alloying, (or abating the value) of coin.
 † Affolé, ée, adj. Extreme fond, desperately in love, doting. ♣ Bouffole ou aiguille affolée, a bad compass, a compass not true, not well touched.

14 AFF

- † Affoler, *v. a.* To make extreme fond, to make one to dote upon.
- Afforage, *f. m.* The affise or price of a commodity set by an officer authorized thereto.
- Affourager ou Affourer, *v. a.* To feet cattle, to fother or fodder cattle.
- Affouragement, *f. m.* Fothering or foddering, feeding.
- Affourcher, *v. a.* To moor acrofs, to cast one anchor and cable crofs another.
- Affranchi, *ie, adj.* Free, freed, set at liberty, delivered. & (Exempté,) freed, enfranchised, discharged.
- Affranchi, *f. m.* Affranchie, *f. f.* One that of bound is made free.
- Affranchir, *v. a.* (exempter.) To free one from a thing. & (Mettre en liberté,) to set free, to make free, to give one his liberty, to enfranchise him. & Affranchir une lettre, to frank a letter, to send it post-paid. * Affranchir, (délivrer,) to set free, to deliver, to rid out of.
- S'affranchir, *v. r.* To free or to rid one's self, to get free.
- Affranchissement, *subst. masc.* (exemption.) Delivery, discharge, exemption, enfranchisement.
- † Affre, *f. m.* Great fright.
- Affrétement, *f. m.* The hire or freighting of a ship.
- Affréter, *v. a.* un vaisseau. To freight a ship.
- Affrété, *ée, adj.* Hired.
- Affréteur, *f. m.* Freightier.
- Affreusement, *adv.* (effroyablement.) Horribly, terribly, dreadfully, frightfully.
- Affreux, *euse, adj.* (effroyable, horrible.) Hideous, dreadful, grisly, ghastly, frightful.
- Affriandé, *ée, adj.* Used to dainties, &c. V. the verb.
- Affriander, *v. a.* (attirer par quelque chose.) To allure.
- † Affrioler, *v. a.* (affriander, attirer.) To allure, to entice, to decoy.
- Affront, *f. m.* Affront, abuse, contumely, & (Deshonneur,

AGA

- honte,) reproach, disgrace, dishonour, shame.
- Affronté, *ée, adj.* Dared, encountered; & cheated, gulled, cozened.
- Affronter, *v. a.* (attaquer avec hardiesse.) To encounter, to set upon, to attack with great resolution. & (Tromper,) to cheat, to gull, to cozen.
- Affronterie, *f. f.* Cheat, cozening.
- Affronteur, *f. m.* Affronteuse, *f. f.* A cheat.
- Affublé, *ée, adj.* Muffled up, & mobbed up.
- Affublement, *subst. m.* Covering.
- Affubler, *v. a.* To muffle up, to mob up.
- Affût, *f. m.* The carriage or stocks for ordnance; the parts of which are: les essieux, the axle-trees; les roues, the trucks; la sole ou semelle, the sole or bottom; les flafques, the sides or cheeks; l'entretoise, the transom; les plate-bandes, the cap-squares or clamps. & Affût, (l'endroit où l'on se place pour attendre le gibier.) a close place where the hunter waits for game to shoot at. * † Être à l'affût, (être au guet,) to be upon the catch.
- Affûtage, *f. m.* The mounting of a piece of ordnance. & (La fourniture de toutes sortes d'outils nécessaires,) a set of tools, implements.
- Affûté, *ée, adj.* Mounted, laid upon the carriage. * † (Préparé,) ready, who is in readiness, that has his tools ready. & (Aiguilé,) set sharp.
- Affûter un canon, *v. a.* (le mettre en état de tirer,) To mount a canon or lay it upon a carriage. & Affûter un outil, to set a tool, to make it sharp.
- Afin que, *conj.* That to the end that.
- Afin de, *conj.* To, in order to, that, to the end that.
- Aga, *f. m.* An Aga, an officer among the Turks,

AGE

- Agace, *f. f.* A magpy, a sort of bird.
- Agacé, *ée, adj.* Set on edge, &c. V. the verb.
- Agacement, *f. m.* A setting on edge.
- Agacer les dents, *v. a.* To set the teeth on edge. * Agacer, (irriter,) to provoke, to urge, to egg, to anger, to exasperate, to intice.
- Agacerie, *f. f.* Provocation, inticement.
- Agape, *f. f.* Love-Fasts used in the primitive Church.
- Agaric, *f. f.* Agarick, a kind of mushroom.
- Agate, *f. f.* (forte de pierre précieuse.) Agate, a precious stone.
- Age, *f. m.* Age. & (différent degré de la vie de l'homme,) age, years, part of man's life. & (Majorité,) age. Il ne peut pas vendre son bien, il n'est pas en âge, he cannot sell his estate, he is not of age or he is under age. & Age, (vieillesse,) age, old age, years. & (Temps auquel on vit, auquel une chose se passe,) age, days, time. La mer veille de notre âge, the wonder of our age, days or time. & Age, (certain nombre de siècles,) age, a tract of time. & L'âge (ou le siècle) d'or, the golden age.
- Agé, *ée, adj.* Aged, so many years of age, so many years old. & (Vieux,) aged, old, elderly, well stricken in years.
- Agence, *f. f.* Agency.
- Agencé, *ée, adj.* Set in order.
- Agencement, *f. m.* Order, the orderly placing or disposing of something, composition, structure.
- † Agencer, *v. a.* To set in order, to dispose, to fit up.
- S'agencer, *v. r.* To put one's self in some posture.
- Agenda, *f. m.* (mémoire des choses que l'on doit faire.) A memorandum. & (Tablettes,) a book of memorandum, a table-book, a pocket-book.
- Agenuillé, *ée, adj.* Kneeling, on his knees,

AGE

Sagenouiller, *v. r.* To kneel, to kneel down, to fall upon one's knees.
 Agent, *f. m.* An agent. ♦
 Agent de change. A broker.
 Aggravant, ante, *adj.* Aggravating.
 Aggrave, *f. m.* A threatening monitory.
 Aggravé, *ée*, *adj.* Aggravated. *V.* the verb.
 Aggraver, *v. a.* To aggravate.
 Agile, *adject.* Agile, quick, nimble, active, swift.
 Agilement, *adverb.* Nimbly, readily, quickly.
 Agilité, *subst. f.* Nimbleness, agility, quickness, swiftness, activity.
 Agio, *f. m.* (prix du change parmi les Banquiers.) The price of exchange among Bankers.
 Agiotage, *f. m.* Stock-jobbing.
 Agioter, *v. a. & n.* (faire l'agiotage.) To stock-job.
 Agioteur, *f. m.* Stock-jobber.
 Agir, *v. n.* To act, to do, to deal. ♦ (Pour marquer l'effet d'une chose sur une autre,) to have an influence, to work. ♦ (Faire quelque négociation,) to negotiate, to manage business. ♦ Agir contre quelqu'un, to sue one at law, to persecute him at law.
 ♦ Il s'agit, *v. imperf.* (Il est question.) Ex. De quoi s'agit-il? what's the matter? what's the matter in question? what's to be done? Il ne s'agit pas de cela, that is not the business in hand. Il s'agit de votre vie, your life is at stake, in danger or in question.
 Agissant, ante, *adject.* (qui opere.) Efficacious. ♦ (Actif, diligent,) active, busy, stirring.
 Agitation, *f. f.* (ébranlement.) Agitation, tofs, violent motion, jolting, jumbling. ♦ (Trouble, passion,) agitation, perturbation, trouble.
 Agité, *ée*, *adj.* (secoué, &c.) Agitated, shaken, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Agiter, *v. a.* (secouer.) To agitate, to shake, to tofs, to jumble, to jolt. ♦ (Trou-

AGR

bler,) to agitate, to tofs, to hurry, to trouble, to disquiet, to torture. ♦ (Débattre une question,) to agitate, to debate a question.
 Agnation, *subst. f.* Agnation, term used in the Civil-Law.
 Agneau, *subst. m.* A lamb. De l'agneau ou chair d'agneau, lamb or lamb's flesh.
 Agneler, *v. a.* To bring forth lambs.
 † Agnelet, *f. m.* A lambkin, a young or a little lamb.
 Agnès, *f. f.* (jeune fille très-innocente.) A young raw girl, a simpleton.
 Agnus-castus, *subst. m.* (sorte d'arbrisseau.) Agnus-castus.
 Agonie, *f. f.* Agony, pangs of death, last gasp. Être à l'agonie, to be at the point of death, to gasp for life, to breathe one's last. ♦ Agonie, (angoisse,) agony, extreme anguish, grief, trouble, non-plus.
 Agonissant, ante, *adj.* Dying, in a dying condition.
 Agoniser, *v. n.* To be at the point of death; to breathe one's last, to be dying, to be in an agony.
 Agrafe, *f. f.* A clasp. ♦ Agrafe d'une hotte, the brace of a dossier.
 Agraser, *v. a.* To clasp.
 Agrafé, *ée*, *adj.* Clasped.
 Agraire, *adj.* Agrarian.
 Agrandi, *ie*, *adj.* (rendu plus grand, &c.) Enlarged, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Agrandir, *v. a.* To enlarge, to make greater or bigger, to increase, to augment, to improve. ♦ (Rendre plus grand en fortune,) to raise, to advance, to prefer. (Exagérer,) to amplify, to exaggerate, to aggravate a thing.
 S'agrandir, *v. r.* To raise or to advance one's self, to advance or to make one's fortune.
 Agrandissement, *f. m.* Improvement, enlarging, increase or increasing. ♦ (En fortune,) preferment, advancement, growth, rise or rising, promotion.
 Agréable, *adj.* Agreeable, pleasing, acceptable,

AGR

accepted, welcome, grateful, charming.
 Agréable, *f. m.* Ex. Joindre l'utile à l'agréable. To join profit with pleasure. Avoir pour agréable, to like, to accept, to be pleased, to suffer.
 Agréablement, *adv.* Pleasantly, merrily, gladly, comfortably.
 Agrée, *ée*, *adj.* Accepted; approved of, &c. Voyez le verbe.
 Agréer, *v. a.* (recevoir.) To accept, to receive kindly. ♦ (Trouver bon, approuver,) to allow, to approve of, to like. ♦ Agréer que je vous dise, give me leave to tell you, suffer me to tell you. ♦ Agréer un vaisseau, (l'équiper de voiles, de cordages, &c.) to rig a ship.
 Agréer, *v. n.* (plaire à quelqu'un.) To please one, to be pleasing or acceptable to him.
 Agréeur, *f. m.* A rigger of ships.
 Agrégation, *f. f.* Aggregation, admission.
 Agrégé, *ée*, *adj.* Aggregated, received, admitted.
 Agréger, *v. a.* To aggregate, to receive, to admit.
 Agrément, *f. m.* (approbation.) Liking, approbation, consent. ♦ (Qualité par laquelle quelque chose plaît,) agreeableness, charm, allurements, set-off. ♦ (Avantage, sujet de satisfaction,) comfort, advantage, pleasure, delight. ♦ Agrément pour un habit, loops. ♦ Agréments de perriwig, the locks of a perriwig.
 Agrès, *f. m. pl.* The rigging of a ship.
 Agresseur, *f. m.* Aggressor, assailing.
 Agression, *f. f.* Aggression; assault, first onset.
 Agreste, *adj.* fruit agreste; Wild fruit, wilding. ♦ Agreste, (rustique, grossier,) agrestical, illbred, rustic, clownish, unmannerly, home-spun.
 Agriculture, *f. f.* Agriculture, husbandry.
 S'agripper, *v. r.* To catch a thing with one's claws, to lay

hold of a thing, to catch at it, to seize it.
Agripaume, *f. f.* Mother-wort.
† Agripper, *v.* Gripper.
Aguerrir, *ie, adj.* Disciplined, exercised in martial discipline, inured to the hardships of war, experienced in war. Soldats mal aguerris, undisciplined, unexperienced or raw soldiers, new raised men.
Aguerrir, *v. a.* To train up in the wars, to discipline, to inure to the hardships of a war. * (Accoutumer,) to use.
S'aguerrir, *v. r.* To grow warlike; * to use one's self to a thing.
Aguets, *f. m. pl.* (être aux aguets.) To lie in wait, to be upon the catch. *V. Guet.*
Ah! interj. Oh! alas! well-a-day! ough! A! ah! hah! ho!
† Ahan, *f. m.* fuer d'ahan. To sweat with labour.
† Ahaner, *v. n.* To sweat, to do any thing with much ado, to toil and moil.
Aheurté, *éc, adj.* Obstinate, stiff, peremptory.
Aheurement, *f. m.* Obstinacy, stiffness.
S'acheurter, *v. r.* Obstinately to maintain a thing or to stick to it, to be stiff or obstinate in a thing, to persist firm in a purpose, to be fully resolved, to resolve upon.
Ahi, int. (qui marque la douleur.) Ahi.
† Aidant, *adj. Ex.* Dieu aidant. By God's help, please God.
Aide, *f. f.* Aid, assistance, help, succour, relief, support. * Aide, (Religieuse qui aide une Officiere.) A helper, a nun that helps another. * Aide, (Église ou Chapelle,) a chapel of ease.
Aide, *f. m.* (celui qui soulage quelqu'un dans son emploi.) A helper, an assistant.
Aide-maçon, a mason-helper. — de cuisine, an under-cook. — de camp, Aid de camp. — de cérémonies, assistant to the master of the ceremonies. Aide-major, an adjutant in a

regiment; Aide-canonnier, quarter-gunner. Aides-chirurgiens, surgeon's second, third, fourth and fifth mates. Aides-charpentiers, carpenter's crew. Aides-voiliers, sail maker's crew.
Aides, *f. f. pl.* Royal aid, excise.
Aide, *éc, adj.* (secouru, &c.) Helped, assisted, aided, succoured. *V. the verb.*
Aider, *v. a.* To aid, to assist, to help, to succour, to favour, to relieve, to support. *P. Aider à la lettre*, (ajouter à la vérité,) to help matter, to add to the story.
S'aider, *v. r.* To help one's self. *S'aider ou s'entr'aider* l'un l'autre, to help one another. * *S'aider de quelque chose*, (s'en servir,) to use a thing, to make use of it.
Aie! interj. (exclamation de douleur.) Ay! oh! ah!
Aieul, *f. m.* Grand-father, grand-fire.
Aieule, *f. f.* Grand-mother, grandam.
Aieux, *f. m. pl.* (les ancêtres.) Fore-fathers, ancestors.
Aigail, *f. m.* (terme de chasse.) Dew.
Aigle, *f. f. ou m.* An eagle. * (Pupitre de cuivre au milieu du chœur d'une église,) the reading-desk in a church. Des yeux d'aigle, piercing eyes, good eyes. * Des yeux d'aigle, (un esprit pénétrant,) a piercing wit, a transcendent genius. * Vol d'aigle, (grande élévation d'esprit,) a great flight.
Aiglette, *f. f.* (terme de Blason.) Eagles.
Aiglon, *f. m.* An eaglet, a young eagle.
Aigre, *adj.* Sour, sharp of taste, eager. Aigre-doux, half sweet, half sour; between sweet and sour. * Aigre, (en parlant des odeurs désagréables,) strong, ill, unpleasant. * (En parlant du son,) harsh, rough. (Caillant, qui n'est pas assez malléable,) eager, brittle. * (Rude,) sour, sharp, bitter, crabbed, rough, ill-natured, churlish, severe.

Aigre, *f. m.* Sourness.
Aigrefin, *f. m.* A sharper, a cunning fellow.
Aigrelet, *ette, adj.* Sourish, somewhat sour.
Aigrement, *adv.* (rudement.) Sourly, sharply, bitterly, severely, roughly.
Aigremoine, *f. f.* Livewort.
Aigret, *ette, adj.* Sourish, somewhat sour or sharp.
Aigrette, *f. f.* (oiseau.) Egret, a sort of white heron. * (Bouquet de plumes ou de pierres précieuses,) a topping, a tuff.
Aigreur, *f. f.* (goût aigre.) Sourness, sharpness. * (Rudeur,) sourness, sharpness, bitterness, roughness, harshness, tartness, ill-nature, heat. * (Haine, aversion,) Grudge, spite, spleen, ill-will, malice, animosity, odium.
Aigri, *ie, adj.* Grown sour or sharp, &c. *V. the verb.*
Aigrir, *v. a.* To make sour or sharp. * (Irriter,) to exasperate, to incense, to provoke. * Aigrir (ou augmenter) la douleur, to exasperate, to increase the pain. * Aigrir, (rendre chagrin, fâcheux,) to make one ill-humoured, cross or peevish, to put him in the spleen.
S'aigrir, *v. r.* (devenir aigre.) To turn sour, to sour, to grow sour or sharp. * (S'irriter,) to fall into a passion, to be angry.
Aigu, *uë, adj.* (pointu.) Pointed, sharp, that has a sharp point, keen, acute, prickly. * (Perçant, en parlant de la vue,) sharp, piercing, quick, keen. * Perçant, (haut, clair, en parlant de la voix, &c.) shrill, loud, clear, sharp. * (Violent, en parlant des maux,) sharp, acute, violent. * Accent aigu, (terme de Grammaire,) an acute. * Angle aigu, an acute angle.
Aiguade, *f. f.* (terme de Marine.) Fresh water; * watering place. Faire aiguade, to take in fresh water.
Aiguier-marine, *f. f.* A sort of precious stone.
Aiguier,

AIG

Aiguiere, *f. f.* *Aa cwer.*
 Aiguierée, *f. f.* *An cwer-full.*
 Aiguille, *f. f.* *A needle.* ♣ Aiguille de tête, *a bodkin.*
 ♣ Aiguille de montre, *the hand of a watch.* ♣ (De fseau de balance ou de trébuchet.) *the cock or trial of a balance.*
 ♣ (Bâtie sur une Eglise,) *the spire of a steeple.* ♣ (De mâts ou de carene,) *outrigger.* ♣ (De fanal,) *an iron brace or crank used to sustain the poop lantern.*
 ♣ (De bouffole,) *the magnetic needle.* ♣ Aiguille ou fleche (de l'épéron d'un vaisseau,) *upper part of the knee of the head.* ♣ Aiguille à voile, *sail needle.* ♣ Aiguille à ralingue, *bolt-rope needle.* ♣ Aiguille, (poisson de mer,) *hornback.* † De fil en aiguille, (de propos en propos,) *in discoursing of one thing and another.*
 Aiguillée, *f. f.* *A needle-full.*
 Aiguillette, *f. f.* *A point, a tagged point.* Fer d'aiguillette, *the tag of a point.*
 * Nouer l'aiguillette à quelqu'un, *to tie a man's cod-piece.* * † Lâcher l'aiguillette, *to entrust a point, to ease one's belly, to shize.*
 ♣ Aiguillettes de porques, *the upper buttock-riders.*
 Aiguilletter, *v. a.* *To tie with.*
 Aiguillier, *f. m.* *A needle-case.*
 Aiguillon, *f. m.* *Sting, prick.* ♣ (D'un bœuvier,) *a goad.*
 * (Tout ce qui incite à quelque chose,) ** a spur, a motive, an incentive, an incitement, encouragement.*
 Aiguillonner, *v. a.* *To incite, to spur on, to stir up, to eggon.*
 Aiguilloné, *éc. adj.* *Incited, spurred on, &c.*
 Aiguilé, *éc. adj.* *Whetted, made sharp, &c. V. the verb.*
 ♣ (terme de Blason,) *finched, pointed.*
 Aiguifer, *v. a.* *To whet, to sharpen, to make sharp, to set an edge on.*
 Ail, *f. m.* *Garlick, a plant.*
 Aile, *f. f.* *Wing.* * Les ailes d'un moulin à vent, *the sweeps of a wind-mill.*
 * (D'une armée ou d'une

AIM

escadre), *the wings of an army or a fleet.* * D'un bâtiment, *the wings of a building.* * De la nef d'une Eglise, *the isles of a church.*
 * De lardoire, *the broad end of a larding-pin.* * † J'en ai dans l'aile, *I am caught, I am at a loss, I am undone.*
 * † En tirer pied ou aile, *to get a snack out of it.* * † Il ne bat plus que d'une aile, *he is gone, he is undone, he is put to his last shifts.*
 Ailé, *éc. adj.* *Winged, that hath wings.*
 Aileron, *subst. m.* *The pinnion.*
 ♣ Aileron de poisson, (les nageoires de quelques poissons,) *the fin of a fish.* ♣ Ailerons, (qui font tourner les roues des moulins à eau,) *the wings or ladders of a water-mill.*
 Ailette de foulier, *f. f.* (terme de Cordonnier.) *The fide lining of a shoe.*
 Ailleurs, *adv.* *Elsewhere, somewhere else, in another place, to another place.* D'ailleurs, (d'un autre lieu,) *from another place.* ♣ D'ailleurs, (autre cela,) *besides, moreover.* ♣ D'ailleurs, (à cela près,) *otherwise, in other things, in other respects.*
 Aimable, *adj.* *Amiable, lovely.*
 Aimant, *f. m.* *A loadstone.*
 Aimanter, *v. act.* *To rub or touch with the loadstone.*
 Aimanté, *éc. adj.* *Rubbed or touched with the loadstone.*
 Aimantin, *ine, adj.* *Of or belonging to the loadstone, magnetick.*
 Aimé, *éc. adj.* *Loved, beloved.*
 Bien-aimé, *Well-beloved, darling.*
 Aimer, *v. a.* *To love, to have an affection or inclination for, to like, to be in love with, to be taken with, to fancy, to have a kindness, an inclination, a passion for, to be fond of.* ♣ Se faire aimer, *to gain people's love, favour or good will.* ♣ Aimer mieux, *to have rather, to chuse rather.* ♣ Aimer mieux une chose qu'une autre, *to prefer or to advance a thing before another.*

AIR 17

S'aimer, *v. r.* *To love one's self, to love one's dear self.*
 S'aimer en quelque lieu, (s'y plaire,) *to like a place, to like or to love being there, to delight in it.* S'entr'aimer, (s'aimer réciproquement,) *to love one another.*
 Ain, *f. m.* *A large fishing hook or shark hook.*
 Aine, *f. f.* *The groin.*
 Aîné, *éc. adj.* *Eldest, first-born.* ♣ (plus âgé,) *elder, older.* L'ainé des deux freres, *the elder brother.*
 Aîné, *f. m.* *The eldest son, the first-born.*
 Aînée, *f. f.* *The eldest daughter.*
 Aînesse, *f. f.* *Eldership.* Droit d'ainesse, *birth-right.*
 † Ains, *adv.* *Ex. Ains au contraire.* *But rather.*
 Ainsî, *adv.* (en cette maniere.) *So thus, after this manner.* ♣ (De même,) *so, just so, so likewise.* ♣ Ainsî que ou tout ainsî que, *as, even as, so as.* ♣ Est-ce ainsî que vous étudiez? *do you study no better?* ♣ Il est ainsî fait, (c'est-là son humeur,) *that's his temper or humour.* ♣ On est ainsî fait, *such is the genius of this age.* † Ainsî n'avienné, (à Dieu ne plaise,) *God forbid.* † Comme ainsî soit que, *whercas.*
 Ajouré, *éc. adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Pierced.*
 Ajournement, *f. m.* *A summons, a citation.*
 Ajourner, *v. a.* *To summon, to cite.*
 Ajouter, *v. a.* *To add, to join, to put to, to put in.* ♣ Ajouter foi, (croire,) *to give credit, to believe.*
 Air, *f. m.* (élément.) *The air, the wind.* A l'air, (à découvert,) *in the open air.* * En l'air, (sans fondement,) *in vain, vainly, fillity, extravagantly.* ♣ Prendre l'air du feu, *to air or to warm one's self by the fire.* ♣ Déchauffer les arbres par le pied, *pour leur donner de l'air, to bare the roots of trees or to dig the earth about them to refresh them.* ♣ Donner de l'air à un tonneau, *to*

give vent to a vessel. * † Avoir toujours le pied en l'air, *to be always in motion, to flutter about.* † Avoir de l'air, (terme de mer,) *to have fresh way through the water.* Donnes de l'air au vaisseau pour virer de bord, *give the ship way that she may stay.* † Air, (manière, façon.) *Air, manner, way, course, carriage, rate, form, fashion, demeanour, state.* † (Mine, contenance,) *air, look, countenance, aspect, presence, fashion, outside, appearance.* Avoir l'air sévère, *to have a grim or stern look.* † Air, (harmonie des parties du visage, dans un tableau,) *air, look, the harmony of features, in a picture.* Avoir de l'air de quelqu'un, *to look like one, to be like him.* Je vois tous les traits, &c. de votre visage dans ce portrait, mais l'air n'y est pas, *I see all your features in that picture, but yet it wants your look.* † Air, (terme de Musique, chanson notée,) *air, tune.* † (Chanson,) *song.* Un air à boire, *a drunken song.* Airain, *f. m. Brass, a sort of metal.* * Un front d'airain, *a brazen face.* Aire, *f. f. (terre unie & battue.) A smooth and even floor.* Aire d'une grange, *a barn-floor, a treshing-floor.* † Aire, (nid d'oiseau de proie,) *airy.* † (L'espace contenu entre les murs,) *the area or space betwixt the walls.* † Aire, (terme de Géométrie,) *the area or inside of any geometrical figure.* † Aire de vent, (l'espace marqué dans la boussole pour chacun des trente-deux vents,) *a point of the compass, one of the thirty two winds.* Ais, *f. m. A board, a plank.* Aïssance, *f. f. Ease, facility, freedom.* Vivre avec aïssance, avoir de l'aïssance, *to have the conveniences of life, to live comfortably.* † Aïssances, (le privé,) *the privy, the house of office,*

Aïse, *adj. Glad, well pleased, joyful.* † Vous ne serez pas bien aïse que je vous dise la vérité, *you won't like to hear the truth from me.* Aïse, *f. f. (contentement.) Content, joy, gladness.* Trefsaillir d'aïse, *to leap for joy.* † Aïse, (commodité,) *ease, conveniency, comfort, pleasure.* Etre à son aïse, *to be at ease, to be rich or well past.* Aimer ses aïses, *to love one's ease or conveniences.* Vivre à son aïse, *to live in plenty or at ease, to live comfortably.* A l'aïse, *adv. (facilement, sans effort.) Easily, with ease, without much ado.* † On est assis à l'aïse à son sermon, *there's room enough in the church when he preaches.* † Il vit chez lui paix & aïse, (paisiblement & doucement,) *he lives easy and quiet at home.* † Aïse, (loisir,) *leisure, spare time.* Aisé, *éc, adj. (facile.) Easy, ready.* Mal-aisé, (difficile,) *hard, difficult.* V. Mal-aisé. † Aisé, (libre, dégagé,) *easy, free, ready.* † (Commode,) *easy, convenient.* † Un homme aisé à sâcher, *a passionate man.* † Aisé, (riche,) *well to pass, rich, wealthy.* Aïcé, *f. m. (qui est riche.) A rich, a wealthy or substantial man.* Aïcement, *adv. (facilement.) Easily, with ease, readily, freely; willingly.* † Mal-aisément, *hardly, with much ado.* Aïsement, *f. m. (privé.) Ease, bog-house or house of office.* Aïsselle, *f. f. The arm-pit or arm-hole.* Aïssieu. V. Essieu. Aitiologie, *f. f. (partie de la Médecine.) Aitiology.* Ajusté, *éc, adj. (agencé.) Fitted, set in order, set together, ordered, contrived, composed, disposed, joined, &c.* V. Ajuster. † Bien ajusté, (bien vêtu,) *in a handsome garb, well clad, fine in cloaths,*

Ajustement, *f. m. Framing, fixing, squaring, adjusting.* † (Accommodement,) *agreement, reconciliation, composition.* † (Parure,) *dress, garb, attire, apparel, habit, furniture.* Ajuster, *v. a. (rendre une mesure juste.) To frame, to fit, to fix.* † Ajuster (approprié) une chose à une autre, *to fit a thing to another, to adapt it to another.* † Ajuster, (agencer,) *to adjust, to fit, to set in order, to join, to frame, to dispose, to put together, to put in order.* † Ajuster un cheval, (terme de Manege,) *to make a horse carry himself right.* † Ajuster un cheval au galop, *to put a horse upon the gallop.* † Ajuster toutes choses pour faire réussir un dessein, *to frame, to contrive, to dispose every thing for bringing a design about.* † Ajuster, (accorder, concilier,) *to adjust, to compound, to compose, to reconcile, to accord, to agree.* † Ajuster, (ornier,) *to trim, to adorn, to fashion, to embellish.* * † Ajuster quelqu'un, (le mal accommoder,) *to fit one.* S'ajuster, *v. r. (se préparer.) To prepare, to get or make one's self ready.* † (S'accommoder,) *to agree, to suit, to quadrate.* † (Se parer,) *to trim or trick up one's self, to make one's self fine.* Ajustoir, *f. m. A pair of scales used in the mind.* Ajutage, *f. m. Ajutage, a tube or pipe.* . Advertisement. See with LL those words which are not to be found under this head with a single L. Alambic, *f. m. An alembic, a still.* S'alambiquer l'esprit de quelque chose, *v. r. To puzzle or beat one's brains about a thing, to plod upon it.* Alan, *f. m. (espèce de dogue.) A kind of big, strong, thick-headed, hand short-faunced dog.*

ALA

Alarguer, *v. n.* To take sea-room, to bear off, to sheer off.
Alargue ou au large, ou pousse au large ! Sheer off !
Alarme, *f. f.* Alarm or alarm. (Effroi, épouvante, alarm, fear, fright, trouble.)
Alarmer, *v. a.* To alarm, to give an alarm, to fright, to put in a fright.
Alatérne, *f. m.* (arbrisseau.) Privet, fraitle's privet.
Albâtre, *f. m.* (sorte de pierre.) Alabaster.
Alberge, *f. f.* Alberge, a sort of peach.
Albergier, *f. m.* Alberge-tree.
Albran, *f. m.* A young wild drake.
Albréné, *éc, adj.* That has his feathers or his wings shatterred. * † Un homme albréné, (en mauvais état,) a man in a sad condition, at a low ebb.
Alcade, *f. m.* (Juge ou Gouverneur en Barbarie & en Espagne.) Alcaid.
Alcali. *V.* Alkali.
Alchimie, *f. f.* Alchymy or chymistry.
Alchimiste, *f. m.* Alchymist.
Alcoran, *f. m.* The Alcoran.
Alcove, *f. f.* An alcove.
Alcyon, *subst. m.* The king's fisher.
Alcyonien, *enne, adj. Ex.* Les jours alcyoniens, the time wherein the king's fisher makes her nest; quiet and calm time.
Alderman, *f. m.* Alderman. Les Aldermans de Londres, the Aldermen of London.
Alegre, *adj.* Cheerful, merry, brisk.
Alégrement, *adv.* Cheerfully, merrily, briskly.
Alégresse, *f. f.* Joy, gladness, mirth, cheerfulness, festivity, gaiety, jollity.
Aleue, *f. f.* An awl.
Al'entour, *adv.* (aux environs.) About, round about.
Alérion, *f. m.* (terme de Blason.) An eagle.
Alerte, *adj.* (vigilant, soigneux.) Careful, diligent, vigilant, watchful, stirring,

ALI

(Vif, éveillé,) sprightly, brisk, pert.
Alévin, *f. m.* (menu poisson pour peupler un étang.) Young fry.
Aléviner, *v. gâ.* (jeter de l'alevin dans un étang.) To stock a pound with young fry.
Alexandrin, *adj. Ex.* Un vers alexandrin, an alexandrine verse.
Alezan, *ane, adj.* Of a sorrel colour. Un cheval alezan, ou un alezan, *f. m.* A sorrel horse. Un cheval roux alezan, a red bay horse.
Algarade, *f. f.* Insult, daring.
Algébrique, *adj.* Algebraick or algebraical.
Algebre, *f. f.* Algebra.
Algébriste, *f. m.* An algébrist.
Alibi, *f. m.* (terme de Pratique.) The being in another place than that where the crime one is indicted for was committed.
Aliboron. *Ex.* Maître aliboron, a self conceited fellow.
Alidade, *f. f.* Alhidada, a kind of ruler that moves on the back of an astrolabe or any other geometrical instrument to measure distances.
Aliénable, *adj.* Alienable, that may be alienated.
Aliénation, *f. f.* (transport.) Alienation or delivering of possession to another. * (Grande froideur,) alienation, averseness, dislike, aversion, strangeness, estrangement. * (Egarement d'esprit,) alienation of mind, the loss of one's wits.
Aliéné, *éc, adj.* Alienated, &c. *V. the verb.* * Aliéné à l'égard de quelqu'un, alienated, estranged from one. * Aliéné, (devenu fou,) out of his wits, crack brained, distracted.
Aliéner, *v. a.* To alienate, to pass away or to make over.
Aliéner les affections, les esprits, to alienate, to estrange, to draw away the affection. * Aliéner l'esprit à quelqu'un, (le faire devenir fou,) to make one mad, to distemper his brain.
Aligné, *éc, adj.* Squared or laid out by a line, that stands

ALL

In a right line or in a row.
Alignement, *f. m.* A squaring or laying out by a line. *
Alignement, (ligne,) row.
Aligner, *v. a.* (ranger sur une ligne.) To square or lay out by a line.
Aliment, *f. m.* Aliment, food, nourishment. * L'aliment du feu, fuel. * Aliments, au pluriel, (l'entretien d'une personne,) alimony, maintenance.
Alimentaire, *adj. Ex.* Provision ou pension alimentaire. An alimony.
Alimenter, *v. a.* To maintain.
Alimenteux, *euse, adj.* (nutritif.) Alimenter, nutritive.
Aliquote, *adj. f. Ex.* Partie aliquote, an aliquot part.
Alité, *éc, adj.* Bed-rid, that keeps his bed.
Aliter, *v. a.* To make one keep his bed.
† S'aliter, *v. r.* To keep one's bed, to be bed-rid.
Alize, *f. f.* The fruit of the lote-tree.
Alizé, *adj.* Vents alizés. Trade winds.
Alizier, *f. m.* The lote-tree or nettles-tree.
Alkali ou plustôt alcali, *f. m.* Alkali or alkaline salt.
Alkaliser, *v. a.* To alkalisify.
Alkekengi, *f. m.* Alkekengi or winter-cherry.
Allaiter, *v. a.* To give suck, to suckle, to nurse.
Allaité, *éc, adj.* Suckled, nursed.
Allant, *ante, f. & adj. Ex.* Les allans & venans, the comers and goers.
† Alléché, *éc, adj.* Allured, drawn, inticed, tempted.
† Alléchement, *f. m.* Allurement, inticement.
† Allécher, *v. a.* (attirer par le plaisir, &c.) To allure, to draw in, to intice.
Allée, *f. f.* (l'action d'aller.) A going, a walking. * (Passage entre deux murs dans une maison,) a passage, an entry. * (Lieu propre à se promener,) an alley, a walk. Une allée couverte, a shady walk.
Allegation, *f. f.* Allegation, quotation, instance.

Allege, *f. f.* (terme de Marine.) *A tender, a lighter.*

Allégé, *éc. adj.* (déchargé.) *Disburdened, lightened, eased.** (Soulagé,) *eased, allayed, alleviated, mitigated, refreshed, diminished, lessened, softened.*

Allègement, *f. m.* *Allying, alleviation or alleviating, ease, comfort, refreshment.*

Alléger, *v. a.* (décharger.) *To ease, to disburden, to lighten.** (Soulager,) *to allay, to alleviate, to ease, to refresh, to mitigate.** Alléger un vaisseau, *to lighten a ship.** — un cable, *to buoy up the cable.*

Allégerir un cheval, *v. act.* *To make a horse lighter before than behind.*

Allégorie, *f. f.* *Allegory or a continued metaphor.*

Allégorique, *adj.* *Allegorical.*

Allégoriquement, *adv.* *Allegorically.*

Allégoriser, *v. a.* *To allegorize.*

Allégorisé, *éc. adj.* *Allegorized.*

Allégoriste, *f. m.* *One that turns into allegory.*

Allégué, *éc. adj.* *Alleged, quoted, produced, instanced in.*

Alléguer, *v. a.* *To allege, to quote, to produce, to instance in.*

Allemande, *f. f.* *Allemande, a slow air in musick.*

Aller, *v. n.* (se mouvoir, marcher.) *To go, to walk, to march.* Aller à pied, *to go on foot, to foot it.* Aller à grands pas, *to go very fast, to walk very fast.** Aller le trot, *to trot.** Aller l'amble, *to amble.** Aller à tâtons, *to grope along.** Aller à la rencontre, (prévenir,) *to obviate, to prevent.** Aller en paix, *depart in peace.** Ne faire qu'aller & venir, *to be ever running up and down.** Je ne ferai qu'aller & venir, *I will not stay, I shall be back again presently.*

* Aller. *To go, to run, speaking of any thing that moves from one place to another.* Toutes les eaux des rivières vont à la mer, *all*

*the waters of rivers run or go into the sea.** Aller, (en parlant du temps, de l'étendue, du nombre,) *to go, to run, to come, to amount.* Rien ne va plus vite que le temps, *nothing goes faster than time.* La forêt va depuis le village jusqu'à la rivière, *the forest goes or runs from the village to the river.* Ce calcul va à tant, *that reckonings amounts or comes to so much.** Un raifoir qui va bien, *a razor that cuts well.** Aller, (aboutir, finir,) *to go, to end, to lead, to come.* Cette piece de terre va en pointe, *that piece of ground ends in a point.* Ce chemin va à l'Eglise, *this way goes to the Church or leads into the Church.* Son entreprise est allée à rien, *his undertaking is come to nothing.**

* Aller, (pour marquer toutes sortes de progrès.) *To go, to forward, to go on.* Ces ouvriers vont bien lentement, *those workmen go on very slowly.* Le commerce ne va plus, *there is no trade stirring, trading is dead.* Cette affaire va de bien en mieux, *that business goes on better and better.** Aller, (s'adresser.) *To concern.* Je n'ai rien dit qui aille à vous, *I said nothing that concerns you, what I said was not spoken for you.**

* Aller, (tendre, aspirer, prétendre,) *to tend, to drive at, to aspire to, to aim at, to be bent.**

* Aller, (agir, se conduire, procéder.) *To go, to go about, to act, to proceed.* Est-ce ainsi que vous y allez? *is this your way of proceeding? is this your way?*

Aller rondement, *to act candidly.** Aller, (être bien ou mal,) *to go, to do, to be well or ill.* Comment va votre santé? comment vous en va? *how goes your health? how is it with you? how do you do?* Comment vont vos affaires? *how does your business go on.* Tout va

bien, *all is well, all goes well.*

Aller bien ou mal, (en parlant d'une chose qui sied ou qui ne sied pas.) *To become well or not to become.** Aller de pair, *to be equal.** Aller, (pour marquer une action qui est sur le point de se faire,) *to be going, to be ready to do any thing, to go near, to chance.* Il va sortir, *he is just going out.* Il va rendre l'ame, *he is ready to give up the ghost.* Il s'est allé embarrasser dans cette affaire, *he has entangled himself in that business.**

Aller, (pour marquer une action qui est presque finie.) *Ex.* Celas'en va fait. *That's almost done.* Le carème s'en va finir, *lent draws to an end.**

Ce vaisseau vient de Cadix, & va à Londres. *That ship is bound from Cadiz to London.** Aller aux opinions, (demander les avis,) *to put to the vote.**

* Aller, (hasarder en jouant.) *To go, to lay, to stake, to set.**

* Aller (ou se décharger) par haut & par bas. *To void upwards and down-wards.**

* Faire aller. *To make go, to set a going, to move, to give motion, &c.**

* Laisser aller son corps, (se laisser aller, (ne pas soutenir son corps.) *To let one's body swag or hang.** Se laisser aller à quelque chose, *to abandon or give over one's self to a thing, to yield or give way to it.**

* S'en aller, (sortir d'un lieu.) *To go, to go away.** Faire en aller, (faire sortir, chasser,) *to drive out, to drive away.** Faire en aller (ôter) les boutons du visage, *to take away the pimples of one's face.**

* Il en va de cette affaire comme de l'autre. *It is with this business as with the other.** S'en aller, (sortir, soit en s'élevant, soit en s'évaporant,) *to go out, to run out, to evaporate.** S'en aller d'une carte, (s'en défaire,) *to throw away a card.* Il s'en va pleuvoir, *it is*

ALL

going to rain. S'en aller par terre, to be falling.
 ♣ Il y va, *v. imperf.* (il s'agit.)
Ex. Il y va de votre vie, your life lies or is at stake, your life is concerned in it.
 Allons, va, allez, (interjections.) *Ex.* Allons, finissons, come or come on, let's make an end. Va, tu ne fais pas empaumer les gens, away or go, you know not how to wheedle people. * † Cela s'en va sans dire, that's without question, that's to be supposed or understood.
 Aller, *f. m.* *Ex.* Il a eu l'aller pour le venir. He has had his labour for his pains. Pis aller, last prayer. V. Pis.
 Alleu, *f. m.* franc-alleu. Freehold, free-tenure, frank-tenement, allodial lands. V. Allodial.
 Alliage, *f. m.* Alloying, mixture or mixing of metals. ♣ (Le moindre des deux métaux mêlés ensemble.) alloy.
 Alliance, *f. f.* Alliance or affinity by marriage, match. ♣ (Confédération,) alliance, confederacy, league. ♣ (Bague,) a gimmel or gimmel-ring.
 Allié, *éc, adj.* Allied, matched.
 Allié, *f. m.* Allié, *f. f.* (parent.) A kinsman, a kinswoman, a relation. ♣ Allié, (confédéré,) an ally, a confederate.
 Allier, *v. a.* To ally, to mix, speaking of metals.
 S'allier, *v. r.* (par le mariage.) To match. ♣ Faire alliance, (ou union,) to make or to enter into an alliance or confederacy.
 Allier, *f. m.* A sort of net to catch partridges withal.
 Aligner, *éc. V.* Aligner.
 Allocation, *f. f.* Allowance, allocation.
 Allodial, *le, adj.* Allodial, or allodial, free. Terres allodiales, allodian or free-lands, free-hold.
 Allodialité, *f. f.* Allodium, free-tenure, free-hold.
 Allouer, *v. a.* To allow.
 Alloué, *éc, adj.* Allowed, counted, accounted.
 Allumer, *v. a.* To light, to

ALL

kindle, to set in a flame or on fire. * Allumer la guerre, (la faire naître,) * to kindle the war, to stir it up.
 S'allumer, *v. r.* To light, to kindle, to catch fire, to break out.
 Allumette, *f. f.* A match.
 Allure, *f. f.* (démarche.) Gait, going, pace. Allures, (au pluriel, ne se dit que des chevaux,) the pace or goings of a horse. ♣ Allure, (en parlant d'un vaisseau,) the trim of a ship.
 Allusion, *f. f.* Allusion, glance, * eye, respect, regard. Faire allusion, to make an allusion or to allude. ♣ Allusion, (jeu de mots,) quibble, pun.
 Alluvion, *f. f.* Alluvion.
 Almanach, *f. m.* An almanack, a calendar. Faiseur d'almanachs, an almanack-maker, an astrologer.
 Almandine, *f. f.* (forte de rubis.) Almandine, a coarse sort of ruby.
 Aloès, *f. m.* (arbre.) Aloes, an Indian tree. ♣ Aloès, (plante,) aloes, a sort of herb.
 Aloï, *f. m.* (tempérament que les métaux doivent avoir pour faire la monnaie.) Good alloy, the goodness of any metal that is to be coined into money. Monnaie de bas, de faux ou de mauvais aloï, bad money, mixed metal, counterfeit money. * † Un homme de bas aloï, a man of mean birth or condition.
 Alonge, *f. f.* A piece of stuff to eke out anything. ♣ Alonges de perruque, the drops of a wig. ♣ Alonge, (terme de mer,) a futtock or futtock-timber; Alonge de revers, top-timber; Alonges de porques, futtock-riders; — d'écubiers, hawse pieces; — de cornières, top-timbers of the fashion piece; — de poupe, stern-timbers; — de tableau, taffarel timbers.
 Alongé, *éc, adj.* Lengthened, &c. V. Alonger.
 Alongement, *f. m.* A lengthening or stretching out, drawing out in length, extension.

ALT

21

* (Lenteur, délai,) prolonging, delaying or delay, driving off.
 Alonger, *v. a.* (rendre plus long.) To lengthen, to stretch out, to draw out in length. ♣ (Différer,) to prolong, to desert, to delay, to prologue, to drive off. ♣ Alonger un coup, to strike a blow. ♣ Alonger une botte, alonger un coup d'épée, to make a pass.
 S'alonger, *v. r.* To stretch one's self out.
 Alopecie, *f. f.* The fox-evil.
 Alors, *adv.* (en ce temps-là.) Then, at that time.
 Aloze, *f. f.* The shad-fish.
 Alouette, *f. f.* A lark. ♣ Alouette de mer, a pur.
 Alourdir, *v. a.* (appesantir.) To dull, to make heavy.
 Alourdi, *ie, adj.* Dull'd, dull, heavy.
 Aloyau de bœuf, *f. m.* A shore rib of beef.
 Aloyer, *v. a.* To alloy gold or silver.
 Alphabet, *f. m.* (les lettres mises par ordre.) The alphabet. ♣ (Livre qui contient l'alphabet,) a primer or criss-cross-row.
 Alphabétique, *adj.* Alphabetical or alphabetick.
 Alphabétiquement, *adv.* Alphabetically.
 Alte, *V.* Halte.
 Altérable, *adj.* Alterable; changeable.
 Altérant, *ante, adj.* That causes thirst.
 Altération, *f. f.* (changement.) Alteration, change. ♣ (Corruption,) corruption, spoiling, adulteration. ♣ (Soif extrême,) thirst or drought.
 Altercation, *f. f.* Altercation, dispute, contest.
 Altéré, *éc, adj.* (changé.) Altered, changed. ♣ (Gâté, corrompu,) adulterated, spoiled, impaired, disorder'd, &c. ♣ (Qui a soif,) dry, thirsty. * Altéré de sang, blood-thirsty.
 Altérer, *v. a.* (changer.) To alter, to change, to turn. ♣ (Corrompre, gâter,) to adulterate, to spoil, to falsify, to sophisticate, to coun-

verfeit. ♦ *Altérer le corps, la santé, to disorder the body, to impair the health.* * *Altérer (ou troubler) quelqu'un, to trouble or to disorder one.* ♦ *Altérer, (causer la soif,) to make dry or cause thirst.*
Alternatif, ive, adj. Alternative, alternative, done by turns, interchangeable.
Alternative, f. f. Alternative, choice, option. Je vous donne l'alternative, I put it to your choice.
Alternativement, adv. (tour à tour.) Alternately, alternatively, by turns, one after another, interchangeably.
Alterne, adj. (terme de Botanique & de Géométrie.) Alternate.
Alterné, ée, adj. (terme de Blafon.) Alternate. Ex. Le premier & le quatrième quartier sont alternés, the first and fourth quarters are alternate.
Alteffe, f. f. Highness. Leurs Alteffes Royales, their royal Highnesses.
Altier, ère, adj. (superbe, fier, hautain.) Proud, surly, arrogant, presumptuous, haughty.
Altimétrie, f. f. (science, qui enseigne à mesurer les hauteurs.) Altimetry.
Alvéole, f. m. (cellule dans un rayon de miel.) The cell of a bee in a honeycomb. ♦ (Trou où les dents sont placées,) *the tooth-hole or socket wherein a tooth is fastened.*
Aluine, f. f. Wormwood.
Alumelle, f. f. The blade of a knife.
Alumineux, adj. Aluminous.
Alun, f. m. (sorte de minéral.) Alum.
Aluner, v. a. (trempier dans de l'eau d'alun.) To steep in alum-water.
Amabilité, f. f. Amiableness, loveliness.
Amadis, f. m. The end of the sleeve of a waist-coat.
Amadou, subst. m. A sort of tinder.
Amadouer, v. a. (flatter, ca-

resser, pour attirer à soi.) To flatter, to coax, to stroke, to wheedle, to cajole.
Amadoué, ée, adj. Flattered, coaxed, stroked, wheedled, cajoled.
Amaigri, ie, adjest. Grown lean, thin or meagre, shrunk, fallen away.
Amaigrir, v. a. (rendre maigre.) To make lean, thin or meager.
S'amaigrir, v. r. ou amaigrir, v. n. To grow lean, thin or meager, to fall away.
Amaigrissement, f. m. A growing lean or falling away, extenuation.
Amalgame, f. m. Amalgation.
Amalgamer, v. n. To amalgamate.
Amande, f. f. (fruit.) An almond. ♦ (Ce qui est dans le noyau de quelque fruit que ce soit.) *the kernel, in the stone of any fruit.* ♦ (Morceau de cristal dont sont composés les lustres.) *an almond-like piece of crystal in a branch candlestick.*
Amandé, f. m. A sort of posset made of almonds and veal or chicken-broth or milk, &c.
Amandier, f. m. An almond-tree.
*Amant, f. m. A lover, a suitor, a gallant, a spark, * a sweetheart.*
*Amante, f. f. Mistress, * love, sweet-heart.*
Amarante ou Amaranthe, f. f. Amaranthus, the purple-flower-gentle or love-flower.
Amarantine, f. f. A kind of anemone or wind-flower.
Amariner, v. a. To man a prize.
Amarrage, f. m. Anchoring, casting anchor or mooring of a ship. Amarrage à plat, lashings of the shrouds and stays; — en étrive, seizing of a shroud or stay close to its dead eye; — en fouet, lashing of a tail block.
Amarre, f. f. A fast, a rope or cable to make any thing fast, a hawser. Amarre debout, head-fast; — de travers, breast-fast; — de poupe, stern-fast.
Amarrer, v. a. To belay, to

moor. ♦ *Amarrer un vaisseau, to make a ship fast.*
Amarré, ée, adj. Belayed, moored.
Amarres, f. f. The cheeks or side-posts of a wind-beam or crane.
Amas, f. m. Heap, pile, amass, collection.
Amassé, ée, adj. Heaped up, &c. V. Amasser.
Amasser, v. a. (assembler.) To heap up, to gather, to gather up, to hoard up, to treasure up, to lay up, to get together.
Amasser des noix, to gather nuts. Amasser de l'argent, to hoard, to treasure, to lay up money. Amasser de l'argent avec bien de la peine, to scrape up money. ♦ Amassez (levez) mes gants, take up my gloves.
S'amasser, v. r. (s'assembler.) To gather or to get together.
Amassette, f. f. A stick, a horn or any thing else wherewith painters and gloves scrape up their ground colours.
Amateloier, v. a. To divide the company, to give each man his mate, consort or comrade.
S'amateloier, v. r. To mess together.
Amateur, f. m. A lover, a virtuoso.
Amatir, v. a. To unpolish gold or silver.
Amati, ie, adj. Unpolished.
Amazon, f. f. An amazon, a warlike woman.
Ambages, f. f. pl. Ce mot est peu usité. Preambles, windings and turnings in a discourse, a beating or going about the bush.
Ambassade, f. f. Embassy, embassy or ambassador.
Ambassadeur, f. m. An Ambassador.
Ambassadrice, f. f. An Ambassador.
Ambelas, f. m. Ambace.
Ambidextre, adjest. Ambidexter.
Ambigu, ué, adj. Ambiguous, that has a double sense or meaning.
Ambigu, f. m. Ambigu; &

A M B

banquet of meat and fruit both together.
Ambiguë, *f. f.* *Ambiguë*, double meaning, obscurity in words.
Ambigument ou *ambigument*, *adv.* *Ambiguously*.
Ambitueusement, *adv.* *Ambitiously*.
Ambineux, *f. m.* *Ambitieux*, *f. f.* *An ambitious man, an ambitious woman.*
Ambitieux, *ense*, *adj.* *Ambitious*, full of ambition, desirous or greedy of honours.
Ambition, *f. f.* (désir immodéré d'honneur & de grandeur.) *Ambition*. & *Ambition*, (juste désir,) *ambition*, *desire*.
Ambitionner, *v. a.* *Ambitiously* to seek after.
Ambler, *f. m.* *Ambler*. *Aller l'ambler*, to *amble* or *pace*.
Ambler, *v. n.* (aller l'ambler.) To *amble*, to *pace*.
Ambre, *f. m.* *Amber*. *Ambregris*, *amber-gris*.
Ambrer, *v. a.* To *perfume* with *amber-gris*.
Ambré, *éc*, *adj.* *Perfumed* with *amber-gris*.
Ambrette, *f. f.* *Ambres*, a sweet-smelling flower.
Ambroisie, *f. f.* (plante.) *Ambrosia*, wood-sage, the oak of Cappadocia, and another of Jerusalem. & (Le manger des Dieux de la Fable,) *Ambrosia*, the food of the Fabulous Gods.
Ambulant, *ante*, *adj.* *Ambulatory* or *that goes a circuit* or *from one place to another*. *Commissaire ambulant*, a *Commissary* that goes a circuit. & *Troupe ambulante de Comédiens*, a *strolling-company of stage-players*, a *company of strollers*.
Ambulatoire, *adj.* *Ambulatory*. *Cour ambulatoire*, an *ambulatory Court*, that removes from one place to another.
Ame, *f. f.* (principe de la vie.) *The soul or spirit, the principle of life*. *L'ame de l'homme*, *the soul, the ghost*. *Rendre l'ame*, to *give up*

A M E

the ghost. * *Avoir l'ame sur les levres*, (être prêt à expirer,) to *be ready to give up the ghost*. & *L'ame de l'homme*, (l'esprit de l'homme qui le rend capable de penser, de vouloir, &c.) *mind, heart, soul*. & *Ame séparée du corps*, (esprit,) *soul, ghost, spirit*. & (ou conscience,) *soul, conscience*. (Personne entiere,) *soul, person*. Une bonne ame, a good honest soul, a good man or woman. * *Ame*, (principe de vie, au figuré,) *soul, life*. La charité est l'ame des vertus chrétiennes, *charity is the soul of christian virtues*. * *L'ame d'une devise*, *the motto*. * † *L'ame d'un fagot*, a brush, the little sticks that are in a faggot. *Ame*, (petit morceau de bois droit qu'on met dans le corps de l'instrument de musique sous le chevalet,) *the sound-post that stand up within the body of a musical instrument, just under the bridge*. *Ame*, (première forme des figures de cire,) a rough figure of clay used by Stone-cutters. *Ame d'un canon*, the inside of the cannon.
Amé, *éc*, *adj.* (aimé, terme de Chancellerie.) *Well-beloved*. A nos amés & féaux, to our well-beloved and trusty.
Amélioration, *f. f.* *Improvement, bettering, mending*.
Amélioré, *éc*, *adj.* *Improved, &c.*
Améliorer, *v. a.* (rendre meilleur.) To *improve*, to *better*, to *mend*.
Améliorissement, *f. m.* *Voy. Amélioration*.
Amen, *f. m.* *Amen*, so be it.
Amendable, *adj.* *Finable*.
Amende, *f. f.* (peine pécuniaire.) *Fine, mulct, penalty, forfeit, amercement or amercement*. Condamner, mettre à l'amende, to *fine*, to *set a fine upon*, to *amerc*. & *Amende-honorable*, (forte de peine,) an *honourable amand*, an

A M E

25

ignominious punishment.
Amendé, *éc*, *adj.* (qui a payé l'amende.) *Fined*. & (Rendu meilleur,) *amended, mended*. *V. the verb*.
Amendement, *f. m.* (changement d'un état dans un meilleur.) *Bettering, mending, improvement*. & (Correction,) *amendment, reformation*. * † *Amendement de malade*, *mending hand in a sick body*.
Amender, *v. a.* (rendre meilleur.) To *mend*, to *amend*, to *improve*, to *better*. & (Engraisser) les terres, to *improve*, to *dung land*. * *Amender*, (réformer,) to *mend*, to *reform*.
Samender, *v. r.* (se réformer.) To *amend*, to *grow better*, to *be reformed*.
Amender, *v. a.* (payer l'amende.) To *pay a fine or a penalty*.
Amender, *v. n.* (devenir meilleur.) To *mend*, to *improve*, to *grow better*. & (Se porter mieux,) to *mend in point of health*, to *be on the mending hand*. & (Profiter,) to *profit*, to *be the better*. & (Baïsser de prix,) to *fall in price*.
Améné, *éc*, *adj.* *Brought &c.* *V. Amener*.
Amener, *v. a.* (conduire, mener.) To *bring*. & *Amener* ou *amener à foi*, to *draw*. & *Amener*, (terme de Marine,) to *lower*, to *strike*, sea terms. * *Amener* une affaire jusqu'à un certain point, to *carry a business to a certain point*. & *Amener* (introduire) une mode, un usage, to *bring up a fashion, a custom*.
Amener, (terme du jeu des dés,) to *throw*, to *fling*, at dice.
Aménité, *subst. f.* *Amenity*, *pleasantness, delightfulness*.
Aménuié, *éc*, *adj.* *Mada small or smaller, thin, slender, &c.*
Aménuiiser, *v. a.* (rendre plus menu.) To *make small or smaller*, to *lessen*, to *make thin or slender*.
Amer, *ere*, *adj.* *Bitter*. *

(Fâcheux,) *bitter, hard, sad, grievous, troublesome.*

Amer, *f. m.* (amertume.) *Bitterness.* ♀ (Le fiel dans les animaux,) *the gall of animals.*

Amers, *f. m. pl.* *Sea-marks;* Amener un amer au nord-nord-est de la bouffole, *to bring a sea mark north-north-east of the compass.*

* **Amèrement**, *adv.* *Bitterly, grievously.*

Amertume, *f. f.* *Bitterness or bitter taste.* * (Affliction,) *bitterness, gall, grief, affliction.*

Améthyste, *f. f.* *An amethyst, a precious stone.*

Ameublement, *f. m.* *Household-stuff, furniture, moveables.* Avoir un fort joli ameublement, *to have a house or room neatly furnished.*

Ameubler. *V.* *Meubler.*

Ameublier, *v. a.* *To make moveable.*

Ameubli, *ie*, *adj.* *Made moveable.*

Ameublissement, *f. m.* *The making moveable or the thing made moveable.*

Ameuter, *v. a.* *To hold a pack of dogs close together in hunting.* * (en parlant des personnes,) *to raise a mob.*

Ami, *f. m.* *Amie*, *f. f.* *A friend.* Ami de cœur, *a bosom-friend.* Un ami, (une connaissance,) *a friend, an acquaintance, a fellow, a crony, a companion.* ♀

Ami, (en parlant à des personnes beaucoup inférieures.) *Ex.* Mon ami, songez à ce que vous faites. *Friend, mind what you are about.* ♀ **Ami**, (ou amateur,) *friend, lover.*

Ami, (en parlant des animaux,) *that loves.* Le chien est ami de l'homme, *the dog loves man.* * **Ami**, (qui est utile pour la santé,) *friendly.*

Ami, *ie*, *adj.* (favorable.) *Friendly, kind, courteous,*

favorable. **Ami** lecteur, *Courteous reader.*

Amiable, *adj.* *Friendly, kind, courteous.*

A l'amiable, *adv.* (par la voie de la douceur.) *Amicably, friendly, lovingly, in an amicable manner.* Terminer un différent à l'amiable, *to make a friendly conclusion.*

Amiablement, *adv.* (d'une manière amiable.) *Amicably, friendly, kindly, lovingly.*

Amiante, *f. m.* (sorte de pierre.) *Amiantus or asbestos.*

Amit, *pron.* **Amit**, *f. m.* **Amit**, part of a Priest's habit.

Amidon, *f. m.* *Starch.*

Amidonnier, *f. m.* *A starch-man.*

Amigdales, *f. f.* *Little kernels in the neck or under the root of the tongue.*

Amincir, *v. a.* *to thin.*

Amiral, *f. m.* *An Admiral.*

Grand-Amiral, *High-Admiral.* **Vice-Amiral**, *Vice-Admiral.* **Contre-Amiral**, *Rear-Admiral.* **L'Amiral**, (le vaisseau de l'Amiral,) *the Admiral's ship.* **Vaisseau Amiral** dans les ports de France, *guard-ship.*

Amirauté, *f. f.* *Admiralship, Admiralty.*

Amisfible, *adj.* (qui se peut perdre.) *Amisfible, that may be lost.*

Amitié, *f. f.* (affection.) *Friendship, amity, affection.*

♀ (Plaisir, faveur,) *favor, kindness, courtesy.*

* (Sympathie,) *sympathy.*

L'amitié des couleurs, (leur mélange agréable,) *the sympathy, suitableness or agreeableness of colours.* **Amitiés**, *au pluriel*, (caresses,) *kindness, fair or kind words, compliments.*

Amnistie, *f. f.* *A general pardon, an act of oblivion.*

Amodiateur, *f. m.* *A farmer, a tenant of land, a lessee.*

Amodiation, *f. f.* *A leasing, letting out to farm.*

Amodier une terre, *v. a.* *To lease, to farm, to let out land; to take a land to farm upon a rent.*

Amoindri, *ie*, *adj.* *Dimi-*

nished, lessened, made or grown less.

Amoindrir, *v. a.* *To diminish, to lessen; to make less, to abate.*

S'amoindrir, *v. r. ou* **Amoindrir**, *v. n.* *To lessen, to grow less, to decrease, to sink.* **Amoindrissement**, *f. m.* *Lessening, decrease.*

Amolli, *ie*, *adj.* *Mollified, softened, &c.* *V. the verb.*

Amollir, *v. a.* (rendre mou & maniable.) *To mollify, to soften.* (Rendre mou & efféminé,) *to soften, to effeminate, to cuervate.*

S'amollir, *v. r.* (perdre sa dureté.) *To grow soft, tender or pliant, to soften.* *

(Devenir lâche, efféminé,) *to grow soft or effeminate, to lose its vigour.*

Amollissement, *f. m.* *Softening, * unmanning, effeminacy.*

Amonceler, *v. a.* *To heap up, to lay on an heap.*

Amoncé, *ée*, *adj.* *Heaped, up, laid on an heap.*

Amont, *f.* (côté d'où vient la rivière.) *Up the river.*

♀ **D'ament**, *down the river.*

Bateau qui vient d'ament, *ou du pays d'ament, a boat that goes down the river.*

♀ **Vent d'ament**, (vent de levant,) *Easterly wind.*

Amorce, *f. f.* (pour prendre des poissons, &c.) *Bait.*

* (Attrait,) *bait, allure-ment, iusticement, attractive, charm, decoy.* ♀ **Amorce** d'arme à feu, *prime.*

Amorcé, *ée*, *adj.* *Baited, &c.* *V. Amorcer.*

Amorcer, *v. a.* (garnir d'amorces.) *To bait.* **Amorcer**

une arme à feu, *to prime a gun.* ♀ **Amorcer**, (allé-

cher,) *to allure, to inveigle, to decoy, to incite, to draw in.*

Amorçoir, *f. m.* *A kind of auger.*

Amorti, *ie*, *adj.* *Quenched, &c.* *V. the verb.* ♀ **Vais-**

seau amorti dans un port. *A vessel which is sewed in a harbour.*

Amortir, *v. a.* *To quench, to extinguish, to put out.*

A M O

—une balle, *to dead or to deaden a bullet.* — les couleuvres, *to deaden or fade colours.* * — les passions, *to alley, to cool the passions.* ♣ Amortir, (faire cesser.) *to amortize, to redeem, to buy out, to extinguish.* ♣ Amortir un hief ou une redevance de hief, *to grant or pass away an estate in mortmain.* ♣ Amortir l'air d'un vaisseau, *to stop a ship's way.*
 S'amortir, *v. r. To be quenched, &c. V. the foregoing significations.*
 Amortissement, *f. m. (extinction d'une pension, d'une rente, &c.) Amortization, the redeeming, buying out or extinguishing of a rent, &c. also, mortmain or a Licence of mortmain.* ♣ Amortissement d'un ouvrage d'architecture, *the finishing of any piece of architecture.*
 Amovible, *adject. Removeable.*
 Amour, *f. m. (affection.) Love, affection.* ♣ (Passion d'un sexe pour l'autre,) *love, passion, affection, kindness, liking.* ♣ Amours, (l'objet de cette passion,) *love, the party loved.* ♣ Amours, (le commerce des personnes qui s'aiment,) *love, amours, intrigue.* ♣ Amour, (la chaleur du mâle & de la femelle parmi les animaux.) *Lust.* ♣ Amour, (divinité fabuleuse,) *love, Cupid, the god of love.*
 Pour l'amour, *adv. (en considération.) For one's sake.*
 Amouraché, *éc, adj. Fallen in love.*
 S'amouracher, *v. r. To fall in love, to be smitten.*
 Amourette, *subst. f. (folles amours.) Love, amour, intrigue. Se marier par amourette, to marry for love.*
 Amourement, *adv. Amorously, lovingly.*
 Amoureux, *sc, adj. Who is in love with, that loves, smitten, speaking of persons; amorous, of love, speaking of things.* ♣ Amoureux, {qui a une grande

A M P

affection pour,) *Lover, who is in love with.*
 Amoureux, *f. m. (amant.) A lover, a wooer, a gallant, a spark.* Un amoureux tranquille, *a whining or languishing lover.*
 Amphibie, *adj. Amphibious.*
 Amphibologie, *f. f. Amphibology.*
 Amphibologique, *adj. Amphibological or ambiguous.*
 Amphibologiquement, *adv. Amphibologically, ambiguously.*
 Amphisciens, *f. m. (terme de Géographie.) Amphiscii.*
 Amphithéâtre, *f. m. An amphitheater.*
 Ample, *adj. (grand en étendue.) Large, wide, spacious, of great compass.* * (Grand,) *ample, great, full.* * Discours ample, (diffus,) *a large, diffuse or copious discourse.* * Un ample dîner, *a plentiful dinner, a great dinner.*
 Amplement, *adv. Amply, fully, largely, at large, plentifully.*
 Ampleur, *f. f. Amplitude, largeness, wideness.*
 Ampliation, *f. f. The duplicate; ampliation, a Law-term.*
 Amplificateur, *f. m. Amplifier, a romancer.*
 Amplification, *f. f. Amplification.*
 Amplifier, *v. a. To amplify, to enlarge a discourse, to dilate upon a subject.*
 Amplifié, *éc, adj. Amplified, enlarged, exaggerated, &c.*
 Amplitude, *f. f. Amplitude.*
 Ampoule, *f. f. (enflure sur la peau.) A blister or rising of the skin.* ♣ (Fiole, petite bouteille,) *a vial or glass vessel, in this last sense it is only used in the following phrase. La sainte ampoule, the holy vial.*
 Ampoulé, *éc, adj. Tumid, high or high-flown, swelling, swollen, bombastick.*
 Ampoulette, *f. f. Watch-glass.*
 Amputation, *f. f. Amputation, cutting off.*
 Amulette, *f. m. An amulet, a preservative, a charm,*

A N A 25

Amure, *f. f. Tack of a sail,* — à tribord ou tribord amure, *on the starboard tack.*
 Amurer, *v. a. & n. To bring aboard or haul aboard the tack of a sail; Amure la grande voile! aboard mainsack! Le vaisseau est amuré babord, the ship is on the larboard tack.*
 Amusement, *f. m. (retardement.) Stop, delay, hindrance.* ♣ (Occupation vaine,) *amusement, a trifling business to pass away the time, a toy.* ♣ Amusement d'enfants, *children's toys or play-things.*
 Amuser, *v. a. (faire perdre le temps.) To amuse, to keep, to stay, to make stay, to stop, to hold in play, to keep at a bay. Qui vous amuse dans Rome? who keeps you in Rome? Amuser l'ennemi, to amuse the enemy, to hold him in play, to keep him at a bay.* * Amuser le tapis, *to trifle, to talk to no purpose.*
 S'amuser, *v. r. (perdre le temps.) To stand trifling, to loiter, to tarry or stay, to dally one's time.* ♣ (S'occuper à quelque chose,) *to bestow one's pains and time about something, to mind, to be taken up with a thing, to stand on any thing.* S'amuser à raisonner d'une chose, *to stand arguing the case.* P. S'amuser à la moutarde, *to stand on trifles.*
 Amusé, *éc, adj. Amused, &c. V. Amuser.*
 Amusetie, *f. f. Amusement, trifling business, toy.*
 Amyante, *V. Amiante.*
 Amygdale, *V. Amigdale.*
 An, *f. m. (année.) A year, a twelve-month.*
 Anabaptisme, *f. m. (secte.) Anabaptistry.*
 Anabaptiste, *f. m. & f. An Anabaptist.*
 Anachorete, *f. m. Anchoret, Hermit.*
 Anachronisme, *f. m. An anachronism, inconsistency upon the point of chronology.*

Anacréontique, *adj.* *Anacronistic.*
Anagogique, *adj.* *Mystical.*
Anagramme, *f. f.* *An anagram.*
Analogie, *f. f.* *Analogy, relation, agreement, conformity, proportion, correspondence.*
Analogique, *adj.* *Analogical, answerable.*
Analogiquement, *adv.* *Analogically.*
Analogisme, *f. m.* *Analogyism.*
Analogue, *adj.* *Analogous, analogical.*
Analyse, *f. f.* *Analysis.*
Analytique, *adj.* *Analytical.*
Analytiquement, *adv.* *Analytically, by way of analysis.*
Anarchie, *f. f.* *Anarchy, want of Government, disordered State.*
Anarchique, *adj.* *Anarchick, disordered, without rule or Governor.*
Anastomose, *f. f.* *Anastomosis.*
Anathématisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Anathematized, &c. V. the verb.*
Anathématiser, *v. a.* (frapper d'anathème.) *To anathematize, to excommunicate, to accurse.*
Anathème, *f. m.* (excommunication.) *Anathema, excommunication.* ♀ (La personne frappée d'anathème,) *the person accused or excommunicated.*
Anatomie, *f. f.* *Anatomy.*
Anatomique, *adj.* *Anatomical, of or belonging to anatomy.*
Anatomiser, *v. a.* *To anatomize, to dissect.*
Anatomisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Anatomized, &c.*
Anatomiste, *f. m.* *An anatomist.*
Ance, *f. f.* *Cove or bight. Ance de sable, a sandy beach.*
Ancettes, *f. f. pl.* *Cringles.*
Ancêtres, *f. m. pl.* *Ancestors, fore-fathers, predecessors.*
Anche, *f. f.* (petit tuyau dans certains instrumens de musique à vent.) *The reed of a hautboy or some other wind-instrument of music.* ♀ (Terme de Meunier,) *a miller's scuttle.*
Anché, *ée*, *adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Crooked,*

Anchois, *f. m.* *An anchovy.*
Ancien, *iienne*, *adj.* *Old, ancient, of old time.* ♀ (Qui n'est plus en charge,) *old, late.*
Ancien, *f. m.* (personne avancée en âge.) *An old or aged man, elder.* ♀ (Plus âgé qu'un autre, ou qui a été reçu le premier dans une charge,) *senior.* ♀ Les anciens d'une Eglise protestante, *the elders, the lay-elders, the Churchwardens.* ♀ Les anciens, (ceux qui ont vécu dans les siècles passés,) *the ancients.*
Anciennes, *f. f. pl.* *The seniors in a monastery of Nuns.*
Anciennement, *adv.* *Anciently, in former times, of old, in old time.*
Ancienneté, *f. f.* (antiquité.) *Ancientness, antiquity.* ♀ (Priorité de réception dans une compagnie,) *seniority.*
Ancre, *f. m.* *Anchorage.*
Ancre, *f. f.* (pièce de fer pour arrêter les vaisseaux.) *An anchor. Maîtresse ancre, the sheet-anchor. Ancre à la veille, an anchor which is a cock-bill; ancre d'affourche, the small bower anchor; les ancrs de poste, the two bower anchors; ancre de flot, flood anchor; ancre de jûlant, ebb anchor; ancre de touée ou ancre à jet, stream anchor or kedg; — de terre, the shore anchor; — du large, the sea-anchor; être à l'ancre, to ride at anchor. Jeter l'ancre, to cast or drop anchor.* ♀ **Ancre**, (pièce de fer qui sert à affermir les murailles.) *A brace or an S or an iron bar like an S, used to strengthen a wall.* * Dernière ancre ou ressource, *the last refuge or shift.*
Ancré, *ée*, *adj.* (établi.) *Settled, fast, sure. Voyez S'ancrer.*
Ancrer, *v. n.* *To anchor, to cast anchor.*
S'ancrer, *v. r.* (s'établir.) *To settle one's self, to get footing in a place.*
Andain, *f. m.* *That wick a*

mover can cut of grass in one stroke.
Andouille, *f. f.* *A chitterling or pudding.*
Andouiller, *f. f.* *Antler of deers. Premiers ou maîtres andouillers, browantlers. Sur-andouillers, sur-antlers.*
Andouillette, *f. f.* (chair de veau hachée dont on garnit les pâtés.) *Forced meat-balls or pellets of forced meat.*
Ane, *f. m.* *An ass.* ♀ Fait en dos-d'âne, *sharp, bottomed.* * **Ane**, (un esprit lourd,) * *an ass, an ignorant fool, a sot, an idiot.* * † Des contes de peau d'âne, *tales of a tub.* * † Pont aux ânes, (difficulté qui arrête les ignorans,) *a difficulty that puts ignorant people to a stand; also a pitiful evasion or come off for ignorant people.* * † Coq-à-l'âne, *nonsense, impertinence, an impertinent or extravagant discourse.*
Anéanti, *ie*, *adj.* *Annihilated, &c. V. the verb.*
Anéantir, *v. a.* *To annihilate, to destroy, to bring to nothing, to undo, to ruin.*
S'anéantir, *v. r.* (se dissiper, devenir presque à rien.) *To annihilate, to fall or to come to nothing, to be annihilated or destroyed.* * **S'anéantir** (s'abaisser) devant Dieu, *to humble, to debase one's self before God.*
Anéantissement, *f. m.* (réduction au néant.) *Annihilation or annihilating, bringing to nothing.* ♀ (Destruction,) *destroying, destruction, overthrow, ruin.* * (Abaissement,) *humiliation, abjection.*
Anecdote, *f. f.* *An Anecdote.*
Anémone, *f. f.* *Anemone, the wind-flower.*
Anerie, *f. f.* *Ignorance, impertinence.*
Anesse, *f. f.* *An ass or she-ass. Lait d'anesse, asses milk.*
Anet, *f. m.* *Dill, an herb.*
Anfractueux, *ie*, *adj.* *Anfractuous.*
Anfractuosité, *f. f.* *Anfractuosity.*

ANG

Angar, *f. m.* *A shed.*
 Ange, *f. m.* (créature purement spirituelle.) *Angel.*
 * D'ange, (angélique,) *angelical, divine, extraordinary.* ♣ Lit d'ange, (lit sans colonnes,) *an angel-bed.* ♣ Eau d'ange, *sweet-water or orange-water.*
 ♣ Ange, (sorte de boulet de canon,) *a chain bullet or chain-shot.*
 Angélique, *adj.* (qui appartient à l'ange.) *Angelical, of or belonging to an angel.*
 Angélique, *f. f.* (instrument de Musique.) *An angelick, a musical instrument.* ♣ (Sorte de plante,) *angelica, a plant.* ♣ (Sorte d'anémone,) *a kind of wind-flower.*
 Angéliquement, *adv.* *Angelically, like an angel.*
 Angelot, *f. m.* *Angelot; a sort of little refined cheese.*
 Angle, *f. m.* *An angle.* ♣ (Coin, encoignure,) *angle, corner.*
 Angieux, *euse, adj.* (il ne se dit que des noix.) *Thick-shelled, speaking of a walnut.*
 Anglican, *ane, adj.* (d'Angleterre.) *Anglican, of England.* *Ex. L'Eglise Anglicane, the Anglican Church or the Church of England.*
 Anglicisme, *f. m.* *An anglicism.*
 Anglois, *se, adj.* *English.*
 Un Anglois, *f. m.* *An Englishman.*
 Une Angloise, *f. f.* *An Englishwoman.* ♣ L'Anglois, (la Langue Angloise,) *the English or the English Tongue.*
 Angoisse, *f. f.* *Anguish, great pain, trouble, distress, affliction.* ♣ Les angouilles de la mort, *the pangs of death.* ♣ Poire d'angoisse, *a choak pear.* ♣ Poire d'angoisse, (espèce de bâillon,) *a gag.*
 Angon, *f. m.* *Angon, a sort of dart anciently used by the French.*
 Anguichure, *f. f.* *The leather-belt on which the huntsman hangs his horn.*

ANI

Anguillade, *f. f.* *Lash or lashing.*
 Anguille, *f. f.* *An eel.* * † Il y a quelque anguille sous roche, *there is some pad in that straw, there is some mystery in it.*
 Anguilleres, *f. f. pl.* ou canal des anguilleres. *Limber or limber-holes; bordage des anguilleres, limber-boards; cordage des anguilleres, limber rope.*
 Anguilles, *f. f. pl.* *The ways or buildge ways.*
 Angulaire, *adj.* *Angular, having angles, cornered.*
 Anicroche, *f. f.* (embarras, difficulté, obstacle.) *Demur, rub, difficulty.*
 Anier, *f. m.* *An ass-driver.*
 Animadversion, *f. f.* (terme de Palais.) *Reprimand, check, censure.*
 Animal, *f. m.* (corps animé.) *An animal, a creature or a living creature.* ♣ (Bête,) *an animal, a beast, a brute.* * † Un animal, (personne stupide.) *An animal, a brute, an ass, a fool, a beast.*
 Animal, *ale, adj.* (qui appartient à l'ame sensitive.) *Animal, sensible.* Les esprits vitaux & animaux, *the vital and animal spirits.* Les facultés animales, *the sensible faculties.* ♣ Animal, (dans le style de l'Ecriture, sensuel, charnel,) *natural, sensual, carnal.*
 Animalcule, *f. m.* (petit animal.) *Animalcule.*
 Animation, *f. f.* *Animation.*
 Animé, *ée, adj.* (qui a une ame.) *Animated, living, having life, enlivened.* ♣ Animé, (excité,) *animated, hartened, stirred up, egged on, incited, encouraged, acted.* ♣ (Irrité, fâché,) *incensed, exasperated.* ♣ Beauté animée, *a beauty brisk and lively.* Beauté qui n'est point animée, *a dull beauty.*
 Animer, *v. a.* (donner une ame.) *To animate, to quicken, to give life.* * Animer un tableau, *to enliven a picture,* * Animer, (encou-

ANN 27

rager,) *to hearten, to encourage, to embolden, to animate.* * (Irriter,) *to provoke, to exasperate, to incense.*
 S'animer, *v. r.* (prendre courage.) *To grow brisk upon it, to cheer up, to be encouraged.* ♣ (S'irriter,) *to chafe, to take fire, to be angry.*
 Animoité, *f. f.* *Animosity, hatred, ill-will, spite, grudge, malice.*
 Anis, *f. m.* (plante.) *Anise, a plant.* ♣ (La graine de cette plante,) *aniseed.*
 Annal, *ale, adj.* *Of a year, that lasts but one year.*
 Annales, *f. f. pl.* *Annals, annual chronicles.*
 Annaliste, *f. m.* *Annalist.*
 Annate, *f. f.* *Annats, the first fruits of a benefice.*
 Anneau, *f. m.* *A ring.* ♣ Anneau de clef, *the bow of a key.* ♣ Anneau, (ou boucle de cheveux,) *a curled lock of hair.*
 Année, *f. f.* *A year, a twelve month.*
 Annelé, *ée, adj.* *Curled, frizled.*
 Anneler, *v. a.* (anneler une cavale.) *To ringle a mare.* ♣ Anneler les cheveux, (les friser,) *to curl, to frizzle the hair.*
 Annelet, *subst. m.* *Little ring.* ♣ Annelets, (terme d'Architecture,) *annulets.* ♣ Annelet, (terme de Blason,) *annulets.*
 Annelure, *f. f.* *The curling of hair.*
 Annexe, *f. f.* *An annex, a thing annexed;* ♣ Chapel of ease.
 Annexé, *ée, adj.* *Annexed.*
 Annexer, *v. a.* *To annex, to unite a land or a province to another.*
 Anniversaire, *f. m.* *Anniversary, yearly obit.*
 Anniversaire, *adj.* *Anniversary, yearly.*
 Annonce, *f. f.* (ban de mariage.) *Banns or banns of matrimony.* ♣ (En termes de Spectacle,) *the giving out of a play.*
 Annoncé, *ée, adj.* *Declared, told, &c.* *V. the verb.*

Annoncer, *v. a.* (faire savoir de sa propre bouche.) *To bring news, to tell, to declare.* ♣ (Publier, promettre, prédire,) *to announce, to foretell, to promise, to preach, to proclaim, to publish.* ♣ Annoncer une comédie, *to give out a play.*
Annonciade, *f. f.* *Annunciada*, an order of Knighthood.
Annonciation, *f. f.* (en parlant du message que l'Ange Gabriel fit à la Vierge, & du jour auquel on célèbre ce mystère.) *Annunciation.* notation, *f. f.* (note, remarque.) *Annotation, note, remark, observation.* ♣ (Terme de Pratique, état de biens saisis,) *a list or inventory of goods attached or distrained.*
Annoter, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique.) *To make a list or inventory of goods attached or distrained.*
Annuel, *elle*, *adj.* (qui dure un an.) *Of a year, that lasts a year.* ♣ (Qui se fait tous les ans,) *annual, yearly.* Pension annuelle, *a yearly pension, an annuity.*
Annuel, *f. m.* *An annual mass* for a deceased person.
Annuellement, *adv.* *Annually, yearly, every year, from year to year.*
Annulaire, *adj. m.* (ne se dit que du doigt où l'on met ordinairement l'anneau.) *The ring-finger.*
Annulé, *ée*, *adj.* *Annulled, disannulled, &c.*
Annuller, *v. a.* *To annul, to disannul, to abrogate, to repeal, to make void, to vacate.*
Anoblir, *ie*, *adj.* *Made noble, ennobled.*
Anoblir, *v. a.* *To make noble, to ennoble.*
Anoblissement, *f. m.* *The making noble or ennobling.* Lettres d'anoblissement, *a patent or grant of nobility.*
Anodin, *ine*, *adj.* (qui opère doucement, en parlant des remèdes.) *Anodine, which allays or eases pain.* Remèdes anodins, *anodines,*

Anomal, *ale*, *adj.* *Anomalous, irregular, out of rule.*
Anomalie, *f. f.* *Irregularity.*
Anon, *f. m.* *An ass's colt, a young ass.*
Anonner, *v. n.* (ne lire qu'avec peine.) *To flammer.*
Anonyme, *adj.* (ne se dit que des Auteurs & de leurs ouvrages.) *Anonymous, nameless.*
Un anonyme, *f. m.* *An anonymous Author.*
Anse, *f. f.* *The ear or handle of a pot, basket, &c.*
 * † Faire le pot à deux anses, *to set one's arms a-kembo, to strut.* ♣ Vouôte à anse de panier, *a flat-arched vault.* ♣ Anse, (petit golfe de mer,) *a creek or little bay.*
Anséatique, *adj.* *Hanse. Ex.* Villes anseatiques. *Hanse-towns.*
Anspèct, *f. m.* *A hand-spike or lever.*
Anspèssade, *f. m.* *Lanspessado, an under corporal in a company of foot.*
Antagoniste, *f. m.* *Antagonist, adversary.*
 † Antan, *f. m.* (l'année de devant celle qui court.) *The last year.*
Antarctique, *adj.* *Antarctic, southern.*
Antécédemment, *adv.* *Antecedently, before, previously.*
Antécédent, *ente*, *adj.* *Foregoing, going before in time.*
Antécédent, *f. m.* *The antecedent in Grammar and Logick.*
Antechrist, *f. m.* *An Antechrist.*
Antenne, *f. f.* *A sail-yard, a lateen yard.*
Antépénultième, *adj.* *The last but two.*
Antépénultième, *f. f.* *Antepenultima.*
Antérieur, *eure*, *adj.* (qui est devant pour le temps.) *Foregoing, former.* ♣ La partie antérieure de la tête, *the fore part of the head.*
Antérieurement, *adv.* *Before.*
Antériorité, *f. f.* *Priority of time.*
Antestature, *f. f.* *A traverse or intrenchment.*
Anthropophage, *adj.* *That eats man's flesh,*

Un anthropophage, *f. m.* *A cannibal, a man-eater.*
Antichambre, *f. f.* *An antichamber, a withdrawing room.*
Antichrétien, *enne*, *adj.* *Antichristian.*
Antichristianisme, *f. m.* *Antichristianism.*
Anticipation, *f. f.* (action par laquelle on anticipe.) *Anticipation, prevention, forestalling.* Appel par anticipation, *an anticipated appeal.*
Anticipé, *ée*, *adj.* *Anticipated, &c.* V. the verb. ♣ Connoissance anticipée, *fore-knowledge.*
Anticiper, *v. a.* *To anticipate, to prevent, to forestall, to take up beforehand or before the time.* ♣ Anticiper sur, (usurper, empiéter sur,) *to encroach upon, to usurp, to invade.*
Antidate, *f. f.* *Antidate or antedate.*
Antidater, *v. a.* *To antidate or antedate.*
Antidaté, *ée*, *adj.* *Antidated or antedated.*
Antidote, *f. m.* *Antidote, a counterpoison, a preservative.*
Antienne, *f. f.* *An anthem.*
Antimoine, *f. m.* *Antimony, a mineral.*
Antipape, *f. m.* *Antipope.*
Antipathie, *f. f.* *Antipathy, natural aversion or repugnancy, contrariety of natural qualities.* ♣ (Aversion,) *averseness.*
Antipathique, *adj.* *Averse, contrary.*
Antipéristale, *f. f.* *Antiperistasis.*
Antiphrase, *f. f.* *Antiphrasis.*
Antipodes, *f. m. pl.* *Antipodes.* * Antipode, (tout-à-fait contraire,) *contrary, directly opposite.* Il est l'antipode du bon sens, *he is a contradiction to good sense.*
Antiquaille, *f. f.* *An antique, a ruinous piece of antiquity.*
Antiquailles, (vieux meubles,) *old rubbish or stuff.*
Antiquaire, *f. f.* *An antiquary.*
Antique, *adj.* *Antick or antique, old, ancient.*
Antique, *f. f.* (pièce antique.) *An antique, a piece or monument of antiquity,*

ANT

A l'antique, *adv.* *After the antick or old way fashion, manner.*
Antiquité, *f. f.* *Antiquity, ancienneté.* ♦ (Les anciens,) *the antiquity, the Ancients.* ♦ (Les siècles reculés du nôtre,) *ancient times, former ages.* ♦ (Antique,) *an antique, a piece of antiquity.*
Antithèse, *f. f.* *Antithesis.*
Antonins, *f. m. pl.* (sorte de Religieux.) *Antonians.*
Antonomaſie, *f. f.* *Antonomaſia, a figure of Rhetorick.*
Antre, *f. m.* *A den, a cave, natural grotto.*
† Anuité, *ée, adj.* *Benighted.*
S'anuitier, *v. r.* *To be benighted, to stay till 'tis night.*
Anus, *f. m.* *The anus or fundament.*
Anxiété, *f. f.* *Anxiety, perplexity, sorrow, anguish, great trouble.*
Aoriste, *f. m. pron.* *Oriſte. An aorist, a preter tense indefinite.*
Aorte, *f. f.* (terme d'Anatomie.) *The great artery, the mother or the nobleſt of arteries.*
Août, *f. m.* *Auguſt.* ♦ (La moisſon,) *the harveſt.*
Aoûter, *v. a.* (faire mûrir.) *To ripen, to fill with ſap.*
Aoûté, *ée, adj.* *Ripened, filled with ſap.*
Aoûteron, *f. m.* *A reaper.*
Æ. Cherchez avec deux pp les mots que vous ne trouverez pas ſous cet article avec un ſeul p. *See with two pp theſe words that are not to be found here with a ſingle p.*
Apanage, *f. m.* *Appenage.* Donner une terre en apanage, *to aſſign an eſtate in lieu of the future right of ſucceſſion to the whole.* *
Apanage, (ſuite, dépendance,) *appendix, dependency, appertenance.*
Aparté, *f. m.* *An aſide, that which an Actor ſpeaks aſide.*
Apathie, *f. f.* *Apathy, compoſedneſs of the mind, inſenſibility.*
Apathique, *adj.* (inſenſible.) *Apathick, inſenſible.*

APO

† **Apens**, *Es.* *Guet-apens, (aſſaſinat délibéré.) A wilful murder.*
Aperitif, *ive, adj.* (terme de Médecine.) *Aperitive.*
A-peu-près, *adv.* (preſque.) *Almoſt.* *V.* *Peu & Près.*
Aphoriſme, *f. m.* *Aphoriſm.*
Api, *f. m.* *A ſort of apple.*
A-pic, *adv.* *Perpendicularly;* côte à pic, *a bold ſhore;* l'ancre eſt à pic, *the anchor is a-peck;* virer à pic, *to heave ſhort.*
Apiquer une vergue, *v. a.* *To top a ſail yard, or to peck up a yard.*
Aplani, *ie, adj.* *Levelled, made ſmooth, &c.* *V.* *the verb.*
Aplanir, *v. a.* *To level, to ſmooth, to make even or ſmooth, to lay flat.* * **Aplanir** (lever, ôter) les difficultés, *to ſmooth, to clear, to remove difficulties.* * **Aplanir** le chemin aux honneurs, *to level, to make eaſy the way to honours.*
Aplanifſement, *f. m.* *Leveling, ſmoothing, laying flat, making ſmooth or even.*
Aplobm, *f. m.* *Ex.* *Prendre l'aplobm d'une muraille.* *To level a wall.*
A-plomb, *adv.* *Perpendicularly, upright.*
Apocalypse, *f. f.* *The apocalypse or S. John's revelation.*
Apocryphe, *adj.* *Apocryphal, of a doubtful authority.*
Les apocryphes, *f. m. pl.* *The apocrypha.*
Apogée, *f. m.* *Apogæon or apogee.*
Apollon, (Dieu fabuleux.) *Apollo.*
Apologie, *f. f.* *Apology, deſenſe, excuſe.*
Apologétique, *adj.* *Apologetic, appertaining to apology.*
Apologétique, *f. m.* *An apologetic oration, an apology.*
Apologiſte, *f. m.* *An apologist or apologer.*
Apologue, *f. m.* *Apologue or moral fable.*
Apophthegme, *f. m.* *Apophthegm, a ſhort and piety ſentence, a maxim, a ſaying.*

APO 29

Apopleſtique, *adj.* *Apoplectick or apopleſtical, belonging to apoplexy.* ♦ (Attaqué d'apoplexie,) *apopleſtick, troubled with apoplexies.*
Apoplexie, *f. f.* *An apoplexy.*
Apolème, *f. m.* *An apolème.*
Apoſtaſie, *f. f.* *Apoſtacy or backſliding.*
Apoſtaſier, *v. n.* *To apoſtaſize, to revolt or play the apoſtaſe, to forſake one's Religion or a religious Order.*
Apoſtat, *adj. & f.* *An apoſtaſe, a backſlider, a revolter, a renegado.*
Apoſté, *ée, adj.* *Suborned, &c.*
Apoſter, *v. a.* *To ſuborn, to prepare, to appoint.*
Apoſtille, *f. f.* (au bas d'une lettre.) *A poſtſcript.* ♦ (A la marge d'un écrit,) *a note or addition in the margin of any writing.*
Apoſtiller, *v. a.* *To write notes or additions on the margin of any writing.*
Apoſtolat, *f. m.* *Apoſtleſhip;* an Apoſtle's office or miniſtry.
Apoſtolique, *adj.* *Apoſtolical, apoſtolick.* ♦ (Saint,) *good, holy.*
A l'apoſtolique ou apoſtoliquement, *adv.* *Apoſtolically, holy.*
Apoſtrophe, *f. f.* *Apoſtrophe.*
Apoſtropher quelqu'un, *v. a.* *To turn one's ſpeech to one, to beſpeak him, to ſpeak to him.*
Apoſtume. *V.* *Apoſtème.*
Apoſtumer, *v. n.* *To feſter, to matter or to gather to matter, to draw to a head.*
Apothéofe, *f. f.* *Apotheoſis;* the deiſying of a man.
Apothicaire, *f. m.* *An Apothecary.*
Apothicaierie, *f. f.* *An Apothecary's ſhop.* ♦ (L'art de l'Apothicaire,) *the Apothecary's trade.*
Apothicaieſſe, *f. f.* *The nun that prepares remedies in a monaſtery.*
Apôtre, *f. m.* *An Apoſtle.*
 * † Un bon apôtre, (un gaillard ou un hypocrite,) *a good companion, a cunning fellow, a notable blade,*

✧ *Apôtres, the knight-heads or bollard-umbels.*

Apozeme. *V. Apofeme.*

Appaîlé, ée, adj. *Pacified; appeased, &c. V. the verb.*

Appaîser, v. a. *To appease, to mitigate, to pacify, to quiet, to still, to allay, to soften, to assuage, to calm, to qualify, to compose, to suppress. ✧ * Appaîser sa foif, to stanch, to quench one's thirst. ✧ Appaîser un différend, to compose, to compound, to adjust, to make up a difference.*

S'appaîser, v. r. *To allay one's passion, to be allayed, to be or to grow quiet, &c. Le vent s'est appaîlé, the wind lies or is down. L'orage s'est appaîlé, the storm is over.*

Apparat, f. m. *Preparation, study. Un discours d'apparat, a discourse with great preparation, a studied or set speech.*

Apparaux, f. m. *The sails, the rigging, the tackles, the yards, the guns of a ship.*

Appareil, f. m. *Preparation, provision, furniture. ✧ (Suite, équipage,) train, retinue, equipage, attendance. ✧ Appareil de plaie, the dressing a wound. Mettre un appareil à une plaie, to dress a wound. ✧ Appareil, (l'épaisseur d'une pierre,) the thickness or height of a stone.*

Appareillage, f. m. *The getting a ship under sail.*

Appareillé, ée, adj. *Dressed, fixed, &c. V. the verb. ✧ Pierre appareillée, a stone ready marked to be cut. Voile appareillée, a sail made ready.*

Appareiller des bas, v. a. *(les apprêter.) To dress, to fit stockings. ✧ Appareiller, (affortir,) to match. ✧ Appareiller une ancre, to get ready or to clear an anchor. — une voile, to set any sail.*

Appareiller, v. n. *(terme de Marine, mettre à la voile.) To set sail, to unfold the sail, to get under sail.*

Appareilleux, f. m. *He that marks stones that are to be cut.*

Appareilleuse, f. f. *(terme injurieux.) A bawd, a procuress.*

Apparemmment, adv. *Likely, apparently, in all appearance.*

Apparence, f. f. *(l'extérieur.) Appearance, outside, shew. ✧ Il n'y a en elle aucune apparence ou marque de vie, there's not in her any sign of life. ✧ Apparence, (probabilité,) appearance, likelihood, probability. ✧ (Phénomène,) phenomenon, appearance in the heavens.*

Apparent, ente, adj. *(évident, manifeste.) Apparent, plain, manifest, evident. ✧ (Notable, considérable,) eminent, chief, topping, considerable. ✧ (Qui n'est qu'en apparence,) apparent, seeming.*

Apparenté, ée, adj. *Ce mot ne s'emploie jamais seul, mais on dit: Bien-apparenté, that has good relations. Mal-apparenté, related to persons of low degree, who has very mean relations.*

Apparié, ée, adj. *Matched. V. the verb.*

Apparier, v. a. *(affortir.) To sort, to match. ✧ Apparier le mâle avec la femelle, to match the male and female.*

S'apparier, v. r. *(s'accoupler, en parlant de certains oiseaux.) To couple.*

Appariteur, f. m. *Beadle, apparitor, summoner.*

Apparition, f. f. *Apparition, vision. ✧ Apparition d'une comète, the appearing or appearance of a comet.*

Apparoir, v. n. *(terme de Pratique.) To appear, to be evident.*

Apparoître, v. n. *To appear. † Il apparoît, v. imp. (terme de Pratique,) it appears. ✧ Les Ambassadeurs ont fait apparoître de leurs pouvoirs, the Embassadors have communicated or notified their power.*

Appartement, f. m. *An apartment, lodgings. ✧ (Assemblée à la Cour,) drawing-room,*

Appartenance, f. f. *Apparenance, appendix.*

Appartenant, ante, adj. *Belonging, appertaining.*

Appartenir, v. n. *To appertain, to belong to one, to be his. ✧ (Avoir une relation nécessaire,) to belong, to relate, to concern. ✧ (Etre parent,) to be related, as a kinsman.*

Il appartient, v. imp. *(il est de la bienfiance, il est juste.) It becomes, it is the duty, it is meet, just or reasonable, it is fit. ✧ A tous ceux qu'il appartiendra, (terme de formule,) to all those whom it may concern. ✧ Ainsi qu'il appartiendra, (terme de formule,) as they shall see cause.*

Apparu, ue, participe du verbe apparôître. *Appared. V. the verb.*

Appas, f. m. pl. *(attraits, agréments.) Allurements, charms, attractions.*

Appât, f. m. *(qu'on met aux hameçons pour pêcher.) A bait. * (Attrait,) bait, allurements, attractive, enticement.*

Appâter, v. a. *To bait, to allure, to decoy. ✧ (Donner à manger,) to feed.*

Appauvri, ie, adj. *Impoverished, beggared, grown poor.*

Appauvrir, v. a. *To impoverish, to make poor, to beggar.*

Appauvrir, S'appauvrir, v. r. *To grow poor.*

Appauvrissement, f. m. *(ruine d'une famille.) Decay of a family.*

Appeau, f. m. *A bird-call.*

Appel, f. m. *(recours à un Juge supérieur.) Appeal or appealing. ✧ (Action d'appeler à haute voix,) call or calling over. * (Bruit de tambour,) a call of a drum. ✧ (Défi,) a challenge.*

Appellant, ante, adj. *(qui appelle d'un jugement.) Appealing, that appeals.*

Appellant, f. m. *Appellante, f. f. An appellant or appealing.*

A P P

Appellatif, *adj. m. nom appellatif.* *An appellative, a name common to many.*
Appellation, *f. f. Appeal.*
Appelé, *é, adj.* *Called, &c. V. Appeler.*
Appeler, *v. a.* *To call, to name. ♢ (A haute voix,) to call over. ♢ (Pour faire venir,) to call, to call for, to call to, to give a call. ♢ (Envoyer chercher,) to call, to send for. ♢ Appeler quelqu'un devant le Juge, to call one before the Judge, to summon him to appear before the Judge. ♢ Appeler quelqu'un en duel, to challenge one, to send one a challenge to fight.*
Appeler, *v. n.* *(de la Sentence d'un Juge.) To appeal. ♢ Le cable appelle de tribord, the cable grows on the starboard bow; manœuvre qui appelle de loin, a rope which is fastened at a great distance.*
S'appeler, *v. r.* *To be called or named.*
Appendice, *f. m. An appendix.*
Appendre, *v. a.* *To append, to hand on or upon, to fix.*
Appendu, *ue, adj. part. Hung, suspended.*
Appentis, *f. m.* *A shed or out-house.*
Appercevable, *adj.* *(qui peut être aperçu.) Perceivable.*
Aperçu, *ue, adj. Perceived, &c. V. the verb.*
Appercevoir, *v. a.* *(découvrir.) To perceive, to discern, to see, † to ken, to discover.*
S'appercevoir, *v. r.* *(connoître, remarquer.) To perceive, to understand, to take notice, to find or to smell out, to discover.*
Il appert, *v. imp.* *(il paroît.) It appears, it is apparent, plain, evident, manifest.*
Appesanti, *ie, adj.* *Heavy, made or grown heavy, &c. V. the verb.*
Appesantir, *v. a.* *To make heavy, to dull, to make dull.*
S'appesantir, *v. r.* *To grow heavy or dull.*
Appété, *é, adj.* *Desired. V. the verb.*

A P P

Appéter, *v. a.* *To desire, to covet, to be desirous of, to tend to.*
Appétissant, *ante, adj.* *That provokes the appetite, that whets the stomach.*
Appétissé, *é, adj. participe du verbe appétisser. Lessened, &c. V. the verb.*
Appétissement, *f. m.* *Diminution, lessening.*
Appétisser, *v. a.* *To lessen, to shorten.*
Appétisser, *v. n.* *s'appétisser, v. r. To lessen, to grow less, to grow short, to grow little, to abate, to decrease. ♢ Une étoffe qui s'appétisse dans l'eau, a stuff that shrinks in the water.*
Appétit, *f. m.* *Appetite, desire, affection, inclination, lust. ♢ (Envie de manger,) appetite, stomach. Un homme de grand appétit, a high feeder. * Chercher ses appétits, to please one's palate, to seek what one likes best. Un cadet de bon appétit, a sharp-set lad.*
Appétitif, *ive, adj.* *Appetitive.*
Applaner ou Applanir, *v. a.* *Ex. Applaner une couverture. To raise the wool of a blanket with thimble cards.*
Applaneur, *f. m.* *He that raises the wool with thimble cards.*
Applati, *ie, adj.* *Flattened, made or grown flat, squashed down.*
Applatir, *v. a.* *To flat, to make flat, to squash down. ♢ Le temps humide applatit les cheveux, wet weather lanks one's hair.*
S'applatir, *v. r.* *To become flat, to fall.*
Applattissement, *f. m.* *Flattening, making flat.*
Applaudi, *ie, adj.* *Applauded, &c. V. the verb.*
Applaudir, *v. n. & a.* *To applaud, to clap hands. ♢ Applaudir une comédie, to clap a play. ♢ Applaudir à quelqu'un ou à l'action de quelqu'un, to applaud one.*
S'applaudir, *v. r.* *To applaud, to praise or to admire one's self, to hug one's self.*

A P P

32

Applaudissement, *f. m.* *Applause, clap or clapping of hands.*
Applicable, *adj.* *Applicable, to be applied.*
Application, *f. f.* *Application, applying. * Application d'esprit, application, care, attention, diligence, study.*
Applique, *f. f.* *Inlaying.*
Appliqué, *é, adj.* *Applied; &c. V. the verb.*
Appliquer, *v. a.* *To apply, to put, to set, to lay one thing to another. ♢ Appliquer un soufflet, to give a box on the ear. * Appliquer son esprit à quelque chose, to apply one's mind to a thing, to set one's self upon it. * Appliquer (employer) quelque chose à de certains usages, to apply to or to bestow a thing upon some uses.*
S'appliquer à quelque chose, *v. r.* *To apply, to addit one's self to a thing. ♢ S'appliquer quelque chose, (se l'attribuer,) to apply a thing to one's self, to take it for one's self or to arrogate, to appropriate a thing to one's self.*
Appointé, *é, adj.* *Ex. Une requête appointée. A petition that has been answered. Cause appointée, a cause referred to a further deliberation.*
Appointé, *f. m.* *A soldier that receives better pay than the ordinary soldiers.*
Appointement, *f. m.* *(réglement en justice.) A decree, order, rule, &c. given by a Judge upon a cause before a final sentence. ♢ (Pension, gages,) allowance, stipend, salary, maintenance. ♢ Four-nir à l'appointement, to keep, to maintain one.*
Appointer une cause, *v. a.* *to refer a cause, a Law phrase. ♢ Appointer, (donner des appointemens,) to give an allowance.*
Apport, *f. m.* *Market, marketplace; ♢ wake.*
Apporté, *é, adj.* *Brought; &c.*
Apporter, *v. a.* *(porter en*

quelque lieu.) *To bring, to convey.* ♣ (Causier, être cause,) *to bring, to cause, to breed, to procure.* ♣ (Alléguer,) *to bring or bring in, to cite, to allege, to quote, to produce.* ♣ (Employer,) *to use.* Il a apporté beaucoup de précaution, *he has used a great deal of precaution.* ♣ Apporter (faire savoir) des nouvelles, *to bring news, to bring tidings.* ♣ Apporter de la difficulté, *to raise, to start difficulties.*

Apposé, ée, *adj.* Set, put.

Apposer, *v. a.* To set, to put in or to.

Apposition, *f. f.* Apposition, a putting or setting one thing to another. (Addition,) addition, adding or putting to. ♣ (Terme de Grammaire & de Rhétorique,) apposition.

Appositer, &c. *V.* Aposter, &c.

Appréciateur, *f. m.* An appraiser, vulgarly a praiser of goods.

Appréciation, *f. f.* An appraising, rating, valuation, estimation.

Apprécié, ée, *adj.* Appraised, rated, priced, valued.

Apprécier, *v. a.* To appraise, to value, to rate, to prize.

Appréhendé, ée, *adj.* (pris.) Apprehended, &c. *V.* the verb. ♣ (Craindre,) feared, &c.

Appréhender, *v. a.* (prendre, saisir une personne.) To apprehend, to take, to lay hold on, to seize. ♣ (Craindre,) to apprehend, to fear, to stand in fear, to dread, to stand in awe.

Appréhensif, ive, *adj.* Fearful, timorous.

Appréhension, *subst. f.* (première opération de l'entendement.) Apprehension, understanding. ♣ (Crainte,) apprehension, fear.

Apprendre, *v. a.* (s'instruire de.) To learn, to get or to get the knowledge of. ♣ (Entendre dire,) to learn or hear, to understand, to be told or informed. ♣ (Enseigner,) to learn, to teach. ♣ (Faire savoir,) to inform or advise. ♣ Apprenez

qu'il ne fait pas bon se jouer avec lui, *remember or take notice that it is not safe meddling with him.*

Apprenti, ie, *f.* A prentice or Apprentice. * (Novice,) a novice, a learner, a new beginner.

Apprentissage, *f. m.* Prenticeship on apprenticeship. Faire son apprentissage, *to serve one's prenticeship, to serve one's time.* ♣ Mettre en apprentissage, *to bind prentice.* Etre en apprentissage, *to be an apprentice.* * Il fait l'apprentissage du bel art de la guerre, *he learns the noble art of war.* Brevet d'apprentissage, *a prentice's indenture.* ♣ Apprentissage, (épreuve,) trial of one's skill.

Apprêt, *f. m.* (préparatif.) Preparation. ♣ (Gommes & autres drogues qui servent à lustrer & à rendre plus fermes les draps, les chapeaux,) stiffening gums and other drugs used to set a glos on and to stiffen cloth, hats, &c. ♣ (Sur le verre,) painting upon glass. Peindre en apprêt, *to paint upon or in glass.* ♣ Apprêt des viandes, *the dressing or seasoning of meat.*

Apprête, *f. f.* A slice of bread to eat a boiled egg withal.

Apprêté, ée, *adj.* Prepared, made or got ready, &c.

Apprêter, *v. a.* (préparer.) To prepare, to dress, to make or to get ready. ♣ Apprêter à manger, apprêter les viandes, *to dress or season victuals or meat.* ♣ Apprêter à rire, *to afford matter of laughing, to make one's self a laughing-stock.*

S'apprêter, *v. r.* To prepare one's self, to go about, to be ready.

Apprêteur, *f. m.* A painter upon glass.

Apprivoiser, *v. a.* To tame, to make tame, gentle or tractable. ♣ S'apprivoiser, (se rendre familier,) to grow familiar. ♣ La perfidie s'apprivoise par les bienfaits, *perfidiousness may be overcome with kindness.*

Approbateur, *f. m.* Approbator, *f. f.* An approver, one that approves of or likes any thing.

Approbation, *f. f.* (consentement.) Consens. ♣ (L'action d'approuver,) approbation, liking.

Approchant, ante, *adj.* (ressemblant.) Something like, not unlike, near allied, near a-kin. ♣ Approchant de, (environ,) near about.

Approcher, *f. f.* Approaching, coming nigh to, drawing near. ♣ Lunette d'approche, a prospective or perspective glass.

Approché, ée, *adj.* Approached, &c. *V.* the verb.

Approcher, *v. a.* (mettre près.) To draw or bring near, to approach. Approchez la table du feu, *draw the table near the fire.* Les lunettes approchent les objets, *prospective glasses bring objects nearer to our sight.* * Approcher quelqu'un, (avoir accès auprès de lui,) to approach one, to have access to one.

S'approcher, *v. récip.* To draw near or nigh, to approach one, to come near. Approchez-vous du feu, *draw near or come near the fire.*

Approcher, *v. n.* To draw nigh or near, to approach, to come near.

Approfondi, ie, *adject.* Made deeper. *V.* the verb.

Approfondir, *v. a.* (rendre plus profond,) to dig or to make deeper. * Approfondir une matière, (la pénétrer bien avant,) to search into or to sift, to examine a matter to the bottom, to dive into the bottom of it.

Approfondissement, *f. m.* The act of digging deeper.

Appropriation, *f. f.* Appropriation, usurpation.

S'approprier, *v. r.* To appropriate to one's self, to usurp. ♣ S'approprier une pensée, (se l'attribuer,) to own, to adopt a thought.

Approprier, *v. a.* (adapter, ajuster.) To appropriate, to adapt, to apply, to fit. ♣ (Accommoder)

A P P

♦ (Accommoder,) *to fit up, to accommodate.*
Approvisionner, verb. act. *To supply with all that is necessary.*
Approuvé, ée, adj. *Approved or approved of, &c. V. the verb.*
Approuver, v. a. *To approve, to approve of, to allow of, to like, to like of.*
Approximation, f. f. *Approximation.*
Appui, subst. m. (soutien, support.) *A prop, a stay.*
 ♦ Hauteur d'appui, *breast height.* Un mur à hauteur d'appui, *a wall breast-high.*
 * Appui, (soutien dans le figuré,) *support, strength, prop, defence.* * (Faveur, aide, protection,) *courtesance, interest, credit, help, protection.* ♦ Cheval de bon appui, *a horse of an easy rest upon the hand.* ♦ Aller à l'appui de la boule, (terme du jeu de boule,) *to play near the bowl.* * † Aller à l'appui de la boule, (aider à celui qui a commencé dans quelque affaire,) *to second or to be a second, to back a motion.*
Appuyé, ée, adj. *Bore up, prepped, &c. V. the verb.*
 Appuyé de votre faveur, *trusting in or relying upon your favour.*
Appui-main, f. m. *A Painter's maulstick, mostick or leaning stick.*
Appuyer, v. a. (soutenir, étayer.) *To bear up, to support, to prop, to stay, to keep up.* * (Protéger, aider, favoriser,) *to support, to bear up, to uphold, to countenance, to back, to favour, to protect, to defend, to maintain.* * (Confermer,) *to back, to strengthen, to ground, to make good.*
Appuyer, verb. n. (peser) *sur. To lean or bear down.* Appuyez davantage sur le cachet, *lean a little harder upon the seal.* * Appuyer (insister) *sur quelque chose, to insist upon a thing.*
S'appuyer, v. r. *To lean, to rest.* * S'appuyer de la pro-

Tome 1.

A P R

tection de quelqu'un; *to rely, to build, to depend upon a man's protection.*
Apré, adj. (rude au goût.) *Rough, harsh, brackish, sharp, unpleasant; ♦ rugged, hard, uneven.* **Apré** (en parlant du froid,) *hard, severe, biting, nipping.* * (Violent, rude,) *violent, fierce, cruel, grievous, sharp, severe, austere, crabbed, sullen.* ♦ (Ardent,) *eager, greedy, mettlesome, fierce.*
Aprément, adv. *Roughly, sharply, rigorously, cuttingly, fiercely, severely, greedily, eagerly, &c. V. Apré.*
Après, prépos. (ensuite.) *After, next to.* L'un après l'autre, *one after another.* Il étoit assis après moi, *he sat next to me.* ♦ **Après**, (excepté.) *Next to, except.* Après Cicéron il est le roi des Orateurs, *next to Cicero he is the King of Orators.* ♦ D'après, (terme de Peinture,) *by.* Un portrait fait d'après nature, *a picture drawn by the life.* * Travailler d'après quelqu'un, (l'imiter,) *to imitate one.* ♦ **Après** quoi, *after that, then.* ♦ Attendre après quelqu'un, *to stay or wait for one.* ♦ Tout le monde crie après lui, *every body cries out upon him.* ♦ Il est toujours après moi, *he ever hangs about me, he is always at my elbow.* ♦ Se mettre après quelqu'un, *to fall upon one, to go about to beat him.* ♦ **Après** que, *after, after that, when, by that time.*
Après, adv. *After, after that, next.* Ex. Incontinent après. *Presently after.* Après demain, *after to-morrow.* Ci-après, (dans la suite du discours.) *Hereafter.*
Après-dinée, f. f. *The afternoon.*
Après-midi, f. f. *Afternoon.*
Après-soupée, f. f. *Time after supper, evening.*
Aprêté, f. f. *Asperity, roughness, sharpness, harshness, brackishness, hardness, rug-*

A R B 33

pedness, unevenness. * (Violence, rudesse,) *asperity, fierceness, sharpness, tartness, severity.* * (Désir ardent,) *eagerness, greediness, fierceness.*
Aptitude, f. f. *Apenses, aptitude, a natural disposition to do any thing.*
Apurement, f. m. (reddition finale d'un compte.) *The settling one's accounts.*
Apuré, v. a. *To settle one's accounts.*
Aquatique, adj. pron. *Acouatique, (marécageux.) Watery, full of water, marshy.* ♦ (Qui croit, qui se nourrit dans l'eau,) *growing, living or breeding in or about the water, aquatic, aquatile.* Plantes aquatiques, *plants growing in or near the water.* Oiseaux aquatiques, *water fowls.*
Aqueduc, f. m. *An aqueduct, a water-pipe.*
Aqueux, euse, adj. *Aqueous, watery, full of water or resembling water.*
Aquilin, ine, adj. *Hawked.* Un nez aquilin, *a hawked nose, a roman nose.*
Aquilon, subst. m. *The North wind.*
Arabe, f. m. (un homme adonné au gain.) *A covetous, base, sordid, gripping fellow, a miser, a hunk.*
Arabe, f. m. & f. (qui est d'Arabie.) *An Arabian.*
Arabe, f. m. (la langue des Arabes.) *Arabick.*
Arabe, Arabesque ou Arabique, adj. (qui est d'Arabie ou qui appartient aux Arabes.) *Arabian, Arabick.*
Arabisme, f. m. *Arabism.*
Arack, f. m. (liqueur spiritueuse.) *Arac or rack.*
Araignée, subst. f. *A spider.* ♦ *Spider's web, a cobweb.* * † Doigts d'araignée, *small long fingers.*
Aramber, v. a. un vaisseau. *To grapple a ship.*
Arbalete, f. f. *A cross-bow.* Arbalete à jalet, *a stone bow.* ♦ Arbalete, ou plutôt Arbalestrille, (bâton de Jacob ou rayon astronomi-

C

34 A R B

que.) *Jacob's staff* or *cross-staff*.

Arbaléter, *v. a.* (appuyer avec des arbalétriers.) *To stay, to bear up with pieces of timber.*

Arbalétriers, *f. m. pl.* *Pieces of timber that bear up the timbers of the roof.*

Arbalétrier, *f. m.* *A cross-bow man.* * † Il n'est pas grand Arbalétrier, *he is no conjurer.*

Arbitrage, *f. m.* *Arbitration, arbitrage, arbitrement, an umpire's decree or sentence.* Mettre quelque chose en arbitrage, *to put a thing to arbitration.*

Arbitraire, *adj.* (libre.) *Arbitrary, voluntary, left to a man's choice.* (Absolu, despotique,) *arbitrary or absolute.*

Arbitrairement, *adv.* *Arbitrarily.*

Arbitral, *ale, adj.* *Ex. Sentence arbitrale, jugement arbitral.* *An arbitrement, the sentence or judgment of the arbitrators, the umpire's award.*

Arbitralement, *adv.* *By arbitrators or referees.*

Arbitre, *f. m.* (volonté.) *Will.* Le franc arbitre, le libre arbitre, *the free-will.* * Arbitre, (Juge choisi par le consentement des parties.) *An arbiter or arbitrator, an umpire, a day's-man, a referee, a Judge.* Sur-arbitre, *an umpire.* * Arbitre, (maître absolu,) *arbiter, umpire, sovereign disposer, master.*

Arbitré, *éc, adj.* *Arbitrated.* Arbitrer, *v. a.* *To arbitrate, to regulate, to order, to adjudge.*

Arboré, *adj.* *Set up, V. the verb.*

Arborer, *v. æt.* *To set up.* † Arborer une plume sur son chapeau, *to set off one's hat with a plume.* * Arborer un mât, *to set up a mast;* — un pavillon, *to hoist a flag.*

Arbouse, *f. f.* *Arbute, the arbute-berry.*

Arbousier, *f. m.* *Arbute-tree*

A R C

or *strawberry-tree* or *wilding-tree.*

Arbre, *f. m.* *a tree.* * (Grosse & longue piece de bois qui sert dans des machines,) *an axle-tree, a beam, a timber.* * Arbre de navire, (le mât,) *the mast of a ship.* * L'arbre de la Croix, *the Cross.* * Arbre généalogique, *a tree of consanguinity.*

Arbrisseau, *f. m.* *A shrub or little tree.*

Arbuste, *subst. m.* *A shrub, bush.*

Arc, *f. m.* (arme de trait.) *A bow, a hand-bow, a long-bow.* Corde de l'arc, *a bow-string.* * Arc, (arceau, ceintre,) *arch or bow-like.* * Arc de cercle, *an arch, a segment or section of a circle.* * Arc de triomphe ou arc triomphal, *a triumphal arch.* * Arc-en-ciel, *the rainbow.* * Arc d'un vaisseau, *the cambering of a ship's deck or keel.*

Arcade, *subst. f.* *An arch, a vault.*

Arcaffe, *f. f.* *The buttocks of a ship; stern-frame, the parts of which are. L'étrambord, sternpost. Le contre-étrambord intérieur, the inner post; la lifse d'hourdi, the wing transom; la barre d'écuillon, the counter transom; le fourcat d'ouverture, the lower transom; la barre du premier pont, the deck transom; la barre de la soute du maître-canonnière, the first transom; les étains ou cornières, the fashion pieces.*

Arc-boutant, *f. m.* *An arch, a supporter, a buttress,* * (personne de considération dans son parti,) *a ring-leader, a chief man in any business, a supporter;* * *a boom in a ship.* Arc-boutant de misaine, *fore sail boom;* les grands arc-boutants, *main sail booms.*

Arceau, *f. m.* *Ex. L'arceau d'une voûte. The arch of a vault.*

Archal, *f. m.* (laiton, fil d'archal.) *Wire, brass wire.*

Archange, *f. m.* (Ange d'an

A R C

ordre supérieur.) *An Archangel.*

Arche, *f. f.* (arcade) d'un pont. *Arch of a bridge.* * L'arche de Noé. *Noah's ark.*

Archer, *f. m.* *An archer, a bow-man.* * † Cette femme est un franc archer, *she is a termagant.* * Archer, (celui qui exécute quelque ordre de justice & de police,) *Archer de Prévôt, one of the Provost marshal's attendants or guards, such a one as a sheriff's man in London.* Archer du Guet, *a horseman that goes the round at Paris in the night time, to prevent robbing and disorders.* Archer des pauvres, *archer de l'écuille, a foot soldier that has orders to seize upon street beggars, and carry them to the Hospitals.*

Archet, *f. m.* *A bow, to play on a violin, &c.*

Archétype, *f. m. pron.* *Archetype, original copy, model.*

Archevêché, *f. m.* *Archbishoprick.* * (Palais de l'Archevêque,) *the Archbishop's palace.*

Archevêque, *f. m.* *An Archbishop.*

Archidiaconat, *f. m.* *Archdeaconship.*

Archidiaconé, *f. m.* *Archdeaconry.*

Archidiacre, *f. m.* *An Archdeacon.*

Archiduc, *f. m.* *An Archduke.*

Archiduché, *f. m.* *Archdukedom.*

Archiduchesse, *f. f.* *An Archduchess.*

Archiepiscopal, *ale, adj.* *Archiepiscopal or belonging to the Archbishop.*

Archipel, *f. m.* *Archipelago.*

Archipompe, *f. f.* *The well in a ship.*

Archiprêtre, *f. m.* *An Archpriest.*

Archiprêtre, *f. m.* *The dignity, office, and jurisdiction of an Archpriest.*

Architecte, *f. m.* *An Architect, a master-builder.*

Architecture, *f. f.* *Architecty*

ARC

Art, the art of building.
 ♦ (L'ordonnance d'un bâtiment,) *fabrick, building.*
Architrave, *f. f. An architrave.*
Archives, *subst. f. Archives.* ♦ (Titres, chartres,) *Records.*
Arçon, *f. m. A saddle bow.*
 Vider, perdre les arçons, to be thrown out of the saddle, to fall off one's horse.
Arctique, *adj. pole arctique.* the arctic or north pole.
Ardemment, *adv. Ardently, vehemently, eagerly, fervently.*
Ardent, *ente, adj. (qui est allumé.) Hot, burning, burning hot, glowing, fiery.* ♦ *Chapelle ardente, the candles that burn when a dead person lies in state.*
 * **Ardent**, (violent, plein de feu,) *ardent, hot, fiery, violent, vehement, mettlesome.* * (Qui se porte avec affection à quelque chose,) *eager, earnest, zealous.*
 * **Poil ardent**, reddish or sandy hair. ♦ **Vaisseau ardent**, a ship which carries a weatherly helm.
Ardent, *f. m. A kind of fiery meteor.*
Ardeur, *f. f. (chaleur véhémence.) Heat, burning heat.* ♦ (Feu d'esprit, activité de la passion,) *ardour, heat, eagerness, fervency, passion, zeal.* * (De certains animaux,) *fire, mettle.*
Ardillon, *f. m. The tongue of a buckle.*
Ardoise, *f. f. Slate, a sort of stone.*
Ardoisière, *f. f. A quarry of slate.*
 † **Ardu**, *ue, adj. (difficile.) Hard, difficult, tough.*
Arene, *f. f. (gravier.) Sand, gravel.* ♦ (Terrain de l'amphithéâtre où se faisoient les combats,) *that place of the amphitheater where sword-players and wild beasts used to fight in.*
Aréner, *v. n. (s'affaïssir.) To sink under a great weight.*
Aréne, *ée, adj. Sunk.*
Aréopage, *f. m. Areopagus.*

ARG

Aréopagite, *f. m. Areopagite.*
Arer, (chasser sur les ancres.) *V. Chasser.*
Arête, *subst. f. A fish bone.* ♦ (Angle de quelque corps,) *the angle or edge of timber or stone.* ♦ (ou Bord d'enclume,) *the edge of an anvil.* ♦ **Arête de cuiller**, the ridge of a spoon. ♦ **Arête de lame d'épée**, the ridge of a sword blade. ♦ **Arêtes**, (gales qui viennent sur les nerfs des jambes de derrière d'un cheval,) *arrets.*
Arganeau, *f. m. The ring of an anchor, to which the cable is fastened.*
Argent, *f. m. (métal blanc.) Silver.* **Vif-argent**, (mercure,) *quicksilver, mercury.* ♦ **Argent**, (argent monnoyé, argent blanc,) *silver, silver coin.* ♦ (Monnoie de quelque métal que ce soit,) *money, coin.* ♦ (Dans le Blason, blanc,) *argent in heraldry, the white colour.*
P. Bourreau d'argent. A prodigal fool, a spendthrift.
P. Point d'argent, point de Suisse. *P. no money, no Pater-noster. P. Jeter l'argent à poignée, to throw away one's money.*
Argenté, *ée, adj. Silvered over, done over with silver.*
Gris argenté, a whitish grey.
Argenter, *v. a. To silver over, to do over with silver.*
Argenterie, *f. f. Plate, silver plate.*
 † **Argenteux**, *euse, adj. Monneyed, full of money.*
Argentier, *f. m. a silver smith.* ♦ (dans une grande maison,) *a steward or purser.*
Argenté, *ine, adj. (qui a un son ressemblant à celui de l'argent.) Of a clear sound.* ♦ (De couleur blanche,) *silver-coloured, bright, white or clear as silver.*
Argentine, *f. f. (herbe.) The silver-weed, wild tansy.*
Argile, *f. f. White clay, potter's earth. Fonds d'argile, clay ground.*
Argileux, *euse, adj. Clayey, full of white clay.*

ARI

35

Argot, *f. m. The stub of a branch above the eye.* ♦ **Argot.** *V. Ergot.*
 † **Argoulet**, *f. m. (Arque-busier à cheval.) Argoules, a sort of Trooper.* * † **Un argoulet**, (un homme de néant,) *a scoundrel, a paltry fellow.*
Argue, *f. m. A machine to wiredraw gold.*
Argument, *f. m. (raisonnement.) An argument, a reasoning, discourse.* ♦ (Raison, preuve,) *argument, reason, proof, evidence.* ♦ (Sujet d'un ouvrage,) *argument, theme, subject or subject matter.*
Argumentant, *f. m. Opponent, a disputant.*
Argumentateur, *f. m. An arguer, a disputant, a lover of disputes, a wrangler.*
Argumentation, *f. f. Argumentation, arguing, reasoning.*
Argumenter, *v. n. (raisonner.) To argue, to reason, to discourse, to bring in arguments or proofs.* ♦ (Inférer, conclure,) *to argue, to infer, to conclude one thing from another.*
Argutie, *f. f. Cavil, querk.*
Arianisme, *f. m. (leste ou hérésie des Ariens.) Arianism.*
Aride, *adj. Arid, dry, withered, barren.*
Aridité, *f. f. Aridity, dryness, barrenness.*
Arien, *enne, f. m. & f. (Disciple d'Arius.) Arian.*
Arisser ou **riffer**, *v. a. les vergues. To strike the lower yards down upon the gunnel.*
Aristocratie, *f. f. Aristocracy.*
Aristocratique, *adj. Aristocratical.*
Aristocratiquement, *adv. Aristocratically.*
Aristoloche, *f. f. (plante.) Aristolochy, hartwort, birthwort.*
Arithméticien, *f. m. An arithmetician, an accountant.*
Arithmétique, *f. f. Arithmetick, the science of numbers.*
Arithmétique, *adj. Arithmetical.*
Arithmétiquement, *adv. Arithmetically.*

Armandille, *f. f.* *A little Spanish armada, a certain number of cruisers.*

Armand, *f. m.* *A drench, for a sick horse.*

Armateur, *f. m.* *A privateer, a caper.*

Arme, *f. f.* *An arm or a weapon. * Arme à feu, a fire-arm or gun. * Armes, (au pluriel est plus en usage,) arms. Prendre les armes, to take up arms. Porter les armes, to bear arms, to be a soldier. Aux armes, (militaire,) to arms, a military cry. * Hache d'armes, a battle-ax or pole-ax. * Passer par les armes, to shoot or to be shot to death.*

* Armes, (armures ou harnois de guerre,) *armour. * Armes, (la guerre,) Wars, fighting, martial affairs, arms. Les armes sont journalières, the fortune of war is uncertain. * Armes, (l'armée & les exploits militaires,) arms, army, and military exploits. * Armes, (armoiries,) arms, coats of arms, achievement. * Maître d'armes, maître en fait d'armes, a fencing-master. Faire des armes, to fence. Salle d'armes, a fencing-school.*

Armé, *ée, adj.* *Armed, &c. V. Armer. * Vaisseau armé en course, vaisseau armé en guerre, a privateer, a caper or a cruiser.*

Armée, *f. f.* *An army. * Le Dieu des armées, the Lord of hosts. * Armée navale, a fleet of ships of war.*

Armement, *f. m.* (appareil de guerre.) *Armament, arming, warlike preparations, raising of forces. * Armement d'un vaisseau, the arming or the fitting out of a ship or galley.*

Armer, *v. a.* (fournir d'armes.) *To arm, to furnish with arms. * (Revêtir d'armes défensives,) to arm, to put on armour. * (Lever des forces, to arm, to make preparations for war, to raise forces. * Armer (ou équiper) un vaisseau, to fit or*

*arm out a ship. * Armer les avirons, to ship the oars.*

* Armer une poutre de bandes de fer, to bind, to strengthen a beam with iron bars.

S'armer, *v. r.* *To arm one's self, to put on one's arms.*

* S'armer (se munir) contre quelque chose, to fortify, to arm, to fence, to strengthen, to secure one's self against a thing. * S'armer de quelque chose, (pour détruire ce qui est nuisible,) to put on a thing to defend or protect one's self with it.

Armet, *f. m.* *A helmet, a head-piece.*

Armillaire, *adj. Ex.* *La sphere armillaire. A hollow sphere.*

Arminianisme, *f. m.* (doctrine ou secte d'Arminius.) *Arminianism.*

Arminien, *eane, f. m. & f.* *Disciple d'Arminius. Arminian.*

Armistice, *f. f.* *Armistice, truce, suspension of arms.*

Armoire, *f. f.* *A press or chest of drawers. * Armoire à vaisselle, a cup-board.*

Armoiries, *f. f. pl.* *Arms or coats of arms, & in heraldry, an achievement.*

Armoise, *f. f.* *Mugwort.*

Armoniac ou Ammoniac, *f. m.* *Armoniach, a volatile and artificial salt.*

Armorial, *f. m.* *Armorial or book of armory.*

Armorié, *ée, adj.* *Painted, &c.*

Armurier, *v. a.* *To put or paint a coat of arms upon any thing. * Armurier, to engrave.*

Armurier, *f. m.* *Armourist, Blasoner, Herald.*

Armure, *f. f.* *Armour. * Armure d'un bau, the middle piece of a beam. * Armures d'un mât, the side piece of a made mast.*

Armurier, *f. m.* *An armourer.*

Aromate, *f. m.* *Sweet-smelling spices, perfume, grocery ware, aromat.*

Aromates, *f. m. pl.* *All sweet-smelling spices, herbs, flowers, &c.*

Aromatique, *adj.* *Aromatic,*

cal, aromatick, spicy, odoriferous, fragrant, sweet-smelling.

Aronde, *f. f.* (vieux mot qui s'est conservé dans cette façon de parler des Charpentiers: Queue d'aronde.) *A dove's or swallow's tail.*

Argent, *f. m.* *A measure of land containing 100 perches square, of 18 feet each.*

Arpentage, *f. m.* *Survey or surveying.*

Arpenté, *ée, adj.* *Surveyed, measured.*

Arpenter, *v. a.* *To survey or measure land. * † (Courir, marcher,) to run, to walk.*

Arpenteur, *f. m.* *A surveyer or measurer of land.*

Arqué, *ée, adj.* (courbé en arc.) *Bent or crooked.*

Arquebuse, *f. f.* *Arquebuse, the shoot of an arquebuse.*

Arquebuse, *f. f.* *An arquebuse, a sort of hand-gun.*

Arquebuser, *v. a.* *To shoot, to kill with an arquebuse.*

Arquebuser, *f. m.* (qui tire de l'arquebuse.) *Arquebuser, a Gunsmith.*

Arquer, *v. n.* (terme de mer.) *Ex. La quille est arquée. The keel is cambered.*

Arraché, *ée, adj.* *Pulled, plucked out, &c. V. Arracher.*

† D'arrache-pied, *adv.* *Without intermission, without discontinuance, together.*

Arracher, *v. a.* (ôter, tirer avec force.) *To pull, to draw, to get, to pick, to pluck out or away by force, to pluck, to grub or to pull up, to snatch, to tear off, to wring, to wrest, to force out. — les yeux à quelqu'un, to pull one's eyes out. — une dent, to draw a tooth. — un cors, to pick out a corn. — un arbre, to grub a tree, to pull it up by the roots. Je lui ai arraché ce livre de la main, I snatched this book out of his hand. Arracher la peau, to tear one's skin off. Arracher une épée des mains de quelqu'un, to wrest or to wring a sword out of one's hands.*

ARR

❖ Arracher, (tirer, au propre & au figuré,) *To get from, to get out, to pull, to root, pluck out, to wrest, to wring, to force out from, to take away, to lug away, to tear off.* * Arracher un secret à quelqu'un, *to get a secret from one, to hook it out of him.* * Arracher le cœur, l'ame, les entrailles, (causer une grande affliction,) *to tear one's soul, to break one's heart.*
 Arracheur, *f. m.* un arracheur de dents. *A tooth-drawer.*
 Arrangé, *é*, *adj.* Set in order, &c. *V. the verb.*
 Arrangement, *f. m.* *A setting in order, disposing, ordering, contrivance.*
 Arranger, *v. a.* *To set in order, to dispose, to place in order, to rank.*
 S'arranger, *v. r.* s'arranger chez soi, *To set one's house or lodgings in order.*
 Arraier, *v. a.* (terme de Maçonnerie.) *To level a wall.*
 Arré. *V. Arrhe.*
 Arrêté, *é*, *adj.* Let or rented out, leased out, &c. *V. the verb.*
 Arrêtement, *f. m.* *A renting or letting out, a lease.*
 Arrenter, *v. a.* (donner à rente.) *To rent out or to lease out.* ❖ (Prendre à rente,) *to take at a rent.*
 Arrérages, *f. m.* *Arrears or arrearages.*
 Arrêt, *f. m.* (Jugement d'une Cour de Justice.) *An act, judgement, degree or sentence.* ❖ (Saisie de la personne,) *an arrest.* ❖ (Saisie des biens,) *distraint or attachment of goods.* ❖ Arrêt du Prince, *an embargo laid on shipping.* ❖ Arrêt, (pièce du harnois,) *the rest for a lance.* Mettre la lance en arrêt, *to couch the lance.* ❖ Arrêt, (pièce d'armes à feu ou d'horloge,) *a stay.* ❖ Arrêt, (action d'un chien qui arrête,) *set.* Un chien d'arrêt ou un chien couchant, *a setting dog, a pointer.* ❖ Arrêt de cheval, *the stop or stopping of a horse.* * † Un esprit qui n'a point

ARR

d'arrêt, un esprit sans arrêt, *an unsteady mind, a giddy head, a giddy-brained fellow.*
 Arrêté, *é*, *adj.* *Stopped, stayed, &c.* *V. Arrêter.* Il n'a pas la vue arrêtée, (ou assurée,) *he has not a steady look.* Il n'a pas l'esprit arrêté, (il n'est pas bien sensé,) *he is giddy-brained or crack-brained.*
 Arrêté, *f. m.* (résolution.) *Resolution, agreement.* ❖ Un arrêté de compte, *an account agreed upon.*
 Arrête-bœuf, *f. m.* *Rest-harrow, an herb.*
 Arrêter, *v. a.* (empêcher d'aller.) *To stop, to stay, to make to stand still, to arrest.* ❖ (Attacher ferme,) *to fasten, to make fast, to tie hard, to keep up, to stay.* * (Amuser,) *to stay, to keep, to detain.* * (Faire cesser une action morale ou physique,) *to stop, to suppress, to stay, to hinder, to put a stop to.* * Arrêter une douleur, *to allay, to alleviate, to assuage a pain.* * Arrêter, (conclure, finir.) *To conclude, to make an end of, to determine, to adjust.* * (Résoudre,) *to resolve, to determine, to design, to decree, to purpose.* * Arrêter un compte, *to balance, settle or adjust an account.* † Arrêter un valet, *to retain or hire a servant.* ❖ Arrêter, (faire prisonnier,) *to arrest.* * Arrêter (prendre) un jour, *to appoint, to design, to pitch upon a day.* * Arrêter les yeux, *to fix one's eyes or thoughts upon.* * Arrêter les caillies, les perdrix, *to set quails or partridges.*
 S'arrêter, *v. r.* (cesser d'aller.) *To stop, to stay, to pause, to rest, to stand still.* ❖ (S'amuser,) *to stand trifling, to be idle, to loiter, to linger the time, to tarry, to stay.* ❖ (S'établir en quelque lieu,) *to settle somewhere.* ❖ (Cesser de faire quelque chose,) *to forbear, to refrain doing of a thing.* * S'arrêter (se déterminer)

ARR

37

à quelque chose, *to stand, to keep to a thing, to pitch upon it.* ❖ S'arrêter (avoir égard, faire attention) à quelque chose, *to mind a thing, to stand upon it, to stick to it, to insist upon it.* * Il s'arrête, (la mémoire lui manque,) *he is at a stand, his memory fails him.*
 Arrhe, *f. f.* (il n'est pas usité au singulier.) *Earnest or earnest penny.* * Arrhes, *earnest, pledge.*
 Arrher, *v. a.* *To give earnest for.*
 Arrière, *adv.* de lieu; (loin d'ici, éloignez - vous.) *Away, avant.*
 En arrière, *adv.* (en reculant.) *Backward.* ❖ Etre en arrière, (ou être en demeure,) *to be behind or in arrears.*
 Arrière, *f. m.* (la poupe d'un vaisseau.) *Aft or the stern of a ship.* Avoir vent en arrière, faire vent arrière, *to go before the wind. Rester de l'arrière, to remain astern, to drop astern.* Se faire de l'arrière, *to be a-head of one's reckoning.* Passer de l'arrière, *to go under the stern of a ship.* Les voiles de l'arrière, *the after sails.*
 Arrière, *é*, *adj.* In arrears, behind-hand.
 Arrière-ban, *f. m.* *Arrierban.*
 Arrière-boutique, *f. f.* *The back-shop, the backside of a shop.*
 Arrière-change, *f. m.* *Interest upon interest.*
 Arrière-cour, *f. f.* *Backyard.*
 Arrière-faix, *f. m.* *The afterburden or the after-birth.*
 Arrière-fermier, *f. m.* *Underfarmer or under-tenant.*
 Arrière-sief, *f. m.* *A mesne fee or mesne tenure.*
 Arrière-garde, *f. f.* *The rear of an army.* Conduire, mener, commander l'arrière-garde, *to bring up the rear.*
 Arrière-main, *f. m.* (revers de main.) *The back of the hand.* ❖ (Coup de revers au jeu de paume,) *a back stroke at tennis.*
 Arrière-neveu, *f. m.* *The son of a grand-child or the son of one's nephew.*

Arrière-petit-fils, *f. m.* *A great-grand-son.*
 Arrière-petite-fille, *subst. f.* *Great-grand-daughter.*
 Arrière-point, *f. m.* *A row of knotted needle work upon the wristbands of sleeves.*
 Arrière-saison, *f. f.* (l'automne, la fin de l'automne.) *Autumn or the latter end of autumn.* * (Vieillesse,) *old-age.*
 Arrière-vassal, *f. m.* *Under-tenant, one that holds by a mesne tenure.*
 Arrimage, *f. m.* *Stowing.*
 Arrimer, *v. a.* *To stow.*
 Arrivé, *ée, adj.* *Landed, arrived, come, &c.* *V. Arriver.*
 Arrivée, *f. f.* *Arrival, coming.* * *Bearing away.* * *The lee lurch.*
 Arriver, *v. n.* (aborder.) *To land, to come to or into.* * (Parvenir à un lieu,) *to arrive at, to come to a place, to get into it.* * *Arziver (parvenir) à une chose où l'on aspire, to come to, to arrive at a thing one aims at, to compass it.*
 * *Arriver, (survenir, en parlant des personnes,) to come unlooked for, to come upon.* * (En parlant des accidents, &c.) *to happen, to befall, to come to pass, to fall out.* * *S'il arrive que vous ayez besoin de moi, if you chance to want me.* * *Arriver, to bear away, to bear up.* *Arrive tout! hard a weather! hard up! bear up round.*
 Arroche, *f. f.* *Orache, the golden herb.*
 Arrogamment, *adv.* *Arrogantly, presumptuously, proudly, haughtily.*
 Arrogance, *f. f.* *Arrogance, pride, haughtiness, presumption.*
 Arrogant, *ante, adj.* *Arrogant, proud, haughty, presumptuous.*
 Arrogant, *ante, f.* *An arrogant, a proud or haughty man or woman.*
 S'arroger, *v. r.* *To arrogate, claim, challenge or attribute to one's self, to take upon one's self.*

Arrondi, *ie, adj.* *Rounded, made round.* * *Une période arrondie, an elaborate period, a period well turned.*
 Arrondir, *v. a.* *To round, to make round.* * *Arrondir une période, une stance, to give a period or stanza a good turn.* * *Arrondir un cheval, to break a horse, to ride round a ring.* * *Arrondir un cap, to weather or sail round a cape.*
 Arrondissement, *f. m.* *The rounding or making round.*
 Arrofé, *ée, adj.* *Watered, wet, bathed, besprinkled.*
 Arrofement, *f. m.* *A watering, soaking, &c.*
 Arroser, *v. a.* *To water, to sprinkle, to soak, to bath.* * *Arroser du rôti, to baste meat that is a roasting.*
 Arrosoir, *f. m.* *A watering pot.*
 Ars, *f. m. pl.* *The veins of a horse, where they are usually blooded.*
 Arsenal, *subst. m.* *Arsenal.* * *Dock-yard.*
 Arsenic, *f. m.* *Arsenick, a sort of mineral.*
 Arsenical, *ale, adj.* *Arsenical.*
 Art, *f. m.* (recueil de préceptes.) *An art, a science.* * (Manière de bien faire une chose,) *art, skill, address, craft, mystery, cunning, ability.*
 Artere, *f. f.* *An artery.*
 Artériel, *elle, adj.* *Arterial, of or belonging to arteries.*
 Artichaut, *f. m.* *An artichoke.*
 Le cul d'un artichaut, *the bottom of an artichoke.*
 Article, *f. m.* (jointure des os.) *An article, a knuckle or joint.* * (Partie distinguée dans un écrit,) *an article, a head, a point, a clause.* Les articles de la foi chrétienne, *the articles of the christian faith.* * *Article, (particule qui se met devant le nom,) an article, a term of Grammar.*
 Articulaire, *adj.* *Articular.*
 Ex. *Maladie articulaire, (la goutte,) the articular disease, the gout.*
 Articulation, *f. f.* (jointure des os.) *The articulation or joining of bones.* * *Articu-*

lation de la voix, *an articulation or distinct pronunciation.*
 Articulé, *ée, adj.* (dédruit par articles.) *Articulated, set down in articles or heads.* * (Distinct, en parlant de la voix,) *articulate, distinct.*
 Articuler, *v. a.* *To articulate, to set down in articles.* * *Articuler les mots, to articulate, to pronounce words distinctly or articulately.*
 S'articuler, *v. r.* (en parlant des os.) *To articulate, to joint.*
 Artifice, *f. m.* (art, industrie.) *Art, industry, skill, workmanship.* * (Ruse, fraude,) *artifice, cunning, craft, deceit, device.* * *Artifice ou feu d'artifice, a fire-work.*
 Artificiel, *elle, adj.* *Artificial, artful.*
 Artificiellement, *adv.* *Artificially, artfully, by art.*
 Artificier, *f. m.* *Fire-worker.*
 Artificieusement, *adv.* *Cunningly, craftily, subtly.*
 Artificieux, *euse, adj.* (plein de finesse.) *Cunning, subtle, crafty, inveigling.*
 Artillerie, *f. f.* *Artillery, ordnance, great guns, mortars, bombs, &c.* Le Grand-Maitre de l'Artillerie, *the great Master of the ordnance.* Une piece d'artillerie, *a piece of ordnance, a canon or great gun.* * *Artillerie, (les Officiers qui servent à l'artillerie,) the ordnance, the gunners.*
 Artilleur, *f. m.* *Master.*
 Artimon, *f. m.* (le mât de l'arrière.) *The mizen-mast.*
 Voile d'artimon, *the mizen sail.*
 Artisan, *f. m.* (homme de métier.) *An artisan, a handicraft's man, a workman.* * (L'auteur de quelque chose,) *an artificer, author, contriver.* Artisan d'impostures, *a contriver of shams or impostures.*
 Artison, *f. m.* *A little worm in wood.*
 Artiste, *f. m.* *An artist, an artificer, an ingenious workman.*

ART

Artificement, *adv.* *Artificially, artfully, workmanlike, cunningly, ingeniously, handsomely, curiously.*
Aruspice, *f. m.* *A soothsayer or diviner.*
Azel, *adj. m.* *cheval azel. A horse that has a white spot on the hind-foot of the right side.*
As, *f. m.* *An ace, at dice or cards.*
Asarum, *f. m.* *(plante.) Asarabacca.*
Asbeste, *subst. m.* *Asbestos, amiantus.*
Ascendant, *f. m.* *(terme d'Astronomie.) Ascendens, the point of Heaven or degree of the Equator, ascending upon the horizon. * Ascendens, the pretended influence of stars upon one at his birth, a strong natural inclination. * Ascendant, (pouvoir qu'une personne a sur l'esprit d'une autre, ascendent, hank, power, influence.*
Ascendant, *ante, adj.* *Ascending.*
Ascension, *f. f.* *Ascension, the going up of our Saviour into Heaven. * (Fête où l'on célèbre ce mystère,) the Ascension day. * (Terme d'Astronomie,) ascension, a term used in Astronomy.*
Ascete, *f. m.* *(qui s'est consacré aux exercices de piété.) Ascetic.*
Ascétique, *adj.* *(qui excite à la pratique de la piété.) Ascetic, practical.*
Asiatique, *adj.* *(mou, efféminé, en parlant du style.) Asiatick, diffuse, verbose, loose. * (Nom de peuple,) Asiatick, Eastern.*
Astle, *V.* *Astyle.*
Astne, *adj.* *bête astne. A he or she-afs.*
Aspect, *f. m.* *(vue, présence.) Aspect, sight. * (Regard,) aspect, looks, countenance. * (Objet de vue,) vista, prospect. * (Situation des planetes,) aspect, the situation of planetes.*
Asperge, *f. f.* *Asparagus.*
Asperger, *v. a.* *(il n'a d'usage qu'en matiere de Religion.)*

ASS

To sprinkle, to besprinkle, to asperse.
Asperges, *f. m.* *An holy water-stick or sprinkle.*
Asperion, *subst. f.* *Asperion, sprinkling, besprinkling.*
Asperfoir, *f. m.* *An holy water-sprinkle or stick.*
Aspic, *f. m.* *(serpent.) Aspick or asp. * Une langue d'aspic, an ill-tongued, foul-mouthed, back-biting, slandering man or woman. * Aspice, (espece de lavande,) spickenard or lavender-spick.*
Aspirant, *ante, adj.* *Ex. Pompe aspirante. A pump that draws up water by attraction.*
Aspirant, *f. m.* *A candidate, a suitor.*
Aspirante, *f. f.* *A probationer, a virgin that has a mind to become a nun.*
Aspiration, *f. f.* *Aspiration. * Aspiration de l'ame à Dieu, pious ejaculation.*
Aspiré, *ée, adj.* *Fetched in, &c. V. the verb.*
Aspirer, *v. a.* *To fetch or to draw breath. * Aspirer l'H, (terme de Grammaire, la prononcer avec aspiration,) to aspirate the H, to pronounce it with an aspiration. * Aspirer à quelque chose, (la désirer, y prétendre,) to aspire to a thing, to covet, to desire, to seek it ambitiously, to aim at it.*
Assailant, *f. m.* *Assailant, aggressor; * besteger. * (Terme de Tournois,) a challenger, at tilting.*
Assailli, *ie, adj.* *Assaulted, &c.*
Assaillir, *v. a.* *To assault, to assail, to attack, to set upon.*
Assaisoné, *ée, adj.* *Seasoned, &c. V. the verb.*
Assaisonnement, *f. m.* *Seasoning, sauce.*
Assaisonner, *v. a.* *To season.*
Assassin, *f. m.* *Assassin, a villain.*
*** † Assassin**, *ine, adj.* *Killing, murdering; des yeux assassins, killing eyes.*
Assassinant, *ante, adj.* *Killing, murdering, tedious, very tirefome.*
Assassinat, *f. m.* *An assassinat, a private or treacherous murder, villary.*

ASS

39

Assassiner, *v. a.* *(tuer ou outrager en trahison.) To assassinate, to murder one privately or treacherously.*
*** †** *(Importuner beaucoup,) to kill, to murder with extreme importunity, to tire, to trouble, to plague, to be very troublesome.*
Assation, *subst. f.* *(terme de Pharmacie.) Assation.*
Assaut, *f. m.* *Assault, attack, onset, storm. Emporier une ville d'assaut, to carry a town by assault or storm. Donner l'assaut à une place, to storm a place. * Faire assaut contre quelqu'un, (en terme de Maître d'armes,) to fence with one. * Assaut, (attaque qu'on fait ou qu'on a à soutenir,) assault, onset, attack, brunt, effort, chock. * Faire assaut d'esprit, to make a trial of wit.*
Assécher, *v. a.* *To appear dry.*
Assemblage, *f. m.* *(amas & union.) A joining or setting together, an union, conjunction or collection of many things.*
Assemblée, *ée, adj.* *Gathered, &c. V. the verb.*
Assemblée, *f. f.* *(multitude de personnes qui sont ensemble.) An assembly, congregation, meeting. * (Cercle, compagnie,) assembly, company. * (Bal,) a ball, a meeting or musick-meeting. * Assemblée ou rendez-vous, (en terme de chasse,) rendez-vous or meeting of hunters. * Assemblée, (bruit de tambour,) a call, a drum-beat, for the soldiers of a company to repair to their colours.*
Assembler, *v. a.* *(mettre ensemble.) To assemble together, to get, put, bring, draw or join together, to gather, lay or heap up. * Asssembler (ou convoquer) un Parlement, to call, to assemble a Parliament.*
S'assembler, *v. r.* *To assemble, to meet, gather, come or get together.*
Assener, *v. a.* *To strike hard.*
Assesoir, *v. a.* *(placer.) To set.*

to set down, to settle, to place, to put. ♣ *Asséoir* (ou *départir*) les tailles, *to assess the land taxes.* * *Asséoir* son camp, *to pitch a camp, to pitch tents, to encamp.* * *Asséoir* son jugement, *asseoir un jugement, to fix, settle or ground one's judgment.*
S'asséoir, v. réc. To sit down.
Asséyez-vous, sit down, sit you down.
Assertion, f. f. (affirmation.) Assertion, position.
Asservi, ie, adj. Subjected, &c. V. the verb.
Asservir, v. a. To subject, to enslave, to bring under subjection or into bondage. * *Asservir* (dompter) ses passions, *to overcome, master or conquer one's passions.*
Assesseur, f. m. An Assitant, a Judge lateral.
Assiez, adv. (suffisamment, autant qu'il faut.) Enough, enow, sufficiently, abundantly. ♣ On ne peut avoir assez de soin de son salut, *a man cannot take too much care of his salvation.*
Assidu, ue, adj. (qui a de l'application.) Assiduous, diligent, close at business, constant. ♣ (Fréquent,) *assiduous, constant, continual, frequent.*
Assidument, adv. Assiduously, constantly, diligently, continually.
Assiduité, f. f. (application continuelle.) Assiduity, diligence, continual care or attendance, constant application.
Assiégé, ée, adj. Besieged, &c. V. Assiéger.
Assiégeant, ante, adj. That besieges, besieger. L'armée assiégeante, the army of the besiegers.
Les assiégeans, f. m. The besiegers.
Assiéger, v. a. (faire le siege d'une place.) To besiege a town; to lay a siege before it.
Assiéger quelqu'un dans une ville, *to besiege one in a town.* * *Assiéger*, (entourer,) *to besiege, to encompass, to compass about, to surround, to beset, to stand or be about.*

Assiégés, f. m. (ceux qui sont dans une place assiégée.) The besieged.
Assiente, f. f. (compagnie de commerce pour la fourniture des negres.) Assiento.
Assiette, f. f. (situation.) Seat, situation. ♣ (Maniere d'être assis,) *sitting, posture.* * (L'état ou la disposition de l'esprit,) *the seat or the state of the mind, the temper or condition one's mind is in.* * *Assiette* (ou imposition) de la taille, *the assessment of land-taxes.* * *Assiette*, (fonds sur lequel une rente est assignée,) *fund, assignment.* ♣ *Assiette* d'un vaisseau, *trim of a ship.* ♣ *Assiette*, (sorte de vaiselle.) *A plate.* * *Vendre à assiette, to cut meat, as a cook that keeps a victualling-house.*
Assiettée, f. f. A plate full.
Assignation, f. f. (pour le paiement d'une somme.) Assignment. ♣ (Exploit par lequel on assigne à comparoître devant le Juge,) *a summons, sub-pœna or citation.* ♣ (Rendez-vous,) *assignation, rendez-vous, appointment.*
Assigné, ée, adj. Assigned, V. the verb.
Assigner, v. act. To assign or appoint, to settle. ♣ *Assigner* (citer) à comparoître, *to summon, sub-pœna, warn or cite to appear.*
Assimilation, f. f. Assimilation.
Assis, ise, adj. (du verbe asséoir.) Sitting, settled.
Assise, f. f. A course or lay of stones or bricks in building.
Assises, f. f. pl. (séance d'un Juge supérieur dans les sieges inférieurs.) Assises. Les Juges qui tiennent les assises, the Judges of the circuit.
Assistance, f. f. (présence.) Presence, a being in a place. ♣ (Secours,) *assistance, aid, help, succour.* ♣ (Assemblée,) *assembly, audience, company, congregation, assistance.*

Assistant, f. m. (celui qui est présent.) An assistant, a stander-by, an auditor, an assitant, a helper.
Assistante, f. f. A nun assitante to the Abbess.
Assisté, ée, adj. (secouru.) Assisted, succoured, helped, &c. V. Assister, v. act.
Assister, v. n. (être présent.) To assist or be present at, to stand by.
Assister, v. act. (aider.) To assist, to help, to succour, to relieve, to take care, to attend.
Association, f. f. Association, society, fellowship, partnership.
Associé, ée, adj. Associated, &c. V. the verb.
Un associé, f. m. A partner, an associate.
Associer, v. a. To bring into partnership, to make a partner, to admit or aggregate to a company.
S'associer avec quelqu'un. To associate one's self or enter into a partnership with one, to join with him.
Assommé, ée, adj. Knocked down, &c. V. the verb.
Assommer, v. act. To knock down, to kill with any thing that's heavy. ♣ (Rouer de coups,) *to maul, to beat soundly.* * (Accabler,) *to overwhelm, grieve, oppress or bear down.*
Assomption, f. f. (la mineure d'un syllogisme.) Assomption, minor. ♣ (L'enlèvement de la sainte Vierge au ciel,) *the assumption or the taking up of the blessed Virgin into heaven with body and soul.*
Assonance, f. f. Assonance, an imperfect likeness of sound at the end of words.
Assorti, ie, adjest. (garni.) Furnished, stocked. ♣ (Qui convient avec,) *sorted, matched.* * Ils ont des caufistes assortis à toutes sortes de personnes, *they have casuists for all sorts of persons or that adapt themselves to all sorts of persons.*
Assortiment, f. m. (garniture.) A sortment, suit or set of things together.

ASS

Affortir, *v. a.* (fournir, garnir une boutique.) *To furnish, to stock, to store.* ♦ (Mettre plusieurs choses ensemble en sorte qu'elles conviennent,) *to sort or match.*
Affortir, *verb. n.* (convenir.) *To suit or sort with, to match.*
† Afforé, *ée, adj.* (infatué.) *Fond or extreme fond, dotting on.*
Assoupi, *ie, adj.* (endormi à demi, pesant.) *Dull, heavy, drowsy, sleepy.* * (Étonné, qu'on a fait cesser.) *Suppressed, stifled, over, at an end, &c.* *V. the verb.*
Assoupir, *v. a.* (endormir à demi.) *To make dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy, to lull a sleep.* * *Assoupir* quelque chose, (l'empêcher d'éclater,) *to suppress, stifle or quiet a thing, to lay it a sleep, to make an end of it.*
S'assoupir, *v. n.* *to grow dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy, to fall a sleep.*
Assoupissant, *ante, adj.* *Soporiferous, that causes sleep.*
Assoupissement, *f. m.* (l'état d'une personne assoupie.) *Heaviness, drowsiness, sleepiness, dead sleep.* * (Grande négligence,) *heaviness, drowsiness, supineness, carelessness, negligence, sloth.*
Assoupir un cheval, *v. a.* *To make a horse supple.*
Affourdir, *v. a.* *To deafen, to make deaf.*
Affourdi, *ie, adj.* *Deafened, deaf.*
Assouvi, *ie, adj.* *Satiated, satisfied, &c.*
Assouvir, *v. a.* (rassasier.) *To satisfy, to glut.* * *Assouvir* sa colère, sa rage, sa passion, *to satisfy one's anger, rage or passion.*
S'assouvir de quelque chose, *v. r.* *To glut upon a thing.*
Assouvillement, *f. m.* *A satisfying, glutting or satiating, satiety.*
Assujetti, *ie, adj.* *Subdued, conquered, overcome, &c.* *V. the verb.*
Assujettir, *v. a.* (soumettre.) *To subdue, to overcome,*

ASS

bring under, subject, make subject or bring into subjection. ♦ *Assujettir* quelqu'un à une taxe, *to make one liable to a tax.* * *Assujettir* ses passions, *to master, overcome or conquer one's passions, to keep them under.* ♦ *Assujettir*, (astreindre,) *to subject, to submit, to tie up.*
S'assujettir, *v. r.* *To captivate, confine, subject, submit or tie one's self, to submit, to yield.*
Assujettissant, *ante, adj.* *Slavish.*
Assujettissement, *f. m.* *Subjection, slavery.*
Assurance, *f. f.* (certitude.) *Assurance, certainty, sureness, faith.* ♦ (Sécurité,) *assurance, security, safety, quietness.* Un lieu d'assurance, *a safe place, a place out of danger or out of harm's ways.* Vivre en assurance, *to live securely, quietly or out of danger.* ♦ *Assurance*, (promesse, obligation, gages, &c.) *surety, security, pledge, assurance.* Prendre des maisons pour assurance, *to take houses for security.* ♦ *Assurance*, (traité par lequel on s'engage de réparer les pertes qu'un autre pourroit faire,) *insurance or assurance.* Chambre d'assurance, *insurance office.* ♦ *Assurance*, (hardiesse,) *assurance, boldness, confidence.*
Affuré, *ée, adj.* (sûr, certain.) *Sure, certain, infallible.* ♦ Un ami affuré, (ou fidèle,) *a sure or trusty friend.* ♦ *Affuré*, (hors de danger,) *safe, secure.* ♦ (Hardi,) *bold, confident.* ♦ (Affirmé,) *assured, &c.* *V. the verb.*
Affurement, *adv.* *Surely, assuredly, certainly, sure, enough.*
Affurer, *v. a.* (affirmer.) *To assure or affirm, to assert or aver it.* ♦ *Affurez-le* de mes respects, *pray, present my respects or duty to him.* ♦ *Affurer* quelqu'un d'une chose, (la lui promettre,) *to warrant, to assure, un-*

AST

dertake or promise a thing. ♦ *Affurer*, (faire qu'une chose ne puisse manquer,) *to secure, to make sure.* ♦ *Affurer* un vaisseau marchand, *to insure a merchantman.* ♦ *Affurer* le pavillon, *to fire a gun under the ship's proper colours.* ♦ *Affurer* quelqu'un, (le rendre plus courageux,) *to embolden one, to encourage him, to make him confident, to keep up his courage.* ♦ *Affurer* une muraille, (l'étayer,) *to prop a wall, to bear it up.* ♦ *Affurer* un vase, *to settle a vessel, to make it fast.*
S'affurer, *v. r.* (être sûr, croire.) *To assure one's self, to be sure or persuaded, to hope.* ♦ *S'affurer* en quelqu'un, (se confier en lui,) *to trust in one, to rely or depend upon him.* ♦ *S'affurer* de quelqu'un, (le mettre dans ses intérêts,) *to make sure of one, to secure or bespeak him.* ♦ (L'emprisonner,) *to secure one, to make sure of him, to arrest him.*
Affûreur, *f. m.* *An insurer.*
Astérisme, *f. m.* (constellation.) *Asterism or constellation.*
Astérique, *f. m.* (petite marque en forme d'étoile.) *An asterisk, a star in a book.*
Asthmatique, *adj.* (qui a un asthme.) *Asthmatick, troubled with a shortness of breath, that draws his wind short, phthisical, short winded.*
Asthme, *f. m.* (maladie.) *Asthma, a shortness of breath, a wheezing phthisick.*
Astragale, *f. m.* *Astragal, a term of Architecture.*
Astre, *f. m.* *A star.* L'astre de la nuit, *the planet of the night, the moon.* L'astre du jour, *the sun, the planet of the day.*
Astrée, *f. f.* *Astrea, the Goddess of Justice.*
Astreindre, *v. a.* (assujettir, obliger.) *To tie up, to stint or subject.*
Astreint, *einte, adj.* *Tied up, stinted, submitted, forced, obliged,*

AST

Astringent, ente, *adj.* *Astringent*, *astrictive*, *binding*, *coftive*.

Astringent, *f. m.* *Astringents*, *astrictive*, *binding* or *coftive* medicines.

Aftrolabe, *f. m.* *An aftrolabe* or *crofs-ftaff*, a *nofturnal*.

Aftrologie, *f. f.* *Aftrology*.

Aftrologique, *adj.* *Aftrologi- cal*.

Aftrologue, *f. m.* *An Aftrolo- ger*, a *Fortune-Teller*.

Aftronome, *f. m.* *An Aftro- nomer*.

Aftonomie, *f. f.* *Aftonomy*.

Aftrologique, *adj.* *Aftro- nomical*.

Aftuce, *f. f.* (mauvaise ruse, fineffe.) *Craft*, *subtlety*, *cunning*, *wile*.

Aftyle, ou *pluſiſt* *Aftile*, *f. m.* (refuge.) *Aftyle*, *ſanctuary*, *refuge* or *place* of *refuge*, a *privileged* place; * *ſhelter*.

Advertisement.

Cherchez avec deux TT les mots que vous ne trouverez pas dans cet article avec un *T* ſimple. *See with TT thoſe words that are not to be found under this head with a ſingle T.*

Atermoyer, *v. a.* *To put off*, *to delay the payment* of any thing.

S'atermoyer avec ſes créanciers, *v. r.* *To compound* or *agree with one's creditors* for the *payment* of a *debt* at certain times.

Atermoyé, *éc.* *adj.* *Put off*, *delayed*, *that has time granted him by his creditors*.

Atermoiement, *f. m.* *An agree- ment* or *composition* between the *debtor* and the *creditor*, for the *payment* of a *ſum* at certain times.

Athée, *adj.éc.* *Of an atheiſt*, *atheistical*. *Sentiment* *athée*, *an atheistical opinion*.

Athée, *f. m.* & *f.* *An atheiſt*.

Athéisme, *f. m.* *Atheiſm*.

Athlete, *f. m.* *An athlete*, a *champion*, a *wreſtler*. *D'athlete* ou qui concerne les *athletes*, *athletick*, *athle- tical*.

† **Aünter**, *v. n.* *To trim* or *trick up*, *to dreſs* or *ſet out*.

ATR

† **Atinté**, *éc.* *adj.* *Trimmed* or *tricked up*, *dreſſed*, *ſet out*.

Atlante, *f. m.* *A human figure* ſupporting or bearing any part of a building in archi- tecture.

Atlantique, *adj.* *L'océanatlan- tique*. *The atlantick ocean*.

Atlas, *f. m.* (recueil de car- tes & de géographie uni- verſelle.) *An atlas*.

Atmosphère, *f. f.* *Athmoſ- phere*.

Atôme, *f. m.* *An atom*.

A tort & à travers, *adv.* (inconfidérément.) *At ran- dom*, *rashly*, *inconfidera- tely*, *in a blundering manner*.

† **Atourner**, *v. a.* (orner l'épouſée.) *To attire*, *dreſs* or *ſet out the bride*.

† **Atourné**, *éc.* *adj.* *Attired*, *dreſſed*, *ſet out*.

Atours, *f. m. pl.* (parure de femme.) *A woman's attire*, *dreſs*, *rigging*. *Dame d'atours*, a *ſire-woman* to the *Queen*.

A-tout, *f. m.* *Trump*, at cards. *Faire à-tout*, *to play trumps* or *to trump about*.

Atrabilaire, *adj.* *Atrabilarian*, *atrabilarious*, *full* of or *troubled* with *melancholy* or the *spleen*.

Atrabile, *f. f.* (bile noire.) *Black choler*.

Atre, *f. m.* (foyer.) *The hearth*.

Atroce, *adj.* *Hainous*, *grievous*, *odious*, *cruel*, *outrageous*.

Atrocité, *ſubſt. f.* *Atrocity*, *heinouſneſs*, *grievouſneſs*, *odiousneſs*, *cruelty*, *outra- geouſneſs*.

Atrophie, *f. f.* *Atrophy*, a *difeaſe*.

† **S'attabler**, *v. r.* *To ſit down* at table, *to take one's place* at table.

Attache, *f. f.* (lien.) *A ſtring*, a *tie*, a *bond*. * (ou attache- ment,) a *tie*, *aſſèſſion*, *inclination*. *Faire quelque choſe avec attache*, (ou avec ardeur,) *to do a thing ear- gerly* or *with eagerneſs*. Il a plus d'attache au ciel qu'à la terre, *his mind is more bent upon heaven than upon the earth*. ♣ Un levrier d'at-

ATT

tache, a *great greyhound*, *an iriſh greyhound*.

Attaché, *éc.* *adj.* (lié.) *Tied*, *bound*, *faſtened*, *faſt*. * (Ap- pliqué à quelque choſe.) *intent upon a thing*. * *Atta- ché d'aſſèſſion*, *tied*, *kniſt*, *wedded*, *addiſſed* to. * *Mon bonheur eſt attaché au vô- tre*, *my ſelicity his wrapped up in yours*. * *C'eſt un vice attaché à cet âge*, *'tis a vice inſeparable from that age*. * *Attaché au bien*, ou ſimple- ment *attaché*, *penurious*, *cloſe-fiſted*, *covetous*.

Attachement, *f. m.* (engage- ment d'aſſèſſion ou d'intè- rêt.) *Attachment*, *tie*, *aſ- ſèſſion*, *inclination*, *love*, *paſſion*. ♣ Il n'a point d'at- tachement, *he has no incli- nation*, *he is not in love*. ♣ **Attachement**, (applica- tion,) *application*, *adhe- ſion*.

Attacher, *v. a.* (lier.) *To tie*, *bind*, *faſten* or *make faſt*.

Attacher avec un clou, *to faſten with a nail*, *to nail*.

♣ **Attacher en croix**, *to nail* or *hang on a croſs*. ♣ **Atta- cher avec un bouton**, *to button*. ♣ **Attacher le mi- neur**, *to ſet on the miner*.

* **Attacher**, (engager,) * *to tie*, *to oblige*, *engage* or *endear*. * **Attacher** (ou ap- pliquer) ſon eſprit à quel- que choſe, *to apply one's mind to a thing*, *to mind it*.

* **Le Ciel a attaché mon bonheur à votre vie**, *heaven has wrapped up my happineſs in your life*.

S'attacher, *v. r.* *To take hold*, *to cling*, *to keep cloſe to*, *to cleave*, *to ſtick* or *ſtick faſt*. * **S'attacher à quelqu'un**, auprès de quelqu'un, *to ſtick* or *adhere to one*, *to addiſt one's ſelf to him*, *to faſten upon him*, *to follow his party*. * **S'attacher** (s'ap- pliquer) à quelque choſe, *to give* or *apply one's mind to a thing*, *to ſet one's ſelf upon it*, *to mind it*, *to be intent upon it*. * **S'attacher à ſes opinions**, *to ſtick to one's fancy*, *to be wedded to one's own opinion*, *to be*

ATT

obstinate or stiff in one's sentiments.

Attaquant, ante, *adj.* & *f.* Aggressor, assailant.

Attaque, *f. f.* (l'action d'attaquer.) Attack, assault, onset, attempt, encounter, charge, brunt. ♦ (Insulte, reproche,) insult, insulting words, reproach, abuse. ♦ (Atteinte d'une maladie,) a fit of a disease.

Attaqué, ée, *adj.* Attacked, assaulted, invaded, set upon, encountered, charged; ♦ provoked, urged, challenged. ♦ Attaqué d'une maladie, afflicted with a disease.

Attaquer quelqu'un, *v. a.* To attack, charge or assault one, to fall or set upon him, to encounter him. ♦ Attaquer, (quereller, déber, provoquer,) to urge, attack, provoke or challenge, to quarrel with.

S'attaquer à quelqu'un, *v. r.* To set upon one, to encounter him, to stand up against him, to challenge him, ♦ to meddle with one, to try masteries with him.

Atteindre, *v. a.* (toucher.) To reach or come to. ♦ Atteindre à quelque chose, (y parvenir,) to attain to a thing, to attain, compass or obtain it.

Atteindre, *v. act.* (frapper.) To reach, to hit, to strike, to touch. ♦ (Joindre en chemin,) to overtake. ♦ Atteindre un certain âge, (y parvenir,) to come to a certain age.

Atteint, einte, *adj.* (frappé.) Hit, struck. *V.* the verb. ♦ Atteint (ou attaqué) d'une maladie, afflicted, troubled with a disease. Atteint de peste, infected with the plague. ♦ Atteint (accusé, prévenu) d'un crime, attained of a crime.

Atteinte *f. f.* (coup ou blessure que le cheval se donne ou qu'il reçoit aux pieds de derrière,) a knock or hurt. ♦ (Attaque de maladie,) a fit or grudging of a disease. ♦ Courir à une atteinte, donner une atteinte à la

ATT

bague, to hit the ring. Il a eu deux atteintes & une dedans, he has hit the ring twice and got it once. ♦ Donner atteinte à quelque chose, (commencer à la détruire,) to strike at a thing, to prejudice, to cast a blemish. ♦ Donner atteinte à quelqu'un, (l'attaquer de paroles,) to set upon one, to pinch or scold him. ♦ Je lui donnerai quelques atteintes (ou attaques) pour lui tirer les vers du nez, I shall endeavour by some means or other to pump it out of him. ♦ Je suis hors de ses atteintes, I am out of his reach, he can do me no harm. ♦ Les atteintes du froid & du chaud, the approaches of cold and heat.

Attelage, *f. m.* (chevaux ou autres animaux destinés à tirer.) A set of horses or other beasts to draw, either a coach, cart, &c. ♦ Attelage, (ce qui est nécessaire pour atteler des chevaux, des bœufs, &c.) the harness for horses, oxen, &c.

Atteler, *v. a.* To put horses, oxen, &c. to a coach, or cart, &c. ♦ Atteler le carrosse, to put the horses to the coach. Atteler le chariot, to put the horses or oxen to the cart.

Attelé, ée, *adj.* Put to a coach or cart, speaking of the beasts. ♦ Le carrosse est-il attelé? is the coach ready? ♦ Un carrosse attelé de six chevaux, a coach drawn by six horses.

Attelier, *f. m.* A workhouse, for maçons, carpenters, joiners, &c.

Atteille, *f. f.* (petit ais fort mince que les Chirurgiens lient autour d'un membre où il y a quelque fracture.) A splint. ♦ Atteille, (qu'on met au devant du collier du cheval de harnois,) the haum of a draught-horse.

Attelloire, *f. f.* A peg or pin, to fasten the draught of horses.

Attenant, *adv.* (tout proche,

ATT 47

joignant.) Near, next, next to.

En attendant, *adv.* (cependant.) In the mean time, in the interim. Promenez-vous en attendant, walk in the mean time. ♦ En attendant (jusqu'à ce) qu'il vienne, till he comes, against he comes.

Attendre, *v. a.* To expect, to be in expectation of, to wait, stay, tarry or look for. ♦ Attendre, (ou espérer,) to expect or hope.

Attendre, *v. a.* To stay, tarry, wait or be in expectation. ♦ Attendre à faire une chose jusqu'à ce que, to put off doing a thing till. ♦ Attendez, (arrêtez-vous,) hold, stay. Attendre après une personne, après une chose, to stay or wait for a person or a thing.

♦ Se faire attendre. To make other people stay for one's self.

S'attendre, *v. r.* (s'attendre l'un l'autre.) To tarry or wait for one another. ♦ S'attendre à quelqu'un ou à quelque chose, (s'y fier,) to rely or depend upon one, or upon a thing, to expect one or a thing from one. ♦ S'attendre à quelque chose, (l'espérer,) to expect a thing, to wait or hope for it.

Attendri, ie, *adj.* Made or grown tender, &c. *V.* Attendrir.

Attendrir, *v. a.* To make tender, to soften, to move to pity or compassion, to melt down.

S'attendrir, *v. r.* To grow tender, ♦ to be moved to pity or compassion, to relent.

Attendrissant, ante, *adj.* Moving, moving to pity or love, softening, melting.

Attendrissement, *f. m.* Commiseration, the relenting of one's heart, compassion, pity.

Attendu, ue, *adj.* Expected, waited for, &c. *V.* Attendre.

Attendu que, *conjunct.* Seeing or being that, as whereas.

Attentat, *f. m.* A wicked attempt, an outrage or outrageous enterprise, encroachment.

Attentatoire, *adj.* *Unlawful, outrageous, illegal, done in contempt or invasive of a jurisdiction.*

Attente, *f. f.* (action d'attendre.) *Expectation, waiting.* ♦ (Espérance,) *expectation, hope.* ♦ (Confiance,) *hope, trust, confidence.* ♦ Pierre d'attente, *a toothpick, a stone that sticks out of a wall for new building to be joined to it.* ♦ Table d'attente, (toile préparée pour un tableau,) *strained cloth.*

Attenter, *v. n.* *To attempt, to make an attempt.*

Attentif, *ive, adj.* *Attentive, heedful, mindful, intent or bent upon a thing, diligent.*

Attention, *f. f.* (application d'esprit.) *Attention, application, diligence, heedfulness, mindfulness, care, earnestness.* ♦ Faire attention, *to mind, to heed, to consider, to reflect upon, to be intent upon.* ♦ Regarder avec attention, *to look fixedly or so gaze upon.*

Attentivement, *adv.* (avec attention.) *Attentively, heedfully, carefully, diligently.*

Atténuant, *adj.* *Attenuating, weakening, wasting, that makes thin, &c.*

Atténuation, *f. f.* (affoiblissement.) *Attenuation, weakening or lessening of strength.* ♦ (Diminution de charges contre l'accusé,) *attenuation or extenuation, the diminution of a crime.*

Atténué, *ée, adj.* *Attenuated, weakened, wasted, grown thin.*

Atténuer, *v. a.* *To attenuate, to make thin or lean, to weaken, to impair or waste one's strength or good case.*

Atterage, *f. m.* *Landing, a sea-term.*

Atterré, *ée, adj.* *Struck or thrown down, &c. V. the verb.*

Atterrer, *v. a.* *To throw or strike down.* * (Accabler, ruiner,) *to overthrow, to cast down, to destroy.*

Atterrir, *v. n.* (prendre terre,

y aborder.) To land, to make land.

Atterrissement, *f. m.* *Land gained, by the continual coming down of soil and fixing on the bank of a river.*

Attestation, *f. f.* *A certificate. Attestation sous serment, an affidavit.*

Attesté, *ée, adj.* *Attested, certified, &c.*

Attester, *v. a.* *To attest, assure, certify, aver, witness, avouch or affirm a thing.* ♦ (Prendre à témoin,) *to call or take one to witness.*

Atticisme, *f. m.* (délicatesse de goût particulière aux Athéniens.) *Atticism, con- cise, pithy and elegant style.*

Attiédi, *ie, adj.* *Cooled.*

Attiédir, *v. a.* *To cool, in a proper and figurative sense.*

S'attiédir, *v. r.* *To cool, to grow cool.*

Attiédissement, *f. m.* *Like- warmth, cooling.*

† **Attié**, *ée, adj.* *Pranked up, &c.*

† **Attifer**, *v. a.* (en parlant de la coiffure d'une femme.) *To prank or trick up, to dress a woman's head.*

† **Attifet**, *f. m.* *A woman's head-gear or dress, a woman's attire.*

Attique, *adj.* *attick, after the Athenian way. Colonne attique, an attick pillar. Le sel attique, a delicate kind of wit and humour.*

Attique, *f. m.* *Attick, a little order in Architecture placed upon a greater.*

Attirail, *f. m.* (quantité de choses nécessaires pour certains usages.) *Implements, luggage, baggage.* ♦ (Equi- page ou bagage,) *train, equipage, furniture, luggage, baggage.*

Attirant, *ante, adj.* *Attracti- ve, allusive, alluring, en- gaging.*

Attiré, *ée, adj.* *Drawn to, &c. V. the verb.*

Attirer, *v. a.* (tirer à soi.) *To draw to, to attract.* * **At- tirer** (faire venir finement) l'ennemi dans une embus-

cade, to draw or bring the enemy into an ambushade. *

Attirer (gagner) par des caresses, *to drawn in, to allure or wheedle by caresses, or kind usage.* * **Attirer** les cœurs, *to win the hearts, to gain the affections.* * **Attirer** quelqu'un à son sentiment, *to bring one over to one's opinion.* **P.** Un malheur en attire un autre. **P.** One mis- chief draws on another or comes upon the neck of another.

S'attirer, *v. r.* (attirer sur soi.) *To draw or bring upon one's self, to incur or run into.* ♦ **S'attirer** (gagner) l'affection, *to gain, win or get the affection.* ♦ **S'attirer** une maladie, *to catch a disease, to make one's self sick.*

Attié, *ée, adj.* *Stirred up.*

Attié le feu, *v. a.* *To stir up the fire, properly to lay a brand near another to make them burn the better.* * (Aig- rir des esprits irrités,) *to add fuel to the fire, to throw oil into the fire, to inflame persons that are at odds.*

Attiseur, *f. m.* *Attiseur de feu. One that makes up the fire.*

Attitrer, *&c. V. Apôter, &c.*

Attitude, *f. f.* *Attitude, pos- ture.*

Attouchement, *f. m.* *Touch, touching or feeling.*

Attractif, *ive, adj.* *Attractive, that draws to or attracts.*

Attraction, *f. f.* *Attraction or drawing to.*

† **Attraire**, *v. a.* *To entice, to draw in, to allure.*

Attrait, *f. m.* *Allurement, en- ticement, bait, charm, at- tractive.* ♦ (Inclination,) *inclination, disposition, bias, propensity.*

† **Attrape**, *f. f.* (tromperie.) *Bait, gin, snare, trick.*

Attrapé, *ée, adj.* *Caught, overtaken, &c. V. the verb.*

Attraper, *v. a.* (atteindre.) *To catch or overtake.* ♦ (Frapper,) *to hit, reach or strike.* ♦ (Surprendre) quelqu'un sur le fait, *to catch one in the deed doing, to take or surprise him in the*

ATT

fact. *Attraper*, (obtenir par industrie,) *to catch, compass or get cunningly.* *Attraper* (gagner) une maladie, *to get or catch a distemper.* *Attraper*, (surprendre, tromper, prendre par artifice,) *to catch, cheat, overreach or trick, to bite.*
Attrapoire, *f. f.* (pour attraper des animaux.) *A trap or pit-fall to catch beasts.* * *†* (Finesse, ruse,) *wile, cunning, trick, bias, bam.*
Attrayant, *ante, adj.* *Attractive, allusive, alluring, charming, engaging.*
Attribué, *ée, adj.* *Attributed, ascribed, imputed, fathered upon.*
Attribuer, *v. a.* *To ascribe, attribute or impute, to father upon.*
S'attribuer, *v. r.* (s'arroger.) *To assume or take upon one's self, to arrogate to one's self, to challenge.*
Attribut, *f. m.* *An attribute.*
Attribution, *f. f.* (privilege.) *Prerogative, privilege, allowance.*
Attristé, *ée, adj.* *Aggrieved, sad, sorrowful, &c.*
Attrister, *v. a.* *To grieve, to make sad or sorrowful, to afflict or trouble.*
S'attrister, *v. r.* *To grieve, to be sad, troubled, sorrowful or afflicted, to take on.*
Attrition, *f. f.* *Attrition.*
Attroupé, *ée, adjec.* *Gathered, &c.*
Attroupement, *f. m.* *A riot or riotous assembly, a mob.*
Attrouper, *v. a.* *To assemble, to gather or get together.*
S'attrouper, *v. r.* *To troop, flock or get together.*
Au, (mot formé par contraction de la préposition *à* & de l'article *le*.) *To the. Aller au Palais. To go to the Palace.*
† Savachir, *v. récip.* *To grow faint, flaggy or heartless, to hang down the head speaking of persons.*
Avage, *f. m.* droit d'avage. *A duty which the hangman in some places of France has every market-day, from some sort of commodities.*

AVE

Aval, *adv.* *Down, downward, down the river.* *†* Vent d'aval (ou du couchant,) *a westerly wind or the west and north-west wind.*
Avalaison, *f. f.* (chute d'eau impétueuse.) *Flood, torrent.*
Avalanges, *f. f. pl.* (chute de neiges.) *Fall of snow.*
Avalé, *ée, adj.* *Swallowed, &c.* *V. Avaler.* *†* **Avalé**, (pendant en bas.) *Flagging, hanging down, fallen in.* Oreilles avalées, *flagging ears.* Joues avalées, *cheeks fallen in.*
Avaler, *v. a.* (faire descendre dans l'estomac.) *To swallow, to swallow down, to sup up.* * *†* Avaler le calice, avaler le morceau, (se soumettre à quelque chose de fâcheux,) * *†* *to buckle to.* * *†* Avaler des couleuvres, (recevoir des chagrins,) *to swallow a gudgeon, to swallow or pocket up unkindness or an injury.* *†* Avaler du vin dans la cave, *to let wine down into a cellar.* *†* Avaler (ou couper) un bras à quelqu'un, *to cut off one's arm.*
*** S'avalér**, *v. r.* (pendre trop bas.) *To sag or hang down, to fall in or low.*
Avaler, *v. n.* (descendre, en parlant d'un bateau.) *To go down the river, to fall.*
Avaleur, *f. m.* (qui avale.) *One that swallows or sups up.* * *†* Un avaleur de pois gris, (un glouton,) *a greedy gut, a glutton.* * *†* Un avaleur de charrettes ferrées, (un fier à bras,) *a bully, a hector, a huff, a braggadocio.*
† Avaloire, *subst. f.* *A great throat or swallow.*
Avance, *f. f.* *The way one is got before another.* *†* (Ce qu'il y a de fait dans une affaire ou dans un ouvrage,) *advance, a step in a business or work.* *†* (Saillie,) *an outjutting or leaning piece in architecture.* *†* D'avance, par avance, (par anticipation de temps,) *before-hand in hand.* *†* Avan-

AVA 45

ce, (payement avant le temps,) *advance or advancing of money or paying in hand.* * (Première recherche ou démarche,) *advance or first step.*
Avancé, *ée, adj.* (qui s'étend en avant.) *Stretched or stretching out, jutting or leaning out.* *†* (Proposé,) *advanced, proposed, asserted.* *†* (Presque achevé,) *advanced, forward, in good forwardness.* *†* Qui est dans un âge avancé, qui est avancé en âge, (déjà vieux.) *Stricken in years, elderly.* *†* Fruits avancés, (fruits hâtifs ou précoces,) *forward fruit, hastings, fruit early ripe.* * Un esprit avancé, (ou hâtif,) *a forward wit.* * L'année est bien avancée, le jour est bien avancé, *the year or the day is far gone or spent.* La nuit est bien avancée, *it is late in the night.* *†* Avancé (poussé) aux honneurs, *advanced or preferred to honours.*
Avancement, *f. m.* (progress.) *Progress, proficiency.* *†* Avancement d'un ouvrage, *forwardness, furtherance of a work.* *†* Avancement, (établissement avantageux,) *advancement, preferment.*
Avancer, *v. act.* (porter en avant.) *To put, stretch, set forth or forward.* *†* (Hâter,) *to hasten, to set forward, to forward.* *†* Avancer de l'argent, (le compter par avance,) *to advance money, to give or pay it before hand.* *†* Avancer quelqu'un, (le pousser, l'élever aux honneurs,) *to advance, promote or prefer one.* *†* Avancer (mettre en avant) une proposition, *to advance or bring forth a proposition or an assertion; to assert a thing, to say a thing.*
Avancer, *v. n.* (aller en avant.) *To advance, to go or pass on, to go, move or get forward, to proceed.* *†* L'horloge avance, *the clock goes too fast.* *†* Vous avez avancé sur ma terre, *you*

have encroached upon my ground. ♦ Les seves avancent dans une année sèche, *the sap comes early in a dry year.* * Avancer, (faire quelques progrès,) *to make some progress, to go forward, to go on or forward, to profit or thrive.* ♦ Avancer, (profiter, servir de quelque chose,) *to avail, profit.* ♦ Je n'avance rien par mes plaintes, *I get nothing by my complaints, I am not a jot the better for them.* ♦ Avancer, (sortir de l'alignement,) *to jut or stand out, to shoot forth.*

S'avancer, *v. récip.* (aller en avant.) *To advance one's self, to advance, to go or move forward.* * (Faire progrès,) *to go forward or on.* * (Faire sa fortune,) *to advance one's self, to get preferment.*

Avanie, *f. f.* *An oppression, such as is used by the Turks against the christian merchants travelling into the Levant, to extort money from them.* * Avanie, (insulte,) *injury, wrong, insult, offence, outrage.*

Avant, *f. m.* (terme de Marine, la proue.) *The fore-part of a ship, the prow, the head or bow of a ship.* ♦ Aller de l'avant, *to be under way; Se faire de l'avant, to be astern of one's reckoning.* De l'avant à nous, *a-head of us.* Le vent se range de l'avant, *the wind scants.* ♦ Avant ou vogue avant, *the strokefman in a boat.*

Avant, *prep.* *Before.* Avant midi, *before twelve o' clock.* Avant-jour, *Before day-break.*

Avant que, *adv.* (de temps.) *Before.* Avant qu'il soit un an, *before a year comes to an end.*

Avant, *adv.* de lieu, (au-delà.) *Forward.* Il ne sauroit aller ni avant ni arrière, *he can go neither backward nor forward.* ♦ Plus avant, *farther, deeper.* ♦ Si avant, *so far, so deep.* ♦

Bien avant, fort avant, (par rapport au lieu & au temps,) *deep, deeply, far, a great way, much.* ♦ Trop avant, *too far.*

R. Remarquez qu'on se sert de cet adverbe au propre & au figuré, dans les choses qu'on considère comme étendues. *Note, that this adverb is used in a proper and a figurative sense, when we speak of things, wherein we may suppose an extension.*

Exemples.

La chose alla si avant que. *The business went so far that.* N'allez pas plus avant, *go no further.* Le couteau est entré bien avant dans son ventre, *the knife went very deep into his belly.* Cet arbre a poussé ses racines bien avant, *that tree has taken deep roots.* Nous étions bien avant dans la mer, *we were got a great way to sea.*

En avant, *adv.* *Forward.* Aller en avant, *to go forward.* De ce jour-là en avant, *from that day forward.* ♦ Mettre en avant, (avancer, proposer,) *to propose, to say, to assert.*

Avantage, *f. m.* (ce qu'on a de plus qu'un autre, en quelque genre de bien que ce soit.) *Advantage, as it signifies benefit, interest, profit, honour, praise, victory, convenience, gift, prerogative, excellence, good quality, endowment, accomplishment.* C'est votre avantage, *that's your advantage or interest.* Quel avantage tirez-vous de là? *what benefit do you reap from thence?* Chacun cherche ses avantages, *every body minds his own interest.* On peut dire ceci à son avantage, *this may be said to his praise, this may be said for him.* Parler à l'avantage de quelqu'un, *to speak, to one's advantage, to give a good character of him.* Les Anglois ont eu l'avantage, *the English have got the better or*

the victory. Tirer avantage (se prévaloir) de quelque chose, *to take advantage of a thing, to turn it to one's advantage.* L'ame a de grands avantages sur le corps, *the soul has great prerogatives over the body.* Posséder tous les avantages naturels, *to have all natural excellencies, good qualities, endowments or accomplishments, to be endowed with all natural gifts.* Avoir de grands avantages sur quelqu'un, *to be much beyond another.* Il n'a aucun avantage sur moi, *he is no better man than I, I am as good a man as he.* Donner à quelqu'un l'avantage de l'éloquence, *to yield to one in point of eloquence, to give him the advantage of eloquence.* Prendre de l'avantage pour monter à cheval, *to make use of a jostling-block or horse-block to get on horse-back.* ♦ Avantage, (préciput,) *advantage, gratification.* ♦ Avantage, (avance au jeu,) *odds or advantage.* ♦ Être vêtu à l'avantage, *to be well clad to be drest to the best advantage.* ♦ Gagner l'avantage du vent sur un vaisseau, *to weather a ship, to get the weather gage of her, to go to the windward of her.*

Avantagé, *éc, adj.* *Gratified, &c.* V. *the verb.*

Avantager, *v. a.* *To gratify, to give or allow by way of advantage or over and above, to bestow.*

Avantageusement, *adv.* *Advantageously, profitably, to the best advantage.* ♦ (Commodément pour le lieu,) *advantageously, conveniently.* ♦ Être monté avantageusement, *to be well mounted, to ride a good horse.* Vêtu avantageusement, *well clad.* ♦ Parler avantageusement de quelqu'un, *to speak well of one, to speak much to one's advantage, to give a good character of him, to speak honourably of him.*

Avantageux, *euse, adj.* *Ad-*

AVA

avantageux, profitable, useful, good, honourable. ♣ (Commode, en parlant d'un lieu,) *advantageous, convenient.* Porter des jugemens *avantageux* de quelqu'un, *to judge well of one.* ♣ *Taille avantageuse, a tall proper size.* ♣ Mine *avantageuse*, (mine noble & haute,) *a noble or great mien or look.* ♣ Succès *avantageux*, (ou heureux,) *a happy or prosperous success.*
Avant-bec, f. m. The starting of a stone bridge.
Avant-bras, f. m. The part of the arm betwixt the elbow and the wrist.
Avant-cale, f. f. The lanch of a ship on the stocks.
Avant-cœur, f. m. (tumeur à la poitrine du cheval.) Antecow.
Avant-corps (de logis), f. m. The fore-part of a house.
Avant-cour, f. f. An outward court, a fore court.
Avant-coureur, f. m. A forerunner or harbinger, in a proper and figurative sense.
Avant-courrière, f. f. (celle qui précède.) An harbinger or forerunner.
Avant-fossé, f. m. The fore-ditch, the ditch of the counter-carp.
Avant-garde, f. f. The van or vanguard of an army.
Avant-gout, f. m. Foretaste, prelibation, ante-past.
Avant-hier, adv. The day before yesterday, two days since.
Avantin, f. m. (avantin de vigne.) A layer, a branch or twig, a vine carried or climbing along from one place to another.
Avant-main, f. m. Forehand stroke. ♣ (Terme du jeu de paille.) *A stroke with the fore-side of the racket.*
Avant-pêche, f. f. An avant-pêche or happy-peach.
Avant-propos, f. m. (préface.) A preface. ♣ (Préambule,) *a preamble.*
Avant-train, f. m. The fore wheels of the carriage of a great gun.

AUB

Avanture. V. Aventute.
Avanturine, f. f. A kind of precious stone of a yellowish colour and full of speckles of gold which add to its brightness.
Avare, adj. Avaricious, covetous, stingy, griping, sordid, close, niggardly.
Avare, f. m. A covetous man, a miser. * Etre *avare* de ses faveurs, *to be sparing of one's favours.*
Avârice, f. f. Avarice, covetousness, greediness, niggardliness.
Avarecieux, euse, adj. Avaricious, covetous, stingy, niggardly, close.
Avarecieux, f. V. Avare, f.
Avarie, f. f. (terme de Marine.) Averidge or average; the hurt or damage a ship receives; the waste or decay of wares or merchandises, extraordinary charges and expences during a voyage. ♣ *Avarie, anchorage; a duty paid for the maintenance of a haven by every ship that casts anchor in it.*
Aubade, f. f. (musique que l'on donne vers l'aube du jour.) Serenade or morning musick, such as is played at the dawn of day before one's door or under one's window. * † *Aubade, (réprimande,) check, reprimand, reproof, lecture.* Il en a eu l'*aubade*, *he was checked or reprimanded for it.* Vous aurez tantôt l'*aubade*, *you shall have a lecture anon.*
Aubain, f. m. (étranger.) An alien, a foreigner.
Aubaine, f. f. ou droit d'aubaine. Escheat, escheating or escheatage. * *Aubaine, (tout droit casuel qui arrive à quelqu'un,) a wind-fall.*
Aube, f. f. (l'aube du jour.) The break of day, day-break, day peep, dawn or dawning of the day.
Aube, f. f. (vêtement ecclésiastique,) Albe, a Mass-Priest's garment of white linen. ♣ *Aubes de moulin, the ladles of a watermill wheel.*
Aubépin, f. m. ou Aubépine,

AUD 47

f. f. The white-thorn or hawthorn, a shrub.
Aubere, adj. cheval aubere. A flea-bitten-grey or a dapple grey horse; a white horse spotted with sorrel and bay spots.
Auberge, f. f. (maison où l'on donne à manger.) An eating-house or eating-ordinary, a kind of inn where people diet for so much a meal and where they have rooms ready furnished.
Aubergiste, f. m. & f. One that keeps an eating house, and ordinary.
Aubier, f. m. A white hasel-tree. ♣ (Bois tendre & blanchâtre qui est entre l'écorce & le corps de l'arbre.) *The sap or whitest and softest part of timber.*
Aubifoin, f. m. The weed blurbottle, blew-blaw, corn-flower or hurt-fickle.
Aubin, f. m. (allure de cheval entre l'amble & le gallop.) Aubin, the going of a horse betwixt the amble and the gallop.
Aucun, uae, adj. (pas un, nul.) No, none, no man. Il n'y a *aucun* moyen de faire cela, *there's no way of doing it.* Vous ne trouverez *aucun* homme qui veuille vous cautionner, *you'll find no man that will bail you.* Je n'aime *aucune* de ces femmes, *I love none of those women.*
Aucunement, adv. (nullement.) Not at all, in no wise, not in the least.
Audace, f. f. (hardiesse extraordinaire.) Audaciousness, audacity, boldness, confidence, daringness, assurance, presumption.
Audacieusement, adv. Boldly, confidently, daringly, audaciously, presumptuously.
Audacieux, euse, adj. Audacious, over-bold, confident, daring, presumptuous.
Audacieux, f. m. A daring, resolute or rash man.
Au-deçà, prép. (de ce côté-ci.) On this side. *Au-deçà du Rhin, on this side the Rhine,*

Au-delà, *prép. & adv.* (de l'autre côté.) *On the other side, beyond.*

Audience, *f. f.* (action par laquelle on écoute.) *Audience or the hearing of one that speaks.* ♦ (La séance des Juges qui écoutent les causes qui se plaident,) *the court or the Judges who hear causes.* ♦ (Le lieu où se donne l'audience,) *the court or hall, where causes are heard.* ♦ (Auditeurs, Auditoire,) *Audience or Auditory.*

Audancier, *adj. m. Ex.* Huissier audancier, (ou qui sert à l'audience.) *An Usher or Cryer, that attends the court when causes are hearing.* ♦ Grand Audancier, *one of the chief Officers in the Chancery of France, that examines all letters patents, &c. before they pass the seal.*

Auditeur, *f. m.* (celui qui écoute.) *An Auditor or Hearer.* ♦ (ou Disciple,) *a disciple or scholar that comes to a lecture.* ♦ Auditeur des Comptes, *an Auditor of Accounts.*

Audition, *f. f.* (terme de Palais.) *Hearing.* Audition des témoins, *the hearing of witnesses.* ♦ Audition de compte, *an audit of accounts.*

Auditoire, *f. m.* (le lieu où l'on plaide.) *A court or hall of audience, a sessions-house.* ♦ (Assemblée d'Auditeurs,) *auditory, audience, company of hearers.* ♦ (Lieu où les Auditeurs s'assemblent,) *the place where the hearers meet.*

Avec, *prép. With, withal.* Mettez ces livres avec les autres, *put these books with the others.* Tuer quelqu'un avec un couteau, *to kill one with a knife.* ♦ On l'a bien traité, & il a eu de l'argent encore avec, *he was well entertained, and got money to boot.* ♦ Avec cela, avec tout cela, *for all that nevertheless.* Avec le temps, *at length, in time, in process of time.*

D'avec, *from.* Discerner le bien d'avec le mal, *to discern good from evil.*

† Avecque, *V. Avec.*

† Aveindre, *v. a.* To take or fetch out.

Aveine, *V. Avoine.*

Aveline, *f. f.* A filberd, a small-nut.

Avelinier, *f. m.* Filberd-tree.

Avenage, *f. m.* Avenage.

Avenant, ante, *adj.* (qui a bon air & bonne grace.) *Handsome, neat, genteel.*

Avenant, parti, (terme de Pratique.) Avenant le décès d'un tel ou le cas avenant qu'un tel meure. *In case such a one should die.*

A l'avenant, *adv.* (à proportion.) *Proportionably, answerably.*

Avénement, *f. m.* Coming, accession, advancement.

Avenir, *v. n.* (arriver par accident.) *To happen, chance, fall out or come to pass.*

S'il avient que sa femme meure, *if his wife chance to die.* † Ainsi n'avienne, (à Dieu ne plaise,) *God forbid.*

Avenir, *f. m.* The future or time to come.

♦ Avenir, (terme de Palais.) *A summons.*

A l'avenir, *adv.* (déformais.) *For the future, henceforth.*

Avent, *f. m.* The Advent.

Aventure, *f. f.* (accident.) *Adventure, accident, event.*

Une heureuse aventure, *a lucky accident, a happy turn.* Une triste aventure, *a sad mischance.* ♦ Dire la bonne aventure, *to tell one's fortune.* Difeur de bonne aventure, *a fortune-teller.* ♦ Aventure, (amourette,) *amour, intrigue, love.* ♦ (Entreprise hasardeuse,) *adventure, hazardous enterprise.* ♦ (Hasard,) *adventure or venture, chance, hasard, random.* ♦ C'est grande aventure si je n'en viens pas à bout, *it will go hard, but I'll bring it about.* ♦ Mettre à la grosse aventure, *to venture all in one bottom.* ♦ Prendre de l'argent à la grosse aventure, *to take money upon*

bottomry, to borrow money upon the keel of one's ship. ♦ Mal d'aventure, *a wishlow.*

† D'aventure, par aventure, *adv.* (par hasard.) *Peradventure, perchance, by chance.*

Aventuré, ée, *adj.* Venturé, *put to the venture, hazarded.*

Aventurer, *v. a.* To adventure or venture, *to put to the venture, to hazard.*

S'aventurer, *v. r.* (s'exposer.) *To adventure or venture, to run a hazard.*

† Aventureux, euse, *adj. éa.* *Venturefome.*

Aventurier, *subst. m.* An adventurer.

Aventuriere, *f. f.* (femme qui cherche à faire sa fortune.) *A she adventurer, a woman that seeks to make her fortune.*

Aventurine, *V. Avanturine.*

Avenu, ue, *adj.* (qui est arrivé.) *Come to pass, happened.*

Avenue, *f. f.* (passage, entrée.) *Avenue, passage, entrance, way to a place.* ♦ (Allée d'arbres au devant d'une maison,) *a walk or alley of trees before a house.*

Avéré, ée, *adj.* Avered, evidenced, proved.

Avérer, *v. a.* To aver, to evidence, to prove.

Averne, *f. m.* (Lac d'Italie.) *The lake Avernus.*

Aversion, *f. f.* Averseness, aversion, abhorrence, hatred, antipathy.

Averti, ie, *adj.* Warned, advertised, &c. *V. the verb.*

Avertin; *f. m.* (maladie d'esprit.) *Moroseness, crankiness, madness.*

Avertir, *v. a.* (donner avis, informer.) *To warn, advertise, inform or tell of, to give notice or intelligence of, to make known.*

Avertir par avance, *to forewarn, to give a caution beforehand.*

Avertissement, *f. m.* Advertisment, advice, caution, a putting in mind, a warning.

AVE

ning, information, intelligence. ♦ (Terme de Palais,) *the bill and answer of plaintiff and defendant.*
Aveu, subst. m. (du verbe avouer; confession.) *Confession, acknowledgment.* ♦ (Approbation,) *approbation, allowance, consent, owning.* ♦ (Reconnaissance qu'on donne à un Seigneur des terres qu'on tient de lui,) *acknowledgment.* Homme sans **aveu**, (vagabond,) *one that no body will own, a vagabond, a rogue.*
Aveugle, adj. Blind. *Rendre aveugle, to blind.* * Obéissance **aveugle** & sans raisonnement, *passive obedience, or rather a blind submission to a Superior.*
Un aveugle, f. m. *A blind man.*
Une aveugle, f. f. *A blind woman.*
Aveuglé, ée, adj. Blinded, &c. *V. Aveugler.*
Aveuglement, f. m. Blindness.
Aveuglement, adv. Blindly, *blindfold, inconsiderately, rashly, headlong, unadvisedly, at all adventures.* * Croire **aveuglement**, *to believe implicitly, to have an implicit faith.*
Aveugler, v. a. (rendre aveugle.) *To blind, to take away the sight.* ♦ (Éblouir,) *to blind one's eyes, to dazzle.* * (Obscurcir la lumière de la raison,) *to blind, to strike blind, to cloud, to larken.*
† A l'aveuglette, adv. (à tâtons.) *Groping. Aller à l'aveuglette, to go groping along. Chercher quelque chose à l'aveuglette, to grope about for a thing.*
Auge, f. f. *A trough.* (Ustensile de Maçon,) *a plasterer's trough, tray or hod.*
Augée, f. f. *A tray-full.*
Auger, f. m. (où l'on met la mangeaille des oiseaux.) *The drawer of a bird-cage.* ♦ (Terme de Meunier, conduit de bois au bout de la trémie,) *the spout of a mill-hopper.*
Augment, f. m. (augment de

AVI

dot, (terme de Droit.) The jointure, settlement, which the husband makes to his wife. ♦ **Augment, (terme de Grammaire Grecque,) augment, a term of Greek Grammar.**
Augmentatif, ive, adj. Augmentative, increasing.
Augmentation, f. f. *Augmentation, increase, improvement, enlargement, addition.*
Augmenté, ée, adj. Augmented, &c. V. the verb. Un livre **augmenté**, *a book with additions.*
Augmenter, v. a. *To augment, increase, improve, enlarge or amplify, to add to, to aggravate.*
Augmenter, v. n. ou s'augmenter, v. r. *To increase, to grow.*
Augural, ale, adj. Of or belonging to an augur. Bâton **augural**, *an augur's staff or wand.*
Augure, f. m. (présage.) Augury, omen, presage. ♦ De mauvais **augure**, *ominous, ill boding.* ♦ **Augure,** (celui dont l'office étoit d'observer le vol, le chant & le manger des oiseaux pour en tirer des présages,) *an augur, soothsayer or diviner.*
Augurer, v. a. *To augurate, conjecture.*
Auguste, adj. August, sacred, venerable, majestic, royal, imperial.
Augustement, adv. Venerably, majestically.
Augustin, f. m. *An Austin Friar, a black friar, of the order of St. Austin.*
Augustine, f. f. (sorte de Religieuse.) *An Austin Nun.*
Avide, adj. Greedy, covetous, desirous, eager, earnest.
Avidement, adv. Greedily, eagerly.
Avidité, f. f. Avidity, greediness, eagerness, desire or appetite.
Avili, ie, adj. Abased; disgraced, &c.
Avilir, v. a. *To abase, disgrace, disparage or undervalue; to make contemptible.*
Avilissement, f. m. (abaisse-

AVI 49

ment.) Abasement, abjection, contempt, disparagement, disgrace; undervaluing or disgracing.
Aviné, ée, adj. *Seasoned with wine.* * † Un homme ou un corps **aviné**, *a flanch toper, a man that can drink much, a good drinker, one used to wine.*
Aviner, v. a. *To season with wine.*
Aujourd'hui, f. m. *This day.*
Aujourd'hui, adv. (le jour où l'on parle.) *To day, this day.* ♦ Ce n'est pas d'**aujourd'hui** que nous nous connoissons, *we are no new acquaintance, we are old cronies.* ♦ **Aujourd'hui,** (au temps où nous sommes.) *At present, now, now-days, in this age.*
Aviron, f. m. (rame.) An oar to row with. Tirer à l'aviron, to tug the oar.
Avironnier, subst. m. Oar-maker.
Avis, f. m. (opinion.) Advice, opinion, sentiment, mind, judgment, meaning, thoughts. Je suis d'**avis** qu'on préfère la paix à la guerre, *I am for peace before war.* Je ne suis pas d'**avis** de lui résister, *I would not have him resisted.* ♦ **Avis,** (avertissement,) *advice, advertisement, notice, intimation, caution.* ♦ **Avis,** (nouvelles,) *advice, account, news, information, intelligence.* Lettres d'**avis**, *letter of advice.* On donne **avis** de Paris que, *we have an account from Paris, we hear or it is advised from Paris, that.* ♦ **Avis,** (conseil,) *advice, counsel.* Prendre **avis** de quelqu'un, *to ask advice of one, to advise with him.* ♦ **Avis,** (proposition qu'on met en avant dans une assemblée,) *motion, proposal.* Ouvrir un **avis**, *to make a motion.* Donneur d'**avis**, *a projector.*
Avisé, ée, adj. (prudent.) Wise, well-advised, prudent, discreet, confederate, wary, circumspèct. Mal-**avisé**, (imprudent,) *ill-advi-*

sed, unwise, inconsiderate, unwary, imprudent.

‡ **Aviser**, verb. *act.* (avertir.) *To warn, to give a caution, to bid one have a care.*

† **Aviser** (appercevoir) quelqu'un dans une foule, *to spy out one in a crowd.*

Aviser, *v. n.* (consulter, délibérer.) *To advise with one's self, to think, consider, see or look.* ♦ (Prendre une résolution,) *to think advisable, to resolve.* ♦ (Faire réflexion,) *to think of, to take notice of.* Je ne m'en suis pas avisé, *I did not think of it, it never came into my mind.*

S'avisier, *v. r.* (s'imaginer, trouver un moyen.) *To bethink one's self.*

Avitaillé, *éc, adj.* *Furnished with or provided of victuals or provisions, victualled, &c.* V. the verb.

Avitaillement, *f. m.* *Provisions of victuals for a place.*

♦ **Avitaillement** d'un vaisseau, *the victualling of a ship.*

Avitailler une place, *v. a.* (mettre des vivres dans une place.) *To furnish or store a place with victuals or provisions, to convey provisions into it.* Avitailler un vaisseau, *to victual a ship, to provide her of victuals.*

Aviver, *v. a.* (rendre plus vif.) *To brisk up.* ♦ **Aviver** (Nettoyer & polir) des figures de métal, *to furnish, polish or brighten figures of metal.* ♦ **Aviver** le bois de charpente, *to hew timber.*

Avives, *f. f. pl.* *The vives, a disease in horses.*

Aulique, *adj.* (qui regarde la Cour supérieure de l'Empereur d'Allemagne.) *Aulick.* Le Conseil Aulique, *the Aulick Council.*

Aulique, *f. f.* *A solemn disputation held by a student in Divinity for a Doctor's degree.*

Au lof, *adv.* *To weather or a luff.*

Aulofée, *f. f.* *Faire une aulofée. To spring the luff.*

Aumailles, *f. f. pl.* (bêtes à cornes.) *Cattle.*

Aumelette, *f. f.* V. Omelette.

Aumône, *subst. f.* (charité.)

Alms, charity. Faire l'aumône, *to give alms, to bestow a charity.* Demander l'aumône, *to beg a charity, to beg.* ♦ Franche aumône, (terme de Pratique,) *frank-almoign, a tenure by divine Service.*

Aumôner, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique.) *To bestow, to give to charitable uses.*

Aumônerie, *f. f.* *Almshouse, charge d'Aumônier.* The Almoner's dignity. ♦ (Bénéfice claustral affecté à la distribution des aumônes,) *almshouse or alms.*

Aumônier, *ere, adj.* (charitable.) *Alms-giver, charitable.*

Aumônier, *f. m.* *An Almoner or Almshouse.*

Aumusse, *f. f.* *Ames, an ornament which Canons wear on their arms when they go to the office.*

Aunage, *f. m.* (mesurage à l'aune.) *A measuring by ells, a number of ells.*

Aunaie, *f. f.* *An alder's plot, a grove of alders.*

Aune, *f. m.* *Alder-tree.*

Aune, *f. f.* *An ell.* * † Tout du long de l'aune, *soundly.* P. Mesurer les autres à son aune, P. *to measure another man's corn by one's own bushel.*

Auné, *éc, adj.* *Measured by the ell.*

Aunée, *f. f.* (plante médicinale.) *Elecampane.*

Auner, *v. a.* *To measure by the ell.*

Auneur, *f. m.* *Alnager or alnager.*

Avocasser, *v. n.* *To follow the law, to do the office of a pleading Lawyer.*

Avocat, *f. m.* (celui qui défend les causes en Justice.) *A Lawyer, a Counsellor, an Advocate or a Counsel at law.* Avocat plaidant, *a pleading Lawyer or Counsellor, a Barrister.* Avocat consultant, *a chamber Counsellor.* ♦ **Avocat**, (intercesseur,) *advocate, intercessor or mediator.*

Avocate, *f. f.* (médiatrice.) *Advocate, mediatrix.*

Avocatoire, *adj. Ex.* Lettres avocatoires, Mandement avocatoire. *Avocatoria.*

Avoine, *f. f.* *Oats.*

Avoir, *v. a.* *To have.* Avoir du bien, *to have an estate, to be rich.* ♦ Avoir faim, soif, froid ou chaud, *to be hungry, dry, cold or hot.* ♦ Avoir beau faire, beau dire, &c. V. Beau. ♦ Avoir en horreur, *to abhor, to detest.* ♦ Avoir pour agréable, *to like to accept.* Avoir soin de quelque chose, *to take care of a thing.*

Il y a, *v. imp.* *There is, en parlant d'une seule chose; there are, en parlant de plusieurs.* Il y a là-bas un homme, *there is a man below.* Il y a là-haut deux Messieurs, *there are two Gentlemen above.* Il y a ici, *here is, here are.* Il y a, *it is or 'tis.* Il y a près de 20 milles d'ici-là, *it is or 'tis near upon 20 miles thither.* Il y a un an, huit jours, &c. *a year or eight days ago, a year or eight days since.* Il y a long-temps, *long since.*

† **Avoir**, *f. m.* (ce qu'on possède de bien.) *Substance, what one has.* C'est tout mon avoir, *this is all my substance or all I have.*

Avoisiner, *v. a.* *To border upon.* ♦ Un arbre qui avoisine les cieus, *a tree that reaches to the skies, a lofty tree, &c.*

Avortement, *f. m.* *Abortion, miscarriage, the bringing forth before the time or untimely.*

Avorté, *éc, adj.* *Abortive, born before the time.*

Avorter, *v. n.* (accoucher avant terme.) *To miscarry.* Faire avorter, *to cause a miscarriage.* ♦ Avorter, (en parlant des animaux,) *to bring forth young one's before the time.* * Avorter, (en parlant d'un dessein,) *to miscarry, to prove abortive.*

Avorton, *f. m.* *An abortive or untimely child or birth, one born out of due time.*

AVO

* † Quel petit avorton est-ce-là? *what little shrimp or short arse is that?* * Avorton, (en parlant des fruits,) *maximely frägt.* * Avorton, (production de l'esprit trop précipitée,) *an unimely production of the brain.*
 Avoué, *f. m.* An *avowee*, a *patron* or *protector of a Church.*
 Avoué, *ée*, *adj.* Owned, confessed, &c. V. the verb.
 Avouer, *v. a.* (confesser.) To own, confess, acknowledge, grant or avow. * (Reconnoître pour sien,) *so own, to father.* * (Approuver,) *to avow, to own, to approve or allow of.*
 Savouer de quelqu'un, *v. r.* To make use of one's name.
 Avoyer, *f. m.* (Magistrat de quelques villes Suisses.) An *avoyer* or *avoyee.*
 Auparavant, *adv.* Before.
 Auprès, *prep.* de lieu, (tout contre.) Near, by, about. Sa maison est auprès de la mienne, *his house is near mine.* * Auprès, (marquant l'attachement domestique,) *wish, near, by, to.* Ex. Etre auprès d'un grand Seigneur, *to live with a Nobleman, to be about him.* Il réside auprès du Prince, *he resides near the Prince.* S'attacher auprès de quelqu'un, *so apply or addit one's self to one.* * Auprès, (en comparaison,) *to, in comparison.* Votre mal n'est rien auprès du mien, *your distemper is nothing to mine or in comparison of mine.*
 Auprès ou tout auprès, *adv.* Hard by, close. † Par auprès, (un peu à côté,) *hard by, near, a little aside.*
 Auréole, *f. f.* A glory, round the head of a picture of a Saint, *the degree of glory of Saints in Heaven.*
 Auriculaire, *adj.* Auricular. La confession auriculaire, *the auricular confession.* * Un témoin auriculaire, *an ear-witness.*
 Auriqne, *adject.* Voiles auriqnes. *Shoulder-of-muston sails, Bermudoes sails and lug sails.*

AUS

Avril, *f. m.* April, the fourth month of the year.
 Aurone, *f. f.* Southern-wood, an herb ever green.
 Aurore, *f. f.* (lumière qui paroît avant que le soleil soit levé.) Aurora, the morning, the break of day, day-break, dawn. * Couleur d'aurore, ou simplement, aurore, (couleur de jaune doré,) yellow, of yellow colour. * Aurore, (l'orient,) the east.
 Auspice, *f. m.* (préage.) Auspice, *presage, token, omen.* * Sous d'heureux auspices, *auspiciously.* * Sous les auspices de quelqu'un, (sous sa conduite, sa faveur, son appui,) *under one's auspices, conduct, guidance, command, protection.*
 Aussi, *conj.* (pareillement.) Also, too, likewise. * (De plus,) *also, too, over and above.* * (C'est pourquoi,) *so, therefore, but then.* * (Marquant le rapport de ce qui suit avec ce qui précède,) *so, but, and truly, then.* Ayez soin de vos affaires; aussi ai-je, *mind your affairs; so I do.* Il est plus avisé que vous, aussi est-il plus âgé, *he is wiser than you, but he is older too.* J'ai brûlé ce papier, aussi ne servoit-il de rien, *I burn that paper, and truly it was good for nothing.* Il a été volé, mais aussi pourquoi va-t-il la nuit? *he has been robbed, but why then does he go in the night?* * Aussi, (autant, également,) *as, even as.* Il est aussi sage que vaillant, *he is as prudent as valiant.* Il est aussi embarrassé que moi, *he is as puzzled as I am.* Aussi bien, (de même, autant, comme,) *as well.* Je le ferai aussi bien que vous, *I'll do it as well as you.* Aussi bien les bons que les méchants, *the good as well as the wicked.* * Aussi bien, (approche quelquefois de la signification de car,) *for.* Je n'irai point, aussi bien il est

AUT

trop tard, *I won't go, for it is too late.*
 Aussi-tôt, *adv.* (dans le moment.) Forthwith, presently, out of hand. P. Aussi-tôt dit, aussi-tôt fait, (cela se dit pour marquer la promptitude de l'exécution,) *no sooner said but done.*
 Austère, *adj.* (rigoureux.) Austere, severe, rigorous. * (Rude, qui ne pardonne rien,) *austere, severe, rigid, strict, rigorous.* * (Grave,) *austere, severe, grave, reserved.* * Mine austère, a stern, crabbed or sour look. * (Apre au goût,) *harsh, rough, sour, sharp to the taste.*
 Austèrement, *adv.* Austere, rigorously, severely, strictly.
 Autérité, *f. f.* (mortification.) Austere, austerity, mortification. * (Sévérité,) *austerity, severity, strictness, rigour.*
 Austral, *ale, adj.* Southern, austral or australis. Les parties australes du Zodiaque, *the southern or austral parts of the Zodiac.* Terre australe, *terra australis.*
 Autan, *f. m.* (vent du midi.) The south wind.
 Autant, *adv.* As much, so much, as many, so many, as. Autant que jamais, *as much as ever.* J'ai autant de guinées que de pistoles, *I have as many guineas as pistoles.* Autant de têtes, autant d'opinions, *so many men, so many minds.* Je l'ai vendu tout autant, *I sold it for so much.* Je suis autant que vous, *I am as good as you.* Autant de fois qu'on le commande, *as often as he is bidden.* P. Autant en emporte le vent, *that signifies nothing or that does not signify a pin.* * Autant (ou selon) que j'en puis juger, *as I can conjecture.* * Autant comme autant, (en grande quantité,) *a great many, a great deal.* * D'autant plus, d'autant mieux, *the more, so much the more, so much the better.* On meurt d'autant plus vo-

52 AUT

lontiers qu'on est homme de bien, *the better a man lives, the more willingly he dies.* † Boire d'autant, *to drink hard.* D'autant que, *for as much as, whereas.* ♣ Autant, (terme de Palais, la copie d'un acte,) *the duplicate of a writing.*

Autel, f. m. *An Altar.* Le grand ou le maître-Autel, *the great Altar.* Le S. Sacrement de l'Autel, (l'Eucharistie,) *the Holy Sacrament, the Eucharist.*

Auteur, f. m. (celui qui est la première cause de quelque chose.) *Author or cause.* ♣ (Inventeur,) *the author, inventor, maker or contriver.* ♣ (Qui a composé un livre,) *an author, a writer or composer of a book.* ♣ (Terme de Jurisprudence,) *an owner or seller of things upon warranty.*

Authentique, adj. *Authentick, authentical; allowed, of good authority; original.*

Authentique, f. f. *Authentick Roman laws.*

Authentiquement, adv. *Authentically, in an authentick manner.*

Authentiquer, v. a. *To make authentick.*

Autographe, adj. *Autographical writing, autography.*

Automate, f. m. (machine qui a en soi les principes du mouvement.) *Automaton.*

Automnal, ale, adj. *Autumnal.*

Automne, f. m. & f. *Autumn.*

Autorisation, f. f. (terme de Pratique.) *Authorisation, authorizing or empowering.*

Autorisé, ée, adj. *Authorized, &c. V. the verb.*

Autoriser, v. a. *To authorize or empower, to give authority or power, to allow by authority.*

S'autoriser, v. r. *To get credit or authority.*

Autorité, f. f. (puissance.) *Authority, power.* Etre en autorité, *to be in power or authority.* ♣ Autorité, (manière impérieuse,) *authority, imperiousness.* ♣ (Crédit, considération,) *author-*

AUT

rity, power, credit, interest, consideration, weight.

♣ (Témoignage pour confirmer ce que l'on dit,) *authority, a passage or testimony quoted to make good what one says.*

Autour, f. m. *A goshawk, a bird of prey.*

Autour, prép. *About, round.*

Autour de sa personne, about his person. **Autour de l'Eglise, about or round the Church.**

Autour, adv. (aux environs.) *about, round.*

Autourserie, f. f. *The training up of goshawks.*

Autourrier, f. m. (qui dresse des autours.) *Goshawker.*

Au travers, à travers, prép. *V. Travers.*

Autre, (pronom relatif de tout genre.) *Other, another.* En voilà un, voilà l'autre, *there's one, there's the other.*

L'autre jour, the other day.

Une autre fois, another time. C'est un autre Alexan-

dre, he is another Alexander. Il est tout autre, *he is quite another man, he is quite altered.*

L'un ou l'autre, either. L'un & l'autre, *both.* Ni l'un ni l'autre, *neither.*

Autre chose, (marquant exclusion,) nothing or nothing else. Il ne fait autre chose que jouer, *he does nothing but play.*

Les uns se plaisent à une chose, les autres à une autre, some delight in one thing, some in another.

Il ne sera jamais autre qu'il a été, he shall ever be the same man. Il aime tout autre que moi, *he loves any body but me.*

Tout autre que lui eût perdu courage, any body else had been disheartened. Il y en a d'uns & d'autres, *there are good and bad.*

Je ne connois autre, I know him very well. P. En voici d'un autre, (voici un nouveau détour,) *now we shall hear.*

A d'autres, (adressez-vous à d'autres personnes pour leur faire accroire ce que vous dites,) pray don't talk so

AYE

to me, I am no such stock as to believe you, I know better things.

† Comme dit l'autre, *as some body says.*

Autrefois, adv. *Formerly; heretofore, in former times, in times past.*

Autrement, adv. (d'une autre façon.) *Otherwise, after another manner or fashion, another way.*

♣ (Sinon, sans cela, à faute de quoi,) *otherwise or else.*

♣ Pas autrement, (guere,) *not much, indifferently.*

Autre part, adv. (ailleurs.) *Elsewhere, some where else.*

Autruche, f. f. (espèce de grand oiseau.) *An ostrich.*

† † Avoir un estomac d'autruche, *to have a strong stomach that will digest anything.*

Autrui, f. m. (les autres personnes.) *Others, other people.*

S'affliger du mal d'autrui, *to be sorry for other people's or another man's trouble.*

Auvent, f. m. *A pent-house.*

Auvernat, subst. m. *A sort of coarse, red, heady wine made in or about Orleans.*

Auxiliaire, adject. *Auxiliary.*

Armée auxiliaire, troupes auxiliaires, auxiliary forces, auxiliaries. Verbe auxiliaire, *an auxiliary or helping verb in Grammar.*

Axe, f. m. *Axis or axle-tree.* L'axe du monde, *the axis of the world.* L'axe d'un cylindre, *the axis or axle-tree of a cylinder.*

Axillaire, adject. *Axillar or axillary, belonging to the arm-pits.*

Axiome, f. m. (maxime, proposition reçue & établie.) *An axiom.*

Axiometre, f. m. *Tell-tale of the tiller.*

Axonge, f. m. (graisse la plus molle du corps des animaux dont on se sert pour graisser l'essieu des roues,) *the softest fat or grease of beasts, which is used to grease the axle-tree of a wheel.*

Ayant, (participe du verbe Avoir.) *Having.* V. Avoir.

Ayeul, eule, V. Aieul.

A Z E

Azerole, *f. f.* (fruit.) *A sort of small medlar.*
Azerolier, *f. m.* (arbre sauvage.) *The small medlar tree, called the three-grained medlar or neapolitane medlar-tree.*
Azimut, *f. m.* *Azimuth.*
Azimutal, *ale, adjct.* *Azimuthal, belonging to the azimuths.*
Azur, *f. m.* (minéral.) *Azure.*
 ♣ **Bleu céleste**, (couleur,) *azure, sky-colour, blue.* ♣
 (Terme de Blason, bleu,) *azure in heraldry or blue.*
Azuré, *ée, adj.* *Coloured with azure or blue, sky-coloured.*
Azurins, *f. m. pl.* *Azurines, a sort of Canons.*
Azyme, *adj.* *Unleavened. Du pain azyme, unleavened bread.*
Azymes, *f. m. pl.* *The feast of unleavened bread among the Jews.*

B

B, *S. m.* *The second letter of the alphabet is found in French.* * † *Ne savoir ni A ni B. Nos to know A from B, to be a mere ignoramus.*
B-mol, } *Voyez* { **Bémol.**
B-quarre, } *Voyez* { **Béquarre.**
Babeure, *f. f.* *Butter-milk.*
Babil, *f. m.* *Prating, prattling, chat, chattering, chattering, talk, talkativeness.*
Babillard, *arde, adj.* *Talkative, prattling, full of talk or prattle.*
Un babillard, *f. m.* *A prattler, a prattling or talkative man, a babbler, a blab.*
Une babillarde, *f. f.* *A prattler or prattling woman, a talking gossip, a talkative woman.*
Babiller, *v. n.* *To talk, prate, prattle, chat or chatter, to twittle-twattle.*
Babine, *f. f.* *The lip of some beasts, as of a dog, horse, cow, ape, &c.*
Babiole, *f. f.* *A bawble or toy, a knack, gewgaw or whim-wham.*
Babord, *f. m. & adv.* *Larboard; ♣ (partie de l'équipage ou*

B A C

les babordais,) the Larboard watch. Babord ou babord la barre ! port the helm ! Avant babord ! pull to larboard !
Brasser babord, *to brace to larboard.*
Babouche, *f. f.* (forte de pantoufle.) *A sort of slipper.*
Babouin, *f. m.* (gros singe.) *A monkey, a baboon.* † *P.* *Faire baisser le babouin à quelqu'un, to make one truckle or creep and crouch.*
 † **Babouin**, (un petit badin ou étourdi,) *young little fool or sop, a simpleton.*
 † **Babouine**, *f. f.* *A foolish girl or woman, a simpleton.*
Bac, *f. m.* *A ferry-boat. Passer le bac, to cross the river in a ferry-boat, to ferry it over.*
Baccalauréat, *f. m.* *Bachelorship.*
Bacchanale, *subst. f.* *A basso relievo or picture representing the feasts of Bacchus, a bacchanal.*
Bacchanales, *f. f. pl.* *Bacchanals, Bacchu's feasts.*
Bacchante, *f. f.* *A Bacchant, a Priestess of Bacchus.* * *A forward, mad woman, a termagant.*
Bacha, *f. m.* (homme considérable parmi les Turcs.) *A Basha.*
Bachelier, *f. m.* *A Bachelor or bachelor of art.* ♣ (On appeloit ainsi un jeune homme qui servoit sous la bannière d'un autre,) *this was also formerly in France a title of gentry inferior to banneret and superior to ecuyer.*
Bachique, *adj.* *Of or belonging to Bacchus, drunken.* *Ex. Une chanson bachique, a drunken song.*
Bachot, *f. m.* *A wherry, a small ferry boat.*
Bacler, *v. a.* (ou barrer.) *To bar a door or window inwards.*
Baclé, *ée, adj.* *Barred.* * † (Arrêté, conclu,) *done, agreed on, concluded.*
Badaud, *f. m.* *A silly man, a booby, a simpleton, a foolish admirer of any thing.*

B A G

53

Badaude, *f. f.* *A silly woman a simpleton.*
Badauder, *v. n.* *To stand gaping into the air, to loiter, to trifle away one's time.*
Badauderie, *f. f.* *Simplicity, foolery, silliness.*
Baderne, *f. f.* *Mar.*
Badigeon, *f. m.* (mortier fait de recoupes de pierre de taille.) *Plaster of Paris.*
Badigeoner, *v. a.* *To plaster with plaster of Paris.*
Badin, *f. m.* *A waggish, apish, wanton, sportful, full of play or apish tricks, idle, silly man or boy.*
Badine, *f. f.* *A waggish, apish, &c. woman or girl.*
Badin, ine, *adj.* *Wanton, waggish, apish, merry, frolick.*
Badinage, *f. m.* (action de badin.) *Play, sport, wantonness, toying.* * *Elle est faite au badinage, she is used to the sport.*
Badiner, *v. n.* *To play or play the fool or the wag, to be full of mad or wanton tricks.* * (En parlant d'un certain style agréable & enjoué,) *to play, to jeer, to joke, to droll.*
Badinerie, *f. f.* *A silly or foolish thing, silly stuff, popery, foolery, idle story, impertinence.*
Bafouer, *v. act.* *To abuse, revile, affront.*
Bafoué, *ée, adj.* *Abused, reviled.*
 † **Bâfre**, *f. f.* (action de manger.) *Eating, catables, jawwork, guttling.*
 † **Bâfrer**, *v. n.* (manger avec avidité.) *To eat greedily, to guttle.*
Bagage, *f. m.* (équipement.) *Carriage, baggage, luggage, goods.* * † *Plier ou trousser bagage, to pack away, to trust or march bag and baggage, to go away.* * † *Il a plié bagage, (il est mort,) he is gone, he is dead.*
 † **Bagarre**, *f. f.* *Brawl, strife, quarrel, squabble.*
 † **Bagaße**, *f. f.* (terme malhonnête ; femme prostituée,) *a quean, a drab.*

54 B A G

Bagatelle, *f. f.* *A trifle, a toy, an idle thing, a thing of small value, a small business.* Donner dans la bagatelle, *to buffy one's self about trifles.*

Bagatelle, *interj.* (qui signifie qu'on ne croit ou qu'on ne craint pas quelque chose.) *Not at all, no no, there's no such thing.*

Bague, *f. f.* *A ring. Bagues d'oreilles, ear-rings.* * Ce n'est qu'une bague au doigt, (en parlant de ce qui donne de l'éclat sans profit,) *that's but a feather in one's cap.* * Bagues sauvées, *clear, safe, unhurt.* Ex. Il s'en est tiré bagues sauvées, *he is come off clear.*

Baguenaude, *f. f.* *A bladder-nut, a winter-cherry or alkkeny.*

† **Baguenauder**, *v. n.* *To stand trifling, to mind nothing but trifles, to trifle the time away.*

Baguenaudier, *f. m.* (arbrisseau.) *A tree that bears bladder-nuts, the bastard fennel-tree.*

* † **Baguenaudier**, *f. m.* (celui qui baguenaude.) *A trisler, a trifling, foolish, iddle fellow.*

Baguer, *v. a.* *To baffle, a term of a Taylor.*

Baguette, *f. f.* (verge, houffine.) *A little stick, a rod, a switch, a wand.* Baguette de fusil, *a gun-stick.* Baguette pour battre la caisse, *a drum-stick.* * Commander à baguette, *to command magisterially or imperiously.*

Baguettes, *f. f. pl.* (châtiment militaire.) *Gantlope.* Passer par les baguettes, *to run the gantlope.*

Baguier, *f. m.* *A case or box for rings.*

Bahut, *f. m.* *A trunk.*

Bahutier, *f. m.* *A trunk-maker.*

Bai, *baie*, *adj.* *Bay, of a chestnut colour.* Un cheval bai, *a bayard, a bay-horse.* Bai brun, *brown bay.* Bai châtain, *of a chestnut colour.* Bai doré, *yellow dun.* Bai miroité ou à miroir, *a bright dappled bay.*

B A I

Baie, *f. f.* (graine de certains arbres.) *A berry of some trees.* * (Golfe, rade,) *a bay or road at sea.* * (Ouverture dans les murs,) *a gap in a wall for a door or window.* * † (Tromperie qu'on fait à quelqu'un pour se divertir,) *a sham, a flam.*

Baigné, *é*, *adj.* *Watered, wet, bathed, washed, soaked.*

Baigner, *v. a.* *To bathe, to water, to soak, to wash.*

Baigner, *v. a.* (trempier longtemps.) *To soak.*

Se baigner, *v. r.* *To wash or bathe one's self.*

Baigneur, *f. m.* *The master of a bagnio or bath-keeper; he that bathes himself.*

Baigneuse, *f. f.* *A woman that bathes herself.*

Baignoire, *f. f.* *A bathing-tub.*

Bail, *f. m.* *A lease.*

Baille, *f. f.* (terme de mer.) *A half tub.*

Baillement, *f. m.* *A gaping or yawning.*

Bâiller, *v. neut.* *To gape, to yawn.* * (S'entr'ouvrir,) *to gape, chap or chink.*

† **Bailler**, *v. act.* (donner, mettre en main.) *To give, to reach, to deliver.* * **Bailler** à ferme, *to lease, farm or let out.*

Bailleul, *f. m.* (qui remet les os disloqués.) *A bone-setter.*

Bailleur, *f. m.* **Bailleresse**, *f. f.* (qui baille à ferme.) *A leaseholder.*

Bâilleur, *f. m.* *Yawner.* P. Un bon bâilleur en fait bâiller deux, P. *Yawning is catching.*

Bailli, *f. m.* *A Bailiff.*

Baillage, *f. m.* *Bailiwick.*

Baillive, *f. f.* *A Bailiff's wife.*

Bâillon, *f. m.* *A gag.*

Bâillonner, *v. a.* *To gag.*

Bain, *f. m.* *A washing place, a bath or bagnio, a bathing-vessel; the bath or act of bathing.* Prendre le bain, *to bathe one's self.*

Bajoque, *f. f.* *A double-faced coin.*

Bajoue, *f. f.* *A hog's cheek.*

Baionnette, *f. f.* *Bayonet.*

Baïlé, *é*, *adj.* *Kissed, buffed, &c.*

B A L

Baïseins, *f. m. pl.* *Service; respect, commendations, compliments.* Ex. Faites-lui, je vous prie, mes baïseins, *pray present my service or respect to him, pray remember me to him.*

A belles baïseins, *adverb.* (avec soumission & supplication.) *Creeping and crouching submissively.*

Baïsement, *f. m.* *Kissing.*

Baïser, *verb. act.* *To kiss, to buff.*

Se baïser, *v. r.* *To kiss each other, to mingle or exchange kisses.* * **Se baïser**, (se toucher,) *to lie close.*

Baïseur, *euse*, *f. m. & f.* *Kisser.*

† **Baïssoter**, *v. a.* *To be always kissing.*

Baïssé, *é*, *adj.* *Down, let down, bowed down.* * **Se retirer** la tête baïssée, *to sneak away, to go away hanging down one's head.* Aller tête baïssée contre l'ennemi, *to encounter the enemy hand over head, to run headlong upon the enemy.*

Baïsser, *v. act.* (mettre plus bas.) *To let down, to bow, to bow down, to bring lower.* * **Baïsser** les yeux, *to look downwards, to cast one's eyes down or downward.* * **Baïsser** la voix, *to let fall one's voice, to depress one's voice.* * **Baïsser** la tête, *to stoop, to bow one's head, to go through a door.* * **Baïsser** la tête, (pour faire signe,) *to nod.* * **Baïsser** le pavillon, *to strike the flag.*

Baïsser, *v. n.* (diminuer, s'affaiblir.) *To fall, decrease, sink, decay, flag, lower or shorten.* * Sa faveur baïsse, *his credit sinks or lowers.* * **Baïsser**, (descendre par eau,) *to fall or go down a river.*

Se baïsser, *v. r.* *To stoop.*

Baïssière, *f. f.* *The tiltings, grounds or bottoms of wine.*

Baïsure, *subst. f.* *The kissing-crust.*

Bal, *f. m.* *A ball, a solemn dancing.*

Baladin, *f. m.* *A merry-andrew, a stage-dancer.*

BAL

Balafre, *f. f.* *A gash, a slash.*
Balafre, *éc.* *adj.* *Cut, slashed, gashed.*

Balafre, *v. a.* *To cut, to slash, to gash.*

Balai, *f. m.* *A besom, broom.*

Balais, *adj. m.* *Ex. Rubis balais. A balais's ruby.*

Balance, *f. f.* *(instrument servant à peser.) Balance, a pair of balances or scales.*

* *Emporter la balance, to carry it, to out-weight.*

* *Faire pencher la balance, to turn the scale.*

* *Etre en balance, (être en suspens,) to be in balance, to waver,*

to be irresolute, in suspense or in a quandary.

* *Mettre une chose en balance, (l'examiner,) to take a thing into consideration,*

to balance, weigh or examine a thing, to consider of it.

* *Faire entrer une chose en balance avec une autre, to put a thing in the scale against or with another.*

♣ *La Balance, (figne céleste,) Libra.*

Balancé, *éc.* *adj.* *Balanced, &c. V. Balancer.*

Balancement, *f. m.* *Swinging, the waving to and fro.*

Balancer, *v. a.* *(tenir en équilibre.) To balance, to counterbalance, to poise or counterpoise.*

* *(Peser, examiner,) to balance, weigh, poise, examine, ponder or consider.*

Balancer, *v. n.* *(demeurer en équilibre.) To be poised or balanced.*

* *(Etre en suspens,) to boggle, waver, to be floating or uncertain what to do, to be in a quandary,*

† to be at shall I, shall I.

* *Balancer, to beat up and down, as dogs or deer do.*

Se balancer, *v. r.* *To swing one's body in walking.*

♣ *Se balancer en l'air, (en parlant des oiseaux,) to hover in the air, as birds do.*

Balancier, *f. m.* *(pièce d'une horloge ou d'une montre.) The balance of a clock or watch.*

Balancier d'un tourne-broche, the flyer of a kitchen jack.

♣ *Balancier, (pour faire des monnoies,) a die or coiner's stamp.*

♣ *Ba-*

BAL

lanciers de boussole, gim-mals of a sea compass.

Balançines, *f. f. pl.* *Lifits, a sort of ship-ropes.*

Balançoire, *f. f.* *(jeu de la balançoire.) See-saw.*

Balandran ou Balandras, *f. m.* *A great cloak for foul weather.*

Balayé, *éc.* *adj.* *Swept.*

Balayer, *v. a.* *To sweep, to clean with a broom.*

Balayeur, *f. m.* *Sweeper.*

Balayeuse, *f. f.* *A sweeper, a woman that sweeps with a broom.*

Balayures, *f. f. pl.* *Sweepings, the filth, dirt or dust swept with a broom.*

Balbutier, *v. n.* *To stutter or flammer, to lisp.*

Balcon, *f. m.* *A balcony.*

Baldaqin, *f. m.* *A canopy.*

Baleine, *f. f.* *A whale, the biggest of fishes.*

♣ *Baleine, (ou côte de baleine,) a whalebone.*

Baleineau, *f. m.* *A young whale.*

Balenas, *f. m.* *The pizzle of a whale.*

Baleston, *f. m.* *(ou livarde.) Sprit of a shoulder-of-mutton sail.*

Balise, *f. f.* *A sea-mark, a buoy floating or a mast raised on a bank.*

Balifer, *v. a.* *Balifer une passe, un canal, to put up beacons in a channel.*

Baliste, *f. f.* *A ballist or ballista, a warlike engine used by the Ancients.*

Baliveau, *f. m.* *A tiller or flander, a young tree left in wood for growth.*

Balivernes, *f. f. pl.* *Trifles, idle stuff, idle tales or stories, old women's tales.*

Ballade, *f. f.* *A ballad, a poem.*

Le refrain de la ballade, the burden of the ballad.

Balle, *f. f.* *(boulet.) A bullet or shot.*

Balle ramée, a cross-bar shot.

♣ *Balle, (pour jouer,) a ball to play withal.*

♣ *Balle d'imprimeur, a Printer's ball.*

♣ *Balle, (ou ballot de marchandises,) a bale or pack of wares.*

♣ *Balle d'avoine, (qui enveloppe le grain,) the chaff or coat of oats.*

♣ *Ba-*

BAN

55

† **Baller**, *v. n.* *(danfer.) To dance, to skip.*

Ballot, *f. m.* *Balles, a kind of dance.*

Ballon, *f. m.* *A foot-ball.*

Ballot, *f. m.* *Bale or packet.*

Ballotage, *f. m.* *Balloting.*

Ballotte, *f. f.* *A ballot, a balloting or voting ball.*

Ballotter, *v. a. & n.* *(peloter.) To toss, a term of a tennis-court.*

* *Ballotter quelqu'un, to toss one from post to pillar, to play the fool with him to keep him at a bay.*

* *Ballotter une affaire, (la discuter, l'agiter,) to bandy, examine or agitate a business.*

Ballotter, *v. n.* *To ballot, to vote by ballots.*

Balotade, *f. f.* *A bounding of a horse bewixt two posts.*

Balourd, *de, f. f.* *A dallard, a blockhead.*

Balsamine, *f. f.* *(plante.) Balsamine.*

Balsamique, *adj.* *Balsamick, balsamical.*

Balustrade, *f. f.* *Badustrade, rails.*

Balustre, *f. m.* *(petit pilier façonné.) A rail, a baluster, a little pillar, such as are seen on the outside of cloisters, terrasses, &c.*

♣ *(ou Balustrade,) balustrade or rails.*

Balzan, *adj.* *A horse with a white spot in his legs.*

Balzane, *f. f.* *A white spot in a horse's leg.*

Bamboche, *subst. f.* *A puppet bigger than ordinary; * a shrimp or * † a short arse, a dwarf.*

♣ *(Sorte de canna des Indes,) a bamboo.*

Bambou, *f. m.* *(espèce de roseau des Indes.) Bamboo.*

Ban, *f. m.* *(publication de la part d'un Supérieur.) A ban, a proclamation.*

♣ *(Exil, bannissement,) a banishment or exile.*

♣ *(Proscription,) a proscription, an outlawry.*

♣ *Ban & arriere-ban, ban and arriere-ban, a proclamation whereby all that hold lands of the crown, are summoned to meet at a certain place in order to serve the King in his*

D 12

Wars, either personally or by proxy.

Banal, *ale, adj. Belonging to a manor, common.* Taureau banal, *a common or town-bull.*

Banalité, *f. f. A privilege of the lord of the manor, whereby his vassals are bound to grind at his mill, &c.*

Bananier, *f. m. A sort of large rose in the east and west-Indies.*

Banc, *subst. m. (long siege.) Bench, form or seat.* *✧* Banc fermé dans une Eglise, *a pew or seat in a Church.* *✧* Banc, *(rocher ou sable dans la mer,) a shelf or the sands, sand-bank.* Banc de glace, *a field of ice.* Banc de rameurs, *thwarts or seats of rowers.* *✧* Etre sur les bancs, *to stand out a dispute or hold a dispute.* *✧* Donner à travers quelque banc, *(en parlant d'un vaisseau,) to run a-ground, to strike the sands.*

Bandage, *f. m. The binding up of any thing.* *✧* (Ligature,) *ligature.* *✧* Bandage d'une plaie, *the bandage of a wound.* *✧* Bandage, *(ou brayer,) a truss worn by such as are hurt.* *✧* Bandages, *(bandes qui entourent les roues,) the bands or iron-plates of a cart-wheel.*

Bande, *f. f. A band, a swath-band or fillet.* *✧* Bande de cuir, *a thong of a leather.* *✧* Bande d'étoffe, *a strip of a piece of stuff.* *✧* Bandes de fer d'une roue, *bands of iron.* *✧* Bande de selle, *the side bar of a saddle.* *✧* Bande, *(terme d'armoirie,) bend, in heraldry.* *✧* Bande, *(troupe, compagnie,) band, crew, set, company, gang.* *✧* Bande, *(terme de Marine, latitude,) latitude.* *✧* The side of a ship. Donner à la bande, *to heel.* Donner une demi-bande, *parliament heel or boot-topping of a ship.* *✧* Bande du nord, *&c. the northern shore of an Island.* *✧* Bandes des ris, *reef bands.* *✧* Bandes, *(troupes de*

gens de guerre,) bands, forces, armies.

En bande, *adv. A-main, let go amain!*

Bandé, *ée, adj. Bound, bent, &c. V. Bander.*

Bandeau, *f. m. A head-band or fillet.* *✧* Le bandeau d'une veuve, *a widow's peak.* *✧* Bandeau royal, *(diademe,) a royal wreath or diadem.* *✧* Avoir un bandeau devant les yeux, *to be blind folded, * to have a veil or mist before one's eyes.*

Bandelette, *f. f. A little fillet, band or string.*

Bander, *v. a. (lier & ferrer.) To bind or tie with a fillet, &c. ✧* (Tendre,) *to bend.* *✧* Bander une voile, *to linc a sail at the edges.* *✧* Bander une arme à feu, *to cock a gun.* *✧* Bander, *(terme de tripot,) to bandy.* *✧* Bander quelqu'un ou bander les yeux à quelqu'un, *to blind-fold or hood-wink one.* *✧* Bander son esprit, *avoir l'esprit bandé, to bend one's mind or one's self on or to a thing.*

Se bander, *v. r. (se liguer) contre quelqu'un. To rise or bandy against one.* Pour-quoi vous bandez-vous contre la vérité? *why do you withstand truth?*

Bandereau, *f. m. A string for a trumpet.*

Banderole, *f. f. A streamer used at sea, a banderol or little flag; ✧ the fringed banderol or silk that hangs on a trumpet.*

Bandière, *f. f. V. Bannière.* Front de bandière, *a line formed a-breast.*

Bandit, *f. m. A bandi-o, an Italian robber; ✧ a vagabond, a padder, a highwayman, a cut-throat.*

Bandoulier, *f. m. A vagabond, a highwayman.*

Bandoulière, *f. f. A large shoulderbelt.*

Banlieue, *f. f. The jurisdiction, precincts or liberties of a town.*

Banne, *f. f. A tilt for a boat.*

Banner, *v. a. To cover with a tilt.*

Banneret, *adj. m. Banneret.* Chevalier banneret, *Knight banneret.*

Banni, *ie, adj. Banished, &c.* **Bannière**, *f. f. Banner, standard.* *✧* Mettre les perroquets en bannière, *to let fly the sheets of the top-gallant sails.*

Bannir, *v. a. To banish.*

Bannissement, *f. m. Banishment, exile.*

Banque, *f. f. A bank.*

Banqueroute, *f. f. Bankruptcy, breaking.* Faire banqueroute, *to break or turn bankrupt.*

Banqueroutier, *f. m. Banqueroutiere, f. f. A bankrupt.* **Banquet**, *f. m. A banquet, a feast; ✧ part of the cheek of a bit.*

† Banqueter, *v. n. To banquet, to feast or feast it, to junket.*

Banquette, *f. f. A raised way; a little bank.*

Banquier, *f. m. A Banker.*

Baptême, *f. m. Baptism, christening.* *✧* Recevoir le baptême, *to be christened or baptized.* *✧* Tenir un enfant sur les fonts de baptême, *to stand god-father to a child.* *✧* Nom de baptême, *christian name.* *✧* Baptême du tropique ou de la ligne, *the ducking of one at sea.*

Baptisé, *ée, adj. Baptized, christened.*

Baptiser, *v. a. (from baptême.) To baptize, to christen.* *✧* *†* Baptiser son vin, *to dilute one's wine, to put a great deal of water in one's wine.*

Baptismal, *ale, adj. Baptismal.*

Baptistère, *adj. Ex. Registre baptistère. Church-book.*

Un baptistère, *f. m. A certificate out of a church-book.*

Baquet, *f. m. Tub or bucket.*

✧ Baquet d'imprimerie, *a trough in a Printing-house.* **Baragouin**, *f. m. Gibberish, cant, an old kind of dialect.*

† Baragouiner, *v. n. To speak gibberish, to speak a broken language.*

Baragouneur, *f. m. Baragou-*

BAR

neuse, f. f. A man or woman that speaks gibberish.
Baraque, f. f. (hutte de soldats.) Barack.
Baraquer, v. a. To make barracks.
Baratte, f. f. A churn.
Barbacane, f. f. A casemate or loophole in a wall to shoot through.
Barbare, adj. (sauvage.) Barbarous, rude, savage. ♣ (Cruel, inhumain,) barbarous, cruel, inhuman.
Un barbare, f. m. A barbarian, a barbarous man.
Barbarement, adverb. Barbarously.
Barbarie, subst. f. (cruauté.) Barbarity, barbarousness, cruelty, inhumanity. ♣ (Grossièreté,) barbarousness, incivility, rudeness, rusticity.
Barbarisme, subst. m. (faute contre la langue.) A barbarism.
*Barbe, f. f. (poil du menton & des joues.) Beard. ♣ (Poil d'un épi,) the beard of an ear of corn. ♣ La barbe d'une comète, the beams of a blazing-star or the flap-jet of a comet. ♣ La barbe d'un coq, a cock's gills. ♣ Barbe d'un hordage, wooden ends of a plank. ♣ Mouiller en barbe, to come so with two anchors a-head. ♣ Barbes, (dans la bouche du cheval ou du bœuf,) the barbles, a disease in the mouth of horses and oxen. ♣ Faire la barbe à quelqu'un, (au propre,) to trim, shave or beard one. Faire tous les matins dix ou douze barbes, to trim every morning ten or twelve people. * † Rire dans sa barbe, (rire sous cape,) * † to laugh in one's sleeve. * † Je le dirai à sa barbe, I shall tell it to his face. * † Il l'a fait à sa barbe, he has done it under his nose. ♣ Sainte-Barbe, (dans un vaisseau,) the gunner's room in a ship.
Barbe, f. m. A barb, a barbary horse.
*Barbé, éc, adj. Bearded, a serpa of heraldry.**

BAR

Barbeau, f. m. Barbel, a sort of fish.
Barbelé, éc, adj. Ex. Fleche barbelée. A bearded arrow.
Barberie, f. f. Shaving and trimming.
Barbet, f. m. A shagged dog.
Barbichon, f. m. (petit barbet.) A little bitch, a lap-dog.
Barbier, f. m. A Barber.
Barbillon, f. m. A little barbel fish.
† Barbon, f. m. An old beard, a doltard.
Barbote, f. f. (forte de poisson.) An eel-pout.
Barboter, v. n. (en parlant des canards.) To muddle.
Barboteur, f. m. A muddling or tame drake or duck.
Barbotine, f. f. Worm-steel.
Barbouillage, f. m. Dawbing.
Barbouillé, éc, adj. Dawbed, foul.
*Barbouiller, v. a. (peindre grossièrement.) To dawb. ♣ (Salir,) to dawb or foul. Barbouiller du papier, to scribble, to waste paper. * Barbouiller, (embrouiller,) to perplex or confound a business.*
*Barbouilleur, f. m. A dawber. * Barbouilleur, (méchant Auteur,) a scribbler, a paucery writer.*
Barbu, ue, adj. Bearded, full of beard, that has got a great beard.
Barbue, f. f. A dab or dirth.
Bard, f. m. Hand-barrow.
Bardane, f. f. (glouteron, herbe.) Burdock.
Barde, f. f. (l'armure du poitrail du cheval.) Horse armour. ♣ (Espèce de selle,) a sort of great saddle. ♣ (Tranche de lard,) a thin broad slice of bacon, where-with pullets, capons, &c. are sometimes covered before they come to the spit. ♣ Bardes, (chantres ou poètes parmi les anciens Gaulois,) the bards or poets among the ancient Gauls.
Bardé, éc, adj. Barbed; ♣ covered with a slice of bacon.
Bardeau, f. m. A shingle or tile of cleft wood.
Barde, v. a. To barb a horse; ♣

BAR

57

to cover with a slice of bacon.
Bardeur, f. m. A day-labourer, who carries the hand-barrow.
Bardis, f. m. Water-board or weather-boards.
Bardot, f. m. A small mule.
Barge, f. f. (poisson.) A fish not unlike a curlew, ♣ a river barge.
*Barguigner, v. n. To haggle, chaffer or beat down the piece. * (Etre irrésolu,) to boggle or waver.*
Barguigneur, f. m. Barguigneuse, f. f. A haggler.
Baril, f. m. A barrel, a rundlet, a small cask.
Barillet, f. m. (partie de la montre.) The barrel of a watch. ♣ (Petit baril,) a small rundlet or cask.
Bariolage, f. m. Variation, a motley or confused mixture or medley of colours.
Barioler, v. a. To daub or streak with several colours. ♣ Feves bariolées, french-beans or kidney-beans.
Barlong, gue, adj. Longer on one side than another.
Barnabites, f. m. pl. Barnabites; sort of Monks.
Barnache, f. f. (espèce d'oie qui se trouve sur les côtes de la mer.) Barnacle.
Barometre, f. m. Barometer, a weather-glass.
Baron, f. m. Baron.
Baronne, f. f. A Baroness.
Baronnet, f. m. A Baronet or Knight and Baronet.
Baronnie, f. f. Barony.
Baroque, adj. perle baroque. A rough or scotch pearl.
*Barque, f. f. Bark or great boat. * † Savoir bien conduire sa barque, (se savoir bien conduire,) to know how to carry one's self. † Conduire la barque, (être le chef d'une affaire,) to be ring-leader in a business.*
Barquée, f. f. A boat-full.
Barquerolle, f. f. A little bark or boat.
Barrage, f. m. A kind of passage-toll.
darrager, f. m. He that gathers the passage-toll.
Barre, f. f. A bar or spar. ♣ Barres, (en termes de

maréchal, *part of a horse's nether jaw.* ♦ Barre de Palais, *the bar in a Court of Justice.* ♦ Barre, (ou contre-bande traversant l'écu,) *a bar in a coat of arms.* ♦ Barre de muid, *a cross-bar of a cask.* ♦ Barre à l'entrée d'un port, *a bar at the entrance of a haven.* ♦ Barres d'arceau, *transoms.* ♦ Barre du gouvernail, *ziller of the helm.* Droit la barre! *right the helm!* Babord la barre! *port the helm!* Barres de cabestan, *bars of the capstern.* — de hune, *cross-trees and trestle trees.* — d'écouille, *hatch-bars.* ♦ Barre, (levier,) *bar, lever.* ♦ Barres, (sorte de jeu,) *Barriers, a martial sport.*

Barré, *éc, adj. Barred, shut with a bar, &c.* V. the verb Barrer.

Barreau, *f. m. A little wooden or iron bar.* ♦ (Lieu où l'on plaide,) *the Bar.* ♦ (Tout le Palais,) *the Court, the Bar.* ♦ Gens de barreau, *Lawyers, pleading lawyers, attorneys.* ♦ Fréquenter le barreau, *to follow the Law, to be often hearing or pleading of causes.*

Barrer, *v. a. To bar or shut with a bar.* ♦ — le chemin, *to stop the way or passage.* ♦ — quelque écrit, *to bar or scratch out a writing.* ♦ — une veine, (en terme de maréchal ferrant,) *to knit fast a vein.*

Barrette, *f. f. A cap or bonnet.* ♦ J'ai bien parlé à la barrette, *I have rattled him to some tune.*

Barricade, *f. f. A barricado.* Barricadé, *éc, adj. Barricaded.*

Barricader, *v. a. To barricade.*

Barrière, *f. f. A rail or field-gate.* ♦ (Obstacle,) *a bar, let, hinderance or obstacle.* ♦ Barrières, (bornes, défense,) *a barrier.* ♦ Barrière de sergent, *a public place where bailiffs are to be found.* ♦ Barrière, (pour les combats,) *a list or place*

to fight in. ♦ (Le lieu d'où partoient les chevaux dans le cirque,) *the barriers or starting place.*

Barril. V. Baril.

Barrique, *f. f. A hoghead or strench barrel.*

Barroter, *v. a. Barroter un vaisseau. To fill a vessel up to the beams or to over load a ship.*

Barrotins, *f. m. pl. (ou traversins des baux.) Ledges.*

Bas, *fle, adj. Low, shallow.* Une chambre basse, *a low room.* Une rivière basse, *a shallow water.* ♦ Un esprit bas, (petit génie,) *a low, shallow or mean wit.* ♦ Bas, (sans courage,) *base, mean.*

♦ (Situé plus bas,) *lower.* ♦ Les bas Officiers, *the inferior Officers, the subalterns.* ♦ Bas, (vil, méprisable,) *low, mean, pitiful, base, vile, sordid, poor.*

Faire main-basse, *to put all to the sword.* Une basse-fosse, *a dungeon.* Maître des basses-œuvres, *a tom-turd.* ♦ Le carême est bas, *the lent is forward.* Les basses voiles, *the main and mizen sails.* ♦ Basse-mer, *low water, the last of the ebb.*

♦ Avoir la vue basse, *to be purblind or short-sighted.* ♦ Bas - relief ou basse-taille, (ouvrage de sculpture,) *basso relievo.* ♦

Le bas peuple, *the common people, the vulgar, the mob.* ♦ Les basses-cartes, *all the cards that are not court cards, the small cards.* ♦ Sorti de bas-lieu, *meanly extracted or born.* ♦ Les eaux sont basses chez lui, *he is at low ebb.*

Bas, *f. m. (la partie inférieure.) Bottom, the lower part or foot of a thing.* Le bas d'une montagne, *the foot or bottom of a hill.* ♦ Bas, (vêtement pour la jambe,) *stocking, hose.*

Bas, *adv. Down, low.* Mettre bas les armes, *to lay down arms.* Parler bas, *to speak low or softly.* ♦ Jouer argent bas, *to play for ready money.* ♦ Mettre le pavil-

lon bas, *to strike the flag.* ♦ Il est bas, *il est bas perché, it is low with him.* ♦ Le vin est au bas, *the wine runs low.* ♦ Mettre bas, (faire des petits,) *to bring forth, as beasts do.* ♦ Là-bas, *below.*

♦ En bas, *down, below.* ♦ A bas, *upon the ground.* ♦ A bas, (descendez,) *down or come down.* ♦ Par haut & par bas, *upwards and downwards.*

Bafane, *f. f. Sheep-leather.* Bafané, *éc, adj. Tawny, sun-burnt, of a swarthy complexion.*

Bascule, *f. f. A swipe, a saw.*

Bafe, *f. f. Bafe or basif; bottom, ground.*

Bas-fond, *f. m. A shallow, a flat.*

Basilic, *f. m. (serpent fabuleux.) Basilisk or cockatrice.* ♦ (Herbe,) *sweet basil, an herb.*

Basilique, *adj. (la veine basilique.) The basilical vein.*

Basilique, *f. f. (église grande & magnifique.) A great church.*

Basin, *f. m. Dimity.*

Basochie, *f. f. (communauté des Clercs du Parlement de Paris.) The company and jurisdiction of Lawyers Clerks in the Parliament of Paris.*

Le Roi de la Basochie, *the Master of Misrule.*

Basque, *f. f. The skirt of a doublet.*

Basque, *f. m. Ex. Un tour de basque. A clever trick, a legerdemain.* Aller comme un basque, *to be swiftfooted, as the people of Biscay are.*

Basse, *adj. The feminine of bas.* V. Bas.

Basse ou Basse-contre, *f. f. The base in musick.* Basse-continue, *a thorough base.*

Basse de viole, *a base viol.* ♦ Basses, (bancs de sables ou rochers,) *shallows, flat.*

Basse-cour, *f. f. Bascours, lower or inner court; poultry yard.*

Bassement, *adv. (d'une manière basse.) Meanly, poorly, pitifully.*

Bassefle, *f. f. Meanests, low*

B A S

lines; ♣ *a base or unwor-
thy action.* ♣ Faire une bas-
seffe, (s'abaisser trop,) *to debase one's self, to hum-
ble one's self too much, to
cringe, to creep and crouch.*
Basset, *f. m.* Terrier, a terrier
dog.
Bassette, *f. f.* Basses, a game
at cards.
Bassin, *f. m.* (plat rond ou
ovale.) *Bason.* ♣ Bassin de
fontaine, *the vase of a foun-
tain.* ♣ Bassin de chaise per-
cée, *the pan of a close-stool.*
♣ Bassin de balance, *the
scale of a balance.* ♣ Bassin,
(petit port pratiqué dans
un plus grand,) *a weidock.*
♣ (Pour le radoub,) *basin
of a dock or a dry
dock.*
Bassine, *f. f.* Pan, a deep and
wide pan used by confec-
tioners, chymists and apo-
thecaries.
Bassiné, *éc, adj.* Warmed, &c.
V. the verb.
Bassiner, *v. a.* To warm with
a warming-pan. ♣ Bassiner
une plaie, (l'éteuver,) *to
bathe or foment a wound.*
Bassinnet, *f. m.* (fleur jaune.)
*Crowfoot, golden knop or
butter-flower.* ♣ Bassinnet
d'arme à feu, *pan, the touch-
pan of a gun.*
Bassinore, *f. f.* A warming-
pan.
Basson, *f. m.* Bassoon, *the
base of a hautboy.*
‡ Bastant, *ante, adj.* Suffi-
cient.
Baste, *f. m.* (as de trefle, au
jeu d'homme.) *Baste, the
ace of clubs at ombre.*
‡ Baster, *v. n.* (suffire.) *To be
sufficient or enough, to suf-
fice.*
Basterne, *f. f.* Bastern.
Bastingage, *f. m.* (filets de
bastingage.) *Netting.*
Bastiquer un vaisseau, *v. a.*
To barricade a ship.
Bastion, *f. m.* A bastion, a
bulwark.
Bastonnade, *f. f.* (coups de
bâton.) *A bastonado or cud-
gelling.*
Bas-ventre, *f. m.* The lower
belly, the lower part of the
belly.

B A T

Bât, *f. m.* A pack-saddle, a
pannel.
Bataille, *f. f.* Battle, fight.
Bataille rangée, *a field or
pitched battle.* ♣ Cheval de
bataille, *a war horse.* ♣
Mettre ou ranger une armée
en bataille, *to draw up an
army in battalia or in order
of battle.*
† Batailler, *v. n.* To battle, to
struggle hard. Il m'a bien fallu
batailler pour l'obtenir, *I
was fain to battle or to fight,
or to struggle hard for it.*
Bataillon, *f. m.* (corps d'in-
fanterie.) *A battalion.*
Bâtard, *arde, adj.* Bastard;
got in an unlawful bed,
illegitimal, natural. * Bâ-
tard, (de deux natures dif-
férentes,) *bastard.*
Un bâtard, *f. m.* Une bâtarde,
f. f. A bastard. ♣ Bâtard
de racage, *parrel-rope or
truss.*
Bâtardeau, *subst. m.* A dam
or water stop made of pi-
les, &c.
Bâtardière, *f. f.* Seed-plot or
nursery.
Bâtardise, *f. f.* Bastardy.
Batayoles, *f. f. pl.* Stanchions
of the netting.
Bâté, *éc, adj.* (from bâter.)
*Saddled with a pack-sad-
dle.*
Bateau, *f. m.* A boat.
Batelage, *f. m.* Juggling, le-
gerdemain, juggler's trick.
Batelée, *f. f.* A boat's load,
boad full of people.
Batelet, *f. m.* A little boat.
Bateleur, *f. m.* A juggler, a
puppet-player, a buffoon,
a mountebank.
Batelier, *f. m.* (qui conduit
un bateau.) *A waterman.*
Bâter, *v. a.* (mettre un bât.)
*To saddle with a pack-sad-
dle.*
Bâti, *ie, adjc.* Built, &c.
V. Bâti. ♣ Une maison
mal bâtie, (ou mal ordon-
née,) *an ill contrived house.*
* Un homme mal bâti, (ou
mal fait,) *an ill shaped
man.*
Bâtier, *f. m.* A saddler, a ma-
ker or seller of pack-saddles.
* † Un sot bâtier. *A silly
fellow, a booby, a clown.*

B A T

59

† Batifoler, *v. n.* To play like
children, to romp.
Bâtiment, *f. m.* (édifice.)
*A building, an edifice, struc-
ture, fabrick.* ♣ (Vaisseau
pour la mer,) *a ship or
vessel.*
Bâti, *v. a.* (construire.) *To
build.* * (Terme de Tail-
leur,) *to make long stir-
ches.*
Bâtisse, *f. f.* The building of
an house.
Bâtisseur, *f. m.* A great buil-
der, one that builds much.
Batiste, *f. f.* Cambrick.
Bâton, *f. m.* A stick, staff or
cudgel. Marcher avec un
bâton, *to walk with a stick.*
Bâton à deux bouts, *a quar-
ter staff.* Bâton de comman-
dement, *the staff of com-
mand, the commander's staff.*
* Tour du bâton, *by-gains,
by-profits, perquisites.* * †
Tirer au court bâton avec
quelqu'un, *to try masteries
with one, to strive or con-
tend with one.* * Bâton de
vieillesse, *the support of
one's old age.* * Faire quel-
que chose à bâtons rompus,
*to do a thing by snatches or
by fits and starts.* Je suis sûr
cette matière très-assuré de
mon bâton, *I am sure of the
thing.* ♣ Bâton de foc, *Lib-
boom.* ♣ — de gaffe, *the
stick or staff of a boat hook.*
♣ — de girouette, *spindle
of a vane.* ♣ — d'enseigne,
flag-staff or ensign-staff.
Bâtonnée, *f. f.* As much water
as comes out of a pump every
time it plays.
Bâtonner, *v. a.* To bastinate,
to cudgel. ♣ (Rayer,) *to
strike out, to blot.*
Battant, *f. m.* (d'une cloche.)
Clapper. ♣ (Partie d'une
porte qui s'ouvre en deux,)
*one side or fold of a double
door.* ♣ Battant d'un pavil-
lon, *fly of an ensign.* ♣
Battant, (gérondif de bat-
tre.) *Ex. Sortir tambour
battant, to come out drum
beating.*
Batte, *f. f.* Rammer.
Battement, *f. m.* A beating.
Battement de mains, *clap-
ping of hands, Battement de*

pies, *stamping of the feet.*
 Batterie, *f. f.* (from battre, querelle.) *Battery, fighting, squabble.* ♦ Batterie de canons, a battery of cannons. ♦ Tier or broad-side of a ship. ♦ Batterie, (manière de jouer sur la guitare ou de battre le tambour,) a particular way of playing on the guitar or of beating the drum. ♦ Batterie de cuisine, kitchen-rackling.
 Batteur, *f. m.* *Beater.* Batteur d'or, a gold-beater. Batteur de blé, a thrasher. * † Un batteur de pavé ou de chemin, a rambler or a man that is always rambling up and down the streets, an idle fellow; ♦ a padder or vagabond. ♦ Batteurs d'estrade, scours.
 Battoir, *f. m.* (pour battre la lessive.) *A beetle.* ♦ (Palette pour jouer à la paume, &c.) *a battledore.*
 Battologie, *f. f.* *Tautology, needle's repetition.*
 Battre, *v. a.* (frapper.) *To beat or strike.* ♦ — les ennemis, (les vaincre,) *to beat the enemy, to get the better of them.* — * de quelque raison, *to beat one down with an argument.* — du papier, de l'or, des livres, *to beat paper, gold, books.* — la mesure, *to beat time;* a term of music. ♦ — une ville en ruine, *to batter down a town.* * — quelqu'un en ruine, *to run one down, to put him to a non-plus.* ♦ — le fer, (faire des armes,) *to file or fence.* ♦ — la campagne ou l'estrade, *to scour the country for intelligence.* * — la semelle, (voyager,) *to beat the hoof, to foot or travel a foot.* ♦ — bien du pays, (faire beaucoup de chemin,) *to travel a great way.* ♦ — monnaie, *to coin or mint money.* ♦ — du blé, *to thresh or thrash corn.* ♦ — le beurre, *to churn milk.* ♦ — les cartes, *to shuffle the cards.* ♦ La rivière bat les murailles de la ville, *the river*

beats against, (it runs close by) the walls of the town.
 † Battre le pavé, *to ramble about, to run up and down the streets.*
 Battre, *v. n.* *To beat.* Le cœur me bat, *my heart beats,* pants or goes pit-a-pat. ♦ Battre des mains, (applaudir,) *to clap, to applaud.* ♦ Battre de l'aile ou des ailes, *to flap or flutter.*
 Se battre, *v. r.* (combattre.) *To fight.*
 Battu, *ue, adj.* *Beaten, beat,* &c. V. Battre. ♦ Vous avez les yeux battus, *your eyes look black and blue.* Un vaisseau battu de l'orage, *a ship tossed by the wind.* P. Autant vaut bien battu que mal battu. P. *Over shoes over boots.*
 Battue, *f. f.* (terme de chasse.) *Ex. Faire la battue.* *To beat bushes, &c. in order to spring or start the game.*
 Batture, *f. f.* *A flat or shallow.*
 Bavard, *f. m.* *Bavarde, f. f.* *A babbler, a blab, an idle prattler, a prattling silly fellow or woman;* ♦ *a boaster, a cracker, a bouncing or boasting fellow, a romancer.*
 Bavarder, *v. n.* *To be an idle prattler, a blab.*
 Bavarderie, *f. f.* *Babbling, idle prattling.*
 Baudet, *f. m.* (petit âne.) *An ass.* ♦ (Treteau de scieur,) *the horse, block or trestle on which a sawyer lays the wood to be sawed.* ♦ (Lit de fanglé,) *a hammock.*
 Baudrier, *f. m.* *A belt, a long belt or a shoulder belt.*
 Bave, *subst. f.* *Foam, slaver, drivel.*
 Baver, *v. n.* (jeter de la bave.) *To foam, slaver, sllobber or drivel.*
 Bavette, *f. f.* *A bib, a sllobbering bib.*
 Baveux, *euse, adj.* *One that slabbars, a sllobber chops.*
 Baveuse, *f. f.* *A sort of sea-fish.*
 Bauge, *f. f.* (de fanglier.) *The soil of a wild boar.* ♦ (Espèce de mortier,) *a kind of mortar made of clay and straw.*

Baume, *subst. m.* (liqueur qui découle de certains arbres ou composition propre aux plaies.) *Balm.* ♦ (ou Menthe,) *balm or balm mint, an herb.*
 Bavolet, *f. m.* *A head-gear, much worn by the country-women about Paris.*
 Baux, *f. m. pl.* (the plural of Bail.) *Leases.* ♦ Demi-bau, half beam. Maître bau, mid-ship beam. Bau du coltis, collar-beam. Faux baux, orlop-beams. Baux ou barrots de navire, *the beams or floor-timbers of a ship.*
 Bayer, *v. n.* *To gape.* † Bayer aux corneilles, *to stand gaping in to the air.*
 Bayonnette, *f. f.* V. Baïonnette.
 Béant, *ante, adj.* *Open, wide open.* A bouche béante, *open mouth.*
 Béat, *ate, subst.* *A devout or holy person, a saint, also a bigot or hypocrite.*
 Béatification, *f. f.* *Beatification.*
 Béatifié, *éte, adj.* *Beatified, made blessed.*
 Béatifier, *v. a.* *To beatify or make blessed.*
 Béatifique, *adj. e.* *Beatifical, beatifick.*
 Béatilles, *f. f. pl.* *Tis-bits or dainty bits, such as coks combs, sweet-breads, &c. usually made into pies.*
 Béatitude, *f. f.* *Beatitude, bliss, happiness, blessedness.*
 Beau, *belle, adj.* (agréable à la vue.) *Fine, handsome, comely, pretty, beautiful, neat, fair.* ♦ (En parlant du ciel & de l'air,) *fine, good, fair; delicate, curious.* ♦ (Agréable, excellent,) *fine, handsome, neat, delicate, curious, pleasant, excellent, good.*
 R. Les anciens disoient *Bel* au lieu de *Beau*, & il se dit encore aujourd'hui devant le substantif singulier qui commence par une voyelle. *They said formerly Bel instead of Beau; but now Bel is only used before the singular number of a substantive beginning with a vowel. Ex.*

BEA

Un bel homme, *a handsome man, a fine comely man.* Bel air, *fine air.* * † Faire le beau, faire le beau fils, *to set up for a beau.* * Le beau monde, (les gens polis,) *the fine people, the gentlemen and ladies.* * Les belles, (jes belles femmes,) *the fair, the fair sex.* * Un beau mangeur, *a great eater, a high feeder.* Faire une belle (ou grande) dépense, *to spend high, to live great.* * Beau joueur, *one that plays fair and never frets at play.* * Avoir les armes belles, *to fence well.* * Beau, (bon, heureux, favorable,) *fair, good, lucky, happy, favourable.* * (Honnette, bien-séant,) *fine, handsome, decent, seemly.* * Cela n'est pas du beau style, *that is not elegant.* * Faire beau semblant à quelqu'un, *to keep or carry it fair with one.* Il l'a trahi sous un beau semblant d'amitié, *he betrayed him under a fair pretence of friendship.* * Beau, (se prend ironiquement pour le contraire de ce qu'il signifie.) *Ex.* Voilà qui est beau, vous lever à midi, *you are a fine man indeed, to rise at twelve o' clock.* Voilà une belle équipée, *that's a fine plot indeed.* * Beau-pere, *father-in-law.* Belle-mere, *mother-in-law.* Beau-fils, *son-in-law.* Belle-fille, *daughter-in-law.* Beau-frere, *brother-in-law.* Belle-sœur, *sister-in-law.* * Payer quelqu'un à beaux deniers comptans, *to pay one ready money.* * Il lui arracha l'oreille à belles dents, *he bit his ear off cleverly.* * Il l'a échappé belle, *he escaped it very narrowly.* Beau, *f. m. Ex.* Joindre ensemble le beau & l'effroyable. *To join together the fair and the foul.* Le beau des images est de représenter la chose comme elle s'est passée, *the excellency of pictures is to make a true representation of things.* * Il fait beau, (il fait beau temps,)

BEA

it is fine weather. * Elle lui donne beau jeu, *she gives him fair play.* Beau, (s'emploie adverbialement.) *Ex.* Il fait beau se promener. *It is fine walking.* * Vous avez beau dire. *Say what you will, you may say what you will.* Il a beau faire, il n'en viendra pas à bout, *let him do what he can, let him do his worst, he will never bring it about.* J'ai beau l'attendre, il ne viendra pas, *I may stay long enough for him, he will not come.* J'ai beau me tuer de peine pour son service, il ne m'en fait point de gré, *though I destroy myself to serve him, he make nothing of it.* On a beau chasser le chagrin, il revient toujours, *drive away sorrow never so much, it will return again.* Tout beau, *interj. Hold, hold there, fair and softly, not so fast.* Tout beau, ne parlez pas si haut, *softly, don't speak so loud.* Tout beau, ne vous fâchez pas, *peace, peace, be not angry.* Beaucoup, *adv. (en quantité.)* Many, *a great many, a great deal, abundance.* * Il s'en faut de beaucoup que votre affaire ne soit achevée, *your business is far from being ended.* * Il n'est pas, à beaucoup près, si beau que son frere, *he is nothing near so handsome as his brother or he comes far short of being so handsome as his brother.* Beau-frere. Beau-pere; &c. *V. Beau.* Beaupré, *f. m. Boltsprit or bowsprit.* Voile de beaupré, *the sprit-sail.* Beauté, *f. f. Beauty, fineness, handsomeness, prettiness, comeliness.* * Cela est de la dernière beauté, *that's extremely fine and beautiful.* * Beauté, (tout ce qui est agréable, soit à l'œil, à l'oreille ou à l'esprit,) *beauty, pleasantness, fineness, curiousness, delicacy, excellency.* * (Femme qui est belle,) *a beauty, a fair,*

BED 61

beautiful or charming woman. Bec d'oiseau, *f. m. The bill, beak, nib or neb of a bird.* * Le bec de certains poissons, *the nose or snout of some fishes.* * Le bec d'une aiguiere, *the gullet of an ewer.* * Bec de plume, *the nib of a pen.* * Bec de lampe, *the socket of a lamp.* * Bec, (pointe de terre,) *a point of land.* * Bec, (la bouche d'un homme,) *the mouth of a man.* * † Coup de bec, (raillerie,) *a wipe, nipping jest, a taunt.* * † Elle fait le petit bec, (ou la petite bouche,) *she minces.* * Bec-de-lievre, *a hare-lip.* * † Avoir du bec, avoir le bec bien affilé, *to be talkative, to be a prattle-basket, to have one's tongue oiled or well hung.* * † Il n'a rien que le bec, *he is all tongue, he does nothing but prate.* * † Faire le bec à quelqu'un, (l'instruire sur ce qu'il doit dire,) *to teach one beforehand what he shall say.* * † Passer à quelqu'un la plume par le bec, *to make a fool of one, to baffle or abuse him.* * † On lui tient le bec dans l'eau, *he is amused or played the fool withal, he is kept at a bay.* * Bec-de-corbin, *a gentleman pensioner's battle ax.* Gentilhomme à bec-de-corbin, *a gentleman pensioner.* Bécasse, *f. f. A wood-cock.* * Bécasse de mer, *the sea-pie.* * † Brider la bécasse, *to cozen or catch one, to catch a bubble.* Bécasseau, *f. m. A young wood-cock or snipe.* Bécassine, *f. f. A snipe.* Beccard, *subst. m. The female salmon.* Becfigue, *f. m. Becafigo, a bird like a wheat-ear.* Beche, *f. f. A spade.* Béché, *é, adjct. Broke or digged with a spade.* Bécher, *v. act. To dig or break the ground with a spade.* Becquée, *f. f. A bill full.* Becqueter, *v. a. To peck.* † Bedaine, *f. f. (panle, gros ventre.) Paunch, guts.*

Bedeau, *subst. m.* *A verger, a mace-bearer, a beadle.*

† **Bedon**, *f. m.* (tambour.) *A tabret or drum.* * † **Bedon**, (homme gras, replet,) *a fat, thick man.*

Bée, *adj.* (se dit des tonneaux défoncés par un bout.) *Vessels with one end knocked out.*

Béer. *V.* Bayer.

Beffroi, *f. m.* *Belfry, a watch-tower or steeple.* † (Cloche du beffroi,) *an alarm bell.*

Bégaïement, *f. m.* *A lispng, a stuttering or stammering.*

Bégayer, *v. n.* *To lisp, stutter or stammer.*

Begue, *adj.* ou *f. m.* & *f.* *One that lisps, stutters or stammers, a stammerer or stutterer.*

Béguëule, *f. f.* *A foolish, nonsensical woman.*

Béguin, *f. m.* *A biggin, a sort of linen cap for children.*

Béguines, *f. f. pl.* *Beguines, a sort of Nuns.* * † **Béguine**, (fille bigote,) *a bigotted stale maid.*

Béjaune, *f. m.* *A nias-hawk.* * † (Ignorance, bévue,) *blunder, ignorance, silliness, mistake.*

Beignet, *subst. m.* *A sort of fritter.*

Bel. *V.* Beau.

Bélandre, *f. f.* *Bilander, a kind of Flemish vessel.*

Bélant, *adj.* (qui bêle.) *Bleating.*

Bèlement, *f. m.* *Bleating.*

Bêler, *v. n.* *To bleat.*

Belette, *f. f.* *A weasel.*

Belier, *f. m.* *A ram, the male of ewes.* † (Machine de guerre,) *battering ram.* † (Signe du Zodiaque,) *aries.*

Beliere, *f. f.* *A ring upon which the bell-clapper hangs.*

Belitre, *subst. m.* (coquin.) *A rascal, rogue, scoundrel.*

Belle. *Voyez* Beau. † Je l'ai échappé belle, *I had a narrow escape, I escaped it narrowly.* † Il recommence de plus belle, *he begins afresh or more earnestly than before.*

Belle-de-nuit, *subst. f.* *Great nightshade, a plant.*

† **Bellement**, *adv.* (lentement ou sans bruit.) *Sofly, gin-*

gerly. Il va bellement en tout ce qu'il fait, *he goes on fair and softly, he acts with deliberation.*

Belliqueux, *euse, adj.* *Warlike, martial, valiant.*

Bellone, *f. f.* *Bellona, the Goddess of war.*

† **Bellot**, *otte, adj.* (qui a quelque beauté, en parlant des enfans.) *Pretry.*

Beloufe. } *Bloufe.*

Beloufer. } *Voyez* { *Bloufer.*

Belveder, *f. m.* *Belveder, a plant.* † (Espece de donjon,) *a turret or lantern.*

Bémol, *f. m.* (terme de Musique.) *A b-flat in Musick.*

Bénédictité, *f. m.* *Grace before dinner or supper.*

Bénédictines, *f. f. pl.* *Benedictine Nuns.*

Bénédictins, *f. m. pl.* *Benedictins, Benedictine Monks.*

Bénédiction, *f. f.* *Blessing or Benediction.* † (Faveur du Ciel,) *blessing, favour, grace.* † Ce nom est en bénédiction à tout le monde, *that name is of blessed memory with every body.*

Bénéfice, *f. m.* (dignité ecclésiastique.) *Benefice, living.* **Bénéfice simple**, *a sine-cure.* † **Bénéfice**, (privilège,) *benefice, privilege.* † **Bénéfice de ventre**, *a looseness, a moderate looseness.* † Attendre le bénéfice du temps, *to wait for opportunity.* † **Bénéfice**, (profit,) *benefit, profit, advantage.*

Bénéficial, *ale, adj.* *Belonging, relating to a benefice.*

Bénéficier, *f. m.* *An imparsonnee, a beneficed man, one that hath a benefice, an incumbent.*

Benêt, *adj. m.* *Sottish, silly, doltish, oafish.*

Un benêt, *f. m.* *A sot, a booby, a silly fellow, a tony, a simpleton, a blockhead, an oaf.*

† **Bénévole**, *adj. Ex.* *Lecteur bénévoles. Gentle reader.*

Bénigne, *'tis the feminine gender of benin.*

Bénignement, *adv.* *Kindly, courteously.*

Bénignité, *subst. f.* (douceur, humanité.) *Benignity, good-*

ness, bounty, humanity, kindness.

Bénin, *bénigne, adj.* *Gentle, benign, kind, favourable, courteous, humane, good-natured.*

Benjoin, *f. m.* *Benjamin, a gum.*

Bénir, *v. a.* *To bless or praise, to give solemn thanks.* † (Faire ou souhaiter du bien,) *to bless, to do or wish one good.* **Bénir la table**, *to say grace, to bless the table.* † **Bénir**, (faire prospérer,) *to bless or prosper.*

Béni, *ie, ou bénit, te, adj.* (loué.) *Blessed, praised.* † (Consacré à Dieu,) *consecrated, holy.* * **Eau-bénite de Cour**, ** court holy water, fair empty words.*

Bénitier, *f. m.* *A holy water stock or pot.*

Béquarre, *f. m.* (terme de Musique.) *A b-sharp in Musick.*

Béquille, *f. f.* *A walking-staff made crutch-like, a crutch.*

† **Bercail**, *f. m.* *Sheepfold.*

* **Le bercail de l'Eglise**, *the pale of the Church.*

Bercé, *ée, adj.* *Rocked, &c.*

V. Bercer.

Berceau, *f. m.* *A cradle.* **Berceau de jardin**, *arbour or bower in a garden.* * **Dès le berceau**, *in the cradle, from one's infancy or tender age, from a child.* * **Etouffer l'hérésie dans son berceau**, *to stifle heresy in its birth.* † **Berceau**, (voûte en plein cintre,) *a vault.*

Berçer, *v. a.* *To rock, to lull asleep.* * **Berçer quelqu'un de quelque espérance**, (l'amusar,) *to fool one with fair promises, to bring him into a fool's paradise.* * † J'ai été bercé de cela, (j'en ai oui parler mille fois,) *I have heard it over and over.* * Il se berce de ses propres chimères, *he feeds himself with his own chimeras.*

Bergame, *f. f.* *An ordinary sort of hangings, either grey or red, that comes out of Italy.*

Bergamote, *f. f.* *A bergamos pear,*

BER

Berge, *f. f.* *A high or steep beach, strand, bank of a river.* ♦ (Grand bateau,) *a barge.*
 Berger, *f. m.* *A shepherd.*
 Bergere, *f. f.* *A shepherdess;* * *Nymph, lass.*
 Bergerie, *f. f.* (lieu où l'on enferme les brebis.) *A sheepfold or a house for sheep.* * *Bergeries,* (au pluriel, ouvrages d'esprit qui traitent des amours des bergers,) *pastorals.*
 Bergeronnette, *f. f.* (oiseau.) *A wagtail.* † (Petite bergere,) *a little shepherdess, a country lass.*
 Beril, *f. m.* *Beril, a precious stone.*
 Berlan, *éc. V.* *Brelan, &c.*
 Bertine, *f. f.* *A berlin.*
 Berlue, *f. f.* *Dianness of sight, caused by a dazzling. Avoir la berlue, to be dimighted, to see double.*
 Berme, *f. f.* *A berm, in a fortification.*
 Bernardines, *f. f. pl.* *Bernardines, a sort of Nuns.*
 Bernardins, *f. m. pl.* *Bernardins, a sort of Monks.*
 Berne, *f. f.* *A tose or tossing in a blanket.* ♦ *Mettre le pavillon en berne, to set up the flag.*
 Berné, *éc, adj.* *Tossed in a blanket, &c.*
 Bernement, *f. m.* *Tossing in a blanket.*
 Berner, *v. ad.* *To toss in a blanket.* * (Jouer,) *to laugh at, to ridicule, to make a fool of.*
 Berneur, *subst. m.* *Tosser in a blanket.*
 † Berniquet, *f. m. Ex.* *Envoyer quelqu'un au berniquet, (le ruiner.) To beggar one, to undo him.*
 Beface, *f. f.* *A wallet, a bag with two pouches to it.* * † *Mettre quelqu'un à la beface, to beggar one, to bring him to beggary. Etre à la beface, to be extremely poor.*
 † Bécacier, *f. m.* *A beggar.*
 Bésaigné, *f. f.* (outil de Charpentier.) *A twibill.*
 Bésant, *f. m.* *Bésant, a sort of money in heraldry.*
 Bésot, *f. m.* *Amface,*

BES

Bésicles, *f. f. pl.* *Spectacles.*
 Besogne, *f. f.* (travail, ouvrage.) *Work, piece of work, business, labour.* * *Donner bien de la besogne à quelqu'un, lui tailler de la besogne, to cut out work for one, to create him trouble.*
 Besoin, *f. m.* (manque de.) *Need, want, lack, necessity.* Avoir besoin de, *to want, need, lack or stand in need of.* ♦ Qu'est-il besoin d'en parler davantage? *to what purpose so many words?* ♦ Autant qu'il est besoin, *as much as is needful.* ♦ Il n'est pas besoin (ou nécessaire) que vous veniez, *you need not come, it is not necessary for you to come.*
 † Besson, *ne, adj.* *Twain.*
 Bestial, *adj.* *Beastly, bestial, brutish.*
 Bestialement, *adv.* *Beastly, like a beast, brutally.*
 Bestialité, *f. f.* *Bestiality.*
 Bestiaux, *f. m.* *Cattle.*
 Bestiole, *f. f.* (insecte.) *A little living creature, an insect.*
 Bétail, *f. m.* *Cattle.*
 Bête, *f. f.* (animal irraisonnable.) *A beast or brute.* ♦ Bête fauve, *a deer.* Bête noire, *a wild boar.* * Bête, (personne sotte,) *a blockhead, a silly fellow, a silly woman.* P. Prendre du poil de la bête, *P. to take a hair of the same dog.* Bête épaulée, *a good for nothing horse.* * † Bête épaulée, *a whore, a crack.* * † C'est une méchante bête, *c'est une bonne bête ou une fausse bête, he is a cunning fellow or a notable blade; she is a cunning gipsy.* ♦ Bête, (sorte de jeu des cartes,) *beast, a game at cards like loo.* Faire la bête, *to be loosed.*
 Bêtise, *f. f.* *A folly, foolishness, foppery or piece of foppery, dullness, stupidity, blockishness, silliness.*
 Bêtoine, *f. f.* *Bezonny.*
 Bette, *f. f.* (plante.) *Beet.*
 Betterave, *f. f.* *Red beet.*
 Beuglement, *f. m.* *The bellowing or lowing of oxen, cows, &c.*

BIC

63

Beugler, *v. n.* *To bellow, to low.*
 Beurre, *f. m.* *Butter.* * † J'y suis pour mon beurre, *is cost me sauce, I paid dear for it.*
 Beurré, *adj.* *Buttered.*
 Beurré, *f. m.* *Butter-pear.*
 Beurrée, *f. f.* *A piece of bread and butter, bread spread with butter.*
 Beurrier, *f. m.* *A butter-man.*
 Beurriere, *subst. f.* *A butter-woman.*
 Bévus, *f. f.* *Blunder, mistake.*
 Bézoard, *f. m.* *The bezoar-stone.*
 Biais, *f. m.* (travers.) *Bevel; acute angle, slope.* * Biais, (moyen,) *way, manner, course.* Il s'y prend du bon biais, *he goes the right way to work.* Je ne me soucie pas de quel biais vous le prenez, *take it how you will, I don't care.* J'ai bien de la joie de voir prendre si bon biais à votre dessein, *I am very glad to see your design go on so successfully.*
 De biais, *adv.* (de travers.) *Bias, slanting, sloping or slopingly, aslope, across, overthwart.*
 Biaiser, *v. n.* (être de biais.) *To bevel, to go slanting or sloping, to lean.* * (N'agir pas sincèrement,) *to use shifts, evasions, tricks and devices, to shift or dodge, to play fast and loose.* C'est un homme qui biaise, *he is a shuffler or shifting fellow, he plays fast and loose.*
 † Biberon, *f. m.* *A toper, wine bibber, tippler or guzzler.*
 Bible, *f. f.* *The Holy Writ or Scriptura.*
 Bibliographie, *f. f.* *Bibliography.*
 Bibliomanie, *f. f.* *Bookishness, eagerness to get and buy books.*
 Bibliothécaire, *f. m.* *Library-keeper.*
 Bibliothèque, *f. f.* *Library.*
 † Bibus, *Ex.* *Un poète de bibus, A paltry or sorry poet, a poetaster.*
 Biche, *f. f.* (la femelle du cerf.) *A hind.*
 Bichet, *f. m.* *A measure for*

corn, holding about two Parisian bushels.

Bichon, ne, *f. m. & f. A lap dog.*

Bicoque, *f. f. A little palsy town.*

Bidet, *f. m. A tit, a little nag, a pony, a galloway.*

Bidon, *f. m. A cann.*

Bien, *f. m. (ce qui est bon, utile.) Good, benefit, advantage. (Plaisir, bonheur,) good pleasure, happiness, satisfaction, felicity, blessing. (Bienfait, grace,) benefit, kindness, favour, good turn or office. (Patrimoine, richesses,) estate, means, riches, substance. Les biens (ou les fruits) de la terre, the goods or fruits of the earth. Profaner le bien de Dieu, to abuse God's creatures. Bien, (vertu,) virtue, goodness. Un homme de bien, a good or honest man. Une femme de bien, a good or honest or virtuous woman. Les gens de bien, good men. P. Qui bien fera, bien trouvera, P. do well, and have well. Bien, (ou louange,) praise, commendation. Dire du bien de quelqu'un, to speak well of one. Expliquer en bien une chose, to put a favourable construction upon a thing, to give it a favourable sense. Cela ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal, it does not concern me neither one way nor other.*

Bien, *adv. (comme il faut.) Well, right. (Très, fort, beaucoup,) well, very, much, many. (Volontiers,) fain, willingly. (Tout-à-fait,) quite, full. (A la vérité,) indeed. Parler bien français, to speak good french. Je serois bien sot de le croire, I should be a great fool to believe it. Il a été bien examiné, he was strictly examined. Je vois bien que je perdrai ma peine, I clearly see, I shall lose my labour. Voilà bien de quoi faire tant le brave, a great matter indeed, to be so proud of. Ou bien, or else, otherwise. Oui bien,*

well and good. Bientôt, shortly, soon, speedily, ere it be long. Bien loin, a great way off.

Bien loin, *adv. ou conj. (au lieu de.) Instead of, so far from. Bien loin de me louer, il me blâme, he is so far from praising me, that he blames me. Bien que, (ou quoique,) though, although.*

R. Bien ne s'exprime pas quelquefois en Anglois. Bien is sometimes left out in English. Ex. Le veux-tu bien? j'en suis content. Wilt thou have it so? I will. Je puis bien vous assurer, j'ose bien vous promettre, I can assure you, I dare promise you.

Bien-aimé, *ée, adj. (qui est fort chéri.) Beloved, well-beloved.*

† Bien-dire, *f. m. Eloquence, good language, fine speeches.*

† Bien-disant, *ante, adj. Well-spoken, eloquent, that speaks well.*

Bienfaisance, *f. f. Beneficence.*

Bienfaisant, *ante, adj. Beneficial, obliging, gracious, kind, good, benevolent.*

Bienfait, *f. m. Benefit, favour, kindness, good turn or office, pleasure, courtesy.*

Bienfaiteur, *f. m. Benefactor.*

Bienfaitrice, *f. f. Benefactress.*

Bienheureux, *se, adj. Happy, blessed. Les bienheureux, f. m. pl. The blessed in heaven.*

Bienfiance, *f. f. Decency, becomingness, decorum, seemliness. (Situation commode,) conveniency, commodious situation, vicinity.*

La Flandre est à la bienfiance du Roi de France, Flanders stands very convenient for the King of France.

Bienfiant, *ante, adj. Decent, comely, fitting, convenient, becoming, seemly, handsome.*

Bien-tenant, *ante, adj. & f. Possessor, terretenant.*

Bientôt, *v. sous Bien.*

Bienveillance, *f. f. Goodwill, love, kindness, benevolence, favour.*

Bienveillant, *ante, adj. Well-wisher.*

Bienvenu, *ue, adj. Welcome.*

Bienvenue, *f. f. A welcome.*

Payez la bienvenue, to pay one's entrance or initiation.

Bienvoulu, *ue, adj. Wellbeloved, beloved.*

Biere, *f. f. (boisson.) Beer, the drink so called. (Cer cueil,) a coffin.*

Bievre, *f. m. A beaver.*

Biffé, *ée, adj. Cancelled, razied out, &c.*

Biffer, *v. a. To cancel, to rake, scratch or blot out.*

Bigame, *adj. & subst. m. & f. Twice married, who has had two husbands or wives successively; who is married to two at one time.*

Bigamie, *f. f. Bigamy or second marriage; the being married to two at once.*

Bigarade, *f. f. A lime, a sort of sour orange.*

Bigarré, *ée, adj. Vary-coloured, parti-coloured, variegated of (or set out with) several colours.*

Bigarreau, *f. m. A hard cherry.*

Bigarreaudier, *f. m. A hard cherry-tree.*

Bigarrer, *v. a. To party-colour, to variegate, to speckle, to checker.*

Bigarrure, *f. f. Medley, variety or diversity of colours, a motley piece.*

Bigle, *f. m. A beagle, a sort of dog.*

Bigle, *adj. Squint-eyed, that has cast with his eyes.*

Bigler, *v. n. To squint.*

† Bigne, *f. f. A bunch.*

Bigorne, *subst. f. A rising anvil.*

Bigorneau, *f. m. A little rising anvil.*

Bigorner, *v. a. To round a thing upon the rising anvil.*

Bigot, *f. m. (hypocrite.) Bigot, hypocrite.*

Bigots de racage, *f. m. pl. Ribs of a parcel.*

Bigote, *f. f. A bigot or bigoted woman, an hypocrite.*

Bigoterie, *f. f. Bigotry, hypocrisy. Donner dans la bigoterie, to turn bigot.*

Biguer, *v. a. To chop, to make an exchange, to barter.*

Bijou, *f. m. A jewel or trinket.*

‡ Bijou,

BIJ

❖ **Bijou**, (maison fort jolie,) *a little pretty house.*
Bijouetier, *f. m.* One that is fond of little trinkets or toys.
❖ (Qui fait trafic de bijoux,) *toy-man.*
Bilan, *subst. m.* A balance-account.
Bilboquet, *f. m.* A catch.
Bile, *f. f.* (une des humeurs du corps humain.) *The choler.* * (Colere,) *choler, passion, anger, wrath.* ❖ **Bile noire**, (mélancolie,) *choler, a dust melancholy.*
Biliaire, *adj. Ex.* Les vaisseaux du corps humain.) *The choleric.*
Bilieux, *euse, adjc.* (qui abonde en bile.) *Bilious, choleric, full of choler.* ❖ (Sujet à la colere,) *choleric, passionate.*
Bill, *f. m.* A bill, in Parliament.
Billard, *subst. m.* (jeu.) *Billiards.* ❖ (Bâton avec lequel on joue,) *the billiard-stick, the mafs.* ❖ (Table sur laquelle on joue,) *the billiard-table.*
Billarder, *v. neut.* To strike a ball twice or to strike the two balls together.
Bille, *f. f.* The billiard-ball.
Faire une bille, to hazard a ball.
Billebarrer, *verb. a.* V. Biggerer.
† **Billebaude**, *f. f.* Confusedness.
Billet, *f. m.* (petit écrit.) *A bill, note or ticket.* ❖ **Billet pour loger les soldats**, *a billet for quartering of soldiers.* ❖ **Billet**, (petite lettre,) *a note, billet or letter.* **Billet doux**, *a short love-letter, a billet-doux.*
† **Billevesée**, *f. f.* An idle fancy or story, trash, stuff.
Billon, *f. m.* Brass money alloyed with a little silver; ❖ *base coin cryed down; the place where such coin is received to be melted.*
Billonage, *f. m.* The trade of a billonneur.
Billonner, *v. n.* To alter or debase the coin.
Billonneur, *f. masc.* One that without authority alters and debases the coin.

Tomc I.

BIS

Billot, *f. m.* (tronçon de bois.) *Block or log.*
Bimbelot, *f. m.* Play-thing or toy.
Bimbelotier, *f. m.* One that keeps a toy-shop, a toyman.
Binaire, *adj.* Binary, belonging to two.
Binard, *f. m.* A sort of great cart.
Biner, *v. a.* To dig again, to turn up the ground a second time.
Biner, *verb. n.* To say *Mafs* twice in one day.
Binot, *f. m.* A save-all, a pro-longer. Faire binot, to make use of a save-all, to stick an end of candle on a save-all.
Binocle, *f. m.* A kind of double prospective glass.
Biographe, *f. m.* Biographer.
† **Bique**, *f. f.* (chevre.) *A she-goat.*
Biquet, *f. m.* (chevreau.) *A kid.*
Bis, *bise, adj.* Brown, speaking of bread and dough.
* † Une femme bise, (qui a la chair bise,) *a brown woman, a tawny woman.*
Bisaieul, *f. m.* Great grandfather.
Bisaieule, *f. f.* Great grandmother.
† **Biscornu**, *ue, adjc.* Odd, hard, cramp.
Biscotin, *f. m.* A piece of dough baked with sugar.
Biscuit, *f. m.* Bisket, biscuit. ❖ *sea bread.*
Bise, *f. f.* (vent froid du Septentrion.) *The North-east wind.*
Bise, *adj.* V. Bis.
Bifeau, *subst. m.* The kissing crust.
Biset, *f. m.* A stock dove or wood pigeon.
Bisque, *f. f.* (potage.) *Bisk.* ❖ (Terme du jeu de paume,) *bisk, odds at tennis.*
Bissac, *f. m.* A bag or wallet.
* Réduire au bissac, to beggar, to bring to poverty.
Bisexte, *f. m.* Bisextile, the odd day in the leap year.
Bisextil, *ile, adjc.* Ex. An bisextil, année bisextile. the bisextil or leap year.
Bistorte, *subst. f.* Bistort or snakeweed.

BLA 65

Bistouri, *f. m.* An incision-knife.
Bistourné, *ée, adj. Ex.* Cheval bistourné, a horse whose genitals are twisted.
Bistourner, *v. a.* Bistourner un cheval, to twist a horse's genitals so as to make them unfit for generation.
Bitord, *f. m.* Spun yarn.
Bitter le cable, *v. a.* To bit the cable.
Bittes, *subst. f. pl.* The bits or main bits.
Bittons, *f. m. pl.* The top sail sheet bits, the knight-heads, kevel heads, &c.
Bitture, *f. f.* A bitter of the cable.
Bitume, *f. m.* Bitumen.
Bitumineux, *euse, adj.* Bituminous.
Bivouac, *f. m.* An extraordinary night-guard for the security of a camp.
Bizarre, *adj.* (fantasque, capricieux.) *Odd, fantastical, humoursome, extravagant, whimsical; * (extraordinaire,) odd, strange.*
Bizarrement, *adv.* Oddly, fantastically.
Bizarrerie, *f. f.* Fantasticalness or fantastical humour, caprice, extravagance; * *oddness, variety.*
Blafard, *arde, adj.* Of a decayed hue, bleak, pale or wan.
Blaireau, *f. m.* Badger.
Blânable, *adj.* Blameable, to blame.
Blâme, *f. m.* Blame, imputation, reproach. ❖ Jetet le blâme sur quelqu'autre, to lay the fault upon another.
Blâmé, *ée, adjc.* Blamed; found fault with, &c.
Blâmer, *v. a.* (reprendre.) to blame, to find fault with. ❖ (censurer publiquement,) to reprimand.
Blanc, *blanche, adj.* (de la couleur la plus opposée au noir.) *White.* ❖ (Par opposition à sale,) *clean.* ❖ **Argent blanc**, monnaie blanche, *silver.* ❖ **Les cheveux blancs**, *grey hair.* ❖ **Les fleurs blanches** des femmes, *the whites in women.* ❖ **Carte blanche**, (au jeu des cartes,) *blank.* ❖

E

66 B L A

Blanc manger, *a white and dainty dish made of almonds and jelly of the best meat*, &c. ♣ Fer-blanc, *tin*. ♣ Billet blanc, *a blank*. ♣ blank. ♣ Gelée blanche, *white hoar frost*.

Blanc, *f. m.* (la couleur blanche.) *White, white colour*. ♣ (But.) *a white or mark to shoot at*. ♣ (Monnaie ancienne,) *blank, a coin of old worth five deniers*. ♣ (ou blanc-signé,) *a blank*. ♣ (Vide dans un écrit,) *a break, a blank, a white line in writing*. ♣ (Dont on frotte la vaisselle,) *whiting*. ♣ Chapeau en blanc, *a hat not dyed*. ♣ Viande en blanc, *meat neither stuck nor larded*. ♣ Livre en blanc, *a book in quires or in sheets*.

Blanchaille, *f. f.* *Small fish, young fry*.

Blanchâtre, *adj.* *Whitish, somewhat white, inclining to white*.

Blanche, *'tis the feminine of blanc*.

Blanche, *subst. f.* *A minium in Musick*.

Blanchement, *adverb.* (il n'a guere d'usage qu'avec le verbe tenir.) *Cleanly*.

Blanchet, *f. m.* *The blanket of a Printer's press*.

Blancheur, *f. f.* *Whiteness*.

Blanchi, *ie, adj.* *Whitened, whited, washed, made white or clean*.

Blanchiment, *f. m.* *Whitening of linen cloth; ♣ wash to whiten silver*.

Blanchir, *v. a.* (rendre blanc.) *To whiten, to make white*. ♣ (Rendre net,) *to wash, to make clean*.

Blanchir, *verb. neut.* (devenir blanc.) *To whiten or grow white*. ♣ (Par les cheveux,) *to grow grey-haired or hoary*.

Blanchissage, *subst. m.* *Washing*.

Blanchissant, *adj.* *Whitish; as, jaune blanchissant, whitish yellow*.

Blanchisserie, *f. f.* *A whitening yard or field*.

Blanchisseur, *f. m.* *Whistler*.

Blanchisseuse, *f. f.* *A laundress or washer-woman*.

B L E

Blanque, *subst. f.* *A blank-lottery*.

Blanquette, *f. f.* *A delicate sort of white wine, made in Languedoc; ♣ a sort of small beer*.

Blason, *f. m.* (science des armoiries.) *Blazon, heraldry, armory*. ♣ (Devise & armes peintes sur un écu,) *blazon, arms, coat of arms, atchivement*.

Blasonné, *ée, adj.* *Blazoned*. Blasonner, *v. a.* *To blazon a coat of arms*.

Blasphémateur, *f. m.* *Blasphemer*.

Blasphématoire, *adj.* *Blasphemous, blasphematory*.

Blasphème, *f. m.* *Blasphemy, impious language*.

Blasphémé, *ée, adj.* *Blasphemed, reviled*.

Blasphémer, *v. act. & n.* *To blaspheme, to revile God or sacred things*.

Blatier, *f. m.* *A corn-merchant*.

Blé, *f. m.* *Corn or grain for bread*. Blé, (froment,) *corn, wheat*. Petits blés, (l'orge & l'avoine,) *oats, barley*. ♣ Blé de Turquie, (mais,) *Mais or Indian wheat*. ♣ Blé noir, (ou blé Sarafin,) *buck-wheat or French wheat*. ♣ Blé, (la plante qui produit le grain du blé,) *corn*.

Bleime, *subst. f.* (maladie de cheval.) *A sore in a horse's foot*.

Blême, *adj.* *Pale, wan, bleak*.

Blémir, *v. n.* *To grow pale*.

Bleffé, *ée, adj.* *Hurt, wounded, indamaged, &c.* V. Bleffer.

Bleffer, *verb. act.* *To hurt or wound*. * Bleffer les oreilles chastes, *to offend chaste ears*. * — la réputation de quelqu'un, *to wound or blemish one's reputation*. * — le respect qu'on doit à quelqu'un, *to break in upon the respect one owes to a man*. * Ceci blesse la charité, *this is repugnant to charity*.

Se bleffer, *v. réc.* (faire une fausse couche.) *To miscarry*.

Bleffure, *f. f.* (plaie, boffe, contusion.) *Hurt, wound, bruise*. * (Injure,) *wound, offence, injury*.

B L U

Blette, *f. f.* *Bils or bils, a pot-herb*.

Bleu, *ue, adj.* *Blue*.

Bleu, *f. m.* *Blue, sky-colour*.

Bleuâtre, *adj.* *Bluish, something blue*.

Blinde, *f. f.* *A blind to cover open trenches*.

Bloc, *f. m.* *A ragged or a rough piece of marble or stone; block*. ♣ (Amas,) *whole, lump*. Vendre en bloc, *to sell in a lump or by the whole, to drive a wholesale trade*.

Blocage, *f. m.* Blocaille, *f. f.* *Rubbish shards; rough, ragged stones or pieces of stones to fill up walls with*. Muraille de blocage, *rough-wall*.

Blocus, *f. m.* *Blockade*. Mettre le blocus devant une place ou faire le blocus d'une place, *to block up a place*.

Blond, blonde, *adject.* *Fair, light, flaxen*.

Blond, *subst. m.* (la couleur blonde.) *Fair or light colour*. Blond doré, *flaxen, a light yellowish colour*.

Une blonde, *subst. f.* *A fair woman*. ♣ Blonde, (dentelle de soie,) *blond, blond-lace*.

Blondin, *subst. m.* (qui a les cheveux blonds.) *A fair young man; * a gallant, a spark, a beau*.

Blondine, *f. f.* *A fair young woman or girl*.

Blondir, *v. n.* (devenir blond.) *To grow light or fair*.

Bloqué, *ée, adj.* *Blocked up*.

Bloquer, *verb. act.* (faire un blocus.) *To block up*. ♣ (Terme d'Imprimeur,) *to turn a letter*.

Se blotir, *v. r.* (se tapir.) *To squat, to lye squat or to lye close to the ground*.

Bloufe, *f. f.* *The hazard in a billiard-table*.

Bloufer, *v. a.* *To throw a ball into the hazard*.

* Se bloufer, *v. réc.* (se méprendre.) *To mistake, to be in the wrong box*.

Bluet, *f. m.* *Blue-bottle; a flower*.

Bluette, *subst. fém.* *A little spark*.

Bluté, *ée, adj.* *Bolsted*.

BLU

Bluteau, *f. m.* A bolter or bolting cloth for meal, &c.
Bluter, *v. a.* To bolt, to sift.
Bébeche, *f. f.* The socket of a candlestick.
Bobine, *f. f.* A bobin, a quill to wind silk, &c.
Bobiner, *v. a.* To wind.
† Bobo, *f. m.* A small ailment or hurt.
Bocage, *subst. m.* A grove or thicket.
Bocager, *ere, adj.* Frequen-
 zing or living in woods or
 groves, rural.
Bocal, *f. m.* A jug, a kind of
 vessel made of earth, glass
 or crystal.
Bœuf, *f. m.* Ox. Du bœuf,
 de la chair de bœuf, beef.
 Un bœuf sauvage, a wild
 bull. * Un bœuf, (homme
 stupide,) a dull-passed fel-
 low.
Bohème, *bohémien*, *bohé-
 mienne*, *f. m. & f.* A bohe-
 mian or a gipsy.
Boire, *v. a.* To drink, to sup
 up a liquor. ♦ (Aimer à
 boire, s'enivrer,) to drink,
 to love drinking. ♦ Le papier
 boit, the paper blots. ♦ Boire
 (s'abreuver de quelque
 liqueur,) to soak in or im-
 bibe. * † Boire un affront,
 to put up an affront, to swal-
 low a gudgeon. Il me fallut
 boire la raillerie; I was fain
 to put up the jest. * Tu as
 fait la folie, c'est à toi à la
 boire, * † as you have brea-
 wed, so you must drink; thou
 hast played the fool, 'tis fit
 thou shouldst suffer for it.
 ♦ Faire boire une peau
 dans la rivière, to soak a
 skin in the river.
Boire, *f. m.* Drink, drinking.
Bois, *f. m.* (lieu planté d'ar-
 bres qui ne sont pas frui-
 tiers,) A wood, a forest.
 (Substance dure des arbres,)
 wood. ♦ (Jeune branche
 d'arbre,) a shoot, a young
 branch. ♦ Le sacré bois de
 la Croix, le bois de la vraie
 Croix, the Tree or Cross on
 which our Saviour suffered.
 ♦ Bois, (les cornes d'un
 cerf,) the head or horns of a
 deer. ♦ Bois de charpente,
 lumber. ♦ Bois taillis, a

BOM

copse or underwood. Bois
 flotté, a float of wood,
 wood brought to a place
 floating in a river. Bois de
 haute futaie, a wood of high
 and lofty trees. ♦ Bois de lit,
 a bedstead. ♦ Bois de tour-
 nebroche, the frame of a
 turn-spir. ♦ Bois d'arrima-
 ge, fathom wood. ♦ Faire
 du bois, to make a provision
 of wood for fuel. * Je fais de
 quel bois il se chauffe, I
 know his ways, I know what
 course he follows, I know
 his kidney, I know what
 nestle he is of. * Il ne sait
 plus de quel bois faire fle-
 che, he is at the last cast, he
 knows no longer what shift
 to make or what means to
 use, he does not know which
 way to turn himself. * †
 Trouver visage de bois, to
 find the door shut.
Boisé, *ée, adj.* Wainstoted;
 ♦ woody, that has great
 woods.
Boiser, *v. a.* To wainscot.
Boiserie, *subst. f.* Wainscot or
 wainscoting.
Boisieux, *euse, adj.* Woody.
Boisneau, *f. m.* A bushel.
Boisselier, *subst. m.* A sort of
 turner.
Boisson, *f. f.* Drink.
Boîte, *f. f.* A box. ♦ (De
 montre,) a watch case.
 Boîte de la poste, the post-
 office. ♦ Boîte de presse,
 the hose of a printer's press.
Boite, *f. f.* (from boire;) as,
 vin qui est en sa boîte.
 Wine that is drinkable or
 fit to be drawn or in season
 to be drunk.
Boiter, *v. n.* To go lame, to
 limp, to halt.
Boiteux, *euse, adj.* Lame,
 cripple, halt.
 Un boiteux, *subst. m.* A lame,
 limping or cripple man.
 Une boiteuse, *f. f.* A lame
 woman.
Boitier, *f. m.* a surgeon's case.
Bol ou *bolus*, *f. m.* A bolus.
 ♦ Bol d'Arménie, bole ar-
 moniac, a medicinal earth.
Bombance, *f. f.* Feasting, jui-
 keezing, vain or extravagant
 expence, riot, luxury.
 † Bombarde, *f. f.* A bombards.

BON 67

Bombardé, *ée, adj.* Bom-
 barded.
Bombardement, *f. m.* Bom-
 bardment, bombarding.
Bombarder, *v. a.* To bom-
 bard or bomb.
Bombardier, *subst. m.* A bom-
 bardier.
Bombasin, *f. m.* A sort of di-
 misty, bombasin.
Bombe, *f. f.* Bomb-shell, a
 great grenado-shell.
Bombement, *subst. m.* (renfle-
 ment, convexité.) Swelling,
 bunching out, protuberance.
Bomerie, *f. f.* (terme de mer,
 prêt à la grosse aventure.)
 Bottomry or bottomree.
Bon, *bonne, adj.* Good in all
 its senses. ♦ Prier le bon
 Dieu, to pray God almighty.
 ♦ Bon homme, (homme
 de bien,) a good man. Bon
 homme, (simple, idiot,)
 simple or innocent man or
 fellow. Un bon (ou grand)
 verre de vin, a good or
 great glass of wine. ♦ Bon
 jour & bon an, I wish you a
 happy new year. ♦ Un bon
 jour, (un jour de fête,) a
 holy day. * Faire son bon
 jour, (communier,) to re-
 ceive the Sacrament. ♦ Bon
 an, mal an, one year with
 another. ♦ Je vous le dis une
 bonne fois ou une fois pour
 toutes, I tell you once for all.
 ♦ De bonne heure, (tôt,)
 betimes, early. ♦ A la bonne
 heure, (à propos,) in good
 time, in the nick of time.
 * A la bonne heure, soit,
 j'en suis bien aise,) in good
 time, well and good, let it
 be so, with all my heart. ♦
 Recevoir de l'argent à bon
 compte, to receive money
 on account. ♦ Il y va à la
 bonne foi, he means no
 harm. ♦ Bon mot, a jest,
 a quibble. ♦ Bon temps, play-
 sime, diversion, pleasure.
 P. Les bons comptes font les
 bons amis, P. even reckon-
 ing makes long friends. P.
 A bon jour, bonne œuvre,
 P. the better day, the better
 deed. ♦ Vraiment, je vous
 trouve bonne, indeed you
 are a fine woman, in an
 ironical sense. ♦ Trouver

68 BON

bon, (approuver,) to like, to approve or allow of. Trouvez bon que je vous écrive, give me leave to write to you. ♣ Quand bon vous semblera, when you shall think fit. ♣ De bon cœur, heartily, with all one's heart. ♣ Tenir bon, to hold out, to persist or continue steadfast. ♣ Etre homme à bonne fortune, to be the darling of the fair sex, to be wrapped up in one's mother's smock. ♣ La garder bonne a quelqu'un, (lui vouloir du mal,) to owe one a kindness, to have a grudge against one, to watch an opportunity of doing one a mischief.

Bon, *f. m. Ex.* Se former une idée du beau & du bon. To frame to one's self an idea of that which is fair and good. ♣ Il a cent écus de bon, there's a hundred crowns clear or left. ♣ Si l'on a du bon, if we get the better. ♣ Le bon du conte, the cream of the jest or story. ♣ C'est le bon de la médecine, it is the happiness of physick.

Bon, bonne, *f.* (cher, chère.) Dear, honey. Venez ici, ma bonne, come hither my dear or honey.

Bon, *adv. Ex.* Bon, nous sommes hors de danger. Well, we are out of danger. Bon, voilà qui va bien, 'tis very well. A quoi bon? to what purpose? Tout de bon, (sérieusement,) seriously, in earnest, indeed.

Bonace, *f. f.* (calme de mer.) A calm at sea. * (Tranquillité,) tranquillity, calmness, stillness, quietness.

† Bon-ête, *adj.* Good, downright, honest.

† Bonbon, *f. m.* Dainties for children.

Bon-chrétien, *f. m.* (sorte de poire.) Bon - christian or boon-christian pear.

Bond, *subst. m.* Rebound; ♣ a caper or capering, a gambol. * † Tant de bond que de volée, by hook or by crook. * † Il m'a fait faux-

BON

bond, he has failed me, he has dealt falsely with me.

Bonde, *f. f.* A dam, wear, sluice or flood-gate.

Bondir, *v. n.* (sautiller.) To bound, to caper, frisk, skip or jump about. ♣ (Faire des bonds,) to rebound. ♣ Cette viande me fait bondir le cœur, this meat rises in my stomach.

Bondissant, *ante, adj.* (qui bondit.) Bounding, skipping.

Bondissement, *subst. m. Ex.* Bondissement de cœur. A rising of the stomach.

Bondon, *subst. m.* Bung, a stopple; ♣ bung-hole.

Bondonné, *ête, adj.* Stopped or stopp.

Bondonner, *v. a.* To stop with a bung or stopple.

Bonheur, *f. m.* (événement heureux.) Good luck or good fortune. ♣ (Prosperité,) good fortune, prosperity. ♣ (Félicité parfaite,) happiness, felicity, good, blessing.

Bonifier, *v. a.* To make better, to improve.

Bonnement, *adv.* Plainly, honestly, innocently, ingenuously, without any ill meaning or design. ♣ Je ne saurois bonnement vous le dire, I cannot well tell you.

Bonnet, *f. m.* A cap, bonnet.

* Avoir la tête pres du bonnet, to be hasty, to have a hot head of one's own, to take sure presently. * Opiner du bonnet, to vote blindly or without reasoning. * † Triste comme un bonnet de nuit sans coiffe, very, sad, or melancholy, in the dumps.

* † Prendre le bonnet vert, to step aside, to break or turn bankrupt. * † Porter le bonnet vert, to wear a green cap, to be a cessionary bankrupt.

† Bonnetade, *subst. f.* * Cap, capping.

† Bonnetter, *v. a.* To cap one, to pull off one's hat or cap to one, to cringe to him.

Bonneterie, *f. f.* The hosier's business.

Bonneteur, *subst. m.* (filou.) Sharper.

BOR

Bonnetier, *f. m.* A hosier or one that makes or sells all manner of woollen work.

Bonnette, *f. f.* (petite voile.) The bonnet of a sail. ♣ (Espèce de ravelin,) bonnet, a piece of fortification.

Bonté, *subst. f.* Goodness, kindness, good nature, gentleness, savour, indulgence. ♣ La bonté (ou la force) d'une place, the strength of a place.

Bonze, *f. m.* (Prêtre Chinois ou Japonois.) Bonze.

Borax, *subst. m.* Borax, a mineral.

Bord, *f. m.* (l'extrémité d'une choie.) Edge, side, shore, brink or brim. ♣ (Espèce de ruban ou de galon,) edge, edging, border, hem, skirt, lace. ♣ (Navire,) ship or shipboard. J'allai à son bord, I went a-board his ship. * Il est sur le bord de la fosse, il a la mort sur le bord des lèvres, he has already one foot in the grave.

* Rouge-bord, (raisade, verre plein,) a brimmer or bumper. * J'ai son nom sur le bord des lèvres, I have his name at my tongue's end. ♣ Rendre le bord, (terme de Marine,) to cast anchor. ♣ Mettre à l'autre bord, (revirer,) to tack about.

Bord-à-bord, *adv.* Along-side, speaking of two ships.

Bordage, *f. m.* The side planks or the sides of a ship.

Bordé, *f. m.* (galon qui sert à border.) Hem, edge, lace.

Bordé, *ête, adj.* (from border.) Edged, bordered, &c. according to the verb.

Bordée, *f. f.* A broad-side; ♣ rack, the course of a ship from one tacking to another. Courir à petites bordées, to ply to windward by small boards.

Bordel, *f. m.* Brothel, bawdy-house or stew.

Border, *v. a.* To edge, bind, border or lace. ♣ Border un vaisseau, to hear up to, to make towards or come up with a ship. ♣ Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers,

BOR

line the coast or stand along the coast. ♦ *Border un lit, to tack in the bed-cloaths.* ♦ *Border une voile, to tally or haul aft the sheets of any sail.* ♦ —une écoute, *to tally a sheet.* ♦ —les avirons, *to ship the oars.*
Bordereau, *f. m.* *A note, an account.*
Bordéyer, *v. n.* *To ply to windward by boards or by tacking.*
Bordier, *adj. Ex.* *Vaisseau bordier. A lapped ship.*
Bordure, *f. f.* (*cadre.*) *A frame for a looking-glass, a picture, &c.* ♦ (*ou bord,*) *edge, order,* ♦ (*Terme de Blason,*) *bordure, in heraldry.*
Boréal, *2le, adj.* *Northern, northerly.*
Borée, *f. m.* (*terme poétique.*) *The north-wind, Boreas.*
Borgne, *adj.* *One-eyed, blind of one eye, that has but one eye.* ♦ (*Obscur,*) *blind, dark.*
Borgne, *f. m.* *A man that has but one eye, one-eyed man. C'est un méchant borgne, he is a cross-path.*
Borgnesse, *f. f.* (*terme injurieux pour dire une femme borgne.*) *One-eyed woman.*
Borne, *f. f.* *A but, bound, boundary, limit, border.* ♦ (*Pierre qu'on met contre un mur.*) *A stone stud.*
Borné, *ée, adj.* *Bounded, limited, bordering.* ♦ *Maison qui a une vue bornée, a house that has a narrow prospect.* ♦ *Un homme qui a des vues bornées, a mean wit, a man of mean designs.* ♦ *Un esprit fort borné, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit.* ♦ *Une fortune bornée, a mean, small, or moderate fortune.*
Borner, *v. a.* (*limiter.*) *To bound, to set bounds to, to limit.* ♦ (*Finir,*) *to end or put an end to.* ♦ (*Modérer,*) *to confine, limit, stint or set bounds to, to moderate.*
Se borner, *v. r.* *To keep within bounds or measure.*
Bosphore, *f. m.* *Bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore*

BOS

phore Cimmérien. The Cimmerian bosphorus.
Bosquet, *f. m.* *A grove or thicket.*
Bossage, *f. m.* *Rusticks.*
Bosse, *f. f.* *Bunch or swelling on the body.* ♦ *Elle cache sa bosse, she hides her crooked back.* ♦ *Bosse, (qui vient de contusion,) bruise, dint.* ♦ *Ouvrage relevé en bosse, a relievo, an embossed piece of work.* ♦ *Ouvrage de bosse ronde, a figure in relievo.* *Ouvrage de demi-bosse ou demi-relief, a figure in half-relievo.* ♦ *Bosse dans les arbres, a knot in trees.* ♦ *Bosses, stoppers, ends of ropes knotted at the ends, terme de Marine.*
Bosselman, *f. m.* *A Boatswain of a ship.*
Bossier, *v. a. & n.* *Boffer le cable, to stopper the cable.* — *l'ancre, to stow the anchor upon the bow.*
Bossiers, *subst. m. pl.* *Cat-heads.*
Bosslette, *f. f.* (*ornement du mors d'un cheval,*) *A stud in a bridle.*
Bossu, *ue, adj. & f.* *Crooked, crumpled, bunch-backed or hump-backed.* ♦ *† Cimetière bossu, a fat church-yard.* ♦ *Un chemin bossu, (inégal,) a rugged or uneven way.*
Bossué, *ée, adj.* *Bruised, dinted, battered.*
Bossuer, *v. act.* *To bruise or dint a pot or dish, to batter it.*
Bot, *adj. m. Ex.* *Pied bot. A stump or club foot.*
Botanique, *subst. fém.* *Botanicks.*
Botaniste, *f. m.* *Botanist, herborist.*
Botte, *f. f.* (*chaussure de cuir.*) *A boot. Grosse botte, jack boots.* ♦ *Botte, (faiseau,) a bunch or bundle.* *Botte de foin, a bottle of hay.* *Botte de soie non-ouvrée, a hank of silk.* ♦ *Botte, (coap de fleur-et,) a pass or thrust.* ♦ *† Il lui a porté une vilaine botte ou une terrible botte, he served him a very*

BOU 69

scurvey or slippery trick. ♦ *Botte, (pour monter en carrosse,) the boot of a coach.* ♦ *Chaloupe en botte, a long boat in frame.*
Botté, *ée, adj.* *Bottéd, that has got boots on.*
Bottelage, *f. m.* *Bottling of hay, the making of hay into bottles.*
Botteler, *v. a.* *To make bottles of hay, to bottle hay.*
Botteleur, *f. m.* *A maker of hay into bottles.*
Borter, *v. a.* *To make boots.* ♦ *Botter quelqu'un, to put or help one's boots on.*
Se botter, *v. r.* *To put one's boots on.*
Bottine, *f. f.* *Buskin, boot.*
Bouc, *f. m.* *Goat, a he-goat.*
† Boucan, *f. m.* *A bawdy-house or stew, a brothel.*
Boucaner, *v. a.* *To broil fish or flesh as bucaniers are used to do; to hunt oxen for their skins.*
Boucanier, *f. m.* *Bucanier, a hunter of oxen in the west-Indies.*
Boucassin, *f. m.* *Bocassine, a kind of fustian.*
Boucassinée, *adj. f. Ex.* *Toile boucassinée. Linen cloth made of fustian like.*
Boucaut, *f. m.* *A dry cask.*
Bouche, *f. f.* (*partie du visage.*) *The mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, to put him to silence, to silence him.* ♦ *Il dit tout ce qui lui vient en bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uponmost.* ♦ *Avoir bouche close ou bouche cousue, to keep counsel to be secret.* ♦ *Traiter quelqu'un à bouche que veux-tu, to treat one nobly, to make him good cheer.* ♦ *Nous étions-là à bouche que veux-tu, we lived there in clover or at rack and manger.* ♦ *Faire la petite bouche de quelque chose, to mince it, to make as if one did not care for a thing.* ♦ *Elle n'en fait point la petite bouche, she does not mince it, she speaks it openly or freely.* ♦ *Flux de bouche, flux or*

salivation. Donner le flux de bouche à quelqu'un, *to put one into a flux, to flux him.* * Flux de bouche, (abondance de paroles,) *volubility of tongue, talkativeness.* * Cheval qui n'a point de bouche, *bad mouthed horse.* Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, *a horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur.* Assurer la bouche à un cheval, *to bring a horse to a certainty of rein.* * Il n'a ni bouche ni éperon, (c'est-à-dire, ni parole ni esprit,) *he is a man of no discourse nor wit.* * Bouche à bouche, (ou face à face,) *face to face.* * Avoir bouche à cour, *to be in ordinary at court.* * Avoir bouche à cour, (être nourri chez quelqu'un,) *to eat and drink scotfree, to have one's diet at another's house.* P. Selon ta bourse gouverne ta bouche, P. *you must cut your coat according to your cloth.* J'ai trente bouches à nourrir, *I have thirty mouths, people or beasts to feed.* * La bouche, (la cuisine chez les Rois & chez les Princes,) *the kitchen.* * Cela vous fait bonne bouche, (ou vous laissera un bon goût à la bouche,) *that will sweeten your breath.* * Laisser les conviés sur la bonne bouche, *to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment.* Je garde ces fruits pour la bonne bouche, *I keep these fruits for the last bit.* * Cela me fait venir l'eau à la bouche, *that makes my teeth water.* * L'eau lui vient à la bouche, *his teeth water.* * Bouches, (embouchures de grands fleuves,) *the mouths.* * La bouche d'un canon, *the mouth of a cannon.* * Un cheval qui a bonne bouche, *a hard feeding horse.* Un cheval fort en bouche, *a hard mouthed horse.*

Bouché, *éc., adj.* (from the verb.) *Stopped, &c. according to the verb.* * Port bouché par les tables, *a port choa-*

ked up with sands. * Un homme qui a l'esprit bouché, *a heavy, dull wit, a man of a slow apprehension.* Bouchée, *f. f.* *A mouthfull, a morsel, a bit.* Boucher, *v. a.* (fermer.) *To stop, shut up or dam up.* Boucher, *f. m.* *A butcher.* Bouchère, *f. f.* *A butcher's wife or widow.* Boucherie, *f. f.* *The shambles.* * Boucherie, (tuerie, massacre,) *butchery, slaughter, carnage, disfigurement, massacre.* Aller à la boucherie, *to go to the butcher's.* Bouchon, *f. m.* *Stopple, cork.* * Bouchon de taverne, *a tavern-bush.* * Bouchon de paille, *a wisp of straw to rub horses withal.* * Un bouchon de linge, *linen rumpled like a dish-cloth.* * † Mon petit bouchon, (mon petit cœur,) *my little honey.* Bouchonné, *éc., adj.* *Rubbed.* Bouchonner, *v. a.* (frotter avec un bouchon de paille.) *To rub with a wisp; * (chiffonner,) to rumple or fumble.* Boucle, *f. f.* (espèce d'anneau.) *Buckle.* * (Pour boucler une cavale,) *a ring for a mare.* * (De chevaux,) *buckle or hair curl.* Bouclé, *éc., adj.* *Curled.* Un port bouclé, *a haven flopt.* Boucler, *v. a.* (friser.) *To buckle, to curl or turn into buckle.* * Boucler une cavale, *to ring a mare.* * Boucler un port, *to stop up an harbour.* Bouclier, *f. m.* *A buckler or shield.* † Boucon, *f. m.* *Poison.* On lui a donné le boucon, *he was poisoned.* † Bouder, *v. n.* *To pout, to look gruff.* Bouderie, *f. f.* *Pouting, angry look.* Boudeur, *f. m.* *Boudeuse, f. f.* *One that pouts or looks gruff.* Boudin, *f. m.* *Pudding.* Boudin blanc, *White pudding.* Boudin noir, *Black pudding.* Boudinière, *f. f.* *A little fun-*

nel used for making puddings. Boue, *f. f.* *Dirr, clay.* Une ame de boue, *a dirty, base, pitiful, sneaking, ungenerous soul.* * (D'un apotème,) *matter, corruption that comes out of a sore.* Bouée, *f. f.* *A buoy, a piece of wood or cork floating on the water, tied to a post or rock.* Boueur, *f. m.* *A dustman.* Boueux, *euse, adj.* (plein de boue.) *Dirty, mury, maddy.* Bouffant, *te, adj.* *Puffing.* Bouffée, *f. f.* *Puff, gust, blast.* Bouffée de vent, *A puff, blast or gust of wind.* * Bouffée de fièvre, *a little fit of an ague.* Bouffer, *v. n.* *To puff or blow.* Bouffer, *v. a.* *To puff, to swell, to flaunt.* Bouffette, *f. f.* *An ear-knot of narrow ribbons.* Bouffi, *ie, adj.* *Puffed up, blasted, swollen, blown.* Bouffir le visage, *v. a.* *To puff up or blot the face, to make it swell.* Bouffir, *v. n.* *Se bouffir, v. n.* *To puff or swell.* Bouffissure, *f. f.* *Puffing up, swelling, being bloated.* Bouffon, *onne, adj.* *Full of jests, pleasant, jocular, merry, jovial.* Un bouffon, *f. m.* *A buffoon, a jester, a droll, a merry andrew.* Bouffonner, *v. n.* *To play the buffoon, the fool or jester, to droll; * to be merry, pleasant or full of jests.* Bouffonnerie, *f. f.* *Buffoonry, scurrility, jesting, drollery.* Bouge, *f. m.* *A lodge, a little room; * rounding or convexity.* Bougeoir, *f. m.* (from bougie.) *A wax candlestick.* Bouger, *v. n.* *To budge or stir, to wag.* † Bougette, *f. f.* *A budget or bag.* Bougie, *f. f.* *Wax-candle.* Bougié, *éc., adj.* *Seared.* Bougier, *v. a.* *To sear with a wax-candle.*

BOU

Bougran, *f. m.* *Buckram*.
Bouillant, *ante, adj.* *Hot, boiling or scalding hot, burning.* * (Prompt & ardent,) *hot, hat-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery, fierce, eager.*
Bouilli, *ie, adj.* *Boiled.*
Bouilli, *f. m.* *Boiled meat.*
Bouillie, *f. f.* *Thick milk, pap.*
Bouillir, *v. n.* *To boil, seeth or bubble up.* * (Jeter son écume, en parlant du vin, de la bière,) *to work.* * Faire bouillir de la viande, *to boil meat.*
Bouilloire, *f. f.* *A boiler.*
Bouillon, *subst. m.* *Broth.* * (Renslement d'une liqueur échauffée par le feu,) *boil, seething or bubbling up.* * (Excès, ardeur d'une passion,) *gust or transport of passion.* * (Bouffissure d'un habit,) *a puff, in a garment.* * L'eau fort de la roche à gros bouillons, *the water spouts or comes gushing out of the rock.* * Bouillon-blanc, (herbe,) *the petty mullein, wool blade, torch-weed, high-taper or lung-wort.*
Bouillonnement, *f. m.* *Bubbling up, a spouting or gushing out.*
Bouillonner, *v. n.* *To bubble up, to spout or gush out.*
Bouis. *V. Buis.*
Bou langer, *v. a.* *To bake.*
Bou langer, *f. m.* *A baker.*
Boulangere, *f. f.* *A baker's wife or widow.*
Boulangerie, *f. f.* *Baking or the art of baking; a bakery.*
Boule, *f. f.* *A bowl, a ball.* Un tapis vert qui sert de jeu de boule, *a bowling-green.* * † Faire une chose à boule vue, *to do a thing rashly, without consideration, at random.* * † Tenir pied à boule, *to mind one's business, to sit close to one's work.*
Bouleau, *f. m.* *A birch tree.*
Boulet, *f. m.* *from boule, (grosse balle de fer,) bullet or ball, a cannon-bullet.*
Boulet à deux têtes, *a chain-*

BOU

ballet. Un coup de boulet, *a bullet-shot.* * Boulet, (jointure du cheval au-dessus du paturon,) *fetlock or pastern-joint.*
Boulevard, *f. m.* *A bulwark, a great bastion.*
Bouleversé, *ée, adj.* *Overturned, overthrown, turned topsy-turvy.*
Bouleversement, *f. m.* *An overthrowing, overturning; * overthrowing, a great confusion, disorder.*
Bouleverser, *v. a.* *To overturn, overthrow, to turn upside down, or topsy-turvy.*
Boulimie, *f. f.* *Bulimy, a canine appetite.*
Boulin, *f. m.* (trou de pigeon.) *A pigeon's cove, a pigeon-hole.* * (Trou pour les échafaudages,) *a scaffolding-hole.* * (Piece de bois qu'on met dans ces trous,) *A pullog.*
Bouline, *f. f.* *Bowline or tack.*
Bouline de revers, *les bowline.* Vent de bouline, *a scant wind.* Courir la bouline, *to run the gantelope.*
Bouliner, *v. n.* (aller à la bouline.) *To tack about, to go near the wind, to go with a side-wind.* * Bouliner une voile, *to haul a sail to windward.*
Boulineur, *f. m.* *A camp-thief, a thieving soldier.*
Boulingrin, *f. m.* *A grass-plot or a green plot.*
Boulon, *f. m.* *A great iron pin or peg.*
Boulonner, *v. a.* *To pin, to fasten with pins.*
Bouquer, *v. n.* *To kiss unwillingly.* * † (Céder par contrainte,) *to truckle or submit, to buckle to.*
Bouquet, *f. m.* *A nosegay.* * — de plumes, *a plume or a plume of feathers.* * — de pierreries, *a croschet or a knot of jewels.* * — de cerises, *a bunch or cluster of cherries.*
Bouquetier, *f. m.* *A flower-pot.*
Bouquetiere, *f. f.* *A nosegay-woman.*

BOU

71

Bouquetin, *f. m.* *A wild goat.*
Bouquin, *f. m.* *An old he-goat.* * † Un vieux bouquin, (un vieux débauché,) *an old lecher, sinner or fornicator.* Sentir le bouquin, *to smell rammish.* * Vieux bouquin, (ou vieux livre,) *an old worm-eaten book.*
Bouquiner, *v. n.* *To be reading old books, to be a book-worm.* * (En parlant du lievre qui couvre la femelle,) *to couple as a hare.*
Bouracan, *f. m.* *Barracan; a sort of coarse camelot.*
Bourasque, *f. f.* *A sudden and violent storm.*
Bourbe, *f. f.* *Mud, mire, dirt.*
Bourbeux, *euse, adj.* *Muddy, mory, full of mud.*
Bourbier, *f. m.* *Mire, slough, puddle.*
Bourbillon, *subst. m.* *Matter issuing out of a sore.*
Bourde, *f. f.* *A fib, a lye, or sham, a bam, a fun.*
Bourdon, *f. m.* (mouche guêpe.) *A drone.* Bourdon de cornemuse, *the drone of a bag-pipe.* * Bourdon, (terme d'imprimerie,) *an aut, in the art of Printing.*
Bourdon de pèlerin, *a pilgrim's staff.* * † Planter le bourdon en quelque lieu, *to pitch one's camp somewhere, to settle there.*
Bourdonnement, *f. m.* *Buzzing or humming.* — d'oreilles, *a humming or tingling in one's ears.*
Bourdonner, *v. n.* *To buzz or hum.*
Boure, *and some other words, stream with RR.*
Bourg, *f. m.* *A market-town, a borough-town.*
Bourgade, *f. f.* *A little town, a small borough.*
Bourgage, *f. m.* *Burgage.*
Bourgeois, *f. m.* (citoyen.) *A burges or citizen.* * (Parmi les ouvriers,) *a master-tradesman, one that keeps journeymen.* * (Personne du tiers-état,) *a commoner.* * (Homme qui n'a pas l'usage du monde,) *a citizen, a cit.*
Bourgeois, *oïse, adj.* *Of or belonging to a citizen, citizen.*

72 B O U

Like. Caution bourgeoise, city, security.
 Bourgeoise, *f. f.* A citizen's wife. ♀ (Femme qui n'est pas de la Cour,) a cits's, a she-cit.
 Bourgeoisement, *adv.* Citizen-like, like a cit.
 Bourgeoise, *f. f.* Freedom, the freedom of citizens. Donner a quelqu'un le droit de bourgeoisie, to make one a freeman. ♀ La bourgeoisie, (les bourgeois,) the citizens or burghers.
 Bourgeon, *f. m.* Bud, eye or button in a tree, vine, &c. ♀ (Pustule au visage,) a pimple.
 Bourgeonné, *éc, adj.* Full of pimples.
 Bourgeonner, *v. n.* To burgeon, to bud or shoot.
 Bourgmestre, *f. m.* A burgh-master or Burgo-master.
 Bourguignote, *f. f.* Burganet, a Spanish murrion.
 Bourrache, *f. f.* (plante.) Borage.
 Bourrade, *f. f.* Cuff beating, thrashing, brush.
 Bourre, *f. f.* (poil dont on remplit les selles, &c.) Cow's hair, &c. serving to stuff saddles, &c. and used by bricklayers in their mortar.
 Bourre-lanice, *f. f.* flocks of wool. Bourre-tontisse, shear wool. Lit de bourre, a fluck bed. ♀ Bourre, (pour une arme à feu,) the ram or wad. * † Livre où il y a beaucoup de bourre, a book full of trash.
 Bourré, *éc, adj.* Trashed, mawled, beaten.
 Bourreau, *f. m.* Hangman, executioner, † jack-catch. * (Homme sanguinaire, cruel,) tormenter, a cruel man, a butcher.
 Bourrée, *f. f.* Chat-wood, brush, a fagot of small wood. ♀ (Danse,) a boree, a merry kind of dance.
 Bourrelé, *éc, adj.* Tormented, tortured, racked.
 Bourreler, *v. a.* To torment, torture or rack.
 Bourrelet ou Bourlet, *f. m.* A pad, a roll stuffed with flocks, cotton, &c. ♀ a

B O U

pad or pudding for a child's head.
 Bourrelier, *f. m.* A harness-maker, a saddler, a maker of horses collars and the like.
 Bourrer, *v. a.* une arme à feu. To ram in. ♀ (Battre,) to beat or thrash.
 Bourrique, *f. f.* A he or a she ass.
 Bourriquet, *subst. m.* (petit anon.) An ass's colt.
 Bourru, *ue, adj.* (bizarre.) Humoursome, capricious, fantastical, peevish, cross, morose. ♀ Vin bourru, new and sweet white wine that has not worked. * † Moine bourru, a bug-bur.
 Bourse, *f. f.* (fac pour mettre de l'argent.) A purse. * (L'argent comptant,) * purse, money. * C'est une bonne bourse, he is a great monied man. ♀ Bourse du fiel, the vesicle of the gall. ♀ Bourse, (lieu où s'assemblent les marchands,) bursé or exchange. ♀ Faire bourse à part, to keep one's own money. ♀ Coupeur de bourses, a cut-purse or pick-pocket. ♀ Bourse, (poche, filet,) a purse-net. ♀ Bourse de Secrétaire du Roi, the fees of a King's Secretary. ♀ Bourse de College, a maintenance, fellowship, pension in a college: sur poor students.
 Bourfier, *subst. m.* Bourfiere, *f. f.* A purse-maker or seller. ♀ A fellow, a scholar that hath a pension in a college; ♀ a Purser, a Treasurer.
 Bourfiller, *v. n.* To make a gathering.
 Bourson, *f. m.* A sub, a little leathern pocket.
 Bourfoufflé, *ég, adj.* Bloated, blown, puffed up. Un gros bourfoufflé, a big bloated body.
 Bourfouffler, *v. a.* To bloat, to blow, to puff.
 Bouffe, *f. f.* Cow-turd, cowdung.
 Bouffillage, *f. m.* Mud-wall or mud-wallling.
 Bouffiller, *v. a.* To make a mud-wall

B O U

Bouffilleur, *f. m.* A mud-wallling, † road-wallling.
 Bouffole, *f. f.* A compass, a sea or mariner's compass.
 Bout, *f. m.* (extrémité.) End, the extremity of any thing that has an extension. ♀ Bout d'un fourreau d'épée, the shape of a scabbard. ♀ Bout de fleuret, the button of a foil. ♀ Bout du nez, de l'oreille, de la langue, the tip of the nose, of the ear, of the tongue. ♀ Bout, (dont on garnit le bout d'un bâton, d'une canne, &c.) the tip of any thing, as the ferrel of a cane, &c. ♀ Un bout de plume, a short pen. ♀ Bouts d'ailes, master-quills. * † Ne rire que du bout des levres, to laugh from the teeth outward or to laugh but faintly. Etre assis au haut bout, to sit at the upper end. Tenir le haut bout, to get the upper hand; le bas bout, the lower end. * † Savoir sur le bout du doigt, * † to have a thing at one's finger's end. ♀ Bout, (fin.) End. ♀ Venir à bout de, (finir, achever,) to bring about, to compass or attain to, to make an end, to accomplish. ♀ On ne peut venir à bout de cet enfant, this child cannot be reclaimed. * Pouffer quelqu'un à bout ou le mettre à bout, to put one to a non-plus, to strike him home. * Pouffer une chose à bout, to bring a business to a head or to an issue. ♀ Cela lui est demeuré au bout de la plume, he has forgot to write it. ♀ De bout en bout. From one end to the other. ♀ Au bout du compte, when all comes to all, when all is done, after all. ♀ A tout bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn. ♀ Avoir vent de bout, to have the wind in one's teeth. Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand a tip-toe. ♀ Tirer que qu'un à bout portant, to shoot one close or with the gun clapt to his breast. ♀ Un petit bout d'homme, (un nain,)

BOU

a little man, a short arse, shrimp or dwarf. ♣ Bout faigneux, a seragony end of a neck of mutton. ♣ Bout de l'an, (terme d'Eglise Romaine,) the Service that is read for a deceased person at the year's end, after his death. ♣ Baton à deux bouts, quarter-staff. ♣ Bout d'argent, bout d'or, (que les tireurs d'or passent par la filière,) a silver stick, a gold stick. ♣ Bouts de manches, cuffs, shams or false sleeves. ♣ Bout de bordage, butt of a plank. Bout de vergue, yard arms.
Boutade, f. f. Spurt, start of fancy, fit, maggot, whim. ♣ Boutade de vers, a poetick rapture. ♣ Boutade, (vivacité, chaleur,) brunt, fire, eagerness, sally.
Boutargue, f. f. (forte de mets.) Botargo.
 • † **Boute-en-train**, f. m. One that leads the dance.
Boute-feu, f. m. Boutefeu, incendiary, a willful firer of houses; * a boutefeû, a make-bate, a firebrand of sedition. ♣ (Bâton pour mettre le feu au canon,) a lintstock, the forked stick whereon hangs the match that a gunner fires his guns with.
Boute-hors, f. m. The knocking out of doors, a kind of play. * † Jouer au boute-hors, to endeavour to supplant one another, to strive to put each other's nose out of joint.
 † **Boute-hors**, (facilité à s'expliquer,) a good utterance.
Bouteille, f. f. A bottle. ♣ (Ampoule, vessie d'air,) a bubble. ♣ Quarter-gallery of a ship.
Bouterolle, f. f. The chape of a scabbard.
Boute-selle, f. m. Ex. Sonner le boute-selle. To sound to horse.
 † **Bouts-tout-cuire**, f. m. A spend-all, a merry companion.
Boutillier, f. m. Butler.
Boutique, f. f. A shop. ♣ (Tous les instrumens d'un artisan,) tools, implements,

BRA

trade. ♣ (Bateau où l'on garde du poisson,) a trunk for fish.
Boutis, f. m. The rooting place of a wild boar.
Boutisse, f. f. Ex. Pierre mise en boutisse. A stone laid across.
Boutoir, f. m. Boutoir de sanglier. The snout of a wild boar. ♣ Boutoir, (outil de Maréchal ferrant,) a farrier's buttress.
Bouton, f. m. A button for a garment. ♣ (Bourgeon,) a button, a bud of plants and trees. ♣ (Pustule,) a pimple. * Serrer le bouton à quelqu'un, to be pressing, to be urgent upon one. ♣ Bouton d'un canon, button, cascabel or pomiglion of a cannon. ♣ Boutons d'é-tai & de tournevire, mous-fes of the stays and voyal.
Boutonné, ée, adj. Buttoned. C'est un homme toujours boutonné, he is very close.
Boutonner, v. a. To button.
 Se boutonner, v. r. To button one's self.
Boutonner, v. n. (pouffer des boutons.) To bud.
Boutonnerie, f. f. Buttons, button-ware.
Boutonnier, f. m. A button-maker.
Boutonniere, f. f. Button-hole.
Bouts-rimés, f. m. pl. Bouts-rimés, rhimes given in order to be filled up.
Bouture, f. f. The slip of a tree.
Bouverie, f. f. A stable for oxen, the place where oxen are kept.
Bovier, f. m. Bouviere, f. f. A cow-herd. * (Homme grossier,) a clown or churl. ♣ (Constellation,) a star following Charles's-wain.
Bouvillon, f. m. A bullock.
Boyau, f. m. Gut, bowel. Descente de boyaux, burbling or rupture. ♣ Boyau, (branche de tranchée,) a branch of a trench in fortification.
Boyaudier, f. m. One that makes strings for musical instruments.
Boyer, f. m. Flemish shallop.
Bracelet, f. m. Bracelet,

BRA 73

Brachial, adj. Muscle brachial, brachial muscle.
Brague, f. f. Span. ♣ Brague de canon, the breeching of a cannon. ♣ — de gouvernail, rudder stoppers.
Brai, f. m. (goudron.) Pitch and tar.
Braie, f. f. (linge dont on enveloppe le derrière des enfans.) Back-clouts.
Braillard, arde, adj. Bawling, noisy, obstreperous.
Brailler, v. n. To bawl, to be noisy or obstreperous.
Brailleur, f. m. A bawler, a noisy, obstreperous fellow.
Brailleuse, f. f. A bawling noisy woman, a scold, a bawler.
Braire, v. n. To bray as an ass.
Braïse, f. f. Live coal, burning coal.
Bramer, v. n. (se dit du cri du cerf.) To bray.
Bran, f. m. Turd, fir-reverence. ♣ Bran de son, (gros son,) bran. * † Bran de Judas, freckle.
Brancard, f. m. A kind of litter; ♣ the shaft of a coach or chariot.
Branchage, f. m. Branches, boughs.
Branché, f. f. (le bois que pousse le tronc d'un arbre.) A branch or bough of a tree. * (Partie de quelque chose,) a branch, a part of any thing. ♣ Branche - urfine. V. Acanthe. ♣ Branche de garde d'épée, the bow of a sword hilt. ♣ Chandelier à branches, a branch candlestick.
Brancher, v. a. To hang on a tree. Brancher. V. Se percher.
Branchier, f. m. (jeune oiseau de proie.) A brancher.
Branchu, ue, adj. Full of branches.
Brandebourg, f. f. ou m. A campagne coat, a furcoat.
Brandes, f. f. pl. (terme de chasse.) Boughs of trees.
Brandevin, f. m. (eau-de-vie.) Brandy.
Brandillé, ée, adj. Swung, tossed, wagg'd.
Brandillement, f. m. Swinging, tossing.

Brandiller, *v. a.* To swing, to *shake* or *shake to and fro*.
Se brandiller, *v. r.* To swing, to *see-saw*; *to shake one's self about*.
Brandilloire, *f. f.* A swing.
Brandir, *v. a.* To brandish.
Brandon, *f. m.* (flambeau de paille.) A *whisp of straw lighted*; *to a fire-brand*.
Branle, *f. m.* (agitation, mouvement.) *Shaking, motion, tossing, jogging*. *to (Danse en rond,) brawl*. * *Mener le branle, to lead the dance*.
to Branle, (lit dont on se sert sur les vaisseaux,) a hammock. *Branle bas ! up all hammocks !* *to Sonner les cloches en branle, to ring out the bells*. *to Mettre une cloche en branle, to raise a bell*. * *Branle, (incertitude,) balance, suspense, doubt, agitation*. * *Donner le branle à une affaire, to influence or encourage a thing, to set it agoing*. * *to Faire danser un branle de sortie à quelqu'un, to turn one out, to shew one the door*.
Branlement, *f. m.* *Jogging, shaking*.
Branler, *v. a.* To shake, jog or stir.
Branler, *v. n.* To shake or jog. *to Les dents lui branlent, his teeth are loose*. * *Branler, (chanceler,) to stagger or totter*. * *(Lâcher le pied,) to give ground*. * *Branler au manche, (n'être pas ferme dans sa résolution,) to be unsteady, wavering or irresolute, to stagger*.
Braquemart, *f. masc.* (épée courte & large.) A *short and broad sword, a cutlass*.
Braque, *f.* A kind of short-tailed sitting dog, commonly spotted or party coloured.
Braqué, *éc, adj.* Turned, set, &c. *V. Braquer*.
Braquement, *f. m.* The leveling of a piece of ordnance.
Braquer, *v. a.* To turn, set or bend. *Braquer un canon, to level or point a cannon*.
Bras, *f. m.* (partie du corps.) *Arm*. *to — de chaise, the*

elbow or arm of a chair. *to (Partie de la jambe de devant d'un cheval,) the fore leg of a horse*. *to Bras de civière, the handle of a wheelbarrow*. *to Bras, (chandelier,) a sconce, a sort of candlestick*. *to Bras, (sorte de cordage,) braces, a sort of ropes*. *to Bras de mer ou de rivière, an arm of the sea or of a river*. * *Demeurer les bras croisés, to stand with one's arms across, to be idle*. * *to Je veux avoir les bras cassés si je mens, may I be burnt if I lie*. * *Se jeter entre les bras de quelqu'un, to cast one's self into one's arms, to betake one's self to him for one's protection*. * *Vivre de ses bras, vivre du travail de ses bras, to live by one's handy work*.
to A force de bras, with main strength, by strength of arms. *to Il avoit le bras retourné jusqu'au coude, he had his sleeve turned up to the very elbow*. * *Il a une grande famille sur les bras, he has a great family to keep or to maintain*. * *Avoir de grandes affaires sur les bras, to have great concerns in hand*. * *Avoir beaucoup de créanciers sur les bras, to be troubled with a great many creditors, to have many duns at one's heels*. * *S'attirer un puissant ennemi sur les bras, to draw a potent enemy upon one's back*. * *J'ai sur les bras un puissant ennemi, I have to do with a potent enemy*. * *Les bras de la mort, the jaws of death*. * *Bras, (puissance,) Arm, power*. * *(Vaillance,) arms, courage*. * *Tendre les bras à quelqu'un, to be ready to help, relieve, assist or protect one, to offer him one's aid or protection*. * *Lui prêter son bras, to lend him an helping hand, to serve him in some design or other*. * *C'est mon bras droit, he is my right hand or the greatest help I have*.
to A tour de bras, adv. Ex. Il lui a donné un soufflet à

tour de bras. He gave him a swinging box on the ear.
Braser, *v. a.* To bray or solder.
Brasier, *f. m.* A coal fire, a quick fire of coals or wood; *to a pan for coals*. * *(Feu,) fire, burning flame, great heat*.
Brassage, *f. m.* The coining or minting of money. *to Droit de brassage, coinage, the fee which the masters of the mint have out of every sort of money coined*.
Brassard, *f. m.* Braces or a vambrace; *to the wooden cuff or bracer worn by balloon players*.
Brasse, *f. f.* A fathom, a measure of six feet.
Brassé, *éc, adj.* (from Brasser.) Brewed, &c. *V. the verb*.
Brassée, *f. f.* An arm full.
Brasser, *v. a.* (faire la bière.) To brew or make beer. * *(Pratiquer, tramer,) to brew, hatch, plot, work, contrive, imagine or devise*. *to Brasser les métaux, to mix the metals together*.
Brasser ou brasséyer, *v. a. & n.* To brace any yard.
Brasserie, *f. f.* Brew-house.
Brasseur, *f. m.* A brewer.
Brasseuse, *f. f.* A brewer's wife.
Brasséyage ou brassage, *f. m.* The act of bracing yards.
Brassières, *f. f. pl.* A night waistcoat for a child or a woman.
Brassin, *subst. m.* A brewer's copper.
† Bravache, *f. m.* A bully, a heitor, a braggadochio, a false brave, a swaggerer.
Bravade, *f. f.* A bravado or heitoring.
Brave, *adj.* (fort, vaillant,) *Brave, stout, valiant, courageous*. *to (Paré de beaux habits,) fine, spruce*. *to (Honnête, galant,) brave or gallant*.
Brave, *f. m.* A brave man, a stout man, a gallant man, a man of courage. *to Un brave ou un faux brave, a bully, a false brave, a heitor, a braggadochio, a*

BRA

Swaggerer. Faire le brave, to brave it, to carry it high.
Bravé, ée, *adj.* Braved, affronted, dared.
Bravement, *adv.* (vaillamment.) *Bravely, stoutly.* † (Bien,) *bravely, skilfully.*
Braver, *v. a.* To brave, dare, affront or heckle, to vaunt and vapour over one.
† **Braverie**, *f. f.* Bravery, finery, fine cloaths.
Bravoure, *f. f.* (valeur.) Valour, courage. ♦ (Action de valeur,) achievement.
Brayer, *v. a.* To pitch, to pay a scam, in the sea language.
Brayer, *f. m.* (bandage.) A truss for one that has a rupture.
Brayette, *f. f.* The codpiece.
Bréant, *f. m.* A fskinn, a sort of bird.
Brebis, *f. f.* A sheep, an ewe.
Breche, *subst. f.* Breach of a wall, edge, &c. ♦ Breche de couteau, &c. the notch or gap of a knife, razor, &c. * Breche, (tort, dommage,) breach, diminution, prejudice, damage.
Breche-dent, *adj.* (à qui il manque des dents.) Toothless.
Brechet, *f. m.* Brisket.
Breclardin, *f. m.* Garnet or burton.
Bredouille, *f. m.* A lurch at tables.
Bredouillement, *f. m.* Sins-tering.
Bredouiller, *v. n.* To flammer, to fluster or flut, to muffle, not to speak one's words plain.
Bredouilleur, *f. m.* Bredouilleuse, *f. f.* A flammer, a flusterer, a muffer, a flustering man or woman.
Bref, *breve*, *adj.* Brief, short.
† **En bref**, *adv.* (en peu de temps.) In a short time, shortly. † **Bref**, *in short*, to cut or to be short.
Bref, *f. m.* A brief or Pope's letter; ♦ a Church calendar for the order of divine Service.
Brehaigne, *adj. f.* *Es.* Biche brehaigne. A barren hind.

BRI

† **Brehaigne**, (terme injurieux; femme stérile,) a barren woman, a barren doe.
Brelan, *f. m.* (forte de jeu des cartes.) A kind of game as cards. ♦ (Académie où l'on joue,) a gaming-house or ordinary.
Brelander, *v. n.* To game, to be a gamester.
Brelancier, *f. m.* A gamester, a gambler.
Breloque, *f. f.* A toy or whim-wham, a gewgaw.
Breme, *f. f.* Bream, a fresh water-fish.
Breneux, *euse, adj.* Beshie, beshit all over.
Bresil, *f. m.* Brasil or brasil wood.
Bresiller, *v. a.* To cut small.
Bretailier, *v. n.* (ferrailier, faire le métier de bretteur.) To tilt, to be a fighting fellow.
Bretailleur, *f. m.* A tilter, a fighting fellow, a bully.
Bretelle, *f. f.* An arm or handle of a dossier or of a porter's crooked staff.
† **Brette**, *f. f.* A rapier or long sword.
Bretteur, *f. m.* An heckler.
Breve, *f. f.* (syllabe breve.) A short syllable, a syllable which is pronounced short.
Brevet, *subst. m.* A warrant, writ, breviate or brief of the crown. ♦ — (d'un Officier d'armée,) a commission of a military Officer. ♦ (Acte fait devant Notaire,) an indenture. ♦ Brevet d'apprentissage, a prentice's indenture. ♦ Brevet, (connoissement,) a bill of lading.
Bréviaire, *f. m.* A breviary.
Breuvage, *f. m.* (boisson.) Drink, liquor. ♦ (Potion médicinale,) a potion.
Breuvage pour un cheval, a drench for a horse.
Bribe, *f. f.* A piece or lump of bread. ♦ — de viande, a scrap laid up to eat. * Bribes de latin, scraps of latin.
Bricole, *f. f.* A bricole or rebound of a ball at tennis. ♦ (Au jeu de billard,) a bricole or back stroke at bil-

BRI

75

iards. ♦ (Espèce de filet,) a kind of toil for deer; ♦ the uneasy rolling of a ship.
† **De bricole**, *adv.* (indirectement.) *Indirectly.* ♦ **Bricole**, (bande de cuir,) strap or thong of leather. * † Donner une bricole à quelqu'un, to put a sham upon one, to put or impose upon him, * † to sell him a bargain.
Bricoler, *v. n.* To bricole, to give a bricole, to pass a ball, at tennis. * † **Bricoler**, to toss a piece of meat in the mouth, to cool it before it goes down.
Bride, *f. f.* A bridle. ♦ **Bride de bonnet**, a stay, for a cap. ♦ — de dentelle, a bar of lace. ♦ — de boutonnière, the loop of a button hole. * A bride abattue ou à toute bride, full speed. * Aller bride en main dans une affaire, to carry on a business prudently, to act with deliberation or consideration. * Tournier bride, to turn back, to turn short. * Tenir la bride haute à quelqu'un, to keep one short or under, * to keep a strict hand over one. * Tenir en bride, to bridle or curb, to keep in, to keep under. * Lâcher la bride à quelqu'un ou mettre à quelqu'un la bride sur le cou, to leave one to himself, to let him take his own course. * Lâcher la bride à ses passions, to indulge or gratify one's passions. ♦ Un cheval fort en bride, a hard mouthed horse, a stout or head-strong horse. * **Bride à veau**, a sham, a foolish, silly reason.
Bridé, ée, *adj.* Bridled. * † La bécasse est bridée, he has caught or the hubble is trapped.
Bridier, *v. a.* (mettre la bride.) To bridle or put on a bridle. * (Retenir,) * to bridle, curb, keep under or keep in. ♦ Ce cheval ne se laisse point bridier, this horse will not be bridled, will not endure a bridle. ♦ **Bridier**, (serrer,) to tie

fast. * † Brider le nez à quelqu'un, *to hit or strike one over the face*. ♣ Brider l'ancre, *to stow the anchor to the bow*.
 Bridon, *f. m. A snaffle, a bit or brake*.
 Brief, *brieve, adj. Une bonne & brieve justice. A good and quick dispatch of justice. Ajournement à trois briefs jours, a three days adjournment*.
 Brièvement, *adv. Briefly, in a few words, in short, compendiously*.
 Brevet, *f. f. Brevity, shortness*.
 † Brisé, *ée, adj. Eaten up, devoured*.
 † Briser, *v. a. To eat greedily, to devour, to claw off the vituals*.
 † Briseur, *f. m. Ex. Un grand briseur. A greedy eater, a ravenous feeder*.
 Brigade, *f. f. A brigade*. * † (Compagnie de plusieurs personnes,) *a company or troop*.
 Brigadier, *f. m. A Brigadier*.
 Brigand, *f. m. A brigand, a robber, a highway man, a vagabond*.
 Brigandage, *f. m. A robbery, robbing*.
 Brigander, *v. n. To rob on the highway*.
 Brigantin, *f. m. A brigantine*.
 Brignoles, *f. f. pl. Plums of Brignoles in Provence*.
 Brigue, *f. f. (poursuite ardente.) A canvassing, an earnest suing, soliciting and making interest for a place, an intrigue to get a dignity.* ♣ (Parti, cabale,) *parti, cabal, faction*.
 Briguer une charge, *v. a. To sue, canvass or stand for an office, to seek for preferment, to make an interest for a place, to court it*.
 Brigué, *ée, adj. Courted, for which an interest is made, &c.* V. Briguer.
 Brillant, *ante, adj. Shining, sparkling, glittering, bright.* ♣ Un cheval brillant, *a fine or stately horse*. * Un esprit brillant, *a sparkling wit*. * Humeur brillante &

enjouée, a brisk and lively humour.
 Brillant, *f. m. Brightness, splendor*. * Il n'a point de brillant, *he is not smart, he is dull*. ♣ Brillant, (diamant taillé à facettes par-dessus,) *a brilliant*. Un faux brillant, *a counterfeit brilliant*.
 Briller, *v. n. To shine, sparkle, glitter or glister, to be bright, sparkling, &c.*
 Brimbale ou bringuebale, *f. f. A brake or handle of the ship's pump*.
 Brimbaler, *v. a. Ex. Brimbaler les cloches. To ring, to set the bells agoing*.
 Brimboration, *f. m. Bawble, knack, gewgaws, toy*.
 Brin, *f. m. (petite partie.) Bit or small parcel.* ♣ Brin d'herbe, *a slip or tender stalk of an herb*. ♣ Brin de bois, *a sprig, shoot or stick of a tree*. ♣ Bois de brin, *a stick of round wood*. ♣ Un cordon de trois brins de soie, *a string of three silken twigs*. ♣ Un brin de paille, *a straw*. ♣ Brin d'estoc, *a quarter-staff, a long stick*.
 Brin à brin, *adv. By little and little, bit by bit, piece meal*.
 † Brinde, *f. f. Health, toast*.
 Brioché, *f. f. A sort of cake*.
 Brique, *f. f. A brick to build*.
 Briqueté, *ée, adj. (fait en façon de brique.) Made brick-like*.
 Briqueterie, *f. f. Brick-kiln*.
 Briquetier, *f. m. Brick-maker*.
 Bris, *f. m. (terme de Pratique, fracture.) Breaking.* ♣ (eu parlant des vaisseaux,) *wrack*. ♣ Droit de bris, *the admiralty of a sea coast*.
 Brisans, *f. m. pl. (écueils.) A rock, a shelf, breakers*.
 Brise, *f. f. Breeze, a fresh gale of wind*.
 Brisé, *ée, adj. Broken, bruised, beaten in pieces, &c.* V. Briser. ♣ Un lit brisé, *a folding bed*. Chaise brisée, *a folding chair*. Porte brisée, *a folding door, a two-leaved door*.
 Brisées, *f. f. pl. Blinks, boughs*

cast in the deer's way. * Suivre les brisées, *to prosecute one's design, to pursue one's point*. * Revenir sur les brisées, *repandre les brisées, to resume one's former discourse, to return to it*. * Suivre les brisées ou marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, *to follow one's steps, to imitate him*. * Aller ou marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, *to interfere with one*.
 Briser, *v. a. To break, bruise or beat in pieces*.
 Briser, *v. n. To break or split*. * Ils ont brisé ensemble, *they are fallen out*. ♣ Brissons-là, *let us break off there, no more of that*.
 Se briser, *v. r. To break, in a neutral sense*.
 Briseur, *f. m. (qui brise.) Ex. Briseur d'images. An image-breaker.* ♣ Briseur de sel, *a kind of salt officer*.
 Brisoir, *subst. m. A brake for flax*.
 Brisure, *f. f. (terme de Blason.) Rebatement or abatement, an addition in armoury for the distinction of younger brothers and bastards*.
 Broc, *f. m. A great leathern jack or a great tankard or pot*. * † De broc en bouché, *while 'tis hot*.
 Brocancer, *v. a. & n. (vendre ou troquer.) To be a broker, to deal in goods, jewels, toys, &c.*
 Brocanteur, *euse, f. A broker*.
 Brocard, *f. m. (étouffe.) Brocade, a sort of stuff.* ♣ (Raillerie piquante,) *a nipping jest, a taunt, a scoff.* ♣ (Jeune cerf,) *a brocket*.
 † Brocarder, *verb. ad. To jest upon, to jeer nip or taunt, to scoff*.
 Brocatelle, *f. f. A kind of linsley-woolsey made in Flanders*.
 Broche, *f. f. (pour faire rôtir la viande.) A broach, a spit.* ♣ (Qu'on met à un muid qui est en perce,) *a faucet or quill.* ♣ (Où l'on suspend les chandelles & les cierges dans une boutique)

BRO

que,) *the stick* whereon the candles hang in a candle's shop. ♣ (de cordonnier,) *a shoemaker's peg.* ♣ — (à tricoter,) *a needle* to knit withal. ♣ Broches, (défenses de sanglier,) *the tusks or tusks* of a wild-boar. ♣ Mettre la viande à la broche, *to broach or spit the meat.*
 Broché, ée, *adj.* Wrought, &c. V. Brocher.
 Brochée, *f. f.* A spit-full.
 Brocher, *v. a.* To work with gold, silk, &c. ♣ Brocher des bas, *to knit stockings.* ♣ Brocher un livre, *to stitch a book.* ♣ Brocher, (attacher avec un clou,) *to fasten with a nail.* * Brocher, (faire à la hâte,) *to do in a trice, to do in haste or do in a hurry.*
 Brochet, *f. m.* (poisson d'eau douce.) Pike, a fresh water fish.
 Brocheton, *f. m.* A small pike, a pickeril.
 Brochette, *f. f.* A skewer. ♣ Elever des oiseaux à la brochette, *to rear birds with a little stick.*
 Brochoir, *subst. m.* A smith's shoeing-hammer.
 Brochure, *f. f.* (livre qui n'est que cousu.) A pamphlet, a stitched book.
 Brocoli, *f. m.* A sort of sprout.
 Brodé, *adj.* Embroidered, &c. V. Broder.
 Brodequin, *f. m.* A buskin, an ancient sort of shoe. ♣ Brodequins, (espece de torture,) *the boots, a kind of rack used in Scotland and elsewhere.*
 Broder, *v. a.* To embroider. ♣ Broder de la gaze, *to spot gawie for hoods.* * † Vous brodez comme il faut, *you lay at ease, you romance, you flourish.*
 Broderie, *f. f.* Embroidery. ♣ Un parterre en broderie, *a garden with knots or figures.* * † Broderie, (embellissement qu'on donne à un conte,) *flourish, romancing.*
 Brodeur, *f. m.* brodeuse, *f. f.* An embroiderer. Brodeuse

BRO

de gaze, *a spotter of hoods.*
 Bronchade, *f. f.* Stumbling or tripping.
 Broncher, *v. n.* To stumble or trip. Cheval qui bronche, *a stumbling horse.*
 Bronze, *subst. m.* Cast copper, brass, properly a mixture of red and yellow brass. Cheval de bronze, *a brzen horse.* ♣ Bronzes, *brzen figures.*
 Bronzé, ée, *adj.* Of the colour of cast copper or brass, &c.
 Bronzer, *v. a.* To paint or colour of the colour of cast copper or brass, to paint dark brown. ♣ Bronzer du cuir, *to colour black leather for mourning gloves or shoes.*
 Broquette, *f. f.* A tack, a small nail.
 Brosailles. V. Broussailles.
 Brosse, *f. f.* A brush. Brosse de peintre, *a painter's brush,* a sort of pencil.
 Brosier, *v. n.* To run through woods or bushes, to brush along.
 Brosier, *v. a.* (frotter avec une brosse.) To brush or rub with a brush.
 Brouée, *f. f.* A fog or mist, a rime.
 Brouet, *f. m.* Milk porridge.
 Brouette, *f. f.* A wheel-barrow.
 Brouetter, *v. a.* To draw in a wheel-barrow or paltry coach.
 Brouettier, *f. m.* A wheel-barrow man.
 Brouhaha, *f. m.* Clapping, applause.
 Broui, ie, *adj.* Blasted, V. Brouir.
 † Brouillamini, *f. m.* A confused affair, a thing that has neither head nor tail.
 Brouillard, *f. m.* Mist, fog. Un air plein de brouillards, *misty, foggy weather.* ♣ Papier brouillard, *blotting or sinking paper.*
 Brouillé, ée, *adj.* Jam-bled, mixed together, &c. V. Brouiller. * † Les cartes sont brouillées, *matters are much embroiled.*
 Brouiller, *v. a.* (mêler.) To jumble, shuffle, blend or

BRU

77

mix together. * (Confondre,) *to put out, perplex, confound or puzzle.* * (Mettre du désordre,) *to embroil, to confound or disorder, to make a confusion.* * (Semer la discorde,) *to set at variance, to cause a division, to set together by the ears.*
 Se brouiller, *v. r.* (s'embar-rasser, se troubler.) To confound or perplex one's self, to be out. ♣ Se brouiller avec quelqu'un, *to fall out with one.* ♣ Le temps se brouille, *the weather begins to be overcast.*
 Brouillerie, *f. f.* A falling out, a quarrel.
 Brouillon, *f. m.* A foul paper. Brouillon de marchand, *a day-book.*
 Brouillon, onne, *adj. & subst.* Shuffling. Humeur brouillonne, *a shuffling humour.*
 Brouillon, onne, *adj. & f.* A busy-body, an intermeddler, a shuffling or pragmatical fellow.
 Brouir, *v. a.* To blast.
 Brouissure, *f. f.* Blast.
 Broussailles, *subst. fem. pl.* Briars, thorns, bramble-bushes.
 Brouffin d'érable, *f. m.* Excellence coming to a maple tree.
 Brout, *f. m.* Browze-wood. ♣ Aller au brout, *to go a browzing.* ♣ Brout de noix, *the green shell of walnuts.*
 Brouter, *v. a.* To browze, to heap or nibble of the sprigs, grass, &c.
 Brouilles, *f. f. pl.* Sprigs, brush-wood.
 Broye, *f. f.* A brake.
 Broyé, ée, *adj.* Ground, beaten small, &c.
 Broyement, *f. m.* A grinding, beating small, &c.
 Broyer, *v. a.* To grind or beat small, to pound or bruise. ♣ Broyer l'encre, (terme d'imprimeur,) *to bray the ink.*
 Broyeur, *f. masc.* Grinder, pounder.
 Broyon, *f. m.* A brayer.
 Bru, *subst. f.* A son's wife, a daughter in law.

78 BRU

Brugnon, *f. m.* *Brunion*, a kind of plum.

Bruine, *f. f.* *A rime*, a small drizzling rain.

Bruiné, *éc.* *adj.* *Blasted*, as corn, &c.

Bruiner, *v. imp.* *To drizzle.*

Bruire, *v. n.* *To make a noise*, to bustle or rustle, to roar.

Bruissement, *f. m.* *A rustling noise*, a roaring.

Bruit, *f. m.* (son assez fort.) *Noise*, in general. ♦ **Bruit d'armes**, rustling or rattling of arms. ♦ **Bruit d'épées**, clashing of swords. ♦ **Bruit des dents**, the chattering or crashing of the teeth. ♦ **Bruit de coups de fouet**, the jerk or snapping of a whip. ♦ **Bruit de scie ou de lime**, the shrieking of a saw or file. ♦ **Bruit des choses qui tombent**, bouncing or bounding. ♦ **Bruit des choses qui se fendent**, a cracking or crack. ♦ **Le bruit qu'on fait avec les pieds en marchant**, the rustling or stamping of the feet. ♦ **Le bruit d'une porte**, the creaking, squeaking of a door. ♦ **Bruit des foulières**, the creaking or squeaking of the shoes. ♦ **Bruit que fait la mer agitée**, the roaring or roaring of the sea. ♦ **Bruit d'une chose résonnante**, sound. ♦ **Bruit que l'on fait dans un marché**, the noise, buzz or din of people. ♦ **Bruit**, (éclat,) noise. ♦ (Réputation,) noise, name, fame, report, fame, common talk. ♦ (Murmure, sédition,) uproar, sedition, insurrection. ♦ (Querelle,) quarrel, dispute, variance. Avoir du bruit ensemble, to fall out together, to be at variance.

♦ **A petit bruit**, *adv.* *Without noise* or ostentation.

Brûlant, *ante*, *adj.* *Burning*, scorching; ♦ *hot*, burning hot. ♦ **Brûlant**, (de désir, d'envie,) eager, earnest, ardent.

Brûlé, *éc.* *adj.* *Burnt*, burnt up, burnt down, &c. *V.*

Brûler, *Avoir le teint brû-*

BRU

lé, to be tanned or sun-burnt.

Brûlé, *f. m.* *Burning*. Je sens le brûlé, I smell of something burnt.

Brûlement, *f. m.* *A burning* or fire.

Brûler, *v. a.* *To burn*, to consume by fire. ♦ **Brûler avec de l'eau chaude**, to scald with hot water. ♦ **Brûler** (brouir) les plantes, to blast the plants. ♦ (Echauffer excessivement,) to burn, scorch or parch.

Brûler, *v. n.* se brûler, *v. r.* *To burn*, to consume by fire, to be in fire or all in flame. ♦ — de colere, ♦ to burn or be inflamed with anger. ♦ — d'impatience, to be impatient, to long with great impatience. — d'un feu lent, to consume away by degree, to pine away. ♦ Se brûler à la chandelle, to throw one's self into danger.

A brûle-pourpoint, *adv.* (de fort près.) *Ex.* Il l'a tiré à brûle-pourpoint. He shot him with the gun close to his breast. ♦ C'est un raisonnement à brûle-pourpoint, 'tis a home argument, an argument ad hominem.

Brûleur, *f. m.* *Firer*. *Ex.* Brûleur de maisons, a firer of houses an incendiary.

Brûlot, *f. m.* *A fire-ship*; ♦ a bit exceeding hot with salt or pepper.

Brûlure, *f. f.* *A burning* or scalding.

Brumal, *ale*, *adj.* *Winterly*, that comes in the winter.

Bume, *f. f.* *A fog* or mist at sea.

Brun, *une*, *adj.* *Brown*, dark, dun, dusky. *Bai brun*. *V.* *Bai*.

Brun, *f. m.* *Brown* or dark colour. ♦ **Brun**, a brown or black man.

Une brune, *f. f.* *A brown* maid or woman. ♦ **Sur la brune**, in the dusk of the evening, as it grew dark.

Brunet, *subst. m.* *A brown* or black youth.

Brunette, *f. f.* *A brown* girl.

Bruni, *ie*, *adj.* *Burnished*, polished or made bright.

BRU

Brunir, *v. a.* (polir.) *To tanish*, polish or brighten. ♦ (Rendre brun,) to make brown or dark.

Brunissage, *f. m.* *Burnishing*, polishing.

Brunisseur, *f. m.* *cuse*, *f. f.* *Burnisher*.

Brunissoir, *f. m.* *Burnishing* stick.

Brusc, *f. m.* *Butcher's broom*; a shrub.

Brusque, *adj.* *Blunt*, rash, rough, hairbrained, over-hasty, sudden.

Brusquement, *adv.* *Bluntly*, rashly, roughly, hastily, suddenly.

Brusquer quelqu'un, *v. a.* *To be short*, blunt or sharp with one.

Brusquerie, *subst. f.* *A blunt* action, a rough way of proceeding.

Brut, *te*, *adj.* *Rough*, unpolished, unhewed. *Un diamant brut*, a rough diamond.

Brutal, *ale*, *adj.* *Brutish*, beastly; ♦ *brutish*, fierce, passionate, rude.

Un brutal, *f. m.* *A brutish* man, a brute, a man given over to brutish pleasure; ♦ a clown, a churl; ♦ a passionate fool; ♦ a rash, blunt, hair brained, inconsiderate fool.

Brutaleme, *adv.* *Brutishly*, beastly; ♦ *clownishly*; ♦ *passionately*; ♦ *rashly*, inconsiderately, hand over head, bluntly.

Brutaliser, *v. a.* (traiter avec brutalité.) *To use* roughly, to abuse.

Brutalité, *f. f.* *Brutality*, brutishness, beastliness; ♦ *clownishness*, rashness, inconsideration. ♦ **Brutalité**, (paroles dures ou sâcheuses,) abusive or outrageous language.

Brute, *f. f.* (animal privé de raison.) *Brute*. Une bête brute, a brute, a beast.

Bruyant, *ante*, *adj.* (from bruire.) *Blustering*, rustling, roaring, thundering, obstreperous.

Bruyere, *f. f.* *Sweet broom* or heath. Une campagne couverte de bruyere, a heath.

B U A

Buanderie, *f. f.* *A wash-house.*
 Buandier, *iere, f.* *Washer-man or woman.*
 Bube, *f. f.* *A blister or pimple.*
 Buberon ou plûde Biberon, *f. m.* *A sucking-bottle.*
 Bubon, *f. m.* *A bubo, a botch, a pustulent sore.*
 Buccinateur, *f. m.* (terme d'Anatomie.) *Trumpeter.*
 Bucentaure, *f. m.* *Butentaure, a great ship used by the Venetians, in the ceremony of marrying the sea.*
 Bûche, *f. f.* *Billet, log.* * † Il ne se remue non plus qu'une bûche, *he moves no more than a post.* * Bûche, (homme stupide,) *a sot, a block-head, a dull-pated fellow; a herring-bus.*
 Bûcher, *f. m.* *A wood-pile; a funeral pile; a wood-house.*
 Bûcheron, *f. m.* *Wood-clearer or filler of wood.*
 Bûchette, *f. f.* *Stick.*
 Bucolique, *f. f.* *Buclick, a pastoral poem.*
 Bucolique, *adj.* *Buclick, pastoral, rural.*
 Buffet, *f. m.* *A cup-board or a side-board table; a set of plate for table use.*
 Buffle, *f. m.* *Buffle or wild ox; buff-skin.* (Justaucorps de buffle,) *a buff-coat.* * † Un gros buffle ou grand sot, *a great fool or blockhead.*
 Buglose, *f. f.* *Bugloss, an herb.*
 Buire, *subst. f.* *A flaggon or greas pot.*
 Buis, *f. m.* *Box, box-tree.*
 Buisson, *f. m.* *A bush; a tree that grows with a bush-head, a bushy dwarf tree; a bush thicker or covert.* (Petit bois,) *a thicket or grove.*
 Buissonnier, *iere, adj.* * † Faire l'école buissonniere. *To play the truant, to absent one's self from school.*
 Bulbe, *subst. f.* *A scallion or bulbous root.*
 Bulbeux, *euse, adj.* *Bulbous.*
 Bulle, *f. f.* (lettre du Pape, &c.) *A bull.*
 Bullé, *éc, adj.* *In dus forme, qu'on tick.*

B U S

Bulletin, *f. m.* *Ballot.*
 Burat, *f. m.* *A coarse kind of woollen stuff.*
 Bure, *f. f.* ou Bureau, *f. m.* (sorte d'étoffe.) *A coarse cloth of a darkish colour.*
 Bureau, *f. m.* *An office, the place appointed for the execution of an office; a board, a table within the Court where causes are judged.* * (Jurisdiction,) *court, jurisdiction.* * (Audience dans une Court,) *the hearing of causes in a Court.* (Les Juges d'une Court,) *the Court, the Judges that sit upon it.* (Pour vendre certaines marchandises,) *factory, an office or place appointed for the sale of certain commodities.* (Table à plusieurs tiroirs & tablettes,) *a chest of drawers, a bureau.* * Prendre l'air du bureau, *to pry into a thing, to sift or pump out, to feel people's pulses.*
 Burette, *f. f.* *A crystal bottle, wherein is the wine and water used in the sacrifice of the Mass; a little cruets for oil.*
 Burin, *f. m.* *Burin, a graver or graving tool.*
 Buriné, *éc, adj.* *Engraven.*
 Buriner, *v. a.* *To engrave.*
 Burlesque, *adj.* *Burlesque or burlesk, merry, jocose, comical, mock. Poésie burlesque, burlesque or mock-poetry.*
 Burlesque, *f. m.* *Burlesque or merry way of writing.*
 Burlesquement, *adv.* *Comically, in a jocose way or manner.*
 Burfal, *ale, adj.* *Ex. Edits burfaux, (pour la levée des deniers.) Money edicts.*
 Busc, *f. m.* *Busk for a woman.*
 Buse, *f. f.* (oiseau de proie.) *A buzzard.* * † (Un sot,) *a ninny, sot or simpleton, an ignoramus, a goose.* * † Faire d'une buse un épervier, *to make of a dunce an able man.*
 † Busquer, *v. a.* *Busquer fortune. To seek one's fortune.*
 Busquiere, *subst. f.* *The place where women wear the busk.*

B U V

79

Busfe, *f. m.* *Busf.*
 But, *f. m.* (marqué à quoi l'on vise.) *A but, a mark to shoot at.* * But, (fin,) *aim, scope, end or design.* * Frapper au but, *toucher au but, to hit the nail on the head.* * But à but, *even hands, without any odds.* * Ette but à but, *to be even.* * De but en blanc, *point-blank, directly.* * De but en blanc, (bruquement,) *blantly.*
 Bute, *f. f.* *A farrier's buttress.*
 Buter, *v. n.* (toucher le but.) *To hit the mark.* * Buter (viser) à quelque fin, *to aim at something.*
 * Se buter, *v. r.* (se choquer.) *To clash, to be opposit.*
 Butin, *f. m.* *Boory, spoil, pillage, prize.*
 Butiner, *v. a.* *To get a boory, to pillage, rob or plunder.*
 Butor, *f. m.* *A bittern or heronshaw.* * † Un butor, (une personne stupide,) *a lab or lobeck, a dull fellow, a great booby.*
 Butte, *f. f.* (petit tertre.) *A but, a bank or a small rising ground.* * Ette en butte à de nouveaux dangers, *to be exposed to new dangers.*
 Buttiere, *f. f.* *A kind of gun to shoot for prizes.*
 Buvable, *adj.* (potable.) *Drinkable.*
 Buveau, *f. m.* *A bevel.*
 Buvetier, *f. m.* *The master of a buvette.*
 Buvette, *f. f.* (petit lieu où l'on boit.) *A tavern or ale-house; a sort of victualing house in the palace.*
 Buveur, *f. m.* *Drinker.*
 Buveur, *f. m.* *euse, f. f.* (qui aime le vin.) *Drunkard, toper.*
 Buvotter, *v. n.* (boire à petits coups & souvent.) *To sip.*

C

CA, *interj.* *Come on.* * Çà, *adv.* (ici,) *hither, here.* Çà & là, *this way and that way, up and down.* * Qui çà, *qu'ilà, some one way, some another.* * Depuis

30 CAB

deux ans en ça, (depuis deux ans jusqu'à présent,) *this time two years, two years ago or since.* De deçà, au deçà, en deçà, par deçà, (de ce côté-ci,) *this side, on this side.*
Cabale, *f. f.* (tradition parmi les Juifs.) *Cabala*. * (Pratique secrète,) *cabal, party, combination, confederacy, faction*. * (Troupe de ceux qui font de la cabale,) *cabal, company, gang, set.*
Cabaler, *v. n.* To *cabal*, to contrive or combine, to conspire together. * Son mérite cabale pour lui, *his merit does his work.*
Cabaleur, *f. m.* A *cabaler*, a *cabal man*.
Cabaliste, *f. m.* A *cabalist*.
Cabalistique, *adjectif*. *Cabalistic*.
Cabane, *f. f.* A *cot* or *cottage*, a *thatched house*; * a *bed-place in a cabin*; * a *tilt boat*.
Cabaret, *f. m.* (où l'on vend du vin en détail.) A *tavern*.
Cabaret à biere, *an ale-house*. **Cabaret à cidre**, a *cyder-house*. * **Cabaret**, (table à prendre du thé, du café, &c.) *tea table, tea equipage*. * (Plante,) *asarabacca*.
Caharetier, *f. m.* A *tavern man*.
Caharetiere, *f. f.* A *tavern woman*.
Cabas, *f. m.* A *frail* for *raisins* or *figs*.
† Cabasset, *f. m.* A *slight kind of helmet*, now out of date.
Cabestan, *f. m.* The *capstan* or *crab* of a *ship*.
Cabillaud, *f. m.* A *chevin* or *fresh cod*, a *sort of fish*.
Cabine, *f. f.* *Cabbin*.
Cabinet, *f. m.* A *closet*. * (Les secrets de la Cour,) *cabinet or cabinet council*. Être du cabinet, to be of the *cabinet council*. * **Cabinet**, (buffet à plusieurs tiroirs,) a *cabinet, a chest of drawers*. * (De verdure,) *an arbour*. Un homme de cabinet, a *studious or bookish man*.

CAC

Cable, *f. m.* A *cable*; * the *measure of 120 fathoms*.
Cabler, *v. a.* To *twist several threads into a cord*.
Cablôt, *f. m.* A *cablet* or *small cable*.
Caboche, *f. f.* A *small nail with a great head*. * † (Tête,) *pate, noddle or head*.
Cabochon, *f. m.* A *precious stone ready polished, but not cut*.
Cabotage, *subst. m.* *Coasting trade*.
Cahoter, *v. n.* To *coast* or to *go cruising about from cape to cape or from harbour to harbour*.
Cabrer, *v. n.* ou *se cabrer*, *v. r.* To *prance*, to *stand or to rise upon his two hind feet*, as a *horse* does. Faire cabrer un cheval, to *rear up a horse*. * **Se cabrer**, (de dépit ou de colere,) to *start, to fall into a passion, to be transported with anger*. * **Se cabrer**, to *take head, to be refractory*.
Cabri, *f. m.* A *young kid*.
Cabriole, *f. f.* (saut léger.) A *capriol*, a *caper*. * **Cabriole de cheval**, a *capriol or goat-leap of a horse*.
Cabrioler, *v. n.* To *caper, to cut capers*.
Cabus, *adj.* (pommé.) *Headed*. Chou cabus, *headed cabbage, cabbage-head*.
Caca, *f. m.* *Ah-ah* or *shiting*. *Ex.* Faire *caca*, to *go to ah-ah, to shite*.
Cacade, *f. f.* A *sad balk or baulk*, a *baffle*. Faire une *cacade*, to *have a sad balk, to come off with a baffle*.
Cacao, *f. m.* A *cacao-nut*.
Cache, *f. f.* A *lurking-hole*, a *close or secret place*, a *hidden corner*.
Caché, *ée*, *adj.* *Hide* or *hidden, lurking, lying hid*; * *concealed, latent, kept close*. * (Secret,) *private, secret*. * **Se tenir caché**, to *lie, to lurk or skulk*.
Cacher, *v. a.* To *hide or conceal, to secrete*. * (Céler, dissimuler,) to *hide or conceal, to keep close, private or secret, to dissemble or cover*.

CAD

Se cacher, *v. r.* To *conceal or hide one's self, to lurk or skulk, to abscond or abscond one's self*. * Il ne s'en cache point, *he does it openly or bare-faced and not in hugger-mugger*.
Cachet, *f. m.* A *seal*. * Le cachet du Roi, *the King's signet*.
Cacheté, *ée*, *adj.* *Sealed, sealed up*.
Cacheter, *v. a.* To *seal, to seal up*.
† Cachette, *f. f.* A *lurking hole, a secret or hiding place*.
En cachette, *adv.* *In secret, secretly, under-hand, in hugger mugger*.
Cachot, *f. m.* (prison basse & obscure.) A *dungeon*.
Cachou, *f. m.* *Cashoo*, an *Indian eatable perfume*.
Cacochyme, *adj.* *Ill complexioned, full of humours*. * † **Esprit cacochyme**, *an ill humoured, cross, peevish man*.
Cacochymie, *f. f.* *Cacochymy*.
Cacophonie, *f. f.* *Cacophony*, a *rugged sound*.
Cadastre, *f. m.* *Terrier, register of lands*.
Cadavereux, *euse*, *adj.* *Cadaverous*.
Cadavre, *f. m.* A *corpse, carcass or dead body*.
Cadeau, *f. m.* (trait de plume.) A *flourish about a writing copy*. * (Fête que l'on donne aux Dames,) a *feast or banquet, a great treat*.
Cadenas, *f. m.* A *padlock*.
Cadenassé, *ée*, *adj.* *Padlocked*.
Cadenasser, *v. a.* To *padlock*.
Cadence, *subst. f.* *Cadence* or *time the measure of sound*; * *cadence* or *fall of a period*; * *cadence* or *number of a verse*.
Cadencé, *ée*, *adj.* *Cadenced, numerous*.
† Cadene, *f. f.* A *chain for galley slaves*.
Cadenette, *f. f.* *Cue*.
Cadet, *f. m.* A *younger brother*; * the *youngest brother*. * **Cadet aux gardes**, a *cadet or young gentleman in the regiment of guards*. * † Un *cadet de haut appétit, a sharp set young fellow*. * (Ca-

CAD

Cet, (qui est plus jeune qu'un autre ou qui a été reçu après lui dans quelque charge,) *junior*.
Cadette, *subst. f.* A younger sister; & the youngest sister of all.
Cadis, *f. m.* A kind of serge.
Cadmie, *V.* Calamine.
Cadole, *f. m.* A latch of a door.
Cadran, *f. m.* A dial. & (Horloge solaire,) a dial or sundial.
Cadre, *f. m.* Frame; & bed-frame.
Cadrer, *v. a.* To quadrate or square, to agree or answer; to hang together, to tally.
Caduc, *caduque*, *adj.* (vieux, cassé.) Decaying or decayed, craying. * Caduc, (fragile,) frail, brittle, perishable. & Legs caducs, (succession caduque, terme de Palais,) an escheat. & Le mal-caduc, the falling sickness.
Caducée, *subst. m.* Caduceum, Mercury's wand; & the tip-staff of the King at arms and Heralds.
Caducité, *subst. f.* Weakness, craziness; & the decay or falling to ruin of a house.
Cafard, *arde*, *adj.* & *f.* An hypocrite or bigot, a puritan.
Caffé, *f. m.* Coffee, a plant. & (Maison publique,) coffee-house.
Cafetiere, *f. f.* Coffee-pot.
Casetan, *f. m.* A castan, a vest or surcoat among the Turks, &c.
Cage, *f. f.* (logette d'oiseau.) Cage or bird-cage. * (Prison,) cage, a jail; * † a stone doublet.
Cageoler, *V.* Cajoler, &c.
† Cagnard, *arde*, *adj.* & *f.* Lazy, slothful, idle.
Cagnarder, *v. neut.* To lead a lazy sort of life.
Cagnardise, *subst. f.* Laziness, slothfulness, idleness.
Cagneux, *euse*, *adj.* Having crooked legs which bend inward.
Cagot, *ote*, *adj.* & *f.* Bigot, superstitious.
Cagoterie, *f. f.* Bigotry, superstition.

Tom. I

CAJ

Cagotisme, *subst. m.* Affected devotion.
Cagou, *f. m.* An owl, one that lives retired and flies from company.
Cahier, *f. m.* A loose sheet of a book; & a stitched book; & a quire in the art of Printing.
† Cahin-caha, *adv.* Against the grain, untowardly.
Cahot, *f. m.* A jolt or jault.
Cahotage, *f. m.* Jolting or joulting.
Cahoter, *v. a.* To jolt or jault.
† Cahute, *f. f.* A cottage, hut or lodge.
Caïc, *f. m.* The long boat or pinnace of a galley.
Caïeu, *f. m.* A sucker.
Caïlle, *subst. f.* A quail, a bird.
Caillé, *ée*, *adj.* Curdled, turned into curds. & Sang caillé, blood coagulated, clotted blood.
Caillé, *f. m.* Curds of milk.
Caïllebotte, *f. f.* Curds of milk.
Caïllebotis, *f. m.* Gratings.
Caïllement, *f. m.* The curdling of the milk of women.
Caïller, *v. a.* To curdle, to coagulate. La morsure des serpens caïlle le sang, the stinging of serpents curdles the blood.
Se caïller, *v. r.* (se figer, s'épaissir.) To curd, curdle or turn into curds. & (En parlant du sang,) to coagulate or turn into clods.
Caïlleateau, *subst. m.* A young quail.
Caïllette, *f. f.* The renner-bag.
Caillot-rosat, *f. m.* A rose-water pear.
Caillot, *f. m.* A little clod of blood, a lump of clotted blood.
Caillou, *subst. m.* A flint or a flintstone.
Cailloutage, *f. m.* A sort of rock-work.
† Caimand, *ande*, *f.* A beggar, a lazy beggar, a mump, a way-goer.
† Caimander, *v. n.* To beg or mump.
Cajolé, *ée*, *adj.* Cajoled, coaxed, courted or sawned upon.

CAL

Cajoler, *v. a.* To cajole, flatter, coze, court or fawn upon, to wheedle. & Cajoler la marée, to drive with the tide.
Cajolerie, *f. f.* A cajolling, cozing, courting or fawning upon, flattery, praise.
Cajoleur, *f. m.* cajoleuse, *f. f.* A cajoler or coxer.
Caïque, *f. m.* A galley-boat.
Caïsse, *f. f.* A box, a chest, a trunk. & (Coffre fort,) a cash for money; & (ou tambour,) drum. Batre la caïsse, to beat the drum.
Caïssier, *f. m.* A cash-keeper or cashier.
Caïsson, *f. m.* A covered wagon or carriage; & locker.
Cal, *V.* Calus.
Calament, *f. m.* Calamint, an herb.
Calamine, *f. f.* Calamin or cadmia, brass-ore.
Calamite, *subst. f.* Loadstone, magnet, magnetick needle.
Calamité, *f. f.* Calamity, misery, adversity, trouble, misfortune, distress.
Calamiteux, *euse*, *adj.* Calamitous, miserable, wretched, hard.
Calandre, *f. f.* A weevil, a calender, a worm amongst corn. & (Pour presser les draps, les toiles, &c.) Calender, an engine to calender cloth. & (Espèce d'alouette,) calender, a sort of lark.
Calandré, *ée*, *adj.* Calendered.
Calandrer, *v. a.* To calender cloth.
Calanque, *f. f.* A cove or a small harbour.
Calcédoine, *f. f.* Chalcedony, a sort of agate-stone.
Calcination, *f. f.* Calcination, calcining.
Calciné, *ée*, *adj.* Calcined, calcinated.
Calciner, *v. a.* To calcine or calcinate, to burn to a cinder.
Se calciner, *v. r.* To calcine or to be calcined.
Calcul, *f. m.* (supputation.) Calculation, computation, reckoning, account. & (Pierre qui s'engendre dans les reins ou dans la vessie,) F

the stone in the reins or in the bladder.

Calculateur, *f. m.* Calculator.

Calculé, *ée*, adj. Calculated, computed, counted.

Calculer, *v. a.* To calculate, compute, count, reckon.

Cale, *f. f.* (coin de bois.) A wedge or piece of wood.

☞ (Coiffe de femme de basse condition,) a sort of woolen cap. ☞ (Sorte de supplice,) ducking. ☞ Cale ou

fond de cale, (le lieu le plus bas d'un navire,) the hold of a ship. ☞ Cale,

(abri ou rade,) a leeshore, a safe road.

Calebas, *f. m.* (calebas des voiles d'étai.) Down-hall of the stay sails.

Calebasse, *f. f.* A great gourd; ☞ a gourd-bottle.

Calebotin, *f. m.* The crown of an old hat, such as some shoemakers put their thread and awls in.

Caleche, *f. f.* A calesh or chariot.

Caleçon, *f. m.* Drawers, a pair of drawers.

Caléfaction, *f. f.* Caléfaction, heating.

Calendes, *f. f. pl.* Calends, the first day of the month amongst the ancient Romans. * † Aux calendes

Greques, (jamais.) When three sundays come together, at latter lammas, never. ☞ Calendes, (assemblée des Cures de campagne.) A convocation of country Parsons.

Calendrier, *f. m.* A calendar or almanack.

Caler, *v. a.* (baïsser les voiles.) To strike sail. * † Il faut caler la voile, you must submit, yield or buckle to. ☞

Caler, to quoin or wedge up.

Caler, *v. n.* To sink lower into the water.

Calfat, *f. m.* (radoub d'un vaisseau.) The calking of a ship. ☞ Calfat, (ouvrier qui calfat un vaisseau,) a calker.

Calfatage, *f. m.* Calking.

Calfaté, *ée*, adj. Calked.

Calfater, verb. *añ.* To calk a ship.

Calfeutrage, *f. m.* The stopping of chinks.

Calfeutrer une chambre, *v. añ.* To stop the chinks of a room.

Calibre, *f. m.* The bore of a gun; ☞ the size of a bullet.

* † (Qualité, état, &c. d'une personne,) sort, kind, stamp; merit, worth, parts of a person. ☞ (Volume, grosseur,) fixe, bigness, bulk.

Calibrer, *v. añ.* To dispart a piece of ordnance, &c.

Calice, *f. m.* Chalice or communion-cup. ☞ Calice de rose, the calix or cup of a rose. * † Avaler ou boire le calice, * † to swallow a gudgeon.

Califourchon, à califourchon, adv. A-straddle.

Calin, *f. m.* A silly fellow, a booby.

Caliorne, subst. *f.* A winding tackle.

Calleux, euse, adj. Callous, hard, brawny.

Callosité, *f. f.* Callosity, hardness or thickness of one's skin.

Calme, adj. Calm, still, quiet.

Calme, *f. m.* A calm at sea; * calmness, tranquillity, quietness, stillness.

Calmé, *ée*, adj. Calmed, appeased, pacified, &c. *V. the verb.*

Calmer, *v. añ.* (appaïser.) To calm, appease, quiet, pacify or still.

Calomniateur, *f. m.* Calumniator, slanderer, false accuser.

Calomnie, subst. *f.* Calumny, slander, false imputation, a malicious aspersión.

Calomnié, *ée*, adj. Calumniated, accused falsely, slandered, aspersed.

Calomnier, *v. a.* To calumniate, slander, asperse or detract, to accuse falsely.

Calomnieusement, adv. Falsely, slanderously, by false accusation.

Calomnieux, euse, adj. Calumnious, false, slanderous.

Calotte, *f. f.* A calotte or leather cap.

Calottier, *f. m.* A maker or

seller of calottes or leather caps.

Calquer, *v. añ.* To chalk or take off the outlines of a design or print.

Calville, *f. m.* Calville.

Calvinisme, subst. *m.* Calvinism.

Calviniste, *f.* Calvinist.

Calvitie, *f. f.* Baldness.

Calus, *f. m.* Callus, callosity. * (Dureté,) hardness, callosity.

Camaïeu, subst. *m.* Brooch, a picture painted all with one colour; ☞ any precious stone with figure in it.

Camail, *f. m.* Camail, a Bishop's purple ornament.

Camarade, *f. m.* Camarade or comrade, companion, fellow, friend.

Camard, *f. m.* camarde, *f. f.* A flat-nosed man or woman.

Cambiste, *f. m.* A cambser, a sort of banker.

Cambouis, *f. m.* Gome, the black and oily grease of a cart-wheel, of a printing press, &c.

Cambré, *ée*, adj. Vaulted, arched, cambered or that lies cambering. ☞ (Déjeté,) warped. ☞ (Concave,) hollow.

Cambrer, *v. añ.* To vault or arch, to crook or bend. Se cambrer, *v. r.* (se déjeter,) to warp, as wood does.

Cambrure, subst. *f.* Bending or hollowness.

Caméléon, *f. m.* Cameleon.

Camelot, *f. m.* Canles.

Camérier, *f. m.* The Chamberlain of a Pope.

Camerlingat, *f. m.* The Pope's great chamberlain's place or office.

Camerlingue, *f. m.* The Pope's great Chamberlain.

Camion, *f. m.* A small pin.

Camifade, *f. f.* Camifado, an assault or surprise by night.

Camifard, *f. m.* Camifard, a fanatic, a calvinist, in the Cevennes in France.

Camifole, *f. f.* A waist-coat, properly an underwaist-coat.

Camomille, *f. f.* Camomil.

Camouflet, *f. m.* A smoky paper held under the nose of one that sleeps,

CAM

Camp, *f. m.* *A camp*, a place where an army incamps.
Camp volant, *a flying camp*.
Un Maître de camp, *a Colonel of horse*.
Maréchal de camp, *a camp-marshal*, *a Major-general*.
Camp, (où combattoient les anciens Chevaliers,) *camp or lists*, the place where camp-fight were anciently fought.
Campagnard, *subst. m.* *campagnarde*, *f. f.* *A countryman*, *a countrywoman*.
Campagne, *f. f.* *The country*; *a plain or campaign*, an open country, plain fields.
Se mettre en campagne, *to take the campaign*, *to take the field*, *to keep the field*.
Pièce de campagne, *a field piece*.
Campagne, (le temps qu'une armée est en campagne,) *a campaign*, *a field expedition*, *a cruise at sea*.
Commencer ou ouvrir la campagne, *to begin the campaign*, *to open the field*.
Campane, *f. f.* *A tuff*.
Campanule, *subst. fem.* *Bell-flower*.
Campé, *éc.* *adj.* *Incamped*.
Campement, *f. m.* *An incamping or incampment*.
Camper, *v. a.* *se camper*, *v. r.* (poser le camp, en parlant d'une armée.) *To incamp*, *to pitch a camp*.
Se camper, (se placer,) *to place one's self*, *to pitch one's camp*.
Camper, *v. a.* *To incamp*.
Camphre, *f. m.* *Camphire*, a sort of gum.
Camphré, *éc.* *adj.* *Ex. de l'eau-de-vie camphrée*, *Camphorate brandy*.
Campine, *subst. f.* *A fine fat pullet*.
Campos, *f. m.* *A play-day*.
Camus, *use, adj.* (ou camard.) *Flat-nosed*.
Il est bien camus, *he has had a sad baulk*, *his nose is wiped purely*.
Canaille, *subst. f.* *The mob or rabble*, *the rascality*.
Canal, *f. m.* *Canal or channel*.
(De fleuve,) the channel of a river.
(Lieu où la mer se reflète,) chan-

CAN

nel or straits of the sea, narrow sea.
(Conduit d'eau,) pipe or water conduit.
Le canal de la verge, *the passage of the urine*.
Canal, (ou creux de la baguette d'un fusil,) *gutter*.
(de l'épine du dos,) the concavity or hole of the backbone.
Faire canal, (en termes de galere,) *to put off to sea*, *to keep the sea*.
Canal, (voie, moyen,) *way*, *means*.
Canapé, *f. m.* *A sort of touch or canopy-bed*.
Canapfa, *f. m.* *A knapsack*.
Canard, *f. m.* *A duck or a drake*, *a male duck*, *a mallard*; *a water-dog*.
Canardé, *éc.* *adj.* *Felted*.
Canarder, *v. act.* *To pelt or shoot at one*.
Canardière, *f. f.* *A decoy*.
Canceller, *v. a.* *To cancel a writing*, *to raze*, *deface or cross it*.
Cancer, *f. m.* *Canker*, an ulcer or sore.
Cancer, (un des douze signes du Zodiaque,) *Cancer*, one of the celestial signs.
Cancré, *f. m.* (écrevisse de mer.) *A crab-fish*.
Un pauvre cancre, *a pitiful wretched fellow*, *a silly wretch*.
Candélabre, *subst. m.* *A great branched candlestick*, *a chandelier*.
Candelette, *f. f.* *The fore tackle*.
Garant de candelette, *fore tackle rope or fall*.
Candeur, *f. f.* *Candour*, *frankness*, *openness*, *sincerity*, *integrity*, *plain-dealing*.
Candi, *ie, adj.* (from candir.) *Candy or candied*.
Du sucre candi, *sugar candy*.
Candidat, *f. m.* *A candidate*.
Candide, *adj.* *Candid*, *sincere*, *frank*, *free*, *open*, *upright*, *plain-dealing*.
Candir, *v. n.* *ou se candir*, *v. r.* *To candy*, *to crust*, *as sugar candy*, &c.
Cane, *f. f.* *Duck*.
Caneton, *f. m.* *A small duck*.
Canevas, *f. m.* (grosse toile sur laquelle on brode.) *Canvas*, ** Voilà le canevas*

CAN 83

fur lequel il broda maintes impertinences, *that was the ground-work on which he raised many impertinences*.
Gangrene, *V.* *Gangrene*.
Caniculaire, *adj. Ex.* *Les jours caniculaires*, *the canicular or the dog-days*.
Canicule, *f. m.* *The dog-star*, *a celestial constellation*; *the canicular or dog-days*.
Canif, *f. m.* *A pen knife*.
Canin, *canine*, *adj.* *Canine*.
Faim canine, *a canine appetite*, *the greedy worm*.
Les dents canines, *the eye-teeth or fangs*.
Canne, *f. f.* (roseau.) *Cane*.
(bâton de canne,) a cane or stick.
(espèce de mesure,) a measure containing about an ell and two thirds.
Donner des coups de canne à quelqu'un, *to cane one*.
Cannelas, *f. m.* *Sugar cinnamon*, *a sort of sugar-plum*.
Canneler, *v. a.* *To channel or chamfer*.
Cannelé, *éc.* *adj.* *Channelled*, *chamfered*.
Cannelle, *f. f.* (drogue aromatique.) *Cinnamon*, *a sort of drug*.
(Robinet qu'on met à un tonneau,) tap, cock.
Cannellé, *éc.* *adj.* *Of a cinnamon colour*.
Canneure, *f. f.* (from cannelier.) *Gutter-work*, *chamfering*, *channelling*.
Cannetille, *f. f.* *Purl*, *gold or silver purl*.
Canon, *subst. m.* *A cannon or great gun*, *a piece of ordnance*; *the barrel of a gun*.
Canons de retraite, *stern chafes*.
Canons de chassé, *bow-chafes*.
Canon en terre, *a gun housed athwart*.
Canon (ou tuyau) de seringue d'Apothicaire, *the pipe or glisten-pipe*.
Canons, (ornement qu'on portoit autrefois au-dessous du genou,) *rollers*.
Canon, (terme d'imprimeur, sorte de caractère,) *canon*, *a sort of Printing letter*.
Petit ou Gros-Canon, *lean or fat canon*.
Canon (ou tuyau) d'une plume à écrire, *the quill or*

hollow part or pipe of a quill.
 ♣ Canon, (terme d'architecture, gouttière de plomb,) a *lead-gutter*. ♣ (Sorte de mors de bride,) *the canon of a bit*. ♣ (Constitution Ecclésiastique,) a *canon or Church-law*. ♣ Le Canon des Ecritures, *the canonical Books of Scripture*. ♣ Canon, (terme de Musique,) a *catch*. ♣ Le Canon de la Messe, *the Canon of the Mass*.

Canonade, canonner. *V.* Canonnade, canonner.

Canonial, ale, adj. *Canonical*. Canoniat, *f. m.* *Canonship*, a *Prebend*.

Canonique, adj. (qui est selon les Canons.) *Canonical*, agreeable to the *Canons* or *Church-laws*.

Canoniquement, adv. (selon les Canons.) *Canonically*.

Canoniste, *f. m.* (Docteur en Droit Canon.) *A Canonist*, a *Doctor of common Law*.

Canonisation, subst. *f.* (action de mettre au nombre des Saints.) *Canonization* or *sainising*.

Canonisé, ée, adj. *Canonized*, *sainted*.

Canoniser, *v. n.* (mettre au catalogue des Saints.) *To canonize*, to *saint*.

Canonnade, *f. f.* *Cannonade*, *cannon-shot*, *gun*.

Canonnage, *f. m.* *Gunnery*.

Canonner, *v. a.* *To cannonade*, to *batter with cannon*.

Canonnier, *f. m.* *A Gunner* or *canonner*.

Canonnière, *f. f.* *A casemate* or *loop-hole*. ♣ (Ouverture pour évacuer les eaux,) a *draining-hole* in a *great wall*.

Canot, *f. m.* *A canoe* or *Indian boat*; ♣ *a ship's boat*.

Canotier, *f. m.* *A rower* of a *boat*.

Cantal, *f. m.* *A sort of cheese*.

Cantate, *f. f.* (pièce de Musique.) *Cantata*.

Cantharide, *f. f.* *Cantharide*, a *Spanish fly*.

Canthus, *f. m.* (terme de Médecine.) *Canthus*.

Cantine, subst. *fém.* *A case* of *bottles*.

Cantique, *f. m.* *A canticle*, a *song*, a *spiritual song*.

Canton, *f. m.* *A Canton* or *Province*; ♣ *district* or *part* of a *country*.

Se cantonner, *v. r.* *To canton*, to *fortify one's self* in a *place*.

Canonnier, *f. f.* *A canon*.

Canule, *f. f.* *Pipe*.

Cap, *f. m.* (promontoire.) *A cape*, *promontory* or *point*.

♣ (La pointe ou l'avant du navire,) *the head* or *beak-head* of a *ship*. Avoir le cap au large, to *stand off*. Mettre le cap en route, to *stand on the course*. ♣ Cap-demouton, (en termes de Mer,) *ram's block*, *dead eye*. ♣ De pied-en-cap, *cap-a-pee*, from *top* to *toe*.

Capable, adj. *Capable*, *able*, *apt*, *fit*. ♣ (Habile,) *able*, *learned*, *skillful*. ♣ Capable de tenir ou de contenir, *capable*, *capacious*, that may *hold*, *contain* or *receive*. * † Faire le capable, to *pretend* to *great matters*, to *take upon one's self*, to *set up* for a *man of skill*. ♣ Un homme capable de tout, a *daring*, *resolute* or *bold man*, one that will *do any thing*.

Capacité, *f. f.* *Capacity*, *ability*, *skill*, *skillfulness*, *proficiency*, *reach of wis.* ♣ — (Etendue d'une chose,) *capaciousness* or *capacity*, *spaciousness*, *extent*, *bigness*, *size*. ♣ — d'un vaisseau, *the burthen* or *tonnage* of a *ship*. ♣ Avoir une profonde capacité, to *be deeply learned*. ♣ Selon la capacité de mon esprit, according to my *apprehensions*.

Caparaçon, subst. *m.* *Caparison*.

Caparaçonné, ée, adj. *Caparisoned*.

Caparaçonner, *v. a.* *To caparison*.

Cape, *f. f.* *A Spanish cape*.

* † Rire sous cape, to *laugh* in one's *sleeve*. * N'avoir que la cape & l'épée, to *have nothing but one's sword* to *trust* to, to *have little* or *nothing*. ♣ Cape, (terme de Mer,) *trying* or *lying* to in

a *storm*. A la cape, *hull to*, *a-hull* or *lying*.

Capelage, *f. m.* *The shrouds* and *other rigging* at the *mast head*.

Capelan, *f. m.* (pauvre Prêtre.) *A tattered crape*, a *poor beggary Priest*.

Capelet, *f. m.* *A kind of horse disease*.

Capeline, *f. f.* *A woman's hat* to *keep off* the *sun*.

Caper ou capéyer, *v. n.* *To try* or *lye* to.

Capillaire, *f. m.* *Maiden-hair*, *venus-hair*, *ladies-hair*.

Capillaire, adj. *f.* *Of maiden-hair*. ♣ Fracture capillaire, a *fracture* no *bigger* than a *hair*.

Capilotade, *f. f.* *A capilotade*, a *french dish* of *remnants* of *meat*. * Mettre quelqu'un en capilotade, to *slander*, to *tear* to *pieces*.

Capitaine, *f. m.* *A captain* of *foot* or *horse*.

Capitainerie, *f. f.* *The government* of a *castle*.

Capital, ale, adj. (grand.) *Capital* or *great*; ♣ (ou principal,) *capital*, *chief*, *main*, *principal*. ♣ Crime capital, a *capital crime*, a *crime* worthy of *death*. ♣ Ennemi capital, a *professed* or *mortal enemy*.

Capital, *f. m.* *Ex.* Le capital de l'affaire. *The main point* of the *business*. ♣ Il fait son capital de l'amitié d'un tel, he *depends much* upon such a *man's friendship*. ♣ Le capital & l'intérêt d'une somme, *the principal and interest* of a *sum*.

Capitale, *f. f.* (Ville capitale.) *Chief* or *capital City*. ♣ Capitales, (ou majuscules,) *capitals*, *capital letters*.

Capitanffy, *m.* *A braggadochio*; a *swaggerer*, a *huff*, a *hector*.

Capitane, *f. f.* *The Admiral galley*.

Capitation, *f. f.* *Capitation*, *poll-tax* or *poll-money*.

Capiteux, adj. (se dit du vin qui porte à la tête.) *Heady*.

Capitole, *f. m.* *Capitol*.

Capitoliq, ine, adj. *Ex.* Ju-

CAP

piter capitolin, *Jupiter capitolinus.*
 Capiton, *f. m.* The welt or most substantial part of the silk.
 Capitoul, *f. m.* So are called the principal Magistrates of Toulouse, the chief city of Languedoc in France.
 Capitulaire, *adj.* Of a chapter of a Church.
 Capitulairement, *adv.* Chapterly, by the whole chapter.
 Capitulant, *f. m.* A member of the chapter, one that gives his vote in a chapter.
 Capitulation, *f. f.* Capitulation; articles, agreement.
 Capituler, *v. n.* To capitulate, parley or treat. Capituler à son avantage, to make good terms for one's self.
 † Capon, *f. m.* A tricking fellow, a sharper, a tricking school-boy, a young knave. (Terme de mer,) the eat tackle. Poulie de capon, ear-block.
 Caponner, *v. n.* To trick one. Caponner l'ancre, to cast the anchor.
 Caponnière, *f. f.* (terme de guerre.) A sort of trench or lodgment with loop-holes to fire through.
 Caporal, *f. m.* A corporal.
 Capot, *f. m.* (coup au jeu de piquet.) Capot. Faire quelque'un capot, to capot one. Capot, (petite cape des Chevaliers de l'Ordre du Saint Esprit,) a little cape or cloak. Faire capot, (parlant d'un vaisseau,) to cane, to turn topsy turvy.
 Capote, *f. f.* A riding-hood.
 Capre, *subst. f.* (petit fruit.) Capre.
 Capre, *f. m.* A caper, a priver.
 Caprice, *subst. m.* (fantaisie déréglée, boutade.) Caprice, freak, frolic, whim, maggot, foolish fancy.
 Capricieusement, *adv.* Capriciously, fantastically, whimsically.
 Capricieux, *euse, adj.* (fantastique.) Capricious, frolicksome, humoursome, fantastical, freakish, whimsical, magoery. (Changeant,)

CAQ

capricious, inconstant, sickle.
 Capricorne, *f. m.* Capricorn.
 Caprier, *f. m.* A caper-tree.
 Capron, *f. m.* Haut-boy.
 Capse, *f. f.* A vote-box in the Sorbonne.
 Capter, *v. a.* (ne se dit guere qu'en cette phrase:) Capter la bienveillance. To curry favour.
 Captieusement, *adv.* Captiously, cunningly, deceitfully, subtilly.
 Captieux, *euse, adj.* Capious, cunning, deceitful, subtil.
 Captif, *ive, adj.* Captive.
 Un captif, *f. m.* une captive, *f. f.* A captive, prisoner or slave.
 Captivé, *ée, adj.* Captivated, enslaved.
 Captiver, *v. a.* To captivate or enslave. (Assujettir,) to submit or bring under, to master or confine.
 Se captiver, *v. r.* To captivate or to confine one's self.
 Captivité, *f. f.* Captivity, slavery, thralldom, bondage, confinement.
 Capture, *f. f.* Catch or seizure of a prisoner. (Butin,) capture, catch, prize, prey, booty.
 Capuce, *f. m.* A cowl or capuche, that part of a Fryar's habit that covers his head.
 Capuchon, *f. m.* Capuche or cowl.
 Capucin, *f. m.* A Capuchin Fryar.
 Capucine, *f. f.* A Capuchin nun. (Plante,) Monk's hood or nasturtium.
 Caque, *subst. f.* (sorte de baril.) A cade or cag, a barrel.
 Caquer, *v. a.* (terme de Marine.) Ex. Caquer le hareng, to gut herrings, in order to barrel them up.
 Caquerole ou caqueroliere, *f. f.* A stewing-pan.
 Caquet, *f. m.* Talk, talkativeness, prattling, babbling, tittle-tattle.
 † Caqueter, *v. n.* To prattle, talk, chat or twattle.
 Caqueterie, *f. f.* V. Caquet.
 Caqueteur, *f. m.* A prattler, a great talker,

CAR 85

† Caqueteuse, *f. f.* A talkative gossip, a prattling woman, a prattle-basket, a twattler.
 Caquetoire, *f. f.* A low chair with a very high back.
 Caquette, *subst. f.* A fish-tub.
 Car, *conj.* For, forasmuch as, because.
 Carabin. V. Carabinier. * Carabin, (en parlant de certains joueurs,) a rook.
 Carabinade, *f. f.* A rook's trick.
 Carahine, *f. f.* Carabine, a sort of gun.
 Carabiner, *v. n.* (décharger son coup & se retirer.) To fire or pop off a gun and then retreat. (Au jeu,) to play the rook.
 Carabinier, *f. m.* (cavalier armé d'une carabine.) Carabinier.
 Caracol, *f. m.* (terme d'Architecture.) Ex. Un escalier encaracol, spiral or winding stairs.
 Caracole, *f. f.* (terme de Manege & de Guerre.) Caracol or a wheeling about.
 Caracoler, *v. n.* To caracol or wheel about.
 Caractere, *f. m.* (empreinte, marque.) Character, mark, print. (Lettre,) character, letter, print. Les caractères dont les Imprimeurs se servent en France, sont 1. le Parangon, 2. le Gros-Romain, 3. le Saint-Augustin, 4. le Cicéro, 5. le Petit-Romain, 6. le Petit-Texte, 7. la Mignonne, 8. la Nompaille, the letters used by Printers in France, are, 1. Canon, 2. Great Primer, 3. English, 4. Pica, 5. Long Primer, 6. Brevier, 7. Pearl, and 8. Nompardell. Caractere, (écriture,) hand. Caractere, (fortilege,) a charm or spell. Caractere, (titre, qualité,) character, dignity, quality, degree. Caractere, (ce qui distingue une personne des autres,) character, way, humour, nature, genius. C'est un petit caractere d'ek.
 F ii

prit, *he is but a slender wit.*
 Caractérisé, *ée*, *adj.* Characterized, described.
 Caractériser, *v. a.* To characterize, describe or give a character of.
 Caractéristique, *adj.* Characteristic, a term of Grammar.
 Carafe, *f. f.* A flagon or glass bottle.
 Carafon, *f. m.* A great bottle to put in an ice-pail. ♣ (Vaisseau où cette bouteille est renfermée,) an ice-pail.
 Caramel, *f. m.* Sugar melted and crufted.
 Caramouslat, *f. m.* Caramosul, a Turkish merchant-man.
 Caraque, *f. f.* Carack, so the Portuguese called of old their greatest ships.
 Carat, *f. m.* Carat, a degree of goodness in gold. * † Un fou à vingt-quatre carats, an arch-fool, a great fool.
 Caravane, *f. f.* A caravan.
 Caravelle, *f. f.* Caravel.
 Carbatine, *f. f.* The skin of a beast new flayed.
 Carbonnade, *f. f.* A carbonado, a rasher on the coals.
 Carcan, *f. m.* An iron collar wherewith a malefactor is tied to a post; ♣ a carcanet, a chain of precious stones or of gold or silver.
 Carcasse, *f. f.* A carcass. * † (Personne fort maigre,) a lean body, a mere skeleton.
 Carde, *f. f.* The stalk of the leaves of some plants.
 Carde, *f. f.* A card to card wool withal.
 Cardé, *ée*, *adj.* Carded.
 Cardée, *f. f.* As much wool as is carded at once with both the cards.
 Carder, *v. a.* To card.
 Cardeur, *f. m.* cardeuse, *f. f.* A carder.
 Cardiaque, *adject.* (cordial.) Cordial, cardiacal.
 Cardiaque, *f. m.* (un cordial.) A cordial.
 Cardier, *subst. m.* A card-maker.
 Cardinal, *ale*, *adj.* Cardinal, principal.

Cardinal, *f. m.* A Cardinal, Prince of the Church of Rome.
 Cardinalat, *f. m.* Cardinalship, the dignity or office of a Cardinal.
 Cardinale, *f. f.* Cardinal's flower.
 Cardon, *f. m.* Cardoon or cardoon thistle.
 Carème, *f. m.* Lent. Faire carème, faire le carème, observer le carème, to keep lent. * Carème-prenant, Carnival or carnival, the three last days of the carnival; ♣ shrove-tuesday; ♣ a mask or masker in shrove-tide.
 Carenage, *subst. m.* (endroit pour donner carene aux vaisseaux.) A careening place.
 Carene, *f. f.* (les flancs & le fond du vaisseau jusqu'à fleur d'eau.) The sides and keel of a ship, the careen or boot-hose-top. ♣ Donner carene à un vaisseau, le mettre en carene, to careen a ship.
 Carener, *v. a.* To careen.
 Caressant, *te*, *adj.* Caressing, of a caressing temper, kind, obliging, sawning, flattering.
 Caresse, *f. f.* Carress, great demonstration of kindness, making much of, flattery, wheedling. Il m'a fait mille caresses, he caressed me very much, he made very much of me.
 Caressé, *ée*, *adj.* Caressed, made much of, kindly used, friendly entertained.
 Caresser, *v. a.* To caress or make much of, to use kindly to flatter, to soothe, to wheedle, to fawn upon. ♣ Caresser un cheval, to cherish or stroke a horse.
 Caret, *subst. m.* A kind of tortoise. ♣ Fil de caret, rope yarn.
 Cargaifon, *f. f.* The cargo or lading of a ship.
 Cargues, *f. f. pl.* All the brails of a ship. Carguefonds, bumlines. Cargueboulines, leech-lines.
 Carguebas, *f. m.* The down-hall-tackle.

Carguehaut, *subst. m.* Parick halliards.
 Carguer, *v. a.* (carguer une voile,) to clue up a sail or haul it up in the brails.
 Carie, *f. f.* Rottenness. Il y a carie en cette dent, this tooth is rotten.
 Carié, *ée*, *adj.* Rotten, worm-eaten.
 Carier, *v. a.* To rot.
 Se carier, *v. r.* To rot.
 Carifel, *subst. m.* (espèce de canvas.) A sort of canvas.
 Carline, *f. f.* (plante.) Carline, the carline thistle.
 Carlingue, *f. f.* Keelson.
 Carme, *subst. m.* A Carmelite or white friar. ♣ Carmes, (deux quatre, au triétrac,) two fours.
 Carmélite, *f. f.* A Carmelite nun.
 Carmin, *f. m.* Carmine, a fine red colour.
 Carminatif, *ive*, *adj.* Carminative, that expels the wind.
 Carnage, *subst. m.* (tuerie.) Slaughter, massacre.
 Carnassier, *iere*, *adj.* Devouring flesh, that lives upon flesh. ♣ (Goulu, qui mange beaucoup de chair,) voracious, greedy, that eats much flesh.
 Carnation, *f. f.* Carnation, the naked parts of a picture.
 Carnaval, *f. m.* Shrove-tide, carnival or carnival.
 Carne, *f. f.* Corner.
 Carné, *ée*, *adj.* Carnation. Une anémone toute carnée, a carnation anemone.
 Carnet, *subst. mase.* A debt-book.
 Carnosité, *f. f.* Carnosity or fleshy excrescence.
 Carobe, *f. m.* Carob, a weight.
 Carogne, *f. f.* Jade, baggage, impudent slut.
 Carolus, *f. m.* A french Carolus, an old coin worth ten deniers.
 Caron, *subst. m.* A slice of fat bacon without lean.
 Caroncule, *f. f.* (petite partie charnue du corps humain.) Fleshy part.
 Carotte, *f. f.* Carrot.
 Carottier, *iere*, *f.* One who ventures but little at play.
 Carouge, *f. m.* Carob-fruits.

CAR

Carougier, ou *plante* Caroubier, *f. m.* The carob-tree.
Carpe, *subst. m.* (le poignet.) The wrist.
Carpe, *f. f.* (poisson d'eau douce.) A carp.
Carpeau, *f. m.* A young carp.
Carpettes, *f. f. pl.* Pack-cloth.
Carpiilon, *f. m.* A young carp.
Carquois, *f. m.* A quiver.
Carre, *f. f.* La carre d'un chapeau. The crown of a hat. La carre d'un habit, that part of a coat from the waist upwards. La carre d'un soulier, the toes of a shoe.
Carré, *te*, *adj.* Square, four-cornered. * Période carrée, a full, numerous or round period. * Un homme carré des épaules, a broad-shouldered man.
Carré, *f. m.* A square, a four-square figure. ♦ Carré ou carré de toilette, a dressing-box. ♦ Carré de jardin, a square bed in a garden. ♦ Carré de mouton, a breast of mutton.
Carreau, *f. m.* A square tile or brick, a square, lozenge or any other figure of stone, brick, &c. *Ex.* Carreau de vitre, a pane or square of glass. ♦ Carreau, (fer qui sert aux tailleurs pour rabattre les coutures,) a tailor's goose or pressing iron. ♦ — (ou Cousin,) a cushion. ♦ — (Point de carte,) a diamond, at cards. ♦ (Arme de trait,) a bolt or quarrel. ♦ (La foudre,) a thunder-bolt. ♦ Brochet carreau, a great pike. * Carreau, (la terre, le pavé,) the ground or spot, the floor. Coucher quelqu'un sur le carreau, (l'étendre mort sur la place,) to lay one sprawling upon the ground, to kill him upon the spot. ♦ Carreau, the gunnel of a boat.
Carrefour, *f. m.* A cross-way or street.
Carréger, *v. a.* V. Louvoyer.
Carrelage, *f. m.* A paving with square tiles, bricks, &c.
Carrelé, *te*, *adj.* Paved with square tiles, bricks, &c.
Carreler, *v. a.* (paver avec des carreaux.) To pave with

CAR

square tiles, bricks, marble, &c.
Carrelet, *f. m.* (poisson.) A flounder. ♦ (Grosse aiguille de cordonnier à quatre carnes,) a great shoemaker's needle; ♦ a sort of net to catch fish.
Carreleur, *subst. m.* One that paves with square tiles, bricks, &c.
Carrelure, *f. f.* New-vamping or soling of shoes or boots. * † Une bonne carrelure de ventre, a full paunch, a belly full.
Carrément, *adv.* Square. *Ex.* Une chose coupée carrément, a thing cut square.
Carrer, *v. a.* To square.
Se carrer, *v. r.* To strut, to set one's arms a kimbo.
Carret, *f. m.* *Ex.* Fil de carret. Caburn or rope-yarn.
Carrier, *f. m.* A quarry man.
Carriere, *f. f.* Quarry. ♦ Carriere, (lieu fermé de barrières,) career, list. ♦ Carriere, (course de cheval,) career, course, race. * Carriere, (le cours de la vie,) career, term or space of life. * Donner carriere à son esprit, to give one's wit its full scope, to let one's fancy take its full latitude. * Se donner carriere, to take a great deal of liberty, to gratify one's fancy.
Carrillon, *f. m.* (battement des cloches avec certaine mesure.) Chime, a music of bells. * (Crierie, bruit,) noise, hawling, scolding. * Le carrillon des verres, the glingling of glasses. * † Batre quelqu'un à double carrillon, to beat one soundly.
Carrillonner, *v. n.* To chime, to make a music of bells.
Carrillonneur, *f. m.* He that chimes.
Carriole, *subst. f.* A kind of calash.
Carrosse, *f. m.* A coach. Carrosse de remise, a livery coach. Carrosse de louage, (fiacre,) a hackney coach. Carrosse coupé, a chariot.
Carrossier, *f. m.* A coach-maker.
Carrousel, *f. m.* A carrousel.

CAS 87

† Carrouffe, *subst. f.* Carrouffing.
Carrure, *f. f.* (taille d'un habit.) The shape of a suit from the waist upwards or the breadth of the shoulders.
Cartaheu, *f. m.* A girl-line.
Carte, *f. f.* (pour jouer.) A card. ♦ — (ou carte géographique,) a map. ♦ Carte marine, a mariner's or sea-card. Pointer la carte, to prick the cart. ♦ Donner les cartes, (en jouant,) to deal at play. * Brouiller les cartes, to sow dissension. * Donner carte blanche à quelqu'un, to give one full liberty, to give him full power to act as he shall think fit. * Savoir le dessous des cartes, to be in the secret.
Cartel, *f. m.* (défi par écrit.) A challenge, a cartel. ♦ Cartel, (règlement entre deux partis ennemis,) a cartel.
Cartésien, *f. m.* Cartésienne, *f. f.* Cartesian.
Cartier, *f. m.* A card-maker.
Cartilage, *f. m.* Cartilage, gristle.
Cartilagineux, *euse*, *adj.* Cartilaginous, gristly.
Cartifane, *f. f.* *Ex.* Dentelle à cartifane. Vellum-lace.
Carton, *f. m.* (carte grosse & forte.) Past-board. ♦ (Grand dessin de papier pour peindre à fresque,) thick paper, such as painters draw sometimes upon. ♦ (Terme d'imprimeur, partie d'une feuille d'impression qu'on refait,) an imperfection in Printing.
Cartonnier, *f. m.* A past-board-maker or seller.
Cartouche, *f. f.* (charge de fusil.) A charge for a small gun. ♦ (Charge du canon,) a cartouch or cartridge for a great gun.
Cartouche, *f. m.* (ornement de sculpture ou de peinture.) Cartridge.
Cartulaire, *f. m.* A register book of a monastery.
Carvi, *f. m.* (plante.) Caraway. ♦ Carvi, (graine de carvi,) caraway seed.
Cas, *f. m.* (rencontre, dispute)

sition d'affaires.) *Cafe*, exigency or exigence. ♣ *Cas*, (certain fait dont il s'agit,) *case*, fact. Posez le cas, put the case or suppose. ♣ *Cas*, (aventure,) *chance*, accident. Par cas fortuit, by chance, accidentally. ♣ *Cas*, (chose ou matiere,) *thing*, matter or business. ♣ (Crime,) fact, deed or crime; matter or business. ♣ *Cas* de conscience, a case of conscience. ♣ *Cas* d'un nom, (terme de Grammaire,) the case of a noun. ♣ *Cas*, (estime,) account, value, esteem. ♣ En tout cas, however, whatever happens.

† *Casancier*, f. m. A constant, idle house-keeper, one that seldom stirs out of doors, and does nothing at home.

Casancier, iere, adj. Close, retired, idle.

Casaque, f. f. A coat, a great or wide coat, a campagne coat, a surtout. * † Tourner casaque, to turn cat in pan or to be a turn-coat.

† *Casaquin*, f. m. A short-coat. * † Donner à quelqu'un sur le casaquin, to line one's jacket, to thrash him.

Cascade, f. m. Cascade, waterfall.

Cafe, f. f. A point or two men together at tables. † *Cafe*, (maison.) Ex. Patron de cafe ou patron de la cafe, the good man or master of the house.

Casemate, f. f. A casemate, a piece of fortification.

Caser, v. n. (au trisrac.) To take a point at tables.

Caserne, f. f. Casern or lodging room for soldiers.

Casque, f. m. A head-piece, a helmet.

† *Cassade*, f. f. A sham, a flim, a lie, a cheat, a cheating trick. Un donneur de cassades, a shammer, a cheat, a cheating man.

Cassant, ante, adj. Brittle, soon broken.

Cassation, subst. f. Reversal, annulling, repealing.

Casse, f. f. (gomme purgative,) Cassia. ♣ (Espece de boite à plusieurs caissetins,)

A case for letters in a Printing-house.

Casse, adj. f. (enrouée, en parlant de la voix.) Hoarse, broken.

Cassé, ée, adj. f. Broken or broken, &c. V. the verb. * Cassé ou cassé de vieillesse, broken or weak through age, decrepit.

Casse-noix ou casse-noisette, f. m. A nut-cracker.

Casser, v. a. (briser, rompre.) To break or bruise. * (En termes de Guerre, licencier,) to cashier, to discharge, to break. ♣ (Annuler,) to reverse, annul or make void. ♣ Casser un Parlement, (le dissoudre, en parlant des affaires d'Angleterre,) to dissolve a Parliament. * Casser quelqu'un, (lui ôter sa charge,) to turn one out of his place.

* Se casser, v. r. (se rompre.) To break. * (S'affoiblir,) to break, to grow weak, faint, feeble, craxy, decrepit. ♣ Se faire casser la tête, to get one's head broke, to be knocked on the head. ♣ Se casser, (en parlant des étoffes,) to break or fress.

Casseroles, f. fém. A copper-pan.

Casseron, f. m. (poisson.) A calamary or sleeve.

Casse-tête, f. m. Head wine.

Cassetin, f. f. (from casse.) A Printer's box for one sort of letter.

Cassotte, f. f. (from caisse.) A little cash or box, a strong box. ♣ La cassette du Roi, the King's privy purse.

† *Casseur*, f. m. Ex. C'est un grand casseur de raquettes, (un grand hâbleur.) He is a great cracker, bouncer or boaster.

Cassidoine, f. f. Cassidony a sort of stone.

Cassier, f. m. A cassia-tree.

Cassine, f. f. A little-country box or house.

Cassiolette, f. f. A perfuming pan or pot; ♣ a pleasant, fragrant smell or perfume.

Cassonade, f. f. Powder sugar.

Castagnettes, f. f. pl. Castanets or snappers.

† *Castille*, f. f. (débat.) V. Débat.

Castor, f. m. A castor.

Castramétation, f. f. Incamping.

Casualité, f. f. Casualness, casualty.

Casuel, elle, adj. Casual, accidental, fortuitous. Une chose casuelle, a casualty, an accident. ♣ Parties casuelles, escheats, the places and offices which escheat to the King.

Casuel, f. m. Profus, perquisites.

Casuellement, adv. Casually; accidentally, by chance.

Casuiste, f. m. A casuist, one skilled in cases of conscience.

Catacombes, f. f. pl. (pour la sépulture des morts.) Catacombs.

Catachrese, f. f. Catachresis, a sort of metaphor.

Catalogue, f. m. Catalogue, list, roll.

Cataplasme, f. m. A cataplasm or poultice.

Catapulte, f. f. Catapult or catapult.

Cataracte, f. f. A cataract in the eye. ♣ (Chute impétueuse de quelque rivière,) cataract.

Catarre, f. m. Catarrh.

Catarreux, euse, adj. (sujet aux catarres.) Catarrhal, catarrhus.

Catastrophe, f. f. Catastrophe, the last and chief event in a tragedy. * (Fin malheureuse,) catastrophe, unlucky end.

Catéchisé, ée, adj. f. Catechised.

Catéchiser, v. a. (instruire des points de la foi chrétienne.) To catechise, to instruct in the christian faith. * † (Instruire par avance,) to instruct beforehand, to endeavour to persuade.

Catéchisme, f. m. A catechism.

Catéchiste, f. m. A catechist.

Catéchumene, f. m. A catechumen.

Catégorie, f. f. Category or predicament, terms used in Logick for order, rank.

CAT

Catégorique, *adj.* *Categorical*, *formal*, *to the purpose*.
Catégoriquement, *adv.* *Categorically*, *formally*, *to the purpose*.
Cathédrale, *f. f.* ou *Eglise cathédrale*. *A Cathedral or Cathedral Church*.
Cathédral, *f. m.* *A lecturer or a professor in an University*.
Catholicisme, *f. m.* *Catholicism*.
Catholicité, *f. f.* *Catholicism*, *the Catholic Religion*.
Catholicon, *f. m.* *Catholicon*, *a general purging medicine*.
Catholique, *adj.* *Catholic*, *universal*.
Catholique, *f. m.* *A Catholic or Roman Catholic*.
Catholiquement, *adv.* *Like a catholic*, *well*, *christian-like*.
Cati, *ie*, *Pressed*. *V. Catir*.
† Catimini, *en catimini*, *adv.* (*secrètement*). *In huggemugger*.
Catir, *v. a.* *To press cloth or stockings*.
Catoptrique, *f. f.* *Catoptricks*, *a part of Optick*.
Cavalcade, *subst. f.* (*marche pompeuse à cheval*). *A cavalcade*, *a solemn riding*.
 ♦ (*Petit voyage à cheval*), *a little journey*.
Cavalcadour, *f. m.* *A gentleman of the horse or a quarry to a Prince*.
Cavale, *f. f.* (*from cheval*, *une jument*). *A mare*.
Cavalerie, *f. f.* *Horse*, *cavalry*.
Cavalier, *f. m.* (*soldat qui sert à cheval*). *A trooper*.
 ♦ (*Homme qui monte un cheval*), *horseman*. ♦ (*Gentilhomme qui porte l'épée*), *cavalier* or *cavalier*, *a sword Gentleman*.
 ♦ (*Terme de Fortification*), *cavalier*. ♦ (*Galant qui courtise une Dame*), *a cavalier*, *a spark*.
Cavalier, *iere*, *adj.* *Gentleman-like*, *genteel*, *gallant*, *free*, *noble*.
Cavalièrement, *adv.* *Gallantly*, *gentleman-like*, *genteely*. ♦ *Cavalièrement*,

CAU

(*d'une manière brusque*), *slightly*, *bluntly*.
Cauchemar, *f. m.* *The night mare or the hag*.
Caudataire, *f. m.* *The train-bearer to the Pope*, *a Cardinal*, *&c.*
Caudebec, *f. m.* *A caudebec*, *a sort of French hat*.
Cave, *f. f.* (*partie d'un bâtiment*). *A cellar*. ♦ (*ou Cantine pour mettre des bouteilles*), *a case of bottles*. ♦ *Cave de toilette*, (*bouteille d'eau de senteur*), *a sweet water bottle*.
 * † *Mettre la cave au grenier &c le grenier à la cave*, *to turn things topsyturvy*.
Cave, *adj. Ex.* *La veine cave*. *The hollow vein*.
Caveau, *f. m.* (*petite cave*). *A little cellar*. ♦ (*Cave d'Eglise*), *a vault in a Church*.
Cavée, *f. f.* *A hollow way or lane*.
Caver, *v. a.* *To hollow or make hollow*; *to dig under*.
Caverne, *f. f.* (*antre*, *grotte*). *Den*, *cave* or *cavern*.
Caverneux, *euse*, *adj.* *Full of holes or dens*, *hollow*.
Caveffon, *f. m.* *Caveffon*.
Cavillation, *f. f.* *Cavil* or *sophistical reason*.
Cavin, *f. m.* (*ou cavée*). *A hollow way*.
Cavité, *f. f.* *Cavity*, *hollow*, *hollowness*.
Cause, *f. f.* (*principe*). *Cause*, *principle*, *occasion*. ♦ (*Raison*, *sujet*), *cause*, *reason*, *occasion*, *motive*, *subject*.
 ♦ (*Droit qu'a quelqu'un*), *cause*, *right*. *Ses héritiers ou ayans cause*, *his heirs or assigns*. ♦ *Cause*, (*procès qui se juge à l'audience*), *a cause*, *a case*, *a suit at law*. ♦ *Etre en cause*, *to sue one at law*. ♦ *Cause d'appel*, *an action upon an appeal*.
A cause de, *prép.* (*pour l'amour*, *en considération de*). *Because of*, *for the sake or upon the account of*, *for*.
A cause de quoi, *adv.* *Wherefore*,

CE

A cause que, *conj.* (*parce que*). *Because*.
Causer, *v. a.* (*être cause de*). *To cause*, *to occasion*.
Causier, *v. n.* (*caqueter*). *To talk*, *prate* or *prattle*.
 ♦ (*Découvrir un secret*), *to babble* or *blab*.
Causerie, *f. f.* (*babil*, *action de causer*). *Prattling*.
Causeur, *f. m.* (*babillard*). *A prating man*, *a prattler*, *a great talker*. ♦ (*Qui ne garde point le secret*), *a babbler* or *blab*.
Causeuse, *f. f.* *A prating or prattling woman*, *a babbler*, *a blab*.
Caustique, *adj.* *Caustick*, *burning*.
Caustique, *f. m.* *A caustick*.
 † **Cauteleux**, *euse*, *adj.* (*fin*, *rufé*); *il se prend toujours en mauvaise part*. *Cautelous*, *sly*, *cunning*, *captious*.
Cautere, *f. m.* *A cautery*, *an issue*; ♦ *a cautery* or *caustick*.
Cautérisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Cauterized*, *seared*, *burnt*. * *Conscience cautérisée*, *seared*, *wounded conscience*.
Cautériser, *v. a.* *To cauterize*, *sear* or *burn*.
Caution, *f. f.* (*qui répond pour un autre*). *Bail*, *security* or *surety*. *Etre caution* ou *se rendre caution d'une chose*, *to warrant a thing*, *to pass one's word for it*.
 * † *Un homme sujet à caution*, *a man not to be trusted*.
 * † *Histoire sujette à caution*, *an uncertain or doubtful story*.
Cautionnement, *f. m.* *A bail*, *ing* or *giving security*.
Cautionner, *v. a.* *quelqu'un*. *To bail one*, *to be bound for him*. * *Cautionner*, (*promettre*), *to warrant*, *promise* or *pass one's word*.
Cayes, *f. f. pl.* *Keys* or *chains of rocks*.
Ce, *cat*; *cette*, *au pluriel ces*, (*pronom démonstratif*). *This*, *that*, *it*. ♦ *J'ai rêvé une plaisante chose cette nuit*, *I had a pleasant dream last night*. ♦ *Ce qu'il vous plaira*, *what you please*. ♦ *Ce qui fait que je n'y vais pas*, *c'est que je n'ai pas*

le temps, *the reason why I don't go thither is that I have no time to spare.* ♦ A ce que je vois, *as far as I see.* ♦ A ce que, (*afin que*), *to the end that.* ♦ C'est pourquoy, *wherefore.* ♦ C'est à favoir, *to wit.* ♦ Ce me semble, *methinks.* ♦ Ce sont d'étranges gens, *they are strange people.* ♦ Ce n'est pas que, *not that, not but that.*

Céans, *adv. Here, in here, within, at home.* ♦ Il sort de céans, *he is just gone from hence.* ♦ Le maître de céans, *the master of the house.*

Ceci, *pron. dém. This, these.*

Cédant, *ante, f. Granter, he that yields or gives up, he that makes over.*

Cédé, *é, adj. Yielded, yielded up, given over or up, parted with.*

Céder, *v. a. To yield, to yield up, to give over or up, to part with, to make over, to resign.*

Céder, *v. n. To yield, to submit, to give way or place, to give the better.* ♦ Je ne lui cede en rien, *I am not behind him in any thing, I am as good a man as he every way.*

Cédille, *f. f. Cerilla, a dash under a ç, (as in çà).*

Cédrat, *f. m. A kind of citron and citron-tree.*

Cedre, *f. m. Cedar, a cedar-tree.* ♦ (Bois de cedre,) *cedar, cedar-wood.*

Cédule, *f. f. (écrit sous seing privé.) A bill or note.*

Ceindre, *v. a. (fermer autour du corps.) To gird, to gird about.* ♦ (Environner,) *to gird, compass about, surround or environ.*

Ceint, *ceinte, adj. Girt, girt about, &c. V. Ceindre.*

Ceintre, *f. m. V. Cintre.*

Ceinture, *f. f. A girdle or sash; the waist.* ♦ † Etre pendu à la ceinture de quelqu'un, (*être toujours avec lui*), *to hang at one's elbow.* ♦ Ceinture, (*enceinte*), *inclosure.* ♦ (Petit listel au haut &c au bas d'une colonne,) *the*

cincture or girdle of a pillar.

♦ Ceinture de haut de chausses, *the waist-band of the breeches.* ♦ Ceinture d'un bâtiment, *swifter.* ♦ — d'un canon, *muzzle mouldings of a cannon.*

Ceinturier, *f. m. A girdle-maker or belt-maker.*

Ceinturon, *f. m. A waist-belt.*

Cela, *pron. dém. That. Comment cela? how so?*

Céladon, *f. m. Sea-green.*

Celé, *é, adj. (from celer.) Hidden, concealed, kept secret, &c.*

Célébrant, *f. m. An officiating Priest.*

Célébration, *f. f. Celebration, solemnity.*

Célébre, *adje. Famous, renowned, eminent, solemn, celebrated.*

Célébré, *é, adj. Celebrated, solemnised.*

Célébrer, *v. a. (publier avec louange.) To celebrate, to commend and praise greatly, to set forth.* ♦ (Solenniser,) *to celebrate or solemnize.* ♦ Célébrer (ou dire) la Messe, *to celebrate or say Mass.*

Célébrité, *f. f. Celebrity, solemnity, pomp.*

Celer, *v. a. To hide or conceal, to secrete, to keep secret or close.* ♦ Se faire celer, *to deny one's self.*

Céleri, *f. m. Celery, a plant.*

Célérité, *f. f. Celerity, speed, swiftness, haste, diligence.*

Céleste, *adj. (from Ciel, qui tient quelque chose des Cieux.) Celestial, heavenly, high; * divine, great, excellent, perfect.* ♦ Bleu céleste, *sky-colour.*

Célestin, *subst. m. A Celestine Monk.*

Célibat, *f. m. Celibate or celibacy, a single life. Vivre dans le célibat, to live single or unmarried, to live a single life.*

Celle, (*the feminine gender of celui.*) *She. Celle-ci, this.*

Celle-là, *that.*

Cellerier, *f. m. Celleriére, f. f. A cellarist in a monastery. Cellerier, &c. Cellarer ou cellarist, &c.*

Cellier, *f. m. A cellar, a wine-cellar, a store-house.*

Cellule, *f. f. A cell. Cel-lule, (des rayons de miel,) a hole in the honey-comb.*

Celui, *pron. dém. He, that. Celui-ci, this. Celui-là, that.*

Cénacle, *f. m. The room where our Saviour celebrated his last supper with his Disciples.*

Cendre, *f. f. Ashes. Le jour des cendres, ash-wednesday.* ♦ Cendre de plomb, *small shoot for a fowling piece.*

Cendré, *é, adj. Ash-coloured.*

Cendrée, *f. f. (l'écume du plomb.) The drops of lead; small-shot.*

Cendieux, *euse, adj. Ashy, full of ashes.*

Cendrier, *f. m. Ash-pan.*

Cene, *f. f. The Lord's-supper. Faire la Cene, to receive the communion; ou simplement, to receive, to communicate.*

Cénobite, *f. m. A Monk.*

Cens, *f. m. Quis-reat, old-rent.*

Cense, *f. f. A farm or free farm.*

Censé, *é, adj. Accounted, looked upon, reputed.*

Censeur, *f. m. (Magistrat de l'ancienne Rome.) A Censor, a Magistrate in old Rome.* ♦ (Celui qui contrôle les actions d'autrui,) *a critic, a reformer.*

Censier, *adj. Ex. Seigneur censier, Lord of a manor.*

Censive, *f. f. A manor.*

Censuel, *lle, adj. Feudal.*

Censurable, *adj. Censurable, that deserves a check or reproof.*

Censure, *f. f. (dignité de Censeur Romain.) Censorship.* ♦ (Correction,) *censure, check, reproof, correction.* ♦ (Jugement sur les ouvrages d'autrui,) *censure, criticism, judgment.*

Censuré, *é, adj. Censured, checked, chid, rebuked, reproof.*

Censurer, *v. a. To censure, check, chide, reprove or reprehend, to find fault with.*

CEN

Cent, *adj.* *Hundred.* * **Cinq** pour cent, *five per cent.*
Un cent, *subst. m.* *A hundred weight.*
Centaine, *f. f.* *A hundred.*
Centaur, *f. m.* *A Centaur.*
Centaurée, *f. f.* *Centaury*, a plant.
Centenaire, *adj.* *Centenary.*
Centenier, *f. m.* (ou *Centurion*.) *A Centurion or Captain of a hundred.*
Centieme, *adj.* *Hundredth.*
Centon, *f. m.* *A rhapsody*, a poem made up of several pieces picked up and down from the works of others.
Central, *ale*, *adj.* *Central.*
Centre, *f. m.* *Center.*
Cent-Suisses, *f. m. plur.* *The Yeomen Guard to the King of France.*
Centuple, *f. m.* *A hundred-fold.*
Centuriateur, *f. m.* (Historien Ecclésiastique.) *A Centurion.*
Centurie, *f. fem.* *Century* or *hundred.*
Centurion, *f. m.* *As Centenier.*
Cep, *f. m.* *A vine.*
Cependant, *adv.* *In the mean time, in the mean while.*
Cependant, *conj.* (néanmoins.) *Nevertheless, yet, and yet.*
Céphalique, *adj. Ex.* La veine céphalique. *The cephalick vein.*
Ceps, *f. m. pl.* *Fetters*; * *flocks.*
Cérat, *f. m.* *Cerate*, a sort of plaister.
Cerceau, *f. m.* *A hoop*; * *a kind of net for birds.*
Cercelle, *f. f.* *A seal*, a water fowl.
Cercle, *f. m.* *A circle.* * Le cercle de la Reine, *the Queen's circle or the Queen's Court.* * Cercle, (ou cerceau,) *a hoop.* * Cercles de boutehors, (terme de mer,) *the studding-sail boom-irons.* — de mât, *mast-hoops.* — de cabestan, *capstan-hoops.*
Cercueil, *subst. m.* *A coffin.* * Mettre au cercueil, *to cause one's death.*
Cerdeau. *V.* Serdeau.
Cérémonial, *f. m.* (usage ré-

CER

glé pour les cérémonies.) *Ceremonial* or *ceremonies.*
Cérémonial, *ale*, *adj.* *Ceremonial.* Préceptes cérémoniaux, *ceremonial precepts.*
Cérémonie, *f. f.* (qu'on observe à l'Eglise.) *Ceremony, rite.* * (Formalité,) *ceremony, formality.* Habits de cérémonie, *formalities.* * Cérémonie, (compliment,) *ceremony, compliment.*
Cérémonieux, *euse*, *adj.* (façonner.) *Ceremonious, full of ceremonies, formal.*
Cerf, *f. m.* *A stag, a hart.*
Corne de cerf, *hart's horn.*
Langue de cerf, *hart's tongue.*
Cerf-volant, *subst. m.* (insecte,) *the great horn-beetle* or *bull-fly.* * (Machine de papier que les enfans font voler,) *a kite, a paper-kite.*
Cerfeuil, *subst. m.* *Chervil*, a plant.
Cerisaie, *f. f.* *An orchard of cherry-trees.*
Cerise, *f. f.* *Cherry*, a fruit.
Cerifier, *f. m.* *A cherry-tree.*
Cerne, *f. m.* (rond livide.) *A circle blank and blue under the eye.* * (Rond tracé sur la terre ou sur le sable,) *a ring or circle.*
Cerné, *ée*, *adj.* *The kernel whereof is taken out, &c.* *V. the verb.* * Yeux cernés, *eyes black and blue.*
Cerneau, *f. m.* *The kernel of a nut.*
Cerner, *v. a.* *Ex.* Cerner une noix. *To take out the kernel of a nut.* * Cerner un arbre par le pied, *to tap a tree at the root, to open a tree round about the root.*
Certain, *aine*, *adj.* (vrai.) *Certain, sure, true.* * (Qui fait certainement,) *certain, sure, confident, assured.* * (Fixé, précis,) *certain, fixed.* * (Quelque,) *certain, some.*
Certain, *f. m.* *Ex.* Quitter le certain pour l'incertain, *to part with what a man has to run after uncertainties.*
Certainement, *adv.* *Certainly, infallibly, without fail*; * *indeed, truly.*

CES 92

Certes, *adv.* *Truly, indeed.*
Certificat, *f. m.* *A certificate.*
Certificateur, *f. m.* *Certifier, an avoucher.*
Certification, *f. f.* *Certification.*
Certifié, *ée*, *adj.* *Certified, assured, &c.*
Certifier, *v. act.* *To certify, assure or ascertain.*
Certitude, *f. f.* *Certainty, assurance, sureness.*
Cervaison, *f. f.* *Ex.* Un cerf qui est en cervaison. *A stag stag.*
Cerveau, *f. m.* *The brain.* * † Avoir le cerveau perclus, mal timbré ou démonté, *to be crack-brained.* * † S'alam-biquer le cerveau de quelque chose, *to puzzle or rack one's brains about a thing.*
Cervelas, *f. m.* (espece de saucisse.) *Polonese or Bolognese, a large kind of sausage.*
Cervelet, *f. m.* *The hind part of the brain.*
Cervelle, *f. f.* *Brains.* * C'est une bonne cervelle, *he has a good head-piece.* * Je lui ferai sauter la cervelle, *I shall break his pate.* * Tenir quelqu'un en cervelle, (en suspens,) *to keep one at a bay.*
Cervier, *adj. m.* *Ex.* Loup cervier. *A lynx.*
† Cervoise, *f. f.* (biere.) *Beer.*
Céruse, *subst. f.* (blanc de plomb.) *Ceruse, white lead* or *Spanish white.*
Ces, (the plural of ce or cet.) *These, those.*
Cessant, *te*, *adj. &c.* *Ceasing.* Toute autre affaire cessante, and nothing to intervene.
Cessation, *f. f.* (interruption.) *Cessation; intermission, giving over.*
Cesse, *f. f.* *Ceasing, intermission.* Sans cesse, *without ceasing, without intermission, incessantly, continually.* † N'avoir point de cesse, *not to cease, not to be at rest.*
Cesser, *v. a. & n.* *To cease, to be at an end, to leave off, to give over, to forbear or discontinue.* Cessez vos plaintes, *forbear your com-*

plainte. ♦ Faire cesser le travail, *to put a stop to the work.*
Cession, f. fém. (from céder, transport.) Cession, a conveyance, a yielding up, a giving or making over, a resignation. Faire cession de son droit, to yield up one's rights. ♦ Faire cession de son bien, to resign one's estate, to turn bankrupt.
Cessionnaire, f. m. (à qui l'on fait une cession.) Grantee.
Cette, f. m. (terme poétique, ceinture que les Peintres & les Poètes attribuent à Vénus & à Junon.) Juno's and Venus's girdle. ♦ (Gantelet dont se servoient les anciens athlètes,) cestus, a kind of gantelet with plummets of lead.
Cet, cette. V. Ce.
Cétacée, adj. Cetaceous, of the nature of a whale.
Céterac, subst. m. (herbe.) Spleen-wort.
Chablis, f. m. Wind-fallen wood.
Chabot, f. m. Miller's thumb, a sort of fish.
Chacelas ou plutôt Chasse-las, f. m. (espece de raisin blanc.) An excellent sort of white grape.
Chaconne, f. f. Chacon, a tune and a dance.
Chacun, une, pronom distributif. Every man, every one, every body, each, every thing.
† Chafouin, ine, adj. (de mauvaise mine, maigre.) Paltry, sneaking, wretched, pitiful, poor.
Chagrin, f. m. (tristesse, ennui.) Trouble, vexation, grief, sorrow, sadness, melancholy. ♦ Cela me donne du chagrin, that vexes or troubles me. ♦ J'en suis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely concerned or troubled about it. ♦ Un homme qui se fait des chagrins de rien, a morose, peevish or fretful man. ♦ Chagrin, (sorte de cuir,) chagreen.
Chagrin, ine, adj. Morose, peevish, sour, fretful, chagrin, melancholy, sad.

Chagrinant, ante, adj. Vexatious, troublesome.
Chagriner, v. act. To vex, grieve or trouble.
Se chagriner, v. r. To fret, to vex one's self.
*Chaîne, f. f. A chain. ♦ Chien qu'on tient à la chaîne, a ban-dog, a tied dog. ♦ Chaîne d'un tisserand, a weaver's warp. * Chaîne, (galériens attachés à la chaîne,) the galley-slaves. * Chaîne de montagnes, a long ridge of mountains, a tract of hills. * Chaîne, (servitude,) chains, bonds, captivity, bondage. ♦ Tendre les chaînes des rues, to chain the streets. ♦ Chaînes de haubans, chains.*
Chainette, f. f. (petite chaîne.) A chain or little chain. Montre à chainette, a chain-watch.
Chainon, f. m. The link of a chain.
*Chair, f. f. Flesh. ♦ Etre bien en chair, to be fat. ♦ Chair, (ou peau,) skin. Elle a la chair blanche, she has a white skin. * Chair, (dans le langage de l'Ecriture,) flesh, lust. ♦ Chair de mouton, de bœuf ou d'agneau, mutton, beef or lamb. ♦ Chair de poisson, the fleshy part of a fish. ♦ Chair de fruit, the pulp of fruit. P. N'être ni chair, ni poisson, P. to be neither fish nor flesh, to be betwixt hawk and buzzard. ♦ Couper jusqu'à la chair vive, to cut to the quick.*
*Chaire, f. f. (siège de Prédicateur ou de Docteur.) A pulpit. ♦ La chaire d'un siege épiscopal, the Episcopal see. ♦ Disputer une chaire de droit, to dispute for professorship in law. * Chaire, (la fonction d'un Prédicateur,) the pulpit, preaching, oratory.*
Chaise, f. f. A chair, a seat. ♦ Chaise percée, a clofe stool. ♦ Chaise roulante, ou seulement chaise, a chaise. ♦ Chaise, (dans laquelle on se fait porter par deux hommes,) a chair or se-

dan. Un porteur de chaise; a chairman.
Chaland, f. m. Chalande, f. f. A customer. Chaland, (acheteur,) chapman; ♦ a sort of lighter.
Chalandise, f. f. Custom, customer.
*Chaleur, f. f. Heat, warmth, in a proper and figurative sense. Il fait une grande chaleur, it is very hot weather. ♦ Chaleur de fièvre, the hot fit of an ague. * † Chaleur de foie, (mouvement de colere,) a short passion or fit of anger, a gust of passion. * Chaleur, (animosité,) heat, animosity. ♦ Une chienne qui est en chaleur, a proud bitch. ♦ Une cavalle qui entre en chaleur, a mare ready to take horse. * Chaleur, (ardeur,) fervency, eagerness, zeal, ardent affection.*
Chaleureux, euse, adj. That has a great stock of natural warmth.
† Châliti, f. m. A bedstead.
Chaloupe, f. f. A shallop or great boat.
Chalumeau, f. m. A straw or stalk of corn. ♦ (Instrument de musique champêtre,) a reed or pipe.
Chamade, f. f. Chamade, parley, a term used in war. Battre la chamade, to beat a parley.
*Chamailler, se chamailler, v. r. ou chamailler, v. n. To tilt or skirmish, to fight hand in hand with weapons. * (Disputer, contester,) to squabble, to wrangle, to bicker, or contest.*
*† Chamaillis, f. m. (mêlée.) Tilt, skirmish, fight. * (Dispute,) wrangling, bickering, contest, dispute, debate.*
Chamarré, ée, adj. Dawbed or laced all over.
Chamarrer, v. a. To dawb or to lace all over with gold and silver lace, &c.
Chamarrure, f. f. A thick lacing.
Chambellan, f. m. A Chamberlain.
Chambranle, subst. m. Cham-

CHA

braile, door-case or wind-down-case.
Chambre, f. f. *A chamber or room.* — (où l'on couche,) *a bed-chamber.* — (où l'on mange,) *a dining-room.*
Valet de chambre, a valet de chambre. Femme de chambre, a chamber-maid.
Chambre de Justice, a Court of Justice or a room wherein it is kept.
Robe de chambre, a night or morning gown.
Vivre en chambre, to live privately in a lodging.
Les deux Chambres du Parlement d'Angleterre, the two Houses of Parliament.
Chambrée, f. f. (ceux qui logent dans une même chambre.) *The company that lies in one chamber; a house-full.*
Chambrelan, f. m. *A lodger, who has a single room; one that works in a private chamber.*
Chambrer, v. n. *To lodge, to quarter or to tent together.*
Chambrette, f. f. *A little room or cabin.*
Chambrier, subst. m. *A Chamberlain in a Monastery.*
Grand Chambrier, V. Chambellan.
Chambrière, f. f. *A house-maid.*
Chameau, f. m. *A camel, a sort of beast.*
Chamelier, f. m. *A camel-driver.*
Chamois, f. m. *A chamois, or wild-goat.*
(ou Peau de chamois,) shamoy or shamoy leather.
Champ, f. m. (pièce de terre.) *A field, a piece of ground.*
(Sujet, matière, occasion,) field, subject, theme, matter.
Les champs, (ou la campagne,) the fields, the country.
A travers champs, (hors des chemins,) cross the fields, over hedge and ditch.
** Gagner les champs, to run or scamper.*
** Battre aux champs, to beat the march; to begin to march, speaking of an army.*
** Se mettre aux champs, (se mettre en co-*

CHA

lere,) to fly into a passion.
Champ de bataille, (l'endroit où deux armées combattent,) the field.
Champ clos, camp, list.
Combat en champ clos, camp-fight.
** Champ, (fonds sur lequel on peint, on représente, on grave,) field or ground.*
** Donner la clef des champs à quelqu'un, to give one his liberty, to let him go where he will.*
Sur le champ, adv. *Ex tempore, out of hand, immediately, without stay or delay.*
** A tout ou à chaque bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn.*
** Le champ d'un peigne, the bridge or middle of a comb.*
Champart, f. m. *Field-rent.*
Champêtre, adj. *Rural, rustic, belonging to the fields or country, country-like.*
Maison champêtre, a country house.
Vie champêtre, a country life.
Homme champêtre, one that lives a country life, a country-man, a clown.
Champignon, f. m. *A mushroom.*
** Champignon d'une chandelle qui brûle, a star, thief or stranger in a candle.*
Champion, f. m. *A champion or single combatant.*
Chance, f. f. (jeu à deux ou trois dés.) *Hasard, a play at dice.*
(Le point qu'on livre,) chance or main.
(Heureuse fortune,) chance, luck, good fortune.
** † Conter sa chance, to lay open one's case.*
Chancel, V. Cancel.
Chancelant, ante, adj. *Reeling, staggering.*
** (Qui n'est pas ferme,) wavering, unsteady, fickle.*
Chancellement, f. m. *Reeling, staggering.*
Chanceler, v. n. *To reel or stagger.*
** (Etre irrésolu,) to waver, to be unsteady or wavering, to stagger, to be at uncertainty.*
Chancellerie, f. f. *Chancery.*
Chancelier, f. m. (Officier de la Couronne.) *Chancellor, Chancellor d'une Uni-*

CHA 23

versité, the Chancellor of an University.
Chancelière, f. f. *A Chancellor's wife.*
† Chanceux, euse, adj. (qui est en chance.) *Lucky, that has good luck.*
Chanci, ie, adj. *Mouldy.*
Chancier, v. n. *se chancier, v. n. To grow mouldy.*
Chancissure, subst. f. *Mouldiness.*
Chancre, f. m. *A cancer or shanker.*
Chancreux, euse, adj. *Cancerous.*
Chandeleur, f. f. *Candlemas.*
La fête (le jour) de la chandeleur, candlemas-day.
Chandelier, f. m. *A candlestick.*
(Artisan qui fait la chandelle,) a chandler, a tallow-chandler.
Chandelle, f. f. *A candle.*
Chandelle de glace, an isicle.
** † Le jeu ne vaut pas la chandelle, it will not quit cost, it is not worth one's while.*
Chanfrein, f. m. *The forehead of a horse.*
**Chanfrein, shafferoon, a piece of black stuff on the forehead of a mourning horse; also, a set of feathers for a horse upon a solemn day.
Change, f. m. (troc.) *Exchange.*
** Vous ne perdez rien au change, you lose nothing by that bargain.*
** Le change d'une pièce d'or ou d'argent, the change of a piece of gold or silver.*
** Change, (lieu où s'assemblent les banquiers,) exchange.*
Lettre ou billet de change, a bill of exchange.
** Change, (métier de Banquier,) banker's trade.*
Faire le change, to be a banker.
** Change, (profit de Banquier,) change.*
** Prendre le change, (se tromper,) to mistake.*
Changé, ée, adj. *Changed, altered, transformed, turned, converted.*
Changeant, ante, adj. *Inconstant, fickle, uncertain, changeable, variable.*
Changement, f. m. *Change, changing, alteration, vi-***

ciffrade. ♦ Sujet au changement, *changeable, mutable, unconstant, variable.*

Changer, *v. a.* (troquer.) *To change or make an exchange, to barter.* ♦ (Convertir une chose en une autre,) *to turn, change or transform out of one form into another.* ♦ Changer une pièce d'or ou d'argent, *to change a piece of gold or silver, to give small money or change for it.* ♦ Changer l'état d'une chose, *to change or alter a thing, to innovate it.* ♦ Changer les voiles, *to shift or change the sails.*

Changer, *v. n.* *To change, shift, turn or alter.* — d'habit, *to change cloaths.* — de chemise, *to shift one's shirt or to shift.* — de logis, *to shift one's quarters, to remove.* * — de note, *to turn over a new leaf.*

Se changer, *v. r.* *To change, to turn or be turned.*

Changeur, *f. m.* *A banker, a money changer.*

Chanlate, *f. f.* *Lath.*

Chanoine, *f. m.* *A canon or prebendary.*

Chanoinesse, *f. f.* *A canoness.*

Chanoinie, *f. f.* *Canonship.*

Chanfon, *f. f.* *A song.* * † Chanter ou dire toujours la même chanfon, *still to harp upon the same string.* * † Tout ce que vous me dites sont des chanfons, *you tell me tales of a tub.*

Chanfonnette, *f. f.* *A little song, a lay.*

Chanfonnier, *f. m.* *A songster or ballad-maker.*

Chant, *f. m.* (modulation de la voix.) *Singing.* ♦ (ou Air,) *a tune.* ♦ (Partie de poème,) *Canto.* ♦ Le chant du coq, *the cock-crowing.* ♦ Chant, (chanfon,) *a song.*

Chantant, ante, *adj.* *Tuneable.*

Chanté, ée, *adj.* *Sung.* C'est bien chanté, *that's well sung* or * † *well said*, (par moquerie.)

Chanteau, *f. m.* (morceau coupé d'un grand pain,) *A*

canele or *great lump of bread.* ♦ Chanteau d'un habit, *a quarter piece of a garment.*

Chantepleure, *f. f.* *A sort of funnel.*

Chanter, *v. a. & n.* (en parlant des hommes & des oiseaux.) *To sing.* ♦ (En parlant du coq,) *to crow.*

* Chanter la palinodie, *to recant, to unsay what one had said.* * † Chanter, (dire,) *to say.* Voyons ce que cet auteur chante, *let's see what this author says.*

♦ Pain à chanter, *a wafer.*

* Chanter, (célébrer,) *to sing, celebrate or praise.* * †

Je lui ai bien chanté la gamme, *I have rattled him to some tune.* * † Faire chanter quelqu'un, *to bring one to reasonable terms.* * † Faire chanter un criminel, *to make a malefactor squeak.*

* † Chanter injures, chanter goguettes ou chanter poudilles à quelqu'un, *to rail at one, to revile or vilify him.*

Chanterelle, *f. f.* *The treble string of a violin or the smallest of any musical instrument.*

Chanteur, *f. m.* Chanteuse, *f. f.* *Singer, a singing man or woman.*

Chantier, *f. m.* (où les marchands de bois arrangent leur bois.) *A wood-monger's or timber merchant's wood-yard.* ♦ (Où les charpentiers travaillent,) *a carpenter's yard.* ♦ (Pièces de bois sur lesquelles on construit les vaisseaux,) *stocks.* ♦ (Pièces de bois sur lesquelles on pose les tonneaux,) *a gauntry or stalling.*

Chantre, *f. m.* (from chant.) *A chanter, a singing man; ♦*

chief singer in a Church.

Chantrerie, *f. f.* *The chanter's place or dignity.*

Chanvre, *f. m.* *Hemp.*

Chaos, *f. m.* *Chaos, confusion.*

Chape, *f. f.* (manteau ecclésiastique.) *A church-man's cope.* * † Disputer la chape

de l'Evêque, *to contend for things of no concern to us.* ♦ Chape d'un alambic, *the helm or head of an alembick.*

Chapeau, *f. m.* *A hat.* Coup de chapeau, *a cap or pulling off one's hat.* * Chapeau rouge, *ou absolument chapeau*, (dignité de Cardinal,) *Cardinalship, a Cardinal's dignity.* ♦ Chapeau de fleurs, *a garland of flowers.*

Chapelain, *f. m.* (from chapel.) *A chaplain.*

Chapelé, ée, *adj.* *Chipped.*

Chapeler du pain, *v. a.* (en ôter le dessus de la croûte.) *To chip bread.*

Chapelet, *f. m.* *Chaplet, a bead, a pair of beads.* ♦ (Ornement d'architecture,) *chaplet or fillet.* ♦ (Terme de Manège,) *stirrup-leathers.*

Chapelier, *f. m.* *A hatter; ♦ a haberdasher of hats.*

Chapelle, *f. f.* *A chapel; ♦ a living or benefice.* ♦ Chapelle ardente, *the place where a dead person lies in state.* ♦ Faire chapelle, *to chapel a ship.*

Chapelure, *f. f.* *Chippings.*

Chaperon, *f. m.* *A hood; ♦ a piece of embroidery on the back of a churchman's cope.* ♦ (Le haut d'une muraille de clôture fait en talus,) *coping.* ♦ (Couverture qui se renverse sur la poignée du pistolet,) *a holster-cap.*

Chaperonner, *v. a.* une muraille, *to cope a wall.* ♦

Chaperonner l'oiseau, *to hood-wink the hawk.*

Chapier, *f. m.* *A churchman with a cope, a cope-bearer.*

Chapiteau, *f. m.* *The chapter, head or top of a pillar.*

Chapitre, *f. m.* *Chapter; ♦ a chapter-house.* * (Sujet dont on parle,) *chapter, subject or matter of discourse.*

† Chapitré, ée, *adj.* *Reprimanded, checked, rebuked, reproved.*

† Chapitrer, *v. a.* *To reprimand, to read a lecture, to check, to rebuke or reprove,*

CHA

Chapon, *f. m.* *A capon.*
 Chaponné, *ée, adj.* *Caponned.*
 Chaponner, *v. a.* *To capon.*
 Chaque, *pronon distributif.* *Every.*
 Char, *f. m.* *A chariot. Ex.* Un char de triomphe, *a triumphal chariot.*
 Charançon, *f. m.* *A weevil, or mite.*
 Charbon, *f. m.* (morceau de bois embrasé.) *Coal.* ♦ (Tronçon de bois brûlé à demi,) *charcoal.* ♦ Charbon de terre, *sea-coal.* ♦ Charbon, (ou gros furoncle,) *carbuncle, plague-sore.*
 Charbonné, *ée, adj.* *Blackened with a coal.*
 Charbonnée, *f. f.* *A short rib of beef with flesh of one side only.*
 Charbonner, *v. a.* *To dawb or to blacken with a coal.*
 Charbonnier, *f. m.* *A coal-man, a collier; ♦ a coal-hole.*
 Charbonnière, *f. f.* *A coal-woman.* ♦ (Lieu où se fait le charbon,) *coal-pit or colliery; ♦ a coal-house.*
 Charcuter, *v. a.* *To back, to mangle, to butcher.*
 Charcutier, *f. m.* *Charcutiere, f. f.* *One that sells all manner of hogs flesh, wish puddings, sausages, and hogs tongues.*
 Chardon, *f. m.* *Thistle.* Chardon à bonnetier, *fuller's thistle or bur.* ♦ Chardon, (pointe ou crochet de fer,) *a spike-head.*
 Chardonné, *ée, adj.* *Napped.*
 Chardonner, *v. a.* *To nap.*
 Chardonneret, *f. m.* (oiseau.) *A gold-finch.*
 Chardonnière, *f. f.* *A plot of thistles.*
 Charge, *subst. f.* (fardeau.) *Charge, burden, load.* ♦ (Dépense,) *charge, burden, clog.* ♦ Charge d'arme à feu, *the charge of a gun.* ♦ Bénéfice à charge d'armes, *a benefice with cure of souls.* ♦ Charge, (place, emploi,) *place, office, employment, dignity.* ♦ (Cataplasme pour un che-

CHA

val,) *a kind of poultice for a horse.* ♦ (D'un vaisseau,) *cargo, burthen or lading of a ship.* *Morte charge, over-lading.* ♦ A la charge (ou à condition) que, *upon condition that, provided that, provided.* ♦ Charge, (commission, ordre,) *charge, commission, command, order.* ♦ (Le soin qu'on doit prendre de ménager quelque chose,) *charge, care.* ♦ Etre à charge à quelqu'un, *to be chargeable to one or to put him to charges.* ♦ Charge, (choc, attaque,) *charge, attack.* Sonner la charge, *to sound the charge.* ♦ Une femme de charge, *a house-keeper.* ♦ Charge, (accusation,) *charge, accusation, indictment.*
 Chargé, *ée, adj.* *Laden, loaded, loaden, &c.* *V.* Charger. ♦ Couleur chargée, *a deep colour.* ♦ † Un homme chargé de cuisine, *a foggy man.* ♦ Chargé d'années, *full of years.* ♦ Un vaisseau chargé pour Amsterdam, *a ship bound to Amsterdam.* ♦ Chargé de lie, *full of lies.* ♦ Chargé de dettes, *deep in debt.* ♦ Une terre chargée de dettes, *an estate clogged with many debts.* ♦ Table chargée, *a table crowded with guests.* ♦ Portrait chargé, *a satirical or unlucky picture.* ♦ Cheval chargé d'encolure, *a heavy-headed horse.* ♦ Il est chargé de quatre petits enfans, *he has four little children to keep.*
 Chargement, *f. m.* *Lading or cargo.*
 Chargeoir, *f. m.* *Charger for great guns.*
 Charger, *v. a.* *To charge, to load, to lade, to burden, to lay a burden upon.* ♦ Charger, (incommoder,) *to charge, to burden, to over-burden, to clog.* ♦ Charger toutes les voiles, *to clap on all the sails.* ♦ Charger un vaisseau, *to load a ship.* Charger à fret, *to take in freight.* ♦ Charger un canon, *to load a gun.*

CHA 95

♦ Charger l'ennemi, *to charge or attack the enemy, to fall upon him.* ♦ Charger quelqu'un, *to fall upon one or upon his bones, to beat or maul one.* ♦ Charger, (commander,) *to charge or command.* ♦ Charger quelqu'un d'une chose, *to charge one with a thing, to give it him in charge, to trust him with it.* ♦ Charger un registre de quelque chose, *to enter a thing in a register.* ♦ Charger quelqu'un d'injures, *to rail at one, to revile or vilify him.* ♦ Charger quelqu'un de malédictions, *to curse one, to lay curses upon him.* ♦ Charger quelqu'un, (déposer contre lui,) *to charge one with a crime, to lay something to his charge.* ♦ Charger un portrait, *to over-charge a picture.*
 Se charger d'une chose, *v. r.* *To take charge of a thing, to take a thing upon one's self.*
 Chargeur, *f. m.* *Loader.*
 Chariage, *f. m.* *Carriage.*
 Charie, *ée, adj.* *Carried; conveyed in a cart.*
 Charié, *v. a.* *To carry or convey in a cart.* ♦ (Trainer avec soi,) *to carry or to carry along with it.* ♦ Charié de la voile, *to be crowded with sail.*
 Chariot, *f. m.* *A cart with four wheels, a waggon.* ♦ Chariot, (ou char,) *a chariot.*
 Charitable, *adj.* *Charitable, merciful; ♦ bountiful to the poor.*
 Charitablement, *adv.* *Charitably.*
 Charité, *f. f.* *Charity, love; ♦ Charité, (aumône,) charity, alms.* ♦ La Charité, (hôpital pour les pauvres malades d'une paroisse,) *an alms-house.*
 Charivari, *f. m.* *The noise or mock-musick of kettles, fryings-pans, &c. at or near the door of people that marry again.* ♦ (Bruit, crierie,) *a rout, a dreadful noise, a clatter.*
 Charlatan, *f. m.* (médecin

96 CHA

hableur.) *A quack.* * (Enjoleur,) *a wheedler, a coaxing cheat.*
 Charlatané, ée, *adj. Cajoled, wheedled, gulled.*
 † Charlataner, *v. a. To cajole, to wheedle, to gull.*
 Charlatanerie, *f. Quacking, quak's tricks, wheedle, cheating, fair words.*
 Charmant, ante, *adj. Charming, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.*
 Charme, *f. m. Charm, spell, enchantment.* ♣ (Arbre,) *yoke-elm, horn-bean-tree.*
 Charmé, ée, *adj. Charmed, &c. V. Charmer.*
 Charmer, *v. a. (enforceler.) To charm, enchant or bewitch.* * (Plaire extrêmement,) *to charm, please or delight.* ♣ Charmer la douleur, *to charm, appease or allay the pain.* * Le vin charme les chagrins, *wine enchants or drowns cares.*
 Charnage, *f. m. Flesh-time.*
 Charnel, elle, *adj. Carnal, sensual.* Avoir un commerce charnel avec une femme, *to have to do carnally with a woman.*
 Charnellement, *adv. Carnally, sensually.*
 Charnier, *f. m. A charnel-house; a larder.*
 Charnière, *f. f. A turning-joint or hinges.*
 Charnu, ue, *adj. Fleishy, plump.*
 Charnure, *f. f. Flesh; ♣ (ou la peau,) skin.*
 Charogne, *subst. f. Carion, carcass.*
 Charpente, *f. f. Timber-work, carpenter's-work.* Bois de charpente, *timber.*
 Charpenter, *v. a. To hack and hew, to mangle, to butcher.*
 Charpenterie, *f. f. Carpentry, a carpenter's trade.*
 Charpentier, *f. m. Carpenter.*
 Charpie, *f. f. Lint for a wound.* ♣ Viande en charpie, *meat boiled to rags.*
 Charrée, *f. f. Buck-ashes.*
 Charretée, *subst. f. A cart-load.*
 Charretier, *f. m. A carman or carter, P. il jure comme un*

CHA

charretier, *P. he swears like a carter. P. Il n'est si bon charretier qui ne verse, P. 'Tis a good horse that never stumbles.*
 Charrette, *f. f. A cart with two wheels only.*
 Charrier, *f. m. Bucking-cloth, wash-cloth.*
 Charroi, *f. m. Carriage.*
 Charron, *f. m. A cart-wright.*
 Charronnage, *f. m. Cartwright's work.*
 Charrue, *f. f. A plough. P. Mettre la charrue devant les bœufs, to put the cart before the horses.*
 Chartre, *Voyez Chartre.* ♣
 Chartre - partie, *charter-party.*
 Chartil, *f. m. A great cart; a pent-house for carts in a yard.*
 Chartre, *f. f. (vieux titre.) A charter.* ♣ (Terme de Palais, prison,) *a prison, a goal.* ♣ (ou Phthisie,) *a consumption.*
 Chartreuse, *f. f. A Carthusian nun.* ♣ (Maison de Chartreux,) *Charter-house or Carthusian monastery.*
 Chartreux, *f. m. A Carthusian friar.*
 Chartrier, *f. m. A place where charters are kept.*
 Chasse, *f. f. (action de chasser.) Hunting or chasing.*
 Chasse aux oiseaux, *fowling.* ♣ Chasse, (le gibier que l'on prend,) *game, venison.* ♣ (Troupe de chasseurs,) *the huntsmen.* ♣ (Expulsion faite avec violence,) *chase or pursuit.* ♣ Donner la chasse à un vaisseau, *to give a ship the chase.*
 Prendre chasse, (s'enfuir en parlant d'un vaisseau,) *to bear away, to sheer off, to fly from.* ♣ Chasse, (terme du jeu de paume,) *chase, at tennis.*
 Châsse, *f. f. (où l'on garde des reliques.) A shrine.*
 Châsse de lunettes, *the frame of a pair of spectacles.*
 Châsse de rafoir, *a razor's scale.*
 Chassé, ée, *adj. Hunted, &c. according to the verb chasser.*

CHA

Chasse-cousin, *f. m. Sad, paltry wine.*
 Chasse-marée, *f. m. Ripier, tranter.*
 Chasse-morte, *f. f. Random shot.*
 Chasser, *v. a. (tâcher de prendre ou de tuer du gibier.) To chase, to hunt, or be hunting.* ♣ (Pour suivre,) *to chase or pursue.* ♣ (Mener, faire marcher devant soi,) *to drive before one.* ♣ (Mettre dehors avec violence,) *to put, turn or drive out or away.*
 Chasser, *v. n. (en terme d'imprimeur.) To drive.* ♣ Vaisseau qui chasse sur les ancres, *a ship that drives with her anchors.*
 Chasseresse, *f. f. A huntress.*
 Chasseur, euse, *f. A hunter or huntsman.* Chasseur d'oiseaux, *a fowler, a bird-catcher.*
 Châsse, *subst. f. Blearedness, blearyedness or gum of the eyes.*
 Chasseux, euse, *adj. Whose eyes run, blearyed.*
 Châssis, *f. m. A frame for a window.* Châssis d'un tableau, *a straining frame.* ♣ Fenêtre à châssis, *a sash-window.* ♣ Châssis d'imprimerie, *a chase in a Printing-house.*
 Chaste, *adj. (pur, pudique.) Chaste, honest, pure, continent.*
 Chastement, *adv. Chastely, honesty, purely.*
 Châsteté, *f. f. Chastity, honesty, continency, forbearance of venery, purity.*
 Chasuble, *f. f. Chasuble.*
 Chasublier, *f. m. A maker of chasubles, and other Ecclesiastical ornaments.*
 Chat, *f. m. A cat. P. A bon chat, bon rat, they are well matched. P. Jeter le chat aux jambes à quelqu'un, to lay or cast the blame upon one. P. Acheter ou vendre chat en poche, P. to buy or to sell a pig in a poke. P. Emporter le chat de la maison, to go away in a mist, to steal away.* ♣ Chats, (fleurs de certains arbres,) *cat's-tails.*

CHA

cat's-paws or *ragged catkins*.
 ♦ Chat, (sorte de vaisseau,) *cat*.

Châtaigne, *f. f.* A *chestnut*, a sort of fruit.

Châtaignerie, *f. f.* A *plot of chestnut-trees*.

Châtaignier, *f. m.* A *chestnut-tree*.

Châtain, *adject.* Of a *chestnut colour*.

Chate, *f. f.* A *she-cat*, a *puss*.

Château, *f. m.* *Castle*. ♦ Châteaue d'avant, (en termes de mer,) *the fore-castle*.

Châteaue d'arrière, *the hind-castle*.

Châtelain, *f. m.* A *Lord of a manor* that has *royalties* belonging to it, but inferior to a *baron* in rank, and the meanest *Lord* in dignity that is. † Châtelain, (celui qui commande dans un château,) a *castellan*, a *governor*, *keeper*, *captain* or *constable of a castle*.

Châtelain, *adj. m.* *Ex.* Juge châtelain, *the judge of a castleward*.

Châtellenie, *f. f.* *Castleward*, the *Lordship* and *jurisdiction* of a *Lord châtelain*, much like a *Baron-court*.

Chat-huant, *f. m.* An *owl*.

Châtié, *éc, adj.* *Chastised*, *punished*, *corrected*. * Style châtié, a *correct style*.

Châtier, *v. ad.* (punir.) To *chastise*, to *punish* or *correct*. Châtier une piece de prose ou de vers, to *mend* or *correct a composition*.

Chatiere, *f. f.* A *cat's hole*.

Châtiment, *f. m.* *Chastisement*, *punishment*, *correction*.

Chaton, *f. m.* *Bezel* or *bezel*. ♦ Chaton, (petit chat,) a *kitten*.

Chatouillé, *éc, adj.* *Tickled*. V. Chatouiller.

Chatouillement, *f. m.* A *tickling*. * (Plaisir,) *pleasure*, *delight*.

Chatouiller, *v. ad.* To *tickle*. * (Plaire,) to *tickle*, to *please*. P. Se chatouiller pour se faire rire, to *provoke one's self to laughter*.

Chatouilleux, *euse, adj.* *Ticklish*. * (Difficile, en par-

Tome I,

CHA

lant d'une affaire, &c.) *ticklish*, *slippery*.

Châtré, *éc, adj.* *Geld* or *gelded*, &c.

Châtré, *f. m.* (un eunuque.) A *gelded man*, an *eunuch*.

Châtrer, *v. a.* To *geld*, *castrate* or *cut the stones of any animal*. ♦ — une jument, to *spay a mare*. * — les ruches, to *take the honey away from the hive*. * — un livre, to *castrate a book*, to *cut off something from it*. * — un fagot, to *take some sticks from a fagot*. * — les arbres, to *lop or prune trees*; * — bore holes low in trees. * — les ceps de vigne, to *prune or lop vines*.

Châtreur, *f. m.* A *gelder*.

† Chattemite, *f. f.* A *dissembler* or *hypocrite*, one that looks demure, as if butter would not melt in his mouth.

Chatter, *v. n.* To *kitten*.

Chaud, chaude, *adject.* *Hot*, *warm*. * (Violent, ardent,) *hot*, *eager*, *violent*, *fierce*. * (Prompt, emporté,) *hot*, *hasty*, *passionate*, *soon angry*. ♦ Une chienne chaude, a *proud bitch*. ♦ Une cavale chaude, a *mare ready to take horse*. ♦ Une fièvre chaude, a *fever*. P. Tomber de fièvre en chaud mal. P. To fall out of the frying-pan into the fire. † Chaud, (récent,) cela est encore tout chaud, 'tis *spick and span new*.

Chaud, *f. m.* (la chaleur.) *Hot*, the *heat*. Il fait chaud, it is *hot*. Brûler de chaud, to be *burning hot*. Le chaud s'abat, the *heat abates*.

Chaud, *adv.* *Hot*, *warm*.

Chaude, *f. f.* The *beating of metal* as soon as it is taken out of the fire.

A la chaude, *adv.* *Hotly*, *quickly*, in *haste*, *hastily*.

Chaudeau, *f. m.* *Candle*.

Chaudement, *adv.* *Hot* or *warm*; ♦ *hotly*, *eagerly*, *briskly*, *fiercely*; ♦ *hotly*, *quickly*, in *haste* or *hastily*.

Chaudière, *f. f.* A *copper*, *cauldron*.

Chaudron, *f. m.* A *kettle*, a *small kettle*.

CHA

97

Chaudronnerie, *f. f.* *Kettleware*, *bragiers* or *sinkers ware*.

Chaudronnier, *f. m.* A *bragier*.

♦ Chaudronnier de campagne, a *tinker*.

Chaufrage, *f. m.* *Fewel*; ♦ the act of *breaming a ship*.

Chauffé, *éc, adj.* *Heated*, *warmed*, &c. V. Chauffer.

Chauffe-cire, *f. m.* *Chafe-wax*, an *Officer in chancery*.

Chauffer, *v. a.* To *heat*, to *warm*. ♦ (Un vaisseau,) to *beam a ship*.

Chauffer, *v. n.* To *grow warm*, to be a *warming*. * † C'en'est pas pour vous que le four chauffe, there's nothing for you. * † Je fais de quel bois il se chauffe, I know his *kidney*, I know what he does or what he can do.

Chaufferette, *f. f.* A *foot-stove*.

Chauffoir, *f. m.* (lieu dans les couvens où l'on va se chauffer,) a *warming-place*. ♦ (Linge chaud,) a *warm cloth*.

Chaufour, *f. m.* A *lime-kiln*.

Chaufournier, *f. m.* A *lime-maker*.

Chavirer, *v. ad.* & *neut.* To *overjet*.

Chaume, *f. m.* *Stubble*.

Chamer, *v. a.* To *cut stubble*.

Chaumière ou Chaumine, *f. f.* A *thatched house* or *co-stage*.

Chauffant, *ante, adj.* *Easy to put on* or *that comes on easily*.

Chauffe, *f. f.* *Stocking*, *hose*.

♦ (Drap par-où l'on passe certaines liqueurs pour les clarifier,) a *straining bag*. ♦ Haut-de-chausses, (culotte,) *breeches*. * Tirer ses chausses, to *scamper away*, to *break one's self to one's heels*. * Chausses, (condition de page,) a *page's place*.

Chauffé, *éc, adj.* (qui a quelques chauffures aux pieds,) *Shod*.

Chauffée, *f. f.* A *causcy*, a *bank*, a *highway*. ♦ A rez de chauffée, even with the ground.

Chauffe-pied, *f. m.* A *shoeing*.

horn, a shoeing piece of fur, any thing that helps the shoe on.

Chausser, v. a. (mettre des souliers.) *To put on shoes, &c.* ♦ (Faire des souliers.) *to make shoes.* ♦ (Etre propre au pied, à la jambe,) *to fit.* Ces souliers vous chaussent le mieux du monde, *these shoes fit you extremely well.*

Chaussetier, f. m. *A hosier.*

Chausse-trape, f. f. *A caltrop.*

Chaussette, f. f. *An under stocking or stirrup stocking.*

Chausson, subst. m. *Sock.* ♦

Chaussons, (espèce de souliers légers,) pumps.

Chaussure, subst. f. *Shoes and stockings, also slippers, boots, socks, &c.* any thing that covers the leg and foot. * Trouver chaussure à son pied, *to be well met; ♦ to be well fixed.*

Chauve, adject. *Bald, bald-pated.*

Chauve-souris, f. f. (sorte d'oiseau nocturne.) *A bat.*

Chauvir, v. n. Ex. Chauvir des oreilles, (les dresser, en parlant des chevaux, &c.) *to prick up one's ears.*

Chaux, f. f. *Lime.* ♦ **Chaux d'étain, (potée,) putry.**

Chébec, f. m. *A xebec.*

Chef, f. m. (tête, en termes poétiques.) *Head.* * (Celui qui est à la tête d'un corps,) *head, chief, general, commander, leader.* Chef d'escadre de vaisseaux de guerre, *the commodore or commander of a squadron of men of war, a flag Officer.* Le chef des bandits, *the leader or captain of the banditti.* Etre chef de parti, *to be a leader of parties, to lead parties.* ♦ chef de famille, *a house-keeper.* ♦ Gouverneur en chef, *a governor in chief, the chief or principal governor.* ♦ Chef de file, *the leader of a file, a file leader.* ♦ Il possède cette terre du chef de la femme. *He enjoys that estate in right of his wife.* ♦ Chef-d'œuvre, *a master-piece.* ♦ **Chef, (article,) head,**

article. ♦ **Chef, (terme de Blason,) chief in heraldry.**

♦ **Faire quelque chose de son chef, to do a thing of one's own head.** ♦ **Crime de lèse-majesté au premier ou au second chef, high-treason.** Chef-lieu, *the chief manor house, a Lord's chief house.* ♦ **Chef, (bout d'une pièce de toile,) sag end.**

Chefecier. V. Chevecier.

Chef-lieu. V. Chef.

Chélidoine, f. f. *Celandine, a plant.*

Chemin, f. m. (voie,) *Way or road.* Grand chemin, *highway.* Il crut qu'il ne feroit point mal de prendre son chemin par la maison de son cousin, *he thought it not amiss to take his cousin's house in his way.* ♦ Le chemin qu'on fait en un jour, *a day's journey.* Avancer chemin, *to go on or forwards in one's way or journey.* ♦ Rebrousser chemin, *to go back.* ♦ Se mettre en chemin pour faire quelque voyage, *to set out on a journey, to begin a journey.* ♦ Le chemin d'un navire, *the course or way, of a ship.* Chemin couvert, *the covered way in fortification.* * Chemin, (moyen,) *way, means, course.* * Couper chemin à quelque chose, *to prevent or stop a thing, to put a stop to it.* * † Aller son grand chemin, *to go roundly to work, to mean no harm.*

Cheminée, f. f. *A chimney.*

* † Un mariage fait sous la cheminée, *a match in hugger-mugger.*

Cheminer, v. n. *To go or walk.*

Chemise, subst. f. (chemise d'homme.) *A shirt or shift.* ♦ Chemise de femme, *a smock, a woman's shift.* ♦ Etre en chemise, *to be in quipo.* * Mettre quelqu'un en chemise, *to ruin, to undo or be the ruin of one, to beggar him.* ♦ Chemise, (revêtement de quelque ouvrage de fortification,) *the lining with stone a piece of fortification.*

Chemisette, subst. f. *A waist-coat.*

Chêneai, subst. f. *A grove of oaks.*

Chenal, f. m. *A channel.*

Chenalier, v. n. *To sail thro' a channel.*

Chêne, f. m. *An oak.*

Chêneau, f. m. *An young oak.*

Chêneau, f. m. *A pipe to convey rain water from the gutters.*

Chenet, f. m. *A dog, an antidon.*

Chêne-verd, f. m. (ou yeuse) *Holm, a sort of oak.*

Chenevis, f. m. *Hemp-feed.*

Cheneviere, subst. f. *A hemp close.*

Chenevotte, subst. f. *Bullen, hemp stalk piled.*

Chenil, f. m. *A dog kennel.*

Chenille, f. f. *A caterpillar.*

Chenu, ue, adj. *Grey-headed, hogry.*

Cher, chere, adj. (tendrement aimé.) *Dear, beloved.*

♦ (Qui coûte beaucoup,) *dear, costly.* ♦ (Qui vend cher,) *dear, that sells well.*

Cher, adv. (à haut prix.) *Dear.*

Cherché, ée, adj. *Sought, looked for, searched.*

Chercher, v. a. *To seek, look for or search.* ♦ — l'ennemi, *to be in quest of the enemy.* ♦ — ses propres intérêts ou se chercher soi-même, *to mind one's own interest, to have one's own interest in prospect or view.* ♦ — des échappatoires, *to use shifts, to find a hole to creep out at.* ♦ — des détours, *to go about the bush.* * — son pain, *to beg alms.* ♦ Aller chercher, *to go for or to fetch.* ♦ Envoyer chercher, *to send for.*

Chercheur, subst. m. *One that seeks or looks for, a searcher.* * † Un chercheur de franchises lippées, *a spunger, one that lives upon the catch.*

Chere, f. f. (traitement de table.) *Cheer, entertainment.* Faire bonne chere à quelqu'un, *to give one a good treat or a plentiful entertainment, to feast him.* Chere, *the son, of cher, V. Cher.*

CHE

Chèrement, adv. (à haut prix.)
Dear. ♦ (Tendrement,) *charily, dearly, tenderly.*
Chéri, ie, adjct. *Cherished, loved.*
Chérir, v. a. *To cherish, to love.*
Chersonèse, f. f. (péninsule.)
A chersonese or peninsula, a demi-island.
Cherté, f. f. (from cher.)
Dearest, excessive rate, high price. Cherté des vivres, *dearth, scarcity, want of provisions.*
Chérubin, f. m. *A Cherub.* ♦
Rouge comme un Chérubin, as red as a Cherub.
Chervis, subst. m. (plante.)
Skirres.
Chétif, ive, adj. (pauvre, misérable,) *Poor, piti-ful, mean, vile, sneaking.*
Chétivement, adv. *Poorly, pitifully, meanly.*
Cheval, f. m. *A horse.* Petit cheval, (bidet,) *a viz or nag.* Cheval hongre, *a gelding.* Aller à cheval, *to ride on horseback, ou seulement to ride.* Etre à cheval, *to be on horseback, to ride upon a horse or any other beast.* ♦ Etre à cheval sur une poutre, *to sit a-straddle upon a beam.* Voyager à cheval, *to travel on horse-back.* Etre bien à cheval, *to sit a horse well.* * † Parler à cheval, *to speak magisterially.* * Un gros cheval, *un cheval de carrosse, (un sot, un brutal,) a great booby or looby.* * † Un petit cheval échappé, *a wild yomth, an unlucky boy.* ♦ Chevaux, (cavalerie,) *horse, cavalry.* Chevaux-légers, *horse or light horse, troopers.* Cheval marin, *a sea-horse.* Cheval ailé, *a winged horse.* Cheval de bois, *a wooden horse.* Cheval de frise, *a frieland horse.*
Chevalerie, f. f. *Knighthood, chivalry.*
Chevalet, f. m. *An instrument of torture made like an horse.* ♦ Chevalet d'instrument de musique, *the bridge of a musical instrument.* ♦ (De Peintre,) *a Painter's easel.*

CHE

♦ (De la presse d'un Imprimeur,) *the galleys of a Printer's press.* ♦ (De Scieur de bois,) *a sawing tressel, or horse.* ♦ (De Tanneur,) *the wooden leg whereon a Tanner scrapes his hides.* ♦ Chevalet, (étaie,) *a shore.*
Chevalier, f. m. *A Knight.* ♦ (Oiseau aquatique,) *a kind of water fowl of the bigness of a stock-dove.* ♦ Chevalier d'honneur de la Reine ou de Madame, *the first Gentleman Usher to the Queen or to Queen's sister-in-law.* ♦ Le Chevalier du Guet, *the Captain of the watch on horseback.* ♦ Chevalier de l'Arquebuse, *one that is admitted into the company or society of the Arquebusiers.* * † Chevalier d'industrie, (celui qui vit d'adresse,) *a sharper, one that lives upon his wits.*
Chevaline, adjctif. Exemple.
Bête chevaline, a horse or mare.
Chevauchée, f. f. *Circuit, progress.*
† Chevaucher, *v. n.* (aller à cheval.) *To ride.*
Cheveau-léger, f. m. *Light-horse, a life-guard man.*
Chevaux, the plural of cheval.
Chevecier, subst. m. *Vestry-keeper.*
Chevelu, ue, adjct. *Hairy, long-haired.* * Plante chevelue, *a fibrous plant.*
Chevelure, f. f. (poil de la tête.) *Hair, head of hair.* * Chevelure (ou petites racines) des arbres & des plantes, *fibres, strings, threads of trees and plants.* * La chevelure d'une comète, *the beams of a comet.*
Chevet, f. m. *Bolster.*
Chevêtre, f. m. *A halter.*
Cheveu, f. m. (un poil de la tête,) *A hair of one's head.* Se peigner les cheveux, *to comb one's head.* Les cheveux blancs, *a hoary head.* * Tirer par les cheveux une interprétation, *un passage, une comparaison, to force in an interpretation, a passage, a comparison, to bring them in by*

CHE 99

head and shoulders. * Il ne tint qu'à un cheveu, *it was within a hair's breadth or within the turn of a die.* * Prendre l'occasion aux cheveux, *to take the occasion by the fore-lock.*
Chevile, f. f. *A peg or pin.* * Chevile de vers, *a botch in a verse.* ♦ La chevile du pied, *the ankle-bone.* ♦ Chevile de bête fauve, *a broach of a deer's head.* P. Trouver à chaque trou une chevile. P. *To find a cure for every fore.*
Chevillé, ée, adj. *Pegged, pinned.*
Cheviller, v. act. *To peg or pin, to fasten with a peg or pin; ♦ to bolt a ship or to drive the bolts.*
Chevillot, f. m. *Toggel, a belaying pin.*
† Chevir, *v. n.* (ce verbe est bas & de peu d'usage; il signifie disposer de.) *To manage.*
Chevre, f. f. *A goat, a she-goat.* Chevre sauvage, *a wild goat or gazel.* * † Prendre la chevre, * *to take pepper in the nose, to fly out into a passion, to take a pei, to take fire presently.* ♦ Chevre, (machine d'Architecte ou de Charpentier,) *crab.*
Chevreau, f. m. *A kid.*
Chevre-feuille, f. m. *Honey-suckle.*
Chevre-pied, adj. m. *Goat-footed.*
Chevrette, f. f. (femelle du chevreuil.) *A doe.* ♦ (Petit poisson,) *a shrimp.* ♦ (Pot où les Apothicaires mettent leurs sirops,) *a syrop pot.* ♦ (Chenet,) *little dog or andiron.*
Chevreuil, f. m. *A roe-buck.*
Chevrier, f. m. *A goat herd.*
Chevron, subst. m. (pièce de charpente.) *A rafter or joist.* ♦ (Terme d'armoiries,) *chevron, in heraldry.*
Chevroné, ée, adjct. *Chevronny.*
Chevroter, v. n. (faire des petits, en parlant de la chevre.) *To kid.* * † (Se dépiter,) *to be mad, to fret.*

Chevrotin, *f. m.* Kid or kid's skin.
 Chez, *prép.* (au logis de.) At, to, to one's house. Chez, (parmi,) among or amongst, with. ♦ Avoir un chez soi, to have a house of one's own.
 Chiaoux, *subst. m.* A Turkish Doorkeeper.
 Chicane, *f. f.* A querk, cavil, trick, shift or fesch at law; ♦ chicanry, a captious subtilty in arguing.
 Chicaneur, *v. a.* To perplex or split a cause, to use quarks, cavils, shifts, tricks or feschés at law; ♦ to chicane, to cavil or use shifts. * J'ai un rhume qui me chicane (ou qui me fait de la peine) depuis six semaines, I have been troubled these six weeks with a cold. ♦ Chicaneur le vent, to come near the wind.
 Chicagerie. *V.* Chicane.
 Chicaneur, *euse, adjct.* Chicaner.
 Chiche, *adj.* Too sparing or too saving, niggardly, penurious, stingy, close-fisted. ♦ Pois-chiche, chich-peas.
 Chichement, *adv.* Sparingly, savingly, penuriously.
 Chicorée, *f. f.* Succory, a plant.
 Chicot, *f. m.* A trunked stump or stock.
 † Chicoter, *v. n.* To wrangle, to trifle, to dispute about nothing.
 Chicotin, *subst. m.* Orpin, livelong, an herb.
 Chien, *f. m.* A dog. Un petit chien, un jeune chien, a puppy, a whelp. Chien courant, a hound, a beagle. * † Faire le chien couchant, to creep and couch, to cringe. * Entre chien & loup, in the dusk of the evening. ♦ Le chien d'une arme à feu, the cock of a gun. ♦ Chien-marin, (poisson,) the sea-dog, a fish. ♦ Chien céleste, (ou canicule,) the dog-star, a constellation in the heavens.
 Chiendent, *subst. m.* Dog's-grass, an herb.
 Chienne, *f. f.* A bitch.
 Chienner, *v. n.* To whelp, to puppy, to litter.
 Chier, *v. n.* To shite. † Il chie

de peur, * he squirts his wits, his heart is sunk into his breech.
 Chieur, *f. m.* Chieufe, *f. f.* A shitter.
 Chiffe, *f. f.* A poor stuff.
 Ghifon, *f. m.* A rag.
 Chiffonné, *ée, adj.* Rumped, ruffed, tumbled.
 Chiffonner, *v. a.* To rumple, tumble or ruffle.
 Chiffonnier, *subst. m.* Chiffonniere, *f. f.* A rag-picker.
 Chiffre, *f. m.* Figure. ♦ (Lettres entrelacées,) a cypher. ♦ Chiffres, (écriture secrète,) cypher.
 Chiffré, *ée, adj.* Numbered; ♦ cyphered, writ in cyphers.
 Chiffrer, *v. a.* (compter.) To number, to compute. ♦ (Ecrire en chiffres,) to cypher or write in cyphers.
 Chiffreur, *f. m.* An accountant or accountant.
 Chignon, *f. m.* The nape of the neck.
 Chile. *V.* Chyle.
 Chimere, *f. f.* (monstre fabuleux.) Chimera. * (Imagination vaine,) a chimera, an idle fancy or vain imagination, a whimsy.
 Chimérique, *adj.* Chimerical, fantastical, imaginary.
 Chimériquement, *adv.* Chimerically.
 Chimie, *f. f.* Chymistry.
 Chimique, *adj.* Chymical.
 Chimiste, *f. m.* Chymist.
 † Chinfreneau, *f. m.* A great cut or slash.
 † Chinquer, *v. n.* To tipple to fuddle.
 Chiourme, *f. f.* The whole crew of slaves in a galley.
 † Chipoté, *ée, adjct. part.* Bungled.
 † Chipoter, *v. n.* To piddle, ♦ to trifle.
 Chipotier, *iere, adj.* (qui vétille.) Trifler.
 Chiquenaude, *f. f.* A fillip. Donner une chiquenaude à quelqu'un, to fillip one.
 Chiquet, *f. m.* Bit, a small or piddling part of anything.
 Chiragre, *f. f.* The gout in the hands.
 Chiragre, *f. m.* Gouty in the hands.
 Chirographaire, *adj. & f. A*

creditor in virtue of a note of hand.
 Chiromancie, *f. f.* Chiromancy, palmeftry.
 Chiromancier, *f. m.* A chiromancer or palmefter.
 Chirurgical, *ale, adj.* Chirurgical, belonging to a surgeon.
 Chirurgie, *f. f.* Surgery or chirurgery.
 Chirurgien, *f. m.* A surgeon, a chirurgion.
 Chirurgical, *adj.* Chirurgical, of or belonging to surgery.
 Chiûre de mouches, *f. f.* The dung of flies.
 Choc, *f. m.* (heart d'un corps solide contre un autre.) A dashing, striking, running against or clashing of one body against another. ♦ Choc de deux armées, brunt, onset, shock, encounter, engagement. * Choc, (malheur, disgrâce,) shock, blow, disaster.
 Chocolat, *f. m.* Chocolate.
 Chocolatiere, *f. f.* A chocolate-pot.
 Chœur, *subst. m.* (partie de l'Eglise.) The choir or quire of a church. ♦ (Troupe de Musiciens,) chorus. ♦ Enfant de chœur, a singing boy.
 † Choir, *verb. n.* To fall or tumble down.
 Choisi, *ie, adj.* Chosen, made choice of, picked upon, elected.
 Choisir, *v. a.* To choose or chuse, to make choice of, to pick out, to pitch upon, to elect. P. Quand on emprunte, on ne choisit pas. P. Beggars must not be choosers. ♦ Choisir quelqu'un de l'œil, to mark one out.
 Choix, *subst. m.* (Élection.) Choice, election, the act of choosing. ♦ (Liberté qu'on a de prendre ou de ne prendre pas,) choice, option. ♦ Faire choix des mots quand on écrit, to pick out the choicest words.
 Chômable, *adj.* Fête ou jour chônable. A holyday.
 Chômage, *subst. m.* Standing still.
 † Chômer, *v. a.* To keep or celebrate a holyday.

CHO

Chômer, *v. n.* To rest or cease from work. ♦ (Manquer de,) to lack, to stand in need of.
Chopine, *subst. f.* Half a pint french or a pint english. Boire chopine le matin, to drink one's morning draught. ♦ Chopine de pompe, the lower pump-box.
Chopiner, *v. n.* To ripple.
Chopper, *v. n.* To dash or strike one's foot against a thing in walking, to stumble, to trip. * Chopper, (s'abuser,) to trip, to mistake.
Choquant, *ante, adj.* Abusive, odious, hateful, offensive, unpleasant, disagreeable.
Choqué, *é*, *adj.* Offended, &c. *V.* Choquer.
Choquer, *v. a.* (heurter.) To strike, dash, run or beat against. * (Offenser,) to offend or abuse, to give offence. * (Déplaître,) to offend or displease. * Choquer l'oreille, to grate or offend the ear. * Choquer la vue, to offend the eye. * Choquer le bon sens, to clash with reason. ♦ Choquer la tournevire, to surge at the capstern. Choquer la bouline, to check the bowline.
Choquer, se choquer, *v. r.* (se heurter.) To strike, dash, run or beat against one's another. * Se choquer, (être opposé,) to clash or disagree, to be contrary. ♦ Se choquer, (en venir aux mains,) to engage or encounter. * (S'offenser,) to take offence, pet, snuff or exception at. * (Se dire des injures,) to abuse one another, to rail at one another.
Choriste, *f. m.* Chorister.
Chorographie, *f. f.* Chorography.
Chorographique, *adj.* Chorographical.
Chorus, *f. m.* Ex. Chanter en chorus, to sing in chorus.
Chose, *f. f.* A thing. ♦ (Affaire, action, matière,) a thing, business, affair, matter, deed.
Chou, *f. m.* Cabbage, colewort. Chou cabus, cabbage.

CHR

Chou crépu, curled garden-colewort. ♦ Chou-fleur, colly - flower. ♦ Jeunes choux, sprouts. * † Il en fait ses choux gras, he gets well by it, he feathers his nest with it. * † Pour revenir à nos choux, to return to our purpose. ♦ Chou, petit-chou, (pâtisserie,) puff-paste.
Choucas, *f. m.* A tame jackdaw.
Chouette, *f. f.* An owl, the little owl.
Chouquet de mât, *f. m.* Cap of the mast head.
† **Choyer**, *v. a.* To make much of, to take a great care of, to manage tenderly, to fondle.
Chrême, *f. m.* Chrism.
Chrêmeau, *subst. m.* Chrism-cloth.
Chrétien, *chrétienne*, *adj.* (from Christ.) Christian.
Un Chrétien, *f. m.* une Chrétienne, *f. f.* A christian.
Chrétienement, *adv.* Christianly, christianlike, like a christian.
Chrétienté, *subst. f.* Christendom.
Christ, *f. m.* (un crucifix.) A crucifix.
Christianisme, *f. m.* Christianity, christianity.
Chromatique, *adj. & f.* Chromatic.
Chronique, *adj.* Chronical, of a long duration, inveterate.
Chronique, *subst. f.* Chronicle or history. * † Chronique scandaleuse, scandalous reports.
Chroniqueur, *f. m.* A chronicler, a writer of chronicles.
Chronologie, *subst. f.* Chronology.
Chronologique, *adj.* Chronological, of or belonging to chronology.
Chronologiste ou Chronologue, *f. m.* A chronologist or chronologer.
Chryfocolle, *f. f.* Chrysol or borax, goldsmith's solder.
Chrysolite, *f. f.* A chrysolite.
Chrysope, *f. f.* Chrysopea, the art of making gold.
Chrysope, *f. f.* Chryso-

CIE 101

peste or chrysoprasus, a precious stone.
Chu, *ue*, *adj.* from the verb choir. Fallen or fain, tumbled down.
Chuchoter, *v. n.* To whisper in one's ears.
Chuchoteur, *euse*, *f.* Whisperer.
Chut, *interject.* Hush, peace here.
Chute, *subst. f.* (l'action de tomber.) Fall, tumble. * (Disgrace,) fall, misfortune. * La chute (ou le péché) du premier homme, the fall or sin of the first man. * Chute d'une période, the cadence of a period. ♦ Chute d'une voile, depth of a sail or drop.
Chyle, *f. m.* Chylus.
Chylification, *f. f.* Chylification.
Ci, is an abbreviation of the particle *ici*, which is joined to the following words.
Celui-ci, *celle-ci*, *this*; ceux-ci, celles-ci, *these*. Comme il a été dit ci-dessus, as is before said. Il est ci-dessous, 'tis under here. Ci-dessous git, &c. underneath this place lies, &c. Ci-devant, before, heretofore. Ci-après, afterwards, hereafter. Entre-ci & la Saint-Michel, between this and Michaelmas.
Ciboire, *f. m.* Pyn, box or cup, wherein the host is kept in Popish Churches.
Ciboule, *f. f.* Cibol.
Ciboulette, *subst. f.* Chives or cives.
Cicatrice, *subst. f.* Cicatrice, scar.
Cicatrisé, *é*, *adj.* Cicatrized, full of scars.
Cicatriser, *v. a.* To cicatrize or make a scar on, to gash or cut.
Se cicatrifer, *v. r.* To cicatrize itself, to heal up to a scar, to consolidate.
Cicero, *f. m.* (caractère d'Imprimerie.) Pica. Cicero approché ou à petit-œil, small-pica.
Cicerole, *f. f.* Chichling, a sort of peas.
Cidre, *f. m.* Cider.
Ciel, *f. m.* au pluriel, *cieux*; G iij

Heaven or heavens. ♦ (Le Paradis,) heaven, Paradise.
 * (Dieu, la Providence,) Heaven, God, God Almighty. ♦ Il n'y a personne sous le ciel que... there's nobody under the cope of heaven that... ♦ Ciel, (l'air,) the air or the sky. * (Pays, climat,) country, climate.
 * (Dais,) a canopy. ♦ Un ciel de lit, the teftern or top of a bed. R. In the plural we say, ciels de lit and not cioux de lit; tefterns of beds. ♦ Les ciels d'un tableau, the sky in painting. * Ouvrir les cioux à quelqu'un, to rejoice one to the heart, to fill one with joy. * Remuer ciel & terre, * to turn every stone, to leave no stone unturned. L'arc-en-ciel, the rain-bow.
 Cierge, *f. m.* Wax-taper or wax-candle.
 Cieux, (the plural of Ciel.) The Heavens.
 Cigale, *f. f.* A kind of grasshopper or flying insect, the cicada of the ancients, unknown in England. ♦ Cigale de mer, a kind of sea-service.
 Cigne. *V.* Cygne.
 Cigogne, *f. f.* A stork.
 Ciguë, *subst. f.* Hemlock, a plant.
 Cil, *f. m.* (il ne s'emploie guere qu'au pluriel.) Eyelashes.
 Cilice, *subst. mascul.* Hair-cloth.
 Cilindre. *V.* Cylindre.
 Cilindrique. *V.* Cylindrique.
 Cillement, *f. m.* Twinkling of the eyes.
 Ciller, *verb. act.* To wink or twinkle. Ciller les yeux, to twinkle with the eyes.
 Cime, *f. f.* The top, ridge or height of a thing, as a hill, a house, &c.
 Ciment, *subst. m.* Cement, mortar. * (Liaison, union,) cement, union, &c.
 Cimenté, *ée, adj.* Cemented, &c.
 Cimentier, *v. act.* To cement. * (Affermir,) to cement or confirm, to tie.
 Cimetierre, *f. m.* A funeral.

Cimetiere, *subst. m.* Church-yard.
 Cimier, *subst. m.* (piece de bœuf.) Buttock of beef.
 Cimier de cerf, the buttock piece of a deer. ♦ Cimier, (terme de Blason,) the crest.
 Cinabre, *f. m.* Cinoper, vermilion, red lead.
 Cingler, *v. n.* To sail with a fair wind. Cingler en hauteur, to sail on the main.
 Cingler, *v. act.* To lash or switch.
 Cinnamome, *subst. m.* Cinnamon.
 Cinq, *adj.* Five.
 Cinq, *f. m.* Ex. Un cinq de chiffre, the figure of five. Un cinq aux dés, a five or cinque at dice.
 Cinquantaine, *f. f.* Fifty, the number of fifty.
 Cinquante, *adj.* Fifty.
 Cinquantenier, *f. m.* A Captain or Commander of fifty men.
 Cinquantieme, *adj.* Fiftieth.
 Cinquantieme, *subst. m.* The fiftieth part.
 Cinquieme, *adj.* Fifth.
 Cinquieme, *f. m.* A fifth or a fifth part. ♦ La cinquieme, the fifth form. ♦ En cinquieme lieu ou cinquiement, fifthly, in the fifth place.
 Cintre, *f. m.* A center or mould for an arch. ♦ (Figure en arcade;) arch.
 Cintré, *ée, adj.* Arched, made arch-wise.
 Cintrer, *v. a.* To arch, to made an arch or a vault. ♦ Cintrer un bâtiment, to frap a ship.
 Cirage, *f. m.* The waxing of shoes or the like.
 Circoncis, *adj.* Circumcised.
 Circoncis, *f. m.* A circumcised man.
 Circoncire, *v. a.* To circumcise, to cut off the foreskin.
 Circoncision, *f. f.* Circumcision or cutting off the foreskin.
 Circonférence, *f. f.* Circumference, compass.
 Circonflexe, *adj.* & *f. m.* Un accent circonflexe, un circonflexe (è), A circum-

flex, an accent thus marked (è).
 Circonlocution, *f. f.* Circumlocution, periphrase, a compass of words.
 Circonscription, *f. f.* Circumscription.
 Circonscire, *v. a.* (décrire autour.) To circumscribe, to inclose or draw about with a line. ♦ (Limiter,) To circumscribe, limit, bound or stat.
 Circonscrit, *ite, adj.* Circumscribed, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Circonspéct, *ette, adj.* Circumspect, wary, wife, considerate or considering, discreet, prudent.
 Circonspéction, *f. f.* Circumspection, wariness, consideration, prudence, discretion. Avec circonspéction, warily, circumspectly, prudently, discreetly, with consideration.
 Circonfiance, *f. f.* Circumstance. ♦ Circonfstances & dépendances, appertennances.
 Circonfancié, *ée, adj.* Circumstanciated, described or set out with its circumstances.
 Circonfancier, *v. a.* To circumstanciate, to describe a thing with its circumstances.
 Circonvallation, *f. f.* Circumvallation.
 Circonvenir, *v. a.* To circumvent, cozen, deceive or over-reach.
 Circonvention, *f. f.* Circumvention, deceit, fraud, cozenage, cheating, over-reaching.
 Circonvvenu, *ue, adj.* Circumvented, cozened, deceived.
 Circonvoisin, *ine, adj.* Neighbouring, near, adjoining to, adjacent, bordering upon.
 Circuit, *f. m.* Compass, circuit, circumference. * Un long circuit de paroles, a great compass of words, a beating of the bush or about the bush, a great preamble.
 Circulaire, *adj. & f. m.* Circular, round. ♦ Lettres circulaires, circulatory letters. ♦ Lettres circulaires pour la convocation d'un Parlement d'Angleterre, writs of summons.

CIR

mons for the calling of a Parliament in England.
Circulairem, *adv.* Circularly, round.
Circulation, *subst. f.* Circulation.
Circuler, *v. n.* To circulate, to move round.
Cire, *f. f.* Wax. Cire d'Espagne, was to seal wishal.
Cire, (le sceau de la Chancellerie,) *seal.* * †
Cire des yeux, (chassie,) *gum of the eyes.*
Ciré, *ée*, *adj.* Waxed. *
Toile cirée, *cercloth.* *
Toile cirée pour couvrir un chapeau, *an oil - case for a hat.*
Cirer, *v. a.* To wax.
Cirier, *subst. m.* A wax-chandler.
Ciroène, *f. m.* A plaster for a bruise, a cercloth.
Ciron, *f. m.* (petit insecte.) A hand-worm. * (Ampoule qu'un ciron fait venir à la main,) a little blister.
Cirque, *f. m.* (lieu où se faisoient les jeux publics.) Circus.
Cirure, *f. f.* The waxing or overlaying with wax.
Cisailler, *v. a.* To cut, to shear.
Cisailles, *f. f. pl.* Shears; * shearings or clippings.
Cifeau, *f. m.* A chisel. *
Cifeaux ou une paire de cifeaux, *cisars* or a pair of cisars. * Gros cifeaux, shears.
Ciselé, *ée*, *adj. part.* Chased, raised, carved. Velours ciselé, *carvelvet.*
Ciseler, *v. a.* To chase.
Ciseleur, *f. m.* A chaser.
Ciselure, *f. f.* Chasing, raising, carving. * (Sculpture, &c.) chisel work, carved work, sculpture.
Cistre, *f. m.* Sistrum or cithern, a musical instrument.
Citadelle, *f. f.* A citadel.
Citadin, *f. m.* Citadine, *f. f.* A citizen.
Citation, *f. f.* Citation, quoting or quotation.
Cité, *f. f.* (ville.) City, town.
Cité, *ée*, *adj.* Cited, summoned to appear. * (Allé-

CIT

gué,) quoted, alledged, cited.
Citer, *v. a.* (ajourner.) To cite or summon to appear. * (Alléguer,) to cite, quote or to alledge. * Citer son auteur, to name one's author.
Citérieur, *eure*, *adj.* Citerior, hisher, hithermost. Ex. La Calabre citérieure, Calabria citerior or the hisher Calabria.
Citerne, *f. f.* A cistern.
Citoyen, *enne*, *f.* Citizen, an inhabitant or freeman of a city.
Citrin, *ine*, *adj.* Lemon coloured or pale yellow.
Citron, *f. m.* A citron or lemon. Couleur de citron, lemon colour.
Citronnat, *f. m.* Candied lemon-peel, candied orange or citron.
Citronné, *ée*, *adj.* That has the taste or flavour of lemon.
Citronnelle, *V.* Mélisse.
Citronnier, *f. m.* A lemon-tree or citron-tree.
Citrouille, *subst. f.* A great gourd, a citrull. * † Une grosse citrouille, (une grosse femme,) a great lump of flesh.
Civadiere, *f. f.* The spirit-fail.
Civet, *f. m.* A ragoo made of a hare.
Civette, *f. f.* (animal.) A civet-cat. * (Parfum fait des excréments de la civette,) civet. * (Herbe,) civet, a sallet-herb.
Civiere, *subst. fém.* A hand-barrow.
Civil, *ile*, *adj.* (qui regarde les Citoyens.) Civil, pertaining to the Citizens, city or state. * (Par opposition à criminel,) civil, not criminal. Une requête civile, a bill of review. * Civil, (honnête, affable,) civil, courteous, kind, affable, well bred.
Civilement, *adv.* (avec civilité.) Civilly, courteously, kindly. * (En matiere civile,) civilly, in a civil manner or cause.

CLA 103

Civilisé, *ée*, *adj.* Civilized, &c.
Civiliser, *v. a.* To civilize or make civil, to soften or polish manners. * Civiliser une affaire, to turn a criminal into a civil cause.
Civilité, *f. f.* Civility, courtesy, gentleness, humanity, good breeding. * Faire civilité à quelqu'un, to receive or entertain one civilly. * Recevoir quelqu'un avec beaucoup de civilité, to receive one very handsomely or civilly, to shew him a great deal of respect. * Civilités au pluriel, (compliments & autres devoirs,) compliments, respects, commendations.
Civique, *adj. f.* Ex. Couronne civique, a civic crown.
Clabaud, *f. m.* (chien de chasse qui se récrie mal à propos sur les voies.) A lyar, a hound that opens false. * † (Homme stupide,) a looby, a clown. * † Un chapeau clabaud, a hat that flaps down.
Clabauder, *v. n.* To bark or bay. * † (Crier, faire du bruit mal à propos,) to clamour or bawl, to make a great deal of noise to no purpose.
Clabauderie, *f. f.* Clamour, bawling.
Clabauder, *f. m.* A clamourer, a bawler, a bawling man.
Claie, *f. f.* A hurdle.
Clair, *claire*, *adj.* (lumineux.) Clear, bright, luminous. * (Qui reçoit beaucoup de jour,) light, lightsome. * (Luitant, poli,) clear, bright, polished. * (Serein,) clear, serene, fair, without clouds. * Clair, (évident,) clear, manifest, evident. * Clairs deniers, argent clair, clear, or spare money. * Clair, (qui n'est pas épais,) thin. Etoffe claire, a thin, sleeky stuff. * Lait clair, (petit-lait,) whey. * Clair, (qui n'est point trouble,) clear, fair, pure. * (Transparent,)

clear, transparent. ♦ (En parlant des sons,) *clear, shrill, loud.* ♦ (En parlant de la vue,) *clear.*
Clair, *f. m.* *Shine, light.* Il commence à faire clair, (à être jour,) *it begins to be day-light.*
Clair, *adv.* *Clear, plain or clearly, plainly.* * Voir clair, *to be clear-sighted, to have a piercing, acute, sharp wit, to be sharp.* * Il voit clair dans cette affaire, *he understands this affair thoroughly, he sees into the very bottom of it.* * Entendre clair, *to be quick of apprehension.* ♦ Parler clair, *to speak with a clear or shrill voice, to speak loud or distinctly.* * Parler clair, (ou franchement,) *to speak plain or freely.*
Clair-lemé, *ée, adj.* *Thinsown, thin, scarce.*
Clair-voyance, *f. f.* *Quickness of understanding, penetration, sharpness or acuteness of wit.*
Clair-voyant, *ante, adj.* *Clear-sighted, sharp, acute.*
Claiement, *adv.* (distinctement.) *Clearly, plainly, distinctly.* * (Evidemment,) *clearly, plainly, manifestly.*
Claiet, *adj. Ex.* Vin claiet, (ou paillet.) *Claret wine.* ♦ Eau claiette, *a sort of cherry-brandy.*
Clairière, *f. f.* *A glade in a wood.*
Clairon, *f. m.* *Clarion.*
Clair-semé, *clair-voyance, &c.* *Voyez après clair.*
Clameur, *f. f.* *Clamour, outcry.*
Clandestin, *ine, adj.* *Clandestine, secret, private, done in hugger mugger.*
Clandestinement, *adv.* *Clandestinely, privately, in hugger-mugger.*
Clandestinité, *f. f.* *The being done clandestinely or privately, clandestinity.*
Clapier, *f. m.* *A clapper of cones.*
Clapir, *v. n.* *To squeak as a rabbit.*
Clapotage, *f. m.* *Turbulent motion of the sea.*
Clapoteuse, *adj. f.* *mer cla-*

potense. A sea running in heaps.
† Claque, *f. f.* *A flap or blow.*
† Claquedent, *subst. m.* *A beggar, a palsy, pitiful wretch.*
Claquement, *f. m. Ex.* *Claquement de mains, clapping of hands. Claquement de dents, the chattering of the teeth.*
† Claquemurer, *v. a.* *To put in a stone doublet.*
Claquier, *v. n.* *To flap or snap.* * † Faire bien claquier son fouet, *to make a noise or bustle in the world.* ♦ Il claque des dents, les dents lui claquent, *his teeth chatter.*
Claiquet, *f. m.* *The clapper of a mill.*
Clarification, *f. f.* *A clarifying or making clear.*
Clarifié, *ée, adj.* *Clarified, &c.*
Clarifier, *v. a.* *To clarify or make clear.*
Se clarifier, *v. r.* *To clarify or grow clear.*
Clarté, *f. f.* *Light, brightness.* ♦ (ou Transparence du verre,) *the clearness of glass.* * Clarté, (netteté de l'esprit,) *clearness, perspicuity, plainness.*
Classe, *f. f.* (rang, ordre.) *Classis, rank, order.* ♦ (Salle d'un college,) *a form in a school.* * Durant mes classes, (pendant que j'étois au college,) *when I was a school-boy.*
Classique, *adj.* *Classick, classical, approved, speaking of an author.*
Claveau, *subst. m.* (maladie parmi les moutons.) *The scab, a distaste amongst sheep.* ♦ Claveaux, (terme de Maçonnerie,) *the hanges of a door.*
Clavecin, *f. m.* *Harpsichord.*
Clavelée, *f. f.* *As claveau.*
Clavette, *f. f.* *A peg; ♦ forelock of a bolt.*
Clavicule, *f. f.* *The clavicle, the collar-bone.*
Clavier, *f. m.* (rangée de touches d'un clavecin, d'une épinette, d'un jeu d'or-

gues.) The keys of a harpsichord, of virginals, of organs. ♦ (Chaine à tenir des clefs ensemble,) *a key-chain.*
Claufe, *f. f.* (condition dans un acte.) *A clause, proviso or condition.* ♦ (Article,) *clause, article.*
Claustal, *ale, adj.* *Claustal, monastical, monastick.*
Clayon, *f. m.* (petite claie.) *A hurdle.*
Clayonnage, *f. m.* *A fence made with hurdles, &c.*
Clef, *f. f. pron. clé.* *A key.* Fermer à la clef, *to lock up.* Être enfermé sous la clef, *to be under lock and key.* ♦ Clef de voûte, *the key-stone of a vault.* ♦ Clef de carabine, de pistolet, d'arquebuse à rouet, *a spanner.* ♦ Clef de lit, *a screw-key.* ♦ Clef de pressoir, *the screw-key of a press.* ♦ Clef d'étai, *a vice-pin.* ♦ Clef, (en musique,) *a key or cliff in music.* ♦ La clef d'une arbalète, *the gaffle of a cross-bow.* ♦ Clef de forme de cordonnier, *the wedge of a shoemaker's last cleft in two.* * Prendre la clef des champs, *to run away.* * Donner la clef des champs, (mettre en liberté,) *to let go.*
Clémence, *f. f.* *Clemency, graciousness, mercy or mercifulness.*
Clément, *ente, adj.* *Clement, gracious, merciful.*
Clémentines, *f. f. pl.* *The constitutions of Pope Clement the fifth.*
Clenche, *f. f.* (loquet.) *The bolt of a door.*
Clepsydre, *subst. f.* *A vessel measuring time by the running of water or sand, an hour-glass.*
Clerc, *f. m.* (ou Ecclésiastique.) *A Clerk, a Clergyman.* ♦ (Signifioit autrefois un homme lettré,) *a scholar.* P. Il n'est pas grand clerc en cette matière, *he is no great scholar or he has no great skill in it, he is no conjurer.* * Pas de clerc,

CLE

(bêve, faute,) *mistake, blunder, false step.* ♦ Clerc, (celui qui travaille sous un homme de Pratique,) *a writing Clerk.* ♦ Clerc d'office ou Contrôleur-Clerc d'office, (Officier chez le Roi,) *a Clerk of the kitchen.*
Clergé, f. m. Clergy, *Churchmen.*
Clérical, ale, adj. Clerical, of a Clerk or Clergyman.
Clercature, f. f. Clerkship, the condition of a Clergyman. Droit (privilege) de Cléricature, the privilege of the Clergy.
Client, f. m. Cliente, f. f. *A client.*
Clientele, f. f. Patronage, protection, defence.
Clignement, f. m. A winking of the eyes.
Cligne-mufette, f. f. Hide, and seek, children's play.
Cligner les yeux, v. ad. To wink or twinkle with the eyes.
Clignotement. Voyez Clignement.
Clignoter, v. n. ou clignoter des yeux. To wink often with the eyes, to keep the eye-lids in a frequent motion.
Climat, f. m. Climate or climate. ♦ (Région,) Climate, country.
Climatérique, adject. An ou année climatérique, a climatical year.
Clin d'œil, f. m. The twinkling of an eye. ♦ Faire un clin d'œil, to give one the wink or the twinkle, to tip one the wink. ♦ Ils étoient obéissans au moindre clin d'œil, they were ready at a call or at the least sign.
A-clin, adv. Clincher-work. Border à-clin, to plank a vessel with clincher-work.
Clincaille. V. Quincaille.
Clinquant, f. m. Tinsel.
Cliqueter, v. n. To clack.
Cliquetis, f. m. Clashing or clattering of arms.
Cliquette, subst. f. A child's snapper.
Cliuse, f. f. A little hurdle for drying cheeses.
Cloaque, subst. m. A sink, a

CLO

common shore. * Un puant cloaque, a stinking man.
 * Cloaque, a sink, a stinking place, a place stinking like a jakes.
Cloche, f. f. A bell. ♦ Cloche de verre, a bell glass. ♦ Cloche, (ustensile de cuisine,) a vessel to bake fruits in. ♦ Cloche, (ampoule sur la peau,) a blister.
Cloche-pied, adv. (aller à cloche-pied.) To go upon one foot.
Clocher, v. a. & n. To be lame, to halt, to limp, to go lame. * Cette comparaison cloche, this is a lame comparison. * Clocher, (en parlant des vers,) to hobble.
Clocher, f. m. A steeple, a belfry. * Il soutint jusqu'au bout l'honneur de son clocher, he maintained to the very last the honour of his Church.
Clochette, f. f. A little or a small bell.
Cloison, f. f. A partition of boards, a partition wall.
Cloisonnage, f. m. Partition-work.
Cloître, f. m. A Cloister.
Cloîtré, ée, adj. Cloistered up, &c.
Cloitrer, v. a. To cloister up, to shut up in a cloister or Monastery.
Cloître, adj. m. Ex. Moine cloître, a claustral Monk.
 † Clopin-clopant, adv. Hobbling along.
 * Clopiner, v. n. To hale, to hobble along.
Cloporte, f. m. A palmer or a wood-louse.
Clorre, v. a. (fermer.) To close, shut or shut up, to stop. ♦ (Environner,) to enclose, shut in, surround or encompass, to fence. * (Terminer,) to close, end or make an end, to finish or conclude. * Clorre un compte, to make up an account.
Clorre, v. n. To close or shut.
Clos, ose, adj. Closed, close, shut, &c. V. Clorre. ♦ Ce sont lettres closes, these are mysterious things, that's a secret,

COC 105

Clos, f. m. A close.
Cloissement, f. m. The clucking.
Closter, v. n. To cluck.
Clôture, f. f. Enclosure. ♦ Garder la clôture, to keep in the cloister or to keep one's vow, speaking of a Nun. Elle a violé la clôture, she has broke her vow, she has quitted her cloister.
Clou, f. m. Nail. ♦ Clou à crochet, a tenter-hook.
Clou, (surocne,) a boil. ♦ Clou, (pour couvrir les boîtes & étuis,) a stud. Garni de ces fortes de clous, studded. ♦ Clou de girofle, a clove. P. Je n'en donnerois pas un clou. P. I would not give a pin's head for it. * † Je lui ai bien rivé ses clous, I fitted him very well, I gave him as good as he brought.
Cloué, ée, adj. Nailed. * Il est cloué à sa maison, he keeps close at home. Je suis cloué sur mon ouvrage, I am constantly at work.
Clouer, v. a. To nail.
Clouterie, f. f. Nail-trade.
Cloutier, f. m. A nail-smith.
Clystère, f. m. Clyster.
Coactif, ive, adj. Ex. Force coactive, coercive power.
Coadjuteur, f. m. A coadjutor; ♦ an assistant or fellow-helper.
Coadjutorerie, f. f. Coadjutorship.
Coadjutrice, f. f. Coadjutrix.
Coagulation, f. f. Coagulation, a congealing, turning into curds.
Coagulé, ée, adj. Coagulated, &c.
Coaguler, v. a. To coagulate, congeal, curd or curdle.
Se coaguler, v. r. To coagulate or congeal.
Coassement, f. m. Croaking like a frog.
Coasser, v. n. To croak like a frog.
 † **Cocagne, f. f. Ex.** Pays de cocagne, a plentiful country, a good country to live in.
Cocarde, f. f. Cockade.
Coche, f. m. (carrosse de voiture.) A travelling coach. ♦ Coche d'eau, a great boat,

106 **COC**

* † Coche, *subst. f.* (femme grosse & graffe.) *A great sow.*

Cocher, *f. f.* (entaillure.) *A notch.*

Cochenille, *f. f.* *Cochineal.*

Cocher, *v. a.* To tread. Le coq coche la poule, *the cock treads the hen.*

Cocher, *f. m.* *A coachman.*

Cochere, *adj.* Ex. Porte-cochere, *a great gate.*

Cochet, *f. m.* *A cockerel, a young cock.*

Cochervis, *f. m.* *The copped lark.*

Cochon, *f. m.* *A hog.* ♦ Cochon de lait, *a pig.* Avoir des yeux ou de petits yeux de cochon, *to have pig's eyes or little eyes.* Cochon d'Inde, *a Guinea-pig.*

Cochonnée, *f. f.* *A litter of pigs.*

Cochonner, *v. n.* To farrow, to pig, to bring forth pigs.

Cochonnet, *f. m.* *A jack to bowl at.*

Cocon, *f. m.* *The cod of a silk-worm.*

Codtion, *f. f.* *Codtion, con-codtion, digestion.*

† Cocu, *f. m.* *A cuckold.*

† Cocuage, *f. m.* *Cuckoldship or cuckoldom.*

Code, *f. m.* (compilation des lois des Empereurs Romains, &c.) *Code.*

Codicille, *f. m.* *Codicil, a man's last will or a supplement to a will already made.*

Codille, *f. m.* (terme du jeu de l'ombre.) *Codille.*

Coëffe, *V.* Coiffe, and its derivatives accordingly.

Coercitif, *ive, adj.* *Coercive, restraining.*

Coercition, *f. f.* *Coercion, restraining, keeping in order.*

Coéternel, *elle, adj.* *Coe-ternal.*

Cœur, *f. m.* (partie noble de l'animal.) *The heart.* * (Affection,) *heart, love, affection, inclination.* * (L'esprit,) *heart, mind, soul.* * (Courage,) *heart, courage, spirit.* * Cœur, (le milieu de quelque chose,) *heart or midst.* Au cœur de la France, *in the heart of France.* * Cœur, (vigueur, en parlant des animaux,) *heart,*

COH

vigour, strength, mettle.

* Cœur, (la partie supérieure de l'estomac,) *the stomach.* Soulevement de cœur, *rising of the stomach.*

* Cela me tient au cœur ou me pèse sur le cœur ou j'ai cela

sur le cœur, *that lies heavy upon my heart.* * L'ami du

cœur, *a bosom friend.* * Ap-

prendre quelque chose par

cœur, *to learn a thing by heart.* Dire par cœur, *to say without book.* * Avoir le

cœur sur les lèvres, (n'être

point dissimulé,) *to be open-*

hearted, to be free and open.

* Je n'ai rien tant à cœur

que de vous rendre service,

I have no greater desire or passion than to serve you.

C'est un homme tout de

cœur, *he is of a noble or generous temper.* ♦ Cœur,

(une des quatre couleurs

du jeu des cartes,) *heart, at cards.*

Coffin, *f. m.* *A round and high basket.*

Coffre, *f. m.* *A trunk or chest.*

♦ Un coffre-fort, *a strong box.* * Les coffres du Roi,

the King's coffers or treasury. ♦ Coffre, (la capacité

enfermée sous les cô-

tes,) *the chest or bulk of the body.* * † Piquer le coffre,

to dance attendance.

* † Coffré, *ée, adj.* Put in

a jail.

* † Coffrer, *v. a.* To put in

a jail or in a stone doublet.

Coffret, *f. m.* *A little trunk or chest.*

Coffretier, *subst. m.* *A trunk-maker.*

Cognasse, *f. f.* *A wild quince.*

Cognassier, *f. m.* *Quince-tree.*

Cognée, *f. f.* *An axe or hatchet.*

† Cogne-fétu, *f. m.* *One that makes a great ado to no purpose.*

Cogner, *v. a.* To thrust in, to knock or drive in. Cogner à la porte, *to knock at the door.* * † Cogner, (battre,) *to beat or maul.*

Cohabitation, *f. f.* *Cohabitation.*

† Cohabiter, *v. n.* To cohabit.

Cohérence, *f. f.* *Coherence,*

COI

agreement, hanging together.

Cohéritier, *f. m.* *Cohéritiere,*

f. f. *Cohier, joint-heir, fel-*

low-heir.

Cohorte, *f. f.* *Cohort, a Ro-*

man cohort.

Cohue, *f. f.* *A crowd, a rout,*

a multitude.

* Coi, *coie, adj.* *Quiet, still.*

Coiffe, *subst. f.* (de femme.)

Hood or coif. ♦ Coiffe (ou

bonnet) de nuit, *a night cap.* ♦ La coiffe d'une per-

ruque, *the caul of a wig.*

♦ Coiffe de chapeau, *the lining of a hat.*

Coiffé, *ée, adj.* *That has a*

hood or coif on, &c. V.

Coiffer. * Etre bien coiffé,

(avoir la tête belle,) *to*

have a fine head of hair. ♦

(Avoir une perruque ou

un chapeau qui sied bien,) *to*

have a good wig or hat on. * † Il est né coiffé,

he is born to a good fortune,

he was wrapt up in his mother's smock. ♦ Un chien

bien coiffé, *a dog with long*

ears.

Coiffer, *v. act.* To dress the

head. ♦ Un chapeau ou une

perruque qui coiffe bien,

a hat or perriwig that fits

well. ♦ Coiffer une bou-

teille, *to cap a bottle.* ♦

Se coiffer de faux cheveux,

to wear touts and locks or

false hair. ♦ Coiffer une

voile; *to lay a sail aback*

or to back a sail.

* † Se coiffer, *v. r.* ou être

coiffé d'une opinion, d'une

personne, &c. To be fond

of an opinion or person, to

be taken with them. Il est

coiffé de cette femme, *he*

is bewitched with her. * Se

coiffer, (trop boire,) *to*

fuddle one's self. ♦ Se coif-

fer ou se laisser coiffer, *to*

be taken or laid aback.

Coiffeuse, *f. f.* *A milliner.*

Coiffure, *subst. fem.* *A head*

dress.

Coin, *f. m.* *Corner, angle.* Le

coin de l'œil, *the corner of*

the eye. ♦ Regarder du coin

de l'œil, *to cast sheep's eyes,*

or to leer upon. ♦ Les coins

d'une perruque, *the locks of*

a wig. ♦ Coin, (pour max-

COI

quer de la monnoie, des médailles,) *a die to stamp money.* * Etre marqué, frappé au bon coin, *to be of the right stamp.* † Coin, (qui sert à fendre, presser ou élever d'autres corps,) *a wedge or coin.* † Coin de mire, *quoin in artillery.* † Coins de mât, *quoins or wedges.* Coin, (gros fruit à pepin,) *A quince.*
Coinc. *V. Couenne.*
† Coion, *f. m. Duffard.*
† Coionner, *v. a. To use one scurvily.*
† Coionnerie, *f. f. Duffardy, foolery, silliness.*
Coit, *f. m. (accouplement du mâle avec la femelle.) Coition, copulation.*
Coite. *V. Couette.*
Col, *f. m. (partie du corps humain. On prononce & on écrit Cou.) The neck.* † Couper le cou à quelqu'un, *to behead one.* † Col, (passage étroit,) *a strait or narrow passage betwixt two hills, a defile.* † Le col (l'embouchure) de la vessie. (En ce sens prononcez col,) *the neck of the bladder.*
Colachon, *f. m. An italian instrument of musick, much like a lute, but that the neck of it is something longer.*
Colatéral, *and some other words. See them with LL.*
Colera-morbus, *f. m. Cholera-morbus.*
Colere, *f. f. (passion.) Anger, wrath, passion. Etre encolere contre quelqu'un, to be angry with one. Revenir de sa colere, to come to one's self again. * La colere des flots, the rage of the waves. * Mer en colere, a raging or an angry sea.*
Colere, *adj. Cholerick, passionate, hasty, apt to be angry, soon angry.*
Colérique, *adj. Cholerick, passionate.*
Colifichet, *f. m. (babiole, bagatelle.) A knack or knick-knack, a trifle, gew-gaw, a toy.*

COL

Colin-maillard, *f. m. Blind-man's-buff.*
Colique, *f. f. Cholick, the griping of the guts.*
Collatéral, *ale, adj. Collateral.*
Collatéraux, *f. m. pl. Collateral kindred.*
Collateur, *f. m. A patron, one that has a living in his gift.*
Collatif, *ive, adj. Collative, that may be conferred upon.*
Collation, *f. f. Collation.*
Collationné, *ée, adj. Collated, compared.*
Collationner, *v. n. To eat a collation.*
Collationner, *v. a. To compare, to collate.*
Colle, *f. f. Glue, paste, fix.*
Colle forte, *glue.* Colle de poisson, *isinglass.* Colle de farine, *paste.* † Colle, (bourde,) *sham, bam, fun.*
Collé, *ée, adj. Glued, pasted.* † Charbons collés, *caked coals.* * Habit qui est collé ou qui semble collé sur le corps, *a suit that fits very well or fits very close.* * Etre collé sur les livres, *to pore upon books, to study hard.* * Etre collé sur son cheval ou sur la selle, *to sit firm and strait on horseback.* * Avoir les yeux collés sur quelque chose, *to have one's eye fastened on a thing.*
Collecte, *f. f. (sorte d'oraison.) A collect.* † (Levée de deniers,) *A gathering, or levy of a tax.*
Collecteur, *f. m. Collector, a gatherer of taxes.*
Collectif, *ive, adj. Collective, a term of Grammar.*
Collection, *f. f. Collection, compilation.*
Collectivement, *adv. Collectively, in a collective sense.*
College, *f. m. A college; a company or society.*
Collégial, *ale, adj. Collegiate.*
Collègue, *f. m. A colleague, a fellow or copartner in office.*
Collier, *v. a. To glue or*

COL 107

paste together. † Se coller ou être collé contre un mur, *to lie close to a wall.* † Se coller, (se prendre, en parlant du charbon de pierre,) *to take as sea-coals do.*
Collerette, *f. f. A sort of gorget or neck-cloth for women.*
Collet, *f. m. The collar of a doublet.* † Collet de manteau ou de casaque, *the cape of a cloak or coat.* † Collet de chemise, *neck of a shirt.* † Collet, (ou rabat,) *a band.* † (Lacs à prendre des lievres,) *a gin.* † Collet de mouton, *a neck of mutton.* † Prendre ou saisir quelqu'un au collet, *to knap one, to take him prisoner, to arrest or apprehend him.* * † Prêter le collet à quelqu'un, *to cope with one, to make head against him.* † Collet de buffle, *A buff-jerkin.* † Collet d'étau, *the eye of a stay.* † Collet d'une ancre, *the crown of an anchor.*
Collété, *ée, adj. Taken by the collar.*
Colléter, *v. a. To collar one, to take by the neck, to get hold of one's neck.*
Se colléter, *v. r. To wrestle or struggle.*
Colléter, *v. n. (terme de Chasse.) To set gins.*
Collier, *f. m. (ornement que les femmes portent au cou.) Necklace.* † (Cercle qui se met au cou des esclaves & des chiens pour les arrêter,) *a collar.* † Collier d'un Chevalier, *a collar of a Knight.* † Pigeon à collier, *a ring-dove.* † Collier, (pièce du harnois d'un cheval de charrette,) *the collar of a draught-horse.* † Collier d'étau, *collar of stay.* Faux-collier, *collar of a preventer stay.* † Collier de chouquet ou collier de mât, *an iron-clamp.*
Colliger, *v. a. (recueillir.) To collect, to make collections.*
Colline, *f. f. Hill, a little hill, a hillock,*

Collision, *subst. f.* *Collision*, a knocking or dashing together.

Collocation, *f. f.* (ordre, rang.) *Collocation* or placing in order, rank, order.

Colloque, *f. m.* (conférence.) *Conference*. ♦ (Discours, entretien,) *colloquy*, *dialogue*.

Colloqué, *éc, adj.* Ranked, placed in order.

Colloquer, *v. a.* To rank, to place in order.

Colluder, *v. n.* To collude, to juggle, to plead by covin to the intent to deceive.

Collusion, *f. f.* *Collusion*, juggling, deceit, covin, (used among lawyers.)

Collusoire, *adj.* *Collusory*, done by covin and collusion.

Collusoirement, *adv.* *Collusorily*, by covin and collusion.

Collyre, *f. m.* *Collyrium*.

Colombe, *f. f.* A dove, a pigeon.

Colombier, *f. m.* A dove, house or pigeon-house. ♦ **Colombiers**, *pl.* blocking up of a ship's cradle.

Colombin, ine, *adj.* *Columbine*.

Colonel, *f. m.* A Colonel.

La Colonelle, *f. f.* (ou la compagnie colonelle.) The colonel's company, the first company in his regiment.

Colonie, *f. f.* *Colony*, plantation.

Colonnade, *f. f.* A colonnade.

Colonne, *f. f.* A column or round pillar. * Les colonnes d'Hercule, *Hercules's pillars*. * Les colonnes d'un livre, *the columns in a book*.

♦ Les colonnes d'un lit, *the bedpost*. ♦ Camper, marcher sur deux colonnes, *to encamp or march in two lines*. * Colonne, (appui,) pillar, supporter or prop.

Colophane, *f. f.* *Resin*, *colophony*.

Coloquinte, *f. f.* *Coloquin-tida*, the fruit of a wild gourd.

Coloré, *éc, adj.* Coloured. ♦ Avoir le teint coloré, *to have a great colour*. *

Coloré, (apparent,) co-

loured, apparent, pretended.

Colorer, *v. act.* To colour or dye.

Se colorer, *v. r.* To colour.

* Colorer, (déguiser,) to colour, to varnish over, to palliate.

Colorier, *v. a.* To lay on the colours.

Coloris, *f. m.* *Colouring* in a picture. ♦ Un beau coloris, (visage ou teint vermeil,) a fine lively complexion.

Coloriste, *f. m.* A painter skilled in the right use of colours, colourist.

Colossal, *ale, adj.* Of the height and bigness of a coloss, giant-like; colosses.

Colosse, *f. m.* (statue d'une grandeur extraordinaire.)

Colossus or *colosse*. * (Un homme de fort grande stature,) a giant.

Colostre, *f. m.* *Beestings* or *biestings*.

Colporter, *v. act.* To hawk about.

Colporteur, *f. m.* A hawker.

Coltis, *f. m.* The beak-head bulk-head; ♦ fore mast frame of a ship.

Colures, *f. m. pl.* *Coluri*.

Combat, *f. m.* *Combat*, fight, fighting, battle, conflict, struggling.

Combattant, *f. m.* A combatant, a fighting man.

Combattre, *v. a.* (attaquer son ennemi ou s'en défendre.) To fight, to combat.

* (Résister, s'opposer à,) to combat, to wage or make war, to withstand, oppose or resist, to strive against.

* Des crudités qu'on a de la peine à combattre, *crudities which are difficult to deal with*.

Combattre contre une maladie, *to struggle with a disease*. * Combattre, (balancer,) to be in suspense, to be uncertain or wavering, to debate, to con-

sider.

Combattu, *ue, adj.* Fought, &c. according to the verb.

Combien, *adv.* de quantité. How, how much, how many.

Combinaison, *subst. f.* Com-

bination, a joining together.

Combiné, *éc, adj.* Combined.

Combiner, *verb. act.* To combine.

Comble, *f. m.* (le haut d'une maison.) The top, the ridge of a house. ♦ (Ce qui peut tenir par-dessus une mesure déjà pleine,) the heaping of a measure, over-measure, vantage. * (Le dernier point de quelque chose,) heights, top. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, down to the ground, utterly, to all intents and purposes.

Comble, *adj.* Heaped up, full to the top.

Comblé, *éc, adj.* Filled up, &c. *V.* Comblé.

Comblér, *v. a.* To heap up, to fill or fill up. * Comblér quelqu'un de bienfaits, *to load one with kindness*, *to heap up benefits upon him*.

* Comblér de joie, *to fill with joy*.

Combuger, *v. a.* To rinse out a cask.

Combustible, *adj.* *Combustible*, apt to burn.

Combustion, *f. f.* *Combustion*, tumult, hurly-burly.

Comédie, *f. f.* (pièce de théâtre.) Play. ♦ (Pièce de théâtre opposée à la tragédie,) a play, a comedy. ♦ (Lieu où l'on joue les pièces de théâtre,) a play-house. ♦ Jouer la comédie, (être comédien,) to be a player. * Comédie, (dissimulation,) dissimulation, shamming or juggling. * † Donner la comédie, (faire rire à ses dépens,) to make others sport.

Comédien, *f. m.* A player, or comedian, an actor. *

Comédien, (un dissimulé,) a disssembler or hypocrite.

Comédienne, *f. f.* A player, a woman player, an actress.

* (Une dissimulée,) a disssembler or disssembling woman.

Comète, *f. f.* A comet, a blazing star.

Comique, *adj.* Comical, of or belonging to a comedy.

Poète comique, a writer

COM

of comedies, a comedian.
Comique, *f. m.* The comical part.

Comiquement, *adv.* Comically, pleasantly, like a comedy.

Comité, *f. m.* The officer of a galley who has the particular command over the slaves.

Comité, *subst. m.* A committee.

Comma, *f. m.* Comma.

Commandant, *f. m.* A Commander, a General. Commandant d'une place de guerre, the Commander or deputy-Governor of a fortress.

Commande, de commande, (*façon de parler adverbial.*) Ex. Besogne de commande, work that is bespoken. *V.* Commander. Marchandise de commande, goods bespoken. Maladie de commande, a feigned sickness or indisposition.

Commandé, *é, adj.* Commanded, &c. Voyez Commander.

Commandement, *f. m.* (ordre.) Command, order, charge. (Loi, précepte.) commandment, precept, law. (Pouvoir de commander.) command, government, conduct. Les Secrétaires des Commandemens, the Secretaries of state in France. * Avoir tout à commandement, to have all things at command; * † to have the world in a string. * Avoir le latin à commandement, to be a great master of the Latin tongue.

Commander, *v. a.* (ordonner.) To command, order, charge or bid. Commander une besogne, to bespeak a work. Commander, (régir, gouverner,) to command or have the command, conduct, government or rule. * Commander à ses appétits, à ses passions, to master one's passions, to keep them under, to have the mastery or command over one's passions. Commander, (conduire, mener à

COM

la guerre,) to command or lead.

Commanderie, *f. f.* Commandry.

Commandeur, *subst. m.* The Commander of an Order of Knights.

Comme, *adv. de comparaison,* (ainsi que,) As, like. (En quelque façon, presque,) as it were, almost.

Triste comme content, il te faudra chanter, sad or merry, you must sing.

C'est comme cela, 'tis so or thus. Comme aussi, (pareillement,) and likewise. Comme, (lorsque,) as, when. † Comme ainsi soit que, whereas.

Commémoration ou commémoraison, *f. f.* Commemoration.

Comménçant, *f. m.* A beginner, a novice.

Commencé, *é, adj.* Begun, &c.

Commencement, *f. m.* Beginning, commencement.

Commencer, *v. a.* To begin or enter upon. Commencer un procès, to commence a suit at law.

Commencer, *v. n.* To begin or commence.

Commendataire, *adj.* Commendatary, one that enjoys a benefice by commendam.

Commende, *f. f.* Commendam.

Commensal, *adj.* Commensal.

Commensurabilité, *f. f.* Commensurability.

Commensurable, *adject.* Commensurable.

Comment, *adv.* (de quelle sorte.) How, in what manner. Comment, (pourquoi,) how, why.

Commentaire, *f. m.* Comment, commentary, exposition.

Commentateur, *f. m.* Commentator.

Commenté, *é, adj.* Commented upon.

Commenter, *v. a.* To comment or write comments upon.

Commenter, *v. n.* To criticize or to put an ill construction upon; to romance.

† Commer, *v. n.* To make comparisons.

Commerçable, *adj.* Commercial, that belongs to trade.

COM 109

Commerçant, *f. m.* A trader, a merchant.

Commerçant, *ante, adj.* Trading. Nation commerçante, a trading nation.

Commerce, *f. f.* (négoce.) Commerce, trade, trading or traffick. * (Fréquentation; société,) commerce, communication, intercourse, converse, acquaintance or correspondence. * Avoir commerce avec une femme, to have to do carnally with a woman.

Commercer, *v. n.* To trade or drive a trade.

Commère, *f. f.* Gossip or godmother. † (Femme qui parle à tort & à travers,) gossip.

Commettage, *f. m.* (terme de Corderie.) Laying of ropes and cables.

Commettant, *f. m.* Ex. Ces députés ne feront rien de contraire aux intérêts de leurs commettans, the deputies will not act contrary to the interest of their superiors.

Commettre, *v. a.* To commit, to do or perpetrate a crime or fault. (Employer, proposer,) to appoint or delegate one for an office. Commettre quelque chose au soin de quelqu'un, to commit a thing to one's hands and charge, to trust him with it. Commettre, (exposer à recevoir quelque mortification,) to expose. Commettre deux personnes entr'elles, to set two persons at variance or at odds, to make two persons quarrel and fall out.

Se commettre, *v. r.* To expose one's self. Se commettre avec quelqu'un, to venture one's self with one.

Comminatoire, *adj.* Comminatory, threatening.

Commis, *ise, adj.* Committed, &c. *V.* Commettre.

Commis, *f. m.* A clerk.

Commise, *f. f.* Forfeiture.

Commisération, *f. f.* Commiseration, compassion, pity.

Commisfaire, *f. m.* A commissioner. Commisfaire de la Cour, a Judge delegate or

Commissary. ♦ Commissaire, (pour régir des biens saisis ou mis en sequestre,) *an overseer or sequestrator.*
Commissaire des guerres, *a Muster-Master, a Commissary.*
Commission, *f. f. Commission.* ♦ (Message,) *message, errand.* ♦ Vendre des livres par commission, *to sell books for another.*
Commissionnaire, *f. m. Commissionnaire de Marchand,* (un Facteur,) *a Factor.*
Committimus, *f. m. Lettres de committimus. A special commission directed in the behalf of privileged persons to the peculiar Judges.*
Committitur, *f. m. Commit-tuteur.*
Commode, *adj.* (aisé, propre.) *Convenient, easy, commodious, apt, fit, advantageous.* ♦ (Doux, de bonne société,) *easy, good humoured.*
Commode, *f. f. A set of drawers.*
Commodément, *adv. Conveniently, commodiously, comfortably.*
Commodité, *subst. f. (aise.) Convenience, conveniency, ease, commodity.* ♦ (Occasion favorable,) *convenient time, opportunity.* ♦ Les commodités d'une maison, *the accommodation of a house.* Avoir chez soi toutes les petites commodités, *to have all things convenient at one's house.* ♦ Commodités, (biens,) *advantages or goods of fortune, riches.* ♦ Les commodités, (les lieux,) *the necessary or convenient house, the house of office.*
Commotion, *f. f. Commotion.*
Commué, *éc, adj. Changed, commuted.*
Commuer, *v. a. To commute or change a punishment.*
Commun, *une, adj.* (qui appartient à plusieurs.) *Common.* ♦ Commun, (général, universel,) *common, publick, general, universal.* ♦ Commun, (ordinaire,) *common, usual, ordinary,*

familiar. ♦ Commun, (de peu de valeur,) *common, ordinary, indifferent, plain, trivial, vulgar.*
Le commun, *f. m. The under or ordinary servants.* ♦ Du commun, (qui n'est pas de grand prix,) *common, ordinary.* Un homme du commun, *an ordinary man.* ♦ Le commun (la plus grande partie) des sages, *the generality or most of the wise men.* ♦ Tout étoit en commun parmi eux, *all was in common amongst them.*
Communauté, *f. f. Corporation, company, society.* ♦ Communauté, (société de biens,) *community.*
Communaux, *f. m. pl.* (pâturage en commun.) *Common.*
Commune, *f. f.* (les bourgeois d'une ville, d'un village.) *Corporation; the parish, the inhabitants of a country-place.* ♦ Commune ou communes, (pâturage en commun,) *a common.* ♦ Les communes d'un Etat, (tiers-Etat,) *the commons of a State.* Les Communes, la chambre des Communes, *the Commons, the house of Commons.*
Communément, *adv. Commonly, usually, universally.* ♦ Cela se dit communément, *that's a common saying.*
Communiant, *f. m.* (qui communie.) *A communicant.*
Communicable, *adj. Communicable.*
Communicatif, *ive, adject.* *Communicative, sociable, affable, familiar, easy to be spoken with.*
Communication, *f. f. Communication, imparting.* ♦ (Commerce,) *communication, converse, society, correspondence, intercourse, fellowship.* ♦ Communication de pieces, *exhibition of writings.*
Communier, *v. n. To communicate or receive the Communion or Lord's supper.*
Communier, *v. a. To administer or give the Communion.*
Communion, *f. f.* (réception

de l'Eucharistie.) *Communion.* ♦ (Union dans une même foi,) *fellowship, communion.* Etre retranché de la communion des Fidèles, (être excommunié,) *to be turned out of the pale of the Church, to be excommunicated.*
Communiqué, *éc, adj. Communicated, imparted, &c.*
Communiquer, *v. a. To communicate or impart, to tell, shew, discover or reveal.* ♦ Communiquer les pieces d'un procès, *to produce or exhibit the writings or papers of a Law suit.*
Communiquer, *v. n.* (ou conférer) avec quelqu'un. *To confer, consult, discourse or have a conference together, to commune with one.* ♦ (Avoir relation avec quelqu'un,) *to have a correspondence with one.* ♦ (Etre de la même communion,) *to be of the same communion or fellowship.*
Se communiquer, *v. r. To be communicative, sociable, affable or open; to disclose one's heart.* ♦ Maladie qui se communique, *an infectious or catching disease.*
Commutatif, *ive, adj. Commutative.*
Commutation, *f. f.* de peine. *Commutation of punishment.*
Compacte, *adj. Compact, joined together, close.*
Compagne, *f. f. Companion, a she-companion; ♦ consort, mate.*
Compagnie, *f. f. Company.* ♦ Les Compagnies souveraines du Royaume de France, (les Parlements,) *the Parliaments of France.* ♦ Compagnies. *Ex. Compagnie d'infanterie, a company of foot. Compagnie de cavalerie, a troop of horse.* ♦ Une compagnie de perdrix, *a covey of partridges.* ♦ Aller de compagnie, *to go together.* ♦ Avoir la compagnie d'une femme, *to enjoy a woman, to have carnally to do with her.*
Compagnon, *f. m. (camarade*

COM

de, associé.) *Companion*, fellow, mate, partner. ♦ (Garon qui travaille en boutique,) a journeyman. ♦ (Egal,) *companion*, fellow, equal. Traiter de pair à compagnon, to go cheek by jowl, † to be hail fellow well met. ♦ Compagnon, (gaillard,) fellow, a blade. Comparable, adj. Comparable, to be compared, like. Comparaison, f. f. Comparison, comparing, parallel. Par comparaison, adv. With comparison, with respect or regard, comparatively. En comparaison, (au prix,) to. Comparant, ante, adj. Appearing, that makes his or her appearance in Court. Comparatif, ive, adject. ou comparatif, f. m. Comparative. Comparativement, adv. Comparatively. Comparé, ée, adj. Compared, likened. Comparer, v. a. To compare, to set together or confer, to make comparisons. Se comparer à quelqu'un, to compare or vie with one. Comparoir, (terme de Palais.) ou Comparoître, v. n. To appear or make one's appearance. Compartiment, f. m. A compartment. ♦ Compartiment de jardin, a knot in a garden. Comparution, subst. f. Appearance. Compas, f. m. Compasses, a pair of compasses. ♦ Compas de proportion, a sector. ♦ Compas de mer, compass or mariner's compass. ♦ Compas azimutal, an azimuth compass. ♦ Compas renversé, a hanging compass. ♦ Compas de cordonnier, a shoemaker's gage. Compasé, ée, adj. Measured by the compass, &c. according to the verb. * Un homme extrêmement compasé, a formal, precise, starched or affected man. Compasser, v. a. To measure with the compasses. ♦ Com-

COM

passer (bien proportionner) une chose, to proportion, frame or square a thing. * Compasser (ou bien régler) ses actions, to order one's actions. Compassion, subst. f. Compassion, fellow-feeling, pity, mercy. Compatibilité, f. f. Compatibility. Ils n'ont ensemble aucune compatibilité d'humeurs, the humours don't suit at all together. Compatible, adj. Compatible, that can agree. Son humeur n'est pas compatible avec la mienne, his humour and mine cannot agree together, * † we can't set our horses together. Un office ou bénéfice compatible, an office or benefice that may stand with another. Compatir, v. n. To agree or stand, to be compatible. ♦ Compatir à quelqu'un ou à ses maux, to compassionate one, to have a fellow-feeling with him. ♦ Compatir aux faiblesses d'autrui, to bear with one's weaknesses, to be indulgent to his infirmities. Compatissant, ante, adject. Compassionate, indulgent. Compatriote, subst. m. One's country-man. Compensation, f. f. Compensation, amends. Compensé, ée, adj. Compensated, &c. ♦ Les dépens étant compensés, without costs, each party being adjudged to bear his own cost and charges. Compenfer, v. a. To compensate, to make amends for, to counter-balance, to recompence. Compérage, f. m. The being a gossip. Comperer, f. m. Gossip or godfather, compeer. * † (Gaillard,) companion, fellow, blade. Compétemment, adv. Competently, by a full power. ♦ (Suffisamment,) competently, enough, sufficiently. Compétence, f. f. Competency. * Cela n'est pas de votre compétence, that's beyond

COM 111

your sphere, you are not a competent Judge of that. ♦ Compétence, (concurrence,) competition. Compétent, ente, adj. (qui est dû.) Due. ♦ (Suffisant,) competent, sufficient. ♦ Juge Compétent, a proper or competent Judge. Compéter, v. n. To belong. Compétiteur, f. m. Competitor, rival. Compilateur, f. m. A compiler. Compilation, f. f. Compilation, collection. Compilé, ée, adj. Compiled, collected. Compiler, v. a. To compile or collect. Complainant, ante, subst. Plaintiff or complainant. Complainte, f. f. V. Plainte. ♦ Complainte, (terme de Palais,) complaint at law. Complaître, v. n. à quelqu'un. To please, to humour one, to comply with him. Se complaire, v. r. en quelque chose. To have a complacency in a thing, to delight in it. Complaissance, f. f. (détérence.) Complaisance, compliance, condescension, obliging carriage. ♦ (Amour-propre,) complacency, complacence. Complaissant, ante, adj. Complaisant, civil, obliging. Complément, f. m. Complement. Complet, ete, adj. Complete, perfect, absolute. Complexe, adject. Es. Idées complexes, (composées de plusieurs idées simples,) complex ideas. Complexion, f. f. (tempérament.) Complexion, temper, constitution. ♦ (Humeur, inclination,) temper, disposition. Complexionné, ée, adj. Complexioned. Complication, f. f. Complication, speaking of diseases. Complice, adj. & f. A complice or accomplice, one that is accessory to a crime. Complicité, f. f. The being an accomplice. Complies, f. f. pl. Compline,

112 COM

Compliment, *f. m.* (paroles civiles, obligeantes.) *A compliment, obliging words.* ♦ (Cérémonies,) *compliments, ceremonies.*
Complimenté, *ée*, *adj.* *Complimented.*
Complimenter, *v. a.* *To compliment.*
Complimenteur, *f. m.* *complimenteuse*, *f. f.* *A complimenter.*
Complicé, *ée*, *adj.* *Complicated as a dis ease.* Une affaire compliquée, *a complex business.*
Complot, *f. m.* *A plot, combination or conspiracy.*
Comploter, *v. a. & neut.* *To conspire, plot, to form a plot.*
Componction, *f. f.* *Compunction, pricking, remorse, trouble of mind for a fault committed.*
Composé, *ée*, *adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Composed.*
Comportement, *f. m.* (manière d'agir.) *Comportment, comport, behaviour.*
Comporter, *v. a.* (souffrir.) *To bear, to let, to suffer or allow of.* Ce sont des plaisirs que comporte la jeunesse, *these are pleasures for youth or suitable to youth.* ♦ Le temps le comporte, *the time requires it.*
Se comporter, *v. r.* (agir.) *To carry, demean, behave or comport one's self to act or do.*
Composé, *ée*, *adjct.* (fait.) *Composed; writ or written.* ♦ Mot composé, (formé de plusieurs,) *a compounded word, a compound.* ♦ Composé, (de plusieurs choses,) *consisting or made up.* ♦ Remède composé, *a composition.* ♦ Composé, (réglé, mesuré,) *stiff, starched.* ♦ Homme composé ou qui a l'air sérieux & composé, *a composed man, a man of a composed, sober, grave, reserved look or countenance.*
Composé, *f. m.* *A compound or composition.*
Composer, *v. a.* (faire quelque ouvrage d'esprit.) *To*

COM

compose, make or write, to be the author of. ♦ (En termes d'Imprimerie,) *to compose or set.* ♦ Composer un air de musique, *to set or compose a tune.* ♦ Composer, (faire un tout,) *to compound, make or make up, to frame or put together.* ♦ (Accommoder,) *to make up, adjust, compound or agree a difference.* ♦ Composer la mine, la contenance, son geste, ses actions, &c. *to compose or fashion one's looks, countenance, &c.*
Composer, *v. n.* (s'accorder, s'accommoder sur quelque différent.) *To compound or agree.* ♦ (En termes de Guerre, capituler,) *to be upon terms of composition, to capitulate.*
Se composer, *v. r.* *To compose one's self, to put on a sober or modest countenance.*
Composite, *adj.* (terme d'Architecture.) *Composite, compound.*
Composite, *f. m.* *Composite or compound order.*
Compositeur, *subst. m.* (qui assemble les lettres dans une Imprimerie.) *Compositor.* ♦ (Qui compose en Musique,) *a composer or setter in Musick.* ♦ Amiable compositeur, (un arbitre,) *an agreement maker, a compounder of differences, an arbitrator.*
Composition, *subst. f.* (assemblage de plusieurs parties.) *Composing, composition, making up, framing, putting or setting together.* ♦ (Ouvrage qui résulte de cet assemblage,) *composition, frame.* ♦ (Action de composer un ouvrage d'esprit,) *composing, composition, writing.* ♦ (Ouvrage d'esprit,) *composition, composure, writing, piece.* ♦ — d'écolier, *the exercise of a school boy.* ♦ Composition d'un remède, (mélange des drogues,) *the composition of a medicine, the mixture of drugs.* ♦ Composition, (accord,) *accommodation, composi-*

COM

sion, agreement. ♦ (Capitulation,) *composition, capitulation, articles.*
Compositeur, *f. m.* *A composing stick.*
Compote, *f. f.* *Stewed fruit.* Compote de poires, *stewed pears.* Compote de pigeons, *stewed pigeons.* ♦ † Il lui a mis la tête à la compote, *he has bruised his head sadly.* ♦ † Avoir les yeux en compote, *to have one's eyes black and blue.*
Compréhensible, *adj.* *Comprehensible, conceivable, to be conceived or understood.*
Compréhension, *f. f.* *Comprehension, apprehension or understanding.*
Comprendre, *v. a.* (concevoir.) *To apprehend, comprehend, conceive, understand or perceive.* ♦ (Contenir,) *to comprehend, comprise, include, contain, compass or take in.*
Compreffe, *f. f.* *A compress, a bolster.*
Compressibilité, *f. f.* *Aptness to be pressed close.*
Compressible, *adj.* *Compressible, apt to be pressed close.*
Compression, *f. f.* *Compression or compressure, a pressing close, a pressure.*
Comprimé, *ée*, *adj.* *Pressed or thrust close, squeezed together.*
Comprimer, *v. act.* *To press, to squeeze, to thrust or strain close or together.*
Compris, *ife*, *adj.* *Apprehended, conceived, understood; comprehended, comprized, included, contained or taken in.*
Compromettre, *v. a.* *To compromise, to make a compromise, to put to arbitration, to consent to a reference.*
Compromettre, *v. a.* *To expose or bring into question.* Se compromettre avec des coquins, *to engage in a quarrel with a company of a rogues.*
Compromis, *f. m.* *Compromiss.* Mettre une affaire en compromis, *to put to arbitration, to consent to a reference, to refer a difference (by mutual consent) to the judgment of*

COM

an empire. * Mettre en compromis, (commettre, exposer,) to expose or hazard, to bring into question.
Comptable, adj. & f. Accountable or one who is accountable.
Comptant, adj. & m. Argent comptant. Ready or ready money, money in hand.
Compte, f. m. (calcul.) Account, reckoning, supputation. * Compte rond, even money. Vous m'en rendrez compte, you shall be accountable to me for it. * Je ne trouve pas mon compte en cette somme, I find something wanting in this sum. * Faire son compte ou trouver son compte dans quelque chose, to find one's account in a thing, to get by a thing. Il n'y a pas trouvé son compte, he did not find his account in it or what he expected, he was disappointed. * Il se trouve fort loin de son compte, he is much out in his reckoning, he is much disappointed, the thing did not answer his expectation. * Il en a pour son compte, he has enough on't. * Faites votre compte qu'il ne viendra pas, assure yourself that he will not come. * J'avois fait mon compte de partir demain, I made account or I reckoned to be gone to-morrow. Une chose qui est à bon compte, a cheap thing. * Faites toujours cela à bon compte, do that in the mean while. * Manger à bon compte, to eat freely and without any care. * Je prends cela sur mon compte, I take it upon myself. * Je ne prends rien sur mon compte de tout ce qui se dit de défobligeant, I do not take for myself any thing that is said by way of abuse. * A votre compte, (selon vous,) in your judgment or opinion. * A ce compte, (ainsi,) so, if it be so. * Compte, (estime,) account, esteem, value. * Au bout du compte, (après tout, tout considéré,) at the foot of the
 Tome 4

CON

reckoning, in the conclusion, after all.
Compter, v. a. (calculer.) To count, to reckon, to tell. * Compter, (se proposer,) to design, purpose, account, reckon. * Compter pour, (réputer, estimer.) Ex. Il compte pour rien tous les services qu'on lui rend, he looks upon all the services that are done him as nothing. Compter sur, (faire fond sur,) to depend, to rely upon.
Comptoir, f. m. (bureau des Négocians.) Counting-house.
Compulser, v. a. (terme de Palais.) To compel a register, Notary or Clerk to shew or deliver up a writing.
Compulsoire, f. m. A warrant enjoining a register, Notary or Clerk, to exhibit the papers a suitor has need of.
Comput, f. m. Computation.
Computiste, f. m. Computist.
Comte, subst. m. An Earl or Count. Les Anglois ne donnent le nom d'Earl qu'aux Comtes de leur nation, & appellent Count tous les Comtes étrangers.
Comté, subst. m. Earldom, County.
Comtesse, f. f. A Countess.
Concassé, ée, adj. Pounded, bruised, broken small.
Concasser, v. a. To break or bruise small, to pound.
Concave, adj. Concave, hollow.
Concave, f. m. (concavité.) Concave, concavity, hollowness.
Concavité, f. f. Concavity, hollowness.
Concédé, ée, adj. Granted.
Concéder, v. a. To grant.
Concentré, ée, adj. Concentrated, meeting in one center.
Concentrer, v. a. To concentrate, to drive to the center.
Se concentrer, verb. réc. To center, to meet in one center.
Concentrique, adj. Concentric, having one common center.
Conception, f. f. (action de concevoir.) Conception or breeding. * (Pensée,) con-

CON 113

ception, thought, notion. * (Compréhension,) apprehension, judgment, understanding.
Concernant, prép. Concerning, touching.
Concerner, v. a. To concern, to regard or belong to.
Concert, f. m. Consort, harmony. * (Assemblée de Musiciens,) a consort or Musick meeting. * (Intelligence, accord,) consent, agreement, union, good understanding. Faire une chose de concert, agir de concert, to do a thing by consent, to act unanimously. * Le concert des oiseaux, the chirping or melody of birds.
Concerté, ée, adj. Concerted, contrived, &c. V. the verb.
*** Concerté, (composé, affecté,) affected, composed, studied, flattered.**
Concertier, v. a. (répéter une piece de Musique.) To try or repeat a tune. * (Faire un concert,) to keep or make a consort of Musick.
*** Concertier une affaire, un dessein, to concert or contrive a business, to lay one's designs, to bring to pass. Il concerte mal ses desseins, he does not lay his designs deep enough.**
Concession, f. f. (from conceffion.) Concession, grant.
Concevable, adj. Conceivable, to be conceived, imagined or understood.
Concevoir, v. a. (en parlant de la femelle.) To conceive with child, to breed. * (Comprendre,) to conceive, imagine, apprehend, comprehend or understand, to frame an idea. * Concevoir de la haine contre quelqu'un, to take or entertain an aversion for one. * Concevoir, (exprimer en certains termes,) to word or set down in writing, to express.
+ Conche, subst. f. The state one is in with respect to apparel.
Concierger, f. m. & f. A keeper.
Conciergerie, f. f. A keeper's place; a keeper's lodgings.

114 CON

(La prison d'un Parle-
 ment,) a jail.
 Concile, *f. m.* Council, a ge-
 neral assembly of Divines.
 Conciliabule, *f. m.* A Conven-
 ticle, an unlawful assembly
 of Divines.
 Conciliateur, *f. m.* Concilia-
 trice, *f. f.* (qui concilie.)
 A reconciler, conciliator.
 Conciliation, *f. f.* Conciliation
 or reconciling, agreement.
 Concilié, *éc, adj.* Concilia-
 ted, reconciled.
 Concilier, *v. a.* To conciliate,
 reconcile or accord, to make
 to agree.
 Se concilier, *v. r.* To concilia-
 te, win, procure or gain fa-
 vour, to get one's good-will.
 Concis, *ise, adj.* Concise,
 short, laconick, succinct,
 brief.
 Concitoyen, *enne, f. m. &*
*f. A fellow-citizen or coun-
 try-man.*
 Conclave, *f. m.* Conclave.
 Conclaviste, *f. m.* A concla-
 vist.
 Conclu, *ue, adj.* Concluded,
 &c. *V.* the verb.
 Concluant, *ante, adj.* Conclu-
 sive, concluding, convincing.
 Conclure, *v. a.* (achever.)
 To conclude, finish, end,
 to close. (Réfoudre,) to
 conclude, to resolve upon,
 to determine. On conclut à
 la guerre, they concluded
 or resolved upon the war.
 Conclure, (inferer,) to
 conclude, infer, gather or
 draw a consequence.
 Conclure, *v. n.* Ex. Un ar-
 gument qui conclut bien, a
 convincing argument. Con-
 clure criminellement con-
 tre quelqu'un, to bring one
 in guilty, to find one guilty.
 Conclusion, *f. f.* (fin.) Con-
 clusion, end, close, issue.
 (Conséquence,) conclu-
 sion, consequence, inference.
 Conclusions, (terme de
 Pratique,) demands. Con-
 clusions des Gens du Roi,
 the opinion of the King's
 Council and Attorney-Ge-
 neral.
 Conclusion, *adv.* (enfin,
 brief.) In conclusion, in
 short.

CON

Concoction, *f. f.* Concoction,
 digestion.
 Concombre, *f. m.* Cucumber.
 Concomitance, *f. f.* Concomi-
 tancy or going along with.
 Concomitant, *ante, adj.* Con-
 comitant, concurrent, going
 along with.
 Concordance, *subst. f.* Con-
 cordance, agreement, rela-
 tion. Concordance de la
 Bible, a Concordance of the
 Bible.
 Concordat, *f. m.* Concordate,
 agreement.
 Concorde, *subst. f.* Concord,
 union, good understanding.
 Mettre la concorde entre
 des ennemis, to reconcile
 enemies, to make them
 friends.
 Concourir, *v. n.* To concur
 or conspire, to help. Ces
 deux poèmes concourent
 pour le prix, these two
 poems stand in competition
 for the price.
 Concours, *f. m.* (action de
 concourir, aide.) Concur-
 rence, help. (Foule, af-
 fluence de gens,) concurrence,
 resort. Un concours de ha-
 sards qui paroissent un
 peu prémédités, a concu-
 rence of accidents which ap-
 peared somewhat premedita-
 ted.
 Conçu, *ue, adj.* Conceived,
 &c. *V.* Concevoir.
 Concubinage, *f. m.* Concubi-
 nage, fornication.
 Concubinaire, *f. m.* One that
 keeps a concubine.
 Concubine, *f. f.* A concu-
 bine, a mistress.
 Concupiscence, *f. f.* Concu-
 piscence, lust.
 Concupiscible, *adj.* Ex. L'ap-
 pêt concupiscible, the concu-
 piscible faculty or ap-
 petite.
 Concurrentment, *adv.* In com-
 petition; jointly, toge-
 ther, hand in hand.
 Concurrence, *f. f.* (from con-
 courir.) Competition. Je te
 donnerai jusqu'à la concu-
 rence de mille écus, I shall
 give thee so much as comes
 to a thousand crowns.
 Concurrent, *f. m.* Concurrent,
 competitor, rival.

CON

Concussion, *f. f.* Concussion;
 extortion.
 Concussionnaire, *f. m.* A con-
 cussionary, an extortioner.
 Condannable, *adj.* Guilty. (Blâmable,) blamable, to
 blame.
 Condamnation, *f. f.* Con-
 demnation. Je passe con-
 damnation, I confess I am
 in the wrong.
 Condamné, *éc, adj.* Cast, &c.
 Condamner, *v. a.* (donner
 un jugement contre quel-
 qu'un.) To cast one at law.
 Condamner quelqu'un à
 la mort, to condemn one
 to die, to sentence him to
 death. Condamner, (blâ-
 mer,) to condemn, to bla-
 me, to disapprove. Con-
 damner par contumace, to
 outlaw. Condamner à
 une amende, to fine. Con-
 damner une porte ou une
 fenêtre, to shut up a door
 or window, to nail it fast.
 Condensation, *f. f.* Conden-
 sation, making thick.
 Condensé, *éc, adj.* Conden-
 sed, condensed, thicke-
 ned.
 Condenser, *verb. a.* To con-
 densate, to condense, to
 thicken.
 Condescendance, *f. f.* Con-
 descendency, condescension,
 complaisance or compliance.
 Condescendant, *ante, adj.*
 Condescending, complaisant,
 complying.
 Condescendre, *v. n.* To con-
 descend, comply, submit or
 yield. Il nous faut con-
 descendre à leur foiblesse,
 we must bear with their
 weakness.
 Condisciple, *f. m.* Condisci-
 ple, school-fellow.
 Condition, *f. f.* (nature,
 état, qualité.) Condition,
 state, nature, circumstances.
 (Qualité que donne la
 naissance,) quality. (Pro-
 fession, rang,) Condition,
 quality, degree. (Place,)
 place, employment, office.
 (Clause,) condition, ar-
 ticle, clause, proviso. (Avantage que l'on fait à
 quelqu'un dans une affaire,)
 condition; terms. (Offre,)

CON

offer, proffer. ♦ A condition, sous condition, upon condition, conditionally. ♦ A condition que, (pourvu que,) *provided that.*
 Conditionné, ée, adj. marchandise bien conditionnée, a good, marketable, merchantable or sound commodity.
 Conditionnel, elle, adj. Conditional.
 Conditionnellement, adverb. Conditionally, upon condition, with a proviso.
 Condolérance, f. f. Condolence, condoling. Faire un compliment de condolérance à quelqu'un, to console with one.
 ‡ Condouloir, se condouloir, v. r. To condole.
 Conducateur, f. m. Leader or guide. Conducateur de la jeunesse, a governor, a tutor or overseer of youth.
 Conduire, v. a. (mener, guider,) to conduct, lead; guide, bring or carry; to drive. ♦ Conduire des eaux, to convey water. * Conduire un dessein ou une affaire, to manage or carry on a design or a business. ♦ Conduire un bâtiment, to be a surveyor or overseer of a building. ♦ Conduire, (commander, servir de chef,) to lead or command, to have the conduct or command of, to head. ♦ Conduire un jeune homme, to tutor, to bring or train upon youth. ♦ Conduire la conscience de quelqu'un, to direct one's conscience. ♦ Conduire la main d'un homme qui écrit, to guide or hold one's hand. ♦ Conduire (accompagner) quelqu'un, to wait on one, to go along with him. * Il me conduisit de l'œil, he looked, he observed which way I went.
 Se conduire, verb. récip. To carry or behave one's self. ♦ Cet aveugle se conduit fort bien lui-même avec son bâton, that blind man finds his way very well with his stick. Je vous apprendrai à vous-même à conduire,

CON

I shall teach you better manners.
 Conduit, ite, adj. Conducted, &c. according to the verb.
 Conduit, f. m. Conduit; passage or pipe.
 Conduite, f. f. (action de conduire une affaire.) Conduict, manage or management. ♦ (ou Commandement d'une armée,) the conduct or command of an army. ♦ (Pouvoir de gouverner,) care, tuition or government. ♦ (Manière d'agir,) conduct, behaviour, deportment, way. ♦ (Prudence,) conduct, forecast, discretion, wisdom, prudence. ♦ Conduite d'une pièce de théâtre, the acronomy or ordering of a dramatick poem. ♦ Conduite, conduct money paid to the sailors when they are discharged from a ship.
 Cône, f. m. A cone, a geometrical figure.
 † Confabulation, f. f. Confabulation, dialogue.
 † Confabuler, v. neut. To confabulate, to talk together.
 Confession, f. f. Confession, composition. ♦ La confectio du chyle, the making of the chyle.
 Confédération, f. f. Confederacy, confederation, league, alliance.
 Confédéré, ée, adj. Confederated, allied.
 Confédérer, se confédérer, v. r. To confederate, to unite into a confederacy.
 Confédérés, f. m. pl. The confederates or allies.
 Confiéré, ée, adj. Compared, &c. V. Conférer.
 Conférence, f. f. (entretien.) Conference, talking together, a parley. ♦ (Action de comparer,) a conferring or comparing.
 Conférer, v. n. To confer, or confer notes, to discourse or talk together, to communicate.
 Conférer, v. a. (donner.) To confer, collate, give or bestow. ♦ Conférer les gr-

CON 115

dres à quelqu'un, to admit one into orders. ♦ Conférer, (comparer,) to confer or compare.
 Confesse, subst. fém. Confession. Aller à confesse, to go to confess. Venir de confesse, to come from confession.
 Confessé, ée, adj. (avoué.) Confessed, acknowledged.
 Confesser, v. a. (avouer.) To confess, acknowledge, own or allow. ♦ Confesser, (ouir un pénitent en confession,) to confess, or hear one's confession.
 Se confesser, v. r. To confess one's sins; ou seulement, to confess to a Priest.
 Confesseur, f. m. Confessor or father confessor.
 Confession, f. f. Confession, acknowledgment.
 Confessionnal, subst. m. Confessionary or confession-chair.
 Confiance, f. f. Confidence, trust, hope; ♦ confidence, boldness.
 Confiant, ante, adj. (présomptueux.) Sanguine.
 Confidement, adv. In confidence.
 Confidence, f. f. (participation aux secrets d'autrui.) Intimacy. Être dans la confidence de quelqu'un, to be one's confident, to be intimate with him. Dire en confidence, to tell a secret. Faire confidence d'une chose à quelqu'un, to trust a secret with one, to impart it to him. ♦ Confidence d'un bénéfice, the keeping of a benefice for another.
 Confident, ente, f. m. & f. Confident.
 Confidential, f. m. He that keeps a benefice for another.
 Confier, v. a. To trust, to commit to one's hands and charge, to put one in trust with.
 Se confier, v. r. (se fier, s'assurer.) To trust, to put or repose one's trust or confidence in, to confide, to rely or depend upon.
 Configuration, f. f. Configuration.
 Confiné, ée, adj. Confined,

Confiner, *v. n.* To border upon.
 Confiner, *v. a.* To confine, to tie to a certain place.
 Confins, *f. m. pl.* Confines, borders, frontiers, marches.
 Confire, *v. a.* To preserve; ♣ to pickle. ♣ Confire une peau, to dress a skin.
 Confirmatif, *ive, adj.* That confirms, confirming.
 Confirmation, *f. f.* Confirmation, strengthening, making good.
 Confirmé, *ée, adj.* Confirmed, &c.
 Confirmer, *v. a.* To confirm, establish, strengthen, fortify. Cette nouvelle se confirme, that news is confirmed.
 Confiscable, *adj.* Forfeitable, liable to confiscation or forfeiture.
 Confiscation, *f. f.* (adjudication au fisc.) Confiscation, forfeiture; ♣ Forfeiture or forfeited goods.
 Conhseur, *f. m.* (from confire.) A confessor.
 Confisqué, *ée, adj.* Confiscated, forfeited, seized upon. * † Il est confisqué, he is a dead man.
 Conhiquer, *v. act.* To confiscate, to seize upon or take away goods.
 Confit, *ite, adj.* (from confire.) Preserved, seasoned, pickled. * † Confit en dévotion, extreme devout, * † pickled in devotion.
 Confiture, *f. f.* Confit, sweetmeat.
 Confiturier, *f. m.* A confectioner.
 Confituriere, *f. f.* A confectioner.
 Conflit, *f. m.* Conflict, contest, dispute, debate.
 Confluent, *subst. m.* The confluence or meeting of two rivers, the influx or fall of one river into another.
 Confondre, *v. act.* (mêler, brouiller.) To confound, jumble, mix, blend, mingle or huddle together, to perplex. ♣ Confondre, (convaincre, embarrasser,) to confound, confuse or puzzle. ♣ Confondre, (troubler,

couvrir de honte,) to confound, to abash, or put out of countenance, to dismay, or make ashamed.
 Confondu, *ue, adj.* Confounded, &c. *V. the verb.*
 Conformation, *f. f.* Conformation, disposition.
 Conforme, *adj.* Conform, conformable, agreeable, like, congruous, consentaneous.
 Conformément, *adv.* Conformably, according, pursuant.
 Conformer, *v. a.* To conform, suit, frame, square, or fashion, to make like.
 Se conformer, *v. r.* se conformer à, to conform one's self, to comply with.
 Conformité, *f. f.* (rapport.) Conformity, agreeableness, conformableness, resemblance, likeness. ♣ (Ou soumission,) submission to, or compliance with.
 † Confort, *f. m.* Comfort, aid, assistance.
 Confortatif, *ive, adj.* Strengthening, comfortable.
 Conforté, *ée, adj.* Comforted, &c.
 Conforter, *v. a.* To comfort, strengthen, corroborate; ♣ to encourage.
 Confraternité, *f. f.* Fraternity, society.
 Confrere, *f. m.* A brother, ♣ fellow.
 Confrérie, *f. f.* Brotherhood, fraternity.
 Confrontation, *f. f.* A confronting of witnesses; ♣ a comparing, conferring or collation of two writings.
 Confronté, *ée, adj.* Confronted, compared.
 Confronter, *v. a.* (des témoins à l'accusé.) To confront witnesses, to bring 'em face to face with the prisoner, ♣ — (comparer,) to confront, compare or confer.
 Confus, *use, adj.* (mêlé, confondu.) Confounded, confused, &c. *V.* Confondre. ♣ Confus, (couvert de honte,) confounded, ashamed, out of countenance, abashed. ♣ (Embrouillé,) perplexed, confused, dark.

Un bruit confus, a confused noise.
 Confusément, *adv.* Confusedly, without order, mangle-mangle, higgledy-piggledy, in a jumble.
 Confusion, *f. f.* (mélange confus.) Confusion, disorder, a mangle-mangle, a mixture, a jumble or mish-mash. * (Désordre,) confusion, trouble, hurly-burly, disorder. * (Honte,) confusion, shame, disorder, blushing. * (Grande quantité,) deal, store, abundance. ♣ Vous me donnez de la confusion, you make me ashamed, or you make me blush.
 Congé, *f. m.* (permission de faire quelque chose.) Leave, permission, licence. ♣ Congé d'un soldat, a discharge; ♣ a furlough. ♣ (De bâtiment marchand,) pass or pass port. ♣ (Exemption d'aller à l'école,) play-day, holy-day. ♣ Prendre congé de quelqu'un, to take one's leave of one, to bid him farewell. ♣ Donner congé à un domestique, to send away or dismiss a servant, to turn him out. Donner congé à un locataire, to give a lodger warning to remove.
 Congédié, *ée, adj.* Dismissed, discharged, sent away, disbanded.
 Congédier, *v. a.* (renvoyer,) To dismiss, discharge, send away. ♣ Congédier des troupes, to disband soldiers. ♣ Congédier quelqu'un, (lui dire de ne plus venir chez soi,) to forewarn one the house.
 Congélation, *f. f.* Congealing or congelation.
 Congelé, *ée, adj.* Congealed, frozen.
 Congeler, *v. a.* To congeal, or freeze.
 Se congeler, *v. r.* To congeal, to be frozen.
 Congestion, *f. f.* Congestion or gathering.
 Conglobation, *sub. fém.* Conglobation, a rhetorical figure.
 Conglutination, *f. f.* Conglutination.

CON

Conglutiné, ée, *adj.* *Conglutinated, glued.*
Conglutiner, *v. a.* *To conglutinate or glue.*
Congratulation, *f. f.* *Congratulation, wishing joy or rejoicing with another.*
Congrâtuler, *v. a.* *To congratulate or wish joy.*
Congre, *f. m.* *Conger, a sort of fish.*
Congréer, *v. a.* (ou peigner) *un cordage.* *To worm a stay, a cable, &c.*
Congrégation, *f. f.* *Congregation, society.*
Congrès, *f. m.* *Congress.*
Congru, *ue*, *adj.* *Competent, sufficient, apt, fit, congruous.* *Distinction congrue, an exact, regular, proper or congruous speech.*
Congrûment, *adverb.* *Congruously, exactly, properly, regularly.*
Conjectural, *ale*, *adj.* *Conjectural, guessing.*
Conjecturalement, *adv.* *By guess or conjecture, conjecturally.*
Conjecture, *f. f.* *Conjecture, guess, probable opinion, supposition.*
Conjecturé, ée, *adj.* *Conjectured, guessed, supposed.*
Conjecturer, *v. a.* *To conjecture, guess or suppose.*
Conjoindre, *v. a.* *To conjoin, to join together.*
Conjoint, *inte*, *adj.* *Conjoined, joined together.*
Conjointement, *adv.* *Jointly, together.*
Conjonctif, *ive*, *adj.* *Conjunctive, a term of grammar.*
Conjonction, *f. f.* *Conjunction.*
Conjoncture, *f. f.* *Juncture, conjuncture, circumstances of affairs.*
† Conjouir, se conjouir, *v. r.* *To rejoice with one, to wish one joy, to congratulate one.*
Conjouissance, *f. f.* *Ex. Compliments de conjouissance, a wishing joy, a congratulation. Lettre de conjouissance, a congratulatory letter.*
Conique, *adj.* (from cône.) *Conical.*

CON

Conjugaison, *f. f.* *Conjugation.*
Conjugal, *ale*, *adj.* *Conjugal, cognubial.*
Conjugalement, *adv.* *Conjugal, in a conjugal manner, like man and wife.*
Conjugué, ée, *adj.* *Conjugated.*
Conjuguer, *v. a.* *To conjugate.*
Conjurateur, *f. m.* *A conspirator, a plotter.*
Conjuration, *f. f.* *Conjurat-ion, plot or conspiracy.* *† (Charme,) conjuration, charm.* *† (Exorcisme,) exorcism, conjuration.* *† (Instances,) prayer, earnest prayer, desire or intreaty.*
Conjurer, *v. n. & a.* (conspirer.) *To conjure, plot or conspire.* *† (Prier instamment,) to conjure, to earnestly intreat or desire.* *† (Exorciser, chasser le démon,) to conjure, exorcise, cast out or lay spirits.*
Connétable, *f. m.* *The Constable or high Constable of France.*
Connétable, *f. f.* *Ex. Madame la Connétable, the high Constable's wife.*
Connétablie, *f. f.* *The high Constable's jurisdiction.*
Connexe, *adj.* *Connexed, joined, tied, linked together, relating.*
Connexion ou Connexité, *f. f.* *Connexion.*
† Connil, *f. m.* *Conny, rabbit.*
† Conniller, *v. n.* *To shift, to use shifts, to dodge.*
Connivence, *f. f.* *Connivence, or winking at.*
Conniver, *v. n.* *† To connive, to wink at, to take no notice of.*
Connoissable, *adj.* *That may be known. Il n'est pas connoissable, he is quite an other man.*
Connoissance, *f. fém.* *Knowledge, intelligence, skill.* *† Prendre connoissance d'une chose, to take notice of a thing.* *† Prendre connoissance des actions de quelqu'un, to have an eye upon one's actions, to examine them.* *† Prendre connois-*

CON 117

sance d'un procès, to hear a cause in order to determine it.
Connoissance d'une cause, *the trial or hearing of a cause.* *† Connoissance, (habitude,) acquaintance.* *† (Usage des facultés de l'ame,) senses, wit, judgment.* *Les connoissances, les belles connoissances, (les sciences,) knowledge, learning.* *† Juger des choses par les propres connoissances, to judge of things by one's own lights.* *† Ce jour-là, nous eûmes connoissance du Cap-vert, that day we discovered the Cap-vert.*
Connoissant, *ante*, *adj.* *Knowing, understanding.*
Connoissement, *f. m.* *A bill of lading.*
Connoisseur, *f. m.* *A judge, a skilful or knowing man, an understander.*
Connoisseuse, *substant. fém.* *A judge, an understander, a skilful or knowing woman.*
Connoître, *v. a.* *To know or understand. Se faire connoître, to make one's self known. Sans se faire connoître, unknown or incognito.* *† Faire connoître, (montrer, prouver,) to shew, argue, prove, or make it appear. Je connois (je vois) fort bien que cette toile n'est pas blanche, I see very well that this cloth is not white.* *† Connoître d'une affaire, to take cognisance or be judge of a thing.* *† Il a des subtilités où l'on ne connoît rien, he has such cunning fetches as are impenetrable. Se connoître à quelque chose, (en savoir juger,) to have skill in something, to understand it. Se connoître au goût des bonnes viandes, to have a good palate for the tasting of meat.*
Connu, *ue*, *adj.* *Known, understood, &c.*
Conque, *f. f.* *A conch, or great shell, or sea shell.* *† Les Tritons enfiloient leurs conques marines, the Tri-*

tons *blowed their trumpets or marine trumpets.*

Conquérant, *f. m.* A conqueror, a subduer.

Conquérir, *v. a.* To conquer, subdue or bring under, to gain or get. *Il conquit la Normandie sur les Anglois, he took, he recovered Normandy from the English.*

Conquêt, *f. m.* (terme de Pratique.) A purchase made during the community between the husband and the wife.

Conquête, *f. f.* Conquest.

† Conquêter. *V.* Conquérir.

Consecrant, *adj. m.* Consecrating.

Consecré, *ée, adj.* Consecrated, &c. according to the verb. * Mots consacrés, words consecrated to some particular use.

Consacrer, *v. a.* (dédier, dévouer à Dieu,) To consecrate or hallow, to dedicate or devote to God or divine use. * (Sacrifier, dévouer,) to sacrifice, dedicate or devote, to bestow. * Consacrer un mot, to determinate a word to a proper and particular signification. * Nous eussions consacré votre mémoire à la postérité, we had immortalized your name or rendered your name and memory immortal.

Consanguin, *f. m.* Half-brother by the father's side.

Consanguinité, *f. f.* Consanguinity, kindred by blood.

Conscience, *f. f.* Conscience. *¶ Faire conscience, to make conscience or scruple of a thing, to scruple it. En conscience, in conscience, indeed.*

Consciencieusement, *adverb.* Conscientiously, with a good conscience.

Consciencieux, *euse, adj.* Conscientious, conscionable, that has a good conscience.

Consecrateur, *f. m.* Consecrator.

Consecration, *f. f.* Consecration.

Consécutif, *ive, adj.* One after another, consecutive.

Consécutivement, *adv.* One after another.

Conseil, *f. m.* (avis.) Counsel or advice. *¶ (Résolution,) counsel, resolution, course. ¶ Le Conseil d'un plaideur, (son Avocat,) a man's council at law. ¶ Conseil, (assemblée réglée,) council or counsel. ¶ Conseil de guerre, Court-martial.*

Conseillé, *ée, adj.* Advised.

Conseiller, *v. a.* To advise or give advice, to counsel.

Conseiller, *ere, f.* A counselor or adviser; *¶ a judge. ¶ Conseiller du Roi dans son conseil privé, one of his Majesty's most honourable privy council.*

Consentant, *ante, adj.* Consenting, willing. Je suis consentant de tout, I agree to it in all points.

Consentement, *f. m.* Consent, approbation, assent. *¶ (Accord,) consent, accord, agreement. D'un commun consentement, with one accord, unanimously.*

Consentir, *v. n.* To consent, yield, be willing, approve, agree or allow of. *¶ (En parlant des mûres,) to spring or break.*

Conséquemment, *adv.* Consequently.

Conséquence, *f. f.* Consequence, inference. Cela tiendrait à conséquence, that would make a precedent of it.

Conséquent, *ente, adj.* Consequent, in Logic.

Par conséquent, *adv.* Consequently, therefore, by consequence.

Conservateur, *f. m.* Conservator, defender, preserver, maintainer, protector, keeper, saviour.

Conservation, *f. f.* Conservation, preservation, keeping, maintaining.

Conservatrice, *f. f.* Conservatrix, defender's, preserver.

Conserve, *f. f.* (espèce de confiture.) Conserve. *¶ Conserve, (lunettes,) preservers, a glass to preserve the sight. ¶ Aller de conserve, (terme de mer,)*

to keep company together. Conserve, *ée, adj.* Conserve, preserved, kept, defended, maintained.

Conserver, *v. a.* To conserve, preserve, keep, defend or maintain.

Se conserver, *v. r.* To keep; *¶ to take care of one's self, to mind one's health.*

Considérable, *adj.* Considerable, remarkable, notable, noted, of note.

Considérablement, *adv.* Considerably, very much, notably.

Considérant, *ante, adj.* Considering, that considers or regards.

Considération, *f. f.* Consideration, viewing, &c. *¶ (Réflexion,) consideration, reflection, thoughts, meditation. ¶ (Circumspection,) consideration, circumspection, consideration, prudence, discretion. * — (Estime, égard, respect,) consideration, esteem, regard, respect. * — (Réputation, qualité, valeur,) note, merit, worth, account. * — (Conséquence, importance,) consequence, importance, moment, weight. * — (Raison, égard,) consideration, account, sake, reason, moving, motive.*

Considéré, *ée, adj.* Locked upon, &c. according to the verb. *¶ Il est le plus considéré de la Cour, he is the chief man at court.*

Considérer, *v. a.* (regarder attentivement.) To view, behold, look or gaze upon. * — (Examiner avec réflexion,) to consider or take into consideration, to mind, to think of, to meditate upon. * — (Estimer,) to esteem, value, respect or regard, to have an esteem, respect, or value for. * — (Avoir égard,) to consider, to regard.

Consignataire, *f. m.* (dépositaire.) Trustee.

Consignation, *f. f.* Deposition; *¶ a thing deposited, a trust.*

Consigné, *ée, adj.* Deposited, &c.

CON

Configner, v. a. *To deposit, or consign, to leave or intrust a thing to be kept.*
Consistance, f. f. (solidité.) *Consistence or thickness.* * (Etat permanent,) *continuance, firmness, stability, steadiness, settled condition, steadiness.* ♣ *Savez-vous quelle fut la consistance de la monarchie sous François I? do you know how the monarchy stood under Francis I?* ♣
Age de consistance, constant age.
Consistant, ante, adj. *Consisting.*
Consister, v. n. *To consist, to lie or be made up.*
Consistoire, f. m. *Consistory, an assembly of Churchmen.*
Consistorial, ale, adj. *Consistorial.*
Consistorialement, adv. *In a consistory.*
Consolable, adj. *To be comforted, that may be comforted, capable of consolator or comfort.*
Consolant, ante, adj. *Comfortable, that comforts.*
Consolateur, f. m. *Comforter.*
Consolation, f. f. *Comfort, consolation.*
† Consolatoire, adj. *Consolatory, comforting.*
Consolatrice, f. f. *Comforter.*
Console, f. f. *A corbel, console or shouldering piece, in masonry; ♣ a bracket, in timber-work.*
Consolé, ée, adj. *Comforted, that has received comfort, consoled.* ♣ *J'en suis tout consolé, it troubles, it afflicts me no more, I don't matter it.* ♣ *Quelque déplaisir que je pusse avoir, j'en serois bientôt consolé, whatever disgrace I should fall into, I should not value it.*
Consoler, v. a. *To comfort, to give comfort, to ease one's grief.* Qui ne se peut consoler, *uncomfortable, incapable of comfort.* Il se console aisément de la mort de sa femme, *he is not much troubled for the death of his wife, her death does not stick much to his heart.*

CON

Consolidation, f. f. *Consolidation.*
Consolidé, ée, adj. *Consolidated, &c. V. the verb.*
Consolider, v. a. (réunir, en parlant d'une plaie.) *To consolidate, heal or close up.* * (Réunir l'usufruit à la propriété,) *to consolidate or unite the possession or profit with the property.*
† Consummateur, f. m. *Finisher.*
Consummation, f. f. *Consummation, accomplishing, perfection.* ♣ *La consummation des siècles, the end of the world.* ♣ *Consummation de denrées, consumption or wasting of commodities.* ♣ *The expenditure of the stores of a ship.*
Consummé, ée, adj. (achevé.) *Consummated, consummate, perfected, accomplished.* ♣ (Parfait,) *accomplished, perfect, absolute, complete.* ♣ *Consummé dans les sciences, (fort savant,) an absolute scholar.*
Consummé, f. m. *Jelly-broth.*
Consummer, v. a. *To consummate, to make up or finish, to accomplish or complete, to make an end of.* ♣ *Consummer des denrées, to consume commodities.*
Consumption, f. f. (action de consumer.) *Consumption, wasting.* ♣ (Phthisie,) *consumption.*
Consonance, subst. f. *Consonance, harmony.* ♣ (Rime,) *consonance, rhyme.*
Consonnante, adj. Ex. *Lettre consonnante, a consonant.*
Consonne, adj. fém. Ex. *Lettre consonne ou consonne, f. f. A consonant.*
Consort, f. m. *A consort, partner, associate.*
Consoûde, f. f. *Consfrey or consound, a plant.*
Conspireur, f. m. *Plotter, conspirator.*
Conspiration, f. f. *Plot, conspiracy, combination.*
Conspirer, v. n. & a. *To plot, conspire or complot.*
Constamment, adv. *Constant-*

CON

119

ly, with constancy, firmly, steadfastly, stoutly, resolutely, with resolution. ♣ (Certainement,) *certainly.*
Constance, f. f. (résolution.) *Constancy, firmness, stoutness, resolution.* ♣ (Persévérance,) *constancy, steadfastness, steadiness, perseverance.*
Constant, ante, adj. (résolu.) *Constant, firm, resolute.* ♣ (Persévérant,) *constant, steadfast, persevering or continuing in his purpose, steady.* ♣ *Constant, (qui demeure en même état,) constant, lasting.* ♣ *Constant, (assuré,) sure, certain.*
Constellation, f. f. *Constellation.*
Constiter, v. n. *To be certain or plain.*
Consternation, f. f. *Consternation, amazement.*
Consterné, ée, adj. *Affrighted, under a consternation, &c.*
Consterner, v. a. *To astonish, dismay, affright, dash or discourage, to put under a consternation.*
Constipé, ée, adj. *Bound, costive, constipated.*
Constiper, v. act. *To bind or make costive, to constipate.* Les nœles constipent, *medlars are binding.*
Constituant, ante, subst. *He that appoints another in his room.*
Constitué, ée, adj. *Constituted, appointed, made, set, established.* ♣ *Rente constituée, an annuity, rent upon marriage, a rent raised upon (or procured by) money.* ♣ *Etre bien constitué, avoir le corps bien constitué, to be of a good constitution.*
Constituer, v. a. (mettre, établir.) *To constitute, appoint, assign, establish or make.* ♣ *Constituer en dignité, to raise or prefer to honours.* ♣ *Constituer (faire consister,) to put or make to consist.* ♣ (Composer un tout,) *to make up.* ♣ *Constituer quelqu'un pui-*

sonnier, *to make one a prisoner, to commit him to prison.* ♦ Constituer en frais, *to put to charges.* ♦ Constituer une rente sur quelque bien, *to settle a rent upon an estate.*

Constitution, *f. f.* (composition.) *Composition, making up.* ♦ Constitution (établissement) d'une rente, *the selling of an annuity, the mortgaging of an estate.* Mettre son argent en constitution de rente, *to buy an annuity.* ♦ Constitution, (loi, règlement,) *institution, constitution, ordinance, decret, law, statute.* ♦ (Tempérament,) *constitution, temper, state or complexion of the body.* ♦ (Ordre,) *order.*

Constructeur, *f. m.* Shipwright.

Construction, *f. f.* (action ou manière de bâtir.) *Construction, building, framing.* ♦ — (terme de Grammaire,) *construction, in Grammar.* ♦ — (en parlant des vaisseaux,) *ship-building.*

Construire, *v. a.* (bâtir.) *To build or make.* ♦ (Arranger les mots,) *to construe words.* * Construire un poème, *to frame a poem, to order its divers parts.*

Construit, *ite, adj.* Built, made, &c. *V. the verb.*

Consubstantialité, *f. f.* Consubstantiality.

Consubstantiel, *elle, adject.* Consubstantial, *of the same substance.*

Consubstantiellement, *adv.* Consubstantially.

Consul, *f. m.* A consul.

Consulaire, *adj.* Consular, *belonging to a consul.* Dignité consulaire, *consular dignity.* Un homme consulaire, *a consular, one that has been a Consul.* Famille consulaire, *a Consul's family.*

Consulièrement, *adv.* Consularly.

Consulaires, *f. m. pl.* Former consuls.

Consulat, *f. m.* Consulship.

Consultant, *adject. m.* Es.

Avocat consultant, *a chamber-counsel or chamber-counselor.*

Consultation, *f. f.* Consultation, deliberation.

Consulté, *ée, adj.* Consulted, &c. *V. the verb.*

Consulter, *v. a.* To consult, to advise with or take advice of.

Consulter sur quelque chose, *v. n.* To consult or deliberate upon a thing, to debate it.

Consumant, *ante, adj.* Consuming.

Consumé, *ée, adject.* Consumed, &c. according to the verb.

Consumer, *v. a.* To consume, destroy, waste.

Se consumer, *v. r.* To consume, waste or waste away.

Contact, *f. m.* (atouchement.) Contact.

Contagieux, *euse, adj.* Contagious, infectious, catching.

Contagion, *f. f.* Contagion, infection. ♦ (La peste,) *the plague or sickness.* * Contagion des mœurs, *a corruption of manners.*

† Contamination, *f. f.* Contamination, pollution.

Contaminé, *ée, adj.* Contaminated, defiled.

‡ Contaminer, *v. a.* To contaminate, to pollute or defile.

Conte, *f. m.* (récit.) Account, story, relation. ♦ (Fable,) *a tale, story or fable.* ♦ (Discours impertinent,) *a whim, an idle story, a sham or sham.*

Contemplateur, *f. m.* Contemplator.

Contemplatif, *ive, adj.* & *f.* Contemplative, given to contemplation.

Contemplation, *f. f.* Contemplation, speculation, study, meditation. ♦ En contemplation, (terme de contrat,) *in consideration, upon the account.*

Contemplé, *ée, adj.* Contemplated, beheld.

Contempler, *v. a.* To contemplate, to gaze, muse or meditate upon.

Contemporain, *aïne, adj.* & *f.* Contemporary or contemporaneous, contemporaneous, that lives at the same time.

Contemneur, *f. m.* A contemner or despiser.

Contemptible, *adj.* Contemptible, despicable, base, to be slighted, scorned or contemned.

Contenance, *f. fem.* Countenance, posture. * Bonne contenance d'une armée, *the good order and disposition of an army.* ♦ La contenance (ou capacité) d'un vaisseau, *the capacity, capacity, content or largeness of a vessel.* ♦ La contenance d'une pièce de terre, *the extent of a piece of ground.*

Contendant, *f. m.* Contendant, *f. f.* The party contending, a concurrent, a competitor, a rival.

Contenir, *v. act.* (renfermer.) To contain, hold, comprehend or comprise. * (Retenir, arrêter,) *to contain or keep in, to refrain or keep back, to keep within bounds, to bridle or rule.*

Se contenir, *v. r.* To forbear or refrain, to contain one's self.

Content, *ente, adj.* (qui est satisfait.) Contented, satisfied, pleased. ♦ (Qui agréé, qui consent,) *contented, content, willing.* Il est content de lui-même ou de sa personne, *he has a great conceit of himself.* Vivre content, *to live contentedly.*

Contenté, *ée, adj.* Contented, &c.

Contentement, *f. m.* Contentment, pleasure, satisfaction, joy, delight, blessing.

Contenter, *v. act.* (rendre content.) To content or give content. ♦ (Plaire,) *to please, satisfy, content or humour.* ♦ (Appaiser,) *to content or pacify.* ♦ (Payer,) *to content, satisfy or pay.*

Se contenter, *v. r.* To be

CON

contented, well pleased or satisfied.
Contentieux, *euse*, *adj.* (qui aime à disputer.) *Contentious, litigious, quarrelsome.* ♦ (*litigieux*) *litigious, contended for.*
Contention, *f. f.* *Contention, debate, strife, dispute, quarrel, brabble*; ♦ *contention, heat, vehemence, eagerness.* ♦ *Contention d'esprit, great attention or earnest application of mind.*
Contenu, *ue*, *adj.* *Contained, &c. according to the verb contenir.*
Contenu, *f. m.* *Ex. Le contenu d'un livre, the contents of a book.*
Conten, *v. a.* (*narrer, faire le récit de.*) *To tell, relate or say.* ♦ *En conter à une femme, to cajole or wheedle a woman, to entertain her with fine amorous expressions or with amorous nonsense.* ♦ *S'en faire conter, to give ear to his flattering addresses, to love to be cajoled.*
Contestable, *adj.* *Disputable, that may be controverted or contended for.*
Contestant, *ante*, *adj.* *Contending, that is at law with another.*
Contestation, *f. f.* *Contest, contestation, debate, controversy, dispute, quarrel.*
Contesté, *ée*, *adj.* *Controverted, contested, contended for.*
Contester, *v. a.* *To contest, contend, dispute or quarrel for, to controvert, to debate.* ♦ *On lui conteste sa noblesse, they call or bring his nobility into question.*
Conteur, *f. m.* (*from Conten.*) *Ex. Un conteur de sornettes, a teller of idle stories. Un conteur de fleurettes, one that cajoles or wheedles women, a general lover.*
Contexture, *subst. f.* *Contexture.*
Contigu, *uë*, *adjec.* *Contiguous, next, adjoining, very near.*

CON

Contiguïté, *f. f.* *Contiguities or contiguity.*
Continence, *f. f.* *Continency or continence.*
Continent, *ente*, *adj.* *Continent.*
Continent, *f. m.* *A continent or firm main land.*
Contingence, *f. f.* *Ex. Selon la contingence des cas, according to the contingency in events; as things shall occur.*
Contingent, *ente*, *adj.* *Contingent, accidental, casual.* ♦ *Portion contingente, share, dividend.*
Contingent, *f. m.* *Share or quota.*
Continu, *ue*, *adj.* *Continual, close; ♦ continual, continued, incessant, without intermission.* ♦ *Basse continue, a thorough base.*
Continu, *f. m.* *A close body.*
Continuateur, *f. m.* *Continuator.*
Continuation, *f. f.* *Continuation; ♦ continuance, lastingness.*
Continue, *f. f.* *Continuance, length of time.* ♦ *A la continue, at length, at the long run, in time.*
Continué, *ée*, *adjec.* *Continued, &c. V. the verb.*
Continuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Continual, constant, without intermission, perpetual.*
Continuellement, *adv.* *Continually, perpetually, ever or ever and anon, always, without intermission, incessantly.*
Continuement, *adv.* *Continually, incessantly.*
Continuer, *v. a.* (*poursuivre.*) *To continue or carry on, to go on with.* ♦ (*Prolonger,*) *to continue or prolong.* ♦ (*Perlévéer,*) *to continue, persevere or go on.*
Continuer, *v. n.* *To continue, to hold on or out, to last.*
Continuité, *f. f.* *Continuity, closeness; ♦ continuance.*
Contorſion, *f. f.* *Contorſion, distortion, a wrestling or pulling away, a wry face. Le démon lui donnoit d'é-*

CON 127

tranges contorſions, he was strangely distorted by the devil.
Contour, *subst. m.* *Compass, circumference.* ♦ *L'oreille a plusieurs contours, the ear has many turnings and windings.* ♦ *Les contours du corps, the contours of a picture or figure.*
Contourner, *v. a.* *To draw the contours of a picture or figure.*
Contractant, *ante*, *adj.* *Contractor, contracting.* *Les parties contractantes, the covenanters.*
Contracté, *ée*, *adj.* *Contracted, &c. V. the verb.*
Contracter, *v. n.* *To contract, covenant or bargain, to make a contract, covenant or bargain, to article.*
Contracter, *v. a.* *To contract.* ♦ *Contracter des dettes, to run into debt, to contract debts.* * *Contracter alliance avec quelqu'un, to strike, to make an alliance with one.* * *Contracter (gagner) une maladie, to contract, get or catch a disease.*
Contraction, *f. f.* *Contraction.*
Contractuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Stipulated, agreed upon.*
Contradictéur, *f. f.* *Opposer.*
Contradiction, *f. f.* *Contradiction, gainsaying.* ♦ (*Opposition,*) *opposition, let, obstacle.*
Contradictoire, *adj.* *Contradictory, that implies contradictions.* ♦ *Jugement contradictoire, a peremptory decree or judgment.*
Contradictoirement, *adverb.* *Contradictorily; ♦ peremptorily.*
Contraignable, *adj.* *That may be constrained or compelled, compellable.*
Contraindre, *v. a.* *To constrain, force, compel or oblige by force.* ♦ *Contraindre, (gêner,) to put a constraint upon, to put one out of one's bias, to make uneasy.* ♦ *La rime contraint un Poète, rhyme restrains a Poet.* ♦ *Contraindre,*

(presser,) to squeeze or wring.

Contraint, ainte, *adj.* Constrained, forced, compelled.

✦ Contraint, (géné, qui n'est pas naturel,) forced, not free, uneasy. ✦ Contraint, (fermé,) narrow.

Contrainte, *f. f.* Constraint, force, compulsion, violence.

* Faire les choses sans contrainte, to do things freely or with a great deal of freedom. ✦ Contrainte par corps, a writ, order or a warrant to seize upon the person.

Contraire, *adj.* (opposé.) Contrary, opposite, repugnant. ✦ Contraire (nuisible) à la santé, bad for one's health. ✦ Fortune contraire, cross or adverse fortune.

Contraire, *subst. masc.* Contrary.

Au contraire, *adv.* On the contrary, contrarily, quite contrary. ✦ Aller au contraire d'une chose, to go or speak against a thing, to contradict or gainsay it.

Contrariant, *ante, adj.* Apt to contradict, of a contradicting temper.

Contrariété, *ée, adj.* Contradicted, &c.

Contrarier, *v. a.* To contradict or gainsay; ✦ to run counter to, to oppose, thwart or cross.

Contrariété, *subst. f.* Contrariety, opposition, disagreement; ✦ contradiction. ✦

Contrariétés, (obstacles,) difficulties, crosses or obstacles.

Contraste, *f. m.* Contrast.

Contraster, *v. a.* To contrast, to make a contrast.

Contrat, *subst. m.* (pañte.) Contract, deed, instrument, articles.

Contravention, *f. f.* Contravention, trespass.

Contre, *prép.* Against, contrary to. ✦ Pour & contre, pro and con. ✦ Contre, (proche,) near, by. Tout contre, hard by.

Contre, *f. m. Ex.* Savoir le pour & le contre d'une

affaire, to know or be acquainted with a business thoroughly.

Contre-amiral, *f. m.* Rear-admiral.

Contre-balancé, *ée, adjct.* Counter-balanced, &c.

Contre-balancer, *v. act.* To counter-balance or counter-vail, to counterpoise.

Contrebande, *f. f. Ex.* Marchandises de contrebande, counterband or contrabanded commodities, prohibited goods. Faire la contrebande, to run or to smuggle prohibited goods, to be a smuggler.

Contre-bas, *adv.* Downwards.

Contre-batterie, *f. f.* Counter-battery.

Contrecarré, *ée, adj.* Crossed.

Contrecarrer, *v. a.* To thwart, cross or oppose, to contradict or run counter.

Contre-échange, *f. m.* Counter-change, exchange.

Contre-charme, *f. m.* A counter-charm.

Contre-cœur, *f. m.* (plaque de cheminée.) The heart of a chimney.

Contre-coup, *f. m.* Repercussion, rebound; ✦ counter-blow.

Contre-danse, *f. f.* (sorte de danse.) Country-dance.

Contredire, *v. act.* To contradict, gainsay or speak against; ✦ to confute or answer.

Contredisant, *ante, adj.* Contradicting, gainsaying.

Contredit, *f. m.* Answer, reply. Sans contredit, without controversy, most certainly. ✦ Contredits, objections.

Contrée, *f. f.* Country, region, tract of land.

Contre-espallier, *f. m.* An espallier facing another.

Contre-étrave, *f. f.* Apron in ship-building.

Contrefaire, *v. a.* To counterfeite, to imitate, to mimic, to ape. ✦ (Feindre,) to counterfeite, feign, dissemble or make as if. ✦ (Déguiser,) to counterfeite or disguise.

Se contrefaire, *v. r.* To feign

or dissemble, to disguise one's self.

Contrefait, aite, *adj.* Counterfeited, counterfeit, imitated, falsified. ✦ (Déformé,) deformed, ill-favored.

Contre-fort, *f. m.* A spur.

Contre-fugue, *f. f.* Counter-fugue in musick.

Contre-garde, *f. f.* Counter-guard, a piece of fortification.

Contre-hacher, *v. n.* (terme du Dessin.) To hatch.

Contre-hatier, *f. m.* Rack.

Contre-jour, *f. m.* A false light, counter-light.

Contre-latte, *f. f.* A counter-lath.

Contre-latter, *v. a.* To counter-lath.

Contre-lettre, *f. f.* A despatch.

Contre-maître, *f. m.* Mate, the master's mate in a ship.

Contre-mandé, *ée, adj.* Countermanded.

Contre-mander, *v. a.* To countermand.

Contre-marche, *f. f.* A counter-march.

Contre-marque, *f. f.* A counter-mark.

Contre-marqué, *ée, adjct.* Counter-marked.

Contre-marquer, *v. act.* To counter-mark.

Contre-mine, *f. f.* A counter-mine.

Contre-miné, *ée, adj.* Counter-mined.

Contre-miner, *v. a.* To counter-mine.

Contre-mont, *adv.* (en haut.) Upwards. ✦ (En montant la rivière,) up the river, against the stream.

Contre-mur, *f. m.* A counter-mure.

Contre-murer, *v. a.* To counter-mine.

Contre-ordre, *f. m.* Counter-order, counter-mand.

Contre-partie, *f. f.* First and second part in musick.

Contre-peser, *verb. act.* To counter-poise, to balance or counter-balance, to counter-vail.

Contre-pied, *subst. m.* The reverse.

CON

Contre-poids, *f. f.* Counterpoise, weight. **Contre-poids**, (de danleur de corde,) *a pay or pole.*
Contre-poil, *f. m.* Ex. A contre-poil, against the hair, against the grain; * the wrong way, wrong sense.
Contre-point, *f. m.* Counterpoint in music.
Contre-pointer, *v. a.* (contredire.) To contradict, thwart.
Contre-poison, *f. m.* Counterpoison, antidote.
Contre-quille, *subst. f.* Keelson.
Contre-sanglon, *f. m.* A girth leather.
Contrescarpe, *f. f.* A counter-scarp.
Contre-scel, *f. m.* A counter-seal.
Contre-scellé, *ée, adj.* Counter-sealed.
Contre-sceller, *v. a.* To counter-seal.
Contre-seing, *f. m.* A counter-sign.
Contre-sens, *f. m.* A contrary sense, wrong sense. C'est un contre-sens, 'tis a thing taken in a contrary sense.
A contre-sens, *adv.* The wrong or the contrary way, the clean contrary way.
Contre-signé, *ée, adj.* Counter-signed.
Contre-signer, *v. a.* To counter-sign.
Contre-temps, *f. m.* (accident imprévu contraire au succès d'une affaire.) An unlucky accident, a disappointment, a cross or cross-bite.
A contre-temps, *adv.* Unseasonably, preposterously. Dit ou fait à contre-temps, preposterous, unseasonable.
Contre-tiré, *ée, adj.* Copied, drawn after.
Contre-tirer, *v. a.* To copy a design or picture, to draw it after another.
Contrevallation, *f. f.* Countervallation.
Contrevenant, *f. m.* Contrevenant, *f. f.* Offender.
Contrevénir, *v. n.* To contravene, to infringe, to act contrary.

CON

Contrevent, *f. m.* An outside shutter.
Contre-vérité, *f. f.* Meaning contrary to the words.
Contribuable, *f. m.* Contributory, liable to contribution.
Contribué, *ée, adj.* Contributed.
Contribuer, *v. a. & n.* To contribute or give something with others. **☛** (Payer des contributions,) to pay contribution.
Contribution, *f. f.* Contribution or tax.
Contristé, *ée, adj.* Grieved, sorrowful.
Contrister, *v. a.* To grieve, to vex, to make sorry, to give trouble.
Contrit, *ite, adj.* Contrite, sorrowful, penitent. **†** (Fâché,) troubled, concerned.
Contrition, *f. f.* Contrition, hearty sorrow, trouble of mind.
Contrôle, *f. m.* A book of register; **☛** a comptroller's place or office.
Contrôlé, *ée, adj.* Controlled, examined, &c.
Contrôler, *v. a.* To control, to verify. * Contrôler, (censurer,) to controul, to censure or find fault with, to criticise upon.
Contrôleur, *f. m.* A comptroller, an overseer. * **†** Contrôleur, *euise, f. m. & f.* (qui se mêle de censurer les actions d'autrui,) a faultfinder, a critic.
Controverse, *f. f.* Controversy, debate, dispute.
Controversé, *ée, adj.* Controverted, debated.
Controversiste, *f. m.* Controversist.
Controuvé, *ée, adj.* Forged, invented, feigned, false.
Controuver, *v. a.* To forge, invent, feign or devise.
Contumace, *f. f.* Contumacy. **☛** Condamné par contumace, outlawed.
Contumacer, *v. a.* To non-suit, to outlaw.
Contus, *use, adj.* Bruised, pounded.
Contusion, *f. f.* Bruise, contusion,

CON 127

Convaincant, *ante, adj.* Convictive, convincing, clear, evident, plain.
Convaincre, *v. a.* To convince or convict.
Convaincu, *ue, adj.* Convicted, convinced.
Convalescence, *f. f.* Convalescency or convalescence, a recovery.
Convalescent, *ente, adj.* In a fair way of recovery, on the mending hand. Etre convalescent, to recover or recover health; to be on the mending hand.
Convenable, *adj.* Convenient, proper, suitable, fit, agreeable, pat, seemly, seasonable. **☛** Punition convenable, condign punishment.
Convenablement, *adv.* Conveniently, suitably, to the purpose, agreeably, fitly, in due time and season.
Convenance, *subst. f.* (rapport.) Convenience, conformity, affinity, agreeableness, agreement, suitability, relation. **☛** (Bien-séance,) decency, seemliness. **☛** Raifons de convenance, probable or plausible reasons.
† **Convenant**, *ante, adj.* (conforme.) Convenient, agreeable, suitable.
Convenir, *v. n.* To become; to be proper, suitable or agreeable, to fit, to suit with. **☛** (Demeurer d'accord,) to agree or grant. **☛** (Avoir du rapport,) to agree or be agreeable.
Il convient, *v. imp.* It is fit, requisite, expedient, convenient or meet.
Conventicule, *f. m.* Conventicle, private meeting.
Convention, *f. f.* Covenant, articles agreed on, an agreement, a contract.
Conventuel, *elle, adj.* Conventual.
Conventuellement, *adv.* Conventually.
Convenu, *ue, adj.* Agreed on or upon.
Convers, *erse, adj. & subst.* A lay brother or sister, a drudge in a Monastery or Nunnery.
Conversation, *f. f.* (entretien)

224 CON

familiér.) *Conversation, discourse.*
Converser, *v. n.* To converse, to keep company and be familiar with.
Conversion, *f. f.* (from *convertir*.) *Conversion, change.*
 ♣ **Quart de conversion**, (terme militaire,) a turning or wheeling about.
Converti, *ie, adj.* *Converted, turned, changed, &c.*
Un Converti, *f. m.* *Une Convertie*, *f. f.* *A convert.*
Convertible, *adject.* *Convertible.*
Convertir, *v. a.* To convert, turn or change. * (Faire changer de religion,) to convert or make a convert.
 ♣ **Convertir des marchandises**, to convert sundry stores into work.
Se convertir, *v. r.* To turn, to change. * (Changer de mœurs,) to be reclaimed or to mend. * (Renoncer à l'hérésie,) to be made a convert, to be converted.
Convertissement, *f. m.* *Turning, changing, conversion.*
 † **Convertisseur**, *f. m.* *A converter.*
Convexe, *adj.* *Convex.*
Convexité, *f. f.* *Convexity.*
Conviction, *f. f.* (from *convaincre*.) *Conviction or full proof.*
Convie, *ée, adj.* *Invited, &c.*
Convie, *f. m.* *A guest.*
Convier, *v. a.* To invite.
Convive, *f. m.* *A guest.*
Convocation, *subst. f.* *Convening, calling or calling together.*
Convoi, *f. m.* (cérémonie funebre.) *A funeral pomp, the company at a funeral; ♣ a convoy of men of war; ♣ a co voy or company of merchantmen with their convoy; ♣ a convoy of provisions and ammunition.*
 ‡ **Convoitable**, *adject.* *Covetable, to be coveted or desired.*
Convoiter, *v. a.* To covet, to lust after.
 ‡ **Convoiteux**, *euse, adj.* *Covetous, that covets.*
Convoitise, *f. f.* *Covetousness, concupiscence, lust or eager,*

COQ

desire, affection, love, appetite.
Convoler, *v. n. Ex.* *Convolver en secondes noces, to marry again.*
Convoqué, *ée, adj.* *Called together, assembled.*
Convoquer, *v. a.* To call together, to assemble.
Convoyé, *ée, adject.* *Convoyed.*
Convoyer, *v. a.* To convoy.
Convulsif, *ive, adj.* *Convulsive.*
Convulsion, *f. f.* *Convulsion, fit.*
Coobligé, *ée, adj.* *That has obliged himself or is entered into bond with another.*
Coopérateur, *f. m.* *Cooperator, a fellow-worker.*
Coopération, *f. f.* *Cooperation, joint-working or joint-labour.*
Coopérer, *v. -n.* To cooperate, to work together.
Copartageant, *ante, adj. & f.* *Copartner or coparcener.*
Copeau, *f. m.* *Chip, shaving.*
Copie, *f. f.* *Copy.* * Cet enfant est la copie de son pere, that child is his father's picture.
Copie, *ée, adject.* *Copied, &c.*
Copier, *v. a.* To copy or write out, transcribe. * (Contrefaire, imiter par dérision,) to mimick, to ape.
Copieusement, *adv.* *Copiously, plentifully, abundantly.*
Copieux, *euse, adj.* *Copious, plentiful, rich.*
Copiste, *f. m.* *A copier, a transcriber, one that writes copies; ♣ he that copies a figure.*
Copropriétaire, *f. m. & f.* *A joint-proprietor or proprietary.*
Copulation, *f. f.* *Copulation, carnal coupling or encounter.*
Copulatif, *ive, adj.* *Copulative, joining.*
Coq, *f. m.* (oiseau.) *A cock.*
Coq d'Inde, *a Turkey-cock.*
Coq de bruyere, *a heath-cock or mook-cock.* ♣ **Coq des jardins**, (plante,) *zedoary, catmint.* ♣ **Coq**, (girouette,) *a weather-*

COR

cock. * † **Coq-à-l'âne**, (discours sans suite, sans raison,) *a bull, an iddle or impertinent discourse, nonsense.*
Coquarde. *V. Cocarde.*
Coque, *f. f.* *Shell.* ♣ **Coque de ver à soie**, *the cod of a silk-worm.* ♣ **Coque de cordage**, *kink in a rope.* ♣ **Coque d'un navire**, *hull of a ship.*
Coquelicot, *f. m.* *Wild poppy, corn-rose.*
Coqueluche, *f. f.* *Whooping cough.*
 † **Coqueluchon**, *f. m.* *A cowl or capuch.*
Coquemar, *f. m.* *Boiler.*
 † **Coquesigruie**, *f. f.* *Stuff, stories, a flam, fiddle-faddle.*
Coquet, *ette, adj.* *Coquish, wanton.*
Coquet, *f. m.* *A beau, a general lover; ♣ a cock-boar.*
 † **Coqueter**, *v. n.* To be a general lover or a coquet.
Coquetier, *f. m.* *One that sells eggs and poultry; ♣ a thing to put an egg upon.*
Coquette, *f. f.* *A coquet, a wanton girl or woman.*
Coquetterie, *f. f.* *Coquetry.*
Coquillage, *f. m.* *Shells.* ♣ (Poisson à coquille,) *shell-fish.*
Coquille, *f. f.* *A shell.*
Coquin, *subst. m.* *A rogue, a rascal, a base man, a knave, a pitiful or beggary fellow.*
Coquine, *f. f.* *A slut, a jade, a base woman.*
Coquinerie, *f. f.* *Roguery, knavery, base trick.*
Cor, *f. m.* *A hunter's horn.*
 * † **A cor & à cri**, *adv.* *With might and main or with heave and hue.* ♣ **Cor**, (durillon,) *a corn.*
Corail, *f. m.* *Coral.*
 ‡ **Corallin**, *ne, adj.* *Coralline, red as coral.*
Corbeau, *f. m.* *A raven.* ♣ (Celui qui enterre les pestiférés,) *a burier or a bearer in plague time.* ♣ (Piece d'architecture,) *a corbel.*
Corbeille, *f. f.* *A basket, a wide basket.*

COR

Corbillard, *subst. m.* *A great country-coach.*
Corbillion, *f. m.* *A basket.*
 ♦ **Corbillion d'oublies**, *a wafer-box.*
Corbin, *f. m.* (canne à bec de corbin.) *A cane with a bill-head.*
Cordage, *subst. m.* *Cordage, cords, ropes; ♦ the measuring of wood by the cord.*
Corde, *f. f.* (tortis de chanvre ou autre matière.) *Rope, cord or line.* * (Le supplice de la potence,) *rope, hanging, gallows.* ♦ (D'arc, d'instrument de musique,) *a string.* Garnir de cordes de violon, *to string a violin.*
 * † Gens de sac & de corde, *rogues, profligate wretches, villains.* ♦ **Corde**, (tension d'un muscle,) *cord or string.* ♦ **Corde**, (dureté qui vient au milieu de certaines plantes & racines,) *a string in plants and roots.* ♦ **Corde** de drap, *the thread of cloth.* Qui montre la corde, *threadbare.* ♦ **Corde** de bois, *a cord of wood.*
Cordé, *ée, adj.* *Twisted.* V.
Corder. ♦ **Cordé**, (en parlant des plantes & des lamproies,) *stringy.*
Cordeau, *f. m.* *A line.*
Cordelé, *ée, adj.* *Twisted.*
Cordeler, *v. a.* *To twist.*
Cordelette, *f. f.* *A small cord or line.*
Cordelier, *f. m.* *Cordelier or Franciscan Friar or grey Friar.*
Cordeliere, *f. f.* *A Franciscan Nun; ♦ a Cordelier's girdle; ♦ a black, and knotted silk neck-lace, worn by some ladies.*
Cordelle, *f. f.* *Gang, club.*
Corder, *v. a.* *To make or twist cords or ropes.* ♦ **Corder** du bois, *to measure wood by the cord.* ♦ **Corder**, (lier avec une corde,) *to cord or bind with a cord.*
Se corder, *verb. r.* *To grow stringy.*
Corderie, *f. f.* *A rope-yard.*
Cordial, *f. m.* *Cordial.*
Cordial, *ale, adj.* *Cordial, good for the heart.* * (Franc,

COR

ouvert,) *cordial, hearty, free, open, sincere.*
Cordialement, *adv.* *Cordially, heartily, sincerely.*
Cordialité, *f. f.* *Cordialness, heartiness; cordial, sincere, or hearty love.*
Cordier, *subst. m.* *A rope-maker.*
Cordon, *f. m.* (une des branches dont une corde est composée.) *A twist.* ♦ (Ruban,) *a string.* * Le cordon-bleu, *the blue string, the Order of Knighthood of the Holy Ghost.* Le Roi lui a donné le cordon-bleu, *the King has made him a knight of the Holy Ghost.* ♦ Un Cordon-bleu, (un Chevalier du Saint-Esprit,) *a Knight of the Holy Ghost.* ♦ Cordon de muraille, *a plint, fascia or edge of stone on the outside of a building.* ♦ Cordon de chapeau, *a hat-band.* ♦ Cordon de piece de monnaie, *the ring of a piece of money.* ♦ **Cordon**, (cordelette bénite qu'on porte dans certaines confréries,) *a girdle, worn by Friars.* * Etre du cordon de Saint-François, *to be of St. Francis his Order.*
Cordonné, *ée, adj.* *Twisted, braided.*
Cordonner, *v. a.* *To twist, to braid.*
Cordonnerie, *f. f.* *A shoemaker-row or street; ♦ shoemaker's trade.*
Cordonnet, *subst. m.* *Lace or edging.*
Cordonnier, *f. m.* *A shoemaker.*
Coriace, *adj.* *As tough as leather, as hard as a hide.*
Coriandre, *f. f.* *Coriander, an herb.* ♦ **Coriandre**, (ou graine de coriandre,) *coriander seed.*
Corne, *f. m.* *Service or forb apple.*
Cormier, *f. m.* *The service-tree or forb-apple tree.*
Cormoran, *f. m.* *Cormorant, a water-fowl.*
Cornaline, *f. f.* *Cornelian, the cornelian stone.*
 † **Cornard**, *f. m.* *A cuckold.*
Corne, *f. f.* *Horn.* ♦ **Corne**

COR 125

de cerf, *buff's horn, hart's horn.* * † Les cornes d'un cocu, *a cuckold's horns.* * † Porter des cornes, avoir des cornes, *to wear horns, to be a cuckold.* Ouvrage à corne, *a horn-work, in fortification.* ♦ Faire les cornes à quelqu'un, (faire par dérision, avec deux doigts, un signe qui représente des cornes,) *to play tricks upon one, to make signs at him.* Cornes du croissant de la lune, *the horns.* ♦ Corne de pied de cheval, de mulet, d'âne, *a horse's, mule's or ass's hoof.* ♦ Bête à corne, *a horned beast.* ♦ Corne ducale, *a sort of cap worn by the Doge of Venice.* ♦ Corne d'amorce, *priming horn.*
Cornée, *f. f.* *The horny tunicle, wherein the apple of the eye is placed.*
Corneille, *f. f.* *A crow.*
Cornemuse, *f. f.* *A bag-pipe.*
 Joueur de cornemuse, *a bag-piper.*
Corner, *v. n.* *To sound or blow a horn.* * Les oreilles me cornent, *my ears tingle.*
Corner, *v. a.* *Corner quelque chose, to blab out a thing.* ♦ **Corner** aux oreilles de quelqu'un, *to tire or weary one with speaking of a thing, to dun him.*
Cornet, *f. m.* *A horn.* ♦ — à bouquin, *a cornet or small shawm.* ♦ — à jouer aux dés, *a dice-box.* ♦ — de papier, *a cornet or coffin of paper.* ♦ — d'une écritoire, *the bottom of a ink-horn.* ♦ **Cornet**, (espece d'oublie,) *a rolled wafer.* ♦ **Cornet** de mât, *case of a mast.*
Cornette, *f. f.* *The standard of a troop of horse; ♦ a troop of horse; ♦ a cornet, a woman's cornet.*
Cornette, *f. m.* *The cornet of a troop of horse.*
Corniche, *f. f.* *Cornish or rather cornice in Architecture.*
Cornichon, *f. m.* *Little-horn;*

✧ *a girkin or small cucumber to pickle.*
 Cornière, *f. f. Fashion pieces.*
 Cornillas, *subst. m. A young crow.*
 Cornouille, *subst. f. Cornilberry.*
 Cornouiller, *f. m. The cornil-tree.*
 Cornu, ue, *adj. Horned, cornute.* ✧ (Qui a des angles,) *cornered.*
 Cornue, *V. Retorte.*
 Corollaire, *f. m. A corollary, consequent proposition.*
 Coronal, ale, *adj. Coronal.*
 Corporal, *f. m. A corporal.*
 Corporalier, *f. m. A corporal box:*
 Corporel, elle, *adj. Corporal, bodily.*
 Corporellement, *adv. Corporally, bodily.* Punir corporellement, *to inflict a corporal punishment.*
 Corporifié, ée, *adj. Corporified, &c.*
 Corporifier, *verb. act. To corporify, to make into a body.*
 Corps, *f. m. Body.* ✧ Corps, (la partie du corps depuis le cou jusqu'aux hanches,) *the shape.* Il a le corps bien fait, *he is a well-shaped man.*
 * † Il fait bon marché de son corps, *he is free of his carcass.* ✧ Elle abandonne son corps ou elle met son corps à l'abandon ou elle fait folie de son corps, *she prostitutes herself.* * † Il a le diable au corps, *the devil is in him.* ✧ Corps, (compagnie, société,) *body, company, society.* * Un vieux corps, (ou régiment,) *an old regiment.* * Corps-de-logis, *a side of a great house.* * Corps-de-garde, *a guard or corps-de-guard, also a guard-house.* Garde-du-corps, *a life-guard or life-guard man.* * Corps-de-jupe, *stays or bodice.* * Vin qui a du corps, *strong-bodied wine.* * Etoffe qui a du corps, *substantial stuff.* * Ce sirop n'a pas assez de corps, *that syrup is not thick enough.* * Couleur qui a du corps, *thick colour.* Se battre

corps à corps, *to fight hand to hand.* ✧ Corps morts, *bollards in a dock-yard.* ✧ Corps de pompe, *the chamber of a pump.* ✧ Corps d'une poulie, *shell of a block.* ✧ Corps du vaisseau, *hull of a ship.*
 A corps perdu, *adv. Headlong, furiously, desperately, hand-over-head.* * En ou à son corps défendant, *in one own defence.* † C'est un malin corps, *he is an unlucky blade.* † C'est un plaisant corps ou un drôle de corps, *he is a comical blade.* ✧ Corps mort, *dead body or carcass, corps.*
 Corpulence, *f. f. Corpulence, bigness of body, bulkiness.* ✧ Un homme de petite corpulence, *a thin slender man.*
 Corpusculaire, *adj. Ex. La Philosophie corpusculaire, corpuscular Philosophy.*
 Corpuscule, *f. m. A corpuscle or little body.*
 Corréct, ecte, *adj. Corréct, neat, pure, without fault.*
 Corréctement, *adv. Corréctly.*
 Corrécteur, *f. m. Corréctor, reformer.* Corrécteur des Comptes, *an Officer that examines the accounts of the receivers, under-treasurers, &c.*
 Corréctif, *f. m. A corréctive.* * (Adoucissement,) *a lenitive, a salve.*
 Corréction, *f. f. Corréction, correcting, mending, amendment.* La corréction en est aisée, *it is easily mended.* C'est une faute qui mérite corréction, *this is such a fault as deserves to be punished.* ✧ Sous votre corréction, *under your favour.* Sauf corréction, *sous correction, adv. Under favour.*
 Corrégidor, *f. m. Corregidor, a Magistrate in Spain.*
 Corrélatif, tive, *adj. & f. Correlative, having a natural relation.*
 Corrépondance, *f. f. Corrépondence, holding, intelligence.* ✧ (Conformité,) *corrépondency, agreement, answerableness,*

Corrépondant, *f. m. Corrépondent.*
 Corrépondant, ante, *adj. Ex.* Ce sont deux humeurs qui sont fort corrépondantes, *these two humours are very agreeable, they corrépond, agree or sympathise very well together.*
 Corrépondre, *v. n. To corrépond or answer, to make suitable return.*
 Corridor, *f. m. A kind of gallery that surrounds a building.* ✧ Corridor or covered way, *in fortification.*
 Corrigé, ée, *adj. Corrécted, amended, &c.*
 Corriger, *v. a. To corréct.* ✧ (tempérer,) *to temper.*
 Se corriger, *v. r. To mend.* Se corriger de quelque vice, *to forsake a vice, to reclaim one's self from it.*
 Corrigible, *adj. Corrigible, that may be corrécted or reclaimed.*
 Corroboratif, ive, *adj. Corroborative or strengthening.*
 Corroboré, ée, *adj. Corroborated, strengthened.*
 Corroborer, *v. a. To corroborate or strengthen.*
 Corrodé, ée, *adj. Corroded, &c.*
 Corroder, *v. a. To corrode, gnaw or fret.*
 Corroi, *f. m. The currying or dressing of leather.*
 Corrompre, *v. a. To corrupt, taint, deprave, debauch, spoil, adulterate or mar.* * (Gagner,) *to corrupt, bribe or pervert.* * — (Altérer) un passage de quelque Auteur, *to falsify or alter a passage of an Author.*
 Se corrompre, *v. r. (se gâter, &c.) To corrupt or be corrupted, debauched, marred, &c.* ✧ (En parlant de la viande,) *to taint, as meat does.* Bois sujet à se corrompre, *wood apt to be worm-eaten.*
 Corrompu, ue, *adj. Corrupted, tainted, &c.*
 Corrompu, *f. m. A debauchee, a libertine.*
 Corroisif, ive, *adj. (qui corrode.) Corrosive, gnawing, fretting,*

COR

Corrosif, *subst. m.* A corro-
sive or corroding thing.
Corrosion, *f. f.* (action &
effet de ce qui corrode.)
*Corrosion, gnawing, fret-
ting.*
Corroyé, ée, *adj.* Curried,
&c. according to the verb.
Corroyer, *v. a.* des cuirs.
To curry or dress leather.
✧ **Corroyer** du bois, to
plane or shave wood. ✧
Corroyer, to shut two pic-
ces of red hot iron together.
✧ **Corroyer** le mortier,
to beat the mortar, to mix
well the sand and the lime
together.
Corroyeur, *f. m.* Currier, lea-
ther-dresser.
Corrupteur, *f. m.* (qui cor-
rompt.) corrupter or de-
baucher.
Corruptibilité, *f. f.* Corrup-
tibility.
Corruptible, *adj.* Corruptible;
* that may be corrupted or
bribed.
Corruption, *f. f.* Corruption,
* Un Juge soupçonné de
corruption, a Judge suspec-
ted of bribery.
Corruptrice, *f. f.* Corruptrix
or corrupter.
Cors, *f. m.* Ex. Un cerf de
dix cors, a stag seven years
old.
Corrage, *f. m.* The shape of
a human body.
Corsaire, *f. m.* (pirate.) Cor-
sair, pirate, privateer. Le
métier de corsaire, piracy.
Corselet, *f. m.* Corselet.
Corset, *f. m.* A woman's bo-
dice or jumps; ✧ a quilted
waist-coat.
Correge, *f. m.* A train or
retinue.
Cortical, *ale, adj.* Cortical.
Corvée, *f. f.* Average, a drud-
ging day's work or bind
days due by a vassal or
tenant to his Landlord. * †
(Peine inutile,) an unpro-
fitable toil.
Corvette, *f. f.* A scout, an
advice-boat, a sloop of war.
Coruscation, *subst. f.* Coru-
sation.
‡ **Coryphée**, *f. m.* The chief,
first or principal man, the
worthiest, coryphaeus.

COT

Cosmétique, *adj.* Cosmetick,
Beautifying.
Cosmographe, *f. m.* A Cos-
mographer.
Cosmographie, *f. f.* Cosmo-
graphy.
Cosmographique, *adj.* Cos-
mographical.
Coste, *f. f.* The cod, husk
or shell of pease, beans,
lentils, &c. ✧ (Terme de
Mer,) a thimble; ✧ a bull's
eye.
Coston, *subst. m.* A mite or
weevil.
Costu, ue, *adj.* Husky, shel-
ly, codded.
Cote, *f. f.* A letter serving
for a numeral mark.
Côte, *f. f.* (le rivage de la
mer.) Coast or sea-coast.
✧ Côte écore, a bluff or
bold shore; côte basse, a
shallow coast. Aller à la
côte, to run a-ground. ✧
(Le penchant d'une mon-
tagne,) a hill, a hillock,
a down. ✧ (Os courbe &
plat,) a rib. ✧ Côte de
melon, a slice of melon. ✧
Côte de pourpier, the stalk
of purslain. ✧ Côte de luth,
a piece of the body of a
lute. ✧ Côtes d'un vaisseau,
ribs of a ship.
Côte-à-côte, *adv.* (à côté
l'un de l'autre.) A-breast.
Côté, *f. m.* Side. ✧ Ils mar-
chent à côté l'un de l'aut-
re, they walk a-breast. Il
est toujours à mon côté,
he is always by me. * Côté,
(endroit, partie d'une cho-
se,) side, way. ✧ Côté du
vent, the weather-side. —
sous le vent, the lee-side.
Mettre un vaisseau sur le
côté, to lay a ship on the
caren.
De côté, de biais, *adv.* Side-
ways. ✧ Du côté d'orient,
eastwards. ✧ De mon côté,
(pour ce qui est de moi,)
for my own part. ✧ On la
décrie fort du côté de la
tendresse, she is much bla-
med for being too tender, too
easy or coming. Chacun re-
garde les choses du côté
qui le touche, every body
faces things as he is con-
cerned.

COT 127

A côté, *adv.* (auprès.) By.
A côté, (à l'écart,) aside.
* César étoit trop impé-
rieux pour souffrir quel-
qu'un à côté de lui. César
was too imperious to suf-
fer any equal. ✧ Côté,
(parti,) side, party. Se
mettre du côté de quel-
qu'un, to side with one.
Coté, ée, *adj.* Quoted. V.
Coter.
Côteau, *f. m.* A hill, a little
hill, a hillock.
Côtelette, *f. f.* A little rib,
culet. Côtelette de mou-
ton, mutton-chop.
Coter, *v. a.* To quote.
Coterie, *f. f.* A club, society.
Cothurne, *f. m.* A buskin.
Côtier, *adj. m.* Ex. (Pilote
côtier,) a coasting pilot.
Cotignac, *f. m.* Quidnay, a
marmalade of quinces.
Cotillon, *f. m.* A petticoat or
under petticoat.
† **Coti, ie**, *adj.* Bruised; †
squated.
† **Cotir**, *v. a.* To bruise one's
squat.
Cotisation, *f. f.* A rating or
assessment.
Cotisé, ée, *adj.* Rated, assessed.
Cotiser, *verb. act.* To rate, to
assess.
Coton, *f. m.* Cotton. ✧ Toile
de coton, callico. ✧ Coton,
(de quelques fruits,) cotton,
woolly down, mossiness. *
(Poil follet,) down or soft
hair.
Cotonné, ée, *adj.* Stuffed with,
cotton; ✧ nappy.
Cotonner, se cotonner, *v. r.*
To be covered with down or
soft hair; ✧ to wear nappy.
Cotonneux, *euse, adj.* Pipy,
spongy.
Cotonnier, *f. m.* The cotton-
tree.
Cotonnine, *f. f.* Coarse thick
callico.
Côtoyer, *verb. act.* To coast
along, to go along or keep
close to the shore; ✧ to go by
the side or along.
Cotret, *f. m.* (petit faisceau
de bois.) Coteret.
Cotte, *f. f.* Petticoat. ✧ Cotte
d'armes, a coat of arms.
Cotte de mailles, a coat of
mail.

Cotteron, *f. m.* *A short petticoat.*

Cou. *V.* Col.

† Couard, arde, *f. m.* & *f.* *Coward or dastard.*

† Couardise, *f. f.* *Cowardise.*

Couchant, *adj.* *Setting.*

Un chien couchant, *a setting dog or setter.* Le soleil couchant, *sun-setting.* * A soleil couchant, *sun-set.* * Faire le chien couchant, *to creep and crouch, to cringe to one, to fawn upon him.*

Couchant ou le couchant, *f. m.* *the west.*

Couche, *f. f.* (lit.) *A bed.*

*(ou Bois de lit,) *bedstead.*

Couche ou couches, *child-bed or lying-in.*

Faire ses couches, être en couche, *to lie in.*

Elle est morte en couche, *she died in child-bed.*

* Couche, (enfantement,) *delivery.*

Heureuse couche, *a good delivery.*

Une fausse couche, *a miscarriage.*

Faire une fausse couche, *to miscarry.*

Couche, (linge dont on enveloppe les petits enfans,) *childbed linen.*

*(de jardin,) *hot bed.*

*(En parlant de certaines choses qu'on étend parlits,) *a lay or bed.*

*(Enduit,) *a lay or laying on.*

*(Ce que l'on met au jeu sur une carte,) *a lay or stake.*

Couché, *ée, adj.* *Put to bed, &c.*

V. Coucher. *(Eten-

du de son long,) *lying.*

Couché, (qui est au lit,) *a bed.*

* A soleil couché, *after sun-set.*

Couchée, *f. f.* *The place where one lies by the way.*

(Payer sa couchée, *to pay for one's night's lodging.*

Coucher, *v. a.* *To put to bed.*

* Coucher quelqu'un par terre ou sur le carreau, *to knock one down, to lay him dead upon the ground.*

* — la vigne, *to lay the vine along.*

* — une bouteille sur le côté, *to empty a bottle.*

* — quelqu'un en joue, *to take one's aim at one.*

* — en joue, (observer & guetter,) *to have in one's eye, to have a de-*

sign upon. * — (mettre quelque chose dans un aise,) *to set or write down.*

* Il couche bien par écrit, *he writes well, he couches well in writing.*

* Couché, (mettre au jeu,) *to stake or set.*

Coucher, *se coucher, v. r.*

To go to bed. Allez vous

coucher, *go to bed.* Il n'est

pas encore temps de s'aller

coucher, *it is not bed-time yet.*

* Se coucher, (s'é-

tendre de son long,) *to lay one's self down or to lie down.*

* Le soleil se cou-

che, *the sun sets.*

Coucher, *v. n.* *To lie or lie down.*

Coucher, *substantively used.*

Ex. Prier Dieu à son cou-

cher, *to say one's prayer's every night or before one's goes to bed.*

Je ne le vois qu'à son lever & à son cou-

cher, *I never see him but when he rises and when he goes to bed.*

* Le coucher du Roi, *the King's couchee.*

Le petit coucher du Roi, *the time from the King's taking leave and going to bed.*

Le coucher du soleil, *the sun-set.*

Couchette, *f. f.* *A couch or a little bed; a sea-bed frame.*

* Un mignon de couchette, *a spark, a gallant, a beau.*

Coucheur, *euse, f. m.* & *f.* *A bedfellow.*

Coucou, *subst. m.* *A cuckoo, a bird.*

Coude, *subst. m.* *Elbow.*

* † Hauffer le coude, *to carouse it, to fuddle or drink hard, to rope it.*

* Une muraille, une rivière qui fait le coude, *a wall or river that makes an angle or elbow.*

Coudée, *f. f.* *A cubit.*

* Avoir ses coudées franches, *to have elbow-room, to have free liberty.*

Coude-pied, *f. m.* *Instep.*

Coudoyer, *v. a.* *To hunch or thrust with one's elbows.*

Coudraie, *f. f.* *A grove or copse of hazel-trees.*

Coudre. *V.* Coudrier.

Coudre, *v. a.* *To sow or sitch.*

P. Coudre la peau du re-

nard à celle du lion. P. To

eké out the lion's skin with

the fox's case.

Coudrier ou Coudre, *f. m.*

A hazel-tree or a filbert-tree.

Couenne, *f. f.* *Sward.*

Couette, *f. f.* *A feather-bed.*

Couladoux, *f. m. pl.* *The lan-*

niards of the shrouds of a galley.

Coulage, *f. m.* *Leakage.*

Coulamment, *adv.* *Fluently, readily, freely.*

Coulant, *f. m.* *A necklace of diamonds or other precious stones.*

Coulant, ante, *adj.* *Flowing, &c.*

V. Couler. Nœud cou-

lant, *a slip knot or a running knot.*

* Coulant, (en

parlant du style,) *flowing, fluent, smooth, that runs well.*

Coulé, *ée, adj.* *Run, &c.*

V. Couler. * Coulé à

fond, *sunk.*

Couler, *v. n.* (fluer.) *To flow, to run or glide along.*

*(En

parlant des larmes,) *to trickle or trickle down.*

* Le nez lui coule, *his nose runs or drops.*

* La chandelle coule, *the candle gutters.*

* Couler, (passer,) *to run slip or go away.*

* Couler à fond, *couler bas, to sink.*

* Couler, (en parlant d'un

vase dont la liqueur s'en-

fuit,) *to run or run out, to leak.*

*(Glisser, s'échap-

per,) *to slip or slide way.*

* La vigne coule, *the grapes drop or fall off.*

* Les paroles lui coulent de la

bouche, (il parle avec fa-

cilité,) *he speaks very fluently.*

Couler, *v. a.* *To strain.*

*(Faire glisser adroitement,) *to slip or convey cunningly.*

* Couler à fond, *to sink.*

Couler ou se couler, *v. r.*

(passer sans bruit.) *To slip or creep.*

Couleur, *f. f.* *Colour.*

La couleur lui monta au visage, *he coloured or the red did fly in his face.*

Les pâles couleurs, *the green sickness.*

* Cou-

leur, (aux cartes,) *the suit, at cards.*

Jeter de la cou-

leur,

COU

Cœur, to follow suit. * Cou-
leur, (prétexte,) colour,
pretence, shew. Donner cou-
leur à une affaire, to co-
lour a business.
Couleuvre, f. f. (piece d'ar-
tillerie.) Calverin.
Couleuvre, f. f. An adder.
* † Avaler des couleuvres,
to swallow a gudgeon. * Il a
bien avalé des couleuvres,
he has gone through a great
deal of sorrow, he has had
many crosses.
Couleuvrée, f. f. Bryony.
Coulis, adj. m. (from couler.)
Ex. Un vent coulis, a wind
that comes through a hole or
chink.
Coulis, f. m. Gravy.
Coulisse, subst. f. (longue rai-
nure.) A gutter or groove.
* (Piece de décoration
d'un théâtre,) the wing of
a scene. * Coulisse de
galée, the slice of the galley.
Couloir, f. m. A strainer, a
colander.
‡ **Coulpe**, f. f. (faute, pé-
ché.) Fault, misdeed, tres-
pass, sin.
Coulure, f. f. The dropping
or falling off of grapes.
Coup, f. m. Blow, stroke or
strike. Coup de pied, a kick.
Donner des coups de pied,
to kick. Coup de poing, cuff
or fifty-cuff. Donner des
coups de poing, to cuff.
Coup d'arme à feu, coup
de feu, shot. Coup de bâ-
ton, cudgelling, bastinado.
Donner des coups de bâton,
to cane or cudgel. Coup de
dent, biting. * Un coup
de peigne, combing. * Coup
de pinceau, a stroke of a
penicil. * Un coup de plu-
me, a dash of a pen. * Un
coup d'œil, a cast, a casting
one's eyes upon, a view, a
glance, a prospect. * Un
coup de sifflet, a whistle or
whistling. * — de filet, a
casting of the net. * — de
souet, a lash or jerk. * Un
coup mortel, a mortal blow
or wound. * Un coup d'épée,
a thrust with a sword. Un
coup d'ongle, a scratch with
one's nail. * Un coup de
mer, billow, a surge or a

Tome I.

COU

mighty sea. * Un coup de
vent, a sudden gust or spurt
of wind. * Coup de gou-
vernail, wild steering. * Un
coup de tonnerre, a thun-
der-clap. Un coup de fou-
dre, a thunder-bolt. * Man-
quer son coup, to miss one's
aim. * Coup, (certaine
manière de jouer ou rencon-
tré notable qui se fait dans
le jeu,) throw, cast, hit.
* (Au jeu des dames & des
échecs,) a move. * Donner
un coup de corne à un che-
val, to bleed a horse. * Faire
entrer un clou à coups de
marteau, to drive in a nail
with a hammer. * Un coup
fourré, (terme d'Esclime,)
an interchanged thrust. Se
donner des coups fourrés, to
interchange thrusts or to run
one another through. * Aller
aux coups, to go to fight. *
Prendre une place à coups
de main, (ou sans canon,) to
take a town without cannon.
* Il y aura bien des coups
donnés, there will be hard
fighting. * Coup de bon-
heur, a lucky chance. Coup
de malheur, a misfortune.
Coup de hasard ou de for-
tune, a meer chance. * Coup,
(action,) act, action, deed,
attempt, * Coup de tête, a
great piece of wisdom. * — de
désespoir, a desperate at-
tempt. * — d'ami, a good
turn, a friendly turn. * Un
coup du ciel ou d'en-haut,
a great providence. * Coup.
(ou accident) imprévu, an
unexpected accident. * Un
coup d'état, a piece of great
policy. * Porter coup, to
hit home. Il ne tire coup qui
ne porte, he hits every time,
he ever shoots true. * La plus
petite tolérance porte coup,
the least toleration is of con-
sequence. * Faire un coup
de la main, to steal or filch.
* C'est un coup de ta main,
'tis thy own handy work. *
Se hâter de faire son coup,
to hasten the execution of
one's design. * Faire un
coup de grille, to strike the
ball into the hazard. P. Faire
d'une pierre deux coups.

COU 123

P. To kill two birds with one
stone. * Tirer à coup perdu,
to shoot at random. * C'est
un coup perdu, that's no-
thing. * C'est un grand
coup, 'tis a great matter.
* Coup, (fois,) time,
touch, bout. * Buons un
coup ensemble, let us drink
a glass together. Ne gagne-
rai-je pas un coup? shall
not I win so much as one?
shall I be always beaten? *
A ce coup, pour le coup,
now, this time.
Tout-à-coup, adv. All of a
sudden, suddenly. * Tout
d'un coup, at once or all at
once, at one dash or bout.
* Du premier coup, pre-
sently, at the first. * A tous
coups, at every turn, ever
and anon. * Après coup,
too late. * Coup sur coup,
one after another.
Coupable, adj. Guilty, cul-
pable, faulty, in fault.
Coupe, f. f. (tasse.) A cup.
Coupe, f. f. (action de cou-
per.) Cutting. * — (Au jeu
des cartes,) cut.
Coupé, ée, adj. Cut, &c.
according to the verb Cou-
per. * Coupé, (terme
de Blason,) coupé. * Style
coupé, a broken, loose
style.
Coupé, f. m. A coupee in dan-
cing.
Coupeau, f. m. The cop or top
of a hill.
Coupe-cul, f. m. (terme de
joueurs.) Ex. Jouer un
coupe-cul, to play a set
or game without revenge.
Coupe-gorge, subst. m. A cut-
throat, a dangerous place.
Coupe-jarret, f. m. A villain,
a ruffian, a cut-throat, an
assassin.
Coupelle, f. f. Coppel. Argent
de coupelle, fine silver. *
Mettre à la coupelle, to put
to the test or trial. * Passer
à la coupelle, to stand the
test.
Coupeur, v. act. To try or
assay gold or silver by the
coppel.
Couper, v. a. To cut, to cut
off, to cut out, to cut down,
to carve, to fell. * Il faut

un vent qui coupe le visage, *there's a wind that cuts one's face or there's a cutting wind.*
 ♣ Une chaîne de montagnes coupe toute cette province, *a chain or ridge of mountains divides that province from one end to the other.*
 ♣ Couper chemin à quelqu'un, *to stop one's way.*
 † — chemin à un mal, *to stop an evil, to put a stop to it.* * — les vivres à une armée, *to cut off an army's provisions.* * — les ennemis, *to hinder the communication of the enemy.* ♣ Couper le cable, *to cut the cable.* * — la parole à quelqu'un, *to interrupt one that speaks;* * *to cut one short, to silence him.* ♣ — une jument, *to spay a mare.* * — court, *to cut short, to be short.* Pour couper court, *to be short, in short.*

Se couper, *v. réc. (en parlant des chevaux.) To cut, to hit one leg with the other.* ♣ — (Se croiser, en parlant de chemins, &c.) *to cross.* ♣ — (en parlant de certaines étoffes,) *to break or to fret.* * — (Se contredire,) *to contradict one's self, to falter.*

Couperet, *f. m. Cleaver, a butcher's cleaving knife.*

Couperose, *f. f. Copperas or vitriol, a mineral.*

Couperosé, *ée, adj. Ruddy, red or full of red pimples.*

Coupe-tête, *subst. m. (jeu d'enfant.) Leap-frog.*

Coupeur, *f. m. (from couper.) Ex. Un coupeur de bourses, a cut-purse.* ♣ Coupeur de raisins, *one that cuts or gathers grapes.*

Couple, *f. f. Couple.* ♣ Une couple de bœufs, *a yoke of oxen.* Une couple de lievres, *a brace of hares.*

Couple, *f. m. Ex. Un heureux couple d'amans, a happy couple of lovers.* ♣ Couple, (terme de construction navale,) *a frame.* Les couples de l'avant, *the fore-body.* — de l'arrière, *the after-body.* Couple de lof, *the loof-frame.* — de coltis, *the*

foremost frame or knuckle-timber.

Couplé, *ée, adj. Coupled.*

Coupler, *v. a. To couple.*

Couplet, *f. m. (certain nombre de vers.) A staff.* Couplet de chanson, *a staff of a song.* ♣ Couplets satiriques, des couplets, *a Lam-poon.*

Coupole, *f. f. (dôme.) Cupola.*

Coupon, *f. m. (petit reste d'étoffe.) A remnant, shred of a stuff.*

Coupure, *f. f. A cut.*

Cour, *f. f. Court, yard.* ♣ — (Siege de justice,) *a Court.*

♣ — (d'un Prince,) *a Prince's Court.* Un homme de cour, (un courtisan,) *a courtier.* * Faire sa cour à quelqu'un, *to make one's court to one, to pay one's attendance to him, to wait on him.* ♣ Faire la cour aux belles, *to court the ladies.*

Courage, *f. m. Courage, heart, valour, stoutness, constancy, resolution, boldness, daringness, spirit.* ♣ Courage, (particule exhortative,) *cheer up.* Courage, mes amis, n'ayez point de peur, *cheer up friends, be not afraid.* ♣ Foible courage, *saint-heartedness, sneakiness, base spirit.* Prendre courage, *to cheer up, to pluck up a good heart.* ♣ Manquer de courage, *to be saint-hearted or discouraged.* ♣ Donner du courage à quelqu'un, *to encourage one.* ♣ Courage, (affection,) *heart, affection.* Il n'a pas fait cela de bon courage, *he has not done it with a good heart.* ♣ — (Passion, sentiment, mouvement,) *passion, mind, heart.* Il n'a su vaincre son courage, *he could not conquer his passion.* ♣ Grandeur de courage, *magnanimity, greatness of soul or spirit.*

Courageusement, *adv. Courageously, stoutly, valiantly, briskly, resolutely, boldly, fiercely.* S'opposer courageusement aux ennemis, *to make a stout resistance against the enemy.*

Courageux, *euse, adj. Courageous, stout, valiant, brave, resolute, bold, daring, fierce.*

Couramment, *adverb. Out of hand, strait;* ♣ *currently, fluently, without stop, readily.* ♣ Cela se vend cinq schellings tout couramment, *five shillings is the current price of it.*

Courant, *ante, adj. Running.* ♣ L'année courante, *the present year.* ♣ Monnaie courante, *current coin or money.* ♣ Un chien courant, *a beagle or a hound.* ♣ Le prix courant, *the current price, the price of the market.*

En courant, (à la hâte,) *cursorily, in haste.* ♣ Tout courant, (sans hésiter,) *Readily, easily, fluently, without stop.* Mois courant. *V. Courant, f. m.*

Courant, *f. m. (fil de l'eau.) Current, stream.* * Le courant du marché, *the market price.* Le courant des affaires, *the course of affairs.* ♣ Le courant de la meule d'un moulin, *the runner, the upper mill-stone.* ♣ Le courant, (le mois qui court,) *the current month, the instant.* ♣ (En parlant de rentes, le terme qui court,) *the present quarter or year.*

Courante, *f. f. Courant or courant, a sort of dance.*

Courbatons, *f. m. pl. Small knees.* Courbatons de l'épéron, *brackets of the head.*

Courbatu, *ue, adjct. Foundered, chest foundered.*

Courbature, *f. f. The foundering of a horse.*

Courbe, *adjct. Crooked, not strait.* Ligne courbe, *a crooked line, a curve.*

Courbe, *f. f. A crook, a crooked piece of timber, & knee.* Courbes d'arcaste, *transom knees.* Courbe d'étambord, *knee of the stern post.* Courbes de bittes, *the standards of the cable-bits;* ♣ *curbs, a disease in a horse's legs.*

Courbé, *ée, adj. Bent, crooked, &c.*

Courber, *v. act. To bend or bow, to make crooked.*

COU

Courber, *v. a.* se courber, *v. r.* To bend, to bow.
Courbette, *f. f.* Curvet, the curvetting of a horse.
Courbure, *f. f.* Crookedness, bent or bending.
Courcaillet, *f. m.* A quail-pipe.
Courée, *f. f.* ou **Couret**, *f. m.* A coat or stuff to pay a ship's bottom.
Coureur, *f. m.* (qui court.) A runner; ♦ a rambler; ♦ an idle boy. ♦ Coureurs, (cavaliers détachés du gros de l'armée,) scouts. ♦ Coureur, (cheval de selle,) runner, courser, a free horse for the gallop. ♦ Coureur de vin, an officer that carries provisions with him for the King when he rides abroad, but especially when he rides a hunting.
Coureur, *f. f.* A gadder, a gadding horse-wife, a rambling or gossipping woman. ♦ — (Femme prostituée,) a runner, a prostitute, a whore, a common crack.
Courge, *f. f.* A gourd.
Courier, *V.* Courrier.
Courir ou **Courre**, *v. a.* To run, to go apace. ♦ Courir ou courre la poste, to ride post. Courir à bride abattue, to ride full gallop or full speed. * Courir après quelque chose, to run after a thing ambitiously, to seek after it, to court it. ♦ Courir, (aller çà & là,) to run up and down, to ramble about, to gad up and down, to rove. * Courir, (couler, en parlant des choses liquides,) to run, flow or stream. * — (en parlant du temps,) to run, slip, go or pass away. ♦ — (en parlant d'un vaisseau,) to sail, to stand onward. * — (en parlant d'un terme,) to go on. * La nouvelle ou le bruit court qu'il est mort, it is said, it is given out or reported, there's a talk or a report that he is dead. * Faire courir un bruit, to be author of a report, to spread a report or news. * Courre ou courir sur le marché de quelqu'un, to go to take a bargain out of one's

COU

hands, to interfere with one. C'est la couleur qui court, this is the colour in fashion. La mode qui court, the general fashion or the fashion in vogue. La monnaie qui court, money that goes, current money. Au temps qui court, as times go. * Maladie qui court, a rife disease. ♦ Les santés courroient à la ronde, the healths went about. ♦ Faire courir la voix, to put the question to the vote. * Faire courir un manifeste, to publish a manifesto. Les manifestes qu'on fait courir, the manifestos that are abroad.
Courir ou **Courre**, *v. a.* To pursue, to hunt or course. * Courir une charge, to hunt after a place. * — un bénéfice, to sue for a benefice. ♦ Courre un cheval, to gallop or to run a horse. * Courir risque, to run the hazard. * — une belle fortune, to be in a fair way of preferment. ♦ — le plat pays, to spoil, waste, harass and ravage a country, to pillage and plunder, to infest the country, to make inroads into it. ♦ — les mers ou la mer, to rove on or up and down the sea, to infest the seas. ♦ — des bords, to ply to windward by tacking. — la bouline, to run the gante-lope. ♦ — le pays, (courir le monde, voyager,) to go up and down the world, to travel about. ♦ — le bal, to go from one ball to another. * — les ruelles, to pay frequent visits to ladies. ♦ Courre ou courir la bague, to run the ring or at the ring. * Etre fou à courir les rues ou à courir les champs, to be mad or stark staring mad, to be out of one's wits. † Courir la pretantaine, to gad up and down. * Courre ou courir le guilledou, to haunt bawdy-houses, to go a whore-hunting. * Courir les tables, to go a spunging, to be a smell-feast or a trencher-fly. ♦ Nous courûmes

COU

diverses bordées, we tacked about several times. ♦ Courre sus, courir sus, to fall upon one.
Courlis ou **Courlieu**, *subst. m.* (oiseau.) Curlew.
Couronne, *f. f.* A crown, a diadem. ♦ Couronne Ducale, de Comte ou de Marquis, a Duke's, Earl's or Marquess's Coronet. ♦ Couronne du sabot d'un cheval, a horse's coronet. ♦ Ouvrage à couronne ou ouvrage couronné, a crowned work. ♦ Enter en couronne, to graft between the bark and the tree.
Couronné, *adject.* Crowned. * (Environné,) encompassed, environed. ♦ Arbre couronné, a tree grown up to its full height.
Couronnement, *f. m.* Crowning or coronation. * — (Accomplissement,) perfecting or perfection, accomplishment. ♦ — (d'un vaisseau,) taffaree of a ship.
Couronner, *v. a.* (mettre une couronne sur la tête.) To crown. * (Récompenser,) to crown or reward. * (Achever,) to crown, to make perfect, to finish.
Courre, *V.* Courir.
Courrier, *f. m.* A courier, an express.
Courroie, *f. f.* Strap, leather string, latchet.
Courroucé, *ée, adj.* Provoked, angered, angry, raging. Mer courroucée, an angry or raging sea.
Courroucer, *v. a.* To anger, to provoke to anger.
Se courroucer, *v. réc.* To be angry, to fly into a passion. * (En parlant de la mer,) to be angry or raging.
Courroux, *subst. m.* Anger, wrath, passion. * Le courroux de la mer, the raging of the sea.
Cours, *f. m.* (from courir.) Course, running, stream, current. * — (Espace de temps,) course, term, space of time. * Le cours (le train) d'une affaire, the course of a business. * Cours, (progrès,) course, pro-

grefs, current, stream.
Couper cours à quelque mal, *to stop the course of an evil, to put a stop to it.* ♣
Un voyage de long cours, *a long voyage.* * Cours, (étude de toutes les parties d'une science,) *the study of all the parts of any science.*
Faire son cours de Philosophie, *to study Philosophy.*
♣ Acheter un cours de Philosophie, *to buy a whole body of Philosophy.* ♣ Cours, (où l'on se promène,) *a place where persons of quality resort to take the air in their coaches.* ♣ Cours de ventre, *a looseness.* ♣ Monnoie qui a cours, *current money, money that goes.* ♣ Avoir cours, (être en vogue,) *to be in vogue, to take.* Une chose qui n'a plus cours, *a thing out of date, out of use, cryed down, not current.* ♣ Le cours du marché, *the current price of the market.* ♣ Cours (file ou virure) de bordages, *streaks of planks.*
Course, *f. f. A running or race.* ♣ (Aste d'hostilité,) *inroad, incursion, irruption.* ♣ (Voyage expéditif,) *journey, riding, ride.* ♣ Course d'un vaisseau, *the cruise or cruising of a ship.*
Courtier, *f. m. The coursey of a galley.* ♣ — (Gros-canon,) *a cannon planted in the coursey; ♣ a courser, a steed.*
Court, courtre, *adj. Short, brief.* * C'est le plus court, *it is the best way or the best course.* * Il fut court d'argent, *his money fell short.* * Il est court de mémoire ou il a courtte mémoire, *he has a short memory.* ♣ Avoir la vue courte, *to be short-sighted.* * Ses vues sont courtes, *he is short-sighted, he wants foresight.*
Court, *adv. Short.* Pour vous le faire court, *to be short, in short, to sum up all, not to hold you long.* S'arrêter tout court, *to stop short or suddenly, on a*

sudden. Je me retirai tout court, *I went away presently.*
* Demeurer court ou tout court, *to be at a stand, not to know what to say; * to be mum, not to have a word to say, to be put to a stand or a nonplus.* * Tenir de court, *to keep short, to keep under, to keep in, to keep a strict hand over.* * Prendre quelqu'un de court, *to be hard with one, to press him.*
Courtage, *f. m. Brokage or brokerage.*
Courtaud, *f. m. Courtaude, f. f. A short, thick-set man or woman; † a short arse.* ♣ (Cheval écourté,) *a crop or cropped horse, a bob-tail.* Chien courtaud, *a cropped dog.* † Courtaud, ou courtaud de boutique, *a shop-keeper's man.*
Court-bouillon, *subst. m. A particular way of dressing of fish.*
Courte-boule, *f. f. Bowls, short bowls, a play.*
Courte-pointe, *f. f. Counterpane, counterpoint.*
Courtier, *subst. m. A broker.* ♣ — de chevaux, *a jockey courser, a horse courser.* ♣ — de vin, *a wine cooper.* ♣ — de lard, *a visiter of grease and bacon.*
Courtine, *f. f. A courtain in fortification.*
Courtisan, *f. m. A courtier.*
Courtisane, *f. f. Curtezan, a mistress; † a crack, a whore.*
Courtisé, *ée, adj. Courted.*
Courtiser, *v. a. To court one, to make one's court to.*
Courtois, oise, *adj. Courteous, civil, affable, kind.*
† Courtoisement, *adv. Courteously, civilly, kindly.*
Courtoisie, *subst. f. Courtesy, civility.* ♣ (Bon office,) *courtesy, kindness or good turn.*
Couru, ue, *adj. Run after, pursued, chased, hunted, &c.* V. Courir, v. a.
Cousin, *f. m. Cousin.* Cousin germain, *cousin german or first cousin.* Cousin issu de germain, *second cousin.* ♣ Cousin, (moucheron,) *a kind of gnat, a midge.*

Cousinage, *f. m. The being ♣ cousin, relation; ♣ kindred, relations.*
Cousin, *f. f. A cousin, a she-cousin.* V. Cousin, *masc.*
† Cousiner, *v. act. To cousin, to call cousin.*
Cousoir, *f. m. A sowing press.*
Couslin, *f. m. (ou carreau.) Cushion.* ♣ (Oreiller,) *a pillow.* ♣ Couslin de beau-pré, *pillow of the bow-sprit.* ♣ Cousins des bittes, *the fir-lining or doubling of the bits.*
Couslinet, *f. m. A bag. Couslinet de senteur, a sweet bag.* ♣ — de cheval, *a pad.*
Coût, *f. m. (ce qu'une chose coûte.) Cost, price, charge.*
Coufou, ue, *adjectif. (from coudre.) Sowed, stitched, &c.* * † Il est tout coufou de pistoles, *he is well lined, he is full of gold.* * † Mais bouche coufou, *but mum, or but mum is the word; or* * † *but not a word of the pudding, be sure you keep counsel.*
Coûtant, *adj. m. (prix coûtant,) the price that a thing stands in.*
Couteau, *f. m. (instrument à couper.) A knife.* ♣ Couteau de chasse, (coutelas,) *a wood-knife, a hanger.* * † Ils sont aux couteaux tirés, ** † they are at daggers drawing.* ♣ Roue en couteau, *a cog-mill.*
Coutelas, *f. m. A hanger.*
Coutelier, ere, *f. A cutler.*
Coutelière, *f. f. A case of knives.*
Coutellerie, *f. f. A making of knives.*
Coûter, *v. n. To cost, to stand in.* ♣ (Être cause de dépense,) *to cost, to be dear, chargeable, painful or troublesome.* Cet ouvrage lui a coûté bien du temps, *that piece of work has cost him a great deal of time.* La gloire coûte à acquérir, *the purchase of glory is a dear purchase.* Les honneurs coûtent à qui veut les posséder, *P. Much worship, much cost.* Il lui en coûte beaucoup

COU

d'avoir été absent, *he pays dear for his absence.* * L'argent ne lui coûte guere, *he throws his money away, he knows not the value of money.* Quand il fait l'amour rien ne lui coûte, *when he is in love, he does not care what he spends or he thinks nothing dear.* * Tout lui coûte, *he does every thing against the grain.* * Jamais résolution ne m'a tant coûté à prendre, *I never was so long resolving about any thing.*
Coutil, *subst. m. Tens cloth, ticking.*
Coutre, *f. m. Coulter, plough-hare.*
Coutume, *f. f. Custom, way or habit.* Avoir coutume, *to be wont, to use.* Il en use comme de coutume, *he does just as he used to do.* Plus que de coutume, *more than ordinary.* * Coutume, (usage,) *custom, usage, use.* * (Droit municipal,) *custom or common-law.* * (Livre qui contient le droit coutumier,) *a common law-book.* * (Certains droits & impôts,) *custom or toll.*
Coutumier, *ere, adj. Customary, accustomed, common, ordinary.* * Droit coutumier, *common-law.* Pays coutumier, *a country that governs itself by custom or by the common-law.*
Coutumier, *f. m. A common law-book.*
Couture, *f. f. A seam.* * Sowing, *stitching.* * † Ils furent défait à plate couture, *they were utterly defeated or totally routed.* * Couture, (cicatrice,) *seam or scar.*
Couturiere, *f. f. A seamstress; a woman taylor, a mantua-maker.*
Couvé, *ée, adj. Sit on, &c. V. Couver.*
Couvée, *subst. f. A course of eggs; a brood.*
Couvent, *f. m. Convent.*
Couver, *v. a. To brood or sit on.* * — de mauvais desseins, *to brood, hatch or brew ill design.* * — une maladie, *to brood a distemper,*

COU

* † **Couver**, *v. n. To warm one's self as dutch women do with a stove under their coats.* * (Être caché,) *to lie or to be hid, to lurk, to lie lurking.*
Couvercle, *f. m. A cover, a lid.* Couvercle à pot, *a pot-lid.*
Couvert, *erte, adj. Covered, &c. V. Couvrir.* * Pays couvert, *a woody country.* * Lieu couvert, *a shady place.* * Couvert, (vêtu,) *clad or clothed.* * Couvert de plaies, *full of wounds.* * Couvert de honte, *loaded with infamy or shame.* * Couvert, (caché,) *close, hidden, hid, secret.* * Temps couvert, *cloudy, dark or overcast weather.* * Couvert, (dissimulé,) *close, reserved, dissimbling.* * Mots couverts, *paroles couvertes, dark, obscure or ambiguous words.* * Vin couvert, *deep or full-bodied wine.* * Il étoit couvert de sueur, *he was all over in a sweat.*
Couvert, *f. m. The cloth; a cover, a plate with a napkin, knife, fork and spoon.* * (Logement, retraite,) *cover, shelter, roof, lodging.* * (lieu planté d'arbres,) *cover, thicket, a shady place.*
A couvert, *adverb. Under a cover or shelter.* * Se mettre à couvert, *to shelter or secure one's self from.* * Mettre son bien à couvert, *to secure one's estate.* Être à couvert de quelque danger, *to be sheltered, to be secure or free from a danger.*
Couvertement, *adv. Covertly, closely, secretly, in secret, privately.*
Couverture, *f. f. A cover.* * Couverture de lit, *a covering or coverlet.* * Faire la couverture, *to lay the bed down.* * Couverture de laine, *a blanket.* * Couverture velue, *a rug.* * Couverture de maison, *the roof of a house.* * Couverture, (prétexte,) *cover, cloak, pretence, blind, colour.*

CRA 133

Couverturier, *f. m. A makes or seller of bed coverings.*
Couveuse, *f. f. That broods or sits on eggs.*
Couvi, *adj. m. Ex. Œuf couvi, a rotten egg.*
Couvre-chef, *f. m. Kerchief.*
Couvre-feu, *f. m. A hollow piece of iron or brass, set before the fire to reflect the heat thereof upon the meat on the spit; a curfew or curfew-bell.*
Couvreur, *f. m. A bricklayer or tiler.* Couvreur en ardoise, *a flater.* Couvreur en chaume, *a thatcher.*
Couvrir, *verb. act. To cover.* * (Tenir secret,) *to cover, hide, conceal, to keep close or secret.* * (Dissimuler,) *to cover, cloak, colour, palliate, dissimble or disguise.* * (Remplir,) *to cover; load, charge or fill.* * Couvrir une muraille de marbre, *to line or to do over a wall with marble.* * Couvrir quelqu'un, *to drown one, to obscure his merit.* * Couvrir d'or quelque chose, *to overlay a thing with gold.* * Couvrir une cavale, (en parlant d'un cheval,) *to leap or horse a mare.* * Couvrir une chienne, (en parlant d'un chien,) *to line a bitch.* † Couvrir la joue à quelqu'un, *to give one a box on the ear or a slap over the face.*
Se couvrir, *v. r. (mettre son chapeau.) To put one's hat on, to be covered.* * Se couvrir d'honneur & de gloire, *to get much honour and praise.* * Le ciel commence à se couvrir, *the sky begins to be overcast.*
Crabe, *subst. m. A crab or lobster.*
Crac, *f. Crack, a cracking noise.*
Crachat, *f. m. Spitte.*
† Craché, *ée, adj. Spit.* * † C'étoit lui tout craché, *he was as like him as if he had been spit out of his mouth.*
Crachement, *f. m. Spitting or spawling.*
Cracher, *v. act. To spit or spit out, to spawl.* * † Cracher au bassin, *to contribute, to*

134 C R A

club. * — au nez de quel-
qu'un, *to spit in one's face.*
* — des injures, *to rail*
or abuse, to call names.
Cracheur, *f. m. Cracheuse,*
f. f. Spitter, a spitting, a
spawling man or woman.
Crachoir, *f. m. Spitting-box*
or pot.
Crachotement, *f. m. Sputter-*
ing, spitting often.
Crachoter, *v. n. To sputter,*
to spit often.
Craie, *f. f. Chalk.*
Craier, *f. m. A vessel of the*
Baltick sea.
Craindre, *v. a. To fear,*
dread or apprehend, to be
afraid of, to stand in awe
or fear of. Se faire craindre,
to make one's self to be fea-
red, to keep in awe. Il est
à craindre, it is to be fea-
red.
Craint, ainte, *adj. Feared.*
Crainte, *f. f. Fear, apprehen-*
sion, awe. Crainte de ou
de crainte de ou de crainte
que, for fear, left.
Craintif, ive, *adj. Fearful,*
afraid, timorous; bashful,
cowardly.
† Craintivement, *adv. Fear-*
fully, timorously, cowardly.
Cramoisi, *f. m. Crimson or*
grain colour. Teint en cra-
moisi, died in grain.
Cramoisi, ie, *adj. Crimson,*
*of a crimson hue. * † Sot en*
cramoisi, a fool in grain.
Crampe, *subst. f. ou goutte-*
crampe. Cramp.
Crampon, *f. m. Cramp-iron,*
a hook. Crampons de fer de
cheval, the frost-nails of a
horse-shoe.
Cramponné, ée, *adj. Fastened*
with a cramp-iron.
Cramponner, *v. a. To fasten*
with a cramp-iron.
Cran, *f. m. A notch.*
Crâne, *f. m. Skull, the brain-*
pan.
Crapaud, *f. m. A toad.*
Crapaudaille, *subst. f. Thin*
crape.
Crapaudine, *f. f. Toadstone.*
* (Herbe,) *ironwort; * the*
sole or square piece of
iron, &c. wherein the pivot
plays or turns in the bottom
*of a gate. * (Maladie de*

C R A

cheval,) *malalong or mali-*
worm, a horse's disease.
Crapule, *f. f. Drunkenness.*
Crapuler, *v. n. To fuddle or*
drink hard.
Craquelin, *f. m. Cracknel or*
crackling, a sort of cake.
Craquement, *f. m. Crack,*
cracking noise.
Craquer, *v. n. To crack. Faire*
craquer les doigts, to make
one's fingers snap.
Craqueter, *v. n. To crackle. **
J'entends craqueter le ton-
nerre, I hear cracks of thun-
der.
Craffe, *f. f. Filth, nastiness,*
*a grease. * La craffe de la*
*tête, the dandriff. * La*
craffe des métaux, the scum
*or dross of any metal. * La*
craffe du college ou de
l'école, the rudeness, rusti-
city or clownishness of the
school.
Craffe, *adj. Gross, thick,*
coarse.
Craffeux, euse, *adj. & subst.*
Nasty, filthy, full of nasti-
ness, greasy, rusty. Cha-
peau craffeux, a greasy
hat.
Cravate, *f. f. A cravat or*
neckcloth.
Cravate, *f. m. A croat, a sort*
*of trooper. * (Cheval de*
Croatie,) a horse of Croatia.
Crayon, *f. m. A pencil or*
*crayon; * a picture in one*
colour or drawn with crayons;
** picture or description of a*
*person. * (Ebauche,) the*
chalking, first draught or
delineation of a picture, a
sketch.
Crayonné, ée, *adj. Chalked,*
&c. V. Crayonner.
Crayonner, *v. a. To chalk or*
to draw with crayons or with
*a pencil. * (Dessiner gros-*
sièrement,) to chalk or
sketch.
Créance, *f. f. Trust, secret.*
Lettres de créance. Creden-
*tials, credential letters. **
Créance, (dette active,)
debt, money owing.
Créancier, *f. m. Créanciere,*
f. f. A creditor.
Créat, *f. m. An usher or a*
riding master.
Créateur, *f. m. Creator. **

C R E

Recevoir son Créateur, *to*
receive the communion.
Création, *f. f. Creation.*
Créature, *f. f. Creature, crea-*
*ted being. * (Personne,)*
creature, person, man or
woman.
Crécelle, *f. f. A rattle.*
Crécerelle, *f. f. (oiseau de*
proie.) Kestrel.
Creche, *f. f. A manger, † a*
crib or † cratch.
Crédence, *f. f. A little cup-*
board near the Altar, where
the Church plate is kept.
Crédibilité, *f. f. Credibility.*
Crédit, *f. m. Credit, trust.*
Prendre ou acheter à crédit,
to buy or take upon trust,
† to take upon tick. Vendre
ou donner à crédit ou faire
crédit à quelqu'un, to trust
*one, to give him credit. **
A crédit, (en vain,) to no
*purpose. * Crédit, (répu-*
tation,) credit, name,
esteem, reputation, power.
Dire quelque chose à cré-
*dit, (sans fondement,) **
to speak without book, to
say a thing without ground,
to speak at random.
Crédule, *adj. Credulous, easy*
of belief.
Crédulité, *subst. f. Credulity,*
lightness or rashness of
belief.
Crée, ée, *adj. Created.*
Créer, verb. *a. To create. **
Créer des dettes, to con-
tract debts, turn into debt.
** Créer une rente, une pen-*
sion, to settle a rent or
annuity.
Crémaillere, *f. f. Pot-hanger.*
Crémaillon, *f. m. A hook that*
is hooked to the pot-hanger.
Creme, *f. f. Cream.*
Crémer, *v. n. To cream.*
Créneau, *subst. m. Pinnacle,*
battlement.
Crénelé, ée, *adj. Crenellad*
or embattled in heraldry.
Créneler, *v. a. To make into*
*battlement; * to indent, to*
notch.
Crêpe, *f. m. Crape; * a moun-*
ning hat-band.
Crêpé, ée, *adj. Crisped,*
frizzled, curled.
Crêper, *v. a. To crisp, frizzle*
or curl.

CRE

Crépi, *subst. mas. Rough cast.*
Crépin, *Saint - Crépin. St. Crispin, the shoemaker's Saint. * † Saint - Crépin, (tous les outils d'un garçon cordonnier,) all the tools or trade of a journeyman shoemaker. * † (Tout le vaillant d'une pauvre personne,) a poor body's whole substance.*
Crépine, *f. f. Fringe.*
Crépir, *v. a. To rough-cast or parget.*
Crépissure, *f. f. The parget or rough-cast of walls.*
Crépodaïlle. *Voy. Crapaudaïlle.*
Crépon, *f. m. (from crépe.) Crape.*
Crépu, *ue, adj. Curled, crisp or crisped, frizzled.*
Crépuscule, *f. m. Twilight, crepuscule.*
Cresson, *f. m. Cresses.*
Cressonniere, *f. f. Cress-bed.*
Crête, *f. f. A cock's or hen's comb; * cop or tuft; * crest. * Crête de morue, a certain piece of stock-fish taken off from the back. * Crête-marine, (plante,) samphire.*
Crété, *ée, adj. That has a comb or tuft, tufted.*
† Cravaille, *f. f. (repas où l'on mange avec excès.) Guttling, stuffing.*
Crevasse, *f. f. Chap, chink, crevice, gap. * (Maladie de cheval,) cratches or rat's tails in a horse's legs.*
Crevasser, *v. a. To chap.*
Crevasser, *se crevasser, v. r. To crack, split, chap, chink or gape.*
Crévé, *ée, adj. Burst, &c. V. Crever.*
Creve-cœur, *f. m. Grief of heart, great trouble, heart-breaking.*
Crever, *v. n. To burst. * (Mourir,) to die. * Crever de chaud, to be extremely hot. * — de graisse, to be extremely fat. * — de biens, to abound in or with riches. * — de rire, to split one's sides with laughing.*
Crever, *v. a. To burst, tear,*

CRI

*rend or break. * Crever les yeux à quelqu'un, to put out one's eyes. * Crever un cheval, to kill a horse. * † Cela vous creve les yeux, that lies under your nose or before you, you cannot but see it.*
Se crever, *v. r. To crack or burst, &c. Se crever de boire & de manger, to ram or stuff one's self or one's guts till one bursts.*
Creusé, *ée, adj. Dug, digged, &c.*
Creuser, *v. act. To dig, to hollow or make hollow. * Creuser une affaire, to dive into a business, to sift or examine it thoroughly. * Creuser un port, to deepen a port.*
Creuset, *f. m. Crucible.*
Creux, *euse, adj. Hollow. * Fossé fort creux, a very deep ditch. * Ventre creux, an empty belly. * Creux, (visionnaire,) foolish, airy, extravagant, fantastical, chimerical.*
Creux, *f. m. Hole, pit, hollow, hollowness, cavity. * † Je ne puis arracher cela du creux de ma cervelle, I can't get it out of my brains. * Creux d'un vaisseau, the depth of the hold of a ship.*
Cri, *f. m. Cry, loud voice, clamour; * shriek, screek, screeking, squeaking. * Cri de joie, shout, shouting, acclamations, hurra, hollowness. * Faire ou jeter des cris, to cry out.*
† Criailier, *v. n. To bawl, to clamour, to scold. Une femme qui ne fait que criailier, a bawling or scolding woman, a scold.*
† Criailerie, *f. f. Clamours, a bawling, scolding or clamouring.*
† Criailleur, *f. m. Criailleuse, f. f. A bawler, a bawling man or woman.*
Criard, *arde, adj. Clamorous, noisy, bawling, scolding.*
Criard, *subst. masc. Criede, substant. fém. A bawler or squawler.*
Crible, *f. m. A sieve.*

CRI 135

Criblé, *ée, adj. Sifted. * Un vaisseau criblé, a ship dammed or full of holes.*
Cribler, *v. a. To sift. * Cribler de coups, to shoot through and through in twenty places.*
Cribleur, *f. m. A sifter.*
Cribleux, *adj. m. Ex. Os cribleux, sieve-like bone.*
Criblure, *f. f. Siftings.*
Cric, *f. m. An engine used to lift up burdens.*
Cric-crac. *Crick.*
Criée, *f. f. An outcry or portale.*
Crier, *v. n. To cry, to cry out, to bawl. * — de joie, to shout, to hollow. * — de peur, to squawl, squeak or shriek out for fear. * Les boyaux lui crient, his guts or bowels grumble. † Porte ou roue qui crie, a door or wheel that creaks or squeaks. * Crier, (se plaindre,) to complain or clamour. * Crier contre quelqu'un ou contre quelque chose, to cry down, to inveigh or exclaim against one or a thing.*
Crier, *v. a. To scold as; * to cry or proclaim. * Crier haro sur quelqu'un ou sur quelque chose, (l'arrêter,) to seize one or a thing. * Crier haro sur quelqu'un, (faire rumeur contre lui,) to pursue one with hue and cry.*
Crierie, *f. f. Cry, clamour, scolding, bawling.*
Crieur, *f. m. Crieuse, f. f. A crier or bawler. Crieur public, a common crier.*
Crime, *f. m. Crime, foul deed, fault or offence. Crime de lèse-majesté au premier ou au second chef, High treason.*
Criminaliser une affaire, *v. a. To make a cause or case criminal or capital.*
Criminel, *elle, adj. Criminal, guilty.*
Un criminel, *subst. m. A criminal, a malefactor, an offender.*
Criminellement, *adv. Criminally. * Pour suivre quelqu'un criminellement,*

prosecute one capitally or as a malefactor. ♣ Expliquer criminellement quelque chose, *to put an ill construction upon a thing.*

Crin, *f. m.* Hair.

Crinier, *f. f.* Mane.

Crique, *f. f.* Bight or cove; a creek.

Criquet, *f. m.* A tit or little horse.

Crise, *f. f.* Crisis.

Cristal, *f. m.* Crystal.

Cristallin, *ine, adj.* Crystalline. Le cristallin, (l'une des trois humeurs de l'œil,) the crystalline humour.

Cristalliser, *v. a.* To crystallize.

Critique, *adj.* Critical.

Critique, *f. m.* A critick; * a fault-finder.

Critique, *f. f.* Criticks. ♣ (Dissertation sur un ouvrage d'esprit,) criticisms, critical dissertations. ♣ (Censure,) censure.

Critiqué, *ée, adj.* Criticised.

Critiquer, *v. a.* To criticise or examine. ♣ (Censurer,) to criticise upon, to censure, to find fault with.

Croassement, *f. m.* Croaking.

Croasser, *v. n.* To croak.

Croc, *f. m.* A hook, a tenter.

* † Pendre l'épée au croc, *to leave off wearing of a sword.* * † Ce différent demeure pendu au croc, *that difference remains undecided.*

♣ Crocs pour accrocher un navire, a grapple or grappling iron. ♣ Croc de capon, cat-hook. Croc de pailan, tackle-hook.

Croc-en-jambe, *f. m.* Trip or the tripping up one's heels. Donner le croc-en-jambe à quelqu'un, *to trip up one's heels, to give one a trip or fall.*

Croche, *f. f.* A crochet or quaver, in music. Double croche, a semiquaver.

Crochet, *f. m.* A hook. ♣ (Terme d'imprimerie,) a brace, a crochet, a parenthesis. ♣ Crochet de diamans, a crochet of diamonds. ♣ Crochet, (pour ouvrir les serrures,) a pick-lock. ♣ Clou à crochet, a tenter-

hook. ♣ Crochet, (peson,) a steel-yard, a Roman balance. ♣ Crochets de portefaix, the French porters device to carry burdens with.

Crocheté, *ée, adj.* Picked open.

Crocheter, *v. a.* To pick, to pick open.

Crocheteur, *f. m.* A porter, a street-porter. ♣ Crocheteur de serrures, a pick-lock.

Crochu, *ue, adj.* Hooked, crooked. * † Il a les mains crochues, *he is tight fingered.*

Crocodile, *f. m.* A crocodile.

Crocus. *V.* Safran.

Croire, *v. a.* To believe, to hold it to be true. ♣ Croire quelqu'un, *to be ruled by one.* ♣ (Croire, penser, estimer,) to believe, think, make account, suppose or imagine.

Croisade, *f. f.* (from Croix.) Crusade, the holy war.

Croisé, *ée, adj.* Cross, laid cross.

Croisé, *f. m.* A croise, one of the crusade.

Croisée, *f. f.* The cross-work of wood or stone of a casement. ♣ (Fenêtre en général,) a window or casement. ♣ Croisée d'une ancre, cross of an anchor.

Croiser, *v. a.* To cross, to lay cross or cross-wise. ♣ (En parlant des navires,) to cruise. ♣ Croiser une écriture, *to cross or strike out a writing.*

Se croiser, *v. r.* To lie cross or cross-wise, to cross one another; ♣ to take upon one the cross for the holy war. ♣ Chemins ou lignes qui se croisent, cross ways or lines.

Croisette, *f. f.* (plante.) Crosswort.

Croisière, *f. f.* Cruising latitude.

Croissillon, *f. m.* Cross-bar.

Croissance, *f. f.* Growth or growing bigger. Age de croissance, growing age.

Croissant, *f. m.* A crescent or half moon. ♣ Croissant de cheminée, a chimney-hook.

Croître, *v. n.* To grow or grow

up, to grow tall. ♣ (Augmenter,) to grow or increase. ♣ (Multiplier,) to increase or multiply.

Croix, *f. f.* Cross, gibbet, gallows. ♣ Mettre une chose en croix, *to put a thing cross-wise.* Avoir les jambes en croix, *to sit cross-legged.* * † Il faut faire la croix à la cheminée, *we must make a cross.* ♣ Prendre la croix. *V.* Se croifer.

Croix-de-par-dieu, *subst. f.* (l'a b c,) Cross-row or cross-cross-row, the abaco or alphabet.

† Croquant, *f. m.* A beggar, a pitiful wretch or fellow.

Croquer, *v. n.* To crack, crunch or crackle.

Croquer, *v. a.* To crack, to crunch or crunch. ♣ (Manger avidement,) to eat hastily, to claw off viands.

Croquer un dessein, *to trick a design, to make the first draught of a picture.* * † Croquer le marmot, *to dance attendance, to wait.*

Croquet, *f. m.* A thin and hard piece of ginger-bread that crunches in one's teeth.

Croquignole, *f. f.* A rap with the fingers over the head.

Crosse, *f. f.* Crozier, a Bishop's staff; ♣ A gaff-stick, a bandy or a bat, for boys to play with at cricket. Jouer à la crosse, *to play at gaff or cricket.* ♣ Crosse de mousquet, the butt end of a musket.

Croisé, *ée, adj.* Ex. Un Abbé croisé & mitré, an Abbot that has the crozier-staff and mitre.

Crossier, *v. n.* To play at cricket.

Croisseur, *f. m.* (qui croisse.) A cricket-player.

Crotte, *f. f.* Dirt. ♣ Crotte (ou fiente) de souris, the dung of mice. ♣ — de brebis, treading or treading of sheep. ♣ — de lapin ou de lièvre, crotels of a rabbit or hare.

Crotté, *ée, adj.* Dirty, be-daggled. Il fait bien crotté dans les rues, *'tis very dirty in the streets.*

CRO

Crotter, *v. a.* To dirt, to bedaggle with dirt.
Crotin, *f. m.* Dang.
Croulant, ante, *adj.* That shakes.
Croulement, *f. m.* The sinking of a building, &c.
Crouler, *v. n.* To sink, crumple. Terre marécageuse qui croule sous les pieds, a marshy ground that sinks under one's feet.
Croulier, ere, *adj.* Boggy, sinking.
Croupade, *f. f.* Crupade, a bouncing of a horse.
Croupe, *f. f.* (d'une montagne.) The top or brow of a hill. ♣ Croupe de cheval, the buttocks of a horse. ♣ Mettre en croupe, to take one up behind on horseback. Etre en croupe, monter en croupe, to ride behind another on the same horse. ♣ Cheval qui porte en croupe, a horse that carries double.
Croupi. *V.* the verb Croupir.
Croupier, *f. m.* A croupier or croop, an assistant to a banker, at basset or pharaon.
Croupiere, *f. f.* Crupper, a horse-crupper. * † Tailler des croupieres à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. ♣ Croupiere, a stern - fast. Mouiller en croupiere, to cast an anchor by the stern.
Croupion, *f. m.* The rump of a fowl; ♣ the rump or arse.
Croupir, *v. n.* To stand or stand still, as water, &c. * (Demeurer long-temps,) to live or abide in sin or idleness.
Croupissant, ante, *adj.* Standing.
Croustille, *f. f.* A crust, a little crust.
† **Croustiller**, *v. n.* To eat a crust.
† **Croustilleusement**, *adverb.* Pleasantly, comically.
† **Croustilleux**, euse, *adjective.* Pleasant, comical.
Crouûte, *f. fem.* Crust. ♣ (ou Gale,) the scurf or scab. ♣ (Incrustation, piece de rapport incrustée,) piece of inlaid work.
Crouûton, *f. m.* A crust.
Croyable, *adj.* Credible, to be believed or credited.

CRU

Croyance, *f. f.* Faith, belief. ♣ (Sentiment, opinion,) belief, opinion, thoughts.
Croyant, *f. m.* A believer, a faithful.
Cru, crue, *adj.* (from croître.) Grown, increased, &c. *V.* Croître.
Cru, crue, *adj.* (from croire.) Believed.
Cru, *f. m.* (terroir où quelque chose croît.) Growth. Ex. Boire du vin de son cru, to drink wine of one's own growth or vineyard.
Cru, crue, *adj.* Raw. * (Fâcheux,) blunt, hard. * (Informe,) raw, imperfect, undigested. ♣ Botté à cru, booted without stockings. ♣ Aller à cheval à cru, to ride on horseback without a saddle.
Cruauté, *f. f.* (inhumanité.) Cruelty, barbarity, inhumanity. * (Dureté, rigueur,) cruelty, ill usage, rigour, hardness, inflexible temper. ♣ C'est une cruauté ou une étrange cruauté, 'tis very hard, 'tis a grievous thing.
Cruche, *f. f.* A pitcher, a water-pot.
Cruchon, *f. m.* A little pitcher.
Crucifié, ée, *adj.* Crucified.
Crucifiement, *f. m.* Crucifixion.
Crucifier, *v. a.* To crucify, to nail on or to the cross, to hang.
Crucifix, *f. m.* A Crucifix. * Mangeur de Crucifix, a devourer of Crucifixes, a great bigot.
Crudité, *f. f.* Crudity, rawness. ♣ (Indigestion,) crudity, indigestion.
Crue, *f. f.* (augmentation.) Increase, growing, growth, addition.
Cruel, elle, *adj.* Cruel, inhuman, fierce, hard, barbarous. ♣ (Fâcheux,) cruel, grievous, hard, painful. ♣ Elle n'est pas trop cruelle, she is kind enough.
Cruellement, *adv.* Cruelly, grievously, barbarously, inhumanly, fiercely. Faire mourir quelqu'un cruellement, to put one to cruel death.

CUI 137

Crument, *adv.* Bluntly, rashly, inconsiderately.
Cruzade, *f. fem.* Cruzado, a Portuguese money.
Cu. *V.* Cul.
Cube, *f. m.* A cube.
Cube ou Cubique, *adj.* Cubic, cubical.
Cucurbite, *f. f.* Cucurbit, a chymical vessel.
Cueille, *f. f.* Harvest. ♣ (Amas de deniers,) a gathering.
Cueilleur, *f. m.* Ex. Cueilleur de pommes, a gatherer of apples.
Cueilli, ie, *adj.* Gathered.
Cueillir, *v. a.* To gather.
Cueilloir, *f. m.* A fruit-basket.
Cuiller, *f. f.* Spoon. Cuiller couverte, mad spoon. ♣ Cuiller à pot, a pot-ladle. — à brai, a pitch-ladle. — à canon, a gunner's ladle. — de pompe, a pump-borer.
Cuillerée, *subst. f.* A spoonful.
Cuilleron, *f. m.* The bowl of a spoon.
Cuir, *f. m.* Leather, skin, hide. * † Visage de cuir bouilli, a wainscot face. P. Faire du cuir d'autrui large courroie, to be free of another man's purse. ♣ Cuirs verts, raw hides.
Cuirasse, *f. f.* A cuirass.
Cuirassier, *f. m.* A cuirassier, a horseman armed with a cuirass.
Cuire, *v. a.* To do, to boil, bake, roast, &c. to dress any victuals. ♣ (Digérer,) to concoct or digest. ♣ (En parlant du soleil qui mûrit les fruits,) to ripen.
Cuire, *v. n.* To boil, to be a baking, boiling, roasting; ♣ to smart or to make smart. La main me cuit, my hand smarts.
Cuisant, ante, *adj.* Sharp, smart, smarting, violent.
Cuisine, *f. f.* Kitchen. Faire la cuisine, to dress meat. * Chargé de cuisine, (gras,) fat, burly, foggy. * † Latin de cuisine, coarse Latin, law Latin.
† **Cuisiner**, *v. n.* To dress meat, to cook.

Un maître à danser, *a dancing-master*. * † Il ne fait sur quel pied danser, *he does not know which way to turn himself, he is at his wit's end, he is put to his last shifts*.

Danseur, *euse*, *f. m. & f. A dancer*.

Dard, *f. m. A dart, a javelin*. * *A harpoon*. * Dard à feu, *fire-arrow*.

Darder, *v. a. To dart, shoot or sling out*. * Le soleil darde ses rayons, *the sun casts its beams*.

Dariole, *f. f. A custards*.

‡ Dariolette, *f. f. A carrier of love messages*.

Darne, *f. f. A slice, cut or piece of some fish*.

Darfe, *f. f. A wet dock*.

Dartre, *f. f. A tetter, a ringworm*. * Dartre farineuse, *morphew*.

Dataire, *f. m. Datary, the Chancellor of Rome*.

Date, *f. f. The date of a writing*.

Daté, *ée*, *adj. Dated*.

Dater, *v. a. To date*.

Daterie, *f. f. The Datary's office*.

Datif, *f. m. Dative, the dative case*.

Datte, *f. f. (fruit du palmier.) Date*.

Dattier, *V. Palmier*.

Davantage, *adv. More, more on't, more than that, over and above*.

Daube, *f. f. A kind of seasoning*.

‡ Dauber, *verb. act. To cuff, to bang*. * † (railler,) *to jeer, to banter*.

Davied, *f. m. the davit in a long boat*.

Davier, *f. m. A pincer to draw out teeth withal*.

Dauphin, *f. m. Dolphin, a sea-fish; the Dolphin or Dauphin, the eldest son of the King of France*.

D'autant, *V. Autant*.

De, *prep. (qui marque le génitif ou l'ablatif.) Of, from*.

* De, (étant mis devant l'infinitif d'un verbe,) *to, of*. * De tout mon cœur, *with all my heart*. * De nuit, *in the night*. De jour,

in the day-time. De grand matin, *early in the morning*.

* Vivre de poisson, *to live upon fish*. * Il est respecté

de (ou par) tout le monde, *he is respected by all the world*. * Sauter de joie,

to leap for joy. * De grace, *I pray you, I beg it of you*.

* Se moquer de quelqu'un, *to laugh at one*. * De quoi

vous mettez-vous en peine ? *what do you trouble yourself about ? what need you care ?* * De, (signifiant quelque,) *some*. De l'eau, *some water*. De la

toile, *some cloth*.

R. But sometimes De is not expressed in English, as in the following or like expressions.

Affez d'argent. *Money enough*.

Trop de vin, *too much wine*.

Beaucoup d'honneur, *much honour*. De bonne viande,

good meat. De bon vin, *good wine*. La vertu a ceci

de propre, *virtue has this property*. Ce sot d'Officier,

that foolish Officer. Mon coquin de valet, *my rascally servant*. Il ne reviendra

de dix ans, *he will not come back these ten years*. Je viens

de lui parler, *I spoke just now with him*. Il ne fait que

de sortir d'ici, *he is but just gone from hence*. Il n'est rien

de tel, *there is no such thing*.

De bien en mieux, *better and better*. De mal en pis,

worse and worse. De deux

jours l'un, *every other day*.

De trois en trois ans, *every third year*. Dans un an d'ici,

a year hence. De par le Roi,

by the King. De ce que,

that. De la forte, *so*. De plus, *moreover*. En moins

de rien, *in a trice*. En moins de deux heures, *in less than two hours*.

* De, lorsqu'il est entre deux substantifs, s'exprime ordinairement de cette manière en Anglois.

La maison de mon pere, *My father's house*. Le fils d'Alexandre, *Alexander's son*.

Alexander his son.

* De, marquant la matiere,

se rend presque toujours ainsi : Chandelie de cire, *a wax-candle*. Pont de pierre,

stone-bridge. * On l'exprime de même lorsqu'il signifie l'usage. Ex. Carrosse de

louage, *a hackney coach*. * ou la qualité. Ex. Femme

de vertu, *a virtuous woman*. Homme de bien, *a*

good man.

Dé, *f. m. (à jouer,) A die*.

Piper les dés, *to cog the dice*. * † Tenir toujours le

dé dans la conversation, *to engross all the talk to one's self in conversation*. * Le dé

en est jeté, *'tis a thing resolved on*. * † Sans flatter

le dé, *roundly, plainly, without making things better than they are*. * Dé, (instrument dont on se cou-

vre le doigt en cousant,) *a thimble*.

Débâcle, *f. f. Débâclement*.

f. m. The breaking of the frost in a river that was

frozen up. * Débâcle d'un

port, *the clearing of a haven*.

Débâcler, *v. n. To break as the frost does*.

† Débâcler, *v. a. To clear, to open*.

Débâcleur, *subst. m. A water-bailif*.

† Débâgouler, *v. a. To blurs or blab out, to talk fillity*.

Déballé, *ée*, *adj. Unpacked*.

Déballer, *verb. neutre. To unpack*.

Débandade, *f. f. Fuir à la*

débandade, to fly helter-skelter. Marcher à la déban-

dade, to straggle or go a straggling. * Vivre à la dé-

bandade, to lead a loose, disorderly life. * Mettre

tout à la débandade, *to leave all at random*.

Débandé, *ée*, *adj. Untied, &c. V. the verb*.

Débander, *v. a. To untie un-*

bind or loosen. * — (Déten-

dre) un arc, to unbend a bow. * Débander un pis-

toilet, to uncock a pistol.

Se débander, *v. r. (se détendre,) to slacken or grow loose*. * (Parlant

des soldats,) *to disband*.

DEB

to *disperse*, to *quit one's rank*.

Débaptiser, *v. a.* To *unchristen*, to *renounce one's baptism*.

Débarbouillé, *éc, adj.* *Clean*, washed or made clean.

Débarbouiller, *v. a.* To *clean* to wash or make clean.

Débardage, *f. m.* *Unlading*.

Débardé, *éc, adj.* *Unladen*.

Débardier, *v. a.* To *unlade* wood.

Débardeur, *f. m.* A *lighterman*, a porter that belongs to a lighter for the unlading of it.

Débarqué, *éc, adj.* *Disembarked*, &c. according to the verb.

Débarquement, *f. m.* *Disembarking*, *landing*. Troupes de débarquement, *landing forces*.

Débarquer, *v. act.* To *disembark*, to *land*; & to *unlade* or *unload*.

Débarquer, *v. n.* To *land*, to *debar*.

Débarraffé, *éc, adj.* Got clear, got out, disentangled or disentangled, &c.

Débarraffer, *v. a.* To *clear* or *get clear*, to *free* or *get out*, to *disentangle* or *disentangle*, to *rid* of or from, to *disengage*, in a proper and figurative sense.

Débarre, *éc, adj.* *Unbarred*.

Débarrier, *v. act.* To *unbar*.

Débat, *f. m.* *Debate*, *strife*, *contention*, *quarrel*, *contest*, *dispute*, *altercation*, *controversy*.

Débaté, *éc, adj.* *Unsaddled*, rid of the pack-saddle.

Débâter, *verb. act.* To *unsaddle*, to *take off* the pack-saddle.

Débatte, *v. a.* To *debate*, *dispute* or *examine*; & to *dispute*, *strive*, *contend*, *fail* out or *quarrel*.

Se débattre, *v. r.* To *struggle*, to *strive*, to *to*.

Débatu, *ue, adj.* *Debated*, &c. according to the verb.

Débauche, *f. f.* *Debauch* or *debauchery*. Faire débauche, to *drink*, to *drink hard*.

Débauché, *éc, adj.* *Debauched*, *loose*, *lewd*, *given*

DEB

to *debauchery*. Un débauché, a *debauchee*.

Débaucher, *v. a.* To *debauch*, *spoil* or *deprave*. & Débaucher quelqu'un de son travail, to *take one off* from his work. & Débaucher un valet, to *get* or *intice* away a servant. & Débaucher, (corrompre par argent,) to *corrupt* or *bribe*.

Se débaucher, *v. r.* To *debauch one's self*, to *follow ill courses*. & (Quitter le travail,) to *leave off one's work*.

Débet, *subst. m. Ex.* Le débet d'un compte, the *debtor* in an account.

Débiffer, *v. a.* To *debilitate*, to *disorder*. Il est tout débiffé, he is *quite out* of sorts.

Débile, *adj.* *Weak*, *feeble*, *saint*, *infirm*.

Débilement, *adv.* *Faintly*, *weakly* or *feebly*.

Débilitation, *f. f.* *Debilitation*, *weakening*, *enfeebling*.

Débilité, *subst. f.* *Debility*, *febleness*, *weakness*, *saintness*, *infirmity*.

Débilité, *éc, adj.* *Feeble*, *grown feeble*, *debilitated*, *decayed*.

Débilitier, *v. a.* To *debilitate*, *weaken* or *enfeeble*.

Se débilitier, *v. r.* To *weaken* or *grow weak*.

Débit, *f. m.* *Utterance* or *sale*.

Marchandise de bon débit, a *commodity that sells well*, that goes off very well. * Il a un beau débit, (en parlant d'un Orateur,) he has a good utterance or a good way of delivery.

Débité, *éc, adj.* *Sold*, put off.

Débiter, *v. a.* To *sell*, *vend*, *utter* or *put off*. * Il débite bien, (il parle bien,) he has a good way of delivery. * Débiter un bruit, to spread a report.

Débiteur, *f. m.* (qui débite.) *Ex.* Débiteur de nouvelles, a *spread* of news.

Débiteur, *f. m.* (celui qui doit.) *Debtor*, he that oweth.

Débitrice, *f. f.* (celle qui doit.) A *she-debtor*, she that oweth.

DEB 141

Débitter, *v. a.* le cable To *unbit* the cable.

† Déblai, *f. m.* *Riddance*.

Déblayer, *v. a.* To *rid* from; to *free*.

Déboire, *f. m.* A *fare-well*, an *ill aftertaste* or *twang*. * (Chagrin,) *grief*, *sorrow*, a *choak-pear*.

Déboîté, *éc, adj.* *Out* of joint.

Déboitement, *f. m.* *Putting out* of joint.

Déboiter, *v. a.* To *put out* of joint.

Débonder, *v. a.* To *open* the dam, *fluice*, *wear* or *flood-gate*, to *fluice* out.

Débonder, *v. n.* Se débonder, *v. r.* * To *fluice* out, to *break out* or *open*, to *burst forth*.

Débondonné, *éc, adj.* *Unbanded*, *unstopt*.

Débondonner, *v. a.* To *unbung* or *unstop*, to *take off* the bung or stopple.

Débonnaire, *adj.* *Debonair*, *good*, *gracious*, *meek*, *gentle*, *kind*.

Débonnairement, *adv.* *Graciously*, *kindly*.

† Débonnaireté, *f. f.* *Goodness*, *good* or *kind nature*, *kindness*, *gentleness*, *meekness*, *mansuetude*, *moderation*.

Débordé, *éc, adj.* *Unbordered*, &c. V. Déborder. *

Débordé, (dissolu,) *lewd*, *dissolute*, *debauched*.

Débordement, *f. m.* An *overflowing*, *inundation* or *breaking-out*. * (Débauche,) *loose life*, *debauchery*, *lewdness*; *dissolution*.

Déborder, *v. a.* To *unborder*.

& (Avancer au-delà,) to *bag*, to *lap over*, to *jut out*.

& Déborder un vaisseau, to *rip off* the planks of a ship.

Déborder, *v. n.* Se déborder, *v. r.* To *over-flow* or *break out* of its banks. & To *sheer off*.

Débosser, *v. a.* le cable, to *take off* the stoppers from the cable.

Déboîté, *éc, adj.* *Unbooted*, that has got his boots off.

Débotter, *v. a.* To *pull off* one's boots.

144 DEC

- Déchoir. Déchu de quelque droit, *that has lost or forfeited a right or privilege.*
Décidé, *éc.*, *adjct.* *Decided*, *determined*, &c.
Décider, *v. a.* *To decide*, *to determine or resolve*; *to be pragmatistical or peremptory.* Décider de la fortune de quelqu'un, *to dispose of one's fortune.*
Décimable, *adj.* *Liable to pay the tenths.*
Décimal, *ale*, *adj.* *Decimal.*
Décimateur, *f. m.* *A tithing-man.*
Décimation, *f. f.* *Decimation.*
Déclimé, *éc.*, *adj.* *Decimated.*
Décimer, *v. a.* *To decimate*, *to punish every tenth soldier.*
Décimes, *f. f. pl.* ou *Décime*, *sing.* *The tenths.*
Déclif, *ive*, *adjct.* *Decifive*, *peremptory.* *Titre déclif*, *a clear title.*
Décifion, *f. f.* *Decifion*, *refolution*, *determination.*
Décifivement, *adv.* *Peremptorily.*
Décifoire, *adj. m.* *Decifory*, *deciding*, *decifive.*
Déclamateur, *f. m.* *A declamator*, *declaimer or orator.*
Déclamation, *f. f.* *Declamation*, *oration.*
Déclamatoire, *adj.* *Declamatory*, *pertaining to declaiming.*
Déclamer, *v. a.* *To declaim*, *to make publick speeches.* *Déclamer contre quelqu'un*, *to inveigh or declaim against one*, *to rail at him.*
Déclaratif, *ive*, *adj.* *Declarative*, *declaratory.*
Déclaration, *f. f.* *Declaration.* *(Dénombrement, énumération,) list.* *(Edit du Prince,) a declaration*, *an edit or proclamation.*
Déclaratoire, *adj.* *Declaratory.*
Déclaré, *éc.*, *adj.* *Declared*, &c. *V. the verb.* Un ennemi déclaré, *a professed or open enemy.*
Déclarer, *v. a.* *To declare*, *shew*, *manifest* or *publish*, *to make plain or known*, *to signify*; *to denounce* or *proclaim.* *On l'a déclaré cri-*

DEC

- minel de lèse-majesté, he was found guilty of high-treason.*
Se déclarer, *v. r.* *To declare*, *tell* or *open one's mind* or *thoughts.* *Se déclarer pour quelqu'un*, *to declare for one*, *to side with him.* *La maladie s'est déclarée au bras*, *the distemper is broke out in the arm.*
Déclin, *f. m.* *Decline* or *declining*, *decay.* *Etre sur le déclin de ses jours*, *to be of a declining age.* *Etat qui est sur son déclin*, *a declining state.* *Le jour est sur son déclin*, *it draws towards night*, *it grows late.* *Le déclin d'une maladie*, *a sickness past the worst* or *drawing to an end.* *L'hiver est sur son déclin*, *winter is going away* or *is growing towards an end.* *Le déclin de la lune*, *the wane of the moon.*
Déclinable, *adj.* *Declinable.*
Déclinaison, *f. f.* *Declension* in grammar; *declination*, in astronomy.
Déclinant, *adj.* *cadran déclinant.* *A declining dial.*
Déclinatoire, *adj.* *Ex.* *Exception* ou *finis déclinatoires* ou *bien déclinaire*, *f. m.* *An exception taken against a judge* or *jurisdiction.*
Décliné, *éc.*, *adj.* *Declined.*
Décliner, *v. a.* *To decline.*
Décliner, *v. n.* *To decline*, *decay* or *abate.* *Le jour décline*, *it begins to grow late*, *it draws towards night*, *day wears apace.*
Déclorre, *v. a.* *To unclothe*, *to open.*
Décloué, *éc.*, *adj.* *Unnailed.*
Déclouer, *v. a.* *To unnailed.*
Décoché, *éc.*, *adjct.* *Shot*, *let fly.*
Décochement, *f. m.* *Shooting*, *letting fly.*
Décocher, *v. a.* *To shoot*, *to let fly.*
Décoction, *f. f.* *Decoction.*
Décoiffé, *éc.*, *adj.* *Whose head-dress is pulled off.* *Je l'ai vue toute décoiffée*, *I saw her with her hood or coiff off.*
Décoiffer, *v. a.* *To pull off* a woman's head or head-dress, *to uncoiff.* *Décoiffer une*

DEC

- bouteille*, *to open a bottle*, *to crack a bottle.*
Décollé, *éc.*, *adj.* *Unglued*, *come off.*
Décoller, *v. a.* *To unglue*, *to make to come off.* *(décapiter,) to behead.*
Se décoller, *v. r.* *To unglue*, *to come off.*
Décoloré, *éc.*, *adj.* *Discoloured*, *that has lost its colour*, *faded away.*
Décolorer, *v. a.* *To discolour* or *tarnish* or *to take away the colour.*
Se décolorer, *v. r.* *To be discoloured*, *to lose* or *change its colour*, *to fade away.*
Décombrer, *v. a.* *To take away* or *carry off the rubbish*, *to clear from rubbish.*
Décombres d'un bâtiment, *f. m. pl.* *Rubble* or *rubbish.*
Décomposé, *éc.*, *adj.* *Dissolved* or *resolved.*
Décomposer, *v. a.* *To dissolve* or *resolve* a mixt body.
Décomposition, *f. f.* *The dissolution* or *resolution*, *a dissolving* or *resolving.*
Décompte, *f. m.* *(ce qu'on a à prendre & à rabattre sur une somme qu'on paye.) Discount.*
Décompter, *v. a.* *To discount*, *deduct.*
Déconcerté, *éc.*, *adj.* *Confound*, *disappointed*, &c. *V. the verb.*
Déconcerter, *v. a.* *To put out*, *to make to disagree in tune*, *to trouble* or *confound*, *to put into disorder*, *to dash out of countenance*; ** to disappoint*, *frustrate* or *confound*, *to baffle*, *to break the measures.*
Se déconcerter, *v. r.* *To be disturbed* or *dashed out of countenance.*
Déconfire, *v. a.* *To discomfit*, *rout* or *defeat.*
Déconfit, *ite*, *adj.* *Routed*, *defeated*, *discomfited.*
Déconfiture, *f. f.* *Discomfiture*, *rout*, *defeat*, *overthrow*, *slaughter.*
Déconfort, *f. m.* *Despair.*
Déconforté, *éc.*, *adj.* *Discomfort*, *out of heart.*
Déconforter, *v. a.* *To discomfort*, *afflict* or *cast down.*
Déconseiller,

DEC

Déconfeiller, *v. a.* To dissuade, to advise to the contrary.

Décontenance, *ée*, *adj. c.* Dashed out of countenance.

Décontenancer, *v. a.* To dash out of countenance, to confound.

† **Déconvenue**, *f. f.* Disaster, misfortune.

Décorateur, *subst. m.* Decorator.

Décoration, *f. f.* Decoration, ornament, set-off. Les décorations d'un théâtre, the decorations of a stage, the scenes.

Décorde, *ée*, *adj.* Unwisted.

Décorder, *v. a.* To unwist.

Décorer, *v. a.* To decorate, beautify, adorn or set-off.

† **Décorum**, *f. m.* Decorum, decency.

Découcher, *v. n.* To lie out, abroad or out of doors, to lie in another bed. Il ne découcha jamais d'avec sa femme, he never lies from his wife.

Découcher quelqu'un, *v. a.* To put one out of his bed.

Découdre, *v. a.* To unsew or unstitch, to rip what is sown. * † Il en faut découdre, we must have a bump, a push or a brush together. † Découdre des bordages, to rip off planks from a part of the ship's side.

Se découdre, *v. r.* To rip.

Décolant, *ante*, *adj.* Flowing.

Décollement, *subst. m.* Le décollement des humeurs, the fluxion or running of humours.

Découler, *v. n.* To flow, to run down, to trickle, to drip.

Découpé, *ée*, *adj.* Cut.

Découper, *v. a.* To cut. † Découper du drap, to cut it into flowers or figures.

Découpeur, *f. m.* Pinker, one that figures cloth or stuff.

Découplé, *ée*, *adj.* Uncoupled.

Découpler, *v. a.* To uncouple. * † Découpler quelqu'un après un autre, to let loose one upon another, to set him on.

Découpure, *f. f.* (from découper.) Finking, cut-cloth,

Tome I.

DEC

cut cloth-work; † cut paper-work.

Découragé, *ée*, *adj.* Discouraged, out of heart, disheartened, dispirited.

Découragement, *f. m.* Discouragement, the being out of heart, faint-heartedness.

Décourager, *v. a.* To discourage, to put out of heart, to dishearten or dispirit; † to discourage or deter, to put out of conceit.

Se décourager, *v. récip.* To be discouraged or disheartened, to lose courage, to despond.

Décours, *f. m.* (de la lune.) The wane or decrease of the moon.

Décousu, *ue*, *adj.* (from découdre.) Unstitched, unsewed, ripped.

Décousure, *f. f.* A thing unsewed, unstitched or ripped. † (Terme de Chasse,) a gash made by the tusks of a wild boar.

Découvert, *erte*, *adj.* Uncovered, &c. *V.* Découvrir.

‡ **Allée découverte**, an open walk.

A Découvert, *adv.* Openly, in the open air. † (Ouvrement,) openly, bare-faced, in the face of all people. † (Clairement,) clearly, plainly.

Découverte, *f. f.* Discovery, finding out. † Envoyer à la découverte, to send out scouts for intelligence.

Découvrir, *v. a.* To uncover, to bare; † to discover, see, perceive, find out or detect; † to discover, disclose, open, declare or reveal. † Découvrir les ennemis, to get intelligence of the enemy.

Se découvrir, *v. r.* To pull off one's hat. † Se découvrir a quelqu'un, to discover or make one's self known to one. † Cela se découvrira avec le temps, that will come out or be known one time or other, time will bring it to light. Le temps se découvre, it clears up, the clouds break asunder.

Décrassé, *ée*, *adj.* Clean, made clean, &c.

Décrasser, *v. a.* To make clean,

DEC 145

to get the dirt, grease or rust off.

Décrédité, *ée*, *adj.* That has lost his credit, &c.

Décréditement, *f. m.* Discredit, discrediting, disrepute.

Décréditer, *v. a.* To make one lose his credit; * to discredit, to sink one's credit, authority or reputation.

Se décréditer, *v. récip.* To lose one's credit or reputation, to sink one's credit.

Décrépit, *ite*, *adj.* Decrepit, extreme-old, crazy.

Décrépitude, *f. f.* Crazy or decrepit old age, decrepitness.

Décret, *f. m.* Decree, order, ordinance, statute. † (Pour saisir,) a warrant, a writ or judgment.

Décretale, *f. f.* Decretal.

Décréter, *v. a.* To decree, order or ordain, to award.

Décréter une terre, to order the sale of an estate.

Décri, *f. m.* A crying down or prohibition; * disgrace, discredit.

Décrié, *ée*, *adj.* Cried down.

Décrier, *v. a.* To cry down or prohibit. * (Décréditer,) to cry down, disparage, disgrace or discredit. † Décrier quelqu'un dans l'esprit du peuple, to make one odious to the people.

Décrire, *v. a.* To draw a line, a circle, &c. † (Représenter,) to describe, to make a description of. † (Mettre au net un écrit,) to copy or write out, to transcribe.

Décri, *ite*, *adj.* Drawn, &c. according to the verb.

Décroché, *ée*, *adj. c.* Taken down, &c.

Décrocher, *v. a.* To take down, to take off the hook or to unhook.

† **Décroire**, *v. n.* To disbelieve.

Décroissement, *f. m.* Decrease, diminution.

Décroître, *v. n.* To decrease, to grow less, to ebb.

Décrotté, *ée*, *adj. c.* Rubbed clean.

Décrotter, *v. a.* To rub off the dirt, to rub clean.

Décrotteur, *f. m.* A shoe-boy.

Décrottoire, *f. f.* A rubbing brush.

K

146 DEC

Décru, ue, *adjec.* (from décroître.) *Decreased.*
 Décuire, *v. a. Ex.* Décuire des confitures, *to make sweet-meats give.*
 Se décuire, *v. r. Ex.* Les confitures se décuisent, *the sweet-meats give.*
 Décuple, *f. m.* (dix fois autant,) *Tenfold.*
 Décurie, *f. f.* *A committee of ten Judges or a band of ten troopers amongst the ancient Romans.*
 Décurion, *f. m.* *A Decurion.*
 Dédaigné, *éc, adj.* *Disdained, scorned.*
 Dédaigner, *v. a. & n.* *To disdain, to scorn, to despise.*
 Dédaignusement, *adv.* *Disdainfully, scornfully, with a scornful eye, contemptuously.*
 Dédaigneux, *euse, adj.* *Disdainful, scornful, contemptuous.*
 Dédain, *f. m.* *Disdain, scorn, contempt.*
 Dédale, *f. m.* *A maze, a labyrinth.*
 Dedans, *adv.* *In, within.* ✧ Mettre les voiles dedans, *to furl the sails.* ✧ Mettre un cheval dedans, *to manage a horse.* ✧ Au-dedans, *inward or inwardly.* ✧ Par dedans, *thorough.* ✧ Garnir par dedans, *to line the inside.*
 Dedans, *f. m.* *The inside of a thing.*
 Dédicace, *f. f.* *Dedication, address of a book; & the dedication of a Church, the consecration of it.*
 Dédicatoire, *adj. Ex.* Epître dédicatoire, *an epistle dedicatory, a dedication.*
 Dédié, *éc, adjec.* *Dedicated, &c.*
 Dédier, *v. a.* *To dedicate or consecrate to holy use; & to dedicate or address a book to one.*
 Dédire, *v. a.* *To disown.*
 Se dédire, *v. r.* *To retract or unsay what one has said, to recant.* ✧ (Ne pas tenir sa parole,) *to go from (not to be as good as) one's word.*
 * Il ne peut s'en dédire, *he cannot go back.*

DEF

Dédit, *f. m. Ex.* Avoir son dit & son dédit, *to say and unsay.* ✧ (Somme que perd celui qui ne tient pas un marché,) *forfeit in a bargain.* ✧ Faire un marché au dédit de mille écus, *to make a bargain with this condition, that he that goes from it shall forfeit a thousand crowns.*
 Dédommagé, *éc, adj.* *Indemnified, recompensed, saved, harmless.*
 Dédommagement, *f. m.* *An indemnifying or saving harmless, indemnity or making amends for a loss, satisfaction, reparation.*
 Dédommager, *v. a.* *To indemnify, save harmless or make amends for a loss, to satisfy.*
 Dédorer, *v. act.* *To ungild.*
 Chose qui se dédore, *a thing whose gilding wears off.*
 Dédoublé, *éc, adj.* *Unlined, whose lining is taken off.*
 Dédoubler, *v. a.* *To unline, to take off the lining.*
 Déduction, *f. f.* *Deduction, abatement, subtraction, defalcation.* ✧ (Narration,) *recital, enumeration, account.*
 Déduire, *v. act.* (rabattre.) *To deduct, abate, subtract.* ✧ (Narrer,) *to tell or relate.*
 Déduit, *ite, adj.* *Deducted or abated, &c. V. the verb.*
 Déesse, *f. f.* (from Dieu.) *A goddess.*
 Dédaché, *éc, adj.* *Appeased, pacified, pleased again.*
 Se dédacher, *v. r.* *To be pacified or pleased again.*
 Défaillance, *f. f.* *Swoon or swooning, a qualm, a fainting fit.* Tomber en défaillance, *to fall into a swoon, to swoon or faint away.* ✧ Défaillance, (terme de Chimie,) *deccantation in chymistry.*
 Défaillant, *ante, f.* *He or she that contemns the Court or that does not appear.*
 † Défaillir, *v. neut.* *To fail.*
 Toutes choses commencent à leur défaillir, *they begin to want every thing, every thing begins to be scarce with them.* ✧ Défaillir, (tom-

DEF

ber en défaillance,) *to swoon or faint away.*
 Défaire, *v. a.* *To undo.* ✧ Défaire de la toile, *to unravel or unweave linen cloth.* ✧ Défaire, (délivrer,) *to free or deliver from, to rid off.* ✧ (Mettre en dérouté,) *to defeat, rout, overthrow or beat.* ✧ (Déconcerter,) *to puzzle, to dash out of countenance, to confound or put into disorder.* ✧ (Faire mourir,) *to make away, to kill or murder.*
 Se défaire, *v. r.* (vendre.) *To sell or put off.* ✧ Se défaire, (se débarrasser,) *to ride or cast one's self off.* ✧ Se défaire d'un vice, *to leave off a vice.* ✧ Se défaire de (aliéner) quelque chose, *to part with a thing.* ✧ Se défaire, (se démonter,) *to fall to pieces.* ✧ Se défaire de quelqu'un, (le faire mourir,) *to make one away* ✧ or *to make away with one, to murder him.* Se défaire soi-même, *to make away with one's self.* Se défaire, (se déconcerter,) *to be dismayed or puzzled, to be dashed out of countenance or confounded.* Sans se défaire, *unconcerned.*
 Défait, *aite, adj.* *Undone, &c. V. Défaire.* ✧ Défait, (maigre, abattu,) *lean, wasted, grown thin.* ✧ (Pâle,) *wan, pale.*
 Défaite, *f. f.* (dérouté.) *Defeat, overthrow, slaughter.* ✧ (Echappatoire,) *shift, evasion, excuse, pretence, come off, subterfuge, sham.* ✧ (Débit,) *sale, utterance.*
 Défalqué, *éc, adj.* *Defalked, deducted.*
 Défalquer, *v. a.* (rabattre.) *To defalk, abate or deduct.*
 Défaveur, *f. f.* *Disfavour, disgrace, being out of favour.*
 Défaut, *f. m.* *Defect, want or lack.* ✧ (Imperfection,) *default, defect, flaw, vice, imperfection.* ✧ (Manquement à l'assignation donnée,) *default, want of appearance in Court.* ✧ (Faute dans un livre,) *a defect or*

DEF

fault in a book. * Le défaut des côtes, *the small of the back.* * † Le défaut de la cuirasse, (le foible d'un homme,) *a man's weak side.* * Défaut, (terme de chasse,) *fault or loss*; les chiens sont en défaut, *the dogs are at a fault or loss.*

Au défaut, *adv. Ex.* Au défaut de la force, il faut employer la ruse, *where strength is wanting, cunning must be used.*

Défectif, *ive, adj. Defective.* Défection, *subst. f. Defection, revolt.*

Défectueux, *euse, adj. Defective, imperfect*; * *faulty.* Défectuosité, *f. f. Defect, imperfection, fault.*

Défendant, *Ex.* Il le tua à son corps défendant, *he killed him in his own defence.*

Défenderesse, *f. f. A she-defendant.*

Défendeur, *f. m. Defendant.*

Défendre, *v. act. To defend, protect, maintain or support, to uphold or bear out.* * (Garantir de,) *to keep from.* * (Prohiber,) *to forbid or prohibit, to bar or keep from.*

Se défendre, *v. r. To excuse one's self.* * Se défendre de quelque chose, (la nier,) *to deny a thing.* * Se défendre, (se garantir,) *to keep one's self from.* * Il ne peut se défendre de tant de reproches, *he cannot clear himself from so many reproaches or imputations.* * Se défendre du prix, *to beat the price, to haggle about the price.* * Se défendre, (s'empêcher de,) *to keep one's self from, to forbear.* * On ne sauroit se défendre de votre civilité, *one cannot but yield to your civility.* * Place qui peut se défendre, *a defensible place, a place of defence.*

Défendu, *ue, adj. Defended, &c. V. Défendre.*

Défense, *f. f. (protection.) Defence, protection, countenance, prop, support.* * (Justification,) *defence, vindication, apology, justification.* * (Prohibition,)

DEF

prohibition. * Défenses, (en termes de Droit,) *defence, plea, answer.* * (Fortifications,) *fence, fortification.* * Défenses de sanglier, *the tusks of a wild boar.*

Défenseur, *f. m. Defender, protector, assertor.*

Défensif, *ive, adj. Defensive.*

Défensive, *f. f. Ex.* Être ou se tenir sur la défensive, *to act defensively.*

Détequé, *ée, adj. Defecated, cleansed.*

Détequer, *v. act. To defecate, to refine or cleanse from dregs.*

Détérant, *anté, adj. Yielding, condescending, complying.*

Détéré, *ée, adjct. Informed against, &c. V. Déterer, v. act.*

Déférence, *f. f. Deference, regard, condescension, compliance.*

Déterer, *v. n. To yield, to submit or give way, to condescend.*

Déterer, *verb. act. To inform against, to accuse or impeach.* * (Décerner,) *to decree, appoint or order.* * Déterer le serment à quelqu'un, *to tender or administer the oath to one, to put it to one's oath.*

Déferler les voiles, *v. act. To unfurl or loose any sail.*

Déferre, *ée, adjct. Unshod, that has lost one or more of his shoes, speaking of a horse.*

Déferter, *v. a. To unshoe a horse.* * † (Déconcerter,) *to dash, to nonplus, to confound.* * Se déferter, (se déconcerter,) *to be dashed, nonplused or confounded.*

Défi, *f. m. Challenge.*

Défiance, *f. f. Distrust, mistrust, diffidence, suspicion.* Entrer en défiance, *to begin to mistrust.*

Défiant, *ante, adj. Diffident, distrustful.*

Défié, *ée, adj. Challenged.*

Défier, *v. a. To challenge, to defy.*

Se défier, *v. r. To mistrust, distrust or suspect.*

Déther, *v. n. (terme de mer.)*

Défie du vent! *you are all*

DEF 149

in the wind! keep her full! no near! Défie l'ancre du bord! Bear off the anchor!

Défiguré, *ée, adj. Disfigured, deformed, spoiled.*

Défigurer, *v. a. To disfigure, deform or spoil.*

Défilé, *ée, adj. Undone, &c. according to the verb.*

Défilé, *f. m. A defile, a narrow lane or passage.*

Défiler, *v. a. To string or take off from the string.*

Défiler, *v. n. To file off.*

Défini, *ie, adj. Defined, &c. V. the verb.* * Défini, (terme de Grammaire,) *definite.*

Définir, *v. a. To define or give the definition of.* * Définir un homme, *to give the character of a man.* * Définir, (déterminer,) *to define, determine or appoint.* * (Décider,) *to define, determine or decide.*

Définiteur, *f. m. Definitor, the Counsellor or Assistant of a General or Provincial of a Religious Order.*

Définitif, *ive, adj. Definitive, peremptory.*

Définition, *f. f. Definition.* Définitivement, *adv. Definitively, peremptorily.*

Définitoire, *f. m. The Chapter of a Religious Order.*

Déflagration, *f. f. (terme de Chimie.) Deflagration.*

Défleuri, *ie, adjct. That has shed its blossoms.*

Défleurer, *v. neut. To shed or let fall its blossoms.*

Défloration, *f. f. Defloration or deflowering.*

Défloré, *ée, adj. Deflowered.*

Déflorer, *verb. act. To deflower.*

Défoncé, *ée, adj. Staved.*

Défoncer, *v. act. To stave a cask, to knock off its head or bottom.*

Se défoncer, *v. récip. To be staved.*

Déformé, *ée, adj. Out of form.*

Déformer, *v. a. To put out of form, to make a thing lose its form.*

Défrayé, *ée, adj. Defrayed, whose charges are born.*

Défrayer, *v. a. To defray or*

150 DEL

Délassé, ée, *adj.* *Unwearied, refreshed, recreated.*
Délassiement, *f. masc.* *Ease, refreshment.*
Délasser, *v. a.* *To unwearied, refresh, recreate.*
Se délasser, *v. r.* *To refresh or divert one's self.*
Délateur, *f. m.* *Accuser, informer.*
Délation, *f. f.* *Accusation, information.*
Délatter, *v. a.* *To unlath.*
Délavé, ée, *adj.* *Tempered, diluted.*
Délayer, *v. a.* *To temper or dilute. Délayer des œufs, to beat eggs.*
Délectable, *adj.* *Delectable, pleasant, delightful.*
Délectation, *f. f.* *Delectation, delight or pleasure.*
Délecté, ée, *adj.* *Delighted, recreated, pleased.*
Délecter, *v. a.* *To delight, recreate or please.*
Délégation, *f. f.* *Delegation or commission.*
Délégué, ée, *adj.* *Delegate, appointed.*
Déléguer, *v. a.* *To delegate, to appoint. On l'a délégué pour cela, he has a commission for that.*
Déléstage, *f. m.* *The discharging of ballast, unballasting.*
Délésté, ée, *adj.* *Unballasted.*
Déléstier, *v. a.* *To unballast.*
Déléstieur, *f. m.* *Unballaster.*
Délibératif, ive, *adj.* *Deliberative.*
Délibération, *f. f.* *Deliberation, debate, consideration, consultation. (Résolution,) resolution, resolve, determination.*
Délibéré, ée, *adj.* *Deliberated, &c. V. the verb. C'est une chose délibérée, that's a thing resolved on. (De propos délibéré, on purpose, purposely or for no reason. (Délibéré, (hardi,) bold, courageous, resolute.*
Délibérément, *adv.* *Boldly, resolutely.*
Délibérer, *v. a. & n.* *To deliberate, consider or take into consideration, to consult or debate; (to purpose, resolve or determine.*
Délicat, ate, *adj.* (délicieux,

DEL

*exquis.) Delicate, dainty, delicious. * (Qui juge finement,) nice, dainty or curious. * (Difficile à contenter,) nice, squeamish. (Fin, délié,) delicate, fine, curious, neat. * (Fin, subtil,) delicate, fine, subtle, ingenious. * (Foible, douillet,) nice, weak, tender. (Aisé à choquer,) touchy, nice, exception. * Conscience délicate, (scrupuleuse,) a nice, scrupulous or tender conscience. * Délicat, (dangereux,) nice, ticklish, dangerous. Délicat à manier, that ought to be tenderly handled.*
Délicatement, *adv.* *Delicately, daintily, deliciously. (Doucement,) gently, softly, tenderly. (D'une manière fine,) delicately, neatly, finely, ingeniously.*
Délicater, *v. a.* *To cocker or make much of, to pamper.*
Délicatesse, *f. f.* *Delicateness, delicacy, exquisiteness; (curiousness, fineness, neatness; * niceness; delicacy, subtlety, ingenuity, nicety. † Délicatesse de tempérament, weakness or tenderness. * Délicatesse, (friandise,) daintiness, squeamishness. * (Molleste,) delicateness, niceness, effeminacy, tenderness, softness. * Les délicateses de la Langue Angloise, the niceties or delicacies of the English tongue.*
Déllice, *f. m.* *Delight, pleasure.*
Délices, *f. f. pl.* *Delight, pleasure.*
Délicieusement, *adv.* *Delicately, deliciously.*
Délicieux, euse, *adj.* *Delicious, delicate, voluptuous.*
Délié, ée, *adj.* (fin, menu.) *Fine, small, thin. (Adroit,) fine, acute, sharp, subtle, cunning. (détaché, défait,) untied, loosened. * Avoir la langue déliée, to have one's tongue well hung, to have a great facility of expression.*
Délié, *f. m.* *Small. Ex. Le délié de la plume, the small*

DEL

of a pen; (the small strokes of a pen.
Délié, *v. a.* *To untie, loose or undo; * to absolve.*
Délinéation, *subst. f.* *Delineation.*
Délinquant, *f. m.* *Delinquant, an offender.*
Délinquer, *v. n.* *To offend, to trespass.*
Délire, *f. m.* *Delirium, raving, the being light-headed.*
Délit, *f. m.* *Fault, offence, crime. Etre trouvé ou être pris en flagrant délit, to be taken in the fact or in the deed doing.*
Délivrance, *f. f.* (livraison.) *Deliverance or delivering. (Affranchissement,) deliverance, delivery or delivering, a release, a setting free, a riddance. (D'une femme grosse,) the deliverance of a woman with child.*
Délivre, *f. m.* *The afterburden or afterbirth, the seconds.*
Délivré, ée, *adj.* *Delivered, given, &c. V. the verb.*
Délivrer, *v. a.* (livrer.) *To deliver, give or give out. (Affranchir,) to deliver or free, to set free or at liberty, to save, to rid of, to release. (Délivrer une femme, to deliver a woman with child. (Délivrer des bordages, to rip off planks.*
Délogé, ée, *adj.* *Gone, marched off.*
Délogement, *f. m.* *A removing or departure.*
Déloger, *v. n.* *To go away or march off; † to go out or abroad. (Déménager,) to remove, to go from one's house or lodging.*
Déloger, *v. a.* *To put or turn one out of his house or lodging, to dislodge him.*
Déloyal, ale, *adj.* *Disloyal, unfaithful, perfidious, treacherous, traitorous, deceitful, false.*
Déloyalement, *adv.* *Perfidiously, unfaithfully, treacherously.*
Déloyauté, *f. f.* *Disloyalty, unfaithfulness, treachery, perfidiousness.*
Déluge, *f. m.* *Deluge, flood,*

DEL

Inundation. * Un déluge de larmes, a shower or flood of tears.
Déluté, ée, adj. Unluted.
Déluter, v. a. To unlute.
Démaillotte, ée, adj. Unswathed.
Démaillotter, v. a. To unswathe.
Demain, f. m. ou adv. Tomorrow.
Démarché, ée, adj. Whose handle or haft is taken off.
Démarcher, v. a. To loosen or take off the haft or handle.
Demande, f. f. Demand, suit, request, asking, petition. * (Question,) demand, question; * demand, action at law. * Filier à la demande d'un cordage, to ease off or ease away any rope.
Demandé, ée, adj. Demanded, &c. V. Demander.
Demander, v. a. To demand; * to ask, beg, desire or require, to crave or request, to sue for. * Demander quelqu'un, to ask or enquire after one. Que demandez-vous? que souhaitez-vous? what would you have? what do you want? * (Demander, (interroger,) to demand a question, to ask, to crave. On demande combien il y a de vibrations dans une demi-heure? the question is, how many vibrations there are in half an hour? * Demander, (désirer, avoir besoin,) to require.
Demandeur, f. m. Demandeur, f. f. A demander, a dun.
Demandeur, f. m. Demanderesse, f. f. A plainiff, a petitioner.
Démangeaison, subst. f. An itching or itch; * an itch or itching desire.
Démanger, v. n. To itch. * † Les mains lui démangent, his hand itches, he longs to be as it.
Démanteler, v. a. To dismantle, to pull down the walls of a town.
Démantibulé, ée, adj. Broken, quite out of order,

DEM

Démarche, f. fém. (allure.) Gait or manner of going. * (Maniere d'agir,) step, proceeding.
Démarie, ée, adj. Unmarried.
Démarier, v. a. To unmarry.
Démaiqué, ée, adj. Unmarked.
Démarquer, v. a. To unmark.
Démarrage, f. m. Unmooring or unbending any rope.
Démarrer, v. n. To unmoor, to weigh anchor, to set sail, to put out to sea.
Démarrer, v. a. To move or stir; * to unbend a rope.
Démaiqué, ée, adj. Unmasked.
Démaquer, v. a. To unmask, to take or pull off the mask.
Se démaquer, v. r. To pull off one's mask.
Démâté, ée, adj. Unmasted.
Démâter, v. a. To unmast. * Démâter un vaisseau à coups de canon, to shoot the masts of a ship by the board. * La tempête a démâté notre vaisseau, we lost our masts in the storm.
Démêlé, f. m. A quarrel, difference, dispute, contest, debate.
Démêler, v. a. To disentangle, part or single; * to discover, find out or perceive. * Démêler une chose d'avec une autre, to distinguish, discern or know one thing from another. * Démêler, (débrouiller,) to clear, unravel, disintricate, disentangle or unfold. * (Contester,) to quarrel, debate, contest, scuffle. Avoir quelque chose à démêler avec quelqu'un, to have something to do with one, to have a quarrel or controversy with him. Nous n'avons rien à démêler ensemble, we have nothing to scuffle for.
Se démêler, v. r. To wind one's self out, to get off or to get off clear.
Démembré, ée, adj. Dismembered, &c.
Démembrement, f. m. Dismembering; * dismembering, dividing, canceling; also a thing dismembered or canceled.

DEM 151

Démembrer, v. a. To dismember or pull in pieces; to dismember, divide or cantle.
Déménagé, ée, adj. Removed.
Déménagement, f. m. A removing or shifting from one house to another.
Déménager, v. a. & n. To remove. Il en coûte de déménager, removing is chargeable. * † Allons, déménagez, come, troop or march away, go your ways.
Démence, f. f. Madness, folly, the being out of one's wits or non compos mentis.
Démener, se démener, v. r. To be in action, to stir, to toss, to make a great bustle, to struggle.
Démenti, f. m. Lie. Donner un démenti à quelqu'un, to give one the lie. * Il ne veut pas en avoir le démenti, he will go through, whatever be the consequence of it.
Démentir, v. a. To give the lie. * (Contredire,) to belie or contradict. * Démentir sa naissance, son caractère, to do things unworthy of one's birth or character.
Se démentir, v. r. To belie or contradict one's self. * (Se relâcher,) to degenerate or alter from one's self, not to be like one's self. * Un homme qui ne se dément point, a man who is always like himself or consistent with himself or always the same, that never alters from himself. * Se démentir, (parlant des bâtimens,) to fail, to crack or bunch out and be ready to fall.
Démérite, f. m. Desert, demerit.
Démériter, v. n. To do a thing worthy of punishment, to deserve punishment, to do amis.
Démefuré, ée, adj. Unmeasurable, huge, excessive, exceeding, great, immoderate.
Démeurement, adv. Out of measure, beyond measure, excessively, exceedingly, immoderately.

152 DEM

Démètre, *v. act.* (déposer.)
To turn or put out, to remove. ♣ (Disloquer,) *to put out of joint.*
Se démettre de sa charge, *v. r.*
To resign, surrender, abdicate or give one's place. **Se démettre** le coude, *to have one's elbow out of joint.*
Démeublée, *ée*, *adj.* *Unfurnished.*
Démeublement, *f. m.* *An unfurnishing.*
Démeubler, *v. act.* *To unfurnish, to take away the furniture.*
Demeurant, *ante*, *adj.* *Dwelling, living, abiding.* † *Au demeurant*, (au reste,) *besides, as for the rest.*
Demeure, *f. f.* *Dwelling or dwelling place, abode, habitation, mansion-house.* ♣ *Faire sa demeure en un lieu, to live or dwell in a place.* ♣ *Etre en demeure envers ses créanciers, to be in arrears with one's creditors.*
Demeurer, *v. n.* (tarder.) *To tarry, to be a long while before.* ♣ (S'arrêter,) *to stand, stop, not to go.* * *Demeurer en beau chemin, to stop in a fair way.* *Demeurons-en-là*, (brisons la diablesse,) *let's break off or stop there, let it go no farther.* * *Demeurons-en-là ou à cela, let's pitch upon that.* * *Où en êtes-vous demeuré? Where did you stop or leave off?* * *S'il en fût demeuré-là, had he gone no farther or had he been contented with that.* ♣ *Demeurer*, (rester,) *To remain or be left.* * *La victoire nous est demeurée*, (nous avons eu la victoire,) *we got the victory.* ♣ *La lie demeure au fond, the dregs stick at the bottom.* ♣ *Il y demeura dix mille hommes sur la place, there were ten thousand men killed upon the place.* ♣ *Demeurer*, (faire sa demeure,) *to dwell, to live, to lodge or abide.* ♣ (Etre permanent,) *to remain, continue, rest, abide, endure or persist.* ♣ *Demeurer long-temps à*

DEM

faire quelque chose, to be long doing of a thing. *Demeurer en arrière, to be in arrears.*
Demi, *ie*, *adj. et s.* *Half.* *Un demi-pied, half a foot.* ♣ *Un demi-Dieu, a demi-God.* *Demi-castor, a demi-castor, beaver.* ♣ *Demi-cercle, a semi-circle.* ♣ *Demi-pique, a half-pike.* ♣ *Un demi-savant, a pragmatical smatterer in any knowledge;* † *a sciolist.* ♣ *Un demi-vent, a side-wind.*
Demi, *ou a demi*, *adv.* *Half, almost, by halves.*
Demie, *f. f.* (demi-heure.) *Half an hour.*
Demi-lune, *f. f.* *Half-moon.*
Démis, *ise*, *adj.* (from démettre.) *Turned or put out, removed.* ♣ (Disloqué,) *out of joint.*
Démision, *f. f.* *The resignation or resigning of an office, the laying down of one's commission, abdication.* *Faire sa démission, to lay down one's commission.*
Démocratie, *f. f.* *Democracy, popular government.*
Démocratique, *adj.* *Democratical, popular.*
Demoiselle, *f. f.* *Gentlewoman.* ♣ (ou Hie,) *a rammer.*
Démoli, *ie*, *adj.* *Demolished, pulled down, &c.*
Démolir, *v. a.* *To demolish, pull, cast, throw or take down.*
Démolition, *subst. f.* *A demolishing, pulling, beating or throwing down.* ♣ *Démolitions, the ruins of a demolished building.*
Démon, *f. m.* *A devil, a devilish spirit.* * *Faire le démon, to be mad, to tear, to roar or bluster.* * † *Un petit démon, an unlucky boy.* ♣ *Démon*, (génie, esprit,) *genius, demon, spirit.*
Démoniaque, *adj.* *Demoniac.*
Démonstratif, *ive*, *adj.* *Demonstrative.*
Démonstration, *f. f.* *Demonstration.*
Démonstrativement, *adv.* *Demonstrably, demonstratively.*
Démonté, *ée*, *adj.* *Unhorsed, &c. according to the verb.*

DEN

Démonter, *verb. act.* *To unhorse or dismount.* ♣ (Dé-
assembler, décomposer,)
to take to pieces. ♣ (Décon-
certier,) *to dash, to puzzle,*
to nonplus, to confound. ♣
Démonter le gouvernail, to
unhange the rudder. * — *un*
capitaine, to supersede a
captain.
Se démonter, *v. r.* *To be taken*
to pieces. * (Se déconcerter,) *to be dashed, puzzled, non-*
plused or confounded.
Démontrable, *adj.* *Demon-*
strable.
Démontrée, *ée*, *adj.* *Demon-*
strated, &c.
Démontrer, *v. a.* *To demon-*
strate, to prove evidently
or unanswerably.
Démordre, *verb. n.* *To let go*
one's hold. * *Il n'en démor-*
dra pas, he won't bate an
inch on't; he won't yield
the least thing. *Il n'y a pas*
moyen de le faire démor-
dre de la résolution qu'il a prise,
there's no way to make him
change his resolution or to
sake him off from it.
Démouvoir, *v. a.* *To take off,*
to make one disj.
Se démouvoir, *v. r.* *To disj.*
Démurer, *v. a.* *une porte qui*
étoit murée, to unwall a
door that was walled up.
Dénatté, *ée*, *adj.* *Unmatted,*
&c.
Dénatter, *v. a.* *To unmat;* ♣
to untwist.
Dénaturé, *ée*, *adj. et s.* *Unna-*
tural, cruel, inhuman, bar-
barous.
Dénégation, *f. f.* *Denial.*
Déni, *f. m.* *Denial, refusal,*
denying or refusing.
Déniaisé, *ée*, *adj.* *That has*
learned wit.
Un déniaisé, *f. m.* *A cunning*
or sharp fellow.
Déniaiser, *v. a.* *To teach wit,*
to grow cunning.
Déniché, *ée*, *adj.* *Put out of*
his nest, &c. *V. Dénicher.*
Dénicher, *v. a.* *To unnestle,*
to put out of the nest; * † *to*
dislodge, to thrust or turn
out.
† **Dénicher**, *v. n.* *To march*
away, to dislodge, to brush,

DEN

Dénicheur, *f. m.* One that un-
nestles birds. * † Un déni-
cheur de fauvettes, one
that finds out things which
others never dream of.
Dénié, *éc, adj.* Denied, re-
fused.
Dénier, *v. a.* To deny, to
disallow; * to refuse.
Denier, *f. m.* A brass coin
worth the twelfth part of a
french penny. * Denier, (de
l'argent.) Penny. Denier de
poids, a penny weight. *
(Poids de deux grains,) two
grains. * Denier à Dieu,
an earnest penny. * Les dé-
niers du Roi, the King's
treasure, the exchequer. *
Deniers, (argent,) money
or sum of money. Prêter de
l'argent au denier quatre,
to lend money at five and
twenty per cent.
Dénigré, *éc, adj.* Slandered,
railed at.
† **Dénigrer**, *v. a.* To slander,
to rail at, to blacken.
Dénombrément, *f. m.* Enu-
meration, computation, a
list, roll or catalogue. *
Dénombrément de hief, a
survey of land.
Dénominateur, *f. m.* Deno-
minator.
Dénommatif, *ive, adj.* De-
nominative.
Dénomination, *f. f.* Denomi-
nation.
Dénoté, *éc, adj.* Named.
Dénommer, *v. a.* To name, to
set down one's name.
Dénoncé, *éc, adj.* Denoun-
ced, &c. according to the
verb.
Dénoncer, *v. a.* To denounce,
signify, declare, publish
or proclaim; * to impeach,
charge, accuse or inform
against.
Dénonciateur, *f. m.* An infor-
mer, an accuser.
Dénonciation, *f. f.* Denuncia-
tion, declaration, proclaim-
ing.
Dénoter, *v. a.* To denote, to
betoken.
Dénoué, *éc, adj.* Undone,
untied, *v.* the verb.
Dénouement, *subst. m.* (d'une
pièce de théâtre.) Unravel-
ling or discovery of the plot.

DEN

Dénouer, *v. a.* To undo or
untie a knot. * (Rendre plus
souple,) to make supple,
limber or pliant, to remove
the stiffness. * (Démêler,
développer,) to unfold, dis-
cover, unravel or resolve.
Se dénouer, *v. r.* To untie,
* to discover itself, to unrav-
el, * to grow supple or
limber, to lose its stiffness.
Dénrée, *f. f.* Ware, commo-
dity, provisions.
Dense, *adj.* Thick, compact,
that lies close together.
Densité, *f. f.* Density, thick-
ness.
Dent, *f. f.* A tooth. Dents
mâchelières, the cheek teeth
or grinders. Dents canines,
dents œillères, the eye-teeth
or fanglers. Les dents lui
tombent, he sheds his teeth.
* Dent d'un couteau, the
notch or grap of a knife.
Déchirer à belles dents, to
tear to pieces. Chacun lui
donne un coup de dent,
every one has a fling at him.
* † Malgré ses dents, (mal-
gré lui,) in spite of his
teeth, in spite of him. Parler
entre ses dents, (ne parler
pas bien distinctement,) to
speak betwixt one's teeth, to
mumble, to mutter. * † Avoir
les dents bien longues, to
be very sharp set or hungry.
* † Parler des grosses dents
à quelqu'un, to talk big to
one. * † Avoir une dent de
lait contre quelqu'un, to
have an aking tooth at one,
to have a spite, spleen or
grudge against him. * Être
sur les dents, to be tired
out, to be off of one's legs.
* Avoir la mort entre les
dents, to have a foot al-
ready in the grave.
Dentale, *adj. f.* Ex. Lettre
dentale, a dental letter.
Denté, *éc, adj.* Dented,
notched, jagged.
Dentelé, *éc, adj.* Indented,
jagged, notched, deated.
Denteler, *v. a.* To dent or
indent, to jag or notch.
Dentelle, *f. f.* Lace.
Dentelure, *f. f.* Denting,
notching or jagging.
Denticule, *f. m.* Dentils, a

DEP 153

member of the ionick con-
nice.
Dentier, *f. m.* A set or gang
of teeth.
Dentifrice, *f. m.* Dentifrice.
Dentiste, *f. m.* Dentist.
Denture, *subst. f.* A set of
teeth.
Dénué, *éc, adj.* Destitute,
naked, strip.
Dénuer, *v. a.* To bereave or
strip, to leave destitute or
unprovided.
Dépaqueté, *éc, adj.* Opened.
Dépaqueter, *v. a.* To open or
undo a bundle.
Dépareillé, *éc, adj.* Un-
matched.
Dépareiller, *v. a.* To unmatch.
Déparer, *v. a.* To disfigure,
to take away the beauty, to
make ugly.
Déparié, *éc, adj.* Unmatched.
Déparier, *v. a.* To unmatch.
Déparler, *v. n.* To cease to
speak, to give over talking,
to hold one's tongue.
Départ, *f. m.* Departure or
going away, parting. * Le
départ des métaux, the par-
ting of metals.
Départager, *v. a.* To give the
casting vote.
Département, *f. m.* Quarters;
* district, jurisdiction; *
repartition, assessment.
Départi, *ie, adj.* Given, &c.
according to the verb.
† **Départie**, *f. f.* V. Départ.
Départir, *v. a.* To give, di-
vide, distribute, share or
impart.
Se départir de, *v. r.* To desist,
to leave off, go from or give
over.
Dépassé, *éc, adj.* From the
following verb.
Dépasser, *v. a.* To pull out.
* Dépasser un vaisseau, to
out sail, forerach or pass
beyond an other ship. * —
la tournevie, to shift the
voyal. * — un cordage,
to unreeve a rope.
Dépavé, *éc, adj.* Unpaved.
Dépaver, *v. a.* To unpave.
Dépaylé, *éc, adj.* Brought,
carried or sent out of his
country, &c.
Dépayser, *v. a.* To bring,
carry or send one into another
country or world.

154 DEP

Dépecé, *ée*, *adj.* Cut, torn in pieces.
 Dépéçement, *f. m.* Cutting in pieces, cutting up.
 Dépécer, *v. a.* To cut up, to cut or tear in pieces.
 Dépêche, *f. f.* Dispatch, letter. *P.* C'est une belle dépêche, a good or happy riddance.
 Dépêché, *ée*, *adj.* Dispatched, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Dépêcher, *v. a.* (expédier.) To dispatch, hasten or speed, to expedite; & to dispatch or send away in haste. & (Faire mourir,) to dispatch or kill quickly.
 Se dépêcher, *v. r.* To dispatch or make haste.
 Dépeindre, *v. a.* To describe, to represent, to express or set out in words, to depict.
 Dépeint, *einte*, *adj.* Described, represented, &c.
 Dépennillé, *ée*, *adj.* *V.* Déguenillé.
 Dépendamment, *adv.* Dependently, with dependence.
 Dépendance, *f. f.* Dependence or dependency; & dependency, appendix.
 Dépendant, *ante*, *adj.* Held of another; & Depending. Être dépendant de quelqu'un, to be another man's; to depend upon one, to have a dependency upon him.
 Dépendre, *v. n.* (provenir.) To depend of, to proceed; & (S'ensuivre,) to depend of, to follow. & (Être sous l'autorité,) to depend upon, to be under, to be subject to. & Dépendre, (relever,) to hold. Il y a des bénéfices qui dépendent du Roi, there are some livings in the King's gift. & Cela dépend de moi, that lies in my breast or in my power, I may chuse whether I shall do it or no.
 Dépendre, *v. a.* To take down.
 Dépendu, *ue*, *adj.* Taken down.
 Dépens, *f. m. pl.* Expense, cost, charge. Se faire sage aux dépens d'autrui, to grow wise by other men's follies. * Se justifier aux dépens d'autrui, to clear himself at

DEP

the peril of others. * S'enrichir aux dépens de son honneur, to grow rich by the loss of one's honour.
 Dépense, *f. f.* A laying out, spending, expence, charge or disbursement. & Faire la dépense, to be the steward or caterer. & Faire de la dépense, faire une belle ou une grosse dépense, to spend high, to spend or live nobly. & Dépense, (office dans une maison,) buttry or pantry.
 Dépensé, *ée*, *adj.* Laid out, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Dépenser, *v. a.* To spend, to lay out or consume.
 Dépensier, *iere*, *f. m.* & *f.* the caterer in a monastery; & an expensive man or woman, a great spender, one that is extravagant.
 Dépéri, *ie*, *adj.* Decayed, &c.
 Dépérir, *v. n.* To decay, to fall to decay.
 Dépétrissement, *f. m.* Decay or falling to decay, ruin, waste.
 Dépêtré, *ée*, *adj.* Disengaged, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Dépêtrer, *v. a.* To disengage, to get off or out.
 Se dépêtrer, *v. r.* To rid one's self. *V.* Débarrasser ou Dégager.
 Dépeuplé, *ée*, *adj.* Depopulated, unpeopled.
 Dépeupler, *v. a.* To depopulate, to unpeuple or dispeople. * — un vivier, to draw a pond. * — un pigeonier, to unstock a pigeon-house. * — un pays de gibier, to destroy the game of a country.
 Dépilation, *f. f.* Depilation.
 Dépilatoire, *f. m.* A depilatory plaster.
 Dépiler, *v. a.* To take away the hair.
 † Dépiquer, *v. a.* To allay, soften or drown grief.
 Dépit, *subst. m.* Pet, vexation, spite, indignation, passion, anger. Avoir du dépit, to be vexed, to be in a pet. Donner du dépit ou faire du dépit à quelqu'un, to spite or vex one. Avoir du dépit contre soi-

DEP

même, to be angry with one's self. Crever de dépit, to be mad at some thing.
 En dépit, *adv.* (malgré.) In spite of.
 Dépité, *ée*, *adj.* Vexed, angry, fretting.
 Dépiter, *v. a.* To fret, vex, anger, provoke.
 Se dépiter, *v. r.* To fret, to be vexed, to be angry or fretful.
 Dépiteux, *euse*, *adj.* Peevish, fretful.
 Déplacé, *ée*, *adj.* Displaced, put out of his or its place; & preposterous, mistimed; & misplaced, ill-placed.
 Déplacement, *f. m.* Displacing.
 Déplacer, *v. a.* To displace, to put out of his or its place, to remove.
 Déplaître, *v. a.* To displease, to be unacceptable, disagreeable. & Ne vous déplaît-on ne vous en déplaît, by your leave, by your favour, under favour. La principale chose qui me déplaît en elle, c'est sa fierté, the chiefest thing that I dislike in her is her pride. & Déplaître, (fâcher,) to displease or discontent, to vex or trouble.
 Se déplaire, *v. r.* To be displeased with one's self. & (S'ennuyer,) to be displeased with, to be tired with or weary of.
 Déplaisant, *ante*, *adj.* Unpleasant, unacceptable, disagreeable, troublesome.
 Déplaisir, *f. m.* Displeasure, affront, discourtesy, shrewd turn; & discontent, vexation, trouble, grief, sorrow, affliction. J'ai ressenti un très-sensible déplaisir de sa mort, I have been extremely troubled or grieved for his death. J'en ai un grand déplaisir, I am very sorry or very much troubled for it.
 Déplanté, *ée*, *adj.* Displanted, &c.
 Déplanter, *verb. a.* To displant or pluck up by the root.
 Déplantoir, *f. m.* (outil avec lequel on dé plante.) Tool for displanting.

DEP

Déplié, ée, *adj.* *Unfolded*, &c.
Déplier, *v. a.* *To unfold or open.*
Déplissé, ée, *adj.* *Unplaited*, &c.
Déplisser, *v. a.* *To unpleat*, to undo the plaits.
Se déplisser, *v. r.* *To unpleat.*
Déplorable, *adj.* *Deplorable*, lamentable, pitiful.
Déplorablement, *adv.* *Deplorably*, miserably.
Déploré, ée, *adj.* *Deplored*, lamented, bewailed, pitied.
 * Une affaire déplorée, a business in a desperate condition or as good as lost.
Déplore, *v. a.* *To deplore*, lament, bewail or pity.
Déployé, ée, *adj.* (rire à gorge déployée,) *to laugh with one's mouth wide open.*
 Nous sortîmes tambour battant, enseignes déployées, we came out drums beating, colours flying.
Déployer, *v. a.* *To display*, set forth or muster.
Déplumé, ée, *adj.* *Plumed*, &c.
Dépłumer, *v. a.* *To pluck off the feathers.*
Dépoli, ie, *adj.* *Unpolished.*
Dépolir, *v. a.* *To unpolish.*
Se dépolir, *v. r.* *To grow unpolished.*
Déponent, *adj. m.* *Ex. verbe déponent, a verb deponent.*
Déport, *f. m.* *The first fruits of a living.* * Somme payable sans déport, (ou sans délai,) a sum to be paid without delay.
Déportation, *f. f.* *Deportation.*
Déportement, *f. m.* *Deportment*, carriage, behaviour, demeanour.
Se déporter, *v. r.* *To leave off, cease or forbear*, to give over, to desist. *Se déporter de ses prétentions*, to withdraw one's claim.
Déposant, ante, *adj. & f.* *Deponent*; *deposing.*
Déposé, ée, *adj.* *Deposed*, put out of his place, &c. *V.* *Déposer.*
Déposer, *v. a.* *To depose*, to remove, to turn or put out of one's place. * (Se démet-

DEP

tre,) *to lay down*, to resign.
 * (Mettre en dépôt,) *to deposit or trust a thing with one.* * (Dire en témoignage,) *to depose*, to swear to as a witness.
Dépositaire, *f. m. & f.* *A depository or trustee.* * Le dépositaire des secrets de quelqu'un, one's confident.
Déposition, *f. f.* *Deposition*, evidence; * a *deposing*, degrading, degradation.
Dépossédé, ée, *adj.* *Dispossessed*, deprived, &c.
Déposséder, *v. a.* *To dispossess or deprive*, to turn or put out of possession.
Dépossession, *f. f.* *Dispossession.*
Dépôté, ée, *adj.* *Forced from a post*, dislodged, ousted.
Dépôtter, *v. a.* *To force from a post*, to dislodge, to out.
Dépôt, *f. m.* *Deposit*, trust, charge. Mettre une chose en dépôt, to deposit a thing, to commit it to one's keeping in trust, to trust it with one. Mis en dépôt, deposited. * Dépôt, (coffre,) a chest. * Dépôt (ou marc) d'urine, the festling of urine.
Dépoudrer, *v. a.* *To comb out the powder.*
Dépouille, *f. f.* *Old cloths*, cast off cloths. * La dépouille d'un lion, a lion's skin. * La dépouille d'un serpent, slough, the cast skin of a snake. * La dépouille mortelle de l'homme, the dead carcass. * Dépouille, (récolte,) crop. * Avoir la dépouille de quelqu'un, (lui succéder,) to succeed one. * Dépouille, (butin,) spoil, booty.
Dépouillé, ée, *adj.* *Stripped*, &c. according to the verb.
Dépouillement, *f. m.* *The stripping one's self of any thing*, self-denial.
Dépouiller, *v. a.* *To strip*, to strip naked, to put off; * to peel off, to take off the rind, skin, cover, &c. * Dépouiller un lapin, to uncase a rabbit. * Dépouiller, (priver,) to strip, spoil, rob, bereave, deprive or dispossess. * (Se défaire de,)

DEP 157

to put off, to cast off, to leave off. * (Recueillir,) to gather.
Se dépouiller, *v. r.* *To pull off one's cloths*, to strip one's self naked. * Se dépouiller de (quitter) sa rigueur, to cast off one's rigour. * Se dépouiller, (en parlant des serpens,) to cast off the slough or skin.
Dépourvoir, *v. a.* *To unfurnish*, to leave unprovided or destitute.
Dépourvu, ue; *adj.* *Unprovided*, unfurnished, destitute. Un homme dépourvu de sens, a senseless man, one who is out of his wits.
Au dépourvu, *adv.* *At unawares*, unprovided, napping. Prendre quelqu'un au dépourvu, to take one unprovided or napping, to surprise him.
Dépravation, *f. f.* *Depravation*, corruption, a depraving or corrupting.
Dépravé, ée, *adj.* *Depraved*, &c. Avoir le goût dépravé, to have one's mouth out of taste.
Dépraver, *v. a.* *To deprave*, corrupt, spoil, vitiate or mar.
Déprécatif, ive, *adj.* *Deprécative.*
Déprécation, *f. f.* *Depræcation.*
Déprédation, *f. f.* *Déprædation*, robbery.
Déprendre, *v. a.* *To loose*, to part.
Se déprendre, *v. r.* *To get loose.*
Dépression, *f. f.* *Depression.*
Déprié, ée, *adj.* *Disinvited.*
Déprier, *v. a.* *To disinvite.*
Déprimé, ée, *adject.* *Depressed.*
Déprimer, *v. a.* *To depress or bring low*, to debase, vilify, despise, undervalue or disparage.
Dépris, ise, *adj.* *Loose*, &c. *V.* *Déprendre.*
Déprité, ée, *adj.* *Undervalued*, disparaged, despised, vilified.
Déprier, *v. a.* *To undervalue*, disparage, despise or vilify.

Dépuclé, *ée*, *adj.* *That has lost his or her maidenhead, deflowered.*

Dépucler, *v. a.* *To deflower, to get one's maidenhead.*

Depuis, *prép.* *Since, from, after.* Depuis quand ? *how long ? how long since ?* Depuis peu, *newly, not long since, a little while since or ago.* Depuis deux ans, *these two years.* Depuis long - temps, *this great while.* Depuis que, *since.*

Depuis, *adv. de temps.* *Since or since that or since that time.*

Députation, *f. f.* (terme de Chimie.) *Depuration.*

Dépurer, *v. a.* *To depurate.*

Députation, *f. f.* *Deputation.*

Député, *ée*, *adj.* *Deputed, sent.*

Un député, *f. m.* *A deputy, a delegate.*

Députer, *v. a.* *To depute or send.*

Déraciné, *ée*, *adj.* *Rooted up, plucked up by the root, &c.* *V. the verb.*

Déracinement, *f. m.* *Rooting up or plucking up by the root.*

Déraciner, *v. a.* *To root up or pluck up by the root ; * to root out or extirpate.*

Dérader, *v. n.* *To part, to drive with the anchors ahead.*

Déraisonnable, *adj.* *Unreasonable, void of reason or unjust.*

Déraisonnablement, *adv.* *Unreasonably.*

Déraisonner, *v. n.* *To talk nonsense.*

Déralingué, *ée*, *adj.* *Voile déralinguée, a sail blown from the bolt - rope in a storm.*

Dérangé, *ée*, *adj.* *Disordered, put out of order, confounded, in confusion.* Un homme dérangé dans sa conduite, *a man of a disorderly life.*

Dérangement, *f. m.* *Disappointment, disorder, confusion.*

Déranger, *v. a.* *To disappoint, to disorder, to put out of order or of its place, to put in confusion, to confound ;*

** to confound, to disorder, to embroil, to perplex, to ruffle.*

Déraper, *v. n.* *To get the anchor a-trip.*

† Dératé, *ée*, *adj.* *Cunning ; sharp.*

Un dératé, *f. m.* *A cunning or sharp blade, an arch wag.*

† Derechef, *adv.* *Again, once more, over again, anew.*

Déréglé, *ée*, *adj.* *Disordered, disorderly, immoderate, unruly.* *V. Dérégler.*

Dérèglement, *f. m.* *Irregularity ; * disorder, confusion. * Dérèglement des mœurs, corruption, depravation of manners, loose or disorderly life, lewiness, debauchery. * Le dérèglement de la langue, the licentiousness or misgovernment of the tongue.*

Dérèglement, *adv.* *Immoderately, without measure or moderation ; * unruly, loosely.*

Dérégler, *v. a.* *To disorder or put out of order.*

Se dérégler, *v. r.* *To grow lewd, to follow ill courses, to begin to lead a loose, disorderly life. * Son poulx s'est déréglé, his pulse is out of order.*

Déridé, *ée*, *adj.* *Unwrinkled.*

Dérider, *v. a.* *To unwrinkle or take away the wrinkles. * Dérider le front, to clear the brow, to make one look cheerfully.*

Se dérider, *v. r.* *Ex. Son front ne se déride jamais, his brow is never clear, he never looks cheerfully, he has always a sour or crabbed look with him.*

Dérision, *f. f.* *Derision, a laughing at.* Tourner en dérision, *to laugh at, to deride or turn into ridicule.*

Dérivation, *f. f.* *Derivation, origin.*

Dérivatif, *ive*, *adj.* *Derivative.*

Dérive, *f. f.* *The lee way.* Avoir belle dérive, *to have good sea room.*

En dérive, *adv.* *Adrift.*

Dérivé, *f. m.* *A derivative.*

Dérivé, *éc*, *adj.* *Derived.*

Dériver, *v. a.* *To derive. **

Dériver un clou, *to unrive or unclinch a nail.*

Dériver, *verb. neut.* *To be derived, to come originally.*

‡ Dériver, (terme de mer,) *to drive or fall to leeward.*

Dernier, *iere*, *adj.* *Last ; * greatest, highest. * Le dernier des hommes, the worst or basest of men. * Une action de la dernière cruauté, a most barbarous action. Vos mains sont de la dernière beauté, your hands are extraordinary fair.*

Le dernier, *f. m.* *The last.* Il veut toujours avoir le dernier, *he will have always the last.* S'il ne tient qu'à cela, je ne serai pas des derniers, *if that will do, I shall not come short of any.*

En dernier lieu, *adv.* *Lastly, last of all.*

Dernièrement, *adv.* *Latently, not long since, not long ago, newly.*

Dérobé, *ée*, *adj.* *Stolen. * Escalier dérobé, privy stairs, a private stair-case. * A des heures dérobées, at spare hours.*

A la dérobée, *adv.* *By stealth, privately.* Se retirer à la dérobée, *to steal away.* Jeter des regards à la dérobée, *to cast sheep's eyes, to play at bo-peep.*

Dérober, *v. a.* *To steal or rob. * Dérober un criminel à la justice, to convey or conceal an offender from justice. * Dérober une chose à la connoissance de quelqu'un, to conceal a thing from one. * Votre maison dérobe la vue à la nôtre, your house slips up our lights. * Dérober des feves, to slip beans out of their skins.*

Se dérober, *v. r.* *To steal or get away. * Se dérober à la vue de quelqu'un, to escape one's sight. Se dérober à la justice, to fly from justice. Cheval qui se dérobe de dessous l'homme, a horse that slips from under his rider. * Se dérober aux coups de quelqu'un, to shun or avoid one's blows. * Se*

DER

dérober un repas, *to pinch one's belly.*
 Dérégation, *f. f. Derogation.*
 Dérégatoire, *adj. Derogating, derogatory.*
 Déréogance, *f. f. A degrading action.*
 Déréogant, *ante, adj. Derogating, derogatory.*
 Déréger, *v. n. To derogate.*
 * Déréger à noblesse, *to degrade one's self.*
 Déréguir, *v. n. Se déréguir, v. r. To lose one's colour, meaning that of the face.*
 Déréguillé, *ée, adj. The rust whereof is got out or fetched off.*
 Déréguiller, *v. a. To get out or fetch off the rust.*
 Se déréguiller, *v. r. To lose one's rust, in a proper and figurative sense.*
 Déréoulé, *ée, adj. Unrolled.*
 Déréouler, *v. a. To unroll.*
 Déréoute, *f. f. Rout, defeat, overthrow.* Mettre en dérouté, *to rout or defeat.*
 * Déréoute, (*désordre, disorder, confusion.*) * Mettre quelqu'un en dérouté, (*dans la dispute, to run one down, to put him to a nonplus.*)
 Déréouté, *ée, adj. (égaré, hors des voies.) Quite out, out of his or her way, astray.*
 Déréouter, *v. a. To put out of one's way, to lead astray, to bewilder.*
 Derrière, *prép. & adv. Behind.* Par derrière, *behind, backward.* * Porte de derrière, *back-door.* * Mettre une chose sens devant derrière, *to put a thing the wrong way, to put backwards what should be forward, * † to put the cart before the horses.*
 Derrière, *f. m. Backside.* * Le derrière d'une cuirasse, *the back of an armour.* * Le derrière d'une perruque, *the neck or hind-lock of a periwig.*
 Dervis ou Derviche, *f. m. (espèce de moine chez les Turcs.) Dervis.*
 Avertissement.
 Se; without S, in the first

DES

syllable, *those words that are not to be found here with S.*
 Des, (*pluriel de l'article De.*) *Of, of the, from the.*
 * J'ai vu des hommes, (*ou quelques hommes, I have seen some men.* R. Mais quelquefois cet article n'est pas exprimé en Anglois. *Ex. Pensez-vous avoir affaire à des enfans? do you think to have to do with children?*)
 Dès, *prép. From, since, at.*
 Dès demain, *to-morrow.*
 Dès-lors, *from that time, ever since, then.* * Dès que, *as soon as, when.*
 Désabusé, *ée, adj. Undeceived, disabused, out of conceit.*
 Désabuser, *v. a. To undeceive, to disabuse, to put out of conceit.*
 Désaccordé, *ée, adj. Untuned, put out of tune.*
 Désaccorder, *v. a. To put out of tune, to untune.*
 Désaccouplé, *ée, adj. Uncoupled.*
 Désaccoupler, *v. a. To uncouple.*
 Désaccoutumé, *ée, adj. Broken of a custom, &c.*
 Désaccoutumer, *v. a. To break off or wean from a custom or habit, to make one leave it off.*
 Se désaccoutumer, *v. r. To leave off or break one's self of a custom, to disuse.*
 Désachalander, *v. a. To make a shop or a tradesman loose their custom.*
 Désafourcher, *v. a. & n. To unmoor.*
 Désagréable, *adj. Unpleasant, disagreeable, unacceptable, ungrateful.*
 Désagréablement, *adv. Unpleasantly, disagreeably.* * Vivre désagréablement en un lieu, *to live uneasy in a place.*
 Désagréer, *v. n. To displease, not to please, to be disliked.*
 Désagrément, *f. m. Fault, defect, any thing that is apt to create a dislike; disgust, trouble, a grievous or troublesome thing.*
 Désajusté, *ée, adj. Disordered.*

DES 157

Désajuster, *v. a. To disorder.*
 Désaltéré, *ée, adj. Whose thirst is quenched.*
 Désaltérer, *v. a. To quench the thirst.*
 Se désaltérer, *v. r. To quench one's thirst.*
 Désancrer, *v. n. To weigh anchor, to disanchor.*
 Désappareillé, *ée, adj. Unmatched.*
 Désappareiller, *verb. a. To unmatched.*
 † Désappointer, *v. a. To put out of pay, to cashier, to disband.*
 Désappointé, *ée, adj. Suffered.*
 Désapprendre, *v. a. To unlearn, to forget.*
 Désappris, *ise, adj. Unlearned, forgotten.*
 Désappropriation, *f. f. Divesting one's self.*
 Désapprouvé, *ée, adj. Disapproved, disliked, &c.*
 Désapprouver, *v. a. To disapprove, dislike, disallow, blame or find fault with.*
 Désarçonné, *ée, adj. Thrown off the saddle.*
 Désarçonner, *v. a. To throw off the saddle, to dismount; * † to nonplus one.*
 Défargenté, *ée, adj. The silver whereof is worn or pickt out.*
 Défargenter, *v. a. To take, scrape or wear the silver off.*
 Défarmé, *ée, adj. Disarmed, unarmed.*
 Défarmement, *f. m. Disarming of soldiers or ships.* * The Laying up of a ship.
 Défarder, *v. a. To disarm; * to pull off the armour.*
 * Défarder quelqu'un, ou la colère de quelqu'un, *to appease one's anger, to allay his passion or resentment.*
 Défarder, *v. n. To lay down arms, to disarm.*
 Défarrimer, *v. a. To alter or shift the stowage in the hold of a ship.*
 † Défarrow, *f. m. Disorder, confusion, wrack.*
 Désaïemblé, *ée, adj. Taken down or asunder.*
 Désaïembler, *v. a. To take down or asunder.*

158 DES

Défailli, ie, *adj.* *Ill-matched, unsuitable, jarring.*
 Défaître, *f. m.* *Disaster, mischance, misfortune.*
 Défaiteux, euse, *adj.* *Disastrous, unfortunate.*
 Désavantage, *f. m.* *Disadvantage, prejudice, loss, damage.* ♦ Parler au désavantage de quelqu'un, *to speak ill of one.* ♦ Il a eu du désavantage dans ce combat, *he had the worst on't in that fight, he was worsted.*
 Désavantager, *v. a.* *To wrong.*
 Désavantageusement, *adverb.* *Disadvantageously, with disadvantage.* ♦ Parler désavantageusement de quelqu'un, *to speak ill of one, to give an ill character of him.*
 Désavantageux, euse, *adject.* *Disadvantageous, inconvenient.* ♦ Ce combat nous fut désavantageux, *we had the worst on't in that fight.*
 Défaucé, *f. m.* (*from défavouer.*) *A disowning or disclaiming; ♦ denial.*
 Défaueugler, *v. a.* *To unblind.*
 Défauvé, *ée, adj.* *Disowned, disclaimed, &c.*
 Défaouer, *v. a.* *To disown or disclaim; ♦ not to own.* ♦ (Nier,) *to disown, to deny.*
 Descendance, *f. f.* *Extraction, descent.*
 Descendant, ante, *adj.* *Descending.* * Les descendants, (*la postérité,*) *offspring, posterity, progeny.*
 Descendre, *v. n.* *To descend, to go, come, step or be carried down.* ♦ — d'un bateau, *to come out of a boat, to land.* ♦ — de cheval, *to light off one's horse.* — de carrosse, *to light out of a coach.* * Descendre de quelqu'un, *to descend from one, to draw one's original from him.* ♦ La marée descend, *the tide goes out or 'tis ebbing water.* * Descendre d'un ton, *to sing a note lower.* * Descendre, (*déchoir,*) *to fall.*
 Descendre, *v. a.* *To take,*

DES

bring, let or throw down. ♦ Descendre la garde, *to come off the guard.* Descendre une rivière, *to fall down a river.*
 Descendu, ue, *adj.* *Descended, come or gone down, &c.* V. Descendre. Descendu de bonne famille, *come out of good family, come from good parents, well descended.*
 Descente, *f. f.* *Descent or going down; ♦ fall or falling.* ♦ (Irruption des ennemis par terre,) *irruption, invasion.* ♦ (Irruption par mer,) *descent, landing.* ♦ Faire une descente sur les lieux, *to go upon the place.* ♦ Descente ou descente de boyaux, *rupture or burstness.*
 Description, *f. f.* *Description.*
 Désemballé, *ée, adject.* *Unpacked.*
 Désemballer, *v. a.* *To unpack.*
 Désembarqué, *ée, adj.* *Disembarked, unladen.*
 Désembarquement, *f. m.* *Disembarking.*
 Désembarquer, *v. a.* *To disembark, to unlade.*
 Désembourber, *v. a.* *To take out of the mire.*
 Désemparé, *ée, adj.* *Disabled, &c.*
 Désemparer, *v. a.* *To disable.*
 Désemparer, *v. a.* & *n.* *To quit or abandon the place where a man is, to go away.*
 Désempenné, *adj. P.* Il va comme un trait désempenné, *he is a rash hair-brained fellow, he goes at random.*
 Désempeser, *v. a.* *To unstarch.*
 Désempli, ie, *adj.* *Emptied.*
 Désemplir, *v. a.* *To empty.*
 Désemplir, *v. n.* ou *se désemplir, v. récip.* *To empty itself.*
 Désenchanté, *ée, adj.* *Disenchanted, uncharmed.*
 Désenchanter, *v. a.* *To disenchant, to uncharm.*
 Désencloué, *ée, adj.* *Unnailed, &c.*
 Désenclouer, *v. a.* *To unnailed a piece of ordnance that was nailed up.* ♦ Désenclouer un cheval, *to take out the*

DES

nail that pricks a horse in the quick.
 Désenflé, *ée, adj.* *Unswelled.*
 Désenfler, *v. a.* *To take the swelling away.*
 Désenfler, *v. n.* *se désenfler, v. r.* *To unswell.*
 Désenivré, *ée, adj.* *Unfuddled, sober again.*
 Désenivrer, *v. a.* *To make sober again.*
 Se désenivrer, *v. r.* *en dormant.* *To sleep one's self sober.*
 Désennuyé, *ée, adj.* *Diversed, &c.*
 Désennuyer, *v. a.* *To divert, recreate or refresh.*
 Désenrayer, *v. a.* *Ex.* Désenrayer une roue, *to unskid a wheel.*
 Désenrhummer, *v. a.* *To get a cold away, to cure a cold or cough.*
 Désenroué, *ée, adj.* *Cured of his hoarseness.*
 Désenrouer, *v. a.* *To cure the hoarseness.*
 Désensevelir, *v. a.* *To dig out of the grave.*
 Désenforcé, *ée, adj.* *Unbewitched, &c.*
 Désenforceler, *v. a.* *To unbewitch, to disenchant.*
 Désentété, *ée, adj.* *Worked off from his conceit.*
 Désentêter, *v. a.* *To work off from one's conceit or out of one's conceit.*
 Désenvergner, *v. a.* *To unbend any sail.*
 Désert, erte, *adject.* *Desert; uninhabited, unfrequented, solitary.*
 Désert, *f. m.* *A desert, a desert place, a wilderness, a solitude or solitary place.*
 Déserté, *ée, adj.* *Layed waste, desolate, deserted, abandoned, &c.*
 Désserter, *v. a.* *To desert or run away from one's colours; ♦ * to leave; to forsake a place, to run away from.*
 Déserteur, *f. m.* *A deserter.*
 Désertion, *f. f.* *Desertion, deserting.* ♦ Désertion d'appel, *the giving over of an appeal.* ♦ Désertion de cause, *a non-suit or letting fall a suit.*
 A la désespérance, *adv.* *Des-*

DES

perately, like a mad man, hand-over-head, rashly.
Désespéré, ée, adj. *Dispaired of, &c. V. Désespérer. ♀ Désespéré, (abandonné,) past hope, desperate, given over, forlorn. ♀ (Fâché,) mad, desperate, furious.*
Un désespéré, f. m. *A desperate man.*
Désespérément, adv. *Desperately.*
Désespérer, v. n. *To despair, to have no hopes, to be past hopes, to give over for lost.*
Désespérer, v. a. *To put out of all hopes, to give no hopes; ♀ to torment, mad, anger, vex or make mad.*
Se désespérer, v. réc. *To be mad, to tear like a mad man; ♀ to make away with one's self.*
Désespoir, subst. m. *Despair, desperation. J'en suis au désespoir, I am extremely troubled, vexed or concerned about it, I am mad at it. * Désespoir, (chagrin,) trouble, grief, vexation. C'est mon désespoir, that vexes me or makes me mad.*
Déshabillé, f. m. *Deshabille, an undress or home-dress.*
Déshabillé, ée, adj. *Undressed, whose cloths are off.*
Déshabiller, v. a. *To undress, to pull the cloths off. ♀ Il a été deux jours sans se déshabiller, he has been two days without pulling off his cloths.*
Déshabité, ée, adj. *Disinhabited, dispeopled.*
Déshabituier, v. a. *To break off a custom or habit.*
Se déshabituier, v. r. *To break one's self off an habit or custom, to leave it off, to disuse.*
Déshérence, f. f. *Disherison, want of lawful hair.*
Déshérité, ée, adj. *Disinherited, &c.*
Déshériter, v. a. *To disinherit or deprive of the succession.*
Déshonnête, adj. *Dishonest, disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable, base, filthy. ♀ (Impudique,) lewd, bawdy, dishonest.*
Déshonnêtement, adv. *Dishonestly, lewdly, immodestly.*

DES

Déshonnêteté, f. f. *Dishonesty, lewdness, immodesty, ribaldry.*
Déshonneur, f. m. *Dishonour, shame, disgrace, discredit, infamy, reproach, disparagement.*
Déshonoré, ée, adj. *Dishonoured, disgraced, despised, discredited.*
Déshonorer, v. a. *To dishonour, disgrace, debase, disparage or discredit. Déshonorer une fille, to ruin a virgin.*
Désignation, f. f. *Designment, appointment, nomination.*
Désigné, ée, adj. *Designed, appointed, &c.*
Désigner, v. a. *To design, appoint, assign or nominate. ♀ (Dénoter une personne, une chose,) to design, to denote, to betoken, to describe.*
Désincorporer, v. a. *To separate from the body in which a thing had been incorporated, to disincorporate.*
Désinatué, ée, adj. *Worked out or off of his conceit, disabused.*
Désinatuier, v. a. *To work out or off of his conceit, to disabuse.*
Désintéressé, ée, adj. *Disinterested, uninterested, impartial, unbiassed.*
Désintéressement, f. m. *Impartiality, uninterestedness.*
Désintéresser, v. a. *To indemnify, to make amends.*
Désir, subst. m. *Desire, wish, longing; ♀ lust.*
Désirable, adj. *Desirable, to be wished for, to be desired.*
Désiré, ée, adj. *Desired, wished or longed for.*
Désirer, v. a. *To desire, to wish or long for. ♀ Désirer avec passion, to lust after. ♀ Il y a quelque chose à désirer, there's something wanting or missing.*
Désireux, euse, adj. *Desirous, covetous, lover.*
Désistement, f. m. *A desisting, giving over, ceasing or leaving off.*
Se désister, v. réc. *To desist, to cease, leave off, to give over.*

DES 159

Dés-lors, adv. *From or since that time.*
Désobéi, ie, adj. *Disobeyed.*
Désobéir, v. n. *To disobey, to be disobedient or undutiful.*
Désobéissance, f. f. *Disobedience, undutifulness, forwardness.*
Désobéissant, ante, adj. *Disobedient, undutiful, forward.*
Désobligeamment, adv. *Disobligingly, unkindly.*
Désobligeant, ante, adj. *Disobliging, unkind.*
Désobliger, v. a. *To disoblige, to displease.*
Désoccupation, f. f. *Leisure, a retiring from business.*
Désoccupé, ée, adj. *Unemployed, idle, at leisure, free from business.*
Désoccuper, se désoccuper, v. r. *To retire from business, to free one's self from it, to lay it aside.*
Désolateur, f. m. *A destroyer.*
Désolation, f. f. *Desolation, ruin, devastation. ♀ (Douloureux,) grief, trouble, affliction, consternation.*
Désolé, ée, adj. *Desolate, ruined, laid waste. ♀ (Affligé,) doleful, disconsolate, troubled, afflicted, aggrieved.*
Désoler, v. a. *(détruire.) To desolate, ruin or lay waste. ♀ (Affliger,) to vex, trouble or grieve.*
Désopilatif, ive, adj. *Deobstruent, opening, that removes obstructions.*
Désopilation, f. f. *Opening or removing of obstructions.*
Désopilé, ée, adj. *Deobstructed, opened.*
Désopiler, v. a. *To deobstruct, to remove or open obstructions.*
Désordonné, ée, adj. *Disordinate, inordinate, disorderly, unruly. ♀ (Excessif,) immoderate, inordinate.*
Désordonnement, adv. *Disordinately, disorderly, without any rule, immoderately.*
Désordre, f. m. *(confusion.) Disorder, confusion. ♀ (Dérèglement,) disorder, riot, excess, debauchery, loose or disorderly life, lewdness. **

- (Egarement d'esprit,) disorder, perturbation, trouble or discomposure of mind. * (Tumulte,) disturbance, tumult, hurly-burly. * (Dégât,) devastation, havock.
- Désorienté, *ée*, *adj.* Out of order, confounded, out of countenance, out of his bias.
- Désorienter, *v. a.* To put one out; to put him out of his bias, to confound.
- Désormais, *adv.* From henceforth, hereafter.
- Désofflé, *ée*, *adj.* Boned or unboned.
- Désosier, *v. a.* To bone or take out the bones, to unbone.
- Désourdir, *v. a.* To unravel, to unwrap.
- Despote, *f. m.* Despot.
- Despotique, *adj.* Despotical, absolute, arbitrary.
- Despotiquement, *adv.* Despotically, absolutely, arbitrarily.
- Dessaïtir, se dessaïtir de quelque chose, *v. réc.* To disavow or dispossess one's self of a thing, to let it go.
- Dessaïstement, *f. m.* Dessaïzing, dispossessing.
- Dessaïsonner, *v. a.* Ex. Dessaïsonner une terre, to plough, manure or sow land unseasonably or out of the wonted season.
- Dessalé, *ée*, *adj.* Watered, unsalted; the salt whereof is taken out.
- † Dessalé, *f. m.* A cunning or sharp blade.
- Dessaler, *v. act.* To water, to unsalt, to make fresh.
- Dessanglé, *ée*, *adj.* Ungirt.
- Dessangler, *verb. act.* To ungirt.
- Dessaoulé, *ée*, *adj.* Made sober again.
- Desséché, *ée*, *adject.* Dried, dried up.
- Desséchement, *f. m.* A drying or drying up.
- Dessécher, *v. a.* To dry or dry up. Dessécher un marais, to drain a marsh.
- Dessain, *f. m.* Design, mind, intention, intent, purpose, resolution, project; & enterprise, attempt. & A dessin *de*, (pour,) in order to. & A dessin, (exprès,)

- on purpose, purposely, for the nonce. & Dessain, (terme de Peinture,) design, sketch or first draught. & — (Plan) d'un bâtiment, the plan or draught of a building. & Dessain, (art de dessiner,) design, the art of drawing.
- Dessellé, *ée*, *adj.* Unsaddled.
- Desseller, *v. a.* To unsaddle.
- Desserre, *f. f.* Ex. Il est dur à la deserre, he is a hold-fast, he is a close-fisted man.
- Desserré, *ée*, *adj.* Loosened, made a little loose.
- Desserrer, *v. act.* To loosen, to make a little loose. & Desserrer les dents à quelqu'un, to wrench one's teeth open; * † to make one speak. † Desserrer un coup de poing, &c. to give a cuff.
- Dessert, *f. m.* The last course at table, the desert or fruit.
- Desserte, *f. f.* The meat which comes off the table. & Desserte d'une Cure ou d'un Bénéfice, the functions of a Parson or the like.
- Desservir, *v. act.* (ôter les plats, &c.) To take away, to clear the table. & Desservir une Cure, to serve a Parish. & Desservir, (nuire,) to disserve ill of, to do an ill office to.
- Dessicatif, *ive*, *adj.* Desiccative, apt to dry up.
- Dessiller, *v. a.* To open.
- Dessinateur, *f. m.* A designer or drawer.
- Dessiné, *ée*, *adj.* Designed.
- Dessiner, *v. a.* To design, to draw the first draught, to delineate, to sketch.
- Dessoler, *v. a.* To unsole.
- Dessoudé, *ée*, *adject.* Unsoldered.
- Dessouder, *v. a.* To unsolder.
- Dessous, *adv.* Underneath, beneath.
- Dessous, *prép.* Under, underneath, below.
- Au-dessous, *prép.* Below, under. * Je suis au-dessous de lui, I am inferior to him, he is the better man. Par-dessous, under. De dessous, from under. Sens dessus dessous, topsy-turvy, upside down.

- Dessous, *f. m.* The bottom of a thing, the lower or undermost part of it. & Avoir du dessous, to be worsted, beaten or overpowered.
- Dessus, *adv. & prép.* Upon, above. Ci-dessus, above.
- Par-dessus, *prép.* Above, over, beyond, over and above, besides. & De dessus, Ex. Il ne leva jamais les yeux de dessus elle, he never turned his eyes from her. Les fruits tombent de dessus les arbres, the fruits fall of the trees.
- Dessus, *f. m.* (lieu supérieur.) The top or upper part. & Le dessus d'une lettre, the superscription of a letter. & Le dessus, (en Musique,) the treble, in Musick. & Avoir le dessus, (ou l'avantage,) to be uppermost, to get the better on't, to get the advantage. * Venir au-dessus de ses entreprises, to bring one's designs about, to compass them. * Prendre le dessus de quelqu'un, to take place above one. & Dessus du vent, the weather gage.
- Destin, *f. m.* Destiny, fate.
- Destination, *f. f.* Destination, appointments.
- Destiné, *ée*, *adj.* Born, designed, devoted, destined, appointed.
- Destinée, *f. f.* Destiny, fate.
- Finir sa destinée, to die.
- Destiner, *v. a.* To design, destinate, devote or appoint.
- Destiner, *v. n.* To design, to propose.
- Destituable, *adj.* That may be deposed, deprived or turned out of his place.
- Destitué, *ée*, *adj.* Destitute, deprived, bereft, deposed.
- Destituer, *v. a.* To depose, deprive or turn out of a place.
- Destitution, *f. f.* Deposing or depriving of a place.
- Destrueteur, *f. m.* Destroyer.
- Destruction, *f. f.* Destruction, ruin, overthrow.
- Désuni, *ie*, *adj.* Disunited, divided, &c.
- Défunion, *f. m.* Disunion, division, discord, odds; & division, separation.
- Défuir, *v. n.*

DES

Désunir, *v. a.* To disunite, divide, to set at variance; ♣ to disunite, to separate, to disjoin.

Se désunir, *v. réc.* To come asunder. * (Se brouiller,) to fall out, to be at variance, to be divided, to be at odds.

Détaché, *éc. adj.* Untied, loose, &c. *V.* Détacher. ♣ *Pieces détachées*, outworks in fortification.

Détachement, *f. m.* Freedom, the condition of one that is free, that has no tie upon him. *Détachement de tout intérêt*, impartiality. ♣ *Détachement*, (terme de guerre,) detachment or draught of soldiers.

Détacher, *v. a.* To untie, to undo, to loosen or loose; † to take off. ♣ *Détacher le flegme avec un verre de vin*, to carry off or wash down the phlegm with a glass of wine. * *Détacher des soldats*, to detach soldiers.

* *Détacher une ruade*, to kick up his heels, to fling or jerk out with the heels.

Se détacher, *v. réc.* To grow loose, to come off. ♣ (Quitter quelqu'un,) to go off.

Détacher, *v. a.* (ôter les taches.) To take or fetch off the stain, to scower.

Détail, *f. m.* *Ex.* Vendre ou débiter en détail. To sell by retail. * *Détail*, (récit avec toutes les circonstances,) particulars, an exact account.

Détaillé, *éc. adj.* Cut in pieces, &c. *V.* Détailler.

Détailler, *verb. a.* To cut in pieces. ♣ (Vendre en détail,) to sell by retail. * *Détailler une affaire*, to tell the particulars of a business, to give a full account of it.

Détailleur, *f. m.* A retailer.

Détalinguer le cable, *v. a.* To unbend the cable.

Détalé, *éc. adj.* Taken in, &c. *V.* the verb.

Détaler, *v. a.* To take in the stall-commodities, to shut one's shop.

† **Détaler**, *v. n.* To scamper away, to scour off.

Tome I.

DET

Déteindre, *v. a.* To take away the colour, to discolour.

Se déteindre, *v. r.* To lose its colour, to fade.

Déteint, *einte, adj.* That has lost its colour, discoloured.

Déteilé, *éc. adj.* Unteamed,

Dételer, *verb. a.* To unteam.

Détendre, *v. a.* To take down. ♣ (Relâcher,) to let down, to slacken, to unbend.

Détendu, *ue, adj.* Taken down, &c. *V.* Détendre.

Détenir, *v. a.* To detain, keep or withhold.

Détente, *f. f.* The trigger of a gun.

Détenteur, *f. m.* *Détentrice*, *f. f.* One that keeps wrongfully another man's estate.

Détention, *f. f.* A detaining, detention. ♣ (Prison,) detention, imprisonment.

Détenu, *ue, adj.* Detained, kept, withheld.

Déterger, *v. a.* (terme de Médecine.) To deterge, to cleanse.

Détérioration, *f. f.* Waste, spoiling, deterioration.

Détérioré, *éc. adj.* Wasted, spoiled.

Détériorer, *v. a.* To waste or spoil.

Détermination, *f. f.* Determination, resolution, decision; ♣ determination, appointment.

Déterminé, *éc. adj.* Determined, &c. *V.* Déterminer.

Déterminé, *adj. & f.* Bold, stout, resolute; ♣ a desperate fellow. ♣ (En parlant d'un enfant,) an unlucky, forward child.

Déterminément, *adv.* Absolutely, by all means; ♣ determinately, positively, precisely; ♣ boldly, resolutely.

Déterminer, *v. a.* To determine or decide; ♣ to determine, to incline or dispose; ♣ to determine or resolve.

Se déterminer, *v. r.* To be resolved.

Déterré, *éc. adj.* Digged or dug out of the ground, &c.

Déterrer, *v. a.* To dig out of the ground. * (Découvrir,) to find out or discover.

Déterfû, *ive, adj.* Deterfue,

DÉT 161

of a scowring or cleansing quality.

Détestable, *adj.* Detestable, abominable; ♣ abominable, sad, wretched, pitiful.

Détestablement, *adv.* Abominably, wretchedly.

Détestation, *f. f.* Detestation, abhorrence.

Détesté, *éc. adj.* Detested, abominated, abhorred.

Détester, *v. a.* To detest, abominate or abhor.

Détiré, *éc. adj.* Pulled out.

Détirer, *v. a.* To pull out.

Détirer le feu, *v. a.* To rake out the fire.

Détonation, *subst. fém.* Detonation.

Détonner, *v. n.* To go out of tune, to jar.

Détordre, *v. a.* To unwring or untwist.

Se détordre, *v. r.* To unwring or untwist. *Se détordre le pied*, to sprain one's foot.

Détorqué, *éc. adj.* Wreisted.

Détorquer, *v. a.* To wrest a passage.

Détorsé, *f. f.* Sprain.

Détortillé, *éc. adj.* Untwisted.

Détortiller, *v. a.* To untwist.

Se détortiller, *v. r.* To untwist.

Détour, *f. m.* A turning or winding; ♣ a by side-way,

a way about. * — (de paroles,) a going about the bush, a compass of words,

a fetch about. * (Adresse,) a by-way, a cunning shift,

an excuse, a hole to get out at; evasion or subterfuge.

Détourné, *éc. adj.* Disturbed, &c. according to the verb.

Des endroits détournés, by-ways, by-paths.

Détourner, *v. a.* To disturb; hinder, take off, divert or interrupt. ♣ (Ecarter,) to turn, to turn away, to drive or keep back, to dispel,

to divert, to avert. * (Dissuader,) to dissuade. * (Soustraire,) to divert, to convey away, to convert to one's own use.

♣ *Détourner un voyageur de son chemin*, to put a traveller out of his way.

♣ — le cerf, to harbour a stag. * — le sens d'un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage.

162 D E T

Se détourner, *v. r.* To turn, to turn aside or away; ♣ to go out of one's way. * Se détourner de son travail, to leave or go from one's work.

Détracter, *v. a.* To detract or speak ill of, to slander, to traduce or backbite.

Détracteur, *f. m.* A detracter, slanderer, traducer, backbiter.

Détraction, *f. f.* Detraction, slander, evil-speaking, backbiting.

Détriqué, *ée, adjct.* Out of order.

Détriquer, *v. a.* To put out of order, to disorder.

Détrempe, *f. f.* Distemper, water colours.

Détrempe, *ée, adj.* Tempered, diluted, allayed.

Détrémper, *v. a.* To temper, dilute or allay; ♣ to soften a piece of tempered iron.

Détresse, *f. f.* Distress, sorrow, trouble, anguish.

Détriment, *f. m.* Detriment, loss, damage.

Détroit, *subst. m.* Straights, strait; ♣ straits, narrow passage, defile. * Détroit, (district,) district, precinct, liberties or extent of any jurisdiction.

Détrompé, *ée, adj.* Undeceived, disabused.

Détronger, *v. a.* To undeceive or disabuse.

Détrôné, *ée, adjct.* Unthroned.

Détrôner, *v. a.* To unthrone, to deprive or turn out of the throne.

Détrouffé, *ée, adj.* Unpinned. *V. the verb.*

Détrouffier, *v. a.* To untuck. * (Voler,) to rob, to rifle.

† Détrouffeur, *f. m.* A robber, a rifler.

Détruire, *v. a.* To demolish or pull down a building. ♣ (Ruiner,) to destroy, cast down, defeat, overthrow, ruin or spoil.

Se détruire, *v. r.* To fall to ruin or decay.

Détruit, *ite, adj.* Demolished, &c. Destroyed. *V. Détruire.*

Dette, *f. f.* A debt, money

D E V

owing. Petites dettes, driblets, petty sums. P. Avouer ou confesser la dette, to confess one's self in the wrong.

Dévalé, *ée, adj.* Let down.

† Dévaler, *v. a.* To let down; ♣ to come or go down the stairs.

Dévalisé, *ée, adj.* Robbed, stripped.

Dévaliser, *v. a.* To rob, to strip.

Devancé, *ée, adj.* Out-run, prevented, &c.

Devancer, *v. a.* To out-run, to out-go, to out-strip; ♣ to come before, to prevent; ♣ to go before, to take place before, to have the precedence. ♣ Devancer quelqu'un en âge, to be older than one.

Devancier, *f. m.* Devanciere, *subst. f.* A predecessor. ♣ Devanciers, (ancêtres,) predecessors, ancestors.

Devant, *prép. & adv. de temps & de lieu.* Before; ♣ against, over-against; ♣ before, in the presence. Otez-vous de devant moi, stand out of my sight, get out of my sight or avoid my presence. ♣ Sens devant derrière, prepossessionally, the cart before the horse, arsy-versy.

Ci-devant, *adv.* Formerly, heretofore.

Par-devant, *prép.* Before, in the presence. ♣ Aller au-devant (ou à la rencontre) de quelqu'un, to go to meet one. ♣ Aller au-devant, (prévenir,) to prevent, to obviate.

Devant, *f. m.* (le devant.) The fore-part or fore-side of a thing. ♣ — de chemise, the fore-flap of a shirt. ♣ — de cuirasse, the breast of an armour. ♣ — de perruque, the fore-top of a periwig. ♣ — d'autel, the antependium of an altar. ♣ Prendre le devant, to go or march before. * (Prévenir,) to prevent, to be beforehand with one, to get the start of him. Devant is also a participle of the verb Devoir, owing.

Devantier, *f. m.* Apron.

D E V

Devantier, *f. f.* A riding apron.

Dévastation, *f. f.* Devastation, desolation.

Développé, *ée, adj.* Opened, unwrapped, unfolded, &c.

Développer, *v. a.* To open, unwrap or unfold; ♣ to open or lay open, to unfold, to clear or unravel.

Se développer, *verb. r.* To open or to explain one's self.

Devenir, *v. n.* To grow, to become, to be made. Faire devenir fou, to make one mad. ♣ Devenir à rien, to come to nothing.

Déventer les voiles, *v. a.* To shiver any sail.

Devenu, *ue, adjct.* Grown; become.

† Dévergondé, *ée, adj. & subst. f.* Brazen-faced, impudent.

Devers, *prép.* Towards. Il a les papiers par devers lui, he has the papers by him.

Se dévêtir, *v. r.* To leave off part of one's cloths.

Dévidé, *ée, adj.* Wound.

Dévider, *v. a.* To wind into a skain or bottom.

Dévideur, *f. m.* Dévideuse, *f. f.* A man or woman that winds any skains or bottoms.

Dévidoir, *subst. masc.* Spindle, yarn-windle.

Deuil, *f. m.* Mourning, grief, sorrow, affliction. ♣ (Habit noir,) mourning, a mourning suit of cloths, black or black cloths. Grand deuil, deep mourning. Petit deuil, second mourning.

Devin, *f. m.* Diviner, soothsayer, a cunning man, a conjurer.

Deviné, *ée, adj.* Divined, foretold, &c. *V. Deviner.*

Deviner, *verb. a.* To divine or foretell things to come. ♣ (Découvrir par conjecture,) to guess at or to conjecture.

Devineresse, *f. f.* A cunning woman, a conjurer.

† Devineur, *subst. masc.* A diviner, a conjurer, a cunning man.

DEV

Dévirer, *v. a.* (le dit d'un cabestan,) *To recoil.*
Devis, *f. m.* *A plot for a building.* † (Propos familier,) *a talking or prating together, a dialogue.*
Dévilagé, *éé, adj.* *That has got a scratched or disfigured face.*
Dévilager quelqu'un, *v. a.* *To scratch or disfigure one's face.*
Devise, *f. f.* *A device, a sort of emblem ; motto, posy.*
† Déviser, *verb. neut.* *To talk, speak or discourse together.*
Dévoilement, *subst. m.* *Looseness.*
Dévoilé, *éé, adj.* *Unveiled.*
*** Dévoilement**, *f. m.* *Unveiling.*
Dévoiler, *v. a.* *To unveil.*
Devoir, *v. a.* *To owe, to be in debt.* † (Etre obligé à,) *to owe, to be bound.* †
Devoir, (en parlant de ce qui arrivera nécessairement ou probablement,) *to be or must.* Il doit venir aujourd'hui, *he is to come to day.* Dût-il m'en coûter la vie, *though I were to lose my life for't.* Il est tout nu, il doit avoir bien froid, *he is all naked, he must needs be very cold.*
Devoir, *f. m.* *Duty, devoir, pars.* † Tenir quelqu'un dans le devoir, *to keep one to the behaviour.* † Derniers devoirs, *duties a necessary services belonging to burials, funeral rites, obsequies.* † J'irai vous rendre mes devoirs, *I shall go and pay my respects to you or I shall wait upon you at your house.* † Se mettre en devoir de faire une chose, *to endeavour a thing or to go about to do it.*
Dévole, *f. f.* *The having no trick at cards.*
Dévolu, *ue, adj.* *Devolved, escheated.* Terre dévolue à la couronne, *an escheat.*
Dévolu, *f. m.* *Lapse.* Un bénéfice tombé en dévolu, *a benefice fallen into lapse.* — † *Devolution.*

DEV

Dévolutaire, *f. m.* *He that has a benefice fallen into lapse.*
Dévolution, *f. f.* *Devolution or falling into lapse.*
Dévorant, *ante, adj.* *Devouring, ravenous.*
Dévoré, *éé, adj.* *Devoured, &c.* *V. Dévorer.*
Dévorer, *v. a.* *To devour.*
** Dévorer tout son bien, to consume all one's estate, to spend or squander it away.*
** Le chagrin me dévore, I am consumed with grief.*
Dévorer les livres, *to read over books hastily and greedily.*
Dévote, *ote, adj.* *Devout, godly, pious, religious.*
Un dévot, *f. m.* *A devout man, a votary.* Faux dévot, *a bigot, an hypocrite.*
Dévolement, *adv.* *Devoutly, with zeal, with devotion.*
† Dévolement, *V. Dévolement.*
† Dévoieux, *V. Dévot.*
Dévotion, *f. f.* *Devotion, piety, religious zeal, godliness.* † Faire les dévotions, *to receive the sacrament.* * Dévotion, (entière disposition,) *devotion, disposal, service, command.* Il est à ma dévotion, *he is at my devotion.*
Dévoqué, *éé, adj.* *Devoted, dedicated, consecrated.*
Dévouement, *f. m.* *Devotion, the being devoted to one's will.*
Dévouer, *v. a.* *To devote, to dedicate, to consecrate.*
Dévoyé, *éé, adj.* *That has got a looseness and vomiting.*
Dévoyé, (hors du droit chemin,) *astray, that has lost his way.* † Couples dévoyés, *cant-timbers.*
Dévolement de l'estain, *f. m.* *Flaring of the fashion-piece.*
Dévoier, *v. a.* *To cause both a looseness and vomiting.*
**† (Détourner du chemin,) to lead, to mislead or bring out of the way.
Se dévoier, *v. r.* *To err, wander or go out of the way.*
Deutéronome, *f. m.* *Deuteronomy.***

DIA 165

Deux, *adj.* *Two.* † Ils s'aiment tous deux, *they love each other or one another.* † Deux fois, *twice.* † Regarder quelqu'un entre deux yeux, *to stare at one.* † De deux en deux jours, *every other day.* Un deux de chiffre, *the figure of two.*
Deux, *f. m.* *A two.* Double deux, (aux dés,) *two ducets.*
Deuxieme, *adj.* (second,) *Second.*
Deuxiement, *adverb.* *Secondly.*
Dextérité, *f. f.* *Dexterity, skill, industry, address.*
† Dextre, *subst. fém.* *The right hand.*
† Dextrement, *adv.* *Dexterously.*
Diable, *f. m.* *Devil, evil spirit.* * † C'est un diable en procès, *he is a desperate lawyer.* * † Il fait le diable à quatre, *he is deadly boisterous or mad, he tears, frays and fumes at a deadly rate.* * † Que diable avez-vous fait ? *what the devil or the dewce have you done ?* * † Fi ! au diable, *fy upon you, dewce take you.* * † Les diables font déchainés, *hell is broke loose.* * † Il dit le diable de vous, *he rails at you at a devilish or strange rate.* * † Tirer le diable par la queue, *to be hard put to it for a livelihood, to have much ado to keep life and soul together.* * † En diable, *Devilishly, like a devil, extremely.* * † Il est pesant comme tous les diables, *he is extremely heavy or dull.* * † C'est là le diable, *there's the devil on't, there lies the difficulty.* * † Un méchant diable, *a sharp, unlucky blade.* * † Un pauvre diable, *a poor wretch.* * † Un boa diable, *a good fellow.*
Diablement, *adv.* *Devilishly, devilish, extremely.*
Diablerie, *f. f.* *Witchcraft, devilish trick.*
† Diablesse, *f. f.* *A devilish woman, a she-devil, a shrew.*

Diablotin, *subst. m.* A young devil.
 Diabolique, *adj.* Devilish, diabolical.
 Diaboliquement, *adv.* Diabolically.
 Diaconat, *f. m.* Deaconship, deaconry.
 Diaconesse, *subst. fém.* Diaconess.
 Diacre, *f. m.* A Deacon.
 Diademe, *subst. masc.* A diadem.
 Diagonale, *f. f.* ou ligne diagonale, *adj.* A diagonal or diagonal line.
 Diagonalement, *adv.* Diagonally, from one angle to another.
 Dialecte, *f. m.* Dialect of a town or province.
 Dialecticien, *f. m.* A Logician, a disputant.
 Dialectique, *f. f.* Dialectick, Logick.
 Dialectiquement, *adv.* Like a logician.
 Dialogue, *f. m.* A dialogue or colloquy.
 Diamant, *f. m.* A diamond or adamant stone.
 Diamantaire, *f. m.* A diamond cutter; ♦ a Jeweller, a Lapidary.
 Diamétral, *ale, adj.* Diametral.
 Diamétralement, *adv.* Diametrically. ♦ Diamétralement opposé, directly opposite.
 Diametre, *f. m.* Diameter.
 Diane, *subst. fém.* (manière de battre le tambour.) A beat of drum at break of day.
 † Diantre, *f. m.* The dewce, the devil. Diantre soit le fou, dewce take him for a fool.
 Diapalme, *subst. masc.* Diapalma.
 Diapalme, *f. m.* Diapasm, perfume.
 Diapason, *f. m.* Diapason, an eighth in musick.
 Diaphane, *adj.* Diaphanous, transparent.
 Diaphorétique, *adj.* Diaphoretick, purging, discussing humours.
 Diaphragme, *subst. m.* Diaphragm, the midriff.
 ‡ Diapré, *éc, adj.* Diapered

or diapered, in heraldry.
 Diaprure, *f. f.* (variété de couleurs.) Diapring or variety of colours.
 Diarrhée, *subst. f.* Diarrhaa, Lask.
 Diatonique, *adj. Ex.* Musique diatonique, diatonick musick.
 Dictame, *f. m.* Dittany.
 Dictateur, *f. m.* Dictator.
 Dictature, *f. f.* Dictatorship, dictature.
 Dicté, *éc, adj.* Dictated, indited, &c. V. Dictér.
 Dictée, *f. f.* The dictamen of a master to his scholars.
 Dictér, *v. a.* To dictate or indice; * to prompt, suggest. * (Inspirer,) to dictate, to teach or shew, to inspire with.
 Diction, *f. f.* Word, an expression or term. ♦ (Elocution,) elocution, style or manner of speech.
 Dictionnaire, *subst. m.* Dictionary.
 Dicton, *f. m.* Saying, common saying.
 Dictum, *f. m.* The purview of an act.
 Didactique, *adj.* Didactick, instructive, doctrinal.
 Diefle ou Diefis, *f. f.* Diefis, the half of a tune in musick.
 Diete, *f. f.* Diet.
 Dieu, *f. m.* God. Les Dieux des Païens, the heathen Gods or Deities. * Elle jura ses grands Dieux, she swore by all that's sacred.
 Diffamant, *ante, adj.* Defaming, defamatory, slanderous.
 Diffamateur, *f. m.* A defamer, traducer, slanderer or calumniator.
 Diffamation, *f. f.* Defamation, traducing, slandering, calumny.
 Diffamatoire, *adj.* Defamatory, defaming, slanderous.
 Diffamé, *éc, adj.* Defamed, traduced, slandered.
 Diffamer, *v. act.* To defame, traduce or slander.
 Différé, *éc, adj.* Deferred, delayed, put off.
 Différemment, *adv.* Differently, variously, severally, diversely.

Différence, *f. f.* Difference; variety, diversity, distinction.
 Différencié, *éc, adj.* Distinguished, made different from.
 Différencier, *v. act.* To distinguish, to make different from.
 Différent, *ente, adj.* Different, differing, unlike, divers, various. ♦ Il est souvent différent de lui-même, he often differs from himself, he seldom agrees with himself.
 Différent, *f. m.* A difference, dispute, controversy, quarrel. J'ai un différent avec lui, I am at variance with him. Nous sommes en différent, we differ.
 Différer, *v. n.* To differ or be different or unlike, to vary; ♦ not to be at one.
 Différer, *v. a.* To defer, delay or put off. Sans différer, without farther delay.
 Difficile, *adj.* Hard, difficult, crabbed, uneasy. ♦ Difficile, (mal-aisé à contenter,) hard to please or to be pleased.
 Difficilement, *adv.* With difficulty, hardly, with much ado, with great pain, not easily, scarcely.
 Difficulté, *subst. f.* Difficulty. ♦ Faire difficulté de quelque chose, to make a scruple or conscience of a thing. ♦ On a trouvé plus de difficulté qu'on ne croyoit, the thing was found more difficult than 'twas expected. ♦ Difficulté, (doute,) doubt, question. Cela ne souffre point de difficulté, (cela est indubitable,) that's without question, there's no doubt or no question to be made of it. ♦ Ils ont quelque difficulté entr'eux, there's some difference betwixt them. ♦ Difficulté de respiration, shortness of breath. ♦ Difficulté d'uriner, stranguary.
 Difficultueux, *euse, adj.* That raises or starts difficulties in every thing.
 Difforme, *adj.* Deformed, ugly, ill-favoured, disfigured, misshapen.
 Difformer, *v. act.* To deform,

DIF

to spoil or alter the form and fashion of a thing.
Difformité, *f. f.* Deformity, ugliness, ill-favouredness.
Diffus, *use, adj.* Diffused, long-winded, prolix, tedious.
Diffusément, *adv.* Diffusely, tediously.
Diffusion, *f. f.* Diffusedness, diffusion, spreading.
Digéré, *ée, adj.* Digested, &c.
Digérer, *v. act.* To digest or concoct what one eats. * (Souffrir,) to digest, to bear or suffer, to put up, to brook. * (Examiner, discuter,) to digest, discuss, examine, scan, sift or see in order.
Digeste, *f. m.* Digests or Pan-dects.
Digestif, *ive, adj.* Digestive, helping the digestion.
Digestion, *subst. f.* Digestion, concoction. * Cela est de dure digestion, one cannot digest, bear or brook such a thing.
Digitale, *subst. f.* Fox-gloves; an herb.
Digne, *adjc.* Worthy, that deserves. ♦ Digne de foi, digne de croyance, credible. ♦ Il a fait une action digne de lui, he has done like himself. ♦ C'est une digne récompense de ses travaux, that's a deserved reward for his labours.
Dignement, *adv.* Worthily.
Dignité, *f. f.* Dignity, worth, merit, importance. ♦ (Grandeur,) dignity, greatness; ♦ dignity, office, preferment, degree, honour.
Digon, *f. m.* (bâton d'une flamme.) The stock or staff of a vase.
Digression, *subst. f.* Digression.
Digue, *subst. fém.* Dike. * La licence a rompu toutes les digues, licentiousness has broke through all opposition.
Dilacération, *f. f.* Dilaceration.
Dilatation, *f. f.* Dilatation, widening.
Dilatatoire, *f. m.* A dilatory or dilator.
Dilaté, *ée, adjc.* Widened, dilated.
Dilator, *v. act.* To dilate or widen.

DIN

Se dilater, *v. r.* To dilate.
Dilatoire, *adjc.* Dilatory, making delays.
† Dilayer, *v. act.* To defer, put off, to delay or use delays.
Dilection, *subst. f.* Dilection, love, affection, charity.
Dilemme, *f. m.* A dilemma.
Diligement, *adv.* Diligently.
Diligence, *subst. f.* Diligence, haste or speed; ♦ diligence, care, carefulness; ♦ a flying-coach or any swift carriage either by land or water. ♦ Faire ses diligences contre quelqu'un, faute de payement, to prosecute one close for nonpayment.
Diligent, *ente, adj.* (expéditif.) Diligent, quick. ♦ (Soigneux,) diligent, laborious, pains-taking, careful, watchful.
Diligenter, *v. n. ou plutôt, se* diligenter, *v. récip.* To make haste.
Dimanche, *f. m.* Sunday.
Dime ou Dixme, *f. f.* Tithes. Sujet à la dime, tithable.
Dimé, *ée, adj.* Tithed.
Dimension, *f. f.* Dimension.
Dimer ou Dixmer, *v. act.* To tithes.
Dimeur, *subst. masc.* Tithes-gatherer.
Diminué, *ée, adj.* Diminished, lessened, &c.
Diminuer, *v. a.* To diminish, to lessen, to impair, to abate.
Diminuer, *v. n.* To lessen, to diminish, to decrease, to fall, to decay.
Diminutif, *ive, adj.* Diminutive.
Un diminutif, *f. m.* A diminutive.
Diminution, *f. f.* Diminution, a diminishing, lessening, decrease, abatement.
Dimissoire, *f. m.* A dimissory letter from one Bishop to another.
Dimissorial, *ale, adjc.* Ex. Lettres dimissoriales, dimissory letters.
Dindon, *f. m.* A turkey-cock.
Dindonneau, *f. m.* A turkey pout or a little young turkey.
Diné ou Diner, *subst. masc.* Dinner.
Dinée, *f. f.* Ex. Notre dinée sera demain en un tel lieu,

DIR

165

we shall dine to-morrow at such a place.
Diner, *v. n.* To dine or eat one's dinner. Allons diner, let us go to dinner.
Diner, *f. m.* V. Diné.
† Dineur, *f. m.* Ex. Un beau dineur, a great eater or high feeder.
Diocésain, *aine, adj.* One that is of a Bishop's diocese. L'Evêque diocésain, the diocesan, the Bishop of the diocese.
Diocèse, *f. m.* Diocese.
Dioptrique, *subst. fém.* Dioptrick.
Diphthongue, *f. f.* A diphthong or diphthong.
Diplôme, *subst. m.* Diploma, patents.
Dire, *v. act.* To tell, say, speak, talk or relate. ♦ Dire, (signifier,) to mean or signify. Que veut dire cela? what is the meaning of that? what signifies that? C'est-à-dire, that is, that is to say. ♦ Ce n'est pas à dire, it does not follow, that does not argue. ♦ Cela ne dit rien, that signifies nothing, that's nothing to the purpose. ♦ Dites-lui qu'il entre, bid him come in. ♦ Dire, (offrir,) to bid. * Le cœur me dit, my mind gives me. ♦ Dire quelque chose à l'oreille, to whisper a thing in one's ear. ♦ Dire des injures à quelqu'un, Voy. Injure. ♦ Trouver à dire, (ou à reprendre,) to find fault with; ♦ to find wanting or to find amiss. ♦ Il y a bien à dire du vrai au faux, there is a vast distance betwixt truth and falsehood.
On dit, *v. imp.* It is said, it is reported.
Dire, *f. m.* Saying, what one says, words. Le dire des témoins, the witnesses depositions. A votre dire, by what you say. ♦ Bien-dire, eloquence, fine speech or fine words.
Direct, *ecte, adjc.* Direct, strait. Ligne directe, direct line.
Directe, *f. f.* Tenure in capite, the being Lord paragon.

mount, a lordship, free tenure, free-hold.
Directement, *adv. Directly, straightly.*
Directeur, *subst. m. Director, guider, overseer, manager.* ♦
Directeur de conscience, *a ghostly father.*
Direction, *f. f. Directing, direction, conduct, overseeing, management.*
Directoire, *f. m. Directory, rubrick.*
Directrice, *f. f. Governess.*
Dirigé, *ée, adj. Directed, &c. Voy. Diriger.*
Diriger, *v. a. To direct, rule, steer, govern, guide, manage or frame.*
Dirimant, *adj. Ex. Empêchement dirimant, an absolute impediment that invalidates a marriage.*
† Disant, *ante, adj. Ex. Un homme bien-disant, a well-spoken man.*
Discerné, *ée, adj. Discerned, distinguished.*
Discernement, *f. m. A discerning, distinction or distinguishing; discerning faculty, discretion, judgment.*
Discerner, *v. act. To discern, to distinguish.*
Disciple, *subst. m. A disciple; a scholar or pupil.*
Disciplinable, *adj. Disciplinable, docile, tractable, apt to receive instruction, capable of discipline.*
Discipline, *f. f. Discipline, institution, education, instruction. ♦ Donner la discipline à quelqu'un, to discipline or scourge one.*
Discipliné, *ée, adj. Disciplined, &c. V. the verb.*
Discipliner, *v. a. To discipline or bring under a discipline; to instruct, rule or order; ♦ to discipline or scourge.*
Discontinuation, *f. f. Discontinuance; discontinuing or discontinuation, ceasing, intermission.*
Discontinué, *ée, adj. Discontinued, intermitted, left off for a time.*
Discontinuer, *v. act. To discontinue, intermit or to give over or to leave off for a time.*

Discontinuer, *v. n. To cease, to give over.*
Disconvenance, *f. f. Disproportion, inequality, difference.*
Disconvenir, *v. n. To disagree.*
Discordant, *ante, adj. Dissonant, discordant, jarring, untunable, disagreeing.*
Discorde, *f. f. Discord, division, odds, disagreement, variance, strife, debate. **
Jeter la pomme de discorde, *to set at variance, to set together by the ears.*
Discorder, *v. a. To jar.*
Discoureur, *subst. m. Discourteuse, f. f. A talker, a talking man or woman.*
Discourir, *v. n. To discourse, speak, talk or make a discourse; ♦ to discourse or reason.*
Discours, *f. m. Discourse or speech; familiar discourse or conversation. Discours oratoire, a set speech, an oration.*
† Discourtois, *oise, adj. Discourteous.*
Discret, *ete, adj. Discreet, wise, prudent, sober, considering or considerate, wary. ♦ Quantité discrete, a discrete quantity, whose parts are separate from one another.*
Discrètement, *adv. Discreetly, wisely, prudently, with consideration, warily.*
Discrétion, *f. f. Discretion, wisdom, prudence, consideration, wariness. ♦ Vivre à discrétion, to live at discretion, to have free quarters. Se rendre à discrétion, to surrender at discretion, to yield without terms.*
Disculpé, *ée, adj. Cleared, excused, excused, justified.*
Disculper, *v. a. To clear, to excuse, to exculpate or justify.*
Disculsif, *ive, adj. Discussive.*
Discussion, *f. f. Discussion, strict examination or enquiry. On a fait la discussion de l'affaire en ma présence, the business was discussed before me.*

Discuté, *ée, adj. Discussed, examined, &c. V. Discuter.*
Discuter, *v. act. To discuss, examine, scan or sift, to search and enquire into. ♦ Discuter les biens d'un débiteur, to distrain, appraise and expose to sale the goods of a debtor.*
Disert, *erte, adj. Well-spoken, eloquent.*
Disertement, *adv. Eloquently.*
Disette, *f. f. Want, scarcity, need, penury.*
† Disetteux, *euse, adj. Needy, that is in want.*
Diseur, *f. m. (from dire.) A teller. Ex. Un diseur de bonne aventure, a fortune teller. ♦ Diseur de bons mots, a jester, a buffoon. ♦ Diseur de nouvelles, a news-monger. ♦ Un diseur de riens, an idle talker.*
Disgrace, *f. f. Disgrace, ill-fortune, misfortune; ♦ Disgrace, disfavoured, the losing one's favour, the being out of favour.*
Disgracié, *ée, adj. Out of favour; ♦ disgraced, deformed.*
Disgracier, *v. a. To turn or put out of favour.*
Disgracieux, *euse, adj. Disagreeable, unpleasant, ungrateful.*
Disjoindre, *v. a. To disjoin, part or divide.*
Disjoint, *ointe, adj. Disjoined, parted, divided.*
Disjonctif, *ive, adj. Disjunctive.*
Disjonction, *subst. f. Disjunction, separation.*
Dislocation, *f. f. Dislocation. Ex. Il y a dislocation, the bone is out of joint.*
Disloqué, *ée, adj. Out of joint.*
Disloquer, *v. a. To put out of joint.*
Disparate, *f. f. Extravagance, impertinence.*
Disparité, *subst. f. Disparity, inequality, difference.*
Disparoître, *v. n. To vanish away.*
Disparu, *ue, adj. Disappeared, vanished away.*
Dispendieux, *euse, adj. Costly, expensive.*

DIS

Dispensateur, *f. m.* *Dispenser*, *disposer* or *distributor*.
Dispensation, *f. f.* *Dispensation*, *distribution* or *distributing*, *management*, *administration*.
Dispensatrice, *subst. f. A* *she-dispenser*, *distributor* or *disposer*.
Dispense, *f. f.* *Dispensation*, *licence*, *permission*.
Dispensé, *ée*, *adj.* *Dispensed*, *bestowed*, &c. *V.* *Dispenser*.
Dispenser, *v. a.* (*distribuer*.) *To dispense*, *bestow*, *dispose*, *distribute*, *administer*. (Exempter de la règle ordinaire, *to dispense with*, *to excuse* or *exempt*.
Se dispenser, *v. r.* *To dispense with rules*.
Dispersé, *ée*, *adj.* *Dispersed*, *scattered*.
Disperser, *v. a.* *To disperse* or *scatter*.
Dispersion, *subst. fém.* *Dispersion*.
Dispos, *adj. m.* *Active*, *nimble*.
Disposé, *ée*, *adj.* *Disposed*, &c. *V.* *Disposer*.
Disposer, *v. act.* *To dispose*, *to order* or *set in order*; *to dispose*, *fit* or *prepare*, *to make ready*.
Disposer, *verb. neut.* *To dispose of*.
Se disposer, *v. r.* *To prepare one's self*, *to make one's self ready*. Ils se disposent au travail, *they buckle themselves to the work*. Je m'y dispose entièrement, *I am absolutely resolved* or *bent upon it*.
Dispositif, *ive*, *adj.* *Preparatory*. Le dispositif d'un acte de Parlement, *the enacting part of an act of Parliament*.
Disposition, *f. f.* *Disposition*, *order*, *suasion*, *state*. (Pouvoir de disposer de, *disposal*, *dispose* or *command*. (Action de disposer de quelque chose, *disposal*. (Inclination, aptitude à quelque chose, *disposition*, *inclination*, *aptitude*.
 Etre en bonne disposition, *to be in a good disposition of body*, *to be well*. Etre en mauvaise disposition, *to be in an ill disposi-*

DIS

tion of body, *to be ill* or *in-disposed*. *Disposition*, (*résolution*, *mind*, *resolution*. Je ne suis pas dans la disposition d'y aller, *I have not a mind* or *I am not disposed to go thither*.
Disproportion, *f. f.* *Disproportion*, *inequality*.
Disproportionné, *ée*, *adj.* *Disproportioned*, *unequal*.
Disputable, *adj.* *Disputable*, *which may be brought into controversy*.
Dispute, *f. f.* *Disputation*; *dispute*, *debate*, *controversy*, *contest*, *quarrel* or *difference*.
Disputé, *ée*, *adj.* *Disputed*, *contended for*.
Disputer, *verb. act.* *quelque chose*. *To dispute a thing*, *to contend for it*, *to quarrel about it*. *Disputer le passage à quelqu'un*, *to oppose one's passage*.
Disputer, *v. n.* *To dispute*, *contend*, *quarrel* or *wrangle*; *to dispute*, *to hold a disputation*, *to debate*. De quoi dispute-t-on? *what is the matter in controversy?* Si on vient à disputer là-dessus, *if the matter comes to a dispute* or *debate*.
Disputer le vent, *to strive* or *to stretch for the weather gage*.
Se disputer, *v. r.* *To wrangle*, *to quarrel* or *contend*.
Disputeur, *f. m.* *A disputer*, *a disputant*.
Disque, *f. m.* *Quois*. (du soleil ou de la lune, *the disk of the sun* or *moon*.
Disquisition, *f. f.* *Disquisition*, *discussion*, *strict examination*, *inquiry* or *search*.
Dissection, *f. f.* *Dissection*.
Dissemblable, *adj.* *Unlike*, *different*, *unresembling*. Cela est tout-à-fait dissemblable, *that's quite another thing*.
Dissension, *f. f.* *Dissension*, *discord*, *division*, *variance*, *strife*.
Disséqué, *ée*, *adj.* *Diseased*.
Disséquer, *v. a.* *To dissect*, *anatomize* or *cut up a body*.
Disséqueur, *subst. masc.* *Anatomist*.
Dissertation, *f. f.* *Dissertation*,

DIS 167

a discourse or *tract upon a subject*.
Dissimilaire, *adj.* *Dissimilar*.
Dissimulateur, *f. m.* *Dissim-bler*.
Dissimulation, *f. f.* *Dissem-bling*, *dissimulation*, *disguise*, *hypocrisy*, *counterfeit*.
Dissimulé, *ée*, *adj.* *Dissim-bled*, *disguised*, *counterfeited*, *feigned*, *pretended*. (Fin, *dissimbling*, *cunning*, *close*, *counterfeit*.
Dissimulé, *ée*, *f. A* *dissim-ler*, *a dissimbling man* or *woman*.
Dissimuler, *v. a.* *To dissimble*, *sign*, *conceal*, *disguise*, *cloak* or *counterfeit*; *to dissimble*, *to take no notice of*.
Dissipateur, *f. m.* *Dissipatice*, *f. f.* *A waster*, *a profligate* or *prodigal man* or *woman*, *a spendthrift*.
Dissipation, *f. f.* *Dissipation*, *scattering*, *dispensing*; *dissipation*, *waste* or *wasting*, *destruction*. Après la dissipation de son bien, *when he had wasted or squandered away his estate*.
Dissipé, *ée*, *adj.* *Dissipated*, &c. *according to the verb*. Un esprit bien dissipé, *a mind always wandering* or *unsettled*.
Dissiper, *v. a.* *To dissipate*, *remove*, *scatter*, *disperse*, *to dissip*; *to dissipate*, *to waste*, *consume*, *spend* or *squander away*, *to destroy*.
Dissolu, *ue*, *adj.* *Dissolute*, *lewd*, *loose*, *licentious*, *debauched*, *riotous*.
Dissoluble, *adj.* *Dissoluble*.
Dissolvant, *adj.* & *f. m.* *A dissolvent*.
Dissolument, *adv.* *Dissolutely*, *lewdly*, *licentiously*, *riotously*.
Dissolution, *f. f.* *A dissolving* or *dissolution*, *a separation*; *a dissolution* or *thing dissolved*; ** dissoluteness*, *lewdness*, *licentiousness*, *riot excess*, *depravation*.
Dissonance, *f. f.* *Dissonance*, *disagreement* in sound.
Dissonnant, *ante*, *adj.* *Dissonnant*, *discordant*, *disagreeing*, *jarring*, *unpleasant*.
Dissoudre, *v. a.* *To dissolve*,

to part or separate; * to dissolve, melt or liquefy; * to dissolve or break off.
Se dissoudre, v. r. To dissolve, to melt; * to break off.
Dissous, ôtre, adj. Dissolved, &c. *V.* Dissoudre.
Dissuade, ée, adj. Dissuaded, added to the contrary.
Dissuader, v. a. To dissuade, to advise to the contrary.
Dissuasion, f. f. Dissuasion.
Dissyllabe, subst. m. A dissyllable.
Dissyllable, adj. Dissyllabical.
Distance, f. f. Distance, space between, interval.
Distant, ante, adj. Distant, remote, far off.
Distension, f. f. Distension or stretching.
Distillateur, f. m. A Distiller.
Distillation, f. f. A distilling or distillation.
Distillé, ée, adj. Distilled, &c. *V.* Distiller.
Distiller, v. a. To distil.
Distiller, v. n. To distil, to drop or run by little and little.
Distinct, incte, adj. Distinct, different; * (Clair,) distinct; clear, plain.
Distinctement, adv. Distinctly, clearly, plain or plainly.
Distinctif, ive, adj. (qui distingue.) Distinctive, distinguishing.
Distinction, f. f. Distinction, division, separation; * distinction, difference, diversity. * Un homme d'une grande distinction, a man of note.
Distingué, ée, adj. Distinguished, &c. *Voy.* Distinguer.
 * (Eminent,) of note, eminent, considerable.
Distinguer, v. a. (discerner.) To distinguish or discern, to note or mark. * (Rendre éminent,) to distinguish or raise above the common level. * (Diviser, séparer,) to distinguish, to part or divide, to put a difference.
Se distinguer, v. r. To make one's self eminent, to raise one's self above the common level.
Distique, f. m. A distich.
Distraktion, f. f. Absence of

mind, inattention, heedlessness.
Distraindre, v. a. To take off or divert from; * to distract, to draw or pull asunder, to divide; * to dissuade from.
Distrain, aite, adj. Taken off, &c. *V.* Distraindre. * (Qui n'a point d'attention,) absent, inattentive, heedless.
Distribué, ée, adj. Distributed, &c. *V.* the verb.
Distribuer, v. a. To distribute, to deal, to part, to share; to divide, to bestow, to dispense; * to distribute, dispose or divide, to set in order.
Distributeur, f. m. A distributor or dispenser, a divider.
Distributif, ive, adj. Distributive.
Distribution, f. f. Distribution, a parting, a division.
Distributrice, subst. féminin. A she-distributor, dispenser or divider.
District, subst. masc. District, precinct, extent of jurisdiction.
Dit, dite, adj. (from dire.) Told, said or spoken; &c. *V.* Dire. * Le sermon est dit, sermon is done. Guillaume premier, dit le Conquerant, William the first surnamed the Conqueror. Il ne se le tint pas pour dit, he would not be said nay. Le dit Seigneur, the said Lord.
Dit, f. m. *Ex.* Avoir son dit & son dédit: To say and unsay. * Dit, (apophthegme,) saying, apophthegm.
Dithyrambe, f. m. Dithyrambus, a song in honour of Bacchus.
Dithyrambique, adj. Dithyrambick.
Diton, f. m. (intervalle de musique qui comprend deux tons.) Second.
Divaguer, v. n. To ramble, to have roving or rambling thoughts.
Divan, f. m. Divan, the Turkish and Persian great council or court of justice.
Divers, erse, adj. Divers, different, unlike, various, contrary; * divers, several, many.

Diversement, adv. Diversely, severally, variously, differently.
Diversifié, ée, adj. Diversified, varied.
Diversifier, v. a. To diversify, to vary.
Diversion, subst. f. Diversion. * Faire une diversion d'humeurs, to divert the humours.
Diversité, f. f. Diversity, difference, variety.
Diverti, ie, adj. Diverted, &c. *V.* Divertir.
Divertir, v. a. To divert or take off. * Il a divertit les deniers de sa recette, he has diverted or embegged the money of his receipt. * Divertir les effets d'une succession, to convey away or convert to one's own use the goods of a succession. * Divertir, (réjouir,) to divert, divertise or make merry, to recreate.
Se divertir, v. réc. To divert one's self, to take one's pleasure or diversion, to make merry; * to make sport; to make merry, to laugh.
Divertissant, ante, adj. Diverting, pleasurable.
Diversiflement, f. m. Diversifement, diversion, pastime, recreation, pleasure. Diversiflement de deniers, the diverting, misapplying or embegging of money.
Dividende, f. m. The dividend in arithmetick.
Divin, ine, adj. Divine.
Divination, f. f. Divination.
Divinement, adv. Divinely; * excellently, admirably well.
Diviniser, v. a. To deify, to make divine.
Divinité, subst. f. Divinity or godhead; * a deity, a God or Goddess.
Divis, adv. Division.
Divisé, ée, adj. Divided, parted, &c. *V.* the verb.
Diviser, v. a. To divide, part, distinguish or separate; * to divide, disunite, to set at variance or at odds.
Diviseur, f. m. The divisor in arithmetick.
Divisibilité, f. f. Divisibility.

DIV

Divisible, *adj.* *Divisible*, that may be divided.
Division, *f. f.* *Division* or dividing, separation; * *division*, *disunion*, *discord*, *variance*, *odds*. * — d'une escadre, a *division* or *squadron*.
Divorce, *subst. m.* *Divorce*, a parting of man and wife. Faire divorce avec sa femme, to divorce one's wife, to put her away, to part with her. * Faire divorce avec l'Eglise, to forsake the Church. * *Divorce*, (*distention*), *variance*, *disension*, *odds*, *quarrel*.
Diurétique, *adj.* *Diuretick*, apt to provoke urine.
Diurétique, *subst. m.* A *diuretick*.
Diurnal, *f. m.* A *prayer-book* for every day.
Diurne, *adj.* *Diurnal*.
Divulgué, *ée*, *adj.* *Divulged*, &c.
Divulguer, *v. a.* To *divulge*, publish or spread abroad, to blab out.
Dix, *adj.* *Ten*.
Dixain, } *Voyez* { *Dizain*.
Dixaine, } *Dizaine*.
Dix-huit, *adj.* *Eighteen*.
Dix-huitième, *adj.* *Eighteenth*.
Dixième, *adj.* *Tenth*.
Dixième, *f. m.* A *tenth* or *tenth part*.
Dixièmeement, *adv.* *Tenthly*, in the *tenth place*.
Dixme, *Dixer*, *Dixmeur*. *Voy.* *Dime*, *dimer*, *dimeur*.
Dizain, *f. m.* A *pair of beads* containing *ten pieces* or *courses*; * a *stanza of ten verses*.
Dizaine, *subst. f. m.* *Ten*, to the number of *ten*.
Dizeau, *f. m.* A *shock*, a *heap* of *ten sheaves* of corn.
Dizenier, *subst. masc.* *Tishng-man*.
Docile, *adj.* *Docile*, tractable, teachable, good-natured.
Docilement, *adj.* *Docilly*, with a tractable mind.
Docilité, *f. f.* *Docility*, tractableness, tractable temper.
Docte, *adj.* *Learned*, good scholar.

DOI

Les doctes, *subst. m. pl.* The learned.
Doctement, *adv.* *Learnedly*.
Docteur, *subst. m.* A *doctor*.
Docteur-régent, a professor.
Doctoral, *ale*, *adj.* *Doctoral*, of or belonging to a doctor.
Docteurat, *f. m.* *Doctorship*, a doctor's degree.
Doctorerie, *f. f.* A *disputation* for the degree of a doctor of divinity.
Doctrine, *subst. f.* *Doctrine*, tenets, maxims; * knowledge, erudition.
Document, *f. m.* *Document*, instruction, precept.
Dodiner, se *dodiner*, *v. réc.* To cocker, pamper or make much of one's self.
† Dodo, (mot enfantin.) Sleep. Faire dodo, to go to sleep.
Dodu, *ue*, *adj.* *Fat*, *plump*.
Dogat, *f. m.* the dignity or office of a *Doge*.
Doge, *f. m.* *Doge*. Le *Doge* de Venise, the *Doge* of Venice.
Dogmatique, *adj.* *Dogmatical*.
Le dogmatique, *f. m.* *Dogmatical style*.
Dogmatiquement, *adv.* *Dogmatically*.
Dogmatiser, *v. n.* To *dogmatize*.
Dogmatiseur, *f. m.* A *dogmatizer*.
Dogme, *f. m.* A *dogma*, tenet, a doctrine.
Dogre, *subst. m.* A *doggerboat*.
Dogue, *f. m.* A *bull-dog* or *mastiff*. * *Dogues* d'amure, the holes of the chestrears.
Doguin, *doguine*, *f.* A *whelp*.
Doigt, *f. m.* *Finger*. * *Doigt* a finger's breadth, an inch. * Un doigt du pied, a toe. * *Doigts*, (de certains oiseaux ou d'un singe,) the claws of some sorts of birds or of an ape. * Un doigt de vin, a little wine. * † Toucher à quelque chose du bout du doigt, to be very near a thing. * La France a été à deux doigts de sa perte. France was

DOM 169

brought to the brink of ruin.
 * † Vous avez mis le doigt dessus, you have hit the nail on the head. * † Montrer quelqu'un au doigt, to point at one. * Toucher au doigt, to see clearly or plainly.
 * Faire toucher une chose au doigt, to demonstrate a thing, to make it out as clear as the sun at noon day. * † J'en mettrois le doigt au feu, I am very sure on't.
 * † Il s'en mordra les doigts, he will repent or rue it.
Doigtier, *subst. masc.* A rag or leather to put about a finger.
Dol, *f. m.* *Deceit*, cheat, fraud.
 † **Doléance**, *subst. f.* *Moanful complaint*. Faire ou conter ses doléances, to make one's complaints, to tell one's grievances.
Dolement, *adv.* *Wofully*, *moanfully*.
Dolent, *ente*, *adj.* *Sorrowful*, *doleful*, *woful*, *moanful*, *grieved*.
Doler, *v. a.* To *plane*.
Doloire, *f. f.* A *planer*.
Dom ou Don, (titre d'honneur.) *Don*.
Domaine, *f. m.* *Domain* or *demesne*, *patrimony*, *inheritance*.
Domanial, *ale*, *adj.* *Of* or *belonging to a demesne*.
Dôme, *f. m.* A *dome* or *cupola*.
Domesticité, *f. f.* The being a servant.
Domestique, *adj.* *Domestick*, of or belonging to the house. * Animal domestique, a tame creature.
Domestique, *f. m.* A *domestick* or *menial servant*. * (ou Famille,) one's house or family.
Domestiquement, *adj.* *Servant-like*, *servilely*; * *familiarly*.
Domicile, *f. m.* *Domicil*, dwelling, abode, habitation, house.
Domicilié, *ée*, *adj.* *Settled*, that dwells in a place.
Domicilier, se *domicilier*, *v. r.* To settle or habituate in one's place.

Dominant, ante, *adj.* *Predominant*; reigning. *Fief-dominant*, a fee or manor belonging to a Lord-paramount.

Dominateur, *f. m.* *Ruler, Lord.*

Domination, *f. f.* *Domination, lordship, sovereignty, power, authority, empire.*

Dominer, *v. n. & a.* To domineer, to rule or govern, to bear rule or sway, to be lord and master, to have the mastery. * Une montagne qui domine la ville, a hill that commands the town. * Dominer, to be predominant.

Dominicain, *f. m.* A Dominican or white friar.

Dominicainé, *f. f.* *Dominican nun.*

Dominical, ale, *adj.* *Ex.* La lettre dominicale, the dominical letter. * L'Oraison Dominicale, the Lord's prayer. Prêcher les Dominicales ou la Dominicale, to preach the Sunday-sermons.

Domino, *f. m.* *Domino.*

Domage, *f. m.* *Damage, prejudice, loss, hurt, detriment, disadvantage.* * C'est domage, 'tis pity.

Domageable, *adj.* *Hurtful, prejudicial, damageable, disadvantageous.*

Domptable, *adj.* *Tameable, tractable, to be subdued.*

Dompter, *v. a.* To subdue, overcome, vanquish.

Dompteur, *f. m.* *Subduer, vanquisher.*

Don, *f. m.* *Gift.*

Donataire, *f. m. & f.* *Donee.*

Donateur, *f. m.* *Donatrice, f. f.* A donor or giver.

Donation, *f. f.* *Gift, a free-gift, a deed of gift, a donation, a grant.* Faire donation de ses biens, to make over one's goods by deed of gift.

Done, *conj.* qui sert à conclure. *Then, therefore.*

† **Dondon**, *f. f.* A good, fat, jolly woman.

Donjon, *f. m.* A tower or platform in the midst of a castle.

Donne, prononcez *Done*,

subst. f. (terme du jeu des cartes.) *Deal, dealing.*

Donné, ée, *adj.* *Given, &c.* *V. Donner.*

Donner, *v. a.* To give or present with, to make a present, to bestow; * to give or deliver. * (Au jeu des cartes,) to deal. * Donner caution ou répondant, to put in bail. * Donner, (payer,) to give or pay. * Donner sa parole, to pass one's word, to engage. * Donner, (causer,) to give, cause or create. * Donner la fièvre, to put in a fever. * Donner, (inspirer,) to instill, inspire or infuse. * — un suif ou un courroi à un bâtiment, to pay a vessel's bottom.

Donner, *v. n.* se donner, *v. r.* To strike, beat or hit. * Le soleil donne à plomb sur leur tête, the sun shines perpendicularly upon their heads. * Donner sa vie pour son Roi, to lay down or sacrifice one's life for one's King. * Donner la mort, to break one's heart. * Donner, (accorder,) to give or grant. * (Attribuer,) to ascribe or father upon. * Donner de bons exemples à quelqu'un, to set good examples before one. * † — des cassades, (faire accroire quelque chose de faux,) to put a sham upon one. * — la main. *V. Main.* * — jour, to appoint or name a day. * En donner à garder, to put upon one, to make one believe. * Donner à connoître, to let one know, to make or give to understand. * — de main en main, to hand. * — le bon jour à quelqu'un, to bid or wish one good morrow. * — fond, (terme de Marine,) to cast anchor. * Donner à la côte, to run a-ground, to strike. * Donner vent devant, to throw a ship in the wind or in flays. * Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to puzzle one. * Ne savoir où

donner de la tête, *not to know which way to turn one's self, to be put to one's last shifts.* Je donne ma tête à couper fi... *I will forfeit my head if...* * Je vous donnerai un moyen pour l'appaiser, *I will shew you a way to appease him.* * Donner, (aller à la charge contre l'ennemi,) to charge, to engage, to fight, to set or fall upon the enemy. * Je le donne au plus habile, *I challenge or defy the best man to do it better.* * Donner de l'épée dans le ventre à quelqu'un, to run one through the guts. * — des éperons à un cheval, donner des deux, to clasp spurs to one's horse. * — au but, to hit the mark, to hit the nail on the head. * — dans une embuscade, to fall into an ambush. * — dans le piège, dans le panneau, to fall into the snare, to bite on the hook, to be trapped or caught. * — un livre au public, to print, put out or publish a book. * — le nom à un enfant, to stand god-father to a child. * — de la terreur à quelqu'un, to strike one with terror. * — du plaisir, to please, to be pleasuring. * — un bon ou un mauvais sens à une chose, to put a good or bad construction upon a thing. * Il faut donner quelque chose à son importunité, something must be yielded to his importunity. Après avoir tant donné à la civilité & à l'honnêteté, having done so much hitherto in point of kindness and civility. * Donner de la peine, to trouble, to put to trouble. * Donner les chiens, to cast or throw off, to slip the dogs. * † On lui a donné son sac & ses quilles, he is put away or turned out, they have sent him packing away. * Donner dans le sens de quelqu'un, to be of the same mind with one. * Donner dans les fariboles, to

DON

give credit to tales. ♦ Donner tout aux apparences, *to go altogether by outwards appearances.* ♦ Il n'est pas homme à donner là-dedans, *he will never engage in that business.* Il donne à tout, *he strikes at every thing.* ♦ Donner entrée à l'air, *to let in the air.* ♦ Si la vente donne, *if the commodity sells well.* ♦ Il en donne à tout le monde, *he makes a fool of every body, he serves all people alike.* ♦ Un vin qui donne à la tête, *wine that flies up into one's head, strong, heady wine.*
Donner, *v. n.* (en parlant des arbres.) *To bear well.* ♦ Le blé a bien donné cette année, *corn has been very plenty this year.*
Se donner, *v. r.* à quelqu'un. *To give up or addit one's self to one.* ♦ Se donner à quelqu'un, *to put one's self under one's dominion, to submit to him.* ♦ Se donner du bon temps, *to make much of one's self, to pass away one's time merrily.* ♦ Se donner garde ou de garde, *to beware, to take heed, to look about one's self.* ♦ Se donner de garde de faire quelque chose, *to be sure not to do a thing.* ♦ S'en donner, *to drink briskly, to take a large cup.*
† Donneur, *f. m.* *Giver.* Un donneur de bonjours, *a man of words only.*
Donneuse, *f. f.* *Giver, a woman apt to give.* C'est une grande donneuse de ce qui ne lui coûte rien, *she is very free of other people's purses.*
Dont, *particul.* *Whereof, of whom.* ♦ C'est l'homme du monde dont je fais le plus d'estime, *this is the man I have the greatest esteem for.* C'est la femme du monde dont je me foucie le moins, *she is the woman that I least care for.* ♦ L'épée dont il s'est battu, *the sword where-with he fought.* ♦ Ce dont je vous ai parlé, *that I told you of.* ♦ Ce dont il s'agit, *the business in hand.*

DOR

C'est ce dont il s'agit maintenant entre nous, *that's it we are now about.* Tout ce dont il s'agit, *the whole.*
† Donzelle, *f. f.* *A damsel or lass, a gentlewoman, (in a slighting sense.)*
Dorade, *f. f.* *The goldfish or gilt-head.*
Doré, *éc.* *adj. (from dorer.)* Gilt or gilt over, &c. *V. the verb.* ♦ Doré, (d'un jaune brillant,) *golden, of gold colour.*
Dorénavant, *adv.* *Hereafter, henceforth, for the future.*
Dorer, *v. a.* *To gild or gild over.* Dorer un pâté, *to wash a pye over with eggs.*
Doreur, *f. m.* *A gilder.*
Doreuse, *f. m.* *A gilder's wife or widow.*
Dorloté, *éc.* *adj.* *Pampered, made much of, cockered.*
Dorloter, *v. a.* *To pamper, to make much of, to cocker.*
Se dorloter, *v. r.* *To pamper one's self, to make much of one's carcass.*
Dormant, *ante.* *adj.* *Sleeping.* ♦ Eau dormante, *still, standing or stagnant water.*
Dormant, *f. m.* d'un cordage, *the standing part of a running rope.*
Dormeur, *f. m.* dormeuse, *f. f.* *A sleeper, a sleepy man or woman.*
Dormir, *v. n.* *To sleep, to be fallen asleep, to repose.* ♦ Dormir d'un léger somme, *to slumber.* Dormir l'après-dînée, *to take a nap after dinner.* ♦ Dormir, (en parlant d'un fabot,) *to spin as a top does.* ♦ (En parlant de l'eau,) *to be still or standing.* ♦ Faire des contes à dormir debout, *to tell idle tales or old women's stories.* ♦ Laisser dormir ses ressentiments, *to lay aside one's resentments.* Le chat dort tant qu'enfin il se réveille, *the sleepy cat at length awakes.*
Dormitif, *adj. & subst.* *Soporific.*
Dortoir, *f. m.* *Dorture.*
Dorure, *f. f.* *A gilding.*
Dos, *f. m.* *Back.* ♦ Le dos d'une montagne, *the ridge*

DOU 174

of a hill. ♦ † Battre quelqu'un dos & ventre, *to beat one soundly, to maul him, to rib-roast him.* ♦ Tourner le dos, *to be gone; to run away, to betake one's self to flight or to one's heels.* La fortune lui a tourné le dos, *fortune has left him in the lurch.* ♦ Bateau fait à dos d'âne, *a sharp-bottomed boat.* Volite à dos d'âne, *a sharp-raised vault.*
Dose, *f. f.* *Dose.*
Dossier, *f. m.* (from dos.) *The back of a chair or form.* ♦ Dossier d'un lit, *the head-board of a bed.* ♦ Dossier de carrosse, *the back of a coach.* ♦ Dossier, (terme de Pratique,) *a bundle.* ♦ Dossier d'un canot, *the back-board of a boat.*
Dot, *subst. fém.* *Dowry or portion.*
Dotal, *ale.* *adj.* *Of or pertaining to a dowry or portion.*
Doter, *v. a.* *To endow, to give a portion.* ♦ Doter une Eglise, *to endow a Church.*
Douaire, *subst. m.* *Jointure, settlement.* Il lui a assigné dix mille écus de douaire, *he has settled ten thousand crowns upon her.*
Douairière, *f. f.* *Dowager.*
Douane, *f. f.* *A custom-house.* ♦ (Le droit que payent les marchandises,) *custom.*
Douanier, *f. m.* *An Officer of the custom-house.*
Doublage, *f. m.* d'un navire, *sheathing of a ship.*
Double, *adj.* *Double.* ♦ Aste double, *double or duplicate writing.* ♦ Double fripon, *a great or arrant knave.*
Double, *subst. m.* *Double, a double part, twofold, twice the value.* Payer au double, *to pay twice the value.* ♦ Le double d'un écrit, *the double, duplicate or copy of a writing.* ♦ † Jouer à quitte ou double, *to venture to win the horse or lose the saddle.* ♦ Mettre en double, *to double, to fold into two.* ♦ Double, *a French brags coin worth two deniers.* ♦ Double d'une manœuvre, *bight of a rope.*

172 DOU

Doublé, ée, *adj.* *Doubled*, &c. *V.* *Doubler*.
Doubleau, *f. m.* *Ex.* *Dou-bleaux* de voûte, *the great or chief arches of a vault*.
Doublement, *adv.* *Doubly*.
Doubler, *v. a.* *To double*; *to line*. *to* *Doubler* son argent, *to get half in half*. *to* *Doubler* le pas, *to mend one's pace, to go faster*. *to* — un vaisseau, *to sheath a ship*. *to* — un cap, *to double or sail beyond a cape, to weather a cape*.
Doublet, *f. m.* *Doubless*, at dice.
Doublon, *subst. m.* (*pistole d'Espagne*.) *A Spanish pistole*. *to* *a double* in Printing.
Doublure, *f. f.* *A lining*.
Douce, *'tis the feminine of doux*.
Douceâtre, *adj.* *Sweetish or luscious*.
Doucement, *adv.* *Sofily, gently*; *to* *quietly, peaceably, calmly*; *to* *gently, mildly, softly, lovingly, kindly*; *to* *meekly, patiently*; *to* *sofly, gently, tenderly*.
to *Gagner la vie tout doucement*, *to pick out a livelihood, to make shift to live*.
Doucereux, *euse, adj.* *Sweet, luscious*; ** whining, affected, precise*.
Doucereux, *f. m.* *A whining lover, an affected beau*.
Doucet, *f. m.* *Doucette*, *subst. fém.* *A counterfeit piece of modesty, one that looks demure as if butter could not melt in his or her mouth*.
Doucette, *f. f.* (*herbe*.) *Corn-sallet*.
Douceur, *f. f.* *Sweetness*. *to* *Aimer les douceurs*, *to love sweet things*. *to* *Douceur* au toucher, *softness*. ** Douceur* du langage, *sweetness or smoothness of expression, sweet or pleasant language*.
** Douceur*, (*façon d'agir douce*), *lenity, indulgence, gentleness, softness*. (*Plaisir, aise*), ** sweetness or sweets, comfort, delight*. ** (Petit profit)*, *advantage*,

DOU

profit. ** Douceur* de naturel, *sweetness, gentleness, softness, mildness, easiness of temper, humour or nature, good nature, sweet temper*. ** Avoir une trop grande douceur pour ses enfans*, *to be too much indulgent to one's children*. ** Douceurs*, (*cajoleries*), *sweet, flattering, coaxing expressions*.
Douche, *f. f.* *Pumping*. *Donner la douche*, *to pump*. *Prendre la douche*, *to be pumped*.
Doucine, *f. f.* *Cymatium, gola or throat, an ogee or wave in architecture*.
Doué, ée, *adj.* *Jointured*, *that has a jointure settled upon her*, &c. *V.* *Douer*.
Douer, *v. a.* *To jointure, to make a settlement or jointure*. (*Avantager, orner*), *to endow, to bestow upon*.
Douille, *f. f.* *The socket of a pike, an halbert, &c.*
Douillet, ette, *adj.* *Tender, nice, that cannot bear with the least inconvenience*; *to* *soft, tender*.
Douillettement, *adv.* *At ease, softly, tenderly*.
Douleur, *f. f.* *Pain, ache, soreness, stitch*. *to* *Les douleurs de l'enfantement*, *the throws or pangs in childbirth*. ** Douleur*, (*mal, affliction d'esprit*), *pain, grief, sorrow, affliction, torment, anguish*.
Douloureux, *adv.* *Heavily, wofully, grievously, cruelly, sadly*.
Douloureux, *euse, adj.* *Painful, grievous or smarting*; ** dolorous, painful, sorrowful, sad, woful*; *to* *tender*.
Doute, *f. m.* *Doubt, question, doubtful thing, uncertainty*; *to* *doubt, scruple*; *to* *fear, apprehension, misgiving, suspicion*.
Douter, *v. a.* *To doubt or question*.
Se douter d'une chose, *v. r.* *To have an inkling of a thing, to conjecture or suspect it, to think*; *to* *suspect, mistrust or fear*.
Douteusement, *adv.* *Doubt-*

DRA

fully, in a doubtful manner, uncertainly.
Douteux, euse, *adj.* *Doubtful, dubious, uncertain*; *to* *deviser, ambiguous, obscure*. ** Pièce d'argent douteuse*, *a piece of money that looks suspicious*.
Douve, *f. f.* *Staff*.
Doux, douce, *adj.* *Sweet, soft, easy, mild, gentle, quiet*. *to* *Eau douce*, *fresh water*. *to* *Potage qui est trop doux*, *a pottage that is not salt enough*. ** Doux*, (*humain, traitable*), *affable*, (*humain*), *mild, meek, sweet-natured, of a sweet temper, tractable, affable*. *to* *Un billet doux*, *a love-letter, a billet-doux*. *to* *Faire les yeux doux à une femme*, *to be sweet upon a woman, to make love to her*. ** Un style doux*, *a free, easy style, a soft way of writing*.
** Doux*, (*agréable à l'esprit*), *sweet, pleasant, agreeable, charming, comfortable*. ** Une taille-douce*, *a brass-cut*. ** to* *Médecin d'eau douce*, *a Medicaster, a young, raw or unexperienced Physician*.
Doux, *adv.* *Sofily, gently*. *Cheval qui va fort doux*, *a horse that goes very easy*.
** to* *Filer doux*, *to be submissive*. *to* *Tout doux*, *softly*.
Douzain, *f. m.* (*un sou*.) *A base coin of old worth twelve deniers or a French penny*.
Douzaine, *f. f.* *Dozen or twelve*. *Demi-douzaine*, *half a dozen*. ** to* *Un Poète à la douzaine*, *a Poetaster, a paultry, surry or scurry Poet*.
Douze, *adj.* *Twelve*. *to* — (*ou douzième*), *twelfth*.
Douzième, *adj.* *Twelfth*.
Douzièmement, *adv.* *Twelfthly, in the twelfth place*.
Doyen, *f. m.* *A Dean*; *to* *the eldest in a corporation or society*. *to* (*A l'égard de l'âge*), *senior*.
Doyenne, *f. m.* *Deanship or deanry*.
Drachme, *f. f.* *Drachm*.
Dragée, *f. f.* *Sugar-plumbe,*

DRA

◆ *meslin*; ◆ *small-shot*.
 * † *Ecarter la dragée, to sputter upon folks.*
Dragéoir, subst. m. *A confit-box.*
Dragon, f. m. *Dragon; ◆ a dragon; ◆ a cataract.*
Drague, subst. f. *Grains; ◆ a drag.*
Draguer, v. act. *To drag.*
**Draguer une ancre, to sweep the bottom for an anchor lost.
Draille, f. f. *Ex. Draille d'une voile d'étai, a stay sail's stay.*
Dramatique, adj. *Dramatick, dramatical, belonging to plays.*
Le Dramatique, f. m. *Dramatick poetry.*
Drame, subst. m. *Drama, a play.*
Drap, f. m. *Cloth, woollen cloth. ◆ Drap de lit, a sheet for a bed. * † Mettre une personne en beaux draps blancs, to jeer one out of his skin, to set him out in his proper colours.*
Drapé, ée, adj. *Hung with black or mourning, &c. V. Draper.*
Drapeau, f. m. *Rag; ◆ clouts; ◆ colours.*
Draper, v. a. *To put in black, to cover or hang with mourning. * † Draper, to jeer or banter.*
Draperie, f. f. *Cloth-trade, ◆ drapery.*
Drapier, f. m. *A cloth-maker; ◆ a draper or woollen-dra-per.*
Drèche, f. f. *Male.*
Dressé, ée, adjec. *Made straight, &c. according to the verb.*
Dresser, verb. act. *To make straight; ◆ to raise or set up or erect. * Dresser son intention, to direct one's intention. ◆ — les oreilles, to prick up one's ears. ◆ — un écrit, to draw or draw up a writing. ◆ — (instruire, former,) to train up, to instruct, to bring up, to discipline. ◆ — un cheval, to manage a horse. ◆ — un livre, to beat a book well. ◆ — la***

DRO

vigne, to dress a vine. ◆ — le potage, to dish up the pottage. ◆ — un arbre, to trim up a tree. ◆ — du linge, to pull out linen. ◆ — des embûches à quelqu'un, to lay in ambush for one, to lie in wait for him.
Dresser, v. n. *Ex. Ses cheveux lui dressent, his hair stands up or rises on end, his hair stares.*
Se dresser, v. r. To stand or stand up, to rise.
Drille, f. m. *(un bon drille.) A good jovial fellow. Un pauvre drille, a poor fellow, a poor wretch.*
† Driller, v. n. *To post or scour away, to march off in haste.*
Driffes, f. f. pl. *Haliards or gears. Driffe de pavillon, the ensign haliard.*
Drogue, f. f. *A drug.*
Drogué, ée, adj. *Physicked.*
Droguer, v. a. *To physick.*
Se droguer, v. r. To take a great deal of physick.
Droguet, f. m. *Drugged, a sort of stuff.*
Droguier, f. m. *A virtuoso's cabinet.*
Droguiste, f. m. *A Druggist.*
Droit, droite, adj. *Right, straight, direct. * (Juste,) honest, right, upright, sincere, righteous, just; * good, sound or clear. ◆ (Qui est debout,) up, upright, standing. ◆ Le chemin d'ici là est tout droit, the way leads directly thither. ◆ Cheval droit, a horse that is not lame. ◆ Droit, (le contraire de gauche,) right, in opposition to left.*
Droit, f. m. *Equity, right and reason, justice. ◆ (Loi,) law. ◆ (Autorité,) right, power, authority. ◆ (Prerogative,) right, prerogative, privilege. ◆ (Prétention,) right, claim, title. ◆ (Salaire,) fee. ◆ (Imposition,) duty, tax, custom.*
A bon droit, adv. *Not without a cause, justly, deservedly.*
Droit, adv. *Strait, strait on, strait along, straitway, right on, directly. * Aller droit,*

DU

173

*to have a frank, upright, honest or plain way of dealing. * † Je vous ferai bien marcher droit, I'll keep you to the behaviour. ◆ A tort ou à droit, right or wrong. Droit la barre! right the helm! put the helm amidst-ships!*
Droite, f. f. *The right hand. La droite d'une armée, the right wing of an army. Donner la droite, to give the upper hand.*
A droite, adv. *On the right hand.*
Droitement, adv. *Roundly, righteously, uprightly, sincerely; ◆ rightly, with judgment, judiciously.*
Droitier, iere, adj. *Right-handed.*
Droiture, f. f. *Uprightness, honesty, integrity. Droiture d'esprit, soundness or clearness of reason.*
En droiture, adv. *Directly, strait.*
Drôle, adj. *Pleasant, merry, jocular, jocund, comical, facetious.*
Drôle, f. m. *A brisk or merry fellow, a good companion, a droll.*
Drôlement, adv. *Pleasantly, comically.*
† Drôlerie, f. f. *Drollery, buffoonry, jst.*
Drôleffe, f. f. *A brisk or merry gossip or wench, also a wench or crack.*
Dromadaire, f. m. *A dromedary.*
Drosse, f. f. *Ex. Drosse d'artimon, mizen parrel-truss. ◆ — de gouvernail, the tiller rope. ◆ — de canon, a gun tackle.*
Drosser, v. a. *Ex. Être drossé par les courans, to drive with the currents.*
Dru, ue, adj. *Thick. * Dru, (vif, gai,) brisk, pert. ◆ Dru, (en parlant des oiseaux,) fledged.*
Dru, adv. *Thick.*
Druide, f. m. *Druid.*
Du, prep. & art. *Of the, from the. ◆ Du commencement, in the beginning. ◆ Du moins, at least, at the least. ◆ Point du tout, no*

at all. ♦ Ce terme n'est pas du beau style, *this word is not in use in a fine style.*

But sometimes Du is not expressed in English. Ex. Voici du pain, here is bread.

Dû, dûe, *part. (from devoir.) Due, owed.*

Duc, *f. m. A Duke.* ♦ (Oiseau,) a horn-owl.

Ducal, *ale, adj. Ducal, of or belonging to a Duke.*

Ducat, *f. m. Ducat.*

Ducat, *adj. m. Ex. Or ducat. Ducat gold.*

Ducaton, *f. m. Ducatoon.*

Duché, *f. m. Dukedom or Dutchy.*

Duchesse, *f. f. Dutches.*

Ductile, *adj. Ductile, easy to be hammered or beaten into thin plates.*

Ductilité, *f. f. Ductility.*

Duel, *f. m. A duel, a single fight; ♦ the duel number of Greek Nouns.*

Duelliste, *f. m. A duellist or dueller.*

† Duire, *verb. neut. To fit or please.*

Dulcifier, *v. a. To dulcify, to sweeten.*

Dunes, *f. f. pl. Downs.*

Dunette, *f. f. The highest part of the stern of a ship.*

Duo, *f. m. A two-part song or tune.*

Dupe, *f. f. A bubble, a cully, or ninny.*

Dupé, *ée, adj. Bubbled, cheated, gulled.*

Duper, *v. a. To bubble, to cheat, to gut, to bite.*

Duperie, *subst. f. A cheat, a bite.*

Duplicata, *f. m. The duplicate or double of a writing.*

Duplicité, *f. f. Duplicity or being double; ♦ duplicity, double-dealing or doubling, knavery.*

Duplique, *f. f. Rejoinder, or duplication.*

Dupliquer, *v. a. To rejoin, to put in a rejoinder.*

Dur, dure, *adj. Hard, firm, tough.* ♦ Pain dur, stale bread. ♦ Viande dure, tough meat. ♦ Avoir l'oreille dure, être dur d'oreille, to be thick or dull of hearing.

* Dur, (fâcheux,) hard, grievous, sad. * (Difficile,) hard, difficult. * (Cruel,) hard, hard-hearted, cruel.

* Style dur, stiff, rough and rugged style. * Morceau

d'Architecture qui est dur, a rough piece of building.

* Dur, (stupide,) dull, heavy. * Un livre dur à

la vente, a slow or heavy book, a book that does not

go off well. * † Dur à la

desferte, close-fisted. * Dur

à la fatigue, hardened to fatigue.

Dure-mère, *f. f. Dura mater.*

Dure, *subst. f. Ground, bare ground.*

Durable, *adj. Durable, lasting.*

Durant, *prep. During.* Durant tout l'hiver, all the winter long.

Durci, *ie, adj. Hardened, &c. V. Durcir.*

Durcir, *v. a. To harden, to make hard or stiff.* ♦ Le vin fait durcir la viande, wine makes the meat tough.

Durcir, *v. n. se durcir, v. r. To harden, to grow hard.*

Durée, *f. f. Duration, continuance.* Être de durée ou

de longue durée, to be durable, lasting or permanent.

♦ Notre vie est si peu de durée, our life is so very short.

Durement, *adv. Hard, stiff; ♦ rudely, rustically, hard.*

Durer, *v. n. To last, endure, hold out or continue; ♦ to stay, stand or abide.* * † Ne

pouvoir durer dans sa peau, to be ready to leap out of

one's skin. ♦ Je ne puis durer de chaud, I am so

hot that I know not what to do with myself, I am extraordinary hot. ♦ Le temps

lui dure, the time falls heavy upon him. ♦ On ne sauroit durer avec lui, no man

can live with him.

† Duret, *ette, adj. Firm, somewhat hard or tough.*

Durété, *f. f. Hardness, firmness; ♦ toughness; ♦ callosity, hard skin.* ♦ Dureté

d'oreille, thickness or dullness of hearing. * — de style,

roughness, ruggedness of style. * — de pinceau, stiffness of one's pencil, stiff way of painting. * — (rudesse,) hardness, harshness, hard-heartedness, inflexibility, ruggedness, cruelty.

rigour, barbarity. * Ils se dirent quelques duretés, there passed some hard words

betwixt them.

Durillon, *f. m. Callosity, a hard skin.*

Duvet, *f. m. Down, soft feathers.* Coucher sur le

duvet, to lye upon a down-bed. * Duvet, (premier

poil,) down or downy beard, soft hair.

Duveteux, *euse, adj. Downy.*

Dynastie, *f. f. Dynasty.*

Dysenterie, *f. f. (espèce de flux de sang.) Dysentery or bloody flux.*

Eau, *f. f. Water.* P. Porter de l'eau à la mer. P. To

carry coals to Newcastle. ♦ Eau, (pluie,) water, rain.

Il tombe de l'eau, it rains. ♦ Couleur d'eau, a blue.

♦ Eau, (lustre,) water. ♦ Eau, (rivière, lac, étang,) water, river, lake, pond,

&c. * † Faire venir l'eau à la bouche, to make one's

mouth or teeth water. * † Un

médecin d'eau douce, a medicaster. * † Les eaux sont

basses chez lui, he is in a low ebb. * † Il semble qu'il

ne sache pas troubler l'eau, he looks as demure as if but-

ter would not melle in his mouth. * † Mettre de l'eau

dans son vin, to cool or al-

lay one's passion. * † Tenir le bec dans l'eau, to keep

at a bay, to amuse, to drill on. ♦ Mettre un navire à

l'eau, to launch a ship. ♦ Navire qui fait eau, a ship

that leaks, a leaking ship. ♦ Faire de l'eau, to water

a ship. ♦ Être en grande eau, to be in a deep sea.

♦ Les eaux d'un vaisseau, the wake of a ship. ♦ Vive eau, spring-side. Morre

eau, neap-side. ♦ Eau douce,

EAU

fresh water. — *salée, salt water.* — *saumâtre, brackish water.* ♦ Être tout en eau, (suer,) *to be in a great sweat, to be wet all over.* ♦ Eau, (urine,) *water, urine.* ♦ Fondre en eau, (ou en larmes,) *to melt or dissolve in tears.* ♦ Eau artificielle, *artificial water.* Eau-de-vie, *aqua vita.* Eau-régale, *aqua regalis.* ♦ Eau (suc) de quelques fruits, *the juice of some fruits.* ♦ Batre l'eau, (terme de chasse,) *to take soil, as a deer does.*
Eaux & Forêts, *f. f. pl. Eyre.*
† Ébahi, *ie, adj. Aghast, surprised, amazed, astonished, wondering.*
† Ébahir, s'ébahir, *v. r. To be amazed, to wonder, to be surprised or astonished, to admire.*
† Ébahissement, *f. m. Surprise, astonishment.*
Ébarber, *v. a. To strip quills, &c.*
† Ébat, *f. m. Pleasure, sport, diversion, pastime.*
† Ébattre, s'ébattre, *v. r. To take one's pleasure, to be merry, to sport.*
† Ébaubi, *ie, adj. Astonished, amazed.*
Ébauche, *f. f. The first draught or rough beginning of any work.*
Ébauché, *ée, adj. Begun, &c. V. the verb.*
Ébaucher, *v. a. To begin or make the draught of a thing, to sketch, to rough-hew.*
Ébauchoir, *f. m. A great chisel used by statuaries.*
† Ébaudir, s'ébaudir, *v. r. To be a merry-making.*
Ebbe, *f. f. Ebb, ebbing water, low water.*
Ébène, *f. f. Ebony.*
Ébenier, *f. m. Eben-tree or ebony-tree.*
Ebeniste, *f. m. Cabinet-maker.*
Ébloui, *ie, adj. Dazzled, &c. V. the verb.*
Éblouir, *v. a. To dazzle.*
Éblouissement, *f. m. Dazzling; dimness of sight.*
Éborgné, *ée, adj. Made blind of one eye, &c.*
Éborgner, *v. a. To make blind*

ECA

of one eye, to put out an eye.
Ébouilli, *ie, adj. Over-boiled, boiled to rags.*
Ébouillir, *v. n. To boil down.*
Éboulé, *ée, adj. Fallen or tumbled down.*
Éboulement, *f. m. Falling, tumbling or shrinking down.*
Ébouler, s'ébouler, *v. r. To fall, tumble or shrink down.*
Ébourgeonné, *ée, adj. Pruned.*
Ébourgeonnement, *f. m. The nipping of the bud, &c.*
Ébourgeonner, *v. a. To nip, prune or shred off the need-
lest buds or buttons of vines.*
Ébouriffé, *ée, adj. Disordered.*
Ébranché, *ée, adj. Lopped.*
Ébranchement, *f. m. Lopping or cutting off, pruning.*
Ébrancher, *v. a. To lop, to cut the branches off, to prune.*
Ébranlé, *ée, adj. Shaken, moved, &c.*
Ébranlement, *f. m. Shaking.*
* Ébranlement, (trouble,) *trouble, fear.*
Ébranler, *v. a. (faire bran-
ler,) To shake, to move.*
* (Faire vaciller,) *to shake, to stagger.* * Ébranler par menaces, *to shake, fright or deter from one's purpose by threats.* * Ébranler par présents, *to bribe or corrupt by presents.*
S'ébranler, *v. r. To shake, to stagger.* ♦ — (Commencer à marcher,) *to move, to make a motion.*
Ébréché, *ée, adj. Broken, &c.*
Ébrécher, *v. a. (un couteau, &c.) To break a piece off of a knife, to make a notch or gap to it.*
Ébrener, *v. a. To clean a child that is beset.*
Ébrillade, *f. f. A jerk with the bridle.*
Ébrouer, s'ébrouer, *v. r. To snort or snuff.*
Ébruiter, *v. a. To divulge, to blab out.*
S'ébruiter, *v. r. To be noised abroad.*
Ébullition, *f. f. Blotches, breaking out.* ♦ (Terme de Chimie,) *ebullition.*
Écuché, *ée, adj. Pushed,*

ECA 175

squashed, beaten or bruised flat, crushed.
Écacher, *v. a. To push, to squash, to beat or bruise flat, to crush.*
Écaille, *f. f. Scale; shell.*
Écaillé, *ée, adj. Scaly.*
Écailler, *v. a. To scale or unscale.*
S'écailler, *v. r. To peel off, to scale.*
Écailleux, *euse, adj. Scaly.*
Écale, *f. f. Shell.*
Écalé, *ée, adj. Shelled.*
Écaler, *v. a. To shell.*
† Écarbouiller. V. Écacher.
Ecarlate, *f. f. Scarlet.* Ecarlate cramoisie, *scarlet died in grain.*
Écarquillé, *ée, adj. Spread, opened.*
Écarquillement, *f. m. Spreading, opening.*
† Écarquiller, *v. a. To spread or open one's legs.*
Écart, *f. m. A ramble, a stepping or going aside or out of the way.* * Faire un écart dans un discours, *to ramble, to make an excursion or digression in speech;* * *to be besides the cushion.* * Faire des écarts, *to spend extravagantly, to be extravagant.*
♦ Écart, (cartes dont on se défait,) *cards that are laid out or discarded to take in others.* Faire son écart, *to lay out one's cards, to discard.*
A l'écart, *adv. Aside, apart, by one's self.*
Écarté, *ée, adj. Removed, dispersed, &c. V. Ecarter.*
Écartelé, *ée, adj. Quartered.*
♦ Il porte écartelé d'argent & de sable, *he bears quarterly argent sable.*
Écarteler, *v. a. & n. To quarter.*
Écarter, *v. a. (éloigner.) To remove, to drive away, to disperse, to scatter.* ♦ Écarter du droit chemin, *to put from or out of the right way or to mislead.* ♦ Écarter, (éparpiller,) *to scatter.* * † Ecarter la dragée, *to sputter.* ♦ Écarter, (en jouant,) *to discard or lay out one's cards.*
S'écarter de son chemin, *v. r.*

176 ECC

To go out of or lose one's way. * S'écarter de son sujet, to go from one's subject or from the matter in hand, to make a digression, to ramble. * S'écarter du bon sens, to swerve from reason. * S'écarter du sentiment des autres, to be particular in one's opinion, to depart from other men's opinions.

Ecclesiaste, *f. m.* Ecclesiastes, a book in the Old Testament.

Ecclesiastique, *f. m.* Ecclesiasticus.

Ecclesiastique, *adj.* Ecclesiastical, ecclesiastick, belonging to the Church.

Ecclesiastique, *f. m.* An ecclesiastick, a clergy-man, a church-man.

Ecclesiastiquement, *adv.* Ecclesiastically, churchman like.

Écervelé, *éc*, *adj.* & *f.* Hare-brained or hair-brained, cock-brained, rash fool.

Échafaud, *f. m.* Scaffold; *stage*.

Échafaudage, *f. m.* The making of scaffolds or the scaffolds.

Échafauder, *v. n.* To make scaffolds.

Échalas, *f. m.* A vine-prop.

Échalassé, *éc*, *adj.* Propped.

Échalasser une vigne, *v. a.* To prop a vine, to underlay it.

Échalote, *f. f.* A shallot.

Échané, *éc*, *adj.* Hollowed, cut or made hollow, cut sloping inwards.

Échaner, *v. a.* To slope, to hollow, to slant, to cut sloping.

Échancrure, *f. f.* A slope.

Échange, *f. m.* Exchange, chopping or bartering.

Échangé, *éc*, *adj.* Exchanged, chopped, swopped, bartered.

Échanger, *v. a.* To exchange, to chop, swop or barter.

Échançon, *f. m.* A cup-bearer.

Échançonnerie, *f. fém.* The King's wine-cellar.

Échantillon, *f. m.* Pattern.

† **Échappatoire**, *f. f.* Evasion, subterfuge, shift, come-off, excuse.

Échappé, *éc*, *adj.* Escaped, &c. *V.* Échapper.

Échappée, *f. f.* A prank.

ECH

Échapper, *v. n.* To escape, to get away or out, to make one's escape. *♣* Échapper d'un danger, to escape a danger, to shun it. Faire échapper ou sauver un prisonnier, to favour a prisoner's escape. *♣* Laisser échapper une occasion, to slip or let go an opportunity, to let an occasion slip. *♣* Cela m'est échappé de la mémoire, (il ne m'en souvient plus,) it has slipped from my memory, I forgot it. * Il lui échappa une parole, he let fall or he dropped a word. * Il lui échappa quelquefois de dire la vérité, he makes bold sometimes to speak the truth. *♣* Laisser échapper un cheval, to give a horse the head.

S'échapper, *v. r.* To escape, to get away, to get loose; * to be as bold as. * Il s'échappa jusqu'à lui dire des injures, he was so bold as to call him names.

Écharde, *f. f.* The prick of a thistle; *♣* a splint or splinter.

Échardonner, *v. a.* To cut or pull out the thistles.

Écharpe, *f. fém.* A scarf. *♣* Porter le bras en écharpe, to carry or have one's arm in a sling. * † Avoir l'esprit en écharpe, to be brain-sick.

Écharpé, *éc*, *adj.* Slashed, cut in pieces.

Écharper, *v. a.* To slash.

† **Échars**, *arfe*, *adj.* Niggardly.

Échars, *adj. m. Ex.* Vent échars, a shifting wind, a wind that veers often.

† **Écharsement**, *V.* Chiche-ment.

Écharfer, *v. n.* To veer, to change often.

Échasses, *f. f. pl.* Stilts.

Échauboulé, *éc*, *adj.* Full of pimples.

Échauboulures, *subst. f. pl.* Pimples.

Échaudé, *f. m.* A kind of wig or funnel.

Échaudé, *éc*, *adj.* Scalded.

P. Chat échaudé craint l'eau froide, *P.* the burnt child dreads the fire.

Échauder, *v. a.* To scald.

ECH

Échaudoir, *f. m.* A scalding-house.

Échauffaïson, *f. f.* An over-heating of one's self.

Échauffé, *éc*, *adj.* Heated, &c. *V.* the verb.

Échauffement, *subst. m.* Heating.

Échauffer, *v. a.* To heat or warm. * Cela lui échauffe le sang, that provokes him or stirs up his passion.

Échauffer, *v. a.* To heat or warm.

S'échauffer, *v. r.* To overheat one's self, to grow hot; * to be angry.

Échauffure, *subst. fém.* A red pimple.

Échauguette, *f. f.* A watch-tower.

Échéance, *f. f.* Expiration.

Échec, *f. m. Ex.* Donner échec au Roi, le tenir en échec, to check the King at chess. Echec & mat, check-mate. * Tenir en échec, (tenir en crainte,) to keep in awe or to keep at a bay. * Échec, (malheur, perte,) check, loss, fatal blow, misfortune.

Échecs, *f. m. pl.* le jeu des échecs. Chess, the game at chess.

Échelle, *f. f.* Ladder; *♣* a scale. *♣* Échelle de rubans, a stomacher of ribbons. * † Après cela il faut tirer l'échelle, nothing can be better. *♣* Échelle, (port de mer,) a sea-port town.

Échelon, *f. m.* A round, a ladder-step.

Échenillé, *éc*, *adj.* Rid of caterpillars.

Écheniller, *v. a.* To rid of caterpillars.

Écheveau, *f. m.* A skain.

Échevelé, *éc*, *adj.* Dishevelled, whose hair hangs loose.

Échevin, *subst. m.* A sort of Magistrate something like an English Sheriff.

Échevinage, *f. m.* A Sheriff's place, the being a sheriff, sheriffalty.

Échine, *f. fém.* Chine, backbone, the ridge of the back. Crotté jusqu'à l'échine, dirty all over.

Échiné,

ECH

Échiné, *éc*, *adj.* *Chined*, broken-backed.

Échinée, *f. f.* *A chine.*

Échiner quelqu'un, *v. a.* To chine one or to break one's back. * † (Rouler,) to maul, to beat soundly, to beat to death.

Échiqueté, *éc*, *adj.* (terme de Blason, fait en façon d'échiquier.) Checked or checkered, in heraldry.

Échiquier, *f. m.* (from échec.) A chess-board. * (Sorte de juridiction,) exchequer. * Ouvrage fait en échiquier, checker-worth. * Arbres plantés en échiquier, trees planted checker-wise.

Écho, *f. m.* An echo, the rebounding of sound.

Échoir, *v. n.* To expire or be out; * to fall or fall out, to chance or happen. † Si le cas y échoit, if there be occasion.

Échoppe, *f. f.* A stall; * a round or flat graver.

Échouage ou Échouement, *f. m.* The being stranded on a coast.

Échoué, *éc*, *adj.* Run aground or against a rock.

Échouer, *v. n.* & *a.* To run aground or on shore, to put aground. * Il échoue dans tous ses desseins, all his designs miscarry or prove abortive.

Échu, *ue*, *adj.* (from échoir.) Expired out. * Cela lui est échu par le sort, that fell to him by lot.

Éclabouffé, *éc*, *adj.* Splashed, dashed.

Éclabouffer, *v. a.* To splash or dash.

Éclabouffure, *f. f.* The dirt or water one is splashed or dashed with.

Éclair, *f. m.* Lightning, a flash of lightning. * Il fait des éclairs, it lightens.

Éclairci, *ie*, *adj.* Cleared, &c.

Éclaircie, *f. fém.* (terme de mer.) A clear spot in a cloudy day.

Éclaircir, *v. a.* To clear; * to brighten; * to clarify; * to thin or make thin; * to instruct, to inform or

Tomé 1.

ECL

give information; * to clear, to make out or plain, to explain, to unfold, to resolve.

S'éclaircir, *v. r.* To clear or become clear. * S'éclaircir d'une chose, to inquire into a business, to inform one's self about it.

Éclaircissement, *f. m.* A clearing or making clear, an explication or unfolding; * light, insight, hint or éclaircissement. Je veux avoir un éclaircissement avec lui, I will argue the case with him, I will question him about it. * Un homme à éclaircissement, an exceptious or quarrelsome man.

Éclairer, *f. f.* (plante.) La grande éclairer, the greater celandine. La petite éclairer, the crowfoot.

Éclairé, *éc*, *adj.* Lighted, &c. * (Clair,) lightsome or full of light. * (Qui a de grandes connoissances,) knowing, understanding, that has great insight into things. * Nous étions éclairés par la lune, we had the moon-shine.

Éclairer, *v. a.* To light or give light to. * (Observer,) to watch, observe or have an eye upon. * (Donner de l'intelligence à l'esprit,) to enlighten.

Éclairer, *v. n.* To sparkle.

Éclairer *v. imp.* (faire des éclairs.) To lighten.

Éclanche, *f. f.* (de mouton.) A leg of mutton.

Éclat, *f. m.* A crash, clap or crack, a sudden and violent noise. * (Bruit, roulement,) noise or clamour. * (Lueur, lustre,) brightness, clearness, lustre. * L'éclat des habits, the gaiety of cloths. * Éclat, (gloire, magnificence,) éclat, glory, pomp, splendour, magnificence. * Un éclat de bois, a shiver or splinter of wood. Un éclat de pierre, a shard or piece of stone flown off. * Éclat de rire, a splitting with laughter, a fit of laughing.

Éclatant, *ante*, *adj.* Shining,

ECL 177

sparkling, glittering, bright; * bright, great, transcendent, singular, notable, signal, glorious. * Bruit éclatant, great noise, a clap, crash or crash.

Éclater, *v. n.* To crack, to split, to shiver, to break in pieces, to burst. * Éclater de rire, to split one's sides with laughing, to break out into laughter. * Éclater, (faire un grand bruit,) to crack. * (Devenir public,) to break out, to come abroad, to blaze out. * Éclater en injures, en reproches, to burst forth into abuse or violent reproaches. * Éclater, (briller,) to shine, sparkle or glitter. * Faire éclater, (découvrir avec éclat,) to shew, discover or make appear.

Éclipse, *f. f.* An eclipse.

Éclipse, *éc*, *adj.* Eclipsed, darkened, &c.

S'éclipser, *v. r.* To be eclipsed or darkened, to be in an eclipse.

Éclipser, *v. a.* (faire éclipser.) To eclipse or cause to be eclipsed. * S'éclipser, (disparaître,) to vanish away or go out of sight, to disappear.

Éliptique, *subst. f.* The elliptic.

Éclisse, *f. f.* A splint for a broken bone; * a chess-wattle.

Éclisser, *v. a.* To bind up with splints, to splint.

Écloué, *éc*, *adj.* Limping, lame.

Éclorre, *v. n.* ou s'éclorre, *v. r.* To blow or open; * to be hatched. Faire éclorre des fleurs, to blow or open flowers. Faire éclorre des oiseaux, to hatch birds. Le jour vient d'éclorre, the day begins to break or peep, it is break of day. * Éclorre, (en parlant des desseins,) to come to light, to be discovered or known.

Éclos, *osc*, *adj.* Blown, opened, &c. *V.* Éclorre.

Écluse, *f. f.* A sluice, dam or wear.

Éclusee, *f. f.* A sluice full of water.

M

Écolâtre, *f. m.* A Scholaster, Rector, Chief master, Teacher.

École, *f. f.* A School or College. Petites écoles, grammar schools. * † Faire l'école buissonnière, to play the truant.

Écolier, *f. m.* A scholar or a school-boy.

Écolière, *f. f.* A scholar, a she-scholar.

Éconduire, *v. a.* To deny, refuse, shift off or reject.

Éconduit, *ite, adj.* Denied, refused, shifted off or rejected.

Économat, *subst. m.* Stewardship.

Économe, *f. m. & f.* A steward, a house-keeper, a ruler of a family, one that has the ordering of a house or family.

Économe, *adj.* Saving.

Économie, *f. f.* Economy, stewardship; & economy, husbandry or huswifery, savingness. * L'économie de la loi, the dispensation of the law. * Économie, (ordre,) economy, order; constitution.

Économique, *adj.* Economical.

Économique, *subst. f.* Economics.

Économiquement, *adv.* Sparingly, frugally.

Écope, *f. f.* A scoop or scooper.

Écorce, *f. f.* Rind or bark. * Écorce de grenade, the shell or rind of a pomegranate. Écorce d'orange & de citron, orange and lemon peel. * Écorce, (superficie,) outside, outward show or appearance.

Écorcer, *v. a.* To peel, to take off the rind or bark.

Écorché, *ée, adj.* Flayed, &c. V. Écorcher. * † Mot écorché du latin, a cramp Latin word.

▲ écorche-cu, *adv. Ex.* Jouer à écorche-cu, to play at dragging on the arse along the ground. * † A écorche-cu, (avec répugnance,) against the grain, untowardly.

Écorcher, *v. a.* To flay or skin; & to gall, to peel off; & to peel or tear off the rind or bark. * Écorcher les oreilles, to grate one's ears. * † Il crie avant qu'on l'écorche, he is more afraid than hurt. * Écorcher, (exiger plus qu'il ne faut,) to exact upon. * † Il écorche un peu le latin, he speaks some broken Latin.

S'Écorcher, *v. r.* To tear off one's skin. S'Écorcher les fesses à cheval, to chafe, to lose leather in riding, to be galled on horseback.

Écorcherie, *f. f.* A slaughter-house.

Écorcheur, *f. m.* A slayer; * a great exacter, an unreasonable man.

Écorchure, *f. f.* A place where the skin is off or where one is galled, &c. * Excoriation.

Écore, *f. fém.* A precipice by the sea or a river's side, a very steep shore. Côte écore, a steep coast.

Écorné, *ée, adj.* That has lost its horns, &c. Voyez Écorner.

Écorner, *v. a.* To break the horns or corners; * to impair, curtail, diminish. * † Il en a écorné quelque chose, he has got some snip, he has got something out of it.

Écornifler, *v. a.* To sponge or shark.

Écorniflerie, *f. f.* Spunging, sharking.

Écornifleur, *f. m.* Écornifleuse, *f. f.* A shark, a parasite, a sponger or smell-feast.

Écoffé, *ée, adj.* Shelled.

Écoffer, *v. a.* To shell.

Écoffeur, *euse, f.* One that shells.

Écot, *f. m.* Reckoning; & club, every one's share of a reckoning.

Écouets, *f. m. pl.* (ou amures.) The tacks of a sail.

Écoufle, *f. m.* A kite or puttock.

Écoulé, *ée, adj.* Run out, drained, &c. V. Écouler.

Écoulement, *f. m.* A draining, a running or flowing

out; & efflux, emanation; flowing or issuing from, il lapse.

Écouler, s'écouler, *v. r.* To run or flow out. Faire écouler les eaux d'un étang, to drain a pond. Faire écouler les eaux dans un autre endroit, to convey waters from one place to another. * S'écouler, to go slide or slip away. * Il s'est écoulé bien du temps, it is a long time since. * Le temps est écoulé, the time is out or expired. * S'écouler, (s'échapper,) to convey one's self away, to steal or slide away.

Écourté, *ée, adj.* Cropped. Cheval écourté, a crop or cropped horse.

Écourter, *v. a.* To crop.

Écoutant, *ante, f. & adj.* Hearer.

Écouté, *ée, adj.* Heard, &c.

Écouter, *v. a.* To hear, to give ear, to hearken or listen to; & to give audience, to give the hearing. Se faire écouter, to get audience. * Il n'écoute que son emportement, he acts altogether by passion.

S'écouter, *v. r.* S'écouter parler, to hear one's self speak, to have a formal flow way of speaking.

Écoute, *f. f.* Ex. Etre aux écoutes, to eaves-drop or listen, to be upon the watch. * Écoutes, the sheets of any sail. Larguer l'écoute, to ease off the sheet.

Écouteux, *adj. Ex.* Un cheval écouteux, a skittish horse.

Écoutille, *f. f.* Hatch, scuttle, hatch-way.

Écoutillon, *subst. m.* A small hatch-way.

Ecouvette, *f. f.* A brush.

Écouvillon, *subst. m.* A drag or a malkin, the sponge of a cannon.

Écouvillonné, *ée, adj.* Swept with a drag or malkin.

Écouvillonner, *v. a.* To sweep with a drag or malkin.

Écran, *f. m.* A screen; & a fresan.

Écrasé, *ée, adj.* Squashed, crushed in pieces, bruised.

Écraser, *v. a.* To squash or

ECR

crash in pieces, to bruise.
 * Écrafer quelqu'un, (le ruiner entièrement,) *to undo him to all intents and purposes.*
 Écrémé, ée, *adj. Bleet or flected.*
 Écrémer, *v. a. Ex. Écrémer du lait, to flect milk, to take off the cream from the milk.*
 Écrevisse, *f. f. Cray-fish. ♀ Écrevisse de mer, a lobster. ♀ L'Écrevisse, (l'un des signes du Zodiaque,) Cancer.*
 Écrier, s'écrier, *v. r. To cry out or exclaim.*
 Écrin, *f. m. (où l'on met des pierreries.) A jewel-box.*
 Écrire, *v. a. To write. Papier à écrire, writing-paper.*
 Écrit, ite, *adj. Writ, written, &c. V. Écrire.*
 Écrit, *f. m. A writing; ♀ a note under one's hand. * Les écrits d'un auteur, the writings or works of an author.*
 Par écrit, *adv. Ex. Mettre par écrit, to write down.*
 Écriteau, *f. m. A bill; ♀ the title of a Grocer's or Apothecary's box.*
 Écritoire, *f. f. An inkhorn.*
 Écritoire de table, *a standish.*
 Écriture, *f. f. Writing; ♀ hand or writing. ♀ L'Écriture-Sainte, l'Écriture ou les Écritures, the Holy Scripture, the Scripture, the Holy Writ, the Bible.*
 Écrivain, *f. m. A writing-master; ♀ a writer; ♀ a cap-merchant or purser, a ship-Officer.*
 Écrou, *f. m. The nut, box or worm of a screw. * L'écrou d'un pressoir, the nut of a press. ♀ Écrou, a goaler's book or a particular article in that book.*
 Écroue, *f. f. A bill containing the particulars of the King's Household expence.*
 Écroué, ée, *adj. Entered in the goaler's book.*
 Écrouelles, *f. f. pl. The evil, the king's evil.*
 Écrouer, *v. a. To enter into the goaler's book.*
 Écroulé, ée, *adj. Shaken or shook.*

ECU

Écroulement, *f. m. Falling or tumbling.*
 Écrouler, s'écrouler, *v. r. To fall, to tumble.*
 Écroulé, ée, *adj. Chipped.*
 Écrouter, *verb. act. To chip bread.*
 Écru, ue, *adj. (se dit de la soie & du fil qui n'ont pas été mouillés.) Never whitened nor washed.*
 Écu, *subst. m. A crown or crown piece. Un homme qui a beaucoup d'écus, qui est le pere aux écus, a monied man or a man well lined. ♀ Ecu, (bouclier,) a shield or buckler; ♀ an escutcheon, a coat of arms.*
 Écubier, *f. m. (terme de mer.) Hawse, great hole under the head of a ship, through which the cables run.*
 Écueil, *f. m. Shelf, sand or rock in the sea; * rock, sand, stumbling block.*
 Écuelle, *f. f. A porringer; ♀ dish. ♀ Ecuelle de cabestan, the iron socket of the capstern.*
 Écuellée, *f. f. A porringer full.*
 Éculé, ée, *adj. Trodden down. Ex. Un foulier éculé, a shoe trodden down at the heel.*
 Éculer, *v. a. To tread down at the heels.*
 S'éculer, *verb. réc. To tread down.*
 Écume, *f. f. Froth, foam. Jeter de l'écume, to froth or foam. ♀ Ecume de certains métaux, the scum or dross of some metals.*
 Écumé, ée, *adj. Skimmed.*
 Écumer, *v. act. To skim. * Ecumer les mers, to scour or infest the seas.*
 Écumer, *v. n. To froth or foam.*
 Écumeur de mer, *f. m. (pirate, corsaire.) A pirate or corsair. * † Un écumeur de marmite, a shark, a spunger, trencher-friend.*
 Écumeux, euse, *adj. Frothy.*
 Écumoire, *subst. fém. A skimmer.*
 Écuré, ée, *adje&t. Scoured, cleansed.*

EDI 179

Écurer, *v. a. To scour, to cleanse.*
 Écureuil, *f. m. A squirrel.*
 Écureuse, *subst. f. A chairwoman.*
 Écurie, *f. f. Stable.*
 Écusson, *f. m. A scutcheon or escutcheon, a coat of arms. ♀ Ecusson d'ente, a scutcheon of a graft.*
 Écussonné, ée, *adj. Grafted by a scutcheon.*
 Écussonner, *v. a. To scutcheon - graft, to graft by scutcheon.*
 Écuyer, *f. m. Grand Écuyer, A Master of the horse to a Prince. ♀ (Gentilhomme sous le Grand-Écuyer,) a Querry. ♀ Ecuyer d'un grand Seigneur, a Gentleman of the horse to a Nobleman. ♀ Ecuyer, (qui enseigne à monter à cheval,) a riding master. ♀ (Simple Gentilhomme,) a Squire or Esquire. ♀ Ecuyer d'une Dame, a Lady Gentleman-usher. ♀ Un Écuyer tranchant, a carver. ♀ Ecuyer de cuisine, the head or first cook.*
 Édenté, ée, *adj. Toothless, that has lost one or more teeth.*
 Édifiant, ante, *adj. Edifying.*
 Édificateur, *f. m. Builder.*
 Édification, *f. f. Edification, building; * édification, improvement, edifying. J'ai lu ce chapitre avec beaucoup d'édification, I was very much edified by reading of that chapter. Donner de l'édification, to edify, to set good examples.*
 Édifice, *f. m. Edifice, building.*
 Édifié, ée, *adj. Edified, &c. V. the verb.*
 Édifier, *v. act. (bâtir.) To edify or build. * (Porter à la vertu,) to edify, to build up in faith or improve in knowledge and good manners. * (Satisfaire par son procédé,) to please.*
 Édile, *f. m. Edile, a surveyor of the works, &c. amongst the ancient Romans.*
 Édilité, *f. f. The office of an Edile.*

180 E D I

Édit, *f. m.* An edit, ordinance or proclamation.

Éditeur, *f. m.* Editor.

Édition, *f. f.* Edition, the impression, publication or putting out of a book.

Éducation, *f. f.* Education.

Édulcoration, *f. f.* Edulcoration.

Édulcorer, *v. a.* To edulcorate.

Effaçable, *adj.* That may be blotted out, wiped off or effaced.

Effacé, *ée*, *adj.* Blotted, scratched, rased or put out, defaced. * Un écrit tout effacé, a blind writing.

Effacer, *v. a.* To deface, to blot, raze, put or scratch out; * to deface, to disfigure. * (Obscurcir, défaire,) to drown, obscure or eclipse.

Effaçure, *f. f.* A blot, cross, dash through any writing.

Effaner. *V.* Effeuiller.

Effaré, *ée*, *adj.* Bewildered, scared, that has a wild look with him.

Effarer, s'effarer, *v. r.* To be scared, to look wild.

Effarouché, *ée*, *adj.* Scared, frightened away, &c.

Effaroucher, *v. a.* To scare or fright away, to make wild, to startle.

S'effaroucher, *v. réc.* To grow wild or fierce, to startle.

Effectif, *ive*, *adj.* Effective, real; * effectual. * Un homme effectif, a punctual man, a man of his word.

Effectivement, *adv.* Really, in effect.

Effectué, *ée*, *adj.* Effected, &c.

Effectuer, *v. a.* To effect, to perform, bring to pass or put in execution.

Efféminé, *ée*, *adj.* Effeminate, effeminated, womanish. Un efféminé, an effeminate man.

Efféminer, *v. a.* To effeminate, to enervate, to soften.

Effervescence, *f. f.* Effervescence or ebullition.

Effet, *f. m.* Effect; performance, deed, execution; * effect or success. * C'est un pur effet de votre imagination, this is a mere product of your own fancy. Mettre

E F F

en effet, to effect, do or perform, to bring to pass.

* Effet, (dessein,) effect, intent, purpose, design.

* Ces paroles eurent un puissant effet, these words prevailed very much or proved

very effectual. * Ceci fera

un grand effet sur lui, this will go a great way with him.

Ces tableaux faisoient un fort bel effet, these pictures made a very fine sight.

* Cette fuite fit un très-mauvais effet, that flight proved

to be of dangerous consequence. * Ces choses-là font

un vilain effet, those things look very ill. * C'est par

un effet particulier de la Providence qu'il ne s'est pas

noyé, it is a great Providence that he was not drowned.

* Les effets d'un marchand, the effects, goods or

moveables of a merchant.

En effet, *adv.* In effect, really.

En effet, *conj.* Indeed, and indeed.

Pour cet effet, à cet effet, *adv.* Therefore, to that end,

to that purpose.

Effeuillé, *ée*, *adj.* Unleaved, stripped off leaves.

Effeuiller, *v. a.* To unleave, to strip off leaves.

Efficace, *adj.* Efficacious, effectual, powerful, forcible,

prevailing.

Efficace, *f. f.* Efficacy or efficaciousness, strength, operation, virtue, force.

Efficacement, *adverb.* Efficaciously, effectually.

Efficacité, *subst. f.* Efficacy, force, virtue, influence.

Efficient, *ente*, *adj.* Efficient.

Effigie, *subst. f.* Effigies, likenesses.

Effigé, *ée*, *adj.* Executed in effigy.

Effigier, *v. a.* To execute in effigy.

Effilé, *ée*, *adj.* Unravelled, unwoven. * Une taille effilée, a long thin, slender shape.

Effiler, *v. a.* To unravel or unweave.

S'effiler, *v. réc.* To unravel or unweave.

Efflanqué, *ée*, *adj.* Back-

E F F

swayed, lean, thin-flanked, shrunk in the flank.

Efflanquer, *v. a.* To sway in the back, to make lean or thin-flanked.

Effleuré, *ée*, *adj.* Glanced upon, slightly touched, grazed.

Effleur, *v. a.* To glance upon, to touch but slightly,

to graze upon, as a bullet does. * Effleur une ma-

tière, to glance at a subject,

to touch lightly at it, to run it over lightly.

Effondré, *ée*, *adj.* Broke open, &c.

Effondrer, *verb. a.* To swag down, to sink. * Effondrer

une volaille, to draw a fowl.

Effondrilles, *f. f. pl.* (Sédiment d'une liqueur.) Grounds or

settlement.

Efforcer, s'efforcer, *v. r.* To strain, to endeavour, strive,

attempt or labour to compass a thing.

Effort, *f. m.* Straining, endeavour, attempt, effort.

L'effort de la guerre, the stress of the war. * Il vous

faut faire un effort pour cela, you must use your en-

deavour, you must strive with

might and main, you must do

what lies in your power. * Cheval qui a un effort, a

sundered horse.

Effraction, *subst. f.* (terme de Pratique.) Fraction, breaking.

Effrayant, *ante*, *adj.* Frightful, fearful, dreadful.

Effrayé, *ée*, *adj.* Frighted, &c.

Effrayer, *v. a.* To fright, scare, startle or terrify.

Effréné, *ée*, *adj.* Unbridled, unruly, loose, immoderate.

Effroi, *subst. m.* Fright, great fear, terror, consternation.

Effronté, *ée*, *adj.* Brazen-faced, impudent, saucy.

Effronté, *ée*, *subst.* A brazen face.

Effrontément, *adv.* Impudently, with a brazen face, saucily.

Effronterie, *f. f.* Brazen-face, impudence, sauciness, effrontery.

Avoir de l'effronterie, to be saucy, impudent or brazen-faced.

EFF

Effroyable, *adjct.* *Frightful, dreadful, terrible, hideous, horrible*; * *extreme ugly, damned ugly*; * *prodigious, extraordinary, huge*. Faire une effroyable dépense, to spend horribly or extravagantly.

Effroyablement, *adv.* *Horribly, extremely, damnably, prodigiously, wondrously.*

Effusion, *subst. f.* *Effusion or shedding, a pouring out.* * *Effusion de bile, an overflowing of the gall.* * Une effusion de cœur, a frank opening of one's heart, a free-hearted love.

Égal, *ale, adj.* *Equal, alike, even*; * *even, level.* * Cela m'est égal, that's equal, indifferent or all one to me. * À l'égal de, in comparison of, as much as, like.

Égal, *subst. m.* *Equal, one of equal rank.*

Égalé, *ée, adjct.* *Equalled, matched, made even.*

Également, *adverb.* *Alike, equally.*

Égaler, *v. a.* To equal, match or make even; * to match, to be equal or alike, to come up to; * to compare, to put in competition, to parallel.

S'égal, *v. récip.* To compare one's self, to enter into competition.

Égalisation, *f. f.* *The equalling or making shares equal.*

Égaliser, *v. a.* (terme de Palais.) To equal, to make shares equal.

Égalité, *f. f.* *Equality, likeness, conformity*; * *evenness.*

Égard, *f. m.* *Regard, consideration, respect, account.* Avoir égard à quelque chose, to mind, regard or consider a thing. * Eu égard, (ayant égard,) considering. * À l'égard, for what concerns, as for, as to. *Ex.* A mon égard, as for me.

Égaré, *ée, adjct.* *Strayed, wandering out of the way, &c.* *V. the verb.* * *Esprit égaré, a wandering, rambling or unsettled mind.* * *Des yeux égarés, wild looks.*

EGO

Égarer, *f. m.* *A straying, wandering or going out of the way*; * *ill conduct*; *error, mistake.*

Égarer, *v. act.* To put out of the way. * (Jeter dans l'erreur,) to lead astray, to bring into an error. * Égarer quelque chose, to lose a thing, not to know where to find or what one has done with it.

S'égarer, *v. réc.* To go out of one's way, to lose one's way, to wander or straggle; * to go from one's subject; * to mistake, to be in an error.

Égayé, *ée, adjct.* *Rejoiced, merry, brisk, &c.* *V. the verb.*

Égayer, *v. act.* To rejoice, to make merry or brisk, to put upon a merry pin, to divert, to quicken. * Égayer un ouvrage d'esprit, un tableau, &c. to quicken or bricken up, to enliven.

S'égayer, *v. r.* To grow brisk, to make one's self brisk, to divert one's self, to sport. * Un Auteur qui s'égaye, an Author that launches out into pleasant digressions.

Égide, *f. f.* (le bouclier ou la cuirasse de Pallas.) *Aegis.*

Églantier, *f. m.* *The eglantine shrub or sweet-briar, wild rose-tree.*

Églantine, *f. f.* *Wild-rose.*

Église, *f. f.* *Church.* Homme d'église, a Churchman or Clergyman, an Ecclesiastick. Cour d'église, ecclesiastical Court.

Églogue, *f. f.* *An eglogue.*

Égorgé, *ée, adjct.* *Whose throat is cut, that has his throat cut.*

Égorger, *verb. act.* To cut the throat, to kill.

Égossillé, *ée, adjct.* *Whose throat is sore with speaking or crying aloud.*

† **Égossiller**, *s'égossiller, v. r.* To make one's throat sore with speaking aloud or crying out.

Égout, *subst. masc.* *A sink, a common shore or common sewer*; * *the running down or falling of waters*; * *the house-cree,*

ELA 181

Égoutté, *ée, adj.* *Drained, drained dry.*

Égoutter, *v. neut.* *Ex.* Faire égoutter, to drain, to drain dry.

Égratigné, *ée, adj.* *Scratched.*

Égratigner, *v. a.* To scratch.

Égratignure, *f. f.* *A scratch.*

Égrené, *ée, adjct.* *The grain whereof is shaken out.*

Égrener, *v. act.* To shake or take out the grain.

† **Egrillard**, *arde, adj.* *Pert, sprightly, mettlesome, wanton, buxom, fiery.*

Egrillard, *f. m.* *A mettlesome fellow or spark.*

Égrugé, *ée, adj.* *Grated, &c.*

Égrugeoir, *f. m.* *A pestle.*

Égruger, *v. a.* To grind with a pestle, to pound.

Égweiler, *v. a.* To break the gullet or neck of a bottle, pot, &c.

† **S'égweiler**, *v. r.* To cry out, to bawl, to squawl.

Éguillettes, *f. f. pl.* (cordages.) *Knittles. — des hofles, laniards of the stoppers.* * — (carene & manœuvre des ports,) *careening gear.*

Éguilleter un palan, *v. a.* To snap a tackle or to rack.

Éguillots, *f. m. pl.* *Pinles of the rudder.*

Eh, *interj.* *Ah!*

Éhanché, *ée, adj.* *V. Déhanché.*

† **Éhonté**, *ée, adj.* *Shameless, brazen-faced.*

Ejaculation, *f. f.* *Ejaculation, violent spurting or emission.*

Élagué, *ée, adj.* *Lopped or lopt, topt.*

Élaguer, *v. act.* To prune, to lop or top trees.

Élan, *f. m.* *A jerk, a sudden motion, trust or leap*; * *an ejaculation, transport or violent motion of the soul, a rapture.* * *Élan, (animal,) elk.*

Élancé, *ée, adj.* *Shot. V. S'élancer.* * *Cheval élancé, a horse shrunk in the flank.*

* *C'est une grande créature élancée, he or she is a tall, slender body.* * *Avant fort élancé, a flaring bow.*

Élancement, *f. m.* *The shooting, twitch, pricking or pungency of a sudden pain.*

* *Élancement de dévotion.*

pious ejaculation, devout rapture. ♣ Élanement de l'étrave, the rake of the stern.
 Elancer, s'élaner, v. r. To shoot, to sling forward, to give a jerk, to leap, to run or rush violently in or upon.
 Elancer, v. n. Ex. Le doigt m'élance, my finger shoots.
 Elargi, ie, adj. Widened, &c. V. the verb.
 Elargir, v. a&t. To widen or make wider; ♣ to enlarge, to extend; ♣ to open; ♣ to release or set at liberty.
 S'élargir, v. r. To widen, to grow wider; ♣ to enlarge one's ground.
 Élargissement, subst. m. Enlarging, widening; ♣ a release or enlargement.
 Élargissure, f. f. A widening piece.
 Élasticité, f. f. Elasticity.
 Élastique, adj&t. Elastick, of or belonging to a spring.
 Électeur, f. m. An Elector.
 Électif, ive, adj. (qui se fait par élection.) Elective.
 Élection, subst. f. Election, choice. ♣ (Tout le ressort d'un Elu,) the Province or Jurisdiction of an Elu, being a general Assessor of subsidies. Bureau ou Chambre d'élection ou des Elus, the Office or Court of the Assessors of subsidies.
 Électorale, ale, adj. Electoral, of or belonging to an Elector.
 Électorat, f. m. Electorship or Electorate; ♣ Electorate, an Elector's territories.
 Électrice, f. f. Electress.
 Électricité, f. f. Electricity.
 Électuaire, f. m. An Electuary.
 Élégamment, adv. Elegantly, nearly, finely.
 Éléance, f. f. Elegance or elegance.
 Éléant, ante, adj. Elegant, fine, neat, polite.
 Élégiacque, adj. Elegiac, of or belonging to elegy.
 Élégie, f. f. An elegy.
 Élément, f. m. Element.
 Élémentaire, adj. Elementary.
 Éléphant, subst. m. An elephant.
 Élévation, subst. f. (exhaustement.) Elevation, lifting

up, exaltation. ♣ (Hauteur;) the height. ♣ (Avancement aux honneurs,) rise, preferment, advancement. ♣ (Sublimité du style,) loftiness, sublimity of style, nobleness of expression. ♣ (Grandeur de courage,) elevation of spirit, eminence, greatness of soul, an elevated mind. Cette île a cinquante degrés d'élévation, in this island the pole is elevated above 50 degrees. ♣ Élévation, (la face d'un bâtiment,) an upright or elevation of a building.
 Élévatoire, subst. m. An elevatory.
 Éleve, subst. m. Disciple, apprentice; ♣ a scholar, a pupil.
 Élevé, ée, adj. Raised, &c. V. Elever; ♣ high, lofty; ♣ excellent, great, eminent or sublime. ♣ Un arbre peu élevé de terre, a tree a little above ground. ♣ Des joues un peu élevées, cheeks a little puffed up. ♣ Élevé. V. Ému.
 Élever, v. a&t. To raise, to raise up, to exalt or lift up. ♣ (Avancer,) to raise, advance or prefer. ♣ (Ériger, dresser,) to raise, rear up, erect or set up. ♣ (Nourrir,) to bring up a child. ♣ (Donner de l'éducation,) to bring up or educate. ♣ Elever quelqu'un jusqu'au ciel, to extol one to the skies, to praise him highly.
 S'élever, v. r. To rise; ♣ to arise; ♣ to rise or stand up against one; ♣ to grow proud, to be puffed up. ♣ S'élever, (en termes de Marine,) to bear off, to take sea-room. ♣ S'élever dans son style, to raise one's style.
 Élevure, subst. f. A pimple or blister.
 Éluder, verb. a&t. (terme de Grammaire.) To make an elision.
 S'élimer, v. r&c. To wear out, to rub out.
 Élingue, f. f. Slings. Élingue à pattes, can-hooks.
 Élinguer; verb. a&t. To sling a cask, bale, &c.

Élinguets, f. m. pl. The pants of a capstern.
 Élire, v. a. To elect, to chuse.
 Élisien, f. f. Elision.
 Élite, subst. f. (from élire.) Choice. L'élite de l'armée, the choice men of the army.
 Élixir, f. m. Elixir.
 Elle, pron. (the feminine of il.) She, her, it. Elles, (in the plural.) They, them.
 Ellebore, f. m. Ellebore.
 Ellipse, f. f. (terme de Grammaire & de Géométrie.) Ellipsis.
 Elliptique, adj&t. Elliptick, elliptical.
 Elme. V. Feu Saint-Elme.
 Élocution, f. f. Elocution, style.
 Éloge, f. f. Elogy, praise, encomium, commendation, panegyrick.
 Éloigné, ée, adj. (écarté.) Removed, &c. ♣ remote, far.
 Éloignement, f. m. Removal or removing; ♣ distance or remoteness; ♣ absence, separation. ♣ Éloignement, (aversion,) aversion, estrangement. ♣ Éloignement dans un tableau, deepnings.
 Éloigner, v. a&t. (écarter.) To remove or put away, to send a great way off, to drive away, to avert or dispel. ♣ (Retarder,) to put off, to delay, to retard. ♣ (Donner de l'aliénation,) to alienate, to estrange.
 S'éloigner, v. r&c. To remove, to go away, to go from. ♣ S'éloigner de son devoir, to be wanting in one's duty, to fail in it. ♣ Il ne s'éloigne pas de cela, he seems willing to it, he does not seem to be averse to it.
 Élonger, v. a. Ex. Élonger un vaisseau. To lay along side of a ship.
 Éloquemment, adv&t. Eloquently.
 Éloquence, f. f. Eloquence.
 Éloquent, ente, adj&t. Eloquent.
 Élu, ue, adj. (from élire.) Elected, chosen.
 Élu, f. m. An Elect; ♣ a general Assessor of the King's aids or subsidies.

ELU

Eludé, *ée*, *adj.* *Eluded*, &c.
 Eluder, *v. a.* To elude, to evade, to shift off.
 Élysée, *subst. m.* *Elysium*. Les champs Élysées, the Elysian fields.
 Email, *f. m.* *Enamel*. Peindre en email, to enamel. Peinture en email, enamelling or an enamelled picture. ♣
 Émaux, (en termes de Blason,) colours.
 Émaillé, *ée*, *adj.* *Enamelled*.
 Émailler, *v. a.* To enamel.
 Émailler, *subst. m.* An enameller.
 Émailleur, *f. f.* *Enamelling*.
 Émanation, *f. f.* *Emanation*, *illapsc*, *efflux* or *effluvium*.
 Émancipation, *f. f.* *Emancipation*, *setting free*.
 Émancipé, *ée*, *adj.* *Emancipated*, *set free*.
 Émanciper, *v. a.* To emancipate, to set at liberty.
 * S'émanciper, *v. r.* To grow licentious, to take too much liberty or too great a latitude.
 Émané, *ée*, *adj.* *Emanated*, *issued*, *proceeded*, *come from*.
 Émaner, *v. n.* To emanate, to flow, *issue*, *proceed* or *come from*.
 Émaux, 'tis the plural of email.
 † Embabouiné, *ée*, *adj.* *Inveigled*, &c. *V. the verb*.
 † Embabouiner, *v. a.* To inveigle, draw in, deceive, wheedle or decoy by fair words, to bring into a fool's paradise.
 Emballage, *f. m.* A packing up.
 Emballé, *ée*, *adj.* Packed up.
 Emballer, *v. a.* To pack up.
 Emballeur, *f. m.* A packer. ♣
 † * (Hableur,) a liar, a romancer.
 S'embanquer, *v. r.* To come on a fishing bank.
 Embardée, *f. f.* Yaw, lee lurch, wild steering.
 Embarder, *v. n.* To yaw or steer obliquely, to sheer wildly.
 Embargo, *f. m.* Embargo.
 Embarqué, *ée*, *adj.* Embarked, shipped. *V.* Embarquer. * Vous vous êtes embarqué, you are in.
 Embarquement, *f. m.* An embarking or shipping.

EMB

Embarquer, *v. a.* To embark or ship, to get or put on shipboard. * (Engager à,) to embark, to draw in or engage.
 S'embarquer, *v. r.* To embark, to take ship; * to embark or engage in a thing, to undertake it, to be in with it.
 Embarras, *f. m.* Stop, crowd in a way or passage. * (Confusion,) confusion, disorder, intricacy, embarrassment, crowd. * (Peine,) trouble, incumbrance. * (Peine, irrésolution,) trouble, a being puzzled, being at a loss or at a stand, perplexity of mind, the being gravelled. ♣ (Chose qui incommode,) impediment, clog, hindrance.
 Embarrassant, *ante*, *adj.* Troublesome, cumbersome, perplexing, puzzling.
 Embarrassé, *ée*, *adj.* Cumbered, &c. * Etre embarrassé de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.
 Embarrasser, *v. a.* (causer de l'embarras.) To cumber, stop or crowd. * (Embrouiller,) to perplex, intricate or confound. ♣ (Incommoder,) to clog, to hinder, to trouble, to pester, to incumber. * (Mettre en peine,) to puzzle or confound, to put to a nonplus or to a stand, to perplex, to gravel.
 S'embarasser, *v. r.* Il s'embarasse de tout, the least thing puzzles or perplexes him. *
 S'embarasser dans ses discours, to confound one's self, to be at a stand. * S'embarasser, to entangle one's self in a business, to engage in it. ♣
 Sa tête s'embarasse, he begins to be light-headed.
 Embauché, *ée*, *adj.* *V. the verb*.
 † Embaucher, *v. a.* To help a journeyman to work, to help him to a master. ♣ Embaucher un soldat, to lift a soldier.
 † Embaucheur, *f. m.* One that helps journeymen to work. ♣ Embaucheur de soldats, one that makes it his business to lift soldiers.

EMB 183

Embaumé, *ée*, *adj.* *Embalmed*. *V. the verb*.
 Embaument, *f. m.* *Embalming*.
 Embaumer, *verb. a.* To embalm.
 † Embéguiné, *ée*, *adj.* *Insatuated*, *bewitched*.
 † Embéguiner, *v. a.* *Ex.* On l'a embéguiné de cette femme, he has been bewitched with that woman.
 Embelli, *ie*, *adj.* *Set off* or *out*, *adorned*, *embellished*.
 Embellir, *v. a.* To set off or to set out, adorn, embellish, beautify or grace.
 Embellir, *v. n.* To grow handsome or handsomer.
 Embellissement, *f. m.* Ornament, embellishment, setting off; ♣ setting off, embellishing, beautifying, &c.
 † Emberrucoquer, s'emberlucoquer, *v. r.* To be fond of, to take up an opinion, to be possessed with it.
 † Embefogné, *ée*, *adj.* *Buffy*.
 Emblavé, *ée*, *adj.* Sown with corn.
 Emblaver, *v. a.* To sow with corn.
 Emblée, d'emblée, *adv.* *Ex.* Prendre une ville d'emblée, to take a town at the first brunt or onset or in a trice or without any opposition.
 Emblématique, *adj.* *Emblematic*, *emblematical*.
 Emblème, *f. m.* An emblem.
 † Embler, *v. a.* To steal, to purloin, to take away.
 Emboire, *v. a.* To imbibe or soak in.
 † Emboisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Gullied*, &c.
 † Emboiser, *v. a.* To gull, inveigle, draw in, decoy or deceive by fair words.
 † Emboiseur, *f. m.* *emboiseur*, *f. f.* An inveigler, an inveigling man or woman.
 Emboité, *ée*, *adj.* Put up in a box; ♣ jointed, set in.
 Emboitement, *subst. masc.* Jointing.
 Emboiter, *v. a.* To put up in a box; ♣ to joint a thing into another, to set or put in.
 Emboiture, *f. f.* A joint.
 Embonpoint, *f. m.* Good case, good plight of the body. ♣

Perdre son embonpoint, *to fall away.*

Emborduré, *adj. m. Ex. Un tableau emborduré, a picture in a frame.*

Embordurer, *v. a. To put in a frame.*

Embossier, *v. a. un vaisseau, s'embossier, v. r. To bring the broad side of a ship to bear upon some fort, &c.*

Emboffure, *f. f. A spring.*

Embouché, *ée, adj. Bitted, &c. V. the verb.*

Emboucher, *v. a. To bit, to put the bit into a horse's mouth; & to put into the mouth. * Emboucher (instruire) quelqu'un, to prompt one, to instruct or prepare beforehand.*

S'emboucher, *v. r. To fall, to empty, discharge or disembogue itself, as a river does.*

Embouchoir, *f. m. Boot-truc.*

Embouchure, *f. f. The mouth or entrance of a river. * Embouchure de canon, de fourneau, de sac, &c. the mouth of a cannon, furnace, sack, &c. * Embouchure de chandelier, the socket of a candlestick. * Embouchure, (partie du mors,) the bit.*

Embouquer, *v. n. To enter into a freight.*

Embourbé, *ée, adj. Mired.*

Embourber, *v. a. To mire, to put in a mire or in the mud.*

S'embourber, *verb. réc. To be mired, to stick or sink in the mud or mire. * † S'embourber dans une affaire, to entangle one's self in a business. * † S'embourber dans la philosophie de l'école, to pester one's self with school philosophy. * † S'embourber dans le vice, to sink into vice or wickedness.*

Embourré, *ée, adj. Stuffed.*

Embourrer, *v. a. To stuff. Ex. Embourrer une chaise, to stuff a chair.*

Embourier, *v. a. To purse or pocket up, to put or lay up in a purse or pocket.*

Embraquer, *v. a. To sling with a tackle hook.*

Embrafé, *ée, adj. On fire; all*

of a fire, &c. V. Embrafer.

Embralement, *f. m. Great fire, conflagration, violent burning. * (Trouble, désordre, combustion, disorder.*

Embrafer, *v. a. To fire, to set on fire; * fire, inflame or burn.*

S'embrafer, *v. r. To take fire, to burn, to be on fire, to be inflamed.*

Embrafade, *f. f. An embracing, an embrace.*

Embraffé, *ée, adj. Embraced, &c. V. the verb.*

Embraquement, *f. m. Embrace or embracing.*

Embrasser, *v. a. To embrace, hug. * Embrasser une affaire, to undertake or take upon one a business. * Embrasser, (comprendre,) to contain, include or comprehend. * Embrasser la querelle de quelqu'un, to espouse one's quarrel, to take one's part, to side with him. * Embrasser une opinion, to embrace or favour an opinion. * Embrasser, (environner,) to encompass or environ.*

Embrasure, *f. f. Port-hole or embrasure. * Embrasure de porte ou de fenêtre, the chamfering of a door or window.*

Embréné, *ée, adj. Beshit, bewrayed, befouled.*

† Embrener, *v. a. To beshit or bewray, to befoul.*

Embrion, *V. Embryon.*

Embroché, *ée, adj. Spitted.*

Embrocher, *v. a. To spit or put upon the spit.*

Embrouillé, *ée, adj. Embroiled, intricate, confused, &c.*

Embrouillement, *f. m. Confusion, perplexity, intricacy.*

Embrouiller, *v. a. To embroil, perplex, entangle, intricate or confound.*

Embrumé, *adj. masc. Ex. Temps embrumé ou de brouillard, foggy weather.*

Embryon, *subst. m. Embryo. * † Petit embryon, a dwarf, a shrimp, a little sorry fellow.*

Embu, *ue, adj. (from emboire.) Imbibed, soaked.*

Embûche, *subst. f. m. Ambush, snare.*

Embuscade, *subst. f. Ambush, ambushade.*

Embusquer, *s'embusquer, v. r. To lay in ambushade.*

Émeraude, *f. f. An emerald.*

Émeri, *f. m. Emery.*

Émerillon, *f. m. Merlin, a bird. * A large fishing hook.*

† Émerillonné, *ée, adj. Brisk, sprightly, merry, jovial, gay.*

Émerillon, *f. f. Emerision.*

Émerveiller, *s'émerveiller, v. r. To wonder, to marvel.*

Émétique, *adj. & subst. Emetic or emetical.*

Émeute, *f. f. Commotion, rising, insurrection, uproar.*

Émeutier, *v. n. To mute, to dung as a hawk does.*

Émitté, *ée, adj. Crummed.*

Émietter ou émier, *v. a. To crum.*

S'émietter, *v. r. To crum.*

Émigration, *f. f. Emigration.*

Éminemment, *adv. Eminently.*

Éminence, *f. f. An eminence, hillock, a hill, a rising ground. * Son Eminence, (titre qu'on donne aux Cardinaux,) his Eminence.*

Éminent, *ente, adj. Eminent, high, lofty. * Péril éminent, an imminent, apparent or threatening danger.*

Éminentissime, *adj. sup. Most eminent.*

Émissaire, *f. m. Emissary.*

Émission, *f. f. Emission, ejection, ejection.*

Emmaigrir, *V. Amaigrir.*

Emmaillotté, *ée, adj. Swaddled or swathed, wrapped up in swaddling cloths.*

Emmailloter, *v. a. To swaddle or swathe, to wrap up in swaddling cloths.*

Emmanché, *ée, adj. Hasted, &c. V. the verb.*

Emmancher, *v. a. To haff, to set on a haff or handle; & to helve. * To enter into the channel speaking of a ship.*

Emmancheur, *f. m. A hester.*

Emmantelée, *adj. f. Ex. Corneille emmantelée, a royston-crow, a winter-crow.*

Emmariner, *v. a. To furnish with seamen.*

Emménagé, *ée, adj. Stocked with household goods.*

Emménagement, *subst. m. The furnishing of a house, the*

EMM

getting of household goods or the setting them in order. ♣ The distributions and conveniences of a ship.
Emménager, s'emménager, v. r. To furnish a house, to get household goods; ♣ to set one's goods in order.
Emmené, ée, adjct. Carried away.
Emmener, v. a. To carry away; ♣ to drive away.
Emmenotté, ée, adj. Manacled.
Emmenotter, v. a. To manacle.
† Emmiellé, ée, adj. Honeyed, sweet, soft. Paroles emmiellées, sweet or fair words.
Emmiellure, f. f. A kind of ointment for horses.
Emmitoufflé, ée, adj. Mobbed up, muffled up.
† Emmitouffler, v. a. To muffle up, to mob up.
Emmufelé, ée, adj. Muzzled.
Emmufeler, v. a. (mettre une mufeliere.) To muzzle.
Émoullent, ente, adj. (qui amollit.) Emollient, softening, mollificative.
Émolument, f. m. Emolument, profit, advantage, convenience. ♣ Les émolumens d'un emploi, the perquisites of a place.
Émondoires, f. m. ou f. pl. Emundories.
Émondé, ée, adjct. Pruned, lopped.
Émonder, v. a. un arbre. To prune or lop a tree.
Emotion, f. f. (mouvement.) Stirring or motion. * Emotion (ou émeute) populaire, a commotion, sedition, rising or insurrection. * Emotion, (altération dans l'ame.) Emotion, trouble, perturbation.
Émouché, ée, adjct. Rid of flies.
Émoucher, v. a. To rid of flies, to drive flies away.
Émouchette, f. f. (caparaçon.) A sort of cloth or network laid on horses to keep flies from them.
Émouchoir, f. m. A fly-flap.
Émoudre, v. a. To grind.
Émouleur, f. m. A grinder.
Émoulu, ue, adj. Ground.

EMO

Émouffé, ée, adjct. Blunt, blunted, dull.
Émouffier, v. a. To blunt, to dull, to make blunt or dull; to take off the edge.
S'émouffier, v. r. To blunt, to grow dull or blunt.
Émouvoir, v. a. To stir up, to move. * (Exciter,) to stir up, to raise, to excite, to move or cause trouble or disorder. * (Toucher, attendrir,) to move, to soften, to cause a concern, to affect. *
Émouvoir une dispute, to raise or begin a dispute.
S'émouvoir, v. r. To be moved, troubled, concerned or affected. Se laisser émouvoir aux pleurs d'une femme, to relent at a woman's tears. ♣
S'émouvoir, (être excité,) to arise, to be stirred up.
Empaillé, ée, adjct. Covered with straw.
Empailler, v. a. To cover with straw.
Empalé, ée, adj. Empaled.
Empalement, f. m. Empaling.
Empaler, v. a. To empale.
Empan, f. m. A span.
Empanaché, ée, adj. Set out with feathers.
Empanacher, v. a. To adorn with feathers.
Empaqueté, ée, adj. Packed up.
Empaqueter, v. a. To pack up or make up into a bundle.
Emparer, s'emparer, v. r. To seize, to take, to invade, to make one's self master of, to possess.
Empâté, ée, adj. Clammy.
Empatement, f. m. The partition, foot, base or foundation of a wall.
Empâter, v. a. To make clammy or gluish.
Empâtüre, f. f. (ou écart.) Scarf.
Empaumer, v. a. To strike with the palm of the hand or a batiledore. * Empaumer quelqu'un, empaumer son esprit, to inveigle one or to draw him in, to wheedle, to decoy or to trap him.
Empêché, ée, adj. Hindered; ♣ busy, full of business, taken up with business. ♣

EMP 185

Faire l'empêché, to pretend business, to be a busy-body.
Etre empêché de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.
Empêchement, f. m. Hindrance, disturbance, let, opposition, obstacle, impediment, rub, stop.
Empêcher, v. a. (apporter de l'obstacle.) To hinder or keep from, to stop, let or prevent. ♣ (Détourner,) to hinder, to disturb. ♣ Ce grand vent empêché la respiration, this great wind takes away one's breath.
S'empêcher, v. r. To forbear, to keep from.
Empègne, f. f. The upper leather of a shoe.
Empenneller une ancre, v. a. To back an anchor.
Empenner des fleches, v. a. To feather arrows.
Empereur, subst. m. An Emperor.
Empesage, f. m. Starching.
Empesé, ée, adj. Starched.
Empeser, v. a. To starch.
Empeseur, f. m. Empeseuse; f. f. Starcher.
Empêté, ée, adj. Infected, corrupted, stinking, infectious.
Empesler, v. a. To infect or corrupt. ♣ (Empuantir,) to bestink, to poison.
Empêtré, ée, adj. Entangled.
Empêtrer, v. a. To entangle or engage.
Emphase, f. f. Emphasis, significance.
Emphatique, adj. Emphatick, emphatical, significant, forcible.
Emphatiquement, adv. Emphatically, with an emphasis, forcibly.
Emphytéose, f. f. A long lease, a lease from ten to a hundred years.
Emphytéotique, adj. Ex. Faire un bail emphytéotique, to make a long lease of a hundred years or thereabouts. Redevance emphytéotique, a ground rent.
Empiété, ée, adj. Encroached upon, invaded.
Empiéter, v. a. To encroach or intrench upon, to invade,

286 EMP

Empiffré, *éc, adj.* *Crammed, &c.*

† Empiffrer, *v. a.* *To cram, to stuff one's guts; † † to fatten, to make fat or burly.*

S'empiffrer, *v. r.* *To cram or stuff one's guts; † to grow fat or burly.*

Empilé, *éc, adj.* *Piled.*

Empiler, *v. a.* *To pile up.*

Empire, *f. m.* *Empire. † (Monarchie,) empire, monarchy. † (Regne d'un Empereur,) the reign of an Emperor. † (Domination,) government, lordship, domination, rule, sway. † (Commandement, pouvoir,) command, government, power, influence, authority. † Avec empire; imperiously, stately, furly. L'empire des lettres, the learned, the commonwealth of the learned.*

Empiré, *éc, adj.* *(from empirer,) Made or grown worse and worse, &c.*

Empirée. *V. Emyrée.*

Empirer, *v. a.* *To make worse.*

Empirer, *v. n.* *To grow worse and worse, to decay; † to increase.*

Empirique, *adj.* *Empirical.*

Un Empirique, *f. m.* *An Empirick, a quack.*

Emplacement, *f. m.* *Ground, place, seat.*

Emplâtre, *f. m.* *A plaster. † † Mettre un emplâtre à une affaire, to patch up a business. † Un emplâtre, one of a sickly constitution.*

Emplette, *f. f.* *Bargain, purchase.*

Empli, *ie, adj.* *Filled, filled up.*

Emplir, *v. a.* *To fill, to fill up.*

S'emplir, *v. r.* *To fill.*

Emploi, *f. m.* *(occupation,) Employ. † (Place, charge,) employ, employment, place or office. † (Usage,) the use, using or employing of any thing. † Emploi des deniers, the laying out of money.*

Employé, *éc, adj.* *Employed, made use of, &c. V. Employet.*

EMP

Employer, *v. a.* *To employ, to use or make use of, to bestow, to lay out, to spend.*

* Employer le vert & le sec, to turn every stone, to leave no stone unturned.

Employer mal, to misuse, to make an ill use of, to misemploy. † Employer quelqu'un, to employ one, to set him at work, to set him upon some business.

S'employer, *v. r.* *To bestow one's self, to spend or bestow one's time, to apply one's self. † S'employer pour quelqu'un, to use one's interest for one.*

Emplumer, *v. a.* *To feather.*

Empoché, *éc, adj.* *Pocketed up.*

Empocher, *v. a.* *To pocket up.*

Empoigné, *éc, adj.* *Taken, griped, grasped, &c.*

Empoigner, *v. a.* *To take or to lay hold of, to seize, gripe or grasp, to catch.*

Empois, *f. m.* *Starch.*

Empoisonné, *éc, adj.* *Poisoned. * Donner à quelqu'un des louanges empoisonnées, to abuse one by mock praise, to give him commendations that carry a sting in the tail.*

Empoisonnement, *f. m.* *A poisoning.*

Empoisonner, *v. a.* *To poison. * Empoisonner les actions ou les paroles de quelqu'un, to put an ill construction upon one's actions or words, to misrepresent them.*

Empoisonneur, *f. m.* *Empoisonneuse, f. f. A poisoner.*

* † Empoisonneur, (méchant cuisinier ou pâtissier,) a nasty poisoning cook.

Empoissé, *éc, adj.* *Pitched over.*

Empoisser, *v. a.* *To pitch over or do over with pitch.*

Empoisonné, *éc, adj.* *Stocked with fish.*

Empoisonnement, *f. m.* *Stocking with fish.*

Empoisonner, *v. a.* *To stock with fish.*

Emporté, *f. m.* *une emportée, f. f. A hot, hasty or passionate man or woman.*

EMP

Emporté, *éc, adj.* *Carried; led, driven, gone, taken &c. V. the verb. † Emporté, (violent, colere,) hot, hasty, passionate. †*

Emporté de passion, transported with passion.

Emportement, *subst. m.* *Passion, transport; † passion, anger.*

Emporte-pièce, *f. m.* *A nipping-tool.*

Emporter, *v. a.* *To carry away, take or snatch away; † to carry away, to force, drive or cast; also to shoot off; † to carry, to prevail, to get the better on's or have the advantage, to excel or exceed; † to carry, get, or obtain; † to carry, to take, to make one's self master of. † Cela emporte beaucoup de temps, that takes up a great deal of time. * Emporter, (entraîneur,) to carry, hurry or transport. * Ils ne l'emporteront pas de la sorte, je m'en vengerai, they shall not go away with it so, I shall be revenged on them.*

Emporter, (peser d'avantage,) to out-weigh. † Emporter la balance, (prévaloir,) to prevail, to carry it. * Il emporte la pièce, he has a nipping, biting, abusive way of jesting. †

Emporter des branches d'un arbre, to lop or to cut away some branches of a tree.

† Emporter une tache, to fetch out a stain.

S'emporter, *v. r.* *To fly or fall out into a passion, to be angry or transported with anger. † Un jeune homme qui ne s'emporte point, a sober young man. † Il s'emporte facilement, a little matter raises his passion or makes him angry, he takes fire presently. S'emporter en invectives, to launch into invectives.*

Empourpré, *éc, adj.* *Bloody, embued with blood.*

Empreindre, *v. a.* *To imprint or engrave.*

Emprint, *einte, adj.* *Imprinted, engraved.*

EMP

Empreinte, *f. f.* *Impress*,
print, stamp.

Empressé, *ée, adj.* *Busy*,
full of business, in haste,
eager, forward.

Empressement, *f. m.* *Haste*,
eagerness, forwardness. ♣
Il témoigne assez d'empres-
sement pour ces choses,
he seems to be forward enough
in those things. ♣ Avoir des
empressements pour quel-
qu'un, to be ardently offi-
cious to one.

Empresser, *s'empresser, v. r.*
To be busy, eager, earnest
or forward.

Emprisonné, *ée, adj.* *Imprisoned*.

Emprisonnement, *f. m.* *Imprisonment*.

Emprisonner, *v. a.* To im-
prison, to put in prison or
in a jail, to lay up.

Emprunt, *f. m.* *Ex.* Faire un
emprunt, to borrow. Che-
val d'emprunt, a borrowed
horse. Vivre d'emprunt, to
live upon trust or † upon
tick.

Emprunté, *ée, adj.* *Borrowed*.

Emprunter, *v. a.* To borrow.

Emprunteur, *f. m.* *Emprun-
teuse, f. f.* A borrower.

Empuanti, *ie, adj.* *Bestunk*,
poisoned.

Empuantir, *v. a.* To bestink,
to poison.

Empyrée, *adj. m.* *Empyrean*,
or *empyrean*. Le Ciel Em-
pyrée, ou l'Empyrée, *f. m.*
The empyrean, or empyrean
or highest heaven.

Ému, *adj.* (from émouvoir.)
Moved, &c. according to
the verb. * Je ne l'ai jamais
vu si ému, I never saw him
in such a passion. * Une
populace émue, an enra-
ged, angry or seditious
multitude. ♣ Il a le poulx
ému, his pulse beats high,
his pulse is out of order.

Émulateur, *f. m.* *Emulator*.

Émulation, *subst. fém.* *Emu-
lation*.

Émule, *f. m.* A rival, con-
currens or competitor, an
antagonist.

Émulgent, *ente, adj.* *Emul-
gent*.

Émulsion, *f. f.* *Emulsion*.

EN

En, *prép.* *In, into.* *Ex.* Être
en France, to be in France.
Aller en Angleterre, to go
into England. En été, in
summer time.

R. En s'exprime diversément
dans les mots suivans. En
haut, above. En bas, below,
down. En dedans, within
side. En dehors, without.

♣ En, (marquant la dis-
position d'une chose ou
d'une personne, s'exprime
diversément.) *Ex.* Être en
robe de chambre, to be in
a night or morning gown.

Agir en Roi, to act like a
King. ♣ En (pour) mon
particulier, for my part.

♣ Agir en vertu de son
droit, to act by virtue of
one's right. ♣ En, joint
avec les gérondifs. *Ex.* En
dormant, sleeping, in one's
sleep, as one was asleep. En

mangeant, eating. En bu-
vant, drinking. En songeant,
in his dream. En se mo-
quant, in mockery, by way
of banter or jesting. En di-
fant cela, whilst he said

that. En passant, by the by.

En, (particule relative.)
Of him, of her, of them,
of it, or it. C'est un impor-
tun, je veux m'en défaire,
he has a troublesome fellow,
I must get rid of him. Il

avoit deux fils, il lui en
est mort un, he had two
sons, one of them is dead.
J'en suis bien aise, I am
glad on't. J'en suis fâché,
I am sorry for it. J'en suis

surpris, I wonder at it.
Qu'en dites-vous? what do
you say to it? Il s'en re-
pentira, he shall repent it.

C'en est fait, 'tis past re-
covery. Vous parlez d'ar-
gent, en avez-vous? you
talk of money, have you any?

Oui, j'en ai, yes, I have
some. Je n'en ai point, I
have none. Je n'en veux

point, I'll have none. En,
sans relation à aucune chose
qui ait été exprimée. *Ex.* En

voulez-vous être? Will you
join with us? will you make
one? En vouloir à quel-
qu'un, to have a grudge

against one, to be angry with
him, to owe him a spite.

ENC 187

against one, to be angry with
him, to owe him a spite.

J'en suis-là, that's my case,
that's my temper. J'en suis
de même, it is so with me.

J'en tiens, I am caught. Il
en est des Héros comme des
autres hommes, it is with
Heroes as with other men.

♣ S'en aller, to go away,
to set out or forth. S'en re-
tourner, s'en venir, to come
away or back. J'en viens, I
come from thence.

Encablure, *subst. f.* A cable's
length.

Encagé, *ée, adj.* Caged, put
in a cage.

Encager, *v. a.* To cage, to put
or shut in a cage.

Encaiffé, *ée, adj.* Packed up.

Encaiffement, *f. m.* The pac-
king up, the laying up, or
putting in cases.

Encaiffer, *v. a.* To pack up
goods. ♣ Encaiffer de l'ar-
gent, to lay up money.

Encan, *f. m.* An out-cry, port-
sale or publick sale, an
auction.

Encanaillé, *ée, adj.* That
keeps mean or ill company.

Encanailler, s'encanailler, *v. r.*
To keep ill or mean com-
pany.

Encaper, *verb. n.* To embay
or be embayed between two
capes.

Encavé, *ée, adj.* Barrel-
led up.

Encaver, *v. a.* To barrel up.

Encastelé, *ée, adj.* Hoof-bound,
incastellated or narrow-hee-
led.

Encastelure, *f. f.* The being
hoof-bound, incastellated or
narrow-heeled.

Encavé, *ée, adj.* Laid in,
laid in a cellar.

Encavement, *f. m.* A laying
in a cellar.

Encaver, *v. a.* To lay in, to
put in a cellar.

Encaveur, *subst. m.* A wine-
porter.

Enceindre, *v. a.* To encom-
pass, surround or enclose.

Enceint, einte, *adj.* Encom-
passed, surrounded, &c.

Enceinte, *adj.* With child
or big with child. Elle est
enceinte de son premier

fruit, she goes with her first child.
Enceinte, *f. f.* *Compass, circumference, enclosure.*
Encens, *f. m.* *Incense, frankincense.* * **Encens**, (louange,) *incense, praise, commendation.*
Encensé, *ée*, *adj.* *Censed, perfumed with frankincense.*
Encensement, *f. m.* *A censuring or perfuming with incense.*
Encenser, *v. a.* *To incense, or perfume with frankincense.* * (Louer,) *to incense, praise or commend.*
Encenseur, *f. m.* (flatteur.) *Flatterer, adulator.*
Encensoir, *f. m.* *A censer or perfuming pan.* * *Mettre la main à l'encensoir*, *to encroach upon the authority of the Church.*
Enchaîné, *ée*, *adj.* *Chained, bound in chains, tied up with a chain,* &c. *V. the verb.* * *Des choses qui sont enchaînées*, *things that are linked or joined together.*
Enchaînement, *f. m.* *Concatenation, connexion or connexion.*
Enchaîner, *v. a.* (attacher avec une chaîne.) *To chain, to bind up in chain, to clap up in irons.* * (Captiver,) *to chain, to captivate or enslave.*
Enchaînage, *subst. f.* *Chain, links.*
Enchanté, *ée*, *adj.* *Enchanted, charmed, bewitched,* &c. *V. the verb.* * *Enchanté*, *done by enchantment.* * *Enchanté*, (merveilleux,) *enchanted, charming, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.*
Enchantement, *f. m.* *Enchantment, witchcraft.* * (Merveille,) *a wonder or a wondrous thing.*
Enchanter, *v. a.* (enforcer.) *To enchant, charm or bewitch.* * (Ravir,) *to charm, to ravish, to delight.*
Enchanteresse, *f. f.* (forcie.) *An enchantress, a sorceress, witch or conjurer.* * (Beauté charmante,) *a beauty, a charming beauty.*
Enchanteur, *f. m.* *A sorcerer, a charmer, a conjurer; * a*

juggler, a subtil, cunning, deceitful man.
Enchaperonné, *ée*, *adj.* *Hooded.*
Enchaperonner, *v. a.* *To hood a hawk.*
Enchâssé, *ée*, *adj.* *Enchased, set in, put in.*
Enchâsser, *v. a.* *To enchase, to set in, to put in.*
Enchâssure, *f. f.* *Enchasing, setting in.*
Enchère, *f. f.* *An out-bidding or enhancing of the price.* *Mettre une enchère*, *to out-bid, to bid more than another.* * *Vous en payerez la folle enchère*, *you shall pay dear for your rashness.* *Mettre à l'enchère*, *to sell by auction.*
Enchérie, *ie*, *adj.* *Risen in price, grown dearer,* &c. *V. Enchérir.*
Enchérir, *v. a.* *To raise the price of, to sell dearer; * to out-bid or bid more, to enhance the price.*
Enchérir, *v. n.* *To rise, to grow dearer.* * (Ajouter à ce qu'un autre a fait ou a dit, le surpasser en bien ou en mal,) *to out-do, excel or exceed.*
Enchérissement, *f. m.* *Rising in price, the growing dearer.*
Enchérisseur, *f. m.* *An out-bidder, one that enhances the price.* *Le dernier enchérisseur*, *he that bids most.*
Enchevêtré, *ée*, *adj.* *Haltered.*
Enchevêtrer, *v. a.* *To put on a halter, to halter.*
S'enchevêtrer, *v. r.* *To entangle one's self in a noose.*
Enchevêtrement, *f. f.* *An excoiation in the pastern of a horse.*
Enchiffrené, *ée*, *adj.* *Who has got a pose, whose nose is stoped with rheum.*
Enchiffrement, *subst. m.* *A pose, a rheum stopping in the nose.*
Enclavé, *ée*, *adj.* *Enclosed, or wedged in.* *Une Principauté enclavée dans un Etat*, *a Principality enclosed or lying within the bounds of another State.*

Enclave, *f. f.* *Bound or boundary, limit.*
Enclaver, *v. a.* *To enclose, to wedge in.*
Enclin, *ine*, *adj.* *Inclined, inclinable, bent, prone, given, apt, ready, willing.*
Enclorre, *v. a.* *To enclose, to enclose with an enclosure.*
Enclos, *ose*, *adj.* *Enclosed.*
Enclos, *f. m.* *An enclosure.*
Encloué, *ée*, *adj.* *Nailed up, &c.*
Enclouer, *v. a.* *To nail up; a piece of ordnance.* * *Enclouer un cheval*, *to prick or nail a horse in the shoeing.*
S'enclouer, *v. r.* *To have a nail in his foot, speaking of a horse.*
Enclouure, *f. f.* *A prick in a horse's foot or the like.* * † *J'ai découvert où est l'enclouure*, *I found out where the mischief lay.*
Enclume, *f. f.* *Anvil.*
Encoché, *ée*, *adj.* *Notched, &c.*
Encocher, *v. a.* *To put the bow-string into the notch of an arrow.*
Encoffré, *ée*, *adj.* *Laid up in a chest.*
Encoffrer, *v. a.* *To lay up in a chest or trunk.*
Encoignure, *subst. f.* *Corner, angle.*
Encolure, *f. f.* *The chest of a horse.* * *Je le connois à l'encolure*, *I know him by his mien or looks.*
† **Encombre**, *f. m.* *V. Embarras.*
Encombrement, *f. m.* (l'action d'encombrer.) *Encumbering.*
Encombrer, *verb. a.* (embarrasser de gravois, de pierres, &c.) *To encumber, cumber.*
† **Encontre**, *f. f.* *Luck, chance, fortune.*
† **Encontre**, (à l') *prép. & adverb. Against.* * † *Aller à l'encontre d'une chose*, *to run counter with a thing, to be against it, to contradict it.*
Encor, *adv.* (terme poétique, pour dire encore.) *This word*

ENC

is used in verse instead of
encore.
Encore, *adv. de temps*, (justes à cette heure.) *Yes, as yet, still.* ♣ (De nouveau,) *again, anew, still, more or once more.* ♣ (Aussi,) *also, too, even.* ♣ Outre cela, (de plus,) *yet, still, besides, over and above.*
Encore que, *conj. Though, although.*
Encorné, *adj. m. Horned.*
Encouragé, *ée, adj. Encouraged.*
Encourager, *v. a. To encourage, incite or stir up.*
Encourir, *v. n. To incur, to run one's self into, to fall under.*
Encouru, *ue, adj. Incurred.*
Encrassé, *ée, adj. Grown, nasty or rusty.*
Encrasser, *v. a. To make greasy, nasty, rusty.*
S'encrasser, *v. r. To grow nasty or rusty.*
Encre, *f. f. Ink.*
Encrier, *f. m. An ink-horn, ink-glass or standish.*
Encuirassé, *ée, adj. Grown stiff with nastiness, rusty.*
Encuirasser, s'encuirasser, *v. r. To grow stiff with nastiness, to grow rusty.*
Encuvé, *ée, adj. Put into a tub.*
Encuver, *v. a. To put into a tub.*
Encyclopédie, *f. f. Encyclopedia, the whole circle of all sciences.*
Endenté, *V. Denté.*
Endetté, *ée, adj. Indebted, in debt.*
Endetter quelqu'un, *v. a. To make one run into debt.*
S'endetter, *v. r. To run into debt, to contract debts.*
Endêvé, *ée, adj. & f. Mad.*
† Endêver, *v. n. To be mad.*
Faire endêver quelqu'un, *to make one mad, to teaze one.*
† Endiable, *ée, adj. & f. Devilish, mischievous, mad.*
† Endimancher, s'endimancher, *v. r. To put on one's Sunday-clothes, to make one's self fine.*
Endive, *f. f. Endive,*

END

Endoctriné, *ée, adj. Taught, instructed.*
† Endoctriner, *v. a. To teach or instruct.*
Endommagé, *ée, adj. Endamaged, damaged, hurt.*
Endommager, *v. a. To endamage or damage, to hurt.*
† Endormeur, *f. m. A wheedler, a flatterer, a coxer or cajoler.*
Endormie, *ie, adj. Sleepy, drowsy, heavy with sleep; ♣ asleep, lulled, asleep, &c.*
V. Endormir. † Endormi, (stupide,) *drowsy, heavy, dull.*
Endormir, *v. act. (faire dormir.) To make sleep, to cast into a sleep, to lay or lull asleep.* * (Amuser,) *to decoy, wheedle, amuse or deceive by fair words.* ♣ (Engourdir,) *to benumb.*
S'endormir, *v. réc. To fall asleep.* S'endormir dans le péché, *to be lulled asleep in sin, to abide in it.* * Il s'endort au plus fort de ses affaires, *he neglects his business strangely, he is guilty of a great neglect.*
Endossé, *ée, adj. Endorfed, &c. V. the verb.*
Endosse, *f. f. Trouble, toil.*
Endossement, *f. m. An endorment.*
Endorfe, *v. act. To endorfe or write on the back; ♣ to put on.*
Endosseur, *f. m. (celui qui endosse un acte, une promesse, un billet, &c.) An endorser.*
Endroit, *f. m. (lieu, place.) A place.* ♣ Endroit d'une piece de viande, *a bit of a piece of meat.* ♣ Endroit, (d'une étoffe,) *the right side of a stuff.* * Vous ne connoissez cet homme que par son mauvais endroit, *you only know him by his blind side.* * Je ne le connois que par cet endroit-la, *I know him no other way.* * Montrer quelque chose par le bel endroit, *to shew a thing to the best advantage.* * C'est le plus bel endroit de sa vie, *that's the best thing that ever he did in his*

ENF 189

life. ♣ En mon endroit, *by me, towards me.*
Enduire, *v. a. To do over, to lay on with.* Enduire de chaux ou de plâtre, *to plaster, to do over with plaster.* Enduire de poix, *to pitch over or do over with pitch.*
Enduit, *ite, adj. Done over, laid on.*
Enduit, *f. m. Plaster or plastering.*
Endurant, *ante, adjct. Patient.*
Endurci, *ie, adj. Hardened or obdurate, inured.*
Endurcir, *v. a. (rendre dur.) To harden.* * (Rendre robuste,) *to make strong.* * (Accoutumer,) *to inure.*
S'endurcir, *v. r. To harden or grow hard; * to inure one's self to.*
* Endurcissement, *f. m. Hardness of heart.*
Enduré, *ée, adjct. Indured, suffered, born.*
Endurer, *v. act. To endure, suffer or bear or to bear with; ♣ to suffer or permit.*
Énergie, *f. f. Energy, efficacy, force, emphasis.*
Énergique, *adj. Energical, full of energy, forcible, emphatic.*
Énergumène, *f. m. & f. One possessed with a devil.*
Énervé, *ée, adj. Enervated, weakened, weak, &c.*
Énerver, *v. a. To enervate, to weaken or infeeble.*
Enfaîté, *ée, adj. Whose roof is made, covered.*
Enfaîter, *v. a. To make the roof, to cover a house.*
Enfance, *f. f. Infancy, childhood; ♣ childishness, puerility.*
Enfant, *f. m. & f. A child, an infant, a little boy or a babe; ♣ child, son or daughter.* ♣ Faire l'enfant, *to play or toy like a child.* ♣ Enfant trouvé, *a foundling.* ♣ Enfant de Londres, *enfant de Paris, one born in London or in Paris.* ♣ Enfant de chœur, *a Singing-boy.* ♣ C'est l'enfant de sa mère, *he takes after his mother.* ♣ Être en tra-

vail d'enfant, to be in labour. ♣ Les enfans perdus d'une armée, the forlorn hope, the perished. ♣ Courage, mes enfans, cheer up, friends.

Enfantement, *f. m.* Delivery, the bringing forth of a child. Les douleurs de l'enfantement, the pains of a woman in labour.

Enfanter, *v. a.* To bring forth a child, to be delivered or brought to bed of a child.

Enfantin, *ine, adj.* Childish.

Enfariné, *ée, adj.* White all over with meal. * † Avoir la tête enfarinée, to be overmuch powdered, to have one's hair all white with powder. * † Il s'en est venu la gueule enfarinée, he came big with expectation.

Enfariner, *v. a.* To make white with meal or with powder.

Enfer, *f. m.* Hell. * Il a l'enfer chez lui, there's a hellish noise at his house.

Enfermé, *ée, adj.* Locked or shut in, &c. *V.* Enfermer. ♣ Prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, a close prisoner. Sentir l'enfermé, to smell musty, to have a musty smell.

Enfermer, *v. a.* To lock or shut in; ♣ to lock up; ♣ to enclose or hem in, to pen up. ♣ Enfermer de murailles une ville, to wall a town about. ♣ Enfermer, (contenir,) to contain or comprehend.

Enfermer, *verb. act.* To run through.

S'enfermer, *v. r.* To run one's self through; and figuratively; * to stand in one's own light, to ensnare or entangle one's self.

Enfilade, *f. f.* A ribble-row of rooms, doors, &c. * Une longue enfilade de discours, a long train of speech. * Enfilade au jeu, an ill run at play.

Enfilé, *ée, adj.* Threaded, &c.

Enfiler, *v. a.* To thread or threadle a needle. ♣ Enfiler des perles, des chapelets, &c. to string pearls, beads, &c. Enfiler un discours, to

enter upon or begin a long story. ♣ Le vent enfile cette rue, the wind comes directly into that street. * Enfiler une rue, to go through a street. * Enfiler quelqu'un, to run one through. * † Enfiler la venelle, to betake one's self to one's heels, to run away.

Enfin, *adv.* In fine, after all, at length, finally, in short, at last, in a word, to conclude.

Enflammé, *ée, adj.* On fire, all in a flame, all of a light fire, &c.

Enflammer, *v. a.* To set all in a flame, to set on fire. * (Donner de l'ardeur,) to inflame or heat. * (Donner de l'amour,) to inflame, to set one's heart on fire. * (Donner de la colère,) to inflame, incense, irage or animate, to put in a passion, to provoke.

S'enflammer, *v. r.* To be inflamed, to be kindled, to catch fire. * (Se mettre en colère,) to catch fire, to fall into a passion.

Enflé, *ée, adj.* (from enfler.) Swelled, blown, puffed or lifted up. * Enflé d'orgueil, enflé de vanité, elate, elated, proud, high-minded, conceited, puffed up. * Un style enflé, a bombastick, swelling or tumid style.

Enfilchures, *f. f. pl.* Rattlings, small ropes that cross the shrouds of a ship like steps.

Enfler, *v. a.* To swell, to make swell, to blow. * (Enorgueillir,) to puff up, to make proud. * Enfler son style, to write bombast. * Enfler le cahier, to swell up the volume.

Enfler, *v. n.* S'enfler, *v. r.* To be elated, to swell, to grow proud, to be blown or puffed up.

Enflure, *f. f.* Swelling. * L'enflure du style, bombast, bombastick, tumid or swelling style. * Enflure du cœur, pride.

Enfoncé, *ée, adj.* Sunk, &c. *V.* Enfoncer. ♣ Une futaille

enfoncée, a cask that has the head driven in.

Enfoncement, *f. m.* A sinking, forcing down, &c. breaking open, &c. *V.* the verb. ♣ A bottom, hole or hollow place.

Enfoncer, *v. a.* To sink, to force, thrust, pull or drive down or in. ♣ Enfoncer une futaille, to clap on a bottom to a cask. * Enfoncer un bataillon ou un escadron, to rout or break through a battalion or squadron. ♣ Enfoncer une porte, to break open a door.

Enfoncer, *v. n.* To sink.

S'enfoncer, *v. r.* To sink; ♣ to go deep, far or a great way in.

Enfonçure, *f. f.* A boarded bottom of bedstead. ♣ Enfonçure d'une futaille, the pieces belonging to a bottom of a cask.

Enforci, *ie, adj.* Strengthened, grown stronger.

Enforcer, *v. a.* To strengthen.

Enforcir, *v. n.* S'enforcir, *v. r.* To grow stronger, to gather strength.

Enfoui, *ie, adj.* Hid or hidden.

Enfouir, *v. a.* To hide or bury in the ground.

Enfourné, *ée, adj.* Put in the oven.

Enfourner, *v. a.* To put in the oven. * Il n'y a qu'à bien enfourner d'abord, the main business is to begin well.

Enfreindre, *v. a.* To infringe, break or transgress.

Enfreint, *einte, adj.* Infringed, broken, transgressed.

Enfroqué, *ée, adj.* Turned monk or friar.

Enfroquer, *v. a.* To make one turn monk or friar.

S'enfroquer, *v. réc.* To turn monk or friar.

Enfuir, s'enfuir, *v. r.* To fly, to run away.

Enfumé, *ée, adj.* Besmoaked, smoaked. ♣ Jaune enfumé, smoaky yellow.

Enfumer, *v. a.* To besmoak, to smoak, to fill or trouble with smoak.

Engagé, *ée, adj.* Engaged, &c. La clef est engagée dans la serrure, the key is

ENG

fast in the lock. ♦ Vaif-
seau engagé, *a water lodged*
ship.
Engageant, *ante, adj. Enga-*
ging, alluring, charming.
Engagement, *f. m. A pawning*
or mortgaging. * (Obliga-
tion,) *engagement, promise,*
obligation, tie.
Engager, *v. a. To engage,*
persuade, draw in or oblige;
♦ *to pawn, to give in pawn,*
to mortgage. ♦ Engager la
clef dans la serrure, *to make*
the key fast in the lock. * Je
vous engage ma parole que
cela fera, *I promise you or*
I pass my word that it shall
be so. * Engager son cœur,
to engage one's heart, to
love.
S'engager, *v. r. To engage, to*
promise, to take upon one's
self, to pass one's word;
♦ *to run in or into debt;* ♦ *to*
lift one's self. ♦ S'engager
pour un ami, *to stand bound*
for a friend. ♦ Notre vaif-
seau s'engagea dans un lieu
plein de rochers, *our ship*
ran or did run in amongst the
rocks.
Engagiste, *f. m. A mortgagee*
of the King's demesns.
Engainer, *v. n. To sheath.*
Engence, *f. f. Off-spring,*
generation, breed.
Engelure, *f. f. Chilblain.*
Engendré, *ée, adj. Got,*
begot, &c. V. the verb.
Engendrer, *v. a. To get, be-*
get, engender or procreate.
* (Être cause,) *to beget,*
engender, breed, cause or
create.
S'engendrer, *v. r. (être pro-*
duit.) To be bred or engen-
dered. * (Naître,) *to grow,*
spring, arise or proceed.
Engéoler, &c. *V. Enjoler,*
&c.
† Enger. *V. Embarrasser.*
Engerbé, *ée, adj. Sheafed.*
Engerber, *v. a. To sheaf.*
Engin, *f. m. Engine, tool.*
P. Mieux vaut engin que
force. *P. Policy goes beyond*
strength.
Englouti, *ie, adj. Swallowed*
up, devoured, absorbed.
Engloutir, *v. a. To swallow*
up, to devour, to absorb.

ENG

Englué, *ée, adj. Dawbed with*
bird-lime.
Engluer, *v. a. To dawb with*
bird-lime.
Engoncer, *v. a. To straiten,*
to stuff up as a strait suit of
clothes.
Engorgé, *ée, adj. Choaked*
up with filth and nastiness.
Engorgement, *f. m. A being*
choaked up.
Engorger, *v. a. To choak*
up.
S'engorger, *v. r. To be choaked*
up, to want a clear passage.
Engoué, *ée, adj. Ready to*
choak.
Engouement, *subst. m. Choa-*
*king; * fondness, infatua-*
tion.
Engouer, *v. a. To choak.*
S'engouer, *v. r. To choak*
one's self for greediness. *
S'engouer de quelque cho-
se, *to be fond of a thing, to*
be infatuated or prepossessed
with it.
Engouffré, *ée, adj. Inforbed,*
swallowed up, &c.
Engouffrer, s'engouffrer, *v. r.*
To get into, to run in, to be
ingulfed.
Engoulé, *ée, adj. Swallowed*
down.
† Engouler, *v. a. To gobble.*
Engourdi, *ie, adj. Benumbed,*
stiff.
Engourdir, *v. a. To benum,*
to make stiff. * (En parlant
de l'esprit,) *to benum or*
dull.
S'engourdir, *v. r. To be benum-*
med, to grow stiff.
Engourdissement, *f. m. Num-*
*ness, stiffness; * dullness.*
Engrais, *f. m. A fattening or*
cramming, a putting up of
beasts and fowls to feed or
the meat wherewith any thing
is fatted. Être à l'engrais,
to be fattening.
Engraissé, *ée, adj. Fatted,*
fattening, grown fat, &c.
Engraïsser, *v. a. To fatten or*
make fat. ♦ Engraïsser de la
volaille, *to cram poultry.*
♦ Engraïsser desterrés avec
du fumier, *to manure, muck*
or dung grounds. ♦ Les
engraïsser avec de la mar-
ne, *to marl them.* ♦ En-
graïsser, (fouiller de grais-

ENI 191

se,) *to graze or spot with*
grease.
Engraïssier, *v. n. s'engraïssier;*
v. r. To fatten or grow fat.
Engrangé, *ée, adj. Inned;*
got in.
Engranger, *v. a. To inn, to*
get in.
Engravé, *ée, adj. Run a-*
round, &c. V. the verb.
Engraver, *v. a. To run a-*
round.
Engrêlé, *ée, adj. Engrailed in*
heraldry.
Engrêlure, *f. f. Purl or the*
edging of lace.
Engrener, *v. a. To put the*
corn in the mill-hopper; ♦
to feed with good corn. ♦
Engrener la pompe, *to fetch*
the pump.
Engroffée, *adj. f. Got with*
child.
† Engroffier, *v. a. To get with*
child.
Engrumelé, *ée, adj. Clotted;*
curded.
Engrumeler, s'engrumeler, *v. r.*
To clot or curd.
Enhardir, *v. a. To embolden;*
to encourage.
S'enghardir, *v. r. To grow bold*
or take courage.
Enharnaché, *ée, adj. Har-*
nessed, set out with trap-
pings.
Enharnacher, *v. a. To har-*
ness, to set out with trap-
pings.
En-haut, *adv. Above.*
Enhuché, *adj. Vaifseau en-*
huché, a moon-shaped ship.
Enhuilé, *ée, adj. Oyled.*
Enjaler, *v. a. Ex. Enjaler*
une ancre, to stock an
anchor.
Enjambée, *f. f. A stride.*
Enjambement, *f. m. The run-*
ning of a verse into an other
to complete the sense.
Enjamber, *v. n. & a. To*
stride or stride over. ♦ Vers
qui enjambe sur le vers
suiwant, *a running verse.*
* Enjamber, (empiéter,) *to*
encroach upon, to usurp.
Enjaveler, *v. a. To bind into*
sheaves. *V. Javeler.*
Enjeu, *subst. masc. A stake at*
play.
Enigmatique, *adj. Enigmati-*
cal, dark, obscure,

Enigmatiquement, *adv.* Enigmatically, mystically.

Enigme, *f. f.* A riddle, a dark saying.

Enjoindre, *v. a.* To enjoin, bid, order, charge or command.

Enjoint, *inte, adj.* Enjoined, &c.

Enjôlé, *ée, adj.* Wheedled, decoyed, cajoled.

† Enjoler, *v. a.* To wheedle, decoy or cajole.

Enjoleur, *f. m.* Enjoleuse, *f. f.* A wheedler, wheedling man or woman, a cajoler.

Enjolivé, *ée, adj.* Set off, beautified.

Enjolivement, *f. m.* Set off, ornaments, embellishment.

Enjoliver, *v. a.* To set off or make fine, to beautify or adorn, to embellish.

Enjoleur, *subst. m.* A setter off.

R. Note, that bead-makers, button-makers and some other tradesmen of this kind call themselves enjoleurs.

Enjolivre. *V.* Enjolivement.

Enjoué, *ée, adj.* Gay, graceful, genteel, agreeable, merry, jovial, airy, good-humoured, pleasant, sprightly. Un air enjoué, a good grace, a genteel look, a merry countenance.

Enjouement, *f. m.* Graceful sprightliness, gaiety, genteelness, good or jovial humour.

Enivré, *ée, adj.* Drunk, made drunk, fuddled. *

(Infatué,) inebriated, intoxicated, infatuated, conceited.

Enivrement, *f. m.* Fuddling, making drunk.

Enivrer, *v. a.* (rendre ivre.) To fuddle, to make drunk.

* (Entêter,) to infatuate or inebriate, to make proud or conceited, to intoxicate.

S'enivrer, *v. r.* To make one's self drunk; to fuddle one's self.

Enlacé, *ée, adj.* Entangled.

Enlacement, *subst. m.* Entangling.

Enlacer, *v. a.* To entangle or tangle.

Enlaidi, *ie, adj.* Grown homely.

Enlaidir, *v. a.* To make ugly or homely.

Enlaidir, *v. n.* To grow ugly or homely.

Enlevé, *ée, adj.* Lifted up, &c. *V. the verb.*

Enlevement, *f. m.* A rape.

Enlever, *v. a.* (lever en haut.) To lift, raise or heave up. † (Emporter par force,) to run away with, to take or carry away by force. † Enlever (ravis) une fille, to ravish a maid. †

Enlever des marchandises, to buy up commodities, to forestall the market. † Enlever la peau, to make the skin come off, to take off the skin. La mine a enlevé ce bastion, the mine has blown up that bastion. † Enlever un quartier, to beat up one's quarters.

S'enlever, *v. r.* To rise in pimples.

Enlevure, *f. f.* A blister or pimple.

Enluminé, *ée, adj.* Coloured.

Enluminer, *v. a.* To colour. † Enluminer le visage, to colour one's face, to make it red.

Enlumineur, *euse, f.* A colourer of maps or prints.

Enluminure, *f. f.* Colouring; † a coloured figure.

Ennemi, *ie, f.* An enemy or foe. † Je suis ennemi du mensonge, I hate a lie.

Ennemi, *ie, adj.* Unfriendly, hostile, adverse; of or belonging to an enemy.

Ennobler, *v. a.* To ennoble.

Ennui, *f. m.* Weariness, heaviness, vexation, trouble, sorrow, disquiet.

Ennuyant, *as* Ennuyeux.

Ennuyé, *ée, adj.* Wearied, tired, &c.

Ennuyer, *v. a.* To weary, to tire, to be wearisome or tiresome to, to be tedious.

S'ennuyer, *v. r.* To be weary, to be tired.

Il m'ennuie, *v. imp.* I am weary or tired.

Ennuyeusement, *adv.* Tediously, in a tedious manner.

diously, in a tedious manner.

Ennuyeux, *euse, adj.* Tedious, wearisome, tiresome.

Énoncé, *ée, adj.* Expressed, declared.

Énoncé, *f. m.* A false declaration.

Énoncer, *v. a.* To express, declare or utter.

S'énoncer, *v. r.* To express one's self.

Énonciation, *f. f.* Expression; † utterance, delivery.

Enorgueillir, *v. a.* To make proud, to puff up.

S'enorgueillir, *v. r.* To grow proud or puffed up. Il s'enorgueillit de peu de chose, a little matter makes him proud.

Énorme, *adj.* Immoderate, vast, excessive, huge. * (Atroce,) enormous, great, heinous, grievous.

Énormément, *adv.* Unmeasurably, greatly, grievously.

Énormité, *f. f.* Hugeness, vastness; † enormity; heinousness, grievousness.

† Enquérant, *ante, adj.* Inquisitive.

Enquérir, s'enquérir, *v. r.* To enquire or make an enquiry, to ask.

Enquête, *f. f.* Inquest, enquiry, search.

† Enquêter, s'enquêter, *v. r.* To enquire or ask. † Je ne m'enquête point de cela, I don't trouble myself about that.

Enquêteur, *f. m.* An inquirer or examiner.

Enquis, *ise, adj.* Asked, interrogated.

Enraciné, *ée, adj.* Rooted, that has taken root. * Mal enraciné, an inveterate or old disease.

Enraciner, s'enraciner, *v. r.* To take root; also † to grow inveterate.

Enragé, *ée, adj.* Enraged, mad.

† Enrageant, *ante, adj.* Apt to make one mad, vexing, provoking.

Enrager, *v. n.* To enrage, to be mad. Faire enrager quelqu'un, to make one mad, to provoke one.

Enrayer,

ENR

Enrayer, *v. act.* To put the spokes to a wheel; ♣ to put the trigger to a wheel; ♣ to make the first furrow.
 Enrayure, *f. f.* A trigger; ♣ the first furrow.
 Enrégistré, *éc, adj.* Entered in a register, registered, recorded.
 Enrégistrement, *f. m.* Entry in a register, a registering or recording. Faire l'enrégistrement des causes, to register causes.
 Enrégistrer, *v. a.* To enter in a register, to register, to record.
 Enrhummer, *v. a.* To cause a cold.
 S'enrhumer, *v. réc.* To catch cold.
 Enrichi, *ie, adj.* Enriched, made rich, &c.
 Enrichir, *v. a.* To enrich or make rich; * to enrich, adorn or embellish.
 S'enrichir, *v. r.* To grow rich, to thrive.
 Enrichissement, *f. m.* An ornament, set-off or embellishment.
 Enrôlé, *éc, adj.* Enrolled, listed.
 Enrôlement, *f. m.* Listing, enrolling.
 Enrôler, *v. act.* To list or enlist.
 S'enrôler, *v. r.* To list or enroll one's self, to turn soldier.
 Enrouement, *subst. m.* Hoarseness.
 Enrouer, *v. a.* To make hoarse.
 S'enrouer, *v. réc.* To grow hoarse, to make one's self hoarse.
 Enrouillé, *éc, adj.* Rusty.
 Enrouiller, *v. act.* To make rusty.
 S'enrouiller, *v. réc.* To grow rusty.
 Entablement, *f. m.* A heap of sand.
 Entablé, *éc, adj.* Run upon a sand.
 Entabler, *v. a.* To run upon a sand, to run a-ground.
 S'entabler, *v. r.* To run upon a sand or to run a-ground.
 Entaché, *éc, adj.* Put in a sack or bag.
 Entacher, *v. a.* To put in a sack or bag.
 Tome I.

ENS

Ensaïnement, *f. m.* Seizin or vesture.
 Ensaïner, *v. a.* To vest.
 Ensanglanté, *éc, adj.* Bloody, embued with blood.
 Ensanglanter, *v. a.* To make bloody, to embue with blood.
 Enseigne, *f. f.* A sign, mark, token. A telles enseignes, by such a token. * Elle ne voulut rien éprouver de l'amour qu'à bonnes enseignes, she was resolved not to taste of love, but upon honourable terms. ♣ Enseignes de pierres, a bunch of precious stones.
 Enseigne, *f. m.* An ensign.
 Enseigné, *éc, adj.* Taught, instructed, &c.
 Enseignement, *f. m.* Instruction, precept.
 Enseigner, *v. a.* (instruire.) To teach or instruct. ♣ (Montrer,) to teach or learn. ♣ (Donner connoissance de,) to learn or shew.
 Ensellé, *éc, adj.* Saddle-backed.
 Ensemble, *adv.* Together, one with another; ♣ together, all at once.
 Ensemble, *f. m.* The whole piece of work.
 Ensemencé, *éc, adj.* Sown.
 Ensemencer, *v. a.* To sow.
 † Enfermer, *v. a.* To shut up, to contain or comprehend.
 Enseveli, *ie, adj.* Buried.
 Ensevelir, *v. a.* To bury.
 * S'ensevelir, *v. r.* dans la solitude. To be buried in solitude.
 Ensevelissement, *f. m.* Burying.
 Enforcé, *éc, adj.* Bewitched.
 Enforcellement, *f. m.* Bewitching, withcraft, charm.
 Enforceler, *v. a.* To bewitch or charm.
 Enfouffré, *éc, adj.* Dipt in brimstone or mixt with brimstone.
 Enfouffrer, *v. a.* (enduire de soufre.) To dip in brimstone or mix with brimstone.
 Entouple, *f. f.* A weaver's beam.
 Ensuite, *adverb.* Afterwards, then.

ENT

Ensuite de cela, *pré.* After that.
 Ensuivant, (terme de Pratique: mot qui sert à marquer la postériorité du temps.) Following, next.
 Ensuivre, s'ensuivre, *v. r.* To follow, to come after, or next; ♣ to follow, insue, proceed or spring.
 Entablement, *f. m.* Entablature, a term used in architecture.
 Entaché, *éc, adj.* Tainted, infected.
 † Entacher, *v. a.* To taint or infect.
 Entaille ou Entaillure, *f. f.* A jag or notch in a piece of wood.
 Entailler, *v. act.* To jag or notch.
 Entaillure, *V.* Entaille.
 Entamé, *éc, adj.* Cut.
 Entamer, *v. act.* To cut or make the first cut. * (Commencer,) to begin, to enter upon. * Entamer la réputation de quelqu'un, to bespatter one's reputation.
 Entamure, *f. f.* Cut; ♣ the first cut.
 En tant que, *adv.* As.
 Entassé, *éc, adj.* Heaped, &c.
 Entassement, *f. m.* A heap.
 Entasser, *v. act.* To heap or heap up.
 Ente, *f. f.* A graft, a scion grafted.
 Enté, *éc, adj.* Grafted, &c.
 V. Enter.
 Entendement, *f. m.* Understanding; intellect, intellectual; ♣ understanding, judgment, mind, heads or brains.
 Entendeur, *f. m.* Understander, apprehender.
 Entendre, *v. a.* (ouïr.) To hear. ♣ Entendre à quelque chose, to hear of a thing, to consent to it, to approve of it. ♣ Entendre, (comprendre,) to understand or apprehend. ♣ Donner bien à entendre, to explain well, to make very plain. ♣ Entendre, (avoir connoissance,) to understand, to have skill or be skilful in. ♣ (Vouloir dire,) to mean. ♣ (Avoir

ENT

intention,) *to expect*. J'entends que vous fâchez cela, *I expect you should do that*.
 ♣ Faites comme vous l'entendez, *do as you think fit or best, do as you see cause*.
 ♣ Vous l'entendez mal, *you are much mistaken*; * † *you are in the wrong box*.
 S'entendre, *v. r.* *To understand, to have skill or be skilful*; ♣ *to understand one another or have secret intelligence, to play booty, to juggle*. ♣ Cela s'entend, *cela s'entend bien, that's to be supposed or understood*.
 Entendu, *ue, adj.* *Heard or understood, &c.* ♣ (Intelligent,) *skilful, understanding, that has skill, that understands*. ♣ (Pratiqué, ordonné,) *contrived, ordered*. Bien entendu, *well-contrived, regular*. ♣ Faire l'entendu, *to be proud, to carry it high, to take too much upon one's self*.
 Bien entendu que, *conj.* (à condition que.) *Upon condition or provided that*.
 Entendu, mal entendu, *f. m.* *A mistake*.
 Entente, *f. f.* *Meaning or entendre*. Parler à double entente, *to speak with a double meaning or entendre, to speak ambiguously, to equivocate*. ♣ Entente, (goût de l'esprit du Peintre,) *skill, judgment*.
 Enter, *v. a.* *To graft or graft*. Enter en oeillet ou en bouton, *to inoculate*.
 Entériné, *éc, adj.* *Passed, confirmed, &c.*
 Entérinement, *f. m.* *The passing of a pardon*.
 Entériner, *v. a.* *To pass or confirm*; ♣ *to grant*.
 Enterré, *éc, adj.* *Interred, buried, laid in the ground, &c.*
 Enterrement, *f. m.* *A burying, burial or funeral*.
 Enterrer, *v. a.* (enfouir.) *To bury, hide or put in the ground*. ♣ (Ensevelir,) *to inter, to bury, to lay or put in the ground*.
 Entêté, *éc, adj.* *Fond, pos-*

ENT

essed, prepossessed, insatuated, conceited.
 Un entêté, *f. m.* *An obstinate or opinionated man, an opinionater, one wedded to his own opinion*.
 Entêtement, *f. m.* *Insatuation, strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness*.
 Revenir de ses entêtements, *to come to one's self again*.
 Entêter, *v. act.* *To disturb the head, to cause the headache, to make one's headache*. ♣ Vin qui entête, *heady wine*. * Les louanges entêtent, *praises are apt to make one proud or conceited or to puff one up*. * Entêter, (préoccuper,) *to possess or prepossess, to insatuate*.
 S'entêter d'une chose, *v. r.* *To take a strong fancy to a thing, to be possessed, prepossessed or insatuated with it, to be fond of it*. ♣ S'entêter de son savoir, *to be proud or conceited of one's learning*.
 Enthousiasme, *f. m.* *Enthusiasm, rapture*.
 Enthousiasmer, *v. a.* *To put in a rapture*.
 Enthousiaste, *f. m. & f.* *An enthusiast*.
 Enthymème, *f. m.* *An enthymem*.
 Entiché, *éc, adj.* *Marred, tainted*.
 † Enticher, *v. a.* *To mar, to taint*.
 Entier, *iere, adj.* *Whole, entire*; * *complete, full, absolute*. * (Opiniâtre,) *obstinatè; opinionated, wedded to his own opinions*. ♣ Un cheval entier, *a stone-horse*.
 Entier, *f. m.* *Ex.* Remettre la chose en son entier, *to restore a thing to its first state*. La chose est en son entier, *the thing is entire*.
 Entièrement, *adv.* *Wholly, entirely, altogether, totally, absolutely*. ♣ Il m'a entièrement satisfait, *he has paid me all*.
 Entoiler une cravate, *v. a.* *To put linen to a lace-cravat*.

ENT

Entonné, *éc, adj.* *Put in a cask, &c.* *V.* Entonner.
 Entonner, *v. a.* *To put in a cask*.
 S'entonner, *verb. réc.* *To get into*.
 Entonner, *v. a.* *To tune or sing*. ♣ Entonner la trompette, *to sound or blow the trumpet*.
 Entonnoir, *f. m.* *A tunnel or funnel*.
 Entorse, *f. f.* *A sprain*. Se donner une entorse à quelque partie du corps, *to sprain some part or other of one's body*.
 Entortillé, *éc, adj.* *Twined, wound about, &c.* *V.* the verb.
 Entortillement, *f. m.* *A winding about, a twining or twisting, &c.*
 Entortiller, *v. a.* *To wrap, wind, twine, twist or roll about*; * *to entangle, perplex or confound*.
 Entour (A l'), tout à l'entour. *V.* Alentour.
 Entouré, *éc, adj.* *Surrounded, environed, encompassed or compassed about*.
 Entourer, *v. a.* *To surround, environ, encompass or compass about*.
 Entr'acte, *f. m.* *Interlude or intermede*.
 Entr'accuser, s'entr'accuser, *v. réc.* *To accuse one another*.
 Entr'aider, s'entr'aider, *v. r.* *To help one another*.
 Entrailles, *f. f. pl.* (intestins.) *Entrails, inward parts; bowels, guts*. * Avoir de bonnes entrailles, *to be tenderhearted or compassionate*. * Les entrailles de la miséricorde de Dieu, *the tender mercy of God*.
 Entr'aimer, s'entr'aimer, *v. r.* *To love one another, to have a mutual love one for another*.
 Entraîné, *éc, adj.* *Dragged, dragged along, drawn*.
 Entrainer, *v. a.* *To drag or drag along, to carry, hale, hurry or drag away*.
 Entrant, ante, *adj.* *Forward, that puts himself forward,*

ENT

that has a fine way of winning upon company.
Entr'appeler, s'entr'appeler, *v. r.* To call one another.
Entraver, *v. a.* To put on locks, to shackle or fetter.
Entr'avertir, s'entr'avertir, *v. r.* To give one another notice.
Entraves, *f. f. plur.* Locks, shackles or fetters for a horse's legs. * (Embarras,) shackles, fetters, clog.
Entre, *prép.* (parmi.) Among, amongst. * (Au milieu,) between, betwixt. * (Dans, en,) in, into. * **Prêter serment entre les mains de quelqu'un**, to take the oaths from hand. **Entre-deux**, between.
Entré, *ée*, *adj.* (from entering.) Gone in, got in. *V.* the verb.
Entre-baillé, *ée*, *adj.* A-jar.
Entre-baïser, s'entre-baïser, *v. r.* To kiss one another, to kiss each other, to interchange or exchange kisses.
Entrechat, *subst. m.* A cruscaper.
Entre-choquer, s'entre-choquer, *v. r.* To beat, knock or bruise together, to dash one against another; * to engage; * to clash together.
Entre-colonne, *f. m.* Inter-columnation.
Entre-colonnement, *f. m.* Inter-columnation or the space betwixt two pillars.
Entrecoupé, *ée*, *adj.* Interrupted, &c.
S'entrecouper, *v. a.* To break off.
Entrecouper, *v. r.* To cross or cut one another. * **S'entrecouper**, (en parlant d'un cheval,) to cut or interfere.
Entre-deux, *f. m.* Intermedial space.
Entre-donner, s'entre-donner, *v. r.* To give each other, to give one another, to interchange or exchange.
Entrée, *f. f.* (action d'entrer.) Entry, entrance, coming in. * (Le lieu par où l'on entre,) entrance, entry, avenue. * (Récep-

ENT

tion solennelle,) entry, so'enn reception. * **Entrée**, (commencement,) entrance or beginning. * **Entrée de marchandises**, importation of commodities; * **custom** for imported commodities. * **Entrée**, (de table,) a course. * (Overture,) introduction, insight, hint. * (Accès,) access, admittance. * **Entrée d'un port**, the entrance or opening of a port. * **Prendre l'entrée**, to get prattick. L'entrée de ma maison n'est fermée à personne, my door is shut to no body, my house is free for all men. Il m'a défendu l'entrée de ce lieu, he has forbidden me to come to this place. On en a défendu l'entrée, there is an order to let no body in. Donner entrée à l'air, to let in the air.
D'entrée, d'entrée de jeu, *adv.* At the first.
Entrefaites, *f. f. pl. Ex.* Dans ces entrefaites ou sur ces entrefaites, in the mean while, during these transactions, while those things were a-doing.
Entre-frapper, s'entre-frapper, *v. r.* To strike one another.
† Entregent, *f. m.* An industrious and genteel way of pushing one's self forward in the world.
Entr'égorgé, s'entr'égorgé, *v. r.* To cut one another's throat.
Entre-heurter, s'entre-heurter, *v. r.* To knock or beat one against another, to fall one upon another.
Entrelacs, *f. m. pl.* A knot.
Entrelacs d'amour, a love-knot.
Entrelacé, *ée*, *adj.* Twined or twisted; &c. *V.* the verb.
Entrelacement, *f. m.* Mixture, twisting together, twist.
Entrelacer, *v. a.* To intermingle, to wind or twist one within another, to interlace.
Entrelardé, *ée*, *adj.* Inter-

ENT 195

larded, &c. *V.* the verb.
Entrelarder, *v. a.* To interlard, to lard lean with fat. * **† (Entremêler,)** to interlard or intermix or insert.
Entre-ligne, *f. f.* Interlineation.
Entre-manger, s'entre-manger, *v. r.* To eat one another.
Entremêlé, *ée*, *adj.* Intermingled, intermixed, inserted.
Entremêler, *v. a.* To intermingle, to intermix or insert.
S'entremêler, *v. r.* To mix together.
Entremets, *f. m. pl.* Dainty dishes or plates, such as are served at a great table just before the fruit.
Entremetteur, *f. m.* Entremetteuse, *f. f.* A mediator; a manager between two parties, † a go-between.
Entremettre, s'entremettre, *v. r.* To intermeddle, to interpose.
Entremise, *f. f.* Interposition, mediation, procurement; * means, help, assistance.
Entre-nuire, s'entre-nuire, *v. r.* To hurt or prejudice one another.
Ent'ouïr, *v. a.* To hear.
Entrepas, *subst. m.* A broken amble.
Entrepoint, *subst. m.* Between-decks.
Entrepôt, *f. m.* A staple.
Entreprenant, *ante*, *adj.* Bold, venturesome, forward.
Entreprenre, *v. a.* To undertake, take in hand, attempt or enterprise, to take upon one's self. * **Entreprenre un bâtiment à prix fait**, to take a building by the great. * **† Entreprenre quelqu'un**, to set upon one, to attack him, to jeer him. * **Entreprenre sur quelque chose**, to encroach or intrench upon a thing, to invade it. * **Entreprenre sur la vie de quelqu'un**, to make an attempt or to attempt upon one's life.
Entreprenre, *f. m.* An undertaker of work by great.

Entrepreneuse, *f. f.* An undertaker, a woman that undertakes work and gets it done by others.

Entrepris, *ise, adj.* Undertaken, &c. *V.* Entrepren-dre. ♣ Entrepris, (per-clus,) impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs.

Entreprise, *f. f.* Undertaking, enterprize, attempt or design.

Entrequereller, *s'entre-quereller, v. r.* To quarrel together.

Entrer, *v. n.* To go, come, get or step in, to enter. ♣

Entrer à table, to sit down at table. ♣ Il entre trois verges de drap dans mon justaucorps, there goes three yards of cloth to my close coat. * Ce poète entre bien dans les passions, that poet expresses passions very well. * Ce comédien entre bien dans le caractère de son personnage, that stage-player humours his part very well. * Entrer dans sa ving-tième année, to go upon the twentieth year of one's age, to go upon twenty. * Entrer dans le détail des choses, to come or descend to particulars. ♣ Entrer, (commencer à tenir ses séances,) to sit. * Entrer en possession, to take pos-session. * Entrer en colere, to fall into a passion. En-trer en amour, to fall in love. * Entrer dans les inté-rêts de quelqu'un, to side with one, to stand for his in-terest, to espouse his interest.

* Entrer dans son sens, to embrace; to follow or to be of his opinion. * Que vous entrez mal dans mes senti-mens, how grossly you mis-take meaning. * Entrer dans la pensée d'un Auteur, to reach or understand an Au-thor's meaning. * Des mé-dicaments où il entre de l'or & des pierres, medica-ments made, amongst other things, of gold and precious stones. * Entrer en discours, to enter upon a discourse, to begin it. * Entrer en pro-

cès, to begin a law suit.

* Entrer dans les secrets de quelqu'un, to be ad-mitted into one's secrets, to be his confident, to be par-taker of his secrets.

Entre-répondre, *s'entre-ré-pondre, v. r.* To answer one another.

Entre-fabords, *f. m. pl.* The intervals between the ports.

Entre-secourir, *s'entre-se-courir, v. r.* To help or suc-cour one another.

Entresol, *f. m.* A little room between two floors.

Entre-suivre, *s'entre-suivre, v. r.* To follow successively.

Entre-tailler, *s'entre-tailler, v. r.* To cut or interfere, as a horse does.

Entre-taillure, *f. f.* A cut or galling got by interfering.

Entretiens, *subst. m.* Mean while, mean time. ♣ Un heureux entretiens, a fa-vourable opportunity.

Entretienement, *f. m.* Main-tenance, keeping.

Entretenir, *v. act.* To keep, preserve, maintain or con-tinue; * to cherish or in-dulge; ♣ to keep, main-tain or entertain; ♣ to keep in repair. ♣ Entretenir quel-qu'un, to entertain one by way of discourse. ♣ Entre-ttenir de belles promesses, to entertain or amuse with fair promises. ♣ Entrete-nir, (tenir ensemble,) to hold fast or together. ♣ (Tenir en état,) to keep up.

S'entretenir avec quelqu'un, *v. r.* To discourse with one.

♣ S'entretenir, (subsister,) to keep, continue or hold.

Entretenu, *ue, adjct.* Kept, maintained, &c. *V.* the verb. ♣ Un régiment en-tretenu sur pied, a stan-ding regiment.

Entretien, *f. m.* Maintenance or keeping. ♣ Entretien de bouche & d'habit, the charge of viçuals and clothes. Les prairies sont de moindre entretien & de plus grand revenu, meadows are less chargeable and yield a great deal more. ♣ Entretien,

(conversation,) conversa-tion, discourse, talk.

Entretoile, *f. fem.* Cutwork, betwixt two pieces of lin-en-cloth.

Entretoise, *f. f.* A cross quar-ter of timber. ♣ Entretoise d'assût, the transom of a gun carriage.

Entrevoir, *v. act.* To see or discover a little, to have but a glimpse of.

S'entrevoir, *v. r.* To see one another.

Entrevue, *f. f.* Interview; a meeting, a conference.

Entrouvert, *erte, adj.* Op-ened half-way, half-open, but a little open.

Entrouvrir, *v. a.* To open but a little, to open but half-way.

S'entrouvrir, *v. r.* To open, to gape.

Envahi, *ie, adjct.* Invaded, usurped.

Envahir, *v. act.* To invade or usurp, to take by force.

Enveloppe, *f. f.* Cover.

Enveloppé, *ée, adj.* Wrap-ped up, covered, &c. *V.* the verb. * Se trouver enve-loppé dans de mauvaises affaires, to be entangled, involved or engaged in a scurvy business. * Discours enveloppé, a perplexed, dark, intricate or confound-ed discourse.

Envelopper, *v. act.* To wrap up, to cover or to envelop, to fold up, to lap; * to wrap up, to involve, to co-ver or disguise. * Envelop-per un conte, to wrap up or dress a bawdy story in clean linen. * Envelopper, (environner,) to envelop, to hem in or beset.

S'envelopper, *v. r.* To wrap one's self up, to muffle up one's self.

Envenimé, *ée, adjct.* Veno-med, venomous.

Envenimer, *v. a.* To venom, to poison. * Envenimer une plaie, to exasperate a wound, to make it angry. * Enveni-mer l'esprit de quelqu'un, to irritate, provoke, incense or exasperate one.

S'envenimer, *v. r.* To fester or rankle as a wound.

E N V

Enverguer, *v. a.* une voile.
To bend a sail to its yard.
Envergure, *f. f.* The length of the yards of a ship.
Envers, *prép.* To or towards.
Envers, *f. m.* The wrong side.
A l'envers, *adv.* The wrong side outward. * Un homme qui a l'esprit à l'envers, *an ill-conceived or cross-grained genius.* * Ette couché à l'envers, *to lie upon one's back.*
Envi (à l'), *adv.* (avec émulation.) *In emulation of one another, with a contention who shall do best.* Travailler à l'envi, *to strive who shall work most or best.*
Envie, *f. f.* (déplaisir qu'on a du bien d'autrui.) *Envy.* * **Envie**, (désir,) *mind, desire, longing, fancy, humour.* Envie de femme grosse, *a longing of a woman with child.* Passer son envie de quelque chose, *to save one's longing.* Je meurs d'envie de le voir, *I long mightily to see him, I die with impatience to see him.* On lui a donné l'envie de ce tableau, *they have set him a-gog upon that picture.* L'envie lui prit d'aller à Rome, *the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome.* Cela fait envie, *that makes one's mouth water or sets the teeth a watering.* Si l'envie m'en prend, *if the humour takes me.* * Il m'en a ôté l'envie, *he has put me out of conceit with it.* * J'ai quelque envie d'aller à la selle, *I have a kind of motion to stool.* * **Envie**, (marque que les enfans apportent du ventre de leurs meres,) *a mark upon a child.* * **Envie**, (petits filets qui s'enlèvent de la peau autour des ongles,) *a flaw or rising skin about the nails.*
Envié, *ée, adject.* *Enviéd.* * Une charge enviée de tout le monde, *an office courted or desired by every body.*
Envier, *v. act.* *To envy.*
Envieux, *euse, adj.* *Envious, jealous, that covets,*

E P A

Un envieux, *f. m.* *An envious man.* * Son mérite lui a fait des envieux, *his merit has brought envy upon him.*
Environ, *prép.* *About, thereabouts.*
Environné, *ée, adj.* *Environned, encompassed, surrounded.*
Environner, *v. a.* *To environ, encompass, surround or stand about, to encompass about.*
Environs d'une ville, *f. m. pl.* *The adjacent parts of a town.*
Envisagé, *ée, adj.* *Looked in the face, &c.*
Envisager, *v. act.* *To look or stare in the face.* * (Considérer,) *to look upon, to consider.*
Énumération, *f. f.* *Enumeration, account.*
Envoi, *f. m.* (action d'envoyer.) *A sending.* * (Couplet qui termine certaines poésies,) *envoy of a ballad or sonnet.*
Envoisiné, *ée, adj.* *Who has neighbours.*
S'envoler, *v. r.* *To fly away, to fling it away.*
Envoyé, *ée, adj.* *Sent.*
Envoyé, *subst. masc.* *An envoy.*
Envoyer, *v. a.* *To send.* Envoyer querir quelqu'un, *to send for one.*
Éolipyle, *f. m.* *Æolypile.*
Épacte, *f. f.* *Epact.*
Épagneul, *f. m.* *A spaniel or spaniel dog.*
Épagneule, *subst. f.* *A spaniel bitch.*
Épais, *épaisse, adj.* *Thick.* * **Esprit épais**, *a dull, heavy wit, a blockhead.*
Épais, *subst. m.* (épaisseur.) *Thickness, thick.* Pierre qui a deux pieds d'épais, *a stone two feet thick.* Il donna le premier dans le plus épais de la cavalerie, *he was the first that fell in amongst the thickest of the cavalry.*
Épais, *adverb.* *Thick.* Semer épais, *to sow thick.*
Épaisseur, *f. f.* *Thickness.* * Il a trois doigts d'épaisseur, *it is three inches thick.* * Entrer dans l'épaisseur d'un bois, *to fall into the thick of the forest.*

E P A 197

Épaissi, *ie, adj.* *Thickened, made thick.*
Épaissir, *v. act.* *To thicken or make thick.*
Épaissir, *v. n.* s'épaissir, *v. r.* *To thicken, to grow or become thick.*
Épaississement, *f. m.* *A thickening.*
Épanché, *ée, adj.* *Shed, poured out.*
Épanchement, *f. m.* *Effusion; shedding or pouring out.* * **Épanchement de bile**, *an overflowing of the gall.* * **Épanchement de cœur**, *an opening or disclosing of one's heart.*
Épancher, *v. act.* *To shed or pour out.* * **Épancher son cœur**, *to open or disclose one's heart.*
S'épancher, *v. r.* *To overflow or diffuse itself.*
Épandre, *v. act.* *To shed or pour out; * to scatter, to sow, to throw here and there.*
S'épandre, *v. r.* *To be shed out, * to spread or spread itself, * to spread, to be scattered or dispersed.*
Épandu, *ue, adj.* *Shed, poured or poured out, &c.* *V.* **Épandre.
Épanoui, *ie, adj.* *Blown.*
Épanouir, s'épanouir, *v. réc.* (en parlant des fleurs.) *To blow or spring out as a flower.*
Épanouir, *v. a.* † **Épanouir la rate**, (réjouir.) *To make merry, to cheer up.*
Épanouissement, *subst. m.* *The blowing of flowers.* **Épanouissement de cœur ou de rate**, *cheerfulness.*
Éparer, s'éparer, *v. r.* *To fly or jerk out with the heels, to fling the heels as horses do in a high manege.*
Épargnant, *ante, adj.* *Sparing, saving, good husband or good housewife.*
Épargne, *f. f.* (ménage dans la dépense.) *Savingness, husbandry, way of saving, parsimony.* Aller à l'épargne, *user d'épargne, to be saving, to be a good husband, to be near.* L'épargne du temps, *the husbandry, economy or management of one's time.***

L'épargne du Roi, (le trésor royal,) *the King's treasury, the exchequer*. Trésorier de l'épargne, *the King's treasurer*.

Épargné, *ée*, *adjct.* *Spared, saved, &c. V. the verb.*

Épargner, *v. a.* (ménager la dépense.) *To spare or husband, to be saving or a good husband.* ♀ Épargner, (ne dépenser pastout, amasser,) *to save or lay up.* * Épargner, (ménager, exempter,) *to save or exempt.* * Il n'épargne personne, (il médit de tout le monde,) *he spares no body, he rails at every body.*

Éparpillé, *ée*, *adj.* *Scattered, scattered about.*

Éparpiller, *v. a.* *To scatter, to scatter about, to spread, to throw there.*

Épars, *arfe*, *adjct.* *Scattered, dispersed.* ♀ Elle marchoit les cheveux épars, *she went along with her hair dishevelled or loose.*

Éparvin, *f. m.* (maladie de cheval.) *Spavin.*

Épaté, *ée*, *adj.* *Ex. Verre épaté, a glass without a foot.* ♀ Nez épaté, (gros & large,) *a broad flat nose.*

Épaulé, *subst. f.* *Shoulder.* ♀ Épaulé de bastion, *the flank of a bastion.* * † Regarder quelqu'un par-dessus l'épaulé, *to look down upon one with contempt.* * Prêter l'épaulé à quelqu'un, *to back, help or countenance one.* * † Pousser le temps avec l'épaulé, *to make a shift to keep life and soul together.*

Épaulé, *ée*, *adj.* *Splayed, broken-shouldered or whose shoulder is out of joint, &c. V.* Épauler, * † Une bête épaulée, *a cracked girl.*

Épaulée, *f. f.* *Ex. Travailler à une chose par épaulée. To do a thing by girds and snatches, to give it now and then a push.*

Épaulement, *f. m.* (terme de fortification.) *Epaument, a shouldering-piece or covert in fortification.* ♀ Épaulement, (ou demi-bastion,) *a demi bastion.*

Épauler, *v. a.* (disloquer l'épaule.) *To break the shoulder or to put it out of joint, to splay.* ♀ (Appuyer,) *to shoulder up, to prop.* * † (Assister,) *to help, prop, back or countenance.* * Épauler, (terme de guerre,) *to cover of one side.*

S'épauler, *v. réc.* *To put one's shoulder out of joint.*

Épaulette, *f. f.* (du corps de jupe.) *Shoulder-strap, a part of a bodice or stays.* ♀ (d'une chemise d'homme,) *the shoulder-piece of a man's shirt.* ♀ (Ruban attaché sur l'épaule d'une Religieuse,) *a ribbon tied upon a nun's shoulder.*

Épaulière, *f. f.* *A shoulder-piece.*

Épeautre, *f. m.* *Spelt, a kind of corn.*

Épée, *f. f.* *Sword.* Passer l'épée au travers du corps de quelqu'un, *to run one through.* * Épée, (homme d'épée,) *a sword-man.* * Prendre l'épée, (ou la profession des armes,) *to turn soldier.* * † N'avoir que la cape & l'épée, *to have little or nothing.* ♀ La main de l'épée, *the horseman's right-hand.* * † Mettre quelque chose du côté de l'épée, *to take a thing to one's self, to lay it up.* * † Ils sont aux épées & aux couteaux, *the arc at daggers drawing.* Épée Romaine, (épi qui vient à l'encolure d'un cheval,) *the feathers in a horse.*

Épelé, *ée*, *adj.* *Spelled.*

Épeler, *v. a.* *To spell.*

Éperdu, éperdue, *adj.* *Dis-mayed, astonished, in amaze, frightened.*

Éperdument, *adv.* *Desperately, passionately, violently, extremely.*

Éperlan, *f. m.* *A smelt.*

Éperon, *f. m.* *A spur.* Donner de l'éperon à un cheval, *to clap spurs to a horse, to spur a horse.* ♀ Éperon de navire, *the beak or beak-head of a ship.* ♀ Éperon, (ergot de chien ou de coq,) *spur.* ♀ Éperon, (terme

d'architecture,) *a buttress, a spur or counterfort.* * Donnons un coup d'éperon jussues-là, *let us gallop thither.*

* Il a besoin d'éperon, il faut lui donner un coup d'éperon, *he wants to be spurred.* * N'avoir ni bouche ni éperon, (n'avoir ni esprit, ni courage,) *to have neither wit nor courage.*

Éperonné, *ée*, *adj.* *Spurred.*

Éperonnier, *f. m.* *A spurrier or spurnaker.*

Épervier, *f. m.* *A sparrow-hawk; ♀ a sweep-net.*

Éphémère, *adj.* *Ephemeral, of one day or that lasts but one day.* Fièvre éphémère, *an ephemeral ague, a day-ague, an ague of one day.*

Éphémérides, *f. m. pl.* *Ephemerides, astronomical tables.*

Éphod, *f. m.* *An ephod.*

Éphore, *f. m.* *Ephorus.*

Épi, *f. m.* (la tête du tuyau de blé.) *Ear of corn.*

Épice, *f. f.* (drogue aromatique.) *Spice.* ♀ Epices, (taxe que les Juges prennent pour le jugement d'un procès,) *the Judge's fees in a cause.* ♀ Pain d'épice, *ginger-bread.* * † Une fine épice, (homme fin & rusé,) *a sharp or a cunning jade.*

Épicé, *ée*, *adj.* *Spiced, seasoned with spices.* Il n'aime ni salé ni épicé, *he loves nothing that is either salted or spiced.*

Épicer, *v. a.* *To spice or season with spices.*

Épicerie, *f. f.* *Spices, grocery wares.*

Épicier, *f. m.* *A Grocer.*

Épicycle, *f. m.* *An epicycle.*

Épidémie, *f. f.* *Epidemy or epidemical disease, a popular disease.*

Épidémique, *adj.* *Epidemick or epidemical, popular, catching.*

Épiderme, *f. m.* *Epidermis, the outward thin skin of the body.*

Épididyme, *f. m.* *Epididymis.*

Épié, *ée*, *adjct.* (monté en épi.) *Eared, grown to an ear.* ♀ Épié, (observé,) *spied, watched, dogged, narrowly observed.*

EPI

Épier, *v. n.* To ear or grow to an ear, to *spice*.
 Épier, *v. a.* To spy, watch, dog or observe.
 Épierrer, *v. a.* To take away the stones.
 Épieu, *f. m.* A kind of javelin or spear.
 Épigastre, *f. m.* (terme de Médecine.) Epigastrium.
 Épigastrique, *adj.* Epigastrick.
 Épiglotte, *f. f.* The epiglottis.
 Épigrammatiste, *f. m.* An epigrammatist or writer of epigrams.
 Épigramme, *f. f.* An epigram.
 Épigraphe, *f. f.* Epigraph.
 Épilepsie, *f. f.* Epilepsy, the falling sickness.
 Épileptique, *adj.* Epileptick or epileptical.
 Épileptique, *f. m. & f.* An epileptick, one troubled with the epilepsy.
 Épilogue, *f. m.* Epilogue or conclusion.
 Épiloué, *éc, adjct.* Fowrd fault with, criticised upon, censured.
 † Épilouer, *v. a. & neut.* To find fault with, to criticize upon, to censure.
 † Épilogueur, *f. m.* A faultfinder, a critic.
 Épinards, *f. m. pl.* Spinage.
 Épine, *f. f.* Thorn. * Épine, (piquante certains arbres,) a thorn or prickle. * Épine du dos, the back-bone, the spine. * Épine, (obstacle,) rub, obstacle. * Etre sur les épines, to walk upon thorns. * Épines, (difficultés,) difficult points, intricacies, qu'adlities, subtilities, spinosities. Épines, (traverses,) crosses, troubles.
 Épine blanche ou aubépine, *f. f.* White thorn or hawthorn.
 Épine-vinette, *f. f.* Barberrry.
 Épinette, *f. f.* A spinet.
 Épineux, *cule, adj.* (qui a des piquans.) Thorny, prickly. * Épineux, (plein de difficultés,) nice, crabbed, hard, difficult, full of difficulties.
 Épingle, *f. f.* A pin. * Tիր son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. * Donner quelque chose

EPI

pour les épingles des servantes, to give something to the maids for a pair of gloves. * Donner pour ses épingles à la femme de celui qui vend, to make a present to the seller's wife.
 Épinglette, *f. f.* (ou dégorgeoir.) Priming wire or priming iron.
 Épinglier, *f. m.* Épingliere, *f. f.* A pin-maker or one that sells pins.
 Épiphanie, *f. f.* Epiphany or yselfth-day.
 Épique, *adj.* Epick, heroick.
 Épiscopal, *ale, adj.* Episcop-al, of or belonging to the Bishop. La maison épiscopale, the Bishop's house or Palace.
 Épiscopat, *f. m.* Episcopacy.
 Épiscopaux, *f. m. pl.* Episcoparians or Church-men, those that are for Episcopal Government, in opposition to Presbyterians.
 Épisode, *f. m.* An episode.
 Épisodique, *adj.* Episodical.
 Épissier, *v. a.* To splice a rope.
 Épistoire, *f. f.* Marling spike or splicing fid.
 Épissure, *f. f.* A splice.
 Épistolaire, *adj.* Epistolar, of or belonging to letters or epistles.
 Épitaphe, *f. f.* An epitaph or writing set on a tomb-stone.
 Épitase, *f. f.* (terme poétique.) Epitasis, the second or busy part of a play.
 Épithalame, *f. m.* Epithalamium, a wedding song or poem.
 Épithème, *f. m.* An epithem, a liquid medicine.
 Épithète, *f. f.* An epithet.
 Épithyme, *f. m.* (sorte de plante.) Dodder.
 Épitome, *f. m.* An epitome, an abridgment.
 Épitre, *f. f.* An epistle. Épitre dédicatoire, epistle dedicatory.
 Éploré, *éc, adj.* All in tears.
 Éployé, *éc, adj.* (terme de Blason.) Spread, displayed in heraldry. Aigle éployée, spread eagle.
 Épluché, *éc, adj.* Picked or culled. V. Éplucher,

EPO 199

Épluchement, *f. m.* Picking, taking off any thing superfluous.
 Éplucher, *v. a.* To pick or cull. * Éplucher, (examiner, considérer avec attention,) to scan, sift or examine. * Éplucher, (couper les fils qui sont sur certaines besognes,) to cut off or pare the ends.
 Éplucheur, *f. m.* éplucheuse, *f. f.* A picker.
 Épluchoir, *f. m.* (couteau de vannier.) A basket-maker's knife, such as he makes use of to pare his work.
 Épluchures, *f. f. pl.* Pickings.
 Épode, *f. f.* An epode.
 Épointé, *éc, adjct.* That has no point, whose point is taken off.
 Épointer, *v. a.* To take off the point, to blunt.
 Éponge, *subst. f.* A sponge. * Passer l'éponge sur quelque chose de peint ou d'écrit, to rub or blot out a thing. * Passons l'éponge là-dessus, let us wave that, let us not mind it. * Presser l'éponge, (contraindre quelqu'un à restituer,) to squeeze the sponge, to make one refund.
 Épontille, *f. f.* A flanchion; prop or shore.
 Épontiller, *v. a.* To prop or shore.
 Épopée, *f. f.* Epopee, epick poem, epick poetry.
 Époque, *f. f.* Epoch, ara, period of time.
 Époudré, *éc, adj.* Cleard from dust, &c.
 Époudrer, *v. a.* To beat, brush or wipe the dust off or from, to clear from dust.
 † S'épouffer, *v. réc.* To run away, to steal away, to scamper away.
 Épouillé, *éc, adjct.* Louf'd, rid of lice.
 Épouiller, *v. a.* To louse or rid of lice.
 Épousailles, *f. f. pl.* Espousals, wedding or marriage.
 Épouse, *f. f.* Brīds, spouse. * Le Roi & la Reine son épouse, the King and his Royal consort.

Épousé, *ée*, *adj.* Married, wedded.

Une épousée, *f. V.* Epouse.

Épouser, *v. a.* (prendre en mariage.) To marry, wed or take in marriage. * Épouser, (s'attacher par choix, embrasser,) to espouse, to embrace, to take upon one's self.

† Épouseur, *f. m.* One that has a mind to marry, one that makes love with a design to marry.

Épouffeter, *v. a.* To brush, to wipe off the dust. * † Épouffeter, (battre,) to bang, to beat.

‡ Épouffettes, *f. f.* (vergettes.) A brush.

Épouvantable, *adj.* Dreadful, horrid, frightful, terrible, ghastly, horrible, marvelous, strange.

Épouvantablement, *adverb.* Dreadfully, horribly, frightfully, terribly.

Épouvantail, *f. m.* A scarecrow, a bug-bear.

Épouvante, *f. f.* Fright, terror, fear. Donner de l'épouvante, to fright. Prendre l'épouvante, to be frightened, to take the alarm.

Épouvanté, *ée*, *adj.* Frighted, scared, terrified; in a great fright.

Épouvanter, *v. a.* To fright, scare or terrify, to put in fear or in a fright.

S'épouvanter, *v. réc.* To be frightened or scared, to take the alarm.

Époux, *f. m.* Bridegroom, a newmarried man, a spouse.

Épreindre, *v. a.* To strain, to wring or squeeze out.

Épreint, *einte*, *adj.* Strained, wrung or squeezed out.

Épreinte, *f. f.* A wringing pain caused by a tetensmus.

Éprendre. *V.* Epris.

Épreuve, *f. f.* (expérience.) Trial, proof, experiment, experience. * (En termes de dévotion, affliction, tentation,) trial, affliction, temptation. * Un chapeau à l'épreuve de la pluie, a hat proof against the rain. A l'épreuve du moufquet, must-het-proof. Un courage qui

est à l'épreuve de toute sorte de danger, a courage proof against all manner of danger.

Il est à l'épreuve de tout, il est à toute épreuve, he is proof against all temptations whatsoever. * Sa vertu est à l'épreuve (ou au-dessus) de la médisance, his virtue is above slander or beyond the reach of slander. * Il n'est point à l'épreuve de la raillerie, he cannot bear a jest. Je suis à toute épreuve, votre très-humble serviteur, I am upon all occasions, your most humble servant. * Épreuve, (première feuille d'impression ou d'une estampe,) a proof. * Une seconde épreuve, (en termes d'imprimerie,) a revise.

Épris, *se*, *adj.* Taken, possessed, inflamed, smitten. Il est épris de sa beauté, he is taken or fallen in love with her beauty.

Éprouvé, *ée*, *adj.* Tried, experimented.

Éprouver, *v. a.* To try or experiment, to prove, to make the trial or experiment of, to find by experience. * Il a éprouvé l'une & l'autre fortune, he has gone through good and bad fortune.

Éprouvette, *f. f.* (sonde de Chirurgien.) A Surgeon's probe.

Eptagone, *f. m.* (figure de sept angles & de sept côtés.) Eptagon.

Épucer, s'épucer, *v. réc.* To look for and catch fleas; to flea.

Épuisable, *adj.* That may be exhausted.

Épuisé, *ée*, *adj.* Exhausted, drained, emptied, &c. Voy.

Épuiser. * Une terre épuisée, a piece of ground out of heart.

Épuisement, *subst. m.* An exhausting or wasting of one's strength, weakness, faintness. Je sens un tel épuisement, que je ne fais comment réparer mes forces, I find myself so exhausted, so weak or so faint, that I know not how to recover my strength. * L'é-

puisement des finances, the exhausting of the King's treasure.

Épuiser, *v. a.* (tarir, mettre à sec.) To drain or empty.

* (Consumer, dissiper,) to waste, exhaust, spend or consume. * Épuiser le trésor public, to consume, exhaust or drain the publick treasure.

* Épuiser d'hommes tout un pays, to exhaust a country of men, to unpeople or depopulate a country. * Épuiser (lasser) la patience de quel-

qu'un, to tire or wear out one's patience.

Épuré, *ée*, *adj.* Refined, clear, purged. * Raison épurée, clear, sound reason, refined judgment.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

Épurer, *v. a.* To refine, to clear, to purge. * Épurer un Auteur, to clear an Author from bawdy expressions. * Épurer l'esprit, to refine the wit, to make it more polite.

EQU

Équinoxiale, *adj. fém.* The equinoctial line, the equator.
 Équinoxe, *f. m.* Equinox.
 Équipage, *subst. m.* Equipage, attire, furniture, attendance, men. Etre en bon ou en mauvais équipage, to be well or ill equipped, to be in a good or sorry dress or garb. Etre en mauvais, en pauvre, en triste équipage, (être en mauvais état pour les affaires, la santé, &c.) to be at an ill pass, to be in a sorry condition. ♣ Équipage (les soldats & les matelots) d'un vaisseau, the men or crew of a ship. ♣ Un équipage d'artillerie, a train of artillery.
 Équipé, *ée, adj.* Equipped, &c. *V.* Equipier.
 Équipée, *f. f.* (entreprise indiscrete.) A foolish design.
 Équipement, *f. m.* The provisions and stores of a ship.
 Équipier, *v. a.* To equip, furnish, accouter, set forth or set out, to provide of necessaries. Équipier une flotte, un vaisseau, to equip or fit out a fleet or ship.
 Équipet, *f. m.* A small open locker.
 Équipollence, *f. f.* Equipollence, equal value.
 Équipollent, *ente, adj.* Equipollent, equivalent, of like value, that balances another.
 Équipollent, *f. m.* Equal value, equivalent.
 A l'équipollent, *adv.* Proportionably, in proportion.
 Équipoller, *v. act.* To be of like value, to be equivalent, to balance or counter-balance.
 Équitable, *adjct.* Equitable, just, righteous.
 Équitablement, *adv.* Equitably, justly. ♣ Juger équitablement d'une chose, to pass a favourable judgment upon a thing.
 Équité, *f. f.* Equity, justice, right and reason.
 Équivalent, *f. m.* An equivalent, an equal value.
 Équivalent, *ente, adj.* Equivalent, of equal value.
 Équivaloir, *v. neut.* To be of equal value.
 Équivoque, *adj.* Equivocal,

ERI

ambiguous, doubtful, that has a double meaning or entendre.
 Équivoque, *f. f.* An equivocation, a double meaning. ♣ Fairé des équivoques, to equivocate.
 Équivoquer, *v. n.* To equivocate, to speak ambiguously.
 † S'équivoquer, *verb. réc.* (se tromper, se méprendre.) To mistake, to make a mistake; * † to be in the wrong box.
 Érable, *f. m.* (sorte d'arbre.) Maple, the maple-tree.
 Éraillé, *ée, adj.* Scratched.
 Érafler, *v. a.* To scratch.
 Éraflure, *f. f.* A scratch.
 Éraillé, *ée, adj.* Frayed. ♣ Œil éraillé, blood-shot eye.
 Érailler, *v. a.* To fray.
 S'érailler, *v. réc.* To fray or fret.
 Éraillure, *f. f.* Fraying or being frayed.
 Ératé, *ée, adj.* Whose milt or spleen has been cut or pulled out.
 Ératé, *v. a.* To cut or pull out the milt or spleen.
 Ere, *f. f.* Era.
 Érèsteur, *f. m.* (terme d'Anatomie.) Erector.
 Érection, *f. f.* Erection, erecting or raising. * Erection, (établissement,) erecting, establishing or establishment.
 Éreinter, *verb. act.* To break one's back.
 Érysipele. *V.* Erysipele.
 Ergot, *f. m.* Spur. Les ergots d'un coq ou d'un chien, a cock's or dog's spurs. * † Se lever sur ses ergots, monter sur ses ergots, to stand upon one's pantostes.
 Ergoté, *ée, adj.* Spurred.
 † Ergoter, *v. n.* (pointiller.) To wrangle, to cavil.
 † Ergoteur, *f. m.* Wrangler, caviller, a sophister, a pert disputant.
 Érigé, *ée, adj.* Set up, erected, raised.
 Ériger, *v. a.* (dresser, élever.) To set up, erect or raise. ♣ Eriger, (établir,) to erect, to establish.
 S'ériger, *v. f.* (s'attribuer un droit, une qualité qu'on n'a pas,) to set up for, to take

ESC 201

upon one or to pretend to be. S'ériger en Auteur, to set up for an Author.
 Ermitage, Ermite. *V.* Hermitage, Hermite.
 Érotique, *adj.* (qui appartient à l'amour.) Erotick.
 Errant, *ante, adj.* Wandering, vagrant, going up and down. ♣ Chevalier errant, a knight-errant. Chevalerie errante, knights-errantry.
 Errata, *f. m.* An errata, a list of the faults that have escaped the prefs in the printing of a book.
 Erratique, *adj.* Wandering, wild. Feux erratiques, wandering or wild fires. Étoiles erratiques, the planets.
 Erre, *subst. fém.* Ex. Aller grand'erre, (aller grand train,) to go at a great rate, to go very fast.
 Errer, *v. n.* (aller çà & là, à l'aventure.) To wander, to ramble, to rove or go about. * (Se tromper,) to err, to be under an error, to be out, to mistake.
 Erreur, *f. f.* (fausse opinion.) Error or mistake. ♣ (Dérèglement,) error, folly. ♣ Les erreurs d'Ulysse, the wanderings and travels of Ulysses.
 Erroné, *ée, adj.* Erroneous, false.
 Ers, *f. m.* The bitter vetch or fitch.
 Érudit, *ite, adjct. & subst.* Learned.
 Érudition, *f. f.* Erudition.
 Éruption, *f. f.* Eruption.
 Érysipele, *subst. masc.* Erysipeles.
 Advertisement.
 See without S those words that are not to be found under this head with an S.
 Ès, mot formé par contraction de la préposition En & de l'article Les, pour signifier dans les. Il n'a plus maintenant d'usage qu'en cette phrase : Maître-ès-Arts, Master of Arts; & en quelques autres qui sont du style de Pratique.
 Escabeau, *f. m.* Escabelle, *f. f.* A joint-stool.
 Escache, *subst. fém.* (espece

202 E S C

d'embouchure de cheval.)
Scatch, a kind of horse-bit.
Escadre, *f. f.* A squadron of ships of war or galleys.
Escadron, *f. m.* A squadron of horse.
Escadronner, *verb. neut.* To squadron.
Escalade, *f. f.* A scaling or scalade, a storming with ladders.
Escaladé, *ée*, *adj.* Scaled.
Escalader, *v. act.* To scale, to storm or carry by scalade.
Escalier, *f. m.* Stairs, staircase.
Escalin, *subst. m.* Skilling, a Low-Country coin.
Escamoter, *v. a.* To juggle, to convey away by slight of hand. * *Escamoter*, (*voler adroitement*,) to filch or pilfer away.
Escamoteur, *f. m.* A filcher or pilferer, a sharking fellow.
Escamper, *v. n.* To scamper away.
Escampette, *V.* Poudre.
Escapade, *f. f.* A mad prank.
Escarbillard, *arde*, *adj.* Brisk, sprightly & merry, jovial, good-humoured.
Escarbot, *f. m.* Beetle, a sort of fly.
Escarboucle, *f. f.* A carbuncle, a precious stone.
† *Escarcelle*, *f. f.* A purse.
Escargot, *subst. m.* Snail, a shell-snail.
Escarlingue, *V.* Carlingue.
Escarmouche, *subst. f.* Skirmish.
Escarmoucher, *s'escarmoucher*, *v. r.* To skirmish.
Escarmoucheur, *f. m.* A skirmisher.
Escarpe, *f. f.* The scarp of a ditch.
Escarpé, *ée*, *adj.* Steep. Un roc escarpé, a steep rock.
Escarper, *verb. act.* To cut steep down.
Escarpin, *f. m.* Pump.
Escarpolette, *f. f.* A swing, a country-sport.
Escarre, *subst. fém.* Eschar or scough.
† *Efcient*, *f. m.* A bon efcient, *adv.* in good earnest, seriously.
Efcandre, *subst. m.* Disaster, misfortune.

E S C

Efcavage, *subst. m.* Slavery, bondage.
Efcave, *f. m. & f.* A slave.
 * Il est efcave de ses passions, he is a slave to his passions.
 † *Efcoffion*, *f. m.* A woman's head-gear.
 † *Efcogriffe*, *f. m.* A shark or spurger, one that is ever upon the catch.
Efcompte, *f. m.* A discount or deduction.
Efcotpté, *ée*, *adj.* Discounted, deducted.
Efcompter, *v. a.* To discount or deduct.
Efcop, *f. m.* A skeet to wet the sails or the ship's side.
Efcop à main, a scoop or boat's scoop.
Efcopette, *f. f.* A sort of petronel or carabine used of old.
Efcopetterie, *f. f.* Volley, discharge of guns.
Efcorte, *subst. f.* A guard, a convoy, an escorte.
Efcorté, *ée*, *adj.* Guarded, convoyed.
Efcorter, *v. act.* To guard or convoy, to escort.
Efcouade, *f. f.* A detachment of a foot company.
Efcourgée, *f. f.* A whip, a scourge.
Efcourgeon, *subst. m.* Starch-corn or annel-corn.
Efcouffe, *f. f.* A spring or run before a leap. Faire une efcouffe, to take a spring or run.
Efcime, *f. f.* Fencing, tilting. Etro hors d'efcime, to be put off one's guard.
Efcimer, *v. n.* To fence, to tilt. * (Disputer l'un contre l'autre sur quelque matiere d'érudition,) to dispute or debate upon a point of learning, to engage in a trial of learning with another.
S'efcimer de quelque chose, *v. r.* (savoir s'en servir.) Ex. Faites-vous des vers? Je m'en efcime quelques-fois, do you make verses? Yes, sometimes. Joue-t-il du luth? Il s'en efcime un peu, does he play upon the lute? Yes, a little.
Efcimeur, *f. m.* A fencer.

E S P

Efcroc, *subst. masc.* A shark; sharper or a spurger, one that is upon the catch.
Efcroqué, *ée*, *adj.* Spunged, got by spunging, sharking or sharpening.
Efcroquer, *v. act.* To shark, sharp or spunge, to erick or chouse one out of a thing.
Efcroquerie, *f. f.* Sharking, spunging, sharpening.
Efcroqueur, *eufe*, *f.* Shark, sharper, spurger.
Efcophage, *f. m.* Esophagus, the gullet or mouth of the stomach.
Espace, *f. m.* A space or distance either of time or place.
Espacé, *ée*, *adj.* Distanced, set at a convenient distance.
Espacement, *subst. m.* Space, distance.
Espacer, *v. a.* To distance, to set at a convenient distance.
Espadon, *f. m.* A two-handed sword, the french backsword.
Espagnol, *f. m.* La Langue Espagnole, spanish, the Spanish Language.
Espale, *f. f.* The first seat of rowers in a galley.
Espalier, *f. m.* Espalier, an hedge-row of fruit-trees set close together against a wall, &c. & Espalier, (rameur près de la poupe dans une galere,) he that rows with the first oar in a galley.
Espalmer, *verb. act.* To pay a vessel's bottom with tallow, &c.
Espece, *f. f.* (genre, sorte.) Species, kind, sort. & (En termes de Jurisprudence, cas particulier,) a case. & Espèces, (images des objets sensibles,) forms, images of sensible things. & Especces, (denrées,) goods, commodities. & (Diverses pieces de monnoie,) species, money, coin.
Espérance, *f. f.* Hope, expectation, trust. & Un enfant de grande espérance, a very hopeful child.
Espéré, *ée*, *adj.* Hoped for, expected for, &c.
Espérer, *v. act.* To hope, to hope for, to trust, expect or promise one's self.

ESP

Espegle, *f. m. & f. A wag.*
Espièglerie, *subst. f. Waggish trick, waggery, prank.*
Espion, *f. m. (qui épie.) A spy, an informer.*
Espionnage, *subst. m. (métier d'espion.) The being a spy; informing.*
Espionner, *v. n. To be a spy, to spy.*
Esplanade, *f. f. Esplanade, parade.*
Espoir, *f. m. (espérance.) Hope.*
Esponçon, *subst. m. A kind of half-pike, spontoon.*
Espirit, *f. m. (substance incorporelle.) Spirit, ghost. ♦ (Ame de l'homme,) soul, ghost. ♦ (Facultés de l'ame raisonnable,) mind. ♦ (Facilité de l'imagination,) wit. ♦ (L'imagination ou la conception,) wit or fancy. ♦ (Jugement,) wit, sense, judgment, discretion. ♦ (Génie, disposition,) genius, talent. Il a de l'esprit au bout des doigts, (se dit d'une personne qui a la main adroite à plusieurs choses,) he has a very dextrous hand. ♦ Un bel esprit, a wit, a virtuoso. ♦ Un esprit fort, a wit. ♦ Esprit, (principe, motif,) spirit, principle, motive, way. ♦ (Caractère d'un Auteur,) character, way. ♦ Esprit, (substance ténue qu'on tire des corps mixtes,) spirit. ♦ Un homme d'esprit, a witty or ingenious man, a man of parts, a man of wit. ♦ Avoir l'esprit mal fait ou de travers, to be an ill-contrived or a cross-grained genius or man. ♦ Être bien dans l'esprit de quelqu'un, to be in one's favour. Il craint que je ne le détruise dans votre esprit, he fears I should ruin him in your favour. ♦ Esprit, (génie, humeur,) spirit, genius, temper, humour; † kidney. ♦ L'impie perd les jeunes esprits, irreligion is the ruin of youth. ♦ Esprits, au pluriel, spirits. Esprits vitaux & animaux, vital and animal spirits. ♦ Reprendre les esprits, to*

ESS

recover one's self, to come to one's self again.
Esquif, *f. m. Skiff or yawl.*
Esquille, *f. f. A splinter of a broken bone.*
Esquinancie, *f. f. Squinancy, a sore throat.*
Esquine, *f. f. Back, a horse's back.*
Esquipot, *f. m. A barber's money-box.*
Esquisse, *subst. f. A sketch, a rude draught, the first draught of a fancy.*
Esquissier, *v. a. To sketch, to make the first draught.*
Esquiver, *v. act. To eschew, shun or avoid. ♦ Faire esquiver quelqu'un, to help one to make his escape.*
S'esquiver, *v. r. To run, to steal away, to give one the slip.*
Essai, *subst. m. Essay, proof, trial, experiment, attempt; ♦ a taste or touch of a thing, to know it by; ♦ taster, a little tasting cup. ♦ Faire l'essai de l'or ou de l'argent, to essay, to try gold or silver. Faire l'essai d'un canon, to try a cannon. ♦ Essai, (première production d'esprit sur quelque matière, pour voir si l'on y réussira,) essay, specimen.*
Essaim, *f. m. Swarm.*
Essaimer, *v. n. To swarm as bees do.*
Essangé, *ée, adj. Wet.*
Essanger, *v. act. To wet foul linen.*
Essarté, *ée, adj. Assarted, grubbed up.*
Essarter, *v. act. To assart or grub up.*
Essayé, *ée, adj. Tried, &c. V. the verb.*
Essayer, *v. a. (éprouver.) To try, essay or experiment. ♦ (Gôuter,) to taste.*
Essayer, *v. n. To try, endeavour or attempt.*
S'essayer, *v. r. To try, to endeavour, to try one's strength or ability.*
Essayeur, *f. m. Assayer, an Officer of the mint.*
Esse, *f. f. (fer en forme d'S.) Any piece of iron like an S.*
Essence, *f. f. Essence, nature, substance, being. ♦ (Extrait*

EST 105

des fleurs & des drogues aromatiques,) essence, a perfumed oil.
Essentiel, *elle, adj. Essential, natural; ♦ real, particular; ♦ essential, necessary.*
L'essentiel, *f. m. The main point or essential part of a thing.*
Essentiellement, *adv. Essentially, naturally, of itself, of its own nature.*
† Esseulé, *ée, adj. Lonesome, left alone.*
Essieu, *f. m. Axle-tree. ♦ — (de poulie,) pin of a block.*
Essor, *f. m. (vol que prend un oiseau de proie.) Flight or soaring up. Donner l'essor à l'oiseau, to let a hawk soar or fly. * Efford d'imagination, flight of fancy. * Donner l'essor à son imagination, to let one's fancy ramble. Prendre l'essor, (voler en haut,) to soar or soar up, to take wing. * (Se tirer de la sujétion de ses parens,) to take wing.*
Efforé, *ée, adj. Aired.*
Efforer, *v. a. To air.*
S'efforer, *verb. réc. To soar or soar up.*
Efforillé, *ée, adj. Whose ears are cut off.*
Efforiller quelqu'un, *v. a. To cut one's ears off, to crop one's air short.*
Effouffé, *ée, adj. Out of breath.*
Effouffier, *v. a. To put out of breath.*
Essui, *f. m. A drying place.*
Essuie-main, *f. m. A towel.*
Essuyé, *ée, adj. Wiped, wiped off, wiped away, &c. V. the verb.*
Essuyer, *v. act. To wipe, to wipe off, to wipe away. ♦ Le vent essuie les chemins, the wind dries up the ways. ♦ Essuyer, (souffrir, endurer,) to bear, endure or go through, to be exposed to. * Essuyer un refus, to be repulsed or denied; * to take the foil.*
Est, *f. m. East. Est ou vent d'est, an east, eastern or easterly wind.*
Estacade, *f. f. A staccado.*
Estaffette, *f. f. A courier, an express.*
Estaffier, *f. m. A footman,*

Estafade, *f. f.* *Slash, cut.*
 ✧ (Déchirure d'habit,) *a rent.*

Estame, *subst. fém.* *Worsted.*
 Bas d'estame, *worsted stockings.*

Estampe, *f. f.* *Cut or print;*
 ✧ *stamp, impress, print.*

Estampé, *éc, adj.* *Stamped,*
&c.

Estamper, *v. act.* *To stamp.*
 ✧ Estamper, (terme d'Orfèvre & de Serrurier,) *to emboss.*

Estér à droit, *v. n.* *To make one's appearance before the Judge.*

Estimable, *adj.* *Of great value, much to be valued.*

Estimateur, *subst. m.* *A priser, estimator, valuer or rater.*

Estimation, *subst. f.* *Estimate, estimation, rating, prizing.*

Estime, *subst. f.* (cas, état.)
Esteem, value, account, regard. ✧ (Calcul du chemin du navire,) *estimation, dead reckoning.*

Estimé, *éc, adj.* *Estimated, &c.*
 Il n'est pas estimé, *he is a man of no esteem.*

Estimer, *v. a.* (déterminer la valeur.) *to estimate, value, prize or rate.* ✧ (Faire cas,) *to esteem or value, to have an esteem or value for, to make account of.* ✧ (Croire, penser,) *to believe, to think or look upon, to suppose or reckon.*

Estive, *f. f.* (terme de mer.)
The trimming of a ship, &c.
 Mettre un bateau en estive, *to trim a boat.*

Estoc, *f. m.* (vieux mot qui a signifié une longue épée.)
A long rapier. ✧ Estoc, (la pointe d'une épée,) *Ex.*
 Frapper d'estoc & de taille, *to thrust with the point and strike with the edge.* ✧ Brin d'estoc, (long bâton ferré par un bout,) *a quarter-staff.* ✧ Estoc, (ligne d'extraction,) *stock, stem, pedigree, descent.* ✧ † Cela ne vient pas de son estoc, (cela ne vient pas de lui,) *that does not come from him, he is not the author or inventor of that.*

Estocade, *f. f.* *A rapier; also*

thrust, pass. ✧ † Alonger une estocade, (vouloir emprunter de l'argent,) *to slike one, to borrow money of him.*

Estocader, *v. n.* *To tilt or thrust or make passes at one.*

Estomac, *f. m.* *The stomach;*
 ✧ *the breast.*

† Estomaquer, s'estomaquer,
v. r. *To stomach, to resent.*

Estrade, *subst. f.* *An estrade or bedroom.* ✧ Battre l'estrade, (en termes de guerre,) *to go about, to get intelligence, to scout.* Batteurs d'estrade, *scouts.*

Estragon, *f. m.* *Stragon, an herb.*

Estramaçon, *f. m.* *The edge of a sword.*

Estramaçonner, *v. a.* *To strike with the edge of a sword.*

Estrapade, *f. f.* *Strapado.* ✧ Sè donner l'estrapade, donner l'estrapade à son esprit, *to put one's brains upon the rack or stretch, to puzzle one's brains about a thing.*

Estrapadé, *éc, adj.* *That has suffered the strapado.*

Estrapader, *v. a.* *To give the strapado, to rack.*

Estrop, *f. m.* de poulie. *Block-strops.* Estrop de rame, *a grummet of an oar.*

Estroper, *v. a.* *Ex.* Estroper une poulie, *to strop a block.*

Estropié, *subst. m.* *A lame or maimed body.*

Estropié, *éc, adj.* *Maimed, lamed, cripple, &c.* ✧ Estropié, mal-fait,) *bungled, done bunglingly.* ✧ Une façon de parler ou une période estropiée, *un sens estropié, a lame expression, period or sense.*

Estropier, *v. act.* *To maim, lame or cripple.* ✧ † Estropier une besogne, *to bungle a work, to do it bunglingly.* ✧ Estropier un nom, (l'orthographe mal,) *to murder a name.* ✧ Estropier un passage de quelqu'auteur, *to lame a passage.*

Esturgeon, *f. m.* *A surgeon.*

Et, conjonct. *And.* Je veux du bien & à mes amis & à mes ennemis, *I wish well both to my friends and foes.*

✧ Et cætera, (& le reste,)
 ✧ *cætera, &c. and so forth.*

Étable, *f. m.* *Stabling.*

Étable, *f. f.* *A stable.* ✧ Étable à bœufs, *an ox-stall.* ✧ Étable à cochons, *a hog-sty.*

✧ Étable pour les chevres, *a house for goats.*

Établé, *éc, adj.* *Stabled, put in the stable, housed.*

Établir, *v. act.* *To stable, to put in the stable, to house.*

Établi, *ie, adj.* *Settled, fixed, &c.* *V.* Établir.

Établi, *f. m.* *A bench for a Joiner, &c.* ✧ Établi de boutique, *the bulk of a shop.* ✧ Établi de presse d'imprimeur, *the bank of a Printing-press.*

Établir, *v. a.* (rendre stable, fixer.) *To establish, settle or fix.* ✧ (Créer, instituer,) *to establish, set, appoint, ordain or make.* ✧ Établir de nouvelles opinions, *to broach new opinions.* ✧ Établir une expresseion, *to briag an expression into use, to make it go current.* ✧ On a établi que, (c'est une opinion généralement reçue,) *it is agreed or confessed that.* ✧ Établir par des exemples ce que l'on vient de dire, *to make good by instances what one has discoursed of.* ✧ Établir l'état de la question, *to state the question.* ✧ Établir des impôts, *to lay or impose taxes.*

S'établir, *verb. r.* *To settle or set up.*

Établissement, *f. m.* (action d'établir.) *A settlement or settling, an establishment or establishing.* ✧ (Ce qui est établi pour l'utilité publique,) *settlement, foundation.* ✧ (Poste avantageux,) *settlement.* ✧ Établissement d'un fait, d'une question, *the stating of a matter of fact or of a question.* ✧ Faire l'établissement de quelque droit nouveau, *to lay a new duty.*

Étage, *f. m.* *A story.* ✧ Le plus bas étage de la maison, *the ground-floor.* ✧ Étage, (degré d'élévation,) *story,*

ETA

degré. ♦ *Menton à double étage, a double chin.*
Étai, f. m. A stay. ♦ *Étai de misaine, the forestay.* — d'artimon, *main stay.*
Étaie, f. f. A prop, stay or supporter.
Étaim, f. m. Carded wool.
Étain, f. m. Pewter. *Étain fin, tin, fine pewter.*
Étal, f. m. A butcher's or fishmonger's stall.
Étalage, f. m. Stallage. ♦ *Étalage, (méchante marchandise pour servir de montre), sample.* * † *Mettre la science en étalage, to shew one's learning, to make a shew of it.*
Étale, adj. marée étale, the highest of the flood. *Vent étale, a settled wind.*
Étalé, ée, adj. Laid out, &c. according to the verb.
Étaler, v. a. (exposer en vente.) *To lay out upon a stall, to hang out or expose to sale, to open shop.* * (Déployer, faire parade,) *to shew, to set forth, to display, to make a shew or parade of.* ♦ *Étaler la marée, to wait for wind and tide.*
Étalier, subst. masc. A stall-butcher.
Étalingue ou Étalingure, f. f. The clinch of a cable.
Étalinguer un cable, v. a. To clinch or bend a cable.
Étalon, f. m. (cheval entier pour couvrir les cavales.) Stallion. ♦ (Regle des poids & des mesures,) *standard.*
Étalonnement, f. m. The marking any measure that has been squared by the standard.
Étalonné, ée, adj. Stamped with the publick mark.
Étalonner, v. a. To stamp with the publick mark, speaking of a weight or measure that has been squared by the standard.
Étalonneur, f. m. The officer appointed to mark measures.
Étambord ou Étambot, f. m. The stern post.
Étambraille, f. m. The partners of a mast or capstern.
Étamé, ée, adj. Tinned, tinned over.

ETA

Étamér, v. a. *To tin or tin over.*
Étamine, f. f. (sorte d'étoffe.)
Stamine, a light sort of French stuff; buntine. ♦ (Tissu pour passer la farine, &c.) *bolting-cloth.* * † *Il a passé par l'étamine, he has been put to the test, he has been strictly examined.*
Étamure, f. f. Tinning.
Étanché, ée, adj. Stanché, stopped, &c. ♦ *Vaisseau étanché ou étanche, a tight ship.*
Étanchement, f. m. Stanching, stopping.
Étancher, v. a. To stanch or stop. * *Étancher ses larmes, to dry up one's tears.* ♦ *Étancher la soif, to quench the thirst.* ♦ *Étancher un vaisseau, to free a ship.*
Étançon, f. m. Prop, stay, supporter, shore; stanchion.
Étançoné, ée, adj. Propped, stayed, supported, shored up.
Étançonner, v. a. To prop, stay or support, to shore up.
Étang, f. m. A pond.
Étant, (participe du verbe être,) Being.
Étape, f. f. (magasin public.) *A staple or publick storehouse.* ♦ (Ville marchande où il y a un magasin public,) *a staple-town.* ♦ (Magasin où sont les vivres pour les soldats qui passent,) *a magazine for soldiers upon the march.* ♦ (Ville, village, &c. où il y a une étape pour les soldats,) *the place where there is such a magazine.* ♦ (Ce qu'on donne aux gens de guerre pour subsister pendant la marche,) *the daily allowance for soldiers upon their march.*
Étapier, f. m. The officer appointed to give the soldiers their allowance upon the march.
État, subst. m. (disposition, condition.) *State, case, condition, posture, way.* *En quelque état que l'affaire soit, in what state soever the business be or however the matter stands.* *Je l'ai*

ETA 205

vu dans un état pitoyable, I saw him in a pitiful case or condition. *Etre en état de faire fortune, to be in a way to make one's fortune, to have a fine prospect of making one's self.* ♦ *En quel état est votre santé? how is your health? how do you do? how is it with you?*
 ♦ *Je suis en très-mauvais état, I am very ill.* ♦ *Mettre les choses en état, to fit up things.* ♦ *Tenir une chose en état, to hold a thing fast, to keep it up.* ♦ *Etre en état, (ou être prêt,) to be ready or in a readiness.* *Tenir quelque chose en état, (la tenir prête,) to keep a thing ready or in readiness.* ♦ *Tenir les choses en état, (les laisser comme elles sont,) to keep things in the same condition they are in, to leave them as they are.* ♦ *Se mettre en état, (se mettre prisonnier,) to surrender one's self a prisoner.* ♦ *État, (dessein, résolution,) account, design, purpose, resolution.* *Je fais état de venir en tel temps, I make account, I account, design or purpose to come at such a time.* ♦ *Vous pouvez faire état que, you may be sure or assured that.* ♦ *Faites état de cela, rely or depend upon that.* ♦ *Faire état de, (estimer, faire cas de,) to make account of, to esteem, to have a value or esteem for, to care for.* ♦ *Faire état, (presumer, penser,) to make account, to think or believe, to presume, suppose or reckon.* ♦ *État, (liste, registre,) state, establishment, list, register, account.* *L'État de la Marine, the establishment of the navy.* *L'État Major, the List of the general Officers.* ♦ *État de recette & de dépense, an account of the receipt and expence.* ♦ *État, (manière dont on s'habille,) state.* *Elle porte aussi grand état qu'une femme de qualité, she carries as much state*

(or she goes as fine) as a lady of quality. ♦ Etat, (condition d'une personne,) condition. ♦ Etat (Office) de Président, the Office of a President. ♦ Etat, (Gouvernement d'un peuple,) a State or Government. Régler l'Etat, to settle the Government or Nation. Une raison d'Etat, a reason of State. Un coup d'Etat, a master-piece of State-policy. ♦ Etat, (pays sous une même domination,) state, Dominion. ♦ Les Etats ou les trois Etats du Royaume, the estates or the three estates of the kingdom. ♦ Les Etats ou les Etats de Hollande ou les Etats confédérés, the States or the States of Holland.

Étau, f. m. (instrument de serrurier, &c.) A vice.

Étayé, ée, adj. Stayed, shored or propped up, &c. V. Etayer.

Étayement, f. m. Staying, shoring, propping or bearing up, supporting.

Étayer, v. a. To stay, to shore, prop or bear up, to support.

Été, f. m. Summer. Un jour d'été, a summer-day. ♦ L'été Saint - Martin, the latter part of autumn, from all Saints day to Martinmas.

Été, participe du verbe Être. V. Être.

Éteignoir, f. m. An extinguisher.

Éteindre, v. a. To put out, to extinguish or quench. R. On ne se sert guère du verbe to extinguish, que dans le style soutenu. Éteindre la chaux, to kill lime.

* Eteindre, (amortir,) to extinguish, quench, put out or smother, to appease. * Eteindre, (abolir, détruire,) to extinguish, to root out, to abolish, destroy or exterminate. ♦ Eteindre la soif, to quench the thirst.

S'Éteindre, v. r. To go out, to be extinguished.

Éteint, einte, adj. Put out, extinguished, quenched, &c. V. Eteindre. * Des yeux éteints, dull, dying or languishing eyes. * Cette fa-

mille est éteinte, that family is extinct.

Étendard, f. m. (enseigne de la Cavalerie.) Standard, banner. ♦ Etendard, (enseigne d'Infanterie,) colours.

Étendoir, f. m. (instrument d'imprimeur.) A Printer's peel.

Étendre, v. a. (déployer en long & en large.) To spread, stretch or stretch out, to extend. ♦ Etendre un homme sur le carreau, (le tuer,) to kill a man upon the spot.

* Etendre les termes d'une Loi, to stretch the sense of a Law. ♦ Etendre, (augmenter, agrandir,) to extend, stretch out or enlarge. Etendre ses conquêtes, to extend or enlarge one's conquest.

Étendre, s'étendre, v. r. To spread or stretch one's self, to spread or stretch, to reach. S'étendre en bâillant, to stretch and gape. * S'étendre sur quelque sujet, to enlarge or dwell upon a subject. ♦ S'étendre, (se coucher,) to stretch one's self, to lay one's self down. ♦ (Tenir un certain espace,) to stretch, extend or reach, to go. * Tant que la voix se peut étendre, as high as one's voice can reach. * Tant que cet argent pourra s'étendre, as far as that money can go. ♦ S'étendre, (durer,) to extend, stretch, last or continue.

Étendu, ue, adject. Spread, stretched, stretched forth, stretched out, &c. V. Eteindre. ♦ Etendu, (long, prolix,) large, long or prolix, long-winded. ♦ Il est étendu sur son lit, he lies upon his bed. ♦ Il étoit étendu tout de son long, he lay sprawling along. ♦ Une ville étendue dans une belle plaine, a town seated in a fair plain.

Étendue, f. f. Extent. ♦ Une grande étendue de chemin, a great way. ♦ Une vaste étendue de pays, a vast tract of land. Une plaine qui a quatre lieues d'étendue, a plain extended four leagues in length. * Donner

à sa passion une libre étendue, to indulge one's passion, to give it full liberty.

* Avoir une grande étendue d'esprit, to have a great wit, to have a great deal or abundance of wit. ♦ Etendue, (en termes dogmatiques, dimension en longueur, largeur & profondeur,) extension.

Éternel, elle, adj. Eternal, everlasting, endless. ♦ (Immortel,) eternal, everlasting, endless, immortal. ♦ (Continuel,) eternal, continual. L'Eternel, (Dieu,) the Lord, the everlasting God.

Éternelle, f. fém. A kind of plant that bears yellow flowers in the form of a nosegay.

Éternellement, adv. Eternally, everlastingly, for ever, evermore, always, to eternity; ♦ eternally, always, continually, incessantly, ever and anon.

Éternisé, ée, adj. Eternized, immortalized.

Éterniser, v. a. To eternize or immortalize.

Éternité, f. f. Eternity, everlastingness; ♦ eternity, future state; ♦ eternity, long while. ♦ De toute éternité, time out of mind.

Éternuer, v. n. To sneeze.

Éternument, f. m. A sneezing.

Étété, ée, adj. Topped.

Étêter, verb. a. To top, to strike or cut off the top.

Éteuf, f. m. A ball, at tennis.

Éteule, subst. f. (chaume.) Stubble.

Éther, f. m. (substance subtile dans laquelle on suppose que sont les corps célestes.) Ether.

Éthérée, adj. (terme de Physique, pur, subtil comme la matière céleste.) Ethereal, subtle, penetrating.

Étincelant, ante, adj. Sparkling, bright.

Étinceler, v. n. To sparkle.

Étincelle, f. f. A spark.

Étincellement, f. m. Sparkling.

Étiqne, adject. Heflick, consumptive. ♦ (Atténué,) lean, lank, fallen away.

Étiqeter, v. a. To tiel, to

ETI

write or put a ticket, note or title to.
 Étiquette, *f. fem.* A ticket or note upon a bag, a title.
 * Juger sur l'étiquette du sac ou sur l'étiquette, to judge slightly or without a perfect knowledge of the matter.
 Étoffe, *subst. f.* Stuff, cloth.
 * † (Condition,) condition. Des artisans & autres gens de telle étoffe, tradesmen and such like people.
 Étoffé, *ée, adjct.* Furnished, garnished.
 Étoffer, *v. act.* To furnish or garnish.
 Étoile, *f. f.* A star. ♦ Étoile errante, (planète,) a planet. ♦ Étoile, (sorte de poisson,) the starfish. ♦ — (sorte de plante,) starwort. ♦ — (terme d'imprimerie.) V. Astérisque.
 Étoilé, *ée, adjct.* Starry, full of stars or seeded with stars.
 Étole, *f. f.* A stole.
 Étonnant, ante, *adj.* Wonderful, amazing, marvel-lous, surprising, strange.
 Étonné, *ée, adj.* Astonished, amazed, surprised, that wonders in, a maze, &c. V. Étonner.
 Étonnement, *f. m.* (surprise.) Astonishment, surprise, amazement. ♦ (Admiration,) wonder, admiration. Tout le monde est dans l'étonnement, every body wonders. ♦ Étonnement, (épouvante,) fright, terror. ♦ (Ebranlement, secousse,) stunning or shaking.
 Étonner, *v. a.* (surprendre.) To astonish, surprise or amaze. * Étonner (ébranler) le cerveau, to stun the brains. * Étonner une muraille, to shake a wall.
 S'étonner, *v. r.* (être surpris.) To wonder, to marvel, to be surprised. ♦ (Être épou-vanté,) to be concerned or frightened. ♦ (Admirer,) to wonder or admire.
 Étouffant, ante, *adj.* Sultry. Temps étouffant, close, sultry weather.
 Étouffé, *ée, adjct.* Stifled.

ETO

smothered, choaked, &c. V. Etouffer.
 Étouffement, *f. m.* A stifling, a suffocation or stopping of the breath. Il me prend quel-quefois des étouffemens qui me font peur, my breath is sometimes so stop, that I am frightened at it.
 Étouffer, *v. a.* (faire perdre la respiration.) To stifle, smother, choke or suffocate. * (Supprimer,) to stifle, smother or suppress. * Etouf-fer la guerre, to stop or put a stop to the war.
 Étouffer, *v. n.* To be stifled or choked. * † Étouffer de rire, to split one's sides with laughing.
 Étoupe, *f. f.* Tow, hards of hemp and flax, ♦ oakum or oakum. * † Mettre le feu aux étoupes, to throw oil into the fire, to blow the coals.
 Étoupé, *ée, adj.* Stopped.
 Étouper, *v. a.* To stop.
 Étoupillons, *f. m. pl.* Pieces of white oakum or toppins.
 Étourderie, *f. f.* A blunder.
 Étourdi, ie, *adjct.* Stunned, &c. V. Etourdir. Viande qui n'est qu'étourdie, (qui n'est qu'à demi-cuite,) meat half raw.
 Étourdi, ie, *f.* A heedless, rash, hot-headed, giddy-headed, hare-headed man or woman, a blunderbuss.
 † A l'étourdie, *adv.* Rashly, heedlessly, inconsiderately.
 Étourdiment, *adverb.* As A l'étourdie.
 Étourdir, *v. act.* (ébranler, étonner le cerveau.) To stun. * (Causer de l'étonnement,) to stun amaze or surprise. * Etourdir la dou-leur, to allay or appease the pain. * Etourdir l'eau, to take off the cold, to warm a little. * Etourdir la grosse saim, to take off the edge of one's stomach; to stay one's stomach.
 S'étourdir sur quelque chose, *v. r.* To shake off the thoughts of a thing, to beat it out of one's brains.
 Étourdissant, ante, *adj.* Stun-nin

ETR 207

Étourdissement, *f. m.* Stun-ning, numbness of senses.
 Étourneau, *f. m.* (sorte d'oi-seau.) A starling. Poil d'é-tourneau, flea-bitten.
 Étrange, *adj.* (extraordinaire.) Strange, unusual, un-common. ♦ (Impertinent,) strange, silly or impertinent. ♦ † (Etranger, lointain,) strange, foreign, outlandish, remote.
 Étrangé, *ée, adj.* Estranged.
 Étrangement, *adv.* Strange-ly, after a strange manner, extremely.
 Étranger, ere, *adj.* Strange; foreign, outlandish. Corps étranger, extraneous body.
 Étranger, *f. m.* Étrangere, *f. fem.* A stranger, a fo-reigner, an outlandish man or woman. ♦ Etranger, (qui n'est pas d'une fami-le, d'une société,) stranger.
 Étranger, *v. a.* To strange or drive away.
 S'étranger, *v. r.* To be estran-ged.
 Étranglé, *ée, adjct.* Stran-gled, &c. V. the verb. ♦ Étranglé, (trop étroit,) too strait.
 Étranglement, *f. m.* Ex. Un étranglement de boyau, a contraction or wringing of the guts.
 Étrangler, *v. a.* To strangle; throttle, choke or stifle to death. * Etrangler une af-faire, to murder a business.
 Étrangler, *v. n.* To be choked or stifled. * J'étrangle de soif, I am almost choked, I am very dry.
 Étranguillon, *f. m.* (poire d'étranguillon.) A choke-pear.
 Étrave, *f. f.* (terme de conf-truction.) The stem.
 Être, *v. n.* (exister.) To be, to exist or subsist. ♦ (Ap-partenir,) to be or belong. ♦ (Devenir,) to be or to prove. ♦ Cela est, cela n'est pas, that is true, that is not true. ♦ Il n'est pas en vous de le faire, it is not or it lies not in your power to do it. ♦ Être, (aller en quelque lieu,) to go, to be. Je le fus voir

l'autre jour, *I went to see him t'other day*. Avez-vous été chez lui? *have you been at his house?* * Je suis (je viens) à vous dans un moment, *I come to you in a moment*. * Hé, où en sommes-nous? *how now, what's the matter?* * what's the meaning of all this? * Cela est bien de lui ou de son génie, *that's like him*. * Être bien avec quelqu'un, *to keep a good correspondence with one, to be in with him*. Être mal avec quelqu'un, *to be out with one*. * Être bien auprès de lui, *to be in great favour with him*. * Être de moitié, *to go halves*. J'y suis pour un tiers, *I go a third part*. * Être de garde, (en parlant d'une chose qui se conserve ou qu'on peut conserver.) *To keep*. * Cela n'est pas de mon goût, *it does not agree with my palate*. * La félicité est (ou consiste) dans le goût & non pas dans les choses, *happiness lies not in the things themselves, but in the relish we have of them*. * Être (ou croupir) dans l'oïveté, *to live in idleness*. * Le Prêtre est à l'élévation de l'Hostie, *the Priest is come to the elevation of the Host*. * Vous y êtes, (vous avez bien rencontré,) *you have hit the nail on the head or you have hit it, you are in the right*. * Ce n'est pas que, *not but that, not that*. Être, *f. m. A being*. * Le bien être, (les aïles de la vie,) *the conveniences of life*. * Savoir les êtres d'un logis, (en faveur la disposition,) *to be acquainted with a house*. Être-ci, *ie, adj. Straited, made straiter or narrow*. Être-cir, *v. a. To straiten or make straiter, to make narrow or narrower*. S'être-cir, *v. r. To grow strait or narrow, to grow straiter or narrower, to shrink*. Être-cissement, *f. m. Strai-*

tening, making straiter or narrower. Êtreindre, *v. a. To tie, bind or wring hard or close*. P. Qui trop embrasse, mal étroit, *P. covet all, lose all or all grasp, all lose*. Êtreint, *eint, adj. Tied, bound or wrung hard or close*. Êtreinte, *f. f. Tying, binding, wringing hard or close*. Êtrenne, *f. f. Handfel. P. A bon jour, bonne étrenne, P. the better day, the better deed*. * Êtrenne, ou étrennes, *new-years gift, present*. * Avoir l'étrenne d'une chose, (s'en servir le premier,) *to handfel a thing, to use it first*. Êtrenné, *ée, adj. Presented, &c.* Êtrenner, *v. a. (donner des étrennes.) To present, to give new-years gift*. * (Achter le premier à un marchand,) *to handfel*. * Êtrenner une chose, *to handfel a thing*. Êtrenner, *v. n. To sell*. Êtrier, *f. m. A stirrup*. * † Faire perdre les étriers à quelqu'un, *to put one to a nonplus, to puzzle him*. * Vin de l'étrier, *the stirrup or parting cup*. Êtrille, *f. f. A horse-comb, a curry-comb*. * Être logé à l'étrille, *to inn in a cut-throat*. Êtrillé, *ée, adj. Curried, &c.* Êtriller, *v. a. To curry*. * † Êtriller, (frotter, battre,) *to curry, bang, maul or thrash*. Êtrippé, *ée, adj. Unbowed, unrippé*. † Êtripper, *v. a. To unbowl, to unrip*. Êtrivière, *f. f. A stirrup-leather*. * Donner les étrivières à quelqu'un, *to lash one soundly*. Êtroit, *oite, adj. (qui a peu de largeur.) Strait, narrow, close*. * (Intime,) *strict, close, intimate*. Être dans une étroite amitié avec quelqu'un, *to be intimate with one*. Une étroite familiarité, *an intimate fami-*

liarity. * Êtroit, (qui est selon la rigueur de la loi ou de l'ordre,) *strict, rigorous, exact*. De droit étroit, *according to the strictness or rigour of the Law*. A l'étroit, *adv. Straitly, narrowly, in a narrow compass*. * Réduit à l'étroit, *pinched, reduced to straits, hard put to it, straitened*. Vivre à l'étroit, *to live sparingly*. Êtroitement, *adv. Straitly, narrowly, in a narrow compass*. Un prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, *a close prisoner*. * Êtroitement uni, *strictly or closely joined or united*. * Êtroitement, (à l'rigueur,) *strictly*. * (Expressément,) *straitly, strictly, particularly, in a particular manner*. Êtron, *f. m. A turd, a sur-reverence*. Êtrouffer, *v. a. (adjuger en Justice.) To adjudge*. Étude, *f. f. (application d'esprit.) Study*. * (Connoissances acquises avec application d'esprit,) *learning, scholarship*. Un homme d'étude, *a learned man, a scholar*. Un homme sans étude, *an illiterate man*. * Étude, (cabinet d'un Procureur, d'un Notaire, &c.) *study, closet*. Étudiant, *subst. m. Student, scholar*. Étudié, *ée, adj. Studied, &c.* * Étudié, (fait avec soin,) *studied, elaborate*. * (Atteint,) *studied, affected, composed*. Étudier, *v. a. (tâcher d'apprendre.) To study*. * (Méditer, préparer,) *to study, meditate or compose*. * (Observer avec soin,) *to study, mind, observe or have an eye upon*. S'étudier, *v. r. To study, labour, endeavour, give one's mind to a thing*. * S'étudier à la vertu, *to add to one's self to virtue*. Étudie, *f. f. A scrivener*. Étui, *f. m. A case*. * Étui de poche à plusieurs instrumens,

ETU

mens, *a sweeter or a case of instruments.*
 Étuve, *f. f. A stove, hot-house, dry bagnio.*
 Étuvée, *f. f. Stewing. Carpe à l'étuvée, a stewed carp. Mettre à l'étuvée, to stew.*
 Étuvement, *subst. masc. Fomenting.*
 Étuyer une plaie, *v. a. To foment or bath a wound.*
 Étuviste, *f. m. Bagnio, bath-keeper.*
 Étymologie, *f. f. Etymology, etymon, derivation of a word.*
 Étymologique, *adj. Etymological.*
 Étymologiste, *f. m. Etymologist.*
 Évacuation, *f. f. Evacuation, voiding or emptying.*
 Évacué, *éc, adj. Evacuated, voided, emptied.*
 Évacuer, *v. a. To evacuate, void or empty.*
 S'évacuer, *v. réc. To evacuate.*
 Évader, *s'évader, v. r. To make one's escape, to get away, to steal away. Faire évader quelqu'un, to favour one's escape, to help one to make his escape, to get him away.*
 Évaluation, *f. f. Pricing, estimate, estimation, valuing, rating.*
 Évalué, *éc, adj. Priced, &c. V. the verb.*
 Évaluer, *v. a. To prize, estimate, value or rate.*
 Évangélique, *adj. Evangelical.*
 Évangéliques, *f. m. pl. Those that reject the old testament, and stick only to the new.*
 Évangéliquement, *adv. Evangelically, according to the Gospel.*
 Évangéliser, *v. a. & n. To preach the Gospel, to evangelize.*
 Évangéliste, *f. m. Evangelist. * Nouvel Évangéliste, a broadcaster of new opinions.*
 Évangile, *f. m. Gospel. * L'Evangile du jour, the current news, the daily intelligence.*
 Évanoui, *ie, adj. (disparu.) Vanished away, gone out of sight. * (Tombé en dé-*

Tomc I.

EVA

faillance,) swooned away, in a swoon.
 Évanouir, *s'évanouir, v. r. To vanish or to vanish away, to disappear, to go out of sight.*
 S'évanouir, *v. r. ou évanouir, v. n. To faint or swoon away, to fall into a swoon.*
 Évanouissement, *f. m. Fainting-fit, a swoon or swooning away. Il lui a pris un évanouissement en se levant, as he got up he swooned away or fell into a swoon.*
 Évaporation, *f. f. Evaporation; * rashness, inconsideration, foolishness.*
 Évaporé, *éc, adj. Evaporated.*
 Un évaporé, *f. m. A giddy-brained, rash, inconsiderate man, a fool.*
 † Évaporer, *v. a. son chagrin ou sa bile. To vent one's grief or passion.*
 S'évaporer, *v. r. To evaporate. * S'évaporer en vaines idées, en chimères, en imaginations, to fill one's head with airy, empty or chimerical notions; * to be full of whims or crotchets.*
 Évulé, *éc, adj. Widened, opened wide.*
 Évaier, *v. a. To widen or open.*
 Évasion, *f. f. (actions de s'évader.) Flight, escape.*
 Eucharistie, *subst. fém. Eucharist.*
 Évêché, *f. m. (Diocèse sujet à un Evêque.) A Bishoprick. * (Le palais de l'Evêque,) a Bishop's house or Palace. * (Dignité d'Evêque,) Bishoprick, Episcopacy.*
 Éveillé, *éc, adj. (qui ne dort pas.) Awake. * (Gai, vif,) airy, brisk, lively, sprightly. * (Soigneux,) watchful, careful, stirring, vigilant, diligent. Un éveillé, a brisk, sprightly boy or man. Une éveillée, a brisk, sprightly girl or woman.*
 Éveiller, *v. a. (interrompre le sommeil.) To wake or awake, to rouse, to break one's sleep, * (Prendre plus*

EVE 259

vif,) to quicken, to brisk up.
 S'éveiller, *v. r. To wake or awake.*
 Événement, *f. m. Event, issue, success, end; * aventure.*
 A tout événement, *adv. Whatever falls out or happens, * † full back, fall edge.*
 Évén, *f. m. (mauvais goût.) A smack or twang. * Mettre des hardes à l'évén, (les mettre à l'air,) to air clothes.*
 Événail, *subst. masc. A fan.*
 Événailiste, *f. m. A fan-maker or fan-seller.*
 Événé, *éc, adj. Fanned, &c. V. Eventer. * Événé, (léger, écervelé,) giddy-brained, shuttle-brained, hare-brained, rash, foolish, light-headed.*
 Événé, *éc, f. A shuttle-brained, hare-brained, giddy-headed or volatile young man or woman.*
 Éventer, *v. a. (faire du vent sur quelque chose.) To fan. * (Mettre au vent,) to air. * Éventer le grain, to air the corn. * Éventer une mine, to give vent to a mine, to counterwork or countermine it. * Éventer (découvrir, rendre public) un secret, to make a secret take vent, to divulge, discover, publish or spread abroad. * Éventer une voile, to fill a sail.*
 S'éventer, *v. r. (se gêner par le moyen de l'air.) To take wind, to die or evaporate, to pall or lose its spirits. * (En parlant d'un secret,) to take vent or wind, to be discovered.*
 Événitoir, *subst. masc. Fire-fan.*
 Événtré, *éc, adj. Drawn, bowelled, &c.*
 Événtrer, *v. a. To draw, to eviscerate. * Événtrer une voile, to split a sail.*
 Evêque, *f. m. A Bishop. P. Un chien regarde bien un Evêque, a cat may look upon a King.*

Q

10 EVE

Version, *f. f.* *Everſion*.
Évertuer, *s'évertuer*, *v. r.*
To labour, ſtrive, ſtudy or endeavour, to take pains.
Euſraïſe, *f. f.* (*herbe*.) *Eye-bright*.
Éviction, *f. f.* (*action d'évincer, terme de Palais.*) *Eviction, diſpoſſeſſion*.
Évidemment, *adj.* *Evidently, clearly, manifeſtly, plainly*.
Évidence, *f. f.* *Evidence*. *✧ Mettre en évidence, to make plain, clear or evident, to demonſtrate*.
Évident, *ente*, *adj.* *Evident, clear, plain, manifeſt*.
Évidé, *ée*, *adj.* *Rounded, &c.*
Évider, *v. a.* *To unſtarch. ✧ Évider*, (*échancrer*.) *To hollow, to cut hollow, to cut ſloping. ✧ Évider*, (*faire une cannelure*), *to hollow or gutter, to groove or make a groove*.
Évier, *f. m.* *A ſink*.
Évincer, *v. a.* (*terme de Palais.*) *To evict, diſpoſſeſs*.
Évitable, *adj.* *Avoidable, that may be avoided*.
Évitée, *f. f.* (*terme de mer.*) *The breadth the channel of a river muſt have to be navigable for ſhips*.
Évité, *ée*, *adj.* *Avoided, &c.*
Éviter, *v. a.* *To avoid, ſhun, eſcape or eſchew*.
Éviter, *v. n.* *To ſwing or tend*.
Éviter au vent, to ſtem the wind or to ſwing at the change of wind.
Eunuque, *f. m.* *An eunuch*.
Évocation, *f. f.* (*action d'évoquer les ames, les eſprits.*) *Conjuration or conjuring up, raiſing up. ✧ Évocation d'une cauſe, the bringing of a cauſe before a higher Court, by order of the Judges thereof*.
Évocatoire, *adj.* *Ex. Cédula évocatoire, a ſummons to appear before a higher Court*.
Évoluer, *v. n.* *Vaiſſeau qui évolue bien, a ſhip that performs her evolutions very well*.
Évolution, *f. f.* *Evolution, part of the military exerciſe*.
Évoqué, *ée*, *adj.* *Conjured up, &c.* *V. Evoquer*.

EXA

Évoquer, *v. a.* (*appeler les ames, les eſprits.*) *To conjure or raiſe up ſpirits. ✧ Evoquer*, (*porter une cauſe d'un Tribunal à un autre*), *to bring before a higher Court*.
Eupatoire, *f. f.* *ſonp-agri-mony, an herb*.
Évuider. *V. Evider*.
Eux, (*the plural of lui*.) *Them*.
Exact, *aſſe*, *adj.* (*régulier, ponctuel.*) *Exact, punctual, ſtriſt, careful, diligent. ✧ (Fait avec ſoin,) exact, accurate*.
Exactement, *adv.* *Exactly, punctually, duly, diligently*.
Exacteur, *f. m.* *Exacter, extortioner*.
Exaction, *f. f.* *Exaction, extortion*.
Exactitude, *f. f.* *Exactneſs, care, carefulneſs, accuracy, diligence. Avoir de l'exaſtitude, to be exact, punctual, careful or diligent*.
Exagérateur, *f. m.* *One that exaggerates or aggravates, an amplifier*.
Exagératif, *ive*, *adj.* *Aggravating, exaggerating*.
Exagération, *f. f.* *Exaggeration, aggravation or amplifying*.
Exagéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Exaggerated, aggravated, amplified*.
Exagérer, *v. a.* *To exaggerate, aggravate or amplify*.
Exagone, &c. *V. Hexagone*.
Exaltation, *f. f.* *Advancement or riſing up to the Pope's dignity. ✧ L'exaltation d'une planete, the exaltation of a planet*.
Exalté, *ée*, *adj.* *Exalted, &c. according to the verb*.
Exalter, *v. a.* (*louer, vanter.*) *To exalt, praiſe, extol or cry up. ✧ (Terme de Chimie, redoubler la vertu d'un minéral,) to exalt or refine, to bring to greater purity*.
Examen, *f. m.* *An examining or examination, diligent ſearch or trial*.
Examineur, *f. m.* *An examiner*.
Examiné, *ée*, *adj.* *Examined, inſpected, &c.* *V. the verb*.
Examiner, *v. a.* *To examine,*

EXC

ſearch or enquire into; ✧ to weigh, conſider, diſcuſs or ſift.
S'examiner, *v. r.* (*s'uſer.*) *To wear out*.
Exarcat ou exarchat, *f. m.* *Exarchate, the country ſubjeſt to an Exarch; ✧ Exarchy or exarchate, the dignity of an Exarch*.
Exarque, *f. m.* *An Exarch*.
Exaucé, *ée*, *adj.* *Heard, granted*.
Exaucer, *v. a.* *To hear or grant*.
Excavation, *f. f.* *Excavation, hollowing*.
Excédant, *ante*, *adj.* & *f.* *Exceeding*.
Excédant, *f. m.* *The overplus*.
Excédé, *ée*, *adj.* (*battu.*) *Abuſed, &c.*
Excéder, *v. a.* (*outré-paſſer.*) *To exceed or go beyond. ✧ (terme de Pratique, battre outrageuſement,) to abuſe*.
Excellentement, *adv.* *Excellently, notably, rarely well, extraordinarily*.
Excellence, *f. f.* *Excellence or Excellency*.
Excellent, *ente*, *adj.* *Excellent, notable, ſingular, extraordinary, choice, rare, good*.
Excellentiſſime, *adj.* *Moſt excellent, rare, good*.
Exceller, *v. n.* *To excel, ſurpaſs, out-do or go beyond, to be the beſt*.
Excentricité, *f. f.* *Excentricity*.
Excentrique, *adj.* *Excentrick*.
Excepté, *ée*, *adj.* *Excepted*.
Excepté, *adv.* *Excepted, except, but, ſave*.
Excepter, *verb.* *aſſ. To except*.
Exception, *f. f.* *Exception. ✧ (Différence, diſtinction.) Exception, difference or diſtinction*.
A l'exception d'un tel, *adv.* *Such a one excepted. ✧ Sans exception d'âge ni de condition, without regard either to age or condition. ✧ Exception, (en termes de Pratique,) exception, at Law*.
Excès, *f. m.* *Exceſs, immoderation; ſuperfluity, too much. ✧ L'excès de votre bonté pour moi, the great*

E X C

kindness you have for me. ♣
Excès, (débauche, dérèglement,) *excess*, riot, debauchery, looseness of manners, intemperance. ♣
Excès, (terme de Pratique, outrage, violence,) *abuse*, outrage.
Excessif, *ive*, *adj.* *Exceeding*, *excessive*, *immoderate*, *extravagant*.
Excessivement, *adv.* *Exceedingly*, *excessively*, *immoderately*, *extravagantly*.
Excitativ, *ive*, *adj.* *Excitative*, *strong*, *violent*, *stirring*.
Excitation, *f. f.* *Excitation*, *stirring*, *provoking*, *the setting aslee*.
Excité, *ée*, *adj.* *Excited*, *stirring up*, &c. according to the verb.
Exciter, *v. a.* *To excite*, *incite*, *provoke*, *stir up*, *cause*, *quicken* or *encourage*.
Exclamation, *f. f.* *Exclamation*, *crying out*.
Exclure, *v. a.* *To exclude*, *debar*, *shut out* or *keep from*.
Exclus, *use*, *adj.* *Excluded*, *debarred*, *shut out* or *kept from*.
Exclusif, *ive*, *adj.* *Exclusive*.
Exclusion, *f. f.* *Exclusion*. A l'exclusion d'un tel, *such a one being excluded*.
Exclusivement, *adv.* *Exclusively*.
Excommunication, *f. f.* *Excommunication*.
Excommunié, *ée*, *adj.* *Excommunicated*.
Excommunié, *f. m.* *une excommuniée*, *f. f.* *A man or woman that is excommunicated*. * † Visage d'excommunié, *an ill look*.
Excommunier, *v. a.* *To excommunicate*.
Excoriation, *f. f.* *Excoriation*, *a fretting of the skin*.
Excrément, *f. m.* *Excrement*.
Excrementeux, *euse*, *adj.* *Excremental* or *excrementitious*.
Excroissance, *f. f.* *Excroissance* or *excreescency*.
Excursion, *f. f.* (course militaire dans le pays ennemi.) *Excursion*, *inroad*.

E X E

Excusable, *adj.* *Excusable*, *to be excused*.
Excusation, *f. f.* *Excusing*, *exemption*.
Excuse, *f. f.* *Excuse*, *reason*; ♣ *excuse* or *pretence*.
Excusé, *ée*, *adj.* *Excused*, &c.
Excuser, *v. a.* (justifier auprès d'un autre.) *To excuse* or *justify*. ♣ (Recevoir une excuse,) *to excuse*, *to admit one's excuse*. ♣ (Tolérer, supporter,) *to excuse*, *bear with* or *pardon*. ♣ Excuser quelqu'un de faire quelque chose, *to excuse one*, *to dispense with him for not doing a thing*.
S'excuser, *v. r.* *To desire to be excused* or *dispensed with*, *to decline*.
Exeat, *f. m.* *A pass* or *leave to go out*.
Exécrable, *adj.* (détestable.) *Execrable*, *abominable*, *detestable*, *curfed*, *odious*, *hateful*. ♣ (Très-mauvais,) *abominable*, *curfed*, *wretched*, *pitiful*.
Exécration, *f. f.* *Execration*, *abhorrence*, *detestation*. ♣ (Profanation des choses sacrées,) *execration*, *imprecation*.
Exécuté, *ée*, *adj.* *Executed*, &c.
Exécuter, *v. a.* (effectuer.) *To execute* or *put in execution*, *to effect* or *perform*. ♣ (Faire mourir par justice,) *to execute* or *put to death by authority*. ♣ Exécuter quelqu'un en vertu d'une sentence, *to distrain one's goods by an execution*.
Exécuteur, *f. m.* (qui exécute.) *Executor*. ♣ L'exécuteur, ou l'exécuteur de la haute justice, *the hangman* or *executioner*.
Exécution, *f. f.* *Execution*, *performance*. ♣ Un homme d'exécution, *a man fit for action*. Exécution d'un criminel, *the execution of a malefactor*. ♣ Exécution, (faïste de meubles,) *distrés* or *distraining of goods*.

E X E 211

Exécutoire, *f. m.* *A writ of execution*.
Exécutoire, *adj.* *By virtue of which goods may be distrained*.
Exécutrice, *f. f.* *Executrix*.
Exemplaire, *adj.* *Exemplary*.
Exemplaire, *f. m.* *A copy*. ♣ (Modele,) *Exemplar*, *a pattern*.
Exemplairement, *adv.* *Exemplarily*.
Exemple, *f. m.* (ce qui peut être imité.) *Example*, *pattern*, *model*. ♣ (Chose pareille à celle dont il s'agit,) *example*, *instance*, *precedent*.
Par exemple, *adv.* *As for example*.
Exemple, *f. f.* (pour apprendre à écrire.) *Copy to learn to write by*.
Exempt, *exempte*, *adj.* *le p ne se prononce point*. *Exempt* or *free from*.
Exempt, *f. m.* *le p ne se prononce point*. *An Exempt*, *a sort of Officer*.
Exempté, *ée*, *adj.* *Exempted*, *freed*, *discharged*.
Exempter, *v. a.* *le p ne se prononce point*. *To exempt*, *free* or *discharge*.
Exemption, *f. f.* *le p se prononce*. *Exemption*, *privilege*, *immunity*, *freedom*.
Exercé, *ée*, *adj.* *Exercised*, *practised*. ♣ Exercé dans l'art militaire, *trained up in warlike discipline*.
Exercer, *v. a.* *To exercise* or *train up*. Exercer son corps, *to exercise one's body*, *to use exercise*. * Exercer (employer) son éloquence, *son esprit*, *to exercise*, *use* or *employ one's eloquence* or *wit*. Exercer sa mémoire, *to exercise or practise one's memory*. ♣ Exercer, (donner de la peine, fatiguer,) *to exercise*, *to tire*, *to harass*. ♣ (faire, pratiquer,) *une profession*, *to exercise* or *practise*. ♣ Exercer une charge, *to exercise* or *bear an office*.
Exercice, *subst. m.* *Exercise*. ♣ (Pratique,) *exercise*, *practise*. ♣ (Métier,) *trade*. * Exercice, (peine, embarras,) *exercise*, *straw*.

212 E X E

ble, vexation. Donner de l'exercice à quelqu'un, to exercise one, to vex him. ♣ Faire l'exercice, (en termes de Guerre,) to exercise. ♣ Exercices, (ce que les jeunes Gentilshommes apprennent à l'Académie,) exercises.
Exergue, f. m. (d'une médaille.) *The exergue of a medal.*
Exfoliation, subst. f. *Exfoliation.*
Exfolier, s'exfolier, v. r. *To exfoliate as a bone does.*
Exhalaison, subst. f. *Exhalation.*
Exhaler, v. act. *To exhale or cast forth. * Exhaler sa colère, to wreak or breathe out one's anger. * Exhaler sa douleur, to vent one's grief, to give it vent.*
S'exhaler, v. r. *To exhale.*
Exhaussé, ée, adjct. *Raised high.*
Exhaussement, f. m. *A raising higher; height or being high. Ce plancher n'a pas assez d'exhaussement, that ceiling is not high enough.*
Exhausser, v. act. (élever.) *To raise, to raise higher.*
Exhérédation, f. f. *Exheredation or disinheriton.*
Exhérédé, ée, adj. *Exheredated, disinherited.*
Exhéréder, v. a. *To exheredate, to disinherit or disherit.*
Exhibé, ée, adj. *Exhibited, produced.*
Exhiber, v. a. *To exhibit or produce.*
Exhibition, f. f. *Exhibiting or exhibition, a producing.*
Exhortation, f. f. *Exhortation, encouraging or encouragement.*
Exhorté, ée, adj. *Exhorted, encouraged, &c.*
Exhorter, v. act. *To exhort, encourage, stir up or persuade. ♣ Exhorter à la mort, to fit or prepare for death.*
Exhumation, f. f. *The digging out of the ground.*
Exhumé, ée, adj. *Digged out of the ground.*
Exhumer, v. a. *To dig a corpse out of the ground.*

E X P

Exigé, ée, adjct. *Exacted, demanded, required.*
Exigence, f. f. *Exigency or exigence, necessity, occasion. Selon l'exigence de la chose, according as the case requires, as occasion shall serve.*
Exiger, v. act. *To exact, demand or require.*
Exigible, adj. *Demandable.*
† Exigu, ué, adjct. *Little, small, slender, petty.*
Exil, f. m. *Exile, banishment.*
**Envoyer en exil, to exile or banish.
Exilé, ée, adjct. *Exiled, banished. Un exilé, an exile, one that is exiled or banished.*
Exiler, verb. act. *To exile or banish.*
Existant, ante, adj. *Existent, that is in being.*
Existence, f. f. *Existence, being.*
Exister, v. n. (avoir l'être.) *To exist, to be. ♣ (Etre en nature,) to be in being.*
Exode, f. m. *Exodus.*
Exoine, f. f. (terme de Pratique.) *Effoin.*
Exorbitamment, adv. *Exorbitantly, extravagantly, immoderately, excessively.*
Exorbitant, ante, adj. *Exorbitant, extravagant, excessive, immoderate. Faire une dépense exorbitante, to be extravagant in one's expenses, to spend extravagantly.*
Exorcisé, ée, adj. *Exorcised, &c.*
Exorciser, v. a. *To exorcise, to conjure out or lay evil spirits.*
Exorcisme, f. m. *Exorcism.*
Exorciste, subst. m. *An exorcist.*
Exorde, f. m. *Exordium, the beginning of a discourse.*
Exotique, adj. (terme dialectique, étranger.) *Exotick.*
Expansion, f. f. *Expansion.*
Expatrier, s'expatrier, v. r. *To quit one's own country.*
Expectant, f. m. *Expectant.*
Expectatif, ive, adjct. *Ex. Grace expectative. V. Expectative.*
Expectation, f. f. *Expectation.***

E X P

Expectative, f. f. (ou grace expectative.) *Certain bulls whereby the Pope grants mandates for Church-livings before they become void. ♣ Expectative, (assurance, attente fondée sur quelque promesse,) expectation, hopes.*
Expectative (survivance) d'une charge, d'un emploi, reversion or survivorship of an employment.
Expédié, ée, adj. (from expédier.) *Dispatched, &c. V. the verb.*
Expédient, adj. *Ex. Il est expédient, (à propos) it is expedient, fit or necessary.*
Expédient, subst. masc. *An expedient, way, device or means.*
Expédier, v. a. (dépêcher.) *To dispatch or expedite. ♣ (Envoyer,) to dispatch or send. ♣ Expédier un homme, (le faire bientôt mourir,) to dispatch a man or dispatch him out of the way. ♣ Expédier, (terme de Pratique, dresser, écrire un acte,) to draw up or write out a writing.*
Expéditif, ive, adj. *Expeditive, of dispatch, quick.*
Expédition, f. f. *Expédition, dispatch. ♣ (Dépêches, lettres, ordres,) dispatches, orders, instructions. ♣ (Entreprise militaire,) expedition, military enterprise or adventure. ♣ (ou Copie,) a copy or duplicate. ♣ Expédition, (provisions pour une charge,) a warrant, patent or commission.*
Expéditionnaire, f. m. *An Officer at the Pope's court for dispatches.*
Expérience, f. f. (épreuve.) *Experience, experiment, trial, proof. ♣ (Connoissance acquise par un long usage,) experience, knowledge.*
Experimental, ale, adj. *Experimental.*
Expérimenté, ée, adjct. (éprouvé.) *Experienced, experimented, tried. ♣ (Vété,) experienced, skilful.*
Expérimenteur, v. a. (éprou-

EX :

Ver par expérience.) To experience or experiment, to try.
 Expert, erte, *adjct.* Expert, skilful, of much experience.
 Experts, *f. m. pl.* Jury of Artists, the most skilful or able men in any art or science appointed to make their report about any thing.
 Expiation, *f. f.* Expiation, atonement.
 Expiatoire, *adj.* Expiatory, that makes atonement.
 Expier, *ée, adj.* Expiered, atoned.
 Expier, *v. a.* To expiate or atone.
 Expiration, *subst. fém.* Expiration.
 Expier, *ée, adj.* Expiered, &c. *V.* Expier.
 Expirer, *v. n.* (mourir.) To expire, dye or breathe one's last. ♣ (Prendre fin.) to expire, to be out, to end.
 Explicable, *adj.* Explicable, that may be explained.
 Explication, *f. f.* Explication, explanation, exposition, interpretation. Faites-nous-en l'explication, explain or expound it to us.
 Explicite, *adjct.* Explicit, plain.
 Explicitelement, *adv.* Explicitly, plainly, expressly.
 Expliqué, *ée, adj.* Explained, explained, expounded, interpreted, unfolded, opened.
 Expliquer, *v. a.* To explicate, explain, expound, interpret, unfold or open. ♣ Expliquer, (enseigner,) to explain or teach. ♣ (Donner à connoître,) to explain, declare or signify.
 S'expliquer, *v. r.* To explain or signify one's thoughts, to speak plain. Expliquez-vous mieux, car on ne vous entend pas, speak plainer, for you are not understood.
 Exploit, *f. m.* (action signalée à la guerre.) Exploit, atchievement, feat, a great act or great deed. ♣ Exploit d'assignation, a summons or sub-pœna. ♣ Exploit de faïsse, an execution upon a judgment.

EXP

Exploitable, *adj.* That may be distrained.
 Exploiter, *v. n.* To serve warrants or the like. ♣ † (Faire quelque action mémorable,) to do some great exploits, atchievement or to do feats in a comical sense.
 Exposant, *ante, f.* (terme de Pratique.) Petitioner.
 Exposé, *ée, adjct.* Exposed, &c. according to the verb.
 Exposé, *f. m.* The suggestion of a petition. ♣ Un faux exposé, a false pretence.
 Exposer, *v. a.* (mettre en vue.) To expose, shew or lay out. ♣ Exposer de la fausse monnoie, (la répandre dans le commerce,) to tender or pass false money.
 Exposer le Saint-Sacrement, des reliques, (les exposer à la vénération du peuple,) to expose the Sacrament or relics. ♣ Exposer, (interpréter,) to expound, explain or unfold, to set forth. ♣ (Déclarer, faire connoître,) to declare, shew, open, represent, make known or signify, to set forth. ♣ Exposer un enfant, to expose a child. ♣ Exposer, (tourner de certain côté,) to expose or turn. ♣ (Mettre en péril,) to expose, to bring into danger, to hazard or venture. ♣ Un homme qui s'expose à la risée de tout le monde, a man that makes himself a laughing-stock or that makes himself ridiculous to every body.
 Exposition, *f. f.* Exposition, shewing, laying out. ♣ (Explication,) exposition or exposing, explanation. ♣ (Narration,) declaration, account, laying open. ♣ L'exposition d'un enfant, the exposing of a child. L'exposition d'un bâtiment, the turning or situation of a building east, west, north or south. ♣ Un arbre planté à une mauvaise exposition, a tree set in an ill place.
 Exprès, *esse, adj.* Express, plain, clear, manifest, positive.

EXT 213

Exprès, *f. m.* An express, a courier.
 Exprès, *adv.* Purposely, on purpose, on set purpose, for the nonce, with a design.
 Expreffement, *adv.* Expressly, plainly, in plain terms, positively, explicitly.
 Expreffif, *ive, adj.* Expressive, significant.
 Expreffion, *f. f.* (l'action d'exprimer le suc, &c.) Straining, wringing or squeezing out. ♣ (Maniere d'exprimer ce qu'on veut dire,) expression, way of expressing one's thoughts, elocution, phrase. ♣ Expression, (représentation,) expressing, representation.
 Exprimable, *adj.* That may be expressed.
 Exprimé, *ée, adj.* Expressed or expressd, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Exprimer, *v. a.* To express. ♣ Exprimer, (tirer le suc en pressant,) to wring, strain or squeeze out.
 Exprovincial, *f. m.* A monk or friar that has been Provincial.
 Expulté, *ée, adj.* Expelled, turned out.
 Expulser, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique, chasser.) To expel, to thrust or turn out.
 Expulsif, *ive, adj.* Expulsive, that drives out.
 Expulsion, *f. f.* Expelling, expulsion, thrusting or turning out.
 Expurgatoire, *adj.* Expurgatory. L'index expurgatoire, the index expurgatory.
 Exquis, *ise, adj.* Exquisite, excellent.
 Extant, *ante, adj.* (terme de Pratique.) Extant, that is in being.
 Extase, *f. f.* Extasy, trance, rapture.
 Extasé, *ée, adj.* In extasy, in a trance, in a rapture.
 S'extasier, *v. r.* To fall in or into an extasy, trance or rapture.
 Extatique, *adj.* Extatick or extatical.
 Extension, *f. fém.* Extension or stretching; ♣ extension extent.

214 EXT

Exténuation, *f. f.* *Extenuation* or *lessening*.
 Exténué, *ée*, *adj.* (diminué.) *Extenuated, lessened.* ♦ (Affoibli,) *extenuated, thin or lean, fallen away*.
 Exténuer, *v. a.* (diminuer.) *To extenuate or lessen.* ♦ (Amaigrir,) *to extenuate, to make thin or lean*.
 Extérieur, *eure*, *adj.* *Exterior, outward, external*.
 Extérieur, *f. m.* *The out-side, outward appearance or shew of a thing or person*.
 Extérieurement, à l'extérieur, *adv.* *Outwardly, on the out-side, by the outward appearance*.
 Exterminateur, *adj.* ou *f. m.* *Destroying; destroyer, exterminator*.
 Extermination, *f. f.* *Extermination, destruction, extirpation*.
 Exterminé, *ée*, *adj.* *Exterminated, destroyed, cut off*.
 Exterminer, *v. a.* *To exterminate, destroy, cut off or extirpate*.
 Externe, *adj.* *External, outward*.
 Externe, *f. m.* *A day-scholar*.
 Extinction, *f. f.* (action d'éteindre.) *Extinction, extinguishing, quenching or putting out.* ♦ Adjurer à l'extinction de la chandelle, *to sell by inch of candle*.
 * L'extinction d'une rente, *extinguishment of rent*.
 Extirpateur, *subst. m.* *Extirpator*.
 Extirpation, *f. f.* *Extirpating or extirpation*.
 Extirpé, *ée*, *adj.* *Extirpated, rooted out*.
 Extirper, *v. a.* *To extirpate, to root out*.
 Extorqué, *ée*, *adje.* *Extorted, got by force or violence, &c.*
 Extorquer, *v. a.* *To extort, to wrest or to get by force or violence*.
 Extorsion, *f. f.* *Extortion, exaction*.
 ExtraCTION, *f. f.* *Extraction, a drawing out, a taking out.* ♦ ExtraCTION, (origine.) *extraction, descent, pedigree*.

EXT

Extraire, *v. a.* *To extract, to draw or take out.* ♦ Extraire un livre, *to abstract or abridge a book*.
 Extrait, *aite*, *adj.* *Extracted, drawn or taken out*.
 Extrait, *subst. m.* (ce qu'on a tiré par voie de chimie.) *A chymical extract.* ♦ (Ce qu'on a tiré de quelque registre,) *extract, a copy of an original writing.* ♦ (Abrégé d'un livre,) *abstract or abridgment of a book.* ♦ Extrait de procès, *a brief*.
 Extraordinaire, *adj.* *Extraordinary, unusual, uncommon.* ♦ Procédure extraordinaire, *criminal process*.
 Extraordinaire, *f. m.* (ce qui ne se fait pas ordinairement.) *An extraordinary.* ♦ Unextraordinaire, (nouvelles que la gazette publie hors du jour ordinaire,) *a supplement to the gazette.* ♦ Extraordinaire des guerres, *an extraordinary treasure or fund appointed in time of war for paying off the forces*. Trésorier de l'extraordinaire, *the treasurer of the wars or the general pay-master of the army*.
 Extraordinairement, *adv.* *Extraordinarily, in an extraordinary or unusual manner;* ♦ *extraordinarily, extremely.* ♦ Procéder extraordinairement contre quelqu'un, *to prosecute one criminally*.
 Extravagamment, *adv.* *Extravagantly, strangely, idly, fillily, foolishly, impertinently*.
 Extravagance, *f. f.* *Extravagance, extravagancy, impertinence, folly.* Faire des extravagances, *to do extravagant things*.
 Extravagant, *ante*, *adj.* & *f.* *Extravagant, foolish, filly, impertinent, idle*.
 Extravagances, *f. f. pl.* *Extravagants, decrees of the Popes added to the Canon Law*.
 Extravaguer, *v. n.* *To extravagate, to talk foolishly, filily or idly, to dote, to rave*.

FAB

Extravale, *ée*, *adj.* *Extravale, fard*.
 Extravafer, s'extravafer, *v. r.* *To extravasate as blood and humours do.*
 Extrême, *adj.* *Extreme, great, very great*.
 Extrême, *f. m.* (contraire.) *Extreme, contrary.* Le froid & le chaud sont les deux extrêmes, *cold and heat are two extremes*.
 Extrêmement, *adv.* *Extremely, extreme, very, much, mighty, mightily, extraordinarily.* ♦ Il a extrêmement d'esprit, *he has a great deal of wit*.
 Extrême-Onction, *f. f.* *The Extreme-Unction*.
 Extrémité, *f. f.* *Extremity, extreme, utmost part, end.* La Laponie est à l'extrémité du golfe Bothnique, *Lapland borders upon the gulf of Bothnia.* ♦ Extrémité, (triste état,) *extremity, strait, misery, necessity, the worst, the lowest condition, the last.* A toute extrémité, (au pis aller,) *when the worst comes to the worst.* Il est réduit à l'extrémité, *he is reduced to straits, he is very low or at a pinch, he is put to his last shifts.* Dans cette dure extrémité, *in this severe necessity.* Etre à l'extrémité ou à l'agonie, *to be a-dying.* Malade à l'extrémité, *dangerously sick.* ♦ Extrémité, (excès,) *extreme, excess.* Vous allez toujours à l'extrémité, *you always run upon extremes*.
 Exubérance, *f. f.* (surabondance.) *exuberance or superabundance*.

F

 FA, *f. m.* (note de musique.) *Fa, a musical note.*
 Fable, *f. f.* *A fable, an apologue;* ♦ *fable, fiction;* ♦ *mythology;* ♦ *fable, tale, story, romance.* ♦ Servir de fable, de risée à tout le monde, *to make one's self a common talk and a laughing-stock*.
 Fabricateur, *f. m.* (fabricateur

FAB

de monnoie.) *A coiner.* *
Fabricateur de faux actes, *a falsifier or forger of writings.* * Fabricateur de nouvelles, *a forger of news or a newsmonger.*
Fabrication, *f. f. Ex.* La fabrication de la monnoie, *coining of money.* * Fabrication d'un faux acte, *the falsifying or forging of a writing.*
Fabrique, *f. fém.* *Fabrick* or *building, frame.* * *Fabrique* d'une église, *fabrick-lands, the revenue of a Church for the repairs and maintenance of it, as also the plate and holy ornaments belonging to it.* * *Fabrique*, (façon de certains ouvrages,) *manufecture, make, making or fashion.* La fabrique des monnoies, *the coining or coinage of money.*
Fabriqué, *ée, adjct.* *Made, &c. V. the verb.*
Fabriquer, *v. a.* *To manufacture or make.* Fabriquer du drap, *to make cloth.* * Fabriquer de la monnoie, *to coin or mint money.* * Fabriquer, (controuver,) *to forge or invent.*
Fabuleux, *euse, adjct.* *Fabulous, feigned, fictitious, romantic.*
Fabuleusement, *adv.* *Fabulously.*
Fabuliste, *f. m.* *Fabulift.*
Façade, *f. f.* (d'un grand édifice.) *Front, fore-front.*
Face, *f. f.* (visage.) *Face or visage.* * (Frontispice,) *front, fore-front or facing.* * (Superficie,) *face, surface or superficies.* * (Etat des affaires,) *face, state or condition of affairs, the past things are at.* * Faire face, *to face.* Ma maison fait face sur la rivière, *my house faces the river.* * Face, (terme de Bassette,) *fafs, at ballet.*
En face, *adv.* (en présence.) *To one's face or before one's face.* * Epouser en face de l'église, *to marry publicly.* * Ce château a une belle avenue en face, *that castle has a fine avenue*

FAC

before it. * *A la face*, (à la vue de,) *to the face or in the presence, before.*
Facer, *v. a.* (terme de Bassette.) *To fafs.*
Facétie, *f. f.* *Merry conceit or humour.*
Facétieusement, *adv.* *Facetiously, pleasantly, comically.*
Facétieux, *euse, adj.* *Facetious, merry, jovial, pleasant, comical.*
Facette, *subst. f.* *Little face, facet.* Diamant taillé à facette, *a diamond cut facet-wise.*
Facetter, *v. a.* *To cut facet-wise.*
Fâché, *ée, adj.* (qui a du chagrin.) *Sorry.* * *Fâché*, (offensé, mis en colere,) *angry, vexed, displeased.*
Fâcher, *v. a.* (offenser.) *To vex, anger, displease, make angry.* * *Fâcher*, (causer du déplaisir,) *to grieve.*
Se fâcher, *v. r.* *To be angry, to fall into a passion.*
Il me fâche, *verb. imp.* *I am sorry.*
Fâcherie, *f. f.* *Grief, trouble, vexation.* Causer, donner de la fâcherie, *to trouble, vex or tease.*
Fâcheux, *euse, adj.* (qui incommode.) *Sad, grievous, troublesome, burdensome.* * (Pénible,) *hard, rugged, difficult, uneasy.* * (Mal-aisé à contenter,) *troublesome, forward, peevish, cross, humourous.*
Un fâcheux, *f. m.* *une fâcheuse, f. f.* *A troublesome man or woman, an impertinent.*
† Faciende, *subst. f.* *Club, gang, cabal.*
Facile, *adj.* (aisé, en tous ses sens.) *Easy, facile.* * Facile, (commode,) *easy or facile, condescending.* * *Esprit ou génie facile, a ready or quick wit or genius.*
Facilement, *adv.* *Easily, with ease.*
Facilité, *f. f.* *Easiness, quickness, facility, readiness.* Avoir une facilité d'esprit admirable, *to have a strange*

FAC 215

ready wit. Une grande facilité d'expression, *a great easiness of expression, a ready tongue, a fluent discourse.* * *Facilité*, (indulgence excessive,) *easiness, easy temper, condescension.*
Facilité, *ée, adjct.* *Facilitated, made easy or facil.*
Faciliter, *v. a.* *To facilitate, to make easy or facile.*
Façon, *f. f.* (figure, forme.) *Fashion, make.* * (Travail de l'artisan,) *fashion, making.* * (Maniere d'agir de parler,) *manner, way, fashion.* * (Air, mine,) *fashion, mine or presence.* * (Complimens,) *compliments, ceremonies, formalities, excuse.* Un homme sans façon, *a plain man, a man without ceremonies, that has a free way with him.* On vit sans façon entre amis, *friends live freely together.* Elle fit quelques petites façons sur son indisposition, *she made some faint excuses on account of her indisposition.* * *Façon de parler*, (phrase,) *a way of speaking, a phrase.* * *De quelque façon que cela soit, however, howsoever it be.* * *Façon*, (soin excessif,) *ado.* Pourquoi faites-vous tant de façons? à quoi bon tant de façons? *why do you make such ado?* * *Façon*, (afféterie,) *affectation.* * Donner à la vigne la première, seconde &c. troisième façon, *to dig the vineyard three several times.* * En aucune façon, en nulle façon, en façon du monde, en façon quelconque, en quelque façon que ce soit, *in no manner, in no wise, by no means, now at all.*
De façon que, *adv.* *So that, inasmuch that.*
Façonné, *ée, adj.* *Fashioned, figured, &c.*
Façonner, *v. a.* *To fashion, figure, polish or finish a piece of work.* * *Façonner*, (former l'esprit, les mœurs,) *to fashion, polish or inform.*
Façonner, *v. n.* *To complete.*

- ment, to be ceremonious or formal. Vous faconnez trop, you compliment too much, you are too ceremonious.*
Faconnier, *f. m.* Faconniere, *f. f.* A ceremonious, complimentary or formal man or woman.
Façons, *f. f. plur.* Façons d'un vaisseau. *Rising of the ship's floor afore and abaft.*
Facteur, *f. m.* A factor. & Facteur ou faiseur d'orgue, an organ-maker. & Facteur, (celui qui distribue les lettres de la poste,) the post-man.
Faëce, *adj.* Fastidious. & Mot faëce, terme faëce, a word or expression coined.
Faëieux, *ieufe*, *adj.* Fastidious, seditious, mutinous.
Faëieux, *f. m.* Une Faëieuse, *f. f.* A factious or seditious man or woman, a ring-leader.
Faëion, *f. f.* Duty of a common soldier. & Faëion, faëion, cabal, parry.
Faëionnaire, *adj. m.* Ex. Soldat faëionnaire, a private sentinel.
Factorerie, *f. f.* Factory.
† Faëton, *f. m.* Faëtonum, do-all, one that does all in a family.
Factum, *f. m. pron.* facton. A case, one's case drawn into the form of a plea.
Facture, *f. f.* (from facteur.) Invoice, a particular of the goods sent to a merchant by his factor or correspondent.
Facultatif, *adj. m.* Ex. Bref facultatif, a Pope's licence or dispensation.
Faculté, *f. f.* (puissance.) Faculty, power, virtue. & (Facilité à faire quelque chose,) faculty, facility, talent. & (Corps de Docteurs,) Faculty, body of doctors.
Facultés, *f. f. pl.* (biens de chaque particulier.) Ability.
Fadaïse, *f. f.* Fiddle-faddle, foolery, foolish trifles.
Fade, *adj.* Insipid, unsavoury, that hath no taste. & Se

- sentir le cœur fade, to have a bad or squeamish stomach, to have one's stomach cloy'd. * Fade, (qui n'a rien d'agréable,) insipid, silly, wiseless, nauseous.
Fadeur, *f. f.* Insipidness, unsavouriness; & insipidness, silliness, a being insipid, silly, nauseous, &c.
Fagot, *f. m.* A fagot. * † Conter des fagots, to tell stories, to talk idly. † Fagot, (paquet de hardes,) bundle.
Fagotage, *f. m.* Making of fagots.
Fagoté, *ée*, *adj.* Tied or made into fagots, &c.
Fagoter, *v. a.* (mettre en fagots.) To tie or make into fagots. & (Mal arranger, mettre en mauvais ordre,) to jumble together.
Fagoteur, *subst. m.* A fagot-maker.
† Fagotin, *f. m.* A mountebank's merry-andrew or jack-pudding.
Fagoue, *f. fém.* A kernel in beasts like a sweetbread of veal.
Faguenas, *f. m.* Rank smell, funk.
Faïence, *f. f.* Dutch or Delft-ware.
Faïencier, *iere*, *adj.* One that keeps an earthen-ware shop, a China-man or woman.
Failli, *ie*, *adj.* Failed, missed, Il est arrivé à jour failli, (à la nuit,) he came in the close of the evening.
Faillir, *v. n.* (manquer à son devoir.) To fail, sin, do amiss, offend or transgress. & (Se tromper,) to fail, mistake or be out. & (Finir, manquer,) to fail. Le cœur me faut, my heart fails me, I faint. Le jour commence à faillir, the day is almost spent, it draws towards night. J'irai là sans faillir, I shall go there without fail. & † Je faillis à le battre, I was e'en ready to bang him, my fingers itched to beat him. † Il faillit à être tué, he was very near, he was within a hair's breadth of being killed. &

- Faillir** (est quelquefois impersonnel, & signifie manquer,) to want, to come short. Il s'en faut de beaucoup, there wants a great deal, it comes infinitely short. Il ne s'en faudra pas un liard, there will not be a farthing wanting. & Tant s'en faut que cela soit, far from that. & Peu s'en faut que je ne le batte, I have a great mind to beat him. Peu s'en est fallu qu'on ne l'ait tué, he was very near being killed. & Faillir, (faire banqueroute,) to fail, to break.
Faillite, *f. f.* Breaking, the turning bankrupt.
Faim, *f. fém.* Hunger. Avoir faim, to be hungry. Mourir de faim, avoir grand faim, to die with hunger, or be starved to death, to be hunger-starved. Se laisser mourir de faim, to starve one's self. & Mourir de faim, (manquer du nécessaire,) to starve, to want bread. * La faim insatiable des richesses, des honneurs, the insatiable desire of riches and honour.
Faine, *f. f.* Beech-mast.
Fainéant, *ante*, *adj.* Idle, lazy, slothful, sluggish.
Un fainéant, une fainéante, *f. An idle or lazy man or woman; † a lazybones, a sluggard.*
† Fainéanter, *v. n.* To be idle, to loiter, to sit still, to do nothing.
Fainéantise, *f. fém.* Idleness, laziness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness.
Faire, *v. a.* (former, fabriquer, composer.) To do or make. & (Causer,) to make, cause. & (Dire, commander,) to bid, command or order. Faites-le entrer, bid him come in. & (Accoutumer, former,) to fashion, use, accustom, inure or train up. & Faire (ou lever) des soldats, to make or to raise soldiers. & Faire, (pratiquer, commettre une action,) to do, to commit, to be guilty of.

F A I

✧ Faire un enfant à une femme, *to get a woman with child.* ✧ Faire un enfant, (accoucher,) *to be brought to bed or delivered.* ✧ Faire des petits, (en parlant des bêtes,) *to bring forth young ones.* ✧ Faire, (représenter, imiter,) *to play, personate or like.* ✧ Faire ou faire sembler, (seindre,) *to pretend, to make as if one were, to feign or counterfeit.* ✧ Faire, (s'ériger,) *to set up.* ✧ Faire un conte, *to tell a story.* ✧ Combien faites-vous ce drap? *how much do you ask for that cloth? what will you sell it for?* ✧ Je n'en veux pas faire pour si peu, *I won't sell so little on't.* ✧ Faire, *to deal at cards.* ✧ Faire beaucoup de chemin, *to go or walk a great way.* Faire un tour de promenade, *to take a turn, to walk.* ✧ Faire (achever) son cours, *to finish its course, as a star does.* ✧ Faire la cuisine, (apprêter les viandes,) *to dress meat.* ✧ Faire le lit, faire la chambre, *to make the bed or room.* ✧ Faire (lâcher) un pet, *to let a fart, to fart.* ✧ Faire la barbe à quelqu'un, *to shave or trim one.* Faire les cheveux, *to cut the hair.* ✧ Faire un bon diné, un bon soupé, *to eat a good dinner or good supper.* ✧ Je ne saurois qu'y faire, *I can't help it.* ✧ Faire, (avoir soin, tâcher,) *to see, endeavour or take care.* ✧ Faire, (être,) *to be.* Cela fait toutes mes délices, *that is all my delight.* Cela ne fait rien à notre propos, *that's nothing or signifies nothing to our purpose.* ✧ Cela fait un fort bel effet, *that looks very well or yields a very fine prospect.* ✧ Faire un grand négoce, *to drive a great trade.* ✧ Faire bien de la bile, *to void much choler.* ✧ Faire, (exercer quelque métier, quelque emploi,) *to exercise, prac-*

F A I

tise or profess. Faire sa charge avec dignité, *to exercise or discharge one's office with dignity.* Faire la médecine, *to practise physick.* Faire profession des armes, *to profess arms, to be a soldier.* ✧ Faire, (publier,) *to give it out, to publish.* On le faisoit mort, *they gave out that he was dead.* ✧ Faire savoir, (apprendre,) *to let one know or hear, to give to understand or to give an account.* ✧ Faire, (causer, attirer, exciter,) *to bring cause, get or raise.* Une femme qui a fait de grandes passions, *a woman that has raised great passions.* ✧ Faire de l'eau, (pissier,) *to make water, to piss.* ✧ Il tâche de vous faire quelque argent, *he endeavours to get or raise some money for you.* ✧ Faire venir, (envoyer chercher,) *to call or send for.* ✧ Faire venir, (causer,) *to bring or use.* ✧ Faire entrer ou sortir, *to call in or out.* Faire sortir par force, *to force or drive out, to drive forth.* ✧ Faire de l'exercice, *to use exercise.* ✧ C'est à faire à moi d'y aller, *it is my business to go thither.* ✧ Cela n'y fait rien, (n'importe,) *'tis no matter.* ✧ Je n'ai que faire de cela, *I have no need of that.* ✧ Avoir à faire à quelqu'un, *to have business with one, to have to do with him.* ✧ J'en ai à faire, (besoin,) *I have need of or occasion for it, I want it.* ✧ Qu'en avez-vous à faire? *What is that to you?* ✧ Il a fait à moi ou avec moi, (j'ai rompu avec lui,) *I have done with him or I am out with him.* ✧ Il m'a fait le détail de cette affaire, *he gave or told me the particulars of that business.* ✧ Je vais où tu n'as que faire, *I go where thou hast no business.* ✧ Faire les yeux doux à quelqu'un, *to look sweetly upon one.* ✧ Faire le grand,

F A I 217

to carry it high, to take state upon one's self. ✧ Faire le fin, *to carry it cunningly.* ✧ Faire la sourde oreille, *to be deaf of one ear, to give no ear or heed to.* ✧ Faire la petite bouche, *to mince it.* ✧ Faire gloire de quelque chose, *to pride or take a pride in a thing, to value one's self upon it.* ✧ Être à tout faire, *to be for any thing.* ✧ Faire des armes, *to fence.* ✧ Faire faux feu. *V. Feu.* ✧ Faire un faux pas, *to make a false step, to slip, to trip or miss one's footing.* ✧ Faire la culbute, *to fly top over tail.* ✧ Faire des fredons, *to run a division, to trill or quaver.* ✧ Faire un pas, *to make or set a step.* Faire un fait, *to take a leap.* *R.* On dit, en termes de mer: Faire du bois, *to take in a provision of wood.* Faire de l'eau, faire aiguade, *to take in water or fresh water.* Faire voile, *to set sail, to sail.* Faire voile sur un vaisseau, *to bear up to a ship.* Faire pavillon blanc, *to put out a white flag.* Faire le Nord ou le Sud, *to stand to the North or South, to steer one's course Northward or Southward.* Faire côte, *to run a-shore.* Faire vent arrière, *to run before the wind or to scud.* Faire une bordée, *to make a board or tack.* Faire, *v. n.* (être convenable, être bienléant,) *to look, to fit.* Ces deux choses font fort bien ensemble, *these two things look very well together.* Cet habit vous fait fort bien, *that suits fits you very well, you look very well in it.* ✧ Faire une bonne maison, *to raise, to set up one's family.* Avoir beau faire, faire main-basse, faire ses choux gras, faire foi, faire un écart, faire part, faire la vie, faire un cours. *V.* Beau, bas, chou, foi, écart, part, vie, cours, ✧

Faire le procès à quelqu'un, *to try one or to arraign one.* ♣ Faire une belle & bonne mort, *to die honourably and well.* R. Faire, en termes de Guerre. Ex. Faire la sentinelle, *to stand sentry.* Faire la garde, *to be upon the guard.* Faire la revue, *to view, to muster, to take a review.* ♣ Faire banqueroute, *to break, to turn bankrupt.* ♣ Faire la dépense, (être maître-d'hôtel,) *to buy every thing, to be the steward.* ♣ Faire une querelle à quelqu'un, *to pick a quarrel with one.* ♣ Faire la ronde, *to walk the rounds.* ♣ Il fait clair de lune, *the moon shines.* ♣ Il ne fait que d'entrer, *he is but just come in.* Il ne fait que de sortir, *he is but just gone out.* ♣ Faire prêter serment à quelqu'un, *to tender the oath to one, to put one to his oath.* ♣ Faire faire, *to bespeak, to get made.* ♣ Faire tant, (faire en sorte que,) *to labour, to endeavour.* ♣ Faire violence à quelqu'un, *to offer violence to one, to fall violently upon him.* ♣ Je lui fis mille excuses de l'avoir fait attendre si longtemps, *I asked him a thousand pardons, for making him wait so long.* Je lui fis mille remerciemens, *I thanked him a thousand times.* ♣ Lui faire bon ou mauvais visage, *to receive one kindly or unkindly.*

Faire, se faire, *v. récip. (se former.) To improve one's self or to improve.* ♣ Se faire des amis, *to get friends.* ♣ Se faire, (devenir,) *to turn or become.* Il se fait tard, *it grows late, it grows toward night.* ♣ Se faire à quelque chose, *to use or inure one's self to a thing.* Se faire à la patience, *to learn patience.* ♣ Se faire des affaires, *to bring one's self into trouble or into a premunire.* Se faire voir, *to*

shew one's self. Se faire sentir. *V. Sentir.* ♣ Se faire les cheveux, *to get one's hair cut.* Se faire les ongles, *to pare one's nails.* ♣ Se faire fort d'une chose, *to presume upon a thing, to take it upon one's self.* ♣ S'en faire accroire, *to be conceited, to have a good opinion of one's self.* ♣ Il se peut faire, *it is possible, it may be.* Se peut-il faire? *is it possible?* ♣ Cela se faisoit autrefois, *that was done, that was in use of old or formerly.* ♣ Il l'assura que s'il faisoit diligence, il se feroit une révolution en sa faveur, *he assured him that if he made haste, there would be a revolution in his favour.*

Faire, *verb. imperf. To be.* Il fait chaud, *it is hot.* Il fait froid, *it is cold.* Il y fait cher vivre, *it is dear living there.*

Faïtable, *adj. Feasible, that may be done.* ♣ (Licite,) *lawful.*

Faïsan, *f. m. Pheasant, the cock-pheasant.*

Faïlandé, *ée, adj. Kept till it gets a hogoo.*

Faïlandeau, *subst. m. (jeune faisan.) A young pheasant, a pheasant-powt.*

Faïlander, se faïlander, *v. r. To get a taste of venison.*

Faïlanderie, *f. f. A pheasant-walk.*

Faïlandier, *f. m. He that breeds pheasants.*

Faïlant. 'Tis a particle of Faire.

Faïsceau, *f. m. Bundle.*

Faïseur, *f. m. Faïseuse, f. f. (qui fait quelque ouvrage.) A maker.* ♣ Faïseur de livres, *a scribbler or paultry author.* P. Les grands diseurs ne sont pas les grands faïseurs, *P. great talkers are not always the great doers.*

Fait, aite, *adj. Done, made, &c. V. the verb Faire.* ♣ C'est un homme fait, *he is a man or a full grown man.* ♣ Tenez cela pour fait, *you may depend upon that.* ♣

On n'auroit jamais fait & l'on vouloit raconter, *it would be an endless task to relate.* Un homme bien fait, (un bel homme,) *a comely, handsome or well-made man.* Un homme bien fait, (bien formé, bien tourné,) *a genteel or accomplished man.* Une demoiselle bien faite, *a handsome lady.* Fait à plaisir, fait à peindre, *extraordinary handsome.* * † Avoir la tête mal faite, (être extravagant,) *to be crack-brained.* P. Rome n'a pas été faite en un jour, *P. Rome was not built in one day.* ♣ Je suis fait à cela, *I am use to it.* ♣ Je suis ainsi fait, *I am of that temper, that's my humour.* ♣

Un prix fait, *a set rate or price.* ♣ De compte fait, *upon computation.* ♣ Comme vous voilà fait! (que vous avez mauvais visage!) *how ill you look!* ♣ Comme vous voilà fait! (que vous êtes mal vêtu!) *what a pickle you are in!* ♣ C'en est fait, c'est fait de moi, *I am gone, I am undone, my business is done.* C'en est fait, il n'y a plus de remède, *'tis done, there's no remedy, the thing is past recovery.* ♣ Il vient d'expirer, c'en est fait, *he just now gave up the ghost; he is gone.*

Fait, *f. m. (action.) Faï, aï, deed, action.* ♣ Mettre ou poser en fait, *to take for granted.* ♣ Fait, (exploit militaire,) *feat, exploit, achievement.* ♣ (Cas, affaire, question,) *faï or matter of faï, concern, case, matter, business, point.* ♣ Prendre fait & cause pour quelqu'un, ou faire son propre fait des intérêts de quelqu'un, *to take one's part, to espouse his quarrel or interest.* ♣ Être sûr de son fait, *to go upon sure grounds;* * † *to be cock-sure.* ♣ Voie de fait, *violent, forcible, and unlawful means.* ♣ Cet homme

F A I

sera bien votre fait, *that man will fit you very well.* Cette charge seroit bien votre fait, *that place would do very well for you.* La Poésie est son vrai fait, *Poetry is his element.* Il leur donna à chacun leur fait, *he gave every one his share.* J'ai besoin de mon fait, *I want my own.*
 † Donner le fait à quelqu'un, lui donner son fait, *to give one his own, to pay him off.* Il nia le fait qu'on lui imputoit, *he denied the charge or fact.* En fait (en matière) de littérature, *in point of learning.*
 Tout-à-fait, *adv. Altogether, wholly, totally, entirely.*
 † De fait, *adv. Indeed.*
 Faitage, *f. m. The roof or top of a house or the roof-timber; the ridge piece of timber; the ridge lead that covers the ridge-piece of timber.*
 † Faitardise, *f. f. Idleness, sluggishness, sloth.*
 Faîte, *f. m. (d'un édifice.) The top or ridge of a house. (Sommet d'une chose élevée,) top, height.* * Le faite des honneurs, de la gloire, *the height or pinnacle of honours and glory.*
 Faitière, *f. f. A ridge-tile, a gutter-tile.*
 Faix, *f. m. Weight, burden.*
 Falaise, *f. f. A steep shore, hills by the sea-side.*
 Falaisier, *v. n. Ex. La mer falaise, the sea breaks upon coast.*
 Falbala, *f. m. Furbelow.* Falbala volant, *a flounce.*
 Fallace, *f. f. (terme de Logique.) Fallacy.*
 Fallacieusement, *adv. Fallaciously.*
 † Fallacieux, *euse, adj. Fallacious.*
 Falloir, *v. imperf. (être de nécessité, de devoir.) 'Tis a verb impersonal, only used in these tenses, viz: il faut, il falloir, il fallut, il a fallu, il faudra, il faudroit, qu'il faille, qu'il fallût, il auroit fallu.*
 Il faut. *Ex. Il faut, que je le*

F A L

fasse, *I must do it.* Il faut que tu le fasses, *thou must do it, &c.* Il faut faire cela, *that must be done.* Il faut mourir une fois, *we must die once.* Il me faut mourir, *I must die.* Il nous faut marcher, *we must march, &c.* Il faut de l'argent, *money must be had.* Il me faut de l'argent, *I must have money.*
 Il ne faut que cela (cela suffit) pour me rendre heureux, *that thing alone may make me happy or is sufficient to make me happy.* Vous faites ce qu'il faut, *you do what's fitting.* Vous faites plus qu'il ne faut, *you do more than enough, you over-do.* Vous lisez plus qu'il ne faut, *you read too much.* Il a le tempérament qu'il faut pour engendrer, *he is of a right temper to get children.* Je l'ai rossé comme il faut, *I banged him soundly.* C'est un faire le faut, *that's a forced put, there's an absolute necessity for it.* Combien vous faut-il ou que vous faut-il pour cela? *what must you have or what do you ask for that?* Si faut-il qu'il s'explique là-dessus, *whatever the matter may be, he must speak plain about it.*
As for the other tenses, mind these following phrases.
 Il falloir y aller, *you should have gone, it was convenient or fitting for you to go thither.* Il falloir être venu plutôt, *you should have come sooner.* Ne falloir-il pas que je le fusse auparavant? *should I not have known it beforehand?* J'ai cru qu'il me falloir répondre, *I thought I ought to answer or that it was my duty to answer.* Il fallut y aller, *il fallut que j'y allasse, I was fain to go thither.* Il m'a fallu tout dire, *I was fain or forced to tell all.* Il ne m'en fallut pas davantage pour me confirmer dans mes soupçons, *this was sufficient to confirm my suspi-*

F A M 219

cions. Il faudra le faire, *you must do it.* Il faudroit donc l'en avertir, *you should then let him know of it.* Il auroit fallu s'y prendre ainsi, *you should have gone that way to work.* Falloir, (manquer,) *to be wanting. V.*
 Faillir.
 Falot, *f. m. Light, a crescent-light.*
 † Falot, *ote, adj. Ridiculous; pleasant, merry, comical.* Un falot, *a jack-pudding or a jack-an-apes.*
 Falourde, *f. f. A great faggot, a faggot of round sticks.*
 Falsificateur, *f. m. Falsifier.*
 Falsification, *f. f. A falsifying, falsification, counterfeiting, or forging; counterfeited, forgery.*
 Falsifié, *ée, adj. Falsified; forged or counterfeited, &c.*
 Falsifier, *v. a. To falsify, forge or counterfeit.* Falsifier le vin, *to adulterate or sophisticate wine.* Falsifier la monnaie, *to embase the coin.*
 Fame, *f. f. (terme de Pratique.) Fame, reputation.*
 Famélique, *adject. Hungry; hunger-starved.* * Village famélique, *a starved countenance.*
 Fameux, *euse, adj. Famous; renowned, celebrated.*
 Familiarisé, *ée, adj. Familiarized, grown familiar.*
 Familiariser, *se familiariser, v. réc. To familiarize one's self, to make one's self familiar, to grow familiar, to contract a familiarity with.*
 Familiarité, *f. f. Familiarity, familiar way of converse, intimacy.* Prendre un peu trop de familiarité, *to make one's self too familiar.*
 Familier, *iere, adj. Familiar; intimate, free.* (Devenu facile par l'habitude,) *familiar, easy.* Esprit familier, *a familiar, a familiar spirit.* Familier (ordinaire,) *familiar, usual.*
 Familier, *f. m. (qui en use d'une façon trop libre.) Familier.*
 Familièrement, *adv. Familiarly, freely.*

Famille, *f. f.* *Family, household.* Affaires de famille, *family or domestic concerns.* Chef de famille, *a house-keeper.* * Famille, (tous ceux d'un même sang,) *family, kindred.* * (Race,) *family, house, stock.*
Famine, *f. f.* (*from faim.*) *Famine, dearth, scarcity.*
Fanage, *f. m.* *Hay-making, hay-maker's salary.*
Fanal, *f. m.* *The lanthorn or light of a ship.* Faire fanal, *to carry the lanthorn or light.* * Fanal, (feu à l'entrée des ports ou le long des côtes,) *a light, a watch-light.* * (Tour où il y a un fanal, un phare,) *a light-house.* * Fanal sourd, *a dark lanthorn.*
Fanatique, *adj.* *Fanatic.*
Fanatique, *f. f.* *A fanatic, a religious coxcomb.*
Fané, *éc, adi.* *V. Faner.*
Faner, *v. aci.* *To make brave.* * (Flétrir,) *to dry up, to cause to fade away, wither or decay.*
Se faner, *v. r.* *To fade away, to wither or decay.*
Faneur, *f. m.* *Faneuse, f. f.* *A hay-maker.*
† Fanfan, *f. m.* *Child, dear child or * honey.*
Fanfare, *f. f.* *A flourish of a trumpet.*
Fanfaron, *f. m.* *Swaggering, boasting, vain-glorious, bragging.* * (Faux brave,) *a braggadochio, a swaggerer or swaggering fellow, bully or Hectoring blade.* * (Qui se vante trop,) *a great boaster, a pretender or cracker to great matters.*
Fanfaronnade, *f. f.* *Swaggering, ostentation, rodomontado, bragging, boasting.*
Fanfaronnerie, *f. f.* *Ro domontading, rodomontade.*
† Fanfreluche, *f. f.* *Riff-raff, a mean set-off.*
Fange, *f. f.* *Dirr, mud, mire.*
Fangeux, *euse, adj.* *Dirty, muddy, miry.*
Fanion, *subst. m.* *A kind of banner.*
Fanon, *f. m.* *Dew-lap of an ox, cow, &c.* * *the beard or whiskers of a whale.* *

(Toupet de poil au derriere du boulet de quelques chevaux,) *fellock.* * Les fanons d'une mitre, *the pendants of a Bishop's mitre.* * Fanon, (manipule, ornement sacerdotal,) *fannel or manipule.*
Fantaisie, *f. f.* *Fantasy, fancy, imagination.* * (Elprit, pensée,) *fancy, mind, thoughts.* * (Humeur, envie,) *fancy, mind, humour, desire.* * (Opinion,) *fancy, opinion.* * (Caprice,) *fancy, maggot, frolick, caprice, crotchets, whimsy.*
Fantastique, *adj.* *Fantastical, humourful, capricious, whimsical, whimsical, odd.*
Un fantastique, *f. m.* *une fantastique, f. f.* *An humourful or fantastical man or woman, &c.*
Fantastiquement, *adv.* *Fantastically, capriciously, whimsically, oddly.*
Fantassin, *f. m.* *A foot soldier.*
Fantastique, *adj.* *Fantastical, chimerical, idle.*
Fantôme, *f. m.* (spectre.) *A phantom or fantom, vision, spirit, ghost, spright.* * Fantôme, (chimere,) *chimera, fancy.* * Il n'est que le fantôme d'un Roi, *he is but the shadow of a King.* * Fantômes, (images qui restent dans l'imagination,) *images of sensible things.*
Faon, *f. m.* *prononcez Fan.* *Fawn, a young deer.*
Faonner, *verb. n.* *To fawn or calve.*
Faquin, *f. m.* *A sneaking, pitiful or sordid fellow, a scoundrel.* Un riche faquin, *a rich miser, a penny-father.* * Faquin, (figure d'un homme de bois,) *a wooden head or statue to run atilt.* La courie au faquin, *the running at the head.*
Farce, *f. f.* (comédie bouffonne.) *A farce, a droll.* * Farce, (mélange de diverses viandes ou herbes,) *farce-meat, any stuffing in meat.*
Farceur, *f. m.* *A farce-player.* * (Bouffon,) *a buffoon, a*

fool, a droll, a merry-andrew.
Farci, *ie, adj.* (*from farcir.*) *Crammed, stuffed, &c.*
Farcin, *f. m.* *Farcy.*
Farcineux, *euse, adj.* *That has got the farcy.*
Farcir, *v. a.* *To stuff or cram.* Se farcir l'estomac de viandes, *to stuff one's guts, to cram or fill one's self with meat.*
Fard, *f. m.* (pour embellir le teint.) *Paint.* * Fard, (faux ornement, en matière d'éloquence,) *insel.* * (Déguisement, feinte,) *disguise, pretence, dissimulation.*
Fardage, *f. m.* *Dunnage.*
Fardé, *éc, adj.* *Painted, &c.* *V. Farder.*
Fardeau, *f. m.* *A burden, load, weight.*
Farder, *v. a.* *To paint.* * Farder son discours ou son langage, *to flourish one's discourse, to use flourishes.* * Farder les marchandises, *to trim up commodities, to put a gloss upon them.*
Se farder, *verb. réc.* *To paint.*
Farfadet, *subst. m.* *A familiar spirit or hob-goblin; also * a silly, trifling fellow.*
Farfouillé, *éc, adj.* *Fumbled, fumbled about.*
Farfouiller, *verb. aci.* *To rummage.*
† Fariboles, *f. f. pl.* *An idle discourse, trifles, trifling stuff, a tale of a tub.*
Farine, *f. f.* *Meal.* Fleur de farine, *flower.*
Farineux, *euse, adjeci.* *White with meal.* Il est farineux comme un meunier, *he is white all over like a miller.* * Dartre farineuse, *a white tetter.*
Farouche, *adj.* *wild, fierce, savage; * fierce, austere, severe, inflexible, intractable.*
Fasce, *f. f.* (terme de Blason.) *Fes.*
Fascé, *éc, adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Fesfy.*
Fascination, *f. f.* *Fascination, bewitching.*
Fascine, *f. f.* *Fascine.*
Fasciné, *éc, adj.* *Fascinated, bewitched.*

FAS

Fasciner, *v. a.* To fascinate, to bewitch.
 Faféole, *f. f.* Kidney - bean or french-bean.
 Fasher ou Faféyer, *v. n.* To shiver speaking of the fairs.
 Faste, *f. m. sans pluriel.* Pageantry, ostentation, vain show, pomp; *♣* flatulencies, pride, vain glory.
 Fastes, *f. m. pl.* (calendrier des Romains.) The kalendrier of the ancient Romans.
 Fastidieux, *euse, adj.* Nau-sidious, tedious, irksome.
 Fastidieusement, *adverb.* Tediously.
 Fastueusement, *adv.* Stately, proudly.
 Fastueux, *euse, adj.* Proud, stately, pompous.
 Fat, *adj. m.* Silly, foolish, foppish, impertinent. Un fat, a coxcomb, a silly fop.
 Fatal, *ale, adj.* Fatal or fated, ordered or appointed by fate; *♣* fatal, unlucky, unhappy.
 Fatalement, *adv.* Fatally, by order of destiny; *♣* unhappily.
 Fatalité, *f. f.* (destinée inévitable.) Fatality, fate, destiny; *♣* fatality, misfortune.
 Fatidique, *adj.* Fatidical, foretelling.
 Fatigant, *ante, adj.* Fatiguing, tiresome, toilsome, troublesome.
 Fatigue, *f. f.* Fatigüe, toil, hardship. *♣* Fatigue des soldats, hard duty. *♣* Un homme de fatigue, a hardy man. *♣* Un chapeau de fatigue, a hat fit for service. *♣* Fatigue, (lassitude,) fatigue, weariness or being tired.
 Fatigué, *ée, adj.* Tired, wearied, fatigued, &c.
 Fatiguer, *v. n.* To tire, weary or fatigue, to harass. *♣* Fatiguer les soldats, to put soldiers to hard duty. *♣* Fatiguer, (importuner,) to tire, tease, trouble or importune.
 Fatiguer, *v. n.* To take pains, to work hard, to be laborious.
 Fatras, *f. m.* Rubbish, trifles,

FAT

trash, paltry stuff, things insignificant.
 Fatuité, *f. f.* Foolishness, sop-pery, silliness, impertinence, simplicity.
 Faubert, *f. m.* A swab.
 Fauberter, *v. a.* To swab.
 Fauchage, *f. m.* Mowing.
 Fauche, *f. f.* Mowing.
 Fauché, *ée, adj.* Mowed.
 Faucher, *v. a.* To mow.
 Fauchet, *f. m.* A rake.
 Faucheur, *f. m.* Mower.
 Faucheux, *f. m.* (espèce d'araignée.) A spinner.
 Faucille, *f. f.* A sickle.
 Faucon, *f. m.* A hawk, a falcon.
 Fauconneau, *f. m.* (pièce d'artillerie.) Falconet, a great gun about six feet and an half long.
 Fauconnerie, *f. f.* Hawking, falconry; *♣* the place where hawks are kept.
 Fauconnier, *f. m.* A falconer.
 Fauconnière, *f. f.* A hawk-bag.
 Faveur, *f. f.* (grace, bien-fait.) Favour, kindness, benefit, good office, courtesy. *♣* Faveur, (bonnes grâces,) favour, benevolence. *♣* (Pouvoir auprès du Prince, &c.) favour, credit, interest. *♣* Faveur, (présent d'une dame,) a lady's favour or a small present. Les dernières fa-veurs d'une maîtresse, the last favours or enjoyment of a mistress. *♣* Le procès a été jugé en ma faveur, the cause went on my side. Il a testé en faveur du cadet, he has left his estate to his younger son. *♣* Lettres de faveur, recommendatory letters or letters of recommendation. Avoir la faveur du peuple, to be in favour with the people, to have the people on one's side, to be the people's darling or favourite. *♣* A la faveur, (par le moyen, par l'aide,) by the favour, means or help.
 Faufiler, *v. a.* To hustle.
 Se faufiler, *v. r.* (être faufilé avec quelqu'un.) To keep company with, to consort.
 Favorable, *adj.* Favourable,

FAU 221

propitious, gracious, kind.
♣ Une bleissure favorable ou légère, a favourable, a light wound. *♣* Il l'a tué à son corps défendant, le cas est favorable, he killed him in his own defence, the case does not fall within the rigour of the law.
 Favorablement, *adv.* Favourably, graciously, kindly, lovingly.
 Favori, *ite, adj.* Favourite, darling, dearly beloved.
 Favori, *f. m.* favorite, *f. f.* A favourite, a minion.
 Favorisé, *ée, adj.* Favoured; countenanced, helped, befriended.
 Favoriser, *v. a.* To favour, countenance, help or befriend.
 Faussaire, *f. m.* (from faux.) A forger of writings.
 Fausse, *the feminine of faux.*
 Fauffé, *ée, adj.* Bent, &c.
 V. Fausser.
 Fauffement, *adv.* Falsely, false, wrongfully.
 Fausser, *v. a.* (violier sa foi.) To break, violate or go from one's word, oath, &c.
♣ Fausser compagnie, to flinch, to turn flincher. *♣* Fausser (faire plier) une épée, une clef, to bend a sword or key.
 Se fausser, *v. r.* (plier.) To bend.
 Fauffet, *f. m.* A faucet, for a hog'shead. *♣* (Faux-dessus,) a faint treble in music.
 Fauffeté, *subst. f.* Falseness, untruth, imposture, duplicity.
 Faut, *V.* Falloir & faillir.
 Faute, *f. f.* (manquement.) Fault. *♣* (Erreur,) fault, error, mistake. *♣* (Imperfection,) fault, defect. *♣* (Manque,) want, need, penury. *♣* Sans faute, (sans faillir,) without fail.
 Faute, *adv.* For want.
 Fauteuil, *f. m.* A great chair, an elbow or arm-chair, a chair of state.
 Fauteur, *f. m.* A favourer or fautor, a cherisher, main-tainer or abettor.
 Fautif, *ive, adj.* Faulty.
 Fautrice, *f. f.* (from fauteur.) A she-favourer, &c.

222 FAU

Fauve, *adj.* *Fallow.*
Bête fauve, *f. f.* ou *fauve*, *f. m.* collectif. *Deer.*
Fauvette, *f. f.* *Linger*, a sort of bird.
Faux, *fausse*, *adj.* *False*, *not true*, *untrue*. ♦ **Faux acte**, a *false*, *forged*, *counterfeited* or *falsified deed* or *writing*. ♦ **Faux coin**, *false coin* or *money*, *bad money*, *counterfeit coin*. ♦ **Faux**, (*feint*), *false*, *feigned*, *counterfeit*, *sham*. ♦ **Faux**, (*infidèle*), *false*, *treacherous*, *unfaithful*. **Fausse pointe**, *fausse raillerie*, *dull jest*. ♦ **Un faux pas**, a *false step*. **Faire un faux pas** en marchant, *to make a false step*, *to miss one's footing*. ♦ **Faux - fuyant**, (*subterfuge*), a *shift*, *evasion* or *subterfuge*. ♦ **Faux**, (*discordant*), *false*, *jarring*, *disagreeing*. **Faux frais**, *idle expenses*. ♦ **Un faux brave**, a *false brave*, a *bully*, a *hectoring blade*. ♦ **Faux monnoyeur**, a *false coiner*. ♦ **Faire faux - bond** à son honneur, *to dishonour one's self*. ♦ **Faux-brillant**, (*pen-sée subtile qui n'a point de solidité*), *insinuation*. **Cheval faux**, *qui galope faux*, a *horse that does not gallop true*. ♦ **Fausse - manches**, *false sleeves*, *shams* or *cover-sluts*. ♦ **Fausse - porte**, a *back-door*. **Fausse - braie**, *false bray*. ♦ **Fausse-couche**, a *miscarriage*. ♦ **Fausse quille**, *false keel*.
Faux, *f. m.* (*faufet*). ♦ **Fals-hood**.
Faux, *adv.* *False*. ♦ **S'inscrire en faux** contre quelqu'un, *to prove a thing false against one*.
A faux, *adv.* *Falsely*, *undoubtedly*, *wrongfully*.
Faux, *f. f.* *Scythe*.
Fauxbourg, *subst. masc.* *Suburb*.
Faux-saunier, *f. m.* *A smuggler in salt*.
Fayance. *V. Faïence*.
Féal, *féaux*, *adj.* *Trusty*.
Fébricitant, *ante*, *adj.* *That has the ague upon him or her, troubled with an ague*.

FEC

Fébrifuge, *f. m.* *Febrifuge*, *an ague-powder*.
Fécal, *ale*, *adj.* *Ex. Matière fécale*, *man's excrements*, a *sur-reverence*, a *turd*.
Feces, *f. f. pl.* (*terme de Chimie*). ♦ *Feculency*, *dreps*.
Fécond, *onde*, *adj.* *Fertile*, *fruitful*, *copious*; ♦ *fecundity*.
Fécondité, *f. f.* *Fecundity*, *fruitfulness*, *copiousness*; ♦ *fecundities*.
Fée, *f. f.* *A fairy*.
† Féé, *ée*, *adj.* *Enchanted*.
Féer, *v. a.* *To enchant*.
Féerie, *f. f.* *The fairy art*.
Féindre, *v. a.* (*faire semblant*). *To feign* or *dissemble*, *to pretend*, *to make as if*, *to counterfeite*. ♦ (*Controuver*), *to feign* or *make fictions*, *to devise*, *to contrive*, *to forge*.
Féindre, *v. n.* *To stand or stick*, *to scruple*. ♦ (*Être un peu boiteux*), *to go lame*.
Feint, *einte*, *adj.* *Feigned*, *counterfeited*, &c. ♦ (*Dis-simulé*), *dissembling*.
Feinte, *f. f.* *Disimulation*, *dissembling*, *disguise*, *feint*. *User de feinte*, *to use dissimulation*, *to dissemble*. ♦ **Feinte**, (*terme d'Escrime*), a *feint* in *fencing*.
† Feintise, *subst. fem.* *Dissembling*.
Fêlé, *ée*, *adj.* *Cracked*.
Fêler, *v. a.* *To crack*.
Félicitation, *f. f.* *Congratulation*, *wishing joy*.
Félicité, *f. f.* *Felicity*, *happiness*, *blessedness*.
Féliciter, *v. a.* *To congratulate* or *wish joy*.
† Félon, *onne*, *adj.* (*rebelle*, *traître*). ♦ *Felonious*, *rebellious*.
Félonie, *f. f.* *Felony*, *rebellion*.
Féluque, *subst. f.* *Feluca*, a sort of small vessel much used upon the *Mediterranean*.
Fêlure, *f. f.* *A crack*.
Femelle, *f. f.* *A female*.
Femelle, *adj.* (*en parlant des oiseaux*). ♦ *Hen*. *Un moineau femelle*, a *hen-sparrow*.
Femelots de gouvernail, *f.*

FEN

m. pl. *The googings of the rudder*.
Féminin, *ine*, *adj.* (*qui appartient à la femme*). ♦ *feminine*, *belonging to the woman*. ♦ (*Qui tient de la femme*). ♦ *womanish*, *woman-like* or *effeminate*.
Féminisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Made feminine*, *made of the feminine gender*.
Féminiser, *v. a.* *To make feminine*, *to make of the feminine gender*.
Femme, *f. f.* (*la femelle de l'homme*). ♦ *Woman*. ♦ (*Par rapport au mari*). ♦ *wife*. ♦ *Une sage-femme*, a *midwife*. ♦ *Femme ou femme de chambre*, *woman* or *waiting woman*. ♦ *Femme de charge*, a *house-keeper*.
Femmelette, *f. f.* *A silly woman*, a *luffy*, a *lighthearted*.
Fenaïson, *f. f.* *Mowing-time*, *hay-harvest*, *hay-making-time*.
Fendant, *subst. m.* *A cutting blow*. † (*Fanfaron*), a *huff*, *bully*, *hector* or *hectoring blade*. *Faire le fendant*, *to huff* or *hector*.
Fenderie, *f. f.* *Finery*.
Fendeur, *f. m.* *A cleaver*. ♦ † *Un fendeur de naseaux*, a *braggadochio*, a *bully*, a *hectoring blade*.
Fendre, *v. a.* *To cleave*, *split*, *split* or *cut*. *Fendre le ventre* de quelqu'un, *to rip open one's belly*. ♦ *Fendro une cloche*, *to crack a bell*. ♦ *Fendre*, (*aller au travers*), *to break*, *get or go through*. *Il gele à pierre fendre*, (*il gele bien fort*), *it freezes very hard*. ♦ *Fendre la tête*, (*en parlant d'un grand bruit*), *to break one's head*. ♦ *L'ardeur du soleil fait fendre le tronc de l'arbre*, *the parching heat of the sun causes the trunk of the tree to chop*.
*** Fendre**, *v. n.* *Ex.* *La tête me fend*, *my head is ready to split in two*, *I have a violent head-ache*. ♦ *Le cœur me fend de douleur*, *my heart is ready to break for grief*.
Se fendre, *v. r.* *To cleave*,

FEN

to break *afunder*, to split, to slit; ♣ to crack; ♣ to chop, to gape, to chink.
Fendu, ue, *adj.* Cleft, slit, &c. according to the verb.
 ♣ Des yeux bien fendus, Large, well cut eyes. ♣ Homme bien fendu, a long-legged man. ♣ Qui a la bouche fendue jusqu'aux oreilles, wide-mouthed, sparrow-mouthed.
Fenêtrage, *f. m.* The windows.
Fenêtre, *f. f.* A window or casement.
Fenil, *f. m.* Hay-loft.
Fenouil, *f. m.* (plante aromatique.) Fennel. ♣ (Graine de fenouil,) fennel-seed.
Fente, *f. f.* (from fendre.) Slit, chop, cleft or rift. ♣ Fente d'une porte, the chink of a door. ♣ La fente d'une muraille, the crack or chink of a wall. ♣ Fente d'une chemise, the bosom of a shirt.
Féodal, *ale, adj.* (qui concerne le fief.) Feodal or feudal.
Féodalement, *adv. Ex.* Saisir féodalement, to seize for the lord of the manor.
Fer, *f. m.* (espèce de métal.) Iron. * Corps de fer, (fort & robuste,) a body of iron, a strong robust body. * Une tête de fer, a strong head-piece. * Un fief de fer, an iron-age. * Fer, (arme de fer,) sword, dagger. * Se battre à fer émoulu, to fight in good earnest. * Manier le fer, to wear the sword. * Battre le fer, (faire des armes,) to fence, to tilt. * Il y a long-temps qu'il bat le fer, he has been a long time at it. ♣ Fer d'une lance ou d'une fleche, the head of a spear or arrow. ♣ Fer à repasser le linge, a smoothing-iron. Fer à friser, curling iron. ♣ Fer de lacet ou d'aiguillette, the tag of a lace or point. ♣ Fer d'une canne, the ferrel of a cane. ♣ Fer de cheval ou simple-ment fer, a horse-shoe. Un fer d'argent, a silver horse-

FER

shoe. ♣ Fer à cheval, (espèce de fortification,) a horse-shoe, a piece of fortification. ♣ Fer de girouette, spindle of a vane. Fer de gaffe, a boat-hook. Fer à calfat ou de calfat, a calking iron.
 ♣ Fers, au pluriel, (chaines.) Chains, irons or iron-chains, fetters. * (Esclavage,) irons, chains, slavery. * † Mettre les fers au feu, to fall stoutly to work.
Fer-blanc, *f. m.* Tin, iron tinned over.
Férie, *f. f.* (terme d'Eglise.) A day of the week betwixt Sunday and Saturday, Feria.
Férir, *v. a.* (frapper,) il ne se dit qu'en cette phrase: Sans coup férir, without striking a blow.
Ferler, *v. act.* To furl. *Ex.* Ferler les voiles, to furl, to slow or hand the sails.
Fermage, *f. m.* Rent.
Fermail, *f. m.* Clasp.
Ferme, *adj.* (qui tient fixe-ment.) Firm, fast, steady. ♣ (Solide, compacte,) firm, hard, compact. * (Constant,) firm, steady, constant, durable, sure, steadfast, unshaken, settled. * (Résolu,) resolute. * Parole ferme, strong voice. * Parler d'un ton ferme, to talk big. ♣ Ferme, (robuste,) strong, lusty. ♣ Je vous attendrai de pied ferme, I shall wait for you here, I shan't stir from hence till you come. Combattre de pied ferme, to stand one's ground, to make a stout resistance. ♣ Terre ferme, the firm land or continent.
Ferme, *adv.* Fast, hard. * Tenir ferme, tenir bon, to hold out stoutly, to lose no ground. Fort & ferme, stoutly.
Ferme, *f. f.* A letting to farm, a letting of a lease. Bailler à ferme, to let to farm, to lease or let a lease. Prendre à ferme, to farm, to take to farm or to take a

FER 225

lease. Bail à ferme, a lease.
 ♣ Ferme, (métairie,) a farm.
Fermé, ée, *adj.* (from fermer.) Shut or shut up, &c. according to the verb. ♣ Un banc fermé dans une Eglise, a pew.
Fermement, *adv.* (avec force.) Firmly, steadily, stoutly. * (Constamment,) firmly, resolutely, constantly, steadfastly.
Ferment, *f. m.* Ferment.
Fermentation, *f. f.* A fermenting or fermentation.
Fermenté, ée, *adj.* Fermented.
Fermenter, *v. n.* To ferment.
Fermer, *v. a.* (clorre ce qui est ouvert.) To shut or shut up. ♣ Fermer la porte au nez de quelqu'un, to thrust one out. * Fermer les yeux à quelque chose, not to take notice of a thing, to wink at it. ♣ Fermer les ports, to lay an embargo upon shipping. ♣ Fermer à la clef, to lock, to lock up. ♣ Fermer (boucher) un trou, &c. to stop a hole, &c. ♣ Fermer la veine, to close the vein. Fermer les yeux, to close or shut the eyes. ♣ Fermer la main ou le poing, to clinch one's fist. ♣ Fermer (cacher) une lettre, to make and seal up a letter. ♣ Fermer de murailles une ville, to wall a town in. ♣ Fermer de palissades, to rail in or pale in, to palisade. ♣ Fermer de haies, to hedge in or about.
Fermer, *v. n.* To shut.
Se fermer, *v. r.* To shut. ♣ Se fermer à la clef, to lock one's self in. ♣ Se fermer, (en parlant d'une plaie,) to close or close up.
Fermes, *f. f. pl.* Farms or girders.
Fermété, *f. f.* (état de ce qui est ferme.) Firmness. ♣ (Solidité,) firmness, hardness. * (Constance, résolution,) firmness, steadiness, constancy, courage, resolution, steadfastness.
Fermature, *f. f.* Ex. Ferme-

224 FER

ture d'une boutique. *Shop-windows.*
Fermier, *f. m.* (from *ferme*, *f.*) *A farmer.*
Fermière, *f. f.* *A farmer's wife.*
Fermeoir, *f. m.* *Clasp*; *chisel*, *a joiner's strait chisel.*
Féroce, *adj.* *Fierce, wild, savage, cruel.*
Férocity, *f. f.* *Fierceness, fierce nature.*
Ferraille, *f. f.* *Old iron.*
Ferrailler, *v. n.* *To fence, to tilt.*
Ferrailleur, *f. m.* *A tilter, a fighting fellow, a bully.*
Ferrandinier, *f. m.* *A ferrandine-weaver.*
Ferrant, *adj. m.* *Ex. Maréchal ferrant, a farrier.*
Ferré, *ée*, *adj.* *Shod, &c.* *V. Ferrer.* *♣ Eau ferrée, chalybeate water.* * *Style ferré, hard style.* * *Chemin ferré, a firm stony way.* *♣ Ferré à glace, frost-nailled.* * *† Il est ferré à glace là-dessus, he is strong enough there.* * *† Un mangeur ou avalleur de charrettes ferrées, a bully, a braggadochio, a Hector or hectoring blade, a huff, a swaggerer.*
Ferrement, *f. m.* *A tool or instrument of iron.*
Ferrer, *v. a.* (garnir de fer.) *To bind about with iron work.* *♣ Ferrer un cheval, to shoe a horse.* *♣ Ferrer un lacet ou une aiguillette, to tag a lace or point.* *♣ Ferrer une baguette, une canne, to tip a rod or cane.* * *† Ferrer la mule, to cheat one, to make him pay dearer for a thing that he charged us to buy, than the thing cost us.*
Ferret, *f. m.* *Tag.*
Ferreteur, *f. m.* *A farrier's hammer.*
Ferreur, *f. m.* *Ex. Ferreur d'aiguillettes, a tagger of laces.*
Ferrière, *subst. f.* *A farrier's pouch.*
Ferronnier, *subst. m.* *An iron-monger.*
Ferrure, *f. f.* *Iron-work.* *♣ (Fers de maréchal,) the shoeing of a horse.*

FER

Fers, *V. Fer.*
Fertile, *adj.* *Fertile, fruitful, plentiful*; * *abounding with or full of.*
Fertillement, *adv.* *Fruitfully, abundantly, plentifully.*
Fertilisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Fertilized, made fertile, fruitful or plentiful.*
Fertiliser, *v. a.* *To fertilize, to make fertile, fruitful or plentiful.*
Fertilité, *f. f.* *Fertility, fruitfulness, plenty, plentifulness.*
Féru, *ue*, *adj.* (from *férit*, amoureux.) *Ex. Il est féru de cette femme, he is smitten with that woman.*
Fervement, *adv.* *Fervently, ardently, with zeal.*
Fervent, *ente*, *adj.* *Fervent, full of fervour or zeal.*
Ferveur, *f. f.* *Fervency, fervour, great zeal.*
Férule, *f. f.* *Ferula, palmer, hand-clapper.* * *Être sous la férule, to be under one's correction.*
Fesse, *f. f.* *Buttock, breech.* * *† Vous n'y allez que d'une fesse, you go slackly to it, you hang an arse, you do things but by halves.* * *† Un fesse-cahier, a writing or scribbling drudge.* * *† Un fesse-matthieu, (un avaré hessé,) a miser or penny-father.*
Fessé, *ée*, *adj.* *Whipt.*
Fesser, *v. a.* *To whip.* * *† Fesser le cahier, to be a scribbling drudge.*
† Fesseur, *f. m.* *A whipster.*
† Fessier, *f. m.* *Breech.*
Fessu, *ue*, *adj.* *That has good buttocks.*
Festin, *f. m.* *Feast, banquet, entertainment.*
† Festiner, *v. a.* *To feast or entertain.*
Feston, *f. m.* *A festoon in Architecture.*
Festoyer, *v. a.* *To feast or entertain.*
Fête, *f. f.* (jour de fête.) *Holy-day, feast or festival-day.* *♣ (Réjouissance,) a feast, merry-making, entertainment.* *P. Il n'est pas tous les jours fête, P. every day is not Sunday, P. Aux*

FER

bonnes fêtes les bons coups;
P. the better day the better deed. *♣ La fête des Morts, all Souls day.* *♣ La Fête-Dieu, Corpus Christi-Day.* *♣ La petite Fête-Dieu, the octaves of Corpus Christi-Day.* *♣ Les Fêtes du Palais, days wherein no causes are heard, vacation-time.* * *Troubler la fête, to spoil the sport.* *Un trouble-fête, a trouble-feast, a troublesome guest.* * *Faire fête à quelqu'un, to make one welcome, to make him kindly welcome or give him a kind entertainment.* * *Se faire de fête, to make one's self necessary, to be a busy-body, an intermeddler or an officious coxcomb.*
Fêté, *ée*, *adj.* *Kept holy.*
Fêter, *v. a.* *To keep holy.*
Fétide, *adj.* *Fetid.*
Fétu, *f. m.* (brin de paille.) *Fesque, a straw, a mote.* * *† Je n'en donnerois pas un fétu, I would not give a rust or pin for it.* *♣ Tirer au court-fétu, (ou à la courte-paille,) to draw cuts.*
Feu, *f. m.* *Fire.* *♣ Condamner au feu, (ou à être brûlé,) to condemn to be burnt.* *Feux de joie, bonfires.* *Feu d'artifice, fireworks.* * *Brûler un homme à petit feu, (le faire languir,) to make one linger or pine away.* * *Jeter de l'huile dans le feu, to throw oil into the fire;* * *to blow the coals.* * *Feu, (chaleur, inflammation,) fire, burning, heat, inflammation.* * *Le feu (la passion) de l'amour, the fire or the flames of love.* * *Feu, (brillant,) sparkling or brightness.* *♣ (En parlant des séditions,) fire, combustion.* * *(Vivacité de l'esprit,) fire, mettle, briskness, liveliness, life.* * *(Emportement de colere,) fire, passion, anger.* * *Un feu de paille, a sudden blaze or flash.* *♣ Feu, (remède brûlant,) a caustick.* *♣ Armes à feu, fire-arms, guns.* * *Feu, (coups des armes à feu,) fire, shove,*

F E U

shoo. Feu vis, *a brisk fire*.
 Feu roulant, *a constant fire*.
 Mettre le feu au canon, *to fire a great gun*. Faire un grand feu sur l'ennemi, *to fire briskly upon the enemy*.
 ♦ Faire faux feu, *to flash in the pan or misfire*. ♦ Le feu du Ciel, *thunder and lightning*. ♦ Feu Saint-Elme, feu follet, *corpo Santo*, *Saint Helmo*, *ignis fatuus*, *Will with a wisp* or *Jack in a lantern*. ♦ Feu, (cheminée,) *chimney*. ♦ Achever un beau feu, (chenets, pelles, tenailles & pincettes,) *to buy a fire set of andirons, tongs, and shovel for a chimney*. ♦ Village de cent feux, *a village containing one hundred houses*. ♦ Donner le feu à un cheval, *to cauterize a horse*. ♦ Donner le feu à un bâtiment, (terme de Marine,) *to broom a ship*. ♦ Mettre des feux sur les vaisseaux, *to hang the lights out*. * Les feux de la nuit, (les astres,) *the stars*. Jeter son feu. *V. Jeter*.
 Feu, *eue*, *adj.* (défunt.) *Deceased*, *late*. Le feu Roi, *the late King*. La feue Reine ou feu la Reine, *the late Queen*.
 Feudataire, *f. m. Feudatory*.
 Feve, *subst. f. Bean*. Feves de haricot, *french beans*.
 Féverole, *f. f. A little round bean*.
 Feuillage, *f. m. Leaves* or *leaved branches*; ♦ *foliage* or *branched work*.
 Feuillant *f. m.* (sorte de Religieux.) *Friar of the Order of S. Bernard*.
 Feuillantine, *f. f. A sort of pastry-work made of puff-paste*. ♦ Feuillantines, (Religieuses de la Réforme de Saint-Bernard,) *the Nuns of the Order of S. Bernard*.
 Feuille, *f. f. Leaf*. ♦ Feuille de papier, *a sheet of paper*. ♦ Feuille, (minute, mémoire d'un Secrétaire d'Etat, &c.) *Minute*. Feuille imprimée, *a printed sheet*. ♦ Feuille, (qu'on met sous une pierre pour en

Tome 4.

F I C

relever l'éclat,) *foil*. ♦ Feuille, (bout du manche de la cuiller,) *the top of the handle of a spoon*. ♦ Feuille d'un Maître d'hôtel, *a steward's bill*. ♦ Vin de deux ou trois feuilles, *wine two or three years old*. ♦ Feuille volante, *a loose sheet, a pamphlet*.
 Feuille-bretonne, *f. f. comp. Spirketing*.
 Feuillée, *subst. fém. A green arbour*.
 Feuille-morte, *subst. f. Fillemot*, *the colour of a dead leaf*.
 Feuillet, *subst. m. A leaf of a book*.
 Feuilletage, *f. m. Puff-paste*.
 Feuillette, *f. f. A measure of wine containing half a hog-shead or only a pint English*.
 Feuilleté, *ée*, *adject.* (lu.) *Turned over, read, perused*. ♦ Pâte bien feuilletée, *good puff-paste*.
 Feuilleter, *v. a. To turn over, to peruse*. ♦ Feuilleter la pâte, *to make puff-paste*.
 Feuillu, *ue*, *adj. Leafy, full of leaves*.
 Février, *f. m. February*.
 Feutre, *subst. m. Felt*; also, ♦ *a scurvy hat*.
 Feutré, *ée*, *adj. Stuffed with felt*.
 Feutrer, *v. a. To stuff with felt*.
 Fi, *interj. Fy, fy upon, out upon it*.
 Fiacre, *subst. m. A hackney-coach, a hackney coachman*.
 Fiançailles, *f. fém. pl. A betrothing*.
 Fiancé, *ée*, *adj. Betrothed, promised or made sure*.
 Le fiancé, *f. m. He that is betrothed to a woman or the bridegroom*.
 La fiancée, *f. f. She that is betrothed to a man or the bride*.
 Fiancer, *v. a. To betroth, to make sure, to promise in marriage*.
 Fibre *ps. f. Fibre, filament or string*.
 Fibreux, *euse*, *adj. Fibrous*.
 Fic, *f. m. Fig, an excrescence of flesh*.

F I E 225

Ficelle, *f. f. Pack-thread*.
 Ficelé, *ée*, *adject.* *Bound or tied with pack-thread*.
 Fiche, *subst. f. Ex. Fiche à gond, a hook for a hinge*.
 ♦ Fiche, (marque qu'on donne au jeu,) *a fish*; ♦ *a rag-bolt*.
 Fiché, *ée*, *adject.* *Pitched, drove or thrust in, stuck*.
 Ficher, *v. act. To pitch, to drive or thrust in, to stick*.
 Fichoir, *f. m. A stick to hang ballads and pictures on*.
 † Fichu, *ue*, *adj. Sorry, pitiful, silly*.
 Fiction, *f. f. Fiction, invention*. ♦ (Mensonge,) *fiction, lye, story, device, cheat*.
 Fidécummiss, *f. m. A seoffment of trust*.
 Fidécummissaire, *f. m. A seoffee of trust*.
 Fidélité, *f. f. Fidelity, faithfulness, loyalty, honesty, integrity*; ♦ *faithfulness, truth, exactness, sincerity*.
 Fidelle, *adj.* (qui garde la foi.) *Faithful, loyal, trusty, true, honest*. ♦ (Conforme à la vérité,) *faithful, true, sincere*. ♦ (qui est dans la vraie religion,) *faithful*.
 Les fidelles, *f. m. plur. The faithful, the believers, God's elect*.
 Fidellement, *adv. Faithfully, loyally, honestly*; ♦ *faithfully, truly*.
 Fief, *f. m. Fee or fief, feudal tenure*. Fief, (domaine noble,) *fief, manor*. Hommes de fief, *freeholders*. Tenir en fief, *to hold in fee*.
 Fieffé, *ée*, *adject.* *Arrant, downrights, mere, very*. Un ivrogne fieffé, *a very drunkard*. Un trison fieffé, *an arrant knave*. ♦ Fieffé, *ée*, *infeoffed*.
 Fieffer, *v. a. To infeoff*.
 Fiel, *f. m. Gall*. * Fiel, (animosité,) *spleen, hatred, malice, animosity, grudge*.
 Fiente, *f. f. Dung*.
 Fienter, *v. n.* (en parlant des animaux.) *To dung*.
 Fier, *v. a. To trust one with a thing*.

F

Se fier, *v. réc.* To trust to, to rely or depend upon.

Fier, *adj.* (hautain, altier.) Proud, haughty, stout, high-spirited. ♣ Fier, (grand, noble,) *stately, noble, lofty.* ♣ Fier, (cruel,) *ferce, cruel, barbarous.* † Un fier à bras, (un fanfaron,) a bully, a hector, a huff.

Fiérement, *adv.* *Stoutly, boldly.* ♣ (Avec orgueil,) *haughtily, arrogantly.*

Fierté, *f. f.* *Pride, haughtiness; stateliness, loftiness, nobleness.* Un cheval qui a de la fierté, a proud or stately horse.

Fierte, *f. fém* (châsse d'un Saint.) A shrine or coffin for relicks.

Fievre, *f. f.* (forte de maladie.) A fever or fever or ague. Fievre chaude, fever.

Fievre intermittente, an intermitting fever. Avoir la fievre, to be in a fever or to have an ague. Fievre qui vient par accès, an ague.

Fievre tierce, the tertian ague. Fievre quarte, quartan or fourth-day ague. P.

Tomber de fievre en chaud mal, P. to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire. * † Avoir une fievre de veau, to shake after meat.

Fiévreux, euse, *adj.* *Aguish.*

Fifre, *f. m.* *Fife.* ♣ (Celui qui joue du fifre,) *fifer or whistler.*

Figé, ée, *adj.* *Congealed, thickened, coagulated.*

Figement, *f. m.* *Congeaing, thickening, coagulation.*

Figer, *v. a.* To congeal, coagulate or thicken.

Se figer, *v. réc.* To congeal, thicken or coagulate. ♣ La graisse fondue se fige en peu de temps, melted fat is soon cold or festered.

Figure, *f. f.* A fig. * † Faire la figure à quelqu'un, to laugh at one, to make a fool of him, to scorn him.

Figurier, *f. m.* A fig-tree.

Figuratif, ive, *adj.* *Figurative, typical.*

Figurativement, *adv.* *Figuratively.*

Figure, *f. f.* (forme extérieure

re.) *Figure, shape, fashion or form.* ♣ Figure, (représentation,) *figure, representation.* ♣ Figure de Rhétorique, a rhetorical figure or flourish. * Figure, (état bon ou mauvais où une personne est dans le monde,) *figure.* ♣ (Personne,) *person, figure.* ♣ C'est une plaisante figure d'homme, he is an odd kind of man.

Figuré, ée, *adj.* *Figured, &c.* Danse figurée, a figured dance. ♣ Sens figuré, a figurative or metaphorical sense.

Figuré, *subst. m.* A figurative sense. Ce style est tout figuré, this style runs all upon metaphors.

Figurément, *adv.* *Figuratively, in a figurative sense.*

Figurer, *v. act.* To figure or represent; ♣ to figure, flower or draw figures upon; ♣ to be a figure of.

Se figurer, *v. r.* (s'imaginer.) To fancy, to imagine.

Figurer, *v. n.* To look well, to match or suit. * Je ne veux pas figurer avec lui, I won't rank with him.

Fil, *f. m.* Thread. ♣ Le fil de l'eau, the stream or current of the water. ♣ Fil, (tranchant,) edge. ♣ Fil de perles, a string of pearls.

♣ Fil d'archal, fil de fer, wire. Fil d'argent, fil d'or, silver or gold wire. * Quitter le fil de son discours, to break off the thread of one's discourse. * † Donner du fil à retordre à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. ♣ Fil à voiles, twine for sails. Fil de caret, rope-yarn. Fil goudronné, tarred rope yarn. ♣ Fil du bois, the grain of wood.

Filage, *f. m.* Spinning.

Filament, *subst. m.* Filament, thread, string.

Filandière, *f. f.* Spinster.

Filandres, *f. f. pl.* Filanders, a disease in hawks; ♣ white threads or motes flying in the air; ♣ sea-weeds that stick under a ship, and make her sail heavy.

Filée, *f. f.* Flax or hemp ready to be spun.

File, *f. f.* (rang.) Row. ♣ File, (de personnes, surtout de soldats,) *file.*

Filé, ée, *adj.* *Spun.*

Filer, *v. a.* To spin. ♣ Filer de l'or, de l'argent, &c. to wire-draw gold, silver, &c. ♣ Filer le cable, to veer the cable.

Filer, *v. n.* To rope. ♣ Vaisseau qui file sur ses ancres par la tempête, a ship driven from her anchors by the storm. * † Filer doux, to give fair words, to be submissive. ♣ Filer, (aller de suite l'un après l'autre,) to file off.

Filerie, *subst. fém.* Spinning house.

Filet, *f. m.* (fil délié.) Small thread, string. ♣ (Fibre,) string, fibre, filament, thread.

♣ Un filet de vinaigre, a stream or some few drops of vinegar. ♣ Filet, (partie charnue qui est le long de l'épine du dos de quelques animaux,) *fillet.* ♣ (Ornement d'architecture,) *fillet* in architecture. ♣ Filet d'or, (qu'on met sur les livres reliés,) a fillet of gold on a book. ♣ Filet, (entre les cannelures d'une colonne, &c.) *ridge.* ♣ Filet d'une vis, the thread of a screw. ♣ Filet, (espèce de petite bride,) a snaffle.

* † Je n'ai plus qu'un filet de voix, my voice is almost all gone. * † Tenir au filet, (amuser,) to keep at a bay, to amuse, to drill on. ♣ Filet d'une pièce de monnaie, the ring of a piece of a coin. ♣ Filet, (un rets,) a net. * Un bon coup de filet ou une bonne capture, a good catch. ♣ Filets de bastingage, the netting of a ship's quarter.

Fileur, *f. m.* A string-maker, for musical instruments; ♣ he that draws the silk out of the silk-worms. ♣ Fileur d'or, d'argent, &c. a wire-drawer; ♣ a spinner.

Fileuse, *f. f.* A spinster.

Filial, ale, *adj.* Filial.

FIL

Filialement, *adv.* Like a son, filially.
Filiation, *subst. f.* Filiation, descent.
Filière, *f. f.* A wire-drawing iron. **Filière**, (terme de Fauconnerie, créance,) *creance*.
Filigrane, *subst. m.* Filigree work.
Filipendule, *f. f.* (herbe.) Dropwort.
Fille, *f. f.* Daughter, Petite-fille, grand-daughter. Belle-fille, daughter in law. **Fille**, (celle qui n'est point mariée,) *girl, lass or maid*.
Fille de joie, *a woman of pleasure, a courtesan, a whore*.
Fillette, *f. f.* A little girl, a young lass.
Filleul, *f. m.* God-son.
Filleule, *subst. fém.* A god-daughter.
Filoselle, *f. f.* Ferret-filk or flurfi-filk.
Filou, *f. m.* (celui qui vole avec adresse.) Cut-purse or pick-pockets. **Filou** (Qui trompe au jeu,) *a sharper*.
Filouté, *ée, adj.* Cheated, bubbled.
Filouter, *v. a.* (tromper au jeu.) To cheat, to bubble. **Filouter**, (Voler,) *to pick one's pockets*.
Filouterie, *f. fém.* Sharping, cheat or cheating trick.
Fils, *f. m.* (par rapport au pere ou à la mere.) A son, a child. **Fils**, (Garçon,) *son, boy*. Un petit-fils, a grand-child. Arrière-petit-fils, great grand-child. **Faire le beau fils**, *to set up for a beau*.
Filtration, *f. f.* Filtration or straining.
Filtre, *f. m.* Fels or brown paper to strain liquors through. **Filtre**, (brevage,) *V. Philtre*.
Filtré, *ée, adjest.* Filtered, strained.
Filtrer, *v. a.* To filtrate, to strain through a fels or brown paper.
Filure, *f. f.* Spinning.
Fin, *fine, adj.* (qui n'est pas grossier.) Fine, thin, not

FIN

coarse. **Fin**, (Excellent,) *fine, pure, good*. **Fin**, (Qui n'est pas faux,) *fine, right*. * (Subtil,) *fine, acute, ingenious*. * (Rusé,) *fly, cunning, subtle, sharp*. **Jouer au plus fin**, *to vie cunning, to strive for cunning*. **†** *to be upon the sharp*. **Vaisseau fin de voiles**, *a nimble or good sailor*. **Vaisseau fin**, *a sharp bottomed ship*.
Fin, f. Ex. Faire le fin d'une chose, en faire le fin, *to carry it cunningly*. A quoi bon tant faire le fin ? *to what purpose all this cunning ?* **Le fin d'une affaire**, *the main or chief point of a business*. Prendre le fin des choses, *to come to the nicest point of things*. **C'est-là le fin de l'affaire**, *that's the cream of the jest*. **Tirer le fin du fin**, *to extract the quintessence of things*.
Fin, f. f. End. **La fin de sa vie**, *the latter part of his life*. **Les quatre fins de l'homme** : la mort, le jugement, le paradis, & l'enfer, *the four last things : death, judgment, heaven and hell*. **Sur la fin de ses jours**, *in his old age*. Prendre fin, *to end*. **Fin**, (but, intention,) *end, scope, aim, design, intention*. **Fin de non-recevoir**, *exception, at law*. **Fin**, (la mort,) *end, death*.
A la fin, *adv. (enfin.) At last, at length*.
Finage, *f. m.* The liberties or extent of a jurisdiction.
Final, *ale, adj.* (qui finit, qui termine.) Final.
Finalelement, *adv.* Finally, at last, lastly.
Finance, *f. f.* Finance, fine, a certain sum of money payed to the French King for the enjoyment of some privilege or other. **† Finance**, (argent comptant,) *ready money*. **† Lettre de finance**, *round letter*. **Finances**, (le trésor du Roi,) *finances, the King's treasure, or revenue, exchequer*. La Cour des Finan-

FIX

227

ces, the Court of the Exchequer.
Financier, *v. a.* To fine money to the King.
Financier, *f. m.* (qui manie les finances du Roi.) A Financier, a Receiver of the King's revenues.
† Finailler, *v. n.* To play cunning.
Finement, *adv.* (avec finesse.) Cunningly, craftily, stily. **Finement**, (Délicatement,) *finely, wittily, ingeniously*.
Finesse, *f. f.* (qualité de ce qui est fin & délié.) Finesse. * (Rusé,) *cunning or cunning trick, craftiness, subtilty, siness*. * (Délicatesse d'esprit,) *wit or delicacy of wit, ingenuity*. **Ceux qui n'y entendoient point de finesse**, *they who were unacquainted with the jest*. * Les finesse d'une langue, *the niceties or delicacies of a language*. * Les finesse du négoce, *the mysteries of trade*.
Finet, *ette, adj.* Sly, subtle, cunning.
Finir, *ie, adj.* Ended, finished, &c. **V. the verb.** **Finir**, (limité,) *finite, limited*.
Finiment, *f. m.* The finishing of a picture.
Finir, *v. a.* To end or make an end, to finish.
Finir, *v. n.* (prendre fin.) To end or make an end, to have an end. **† Mourir**, *to end one's life, to die*.
Fiore, *f. f.* Vial.
Firmament, *subst. m.* The sky, the firmament. Il n'est rien de si beau sous le firmament, *that's the finest thing under the cope of heaven*.
Fisc, *f. m.* The King's treasure, revenue or Exchequer.
Fiscal, *ale, adj.* Fiscal. Procureur fiscal, *an attorney who prosecutes within his jurisdiction all causes, wherein the Lord paramount or the publick are interested*.
Fistule, *f. f.* Fistula, a kind of ulcer.
Fistuleux, *euse, adj.* Fistulous, fistular.
Fixation, *subst. f.* Fixation in

228 FIX

chymistry. ♣ La fixation des Charges, the set rates for Offices.
 Fixe, adj. Fixed, steady, settled.
 Fixé, ée, adj. Fixed, &c. V. Fixer. ♣ Un prix fixé, a set price.
 Fixement, adv. Earnestly, stedfastly. On ne peut regarder fixement le soleil ni la mort, one cannot look the sun or death in the face.
 Fixer, v. a. To fix, settle, set or appoint.
 Se fixer, v. r. To settle. ♣ (Terme de Chimie,) to fix or be fixed.
 Flache, f. f. A hole in the pavement.
 Flacon, f. m. A decanter, a sort of bottle.
 Flagellation, f. f. Flagellation, whipping, scourging.
 Flagellé, ée, adj. Scourged, whipped.
 Flageller, v. a. To whip or scourge.
 Flageolet, subst. masc. A flageolet.
 † Flagorner, verb. n. To pick thanks.
 † Flagornerie, f. f. Picking of thanks.
 † Flagorneur, subst. m. Flagorneuse, subst. f. A pick-thank, a whisperer or tale-bearer.
 Flagrant, adj. Ex. En flagrant délit, in the fact, in the deed doing.
 Flair, f. m. Scent, smelling.
 Flairer, v. a. To smell.
 Flamant, ante, adj. In a flame, blazing.
 Flambe, f. f. Flag, a bluish kind of flower.
 Flambé, ée, adj. (from Flamber.) Singed, &c. Voy. Flamber. * † Je suis flambé, I am undone. * † Mon argent est flambé, my money is gone or lost.
 Flambeau, f. m. (torche.) Flambeau, taper, light or link; ♣ a candlestick; ♣ a candle or light. † C'est lui qui est le flambeau de la guerre, it is he that has kindled the war. * Un flambeau de sédition, a fire-brand of sedition, a boutefeu.

FLA

Flamber, verb. n. To blaze or flash, to be in a flame.
 Flamber, v. a. To singe. ♣ Flamber un chapon, to baste a capon. ♣ Flamber un vaisseau, to hoist a particular ship's signal.
 † Flamberge, f. f. Sword, rapier.
 Flamboyant, ante, adj. Bright, glistering. ♣ Comete flamboyante, a blazing star.
 Flamboyer, v. n. To glister, to shine, to be bright.
 Flamme, f. f. Flame. * Flamme amoureuse, amorous flame, love, passion. ♣ Flamme, (banderole de vaisseau,) a streamer, a pennant. ♣ (Instrument pour saigner les chevaux,) steam.
 Flammeche, f. f. Spark.
 Flammerole, f. f. V. Feu-follet, sous Feu.
 † D † Flammule, f. f. (sorte de plante.) Trinity or heart's ease, a sort of herb.
 Flan, f. m. Custard. ♣ (Petite piece de métal pour faire de la monnaie, &c.) a piece of metal ready to be coined.
 Flanc, f. m. Flank, side; ♣ a flank in fortification. ♣ Flanc d'un vaisseau, the side of a ship.
 Flanconade, f. f. Flanconade, a pass or thrust in the flank.
 † Flandrin, f. m. Ex. Un grand flandrin, a lath-back, a slim long back, a great fellow, a lungis.
 Flanelle, f. f. Flannel.
 Flanké, ée, adj. Flanked.
 Flanquer, v. a. (terme de Fortification.) To flank, to defend. * † Il lui a flanqué un soufflet, he gave him a box on the ear or a slap on the chops.
 Flaque, f. f. ou flaque d'eau, (mare.) Plash, marsh, a morass, a small lake or standing water.
 Flaque, adj. Faint, weak, feeble. ♣ Un flaque, (un paresseux,) a lazy bones, a drone.
 Flaque, f. f. A flask for gunpowder.
 Flaqués d'affût, f. m. pl. The

FLE

rides or cheeks of a gun carriage. ♣ Flaques (ou taquets) de cabestan, whelps of a capstern.
 Flatir, v. a. (terme de Monnaie.) To flat.
 Flatoir, f. masc. A flattening hammer.
 Flâtrer, v. a. Ex. Flâtrer un chien, to burn a dog in the forehead.
 Flatté, ée, adj. Flattered, &c. ♣ Un portrait flatté, a flattering picture.
 Flatter, v. a. (louer excessivement.) To flatter, to praise or commend. ♣ (Dilecter,) to flatter, to tickle or please. ♣ (Cajoler,) to flatter, cajole, coax or wheedle, to fawn upon. ♣ (Caresser,) to flatter, stroke or caress. ♣ Flatter quelqu'un de quelque chose, to flatter one with a thing, to entertain him with the hopes of it. ♣ Flatter sa douleur, ses déplaîrs, &c. to cherish or hug one's grief, to indulge or gratify it. ♣ Flatter le dé, to slide the die. ♣ Flatter un mal ou une plaie, to savour a disease or wound.
 Se flatter de quelque chose, verb. récip. To flatter one's self with a thing, to hope for it.
 Flatterie, f. f. Flattery, fawning, adulation. Aimer la flatterie, to love to be flattered or fawned upon.
 Flatteur, euse, adj. Flattering, fawning. ♣ Espérance flatteuse, deceitful hope.
 Flatteur, euse, f. A flatterer, a fawner, a fawning man or woman.
 Flatteusement, adv. Fawningly, fondly, in a flattering manner.
 Flatueux, ueuse, adj. Flatuous, flatulent, windy.
 Flatuosité, f. f. (terme de Médecine.) Flatulosity.
 Fléau, f. m. (pour battre le blé.) A flail. * (Châtiment,) a scourge or plague. ♣ (Partie de la balance,) the beam of a balance.
 Fleche, f. f. (trait d'arc.)

FLE

Arrow. ♦ Fleche de carrosse, a coach-beam. ♦ Fleche de lard, a fitch of bacon. Fleche, (au jeu de tric-trac,) point. ♦ Faire fleche de tout bois, to make any shift. * Il ne sait plus de quel bois faire fleche, he is put to his last shift, he does not know which way to turn himself.
Fléchi, ie, *adj.* Bent, &c. *V.* Fléchir.
Fléchir, *v. a.* (courber.) To bend. * (Toucher de pitié,) to soften, to prevail with, to persuade.
Fléchir, *v. n.* To bend. * (Se soumettre,) to submit, to struckle under, to buckle to. * (Cesser de persister dans ses sentimens de dureté,) to relent.
Se fléchir, *v. r.* To bend.
Fléchissement, *f. m.* Genustion, the act of bending the knee.
Flegmatique, *adj.* Phlegmatic.
Flegme, *f. masc.* (pituite.) Phlegm. ♦ (Patience,) patience, moderation, temper.
Flegmon, *f. m.* Phlegmon, a swelling with inflammation.
Flétri, ie, *adj.* Dried up, &c. according to the verb.
Flétrir, *v. a.* (faner.) To dry up, to fade, to dull, to tarnish. * (Diffamer,) to stain, blemish, disgrace or dishonour, to brand. Un opprobre si scandaleux les flétrit, so scandalous a reproach is a great blur to them.
Flétrir, *v. n.* se flétrir, *v. r.* To wither, to fade away, to decay.
Flétrissure, *suöst. f.* Blemish, withering; ♦ a mark with a hot iron. * (Marque d'ignominie,) blemish, blur, brand, strain, spot, blot, disgrace.
Fleur, *f. f.* Flower, bloom or blossom. Être en fleur, to blossom. * Fleur de farine, flower or the best of meal. * Fleur de la virginité, maiden-head, virginity. * Fleur, (lustre, éclat,) lustre, brightness, liveliness. * (Eli-

FLE

te,) flower, choice, the best. * (Ornement,) flourish. Être dans la fleur de son âge, to be in the flower or prime of one's age. ♦ Fleur, (blancheur de quelques fruits qui n'ont point encore été maniés,) the bloom or blue of some fruits, as plumbs, &c. ♦ A fleur de terre, close to or even with the ground. ♦ A fleur d'eau, 'twixt wind and water; ♦ near the edge of the water. ♦ Fleurs, (purgations des femmes,) flowers, monthly courses or months; † those or them. ♦ Fleurs blanches des femmes, the whites. ♦ Fleurs, (terme de mer,) rung heads or floor heads. A fleur d'eau, *adv.* Level with the surface of water or between wind and water.
Fleurdelisé, ée, *adj.* Branded with a flower-de-luce.
Fleurdeliser, *v. a.* To flourish or set thick with flower-de-luces.
Fleur de lis. *V.* Lis.
Fleurer, *v. n.* To smell.
Fleuret, *f. m.* (pour escrimer.) Foil to fence withal. ♦ (Soie grossière,) ferret, coarse silk. ♦ (Ruban de soie grossière,) serrez-ribbon.
Fleurette, *f. f.* Little flower. ♦ Fleurettes, (cajolerie que l'on dit à une femme,) amorous discourses, sweet things, flattering expressions.
Fleuri, ie, *adj.* Blossomed, blown. * Style fleuri, a florid style, a style full of flourishes. * Un teint fleuri, a lively complexion. ♦ Pâques-fleuries, Palm-Sunday.
Fleurir, *v. n.* (être en fleur.) To blossom, bloom or blow. * Fleurir, (être en crédit,) to flourish, to be in repute, vogue or esteem.
Fleurissant, ante, *adj.* Blossoming, blooming.
Fleuriste, *f. m.* A florist.
Fleuron, *f. m.* Flower-work, flourish. * C'est le plus beau fleurion de la couronne, 'tis the brightest gem

FLU 229

in his crown. ♦ Fleuron, (ornement d'imprimerie,) a border in the art of Printing. ♦ (Ornement d'or sur le dos des livres,) a tool.
Fleuve, *f. m.* A river, a great river.
Flexibilité, *f. f.* Flexibility, pliability or pliancy.
Flexible, *adj.* (souple.) Flexible, pliable; * flexible, tender; also, * pliant, supple, easy.
Flexion, *f. f.* Flexion, bending.
Flibot, *f. m.* A fly-boat.
Flibustier, *f. m.* A free-booter or buccanier.
Flocon, *f. m.* A flock of wool, silk, &c. * Flocon de neige, a flake of snow.
Florès, terme emprunté du latin : Faire florès, to spend high, to make a shew, to flourish.
Florin, *f. m.* A florin, a sort of foreign coin.
Florissant, ante, *adj.* Flourishing.
Flot, *f. m.* (vague.) Wave or surge. ♦ (Le flux de la mer qui vient de l'Océan,) flood or tide. ♦ Les larmes lui tombent des yeux à grands flots, the tears trickle or run down his face in abundance. ♦ Mettre un vaisseau à flot, to set a ship floating or afloat.
Flottaïson, *f. f.* Ex. Ligne de flottaïson, the water line or load water line.
Flottant, ante, *adject.* (qui flotte.) Floating, hulling. * (Irrésolu,) fleeting, uncertain, wavering, irresolute.
Flotte, *f. f.* (de vaisseaux.) A fleet of merchant ships.
Flotté, *adj. m.* Bois flotté, float-wood, wood sent down a river upon a float-boat.
Flotter, *verb. n.* To float, to hull. ♦ Faire flotter du bois, to carry a float of wood down a river. * Flotter, (être irrésolu,) to be floating or wavering, to be at uncertainty, to fluctuate in one's mind.
Fluer, *verb. neut.* To flow, to run.

Fluet, ette, *adj.* (délicat.) *Weakly, tender.*

Fluide, *adj.* & *f.* Fluid.

Fluidité, *f. f.* Fluidity, aptness to run.

Flûte, *f. f.* (instrument de Musique.) Flute. ♣ (Vaisseau de mer,) a pink, a store ship. * Ils ne sauroient accorder leurs flûtes, ou leurs flûtes ne s'accordent pas ensemble, they cannot set their hoses together. P. Ce qui vient par la flûte s'en retourne par le tambour, P. lightly come; lightly go. ♣ Enter en flûte, to inoculate.

† Flûter, *v. n.* To pipe, to play on the flute. † Flûter, (boire,) to tope, to drink.

† Flûteur, *f. m.* Piper.

Flux, *f. m.* Flux, flood, tide. Flux de sang, bloody flux. ♣ Flux de ventre, looseness, lask. ♣ Flux de bouche, flux. * † Avoir un flux de bouche continu, to be always talking, to have a tongue running upon wheels. Il a un flux de bourse, (se dit d'un prodigue,) his money melts like butter against the sun. ♣ Flux, (à certains jeux des cartes,) flush at cards.

Fluxion, *f. f.* A fluxion or defluxion.

Foc, *f. m.* A jib. Grand foc, standing jib. Petit foc ou trinquette, the fore-stay sail.

Focile, *f. m.* Focet. Le grand & le petit focile, the focet bones.

Foene, *f. f.* Fish-gig.

Fœtus, *f. m.* Fatus, embryo.

Foi, *f. f.* Faith. ♣ (L'objet de la foi,) faith, doctrine, religion or persuasion. ♣ (Croyance,) faith or belief. ♣ (Parole, promesse,) faith, promise, word, parole. ♣ Bonne foi, good faith, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing. Un homme de bonne foi, an honest man. Un homme de mauvaise foi, a knave, a cheat, a double dealer. ♣ Laisser quelqu'un sur sa foi, to leave one to himself or

to his own conduct, to let him be his own master. ♣ Foi, (hommage qu'un Vassal rend à son Seigneur,) fealty. ♣ Foi, (preuve,) assurance, proof or testimony. Voilà qui en fait foi, that proves the matter. ♣ Possesseur de bonne foi, one that enjoys a thing bonâ fide. ♣ Un homme digne de foi, a credible man. ♣ Ma foi ou par ma foi, faith, upon my faith.

En bonne foi, à la bonne foi, *adv.* Truly, sincerely, honestly, candidly. ♣ De bonne foi, (en vérité,) faith, indeed or truly.

Foible, *adj.* Weak, feeble, faint. ♣ L'âge foible, tender age, infancy. ♣ Le sexe foible, the weaker sex, women. ♣ Courage foible, weakness of courage, faint-heartedness. Ils étoient foibles d'infanterie, they wanted foot. Foible de poids, too light, that wants weight.

Foible, *f. m.* Weak part or fide, weakness; * weakness, defect. * (Principal défaut auquel une personne est sujette,) feeble, weak-fide or blind-fide. ♣ Le foible de l'épée, the feeble or small of the sword. ♣ La Justice ne regarde ni le fort ni le foible, Justice has no respect of persons. ♣ Du fort au foible, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

Foiblement, *adv.* Weakly, faintly, slightly.

Foiblesse, *f. f.* (débilité.) Weakness, feebleness, faintness. ♣ (Défaillance,) fainting-fit, swoon. * (Imbecillité,) weakness, imbecillity. * Foiblesse de courage, faint-heartedness.

Foiblir, *verb. neut.* (mollir.) To give way, to yield, to flaken.

Foie, *f. m.* The liver.

Foin, *f. m.* Hay. Foin d'arrière-saison, after-math or latter-math.

† Foin, *interj.* Dewee.

Foire, *f. f.* (marché public.) A fair or great market. ♣ Foire, (ou présent de foire,)

fairing. ♣ † Foire, (dévolement,) looseness or lask.

† Foier, *v. n.* To squitter.

† Foireux, euse, *adj.* Loose, troubled with a looseness.

* † Mine foireuse, a shitten-face.

† Un foireux, une foireuse, *f.* A shitten-arse boy or girl, a brat.

Fois, *f. f.* Time, † bout. De fois à autres, from time to time, now and then. C'est assez pour cette fois, that's enough for this bout. Une autre fois, another time, again. Une fois, deux fois, trois fois, once, twice, thrice. Une bonne fois, une fois pour toutes, once for all. Non pas même une seule fois, no, not so much as once. ♣ Une fois autant, as much again. ♣ Plusieurs fois, (souvent,) often, oftentimes. Toutes les fois que, autant de fois que, as often as. A la fois, tout à la fois, (tout d'un coup,) all together, all at once, at one bout.

† Par fois, *adv.* Sometimes, now and then. ♣ Saisir un homme à fois de corps, (par le milieu du corps,) to take one by the waist.

† Foison, *f. f.* Plenty, abundance.

A foison, *adv.* In abundance, plentifully.

† Foisonner, *v. n.* To abound; to increase, to multiply.

Fol, folle. *V.* Fou.

Folâtre, *adj.* Gamesome, wanton, full of play, waggish.

Folâtre, *f. m.* A wanton boy.

Folâtre, *f. f.* A wanton girl.

Folâtrer, *v. n.* To toy, to play wanton tricks, to wag.

Folâtrerie, *f. f.* Wanton trick, waggishness, to-ing.

* Folichon, onne, *adj.* & *subst.* (terme enfantin & bas, pour dire, badin, folâtre.)

A wag, a waggish, gamesome or wanton boy or girl.

Folie, *f. f.* (aliénation d'esprit.) Folly, madness.

♣ (Action extravagante,) folly, a piece of folly. Faire une folie, to play the fool

wish one's self, to do foo-

FOE

Lishly. ♦ (Imprudence,) *folly, foolishness, simplicity.* ♦ (Foible ou passion déréglée,) *extravagant passion or fondness.* Les portraits sont sa folie, *he is an extravagant lover of pictures.*
♦ Folie, (débauche, divertissement de jeunesse,) *folly of youth, debauchery, mad prank, frolick.* ♦ (Chose plaisante & agréable qu'on dit,) *merry or wanton discourse, agreeable nonsense.*
Folio, (mot emprunté du latin,) un in-folio ou un livre in-folio, *a folio, a folio book.*
Folle. *V. Fou.*
Follement, *adv. Foolishly, extravagantly, simply, unwisely.*
Follet, *ette, adjct. Foolish, wanton.* ♦ Poil-follet, *down, downy-beard, soft hair.* ♦ (Duvet des oiseaux,) *down, soft feathers.*
Follet ou esprit follet, *f. m. A familiar or hobgoblin.* ♦ Feu-follet. *V. Feu.*
Follicule, *f. m. Follicle, the bladder or purse of the gall.*
Fomentation, *f. f. Fomentation.*
Fomenté, *ée, adj. Fomented, cherished, &c.*
Fomenter, *v. a. To foment.*
Foncé, *ée, adj. Monied.* ♦ Qui est bien foncé dans une science, *well skilled in a science.* ♦ Couleur foncée, *a deep colour.*
Foncer, *v. n. (payer, fournir.) To pay, to supply with.* Foncer à l'appointement, *to pay the expences, to find money for the expences.*
Foncier, *iere, adj. Belonging to the manor.* Seigneur foncier, *the Lord of the manor.* Rente foncière, *Ground-rent.* Cour foncière, *a Court-baron.*
Fonction, *f. f. Function, duty or discharge of one's office, duty, &c.*
Fond *f. m. Bottom, ground.* ♦ Fond ou derrière de miroir, *the backside of a looking-glass.* ♦ Le fond d'une

FON

futaille, *the head of a cask.*
♦ Fond de carrosse, *the back-side or back-part of a coach.* ♦ Fond, (extrémité d'un pays,) *the farther end, the utmost part or extremity.*
♦ Fond, (ce qu'il y a de plus secret dans le cœur,) *bottom or inward recesses of one's heart.* * Le fond d'une affaire, d'une question, *the bottom, the main or main point.* ♦ Cette culotte n'a pas assez de fond, *these breeches are not deep enough.* ♦ Aller à fond, couler à fond, (terme de mer,) *to sink, to go down to the bottom.* ♦ Couler un navire à fond, *to sink a ship.* ♦ Fond de cale, *the hold of a ship.* ♦ Bas fond, *shallow water.* Haut fond, *deep water.* Bon fond, *good anchoring ground.* Fond de vase ou de sable, *an oozy or sandy ground.* ♦ Fond d'une voile, *the foot of a sail.* ♦ Fond de lit, *the wooden bottom of a bed.*
♦ Donner fond, (terme de Marine, mouiller,) *to cast anchor.* ♦ Perdre fond, *to drive with her anchors.* ♦ Fossé à fond de cuve, *a ditch broader and broader from the bottom to the top.* ♦ De fond en comble, *from the top to the bottom, utterly, wholly.* Ruiner une maison de fond en comble, *to raze a house to the very ground.* * Je suis ruiné de fond en comble, *I am undone to all intents and purposes.* ♦ Faire fond sur quelqu'un, *to depend or rely upon one.*
A fond, *adv. To the bottom, perfectly, exactly, fully.*
Au fond, dans le fond, *adv. At the bottom, when all is done, in the main.*
Fondamental, *ale, adj. Fundamental.* * Pierre fondamentale, *a foundation-stone.*
Fondamentalement, *adv. Fundamentally, upon a good foundation.*
Fondateur, *subst. masc. Founder.*
Fondation, *f. f. Foundation;*

FON 231

♦ *foundation, endowment.* Une Eglise qui a de bonnes fondations, *a Church well endowed.*
Fondatrice, *f. f. A foundress.*
Fondé, *ée, adj. That has a foundation, &c. V. Fonder.*
♦ Fondé en droit, *that has a just cause, that has justice on his side.* Nous sommes aussi-bien fondés l'un que l'autre, *we have both reason alike.*
Fondement, *f. m. (fondation d'un édifice.) Foundation.* ♦ (L'anus,) *the fundament.* * (Base,) *foundation, basis.* * (Cause, sujet,) *ground, cause, reason.* * (Principe,) *principle, beginning, root.* * Je fais grand fondement sur son amitié, *I rely, build or depend much upon his friendship.* I do trust very much to it. * Je ne fais pas grand fondement sur cette conjecture, *I don't lay much or great stress upon that conjecture.*
Fonder, *v. a. (un bâtiment.) To lay the foundation or ground-work.* * (Etablir sur des raisons,) *to ground or establish.* ♦ (Faire bâtir,) *to found or build.* * (Instituer,) *to found or institute.* * Fonder un Empire, *to lay the foundation of an Empire.* * Fonder une Eglise, *to endow a church.* * † Il faut avant toutes choses fonder la cuisine, *the kitchen must be settled first.*
Se fonder, *v. r. To be grounded.*
Fonderie, *f. f. (lieu où l'on fond du métal.) A casting-house, foundery.*
Fondeur, *f. m. A founder.*
Fondeur de cloches, *bell-founder.*
Fondique, *f. m. A hall for a company of Tradesmen.*
Fondis, *f. m. Sinking of the ground.*
Fondoir, *f. m. A melting-house, the place where butchers melt the fat of beasts for tallow.*
Fondre, *v. a. (liquéfier.) To melt, cast, dissolve or*

232 FON

liquefy. * Fondre la cloche, *to come to a final resolution, to make an end of a business.*

Fondre, *v. n.* (se liquéfier.)

To melt or be dissolved, to liquefy.

* Fondre en larmes, *to melt or dissolve in tears.* * Fondre, (diminuer de force,) *to fall away.*

* (S'affaiblir,) *to fall in, to sink.*

♣ (En parlant des oiseaux de proie,) *to swoop down, to make a swoop at.*

* Fondre sur l'ennemi, *to fall upon the enemy.*

Se fondre, *v. r.* *To melt.*

Fondrière, *f. f.* (lieu creux & plein de boue.) *Bog or quagmire.*

Fonds, *subst. m.* (sol d'une terre.) *Ground, land, soil.*

♣ (Somme considérable,) *fund.*

♣ (Capital d'un bien,) *the stock.* ♣ Mettre de l'argent à fonds perdu, *to buy or purchase an annuity.* * Un grand fonds d'esprit, de savoir, &c. *a great stock or deal of wit, learning, &c.*

Fondu, *ue, adj.* (from fondre.) *Melted, &c. according to the verb.*

Fontaine, *f. f.* *Spring or fountain; ♣ a fountain with water-spouts; ♣ cistern; ♣ the cock of a cistern or any other vessel.*

Fonte, *subst. fém.* (action de fondre.) *A casting or melting.* Fer de fonte, *cast-iron.*

Marmite de fonte, *a great iron pot cast.*

♣ Fonte, (en termes d'imprimeur,) *cast.*

♣ Fonte, *brass.* Ex. Un canon de fonte, *a brass gun.*

Fontenier, *f. m.* *A conduit-maker; he that has the charge of the springs.*

Fonts, *f. m. pl.* (fonts de baptême.) *The font over which children are baptized. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts, to stand god-father or god-mother to a child.*

For, *f. m. Ex.* For ou juridiction Ecclésiastique, *Ecclesiastical court.*

Forain, *aine, adj.* *Foreign, outlandish, alien.* Marchand forain, *an outlandish mer-*

FOR

chant, an alien. Traite foraine, *a custom or imposition upon certain commodities exported or imported.*

Forants, *f. m. pl.* (ou mâtereaux.) *Balks or yuffers.*

Forban, *f. m.* *A pirate.*

Forçat, *f. m.* *A galley-slave.*

Force, *f. f.* (vigueur du corps ou de l'esprit.) *Strength.*

♣ (Vertu entre la crainte & la témérité,) *fortitude.*

♣ (Fermeté de courage,) *constancy, resolution, magnanimity.*

♣ (Contrainte,) *force, constrain, violence.*

♣ (Nécessité,) *force or necessity.*

♣ (Puissance,) *strength, might, force, power.*

La force de la vérité, *the force or forcibleness of truth.*

Une raison qui a beaucoup de force, *a forcible or strong reason or argument.*

♣ Force (énergie) d'un mot, *the strength, energy, or significance of a word.*

Toutes les œuvres ne font pas de la même force, *all his works are not alike nervous in all places, his works*

flag here and there. ♣ Faire force de rames, *faire force de voiles, to row with all one's might; to crowd all the sails.*

♣ Je ne suis pas de la force, *I am not as strong as he, I do not come near him, I am not his match.*

♣ S'il gele plus long-temps de cette force, *if this hard frost continue any longer.*

♣ Prendre une ville de force, *to storm a town, to take it by storm.*

♣ Si vous ne le faites de bon gré, je vous le ferai faire de force, *if you won't do it by fair means, I shall make you do it by foul.*

Force, (sorte d'adjectif indéclinable qui signifie beaucoup.) *Store, plenty, great deal, abundance, many.*

Force argent, *store or a great deal of money.*

Force amis, *many friends.*

Force blé, *plenty of corn.*

A force ouverte, *de vive force, with open strength or force.*

A toute force, *by all means.*

A force de bras, *by strength*

FOR

of arms. A force de pleurer, *il a perdu les yeux, he cryed his eyes out, with much crying he lost his eyesight.*

Corriger un enfant à force de le battre, *to beat a child into better manners.*

A force d'amis il en est venu à bout, *he has got it by favour.*

A force d'aimer, le jaloux se fait hair, *a jealous man is hated for his love.*

Il s'est tué à force de boire, *he has killed himself with drinking.*

♣ Forces, (au pluriel, les troupes d'un État.) *Forces, troops, Forces, (puissance d'un État,) strength.*

Forcé, *ée, adj.* *Forced, &c. according to the verb.*

Forcé, (affecté,) *forced, affected, unnatural.*

Donner un sens forcé à un passage, *to wrest the sense of a passage.*

♣ temps forcé, *a stress of weather.*

Coup de vent forcé, *a storm.*

Forcément, *adv.* *Forcibly, by force or constraint, being under a force.*

Forcené, *ée, adj.* *Mad, furious, in a fury, out of his senses.*

Forcer, *v. a.* (contraindre.)

To force, compel or constrain.

♣ (Prendre par force,) *to force, to take by storm.*

♣ Forcer une fille, *to force or ravish a virgin.*

♣ Forcer une porte, *to break open a door.*

♣ Forcer un cheval, *to over-ride a horse, to ride him too hard.*

♣ Forcer une bête fauve ou un lièvre, *to hunt down a deer or a hare.*

♣ Forcer un bataillon, ou un escadron, *to break through a battalion or squadron.*

♣ Forcer une clef, *to bend a key.*

Forcer de voiles, *forcer de rames, to make the best of one's way at sea.*

Se forcer, *v. r.* (faire avec effort.) *To strain or to strain one's self.*

Forces, *f. f. pl.* *Shears or sheers.*

Forclorre, *verb. a.* *To fore-judge or debar, a law-term.*

Forclos, *ose, adj.* *Debarred.*

Forclusion, *f. f.* *Debarring.*

FOR

Foré, ée, *adj.* *Drilled, bored.*
Forer, *verb. aâ.* *To drill or bore.*
Forestier, *f. m.* *Ranger, forester.*
Forestiere, *adj. f.* *Ex. Les villes forestieres d'Allemagne, the forest towns in Germany.*
Foret, *subst. m.* *A piercer, a gimlet.*
Forêt, *f. f.* *A forest.*
Forfaire, *v. n.* (manquer à.) *To trespass, to fail.* ♦ *Fille qui a forfait à son honneur, a maid that has forfeited or lost her honour.*
Forfaire, *verb. aâ.* (terme de Droit coutumier, rendre confiscable.) *To forfeit.*
Forfait, *f. m.* (crime.) *Offence, trespass, transgression, crime.* ♦ (Marché à prix fait,) *an undertaking by the great.*
Forfaiture, *subst. f.* (forfait.) *Trespass, offence.*
Forge, *f. f.* *A forge.*
Forgé, ée, *adj.* *Forged, &c. according to the verb.*
Forger, *v. a.* (donner la forme aux métaux.) *To forge or hammer.* * (Inventer, supposer,) *to forge, contrive, frame, invent, make or devise.*
Forger, *v. n.* (il se dit des chevaux,) *To over-reach, as some horses do.*
Forgeron, *f. m.* *Smith, blacksmith.*
Forgeur, *f. m.* *A hammerer.* * (Inventeur,) *forger, contriver, inventor.*
Forgetter, *v. n.* (avancer en Gaillie.) *To jut out.*
‡ Forligner, *v. n.* *To degenerate.*
Forlonger, *v. neut.* (tirer de longue, en parlant du cerf.) *To run a length.*
Formaliser, se formaliser, *v. r.* *To take offence or exception, to take ill or find fault.*
Formaliste, *adj.* ou *f.* *Formalist, formal, precise, a formal or complimentary man or woman.*
Formalité, *f. f.* (formule de droit.) *Form in law, formality.* ♦ (Cérémonie,) *formality, form, ceremony.*

FOR

Formation, *subst. f.* *Forming, formation.*
Forme, *f. f.* (manière d'être d'une chose.) *Form.* ♦ (Figure extérieure,) *form, shape, figure, fashion.* ♦ (façon d'agir,) *form, manner, way.* ♦ (Formalité,) *form or formality.* ♦ (Modele de foulier,) *a last.* ♦ (Modele de chapeau,) *a block.* ♦ (Bois qu'on met dans les bas,) *a leg.* ♦ *Forme de chapeau, the crown of a hat.* ♦ *Forme*, (terme de Paveur,) *a lay of gravel.* ♦ (Tumeur qui vient aux paturons du cheval,) *spavin.* ♦ *Prendre un lievre en forme, to take a hare in the form.* ♦ *Forme d'imprimeur, a Printer's form.* ♦ *Mettre un argument en forme, to make or form a syllogism.* ♦ *En la forme qui suit, as follows.* ♦ *Pour la forme, for fashion sake.* ♦ *Forme*, (banc garni d'étoffe & rembourré,) *a stuffed form or seat.* *Formes de chœur d'une Eglise, the seats of a choir of a Church.*
Formé, ée, *adj.* *Formed, framed, fashioned, made, shaped.*
Formel, elle, *adj.* (terme de Philosophie.) *Formal.* ♦ (Exprès,) *plain, express, explicit.*
Formellement, *adv.* *Formally.* ♦ (En termes exprès,) *plainly, expressly, explicitly.*
Former, *v. aâ.* (taire, produire.) *To form, frame or make.* ♦ (Façonner,) *to frame, form, fashion or mould.* ♦ *Former les temps d'un verbe, to form the tenses of a verb, to conjugate it.* ♦ *Former un dessein, to frame a design or purpose.* ♦ *Former une difficulté, to raise or start a difficulty.* ♦ *Former une plainte, to put up a complaint.* ♦ *Former un siège, to lay a formal siege.* * *Former*, (instruire,) *to inform, to train or bring up.*
Se former, *v. r.* (être produit.) *To be made or for-*

FOR 232

med. ♦ (s'engendrer,) *to be bred.* ♦ (Naitre,) *to arise.* ♦ (Prendre la forme,) *to come to some shape.* ♦ (Se faire, en parlant d'un jeune homme,) *to grow a man.* ♦ *Se former une idée de quelque chose, to frame an idea of a thing, to conceive it in one's mind.*
Formidable, *adj.* *Formidable, terrible, frightful, dreadful.*
D'une manière formidable, *formidably, in a formidable manner.*
Formulaire, *f. m.* *A formulary.*
Formule, *f. f.* *Formule.*
Fornicateur, *f. m.* *Fornicator.*
Fornication, *f. f.* *Fornication.*
† Fors, *prep.* *Save, except, but.*
Fort, forte, *adj.* (vigoureux.) *Strong, stout, vigorous.* ♦ (Epais de matiere,) *strong, thick.* ♦ (En parlant d'une place,) *strong, of strength.* ♦ (Difficile,) *hard, tough, difficult, painful.* ♦ (Acre au goût ou à l'odorat,) *strong.* ♦ (Grand, violent,) *strong, great, violent.* * (Courageux,) *stout, valiant.* ♦ *Colle forte.* *V. Colle.* * † *Ce gigot de mouton est trop fort, that leg of mutton is too big.*
*** Fort**, (habile,) *strong, able, skilled.* * *Expression forte, (ou dure,) a hard expression;* * (ou significative,) *an emphatical or significant expression.* * *Une raillerie forte, (ou piquante,) a tart, biting, nipping, sharp, close or dry jest.* ♦ *Cheval fort en bride, an unruly horse.* ♦ *Ville forte d'assiette, a town strongly seated.* ♦ *Terre forte, strong, tough soil.* * *Que sauroit-on dire de plus fort? what can be said more to the purpose?* *A plus forte raison, how much more.* * *Il a l'esprit fort, ou c'est une tête forte, he is a strong or good head-piece.* * *Un esprit fort, (un libertin,) a freethinker.* *Faire l'esprit fort, to set up for a wit, to*

lay Religion aside. ♣ Fort de poids, *that has over weight.* ♣ Se faire fort d'une chose, *to undertake a thing, to take it upon one's self.* Se faire fort de son crédit, *to rely much upon one's credit.*

Fort, *f. m.* The strongest part of a thing, the middle. ♣ Dans le fort de la colere, *in the height of his passion.* * Dans le fort du combat, *in the heat of the fight.* * Fort, (qualité par où une personne excelle le plus,) *strength or skill.* ♣ Le fort d'une boule, *the bias of a bowl.* ♣ Fort, (d'un bois,) *covert, thicket.* ♣ Le fort d'un sanglier, *a wild boar's hold.* ♣ Du fort au foible. *V.* Foible. ♣ Le fort d'une affaire, *the main point of a business.* ♣ Le fort d'un vaisseau, *the extreme breadth of a ship.* ♣ Fort, (lieu fortifié.) *Fort or strong hold.*

Fort, *adv.* Very, much, very much, extremely. ♣ Je désire fort que cela soit, *I have a great or strong desire it should be so.* J'estime fort les gens de mérite, *I have a great esteem for deserving persons.* ♣ Fort, (vigoureuxsement,) *hard, very hard.* Fort & ferme, *hard, very hard, stoutly.*

Fortement, *adv.* With force, stoutly, vigorously. ♣ Être fortement persuadé, *to be strongly persuaded, to have a strong belief.*

Forteresse, *f. f.* A fortress. Fortifiant, *ante, adj.* Strengthening, fortifying, corroborative.

Fortification, *f. f.* Fortification or fortifying.

Fortifié, *ée, adj.* Fortified, made strong, strengthened, &c.

Fortifier, *v. a.* To fortify, to make strong, to strengthen, to corroborate.

Se fortifier, *v. r.* To gather strength, to grow strong.

Fortin, *f. m.* A fortlet, a scone or little fort.

Fortuit, *ite, adj.* Fortuitous,

casual, accidental. ♣ Cas fortuit, *a mere chance.* Fortuitement, *adverb.* Casually, accidentally, by chance.

Fortune, *subst. f.* Fortune. ♣ (Hasard,) *fortune, chance, luck.* ♣ (Bonheur,) *fortune, luck or good luck.*

♣ (Péril, danger,) *fortune, hazard.* ♣ (Destinée,) *fortune, destiny.* ♣ Avoir moins de fortune que de mérite, *to be less fortunate than deserving.* ♣ Fortune, (avancement,) *fortune, advancement, preferment, greatness.* ♣ Déchoir d'une haute fortune, *to have a great downfall.* ♣ Fortune, (condition,) *fortune, condition.* ♣ Pousser sa fortune auprès d'une belle, *to put one's self forward for the gaining of a fair lady.* ♣ Bonne fortune, (bonnes graces d'une Dame,) *an intrigue, a kind Mistress.* Henri III faisoit part de ses bonnes fortunes à ses favoris. Henri III was so kind as to share his mistresses amongst his favourites. ♣ Voile de fortune, *cross-jack-sail.* Vergue de fortune, *the square sail yard, in sloop, &c.*

Fortuné, *ée, adj.* Fortunate, happy.

Fort-vêtu, *subst. m.* A paltry fellow finely dressed.

Forure, *f. f.* (trou.) Bore.

Fosse, *f. f.* Grave; ♣ hole, ditch, pit. ♣ Basse-fosse, *dungeon.* ♣ Fosse, (grande chaudiere où se fond l'étain,) *a melting kettle used by pewterers.* ♣ Fosse aux cables, *the cable stage.* ♣ Fosse aux lions, *the boat-swain's store-room.*

Fossé, *f. m.* Ditch, moat or mote.

Fossète, *f. f.* (petit creux au menton ou à la joue.) Dimple. ♣ Fossète, (que les enfans font en terre pour jouer,) *cherry-pit or chuck-hole, a hole to play at chuck-farthing.* Jouer à la fossète, *to play at chuck-farthing.*

Fossile, *adj. & subst.* Fossil; *that is or may be dug out of the ground.*

Fossillé, *éc, adj.* Ditched or moated about.

Fossoyer, *v. a.* To ditch or moat about.

Fossyeur, *f. m.* A grave-maker.

Fou, folle, *adj.* (qui a perdu le sens.) Mad, out of his wits. ♣ (Extravagant,) *foolish, senseless, extravagant.* ♣ (Inprudent, crédule,) *silly, foolish, credulous, fond.* ♣ (Qui aime avec passion,) *very fond, that dotes upon.* ♣ (Gai, badin,) *mad, wanton, waggish.* ♣ Folle - enchère. *V.* Enchère. ♣ Folle-farine, *mill - dust.*

R. On disoit autrefois FOL, au lieu de fou, & on s'en sert encore quelquefois devant un mot qui commence par une voyelle. Ex. Un fol espoir, *a foolish hope.*

Fou, *f. m.* une Folle, *f. f.* A fool, a mad man or woman. ♣ Fou, (Bouffon,) *fool, buffoon, jester.* ♣ Fou, (pièce du jeu des échecs,) *a bishop at chess.*

Fouace, *subst. fém.* A sort of cake.

Fouage, *subst. m.* (impôt sur chaque feu.) Hearth-money, chimney-money.

† Fouailler, *v. n.* To whip or lash.

Foudre, *f. m.* ou *f.* Thunder, thunder-bolt or lightning.

Foudroiement, *subst. m.* The striking with a thunder-bolt.

Foudroyant, *ante, adj.* Thundering, terrible or dreadful.

Foudroyé, *éc, adj.* Thunder-struck, &c. *V.* the verb.

L'anathème dont il fut foudroyé, *the excommunication which was thundered out against him.*

Foudroyer, *v. a.* (frapper de la foudre.) To strike with a thunder-bolt. * (Battre à coups de canon,) *to thunder against, to batter with cannon - shot.* * (Frapper d'anathème,) *to fulminate or thunder out an excommunication against one.*

* Foudroyer, *v. n.* To storm, to keep a heavy do or clutter.
 Fouet, *f. m.* Whip, scourge.
 ♦ (Coups de fouet,) whip, lash, jerk. ♦ (Verge,) rod. ♦ (Corde menue pour mettre au bout d'un fouet,) whip-cord. * † Elle fait bien claquer son fouet, she makes a great noise in the world. ♦ Poulié à fouet ou estropée à fouet, a tail block.
 Fouetté, *ée*, *adject.* Whipt, lashed, scourged, jerked.
 Fouetter, *v. a.* To whip, lash, scourge or jerk. ♦ Fouetter de la crème, to whip cream. ♦ Fouetter un livre, to bind a book with packthread. ♦ Lesvoiles fouettent le mât, the sails strike or flap back against the mast.
 Fouetteur, *f. m.* Fouetteuse, *f. f.* A whipper, a whipping man or woman.
 Fougade ou fougasse, *f. f.* Fougade, a small mine in the shape of a well.
 Fougere, *f. f.* Fern. * † Le vin rit dans la fougere, the wine smiles in the glass.
 Foupon, *f. m.* Cook-room in a ship.
 Fougue, *subst. f.* Fury, heat, passion, transport. ♦ Fougue d'un cheval, the mettles of a horse. Prévenir la fougue d'un cheval, to keep a horse in, to curb him. ♦ Les fougues de la jeunesse, the wildness, the impetuosity of youth. ♦ Mât de fougue ou de perroquet de fougue, the mixen-top mast. Voile de fougue ou perroquet de fougue, mixen-top sail.
 Fougueux, *euse*, *adj.* Fiery, hot, hasty, passionate; ♦ fiery, mettlesome, unruly.
 Fou, *ie*, *adj.* Digged, dug.
 Fouille, *f. f.* Trenching.
 Fouillé, *ée*, *adj.* Raked up or into, &c.
 Fouiller, *v. a.* To rake up. * (Chercher avec soin,) * to rake into. ♦ Fouiller quelqu'un, to search one.
 Fouiller, *v. n.* To rake into, to search or search into, to rummage.
 Fouine, *f. f.* A pole-cat.

Fouir, *v. a.* la terre. To dig the ground.
 Foule, *f. f.* Crowd, throng, press, multitude. * Se tirer de la foule, to distinguish one's self from the crowd or vulgar. * Une foule d'affaires, a crowd or multitude of affairs. ♦ Foule, (oppression,) oppression.
 En foule, à la foule, *adv.* Ex. Venir en foule, to stock, to throng together. Entrer à la foule, to crowd in. Sortir à la foule, to crowd out.
 Foulé, *ée*, *adj.* Trodden, &c.
 Foulées, *f. f. pl.* The soiling of deer.
 Fouler, *v. a.* To tread, stamp or trample upon. * Fouler aux pieds, to trample upon, to trample or tread under foot, to scorn or contemn. ♦ Fouler un chapeau, to work a hat. ♦ Fouler du drap, to full or mill cloth. ♦ Fouler, (blesser, en parlant de la selle, &c. qui blesse les chevaux,) to hurt or gall. ♦ Fouler un nerf, to sprain a sinew. ♦ Fouler, (presser,) to crowd or squeeze. * (Opprimer, surcharger,) to oppress, to over-charge.
 Foulerie, *f. f.* A hatter's or fuller's work-house.
 Fouloire, *f. f.* A hatter's working board.
 Foulon, *subst. m.* A fuller of cloths.
 Foulque, *subst. m.* A coot or moor-hen.
 Foulure, *f. f.* The furbazing of a horse. ♦ (Contusion,) a strain or bruise.
 Four, *f. m.* An oven; ♦ a bake-house. ♦ Piece de four, cake or tart. ♦ Four à chaux, a lime-kiln. Four à brique, a brick-kiln.
 Fourbe, *adj.* Deceitful, crafty, cheating.
 Un fourbe, *f. m.* A cheat, a deceitful man, an impostor, a crafty knave.
 Fourbe ou Fourberie, *f. f.* A cheat or cheating trick, an imposture.
 Fourbé, *ée*, *adj.* Cheated, gulled, bubbled.

Fourber, *v. a.* To cheat, gull or bubble.
 Fourbi, *ie*, *adj.* Furbished.
 Fourbir, *v. a.* To furbish.
 Fourbisseur, *f. m.* Furbisher, cutler, or sword-cutler.
 Fourbissure, *f. f.* Furbishing.
 Fourbu, *ue*, *adj.* Foundred.
 Fourbure, *f. f.* The foundring of a horse.
 Fourcats, *f. m. pl.* The crotches or floor timbers placed in the fore and after part of a ship.
 Fourcats de porques, the crotches of the riders.
 Fourche, *f. f.* A fork or pitchfork. ♦ Fourche d'un arbre, a forked shot. ♦ Fourches patibulaires, a gibbet.
 Fourcher, *v. neut.* To grow forked, to split. * † La langue lui a fourché, he has tript with his tongue.
 Se fourcher, *v. r.* To grow forked, to split.
 Fourchette, *f. f.* Fork, table-fork. ♦ Fourchette, (pour appuyer un mousquet,) a rest for a musket.
 Fourchon, *f. m.* Ex. Fourchette à trois fourchons, a three pronged fork.
 Fourchu, *ue*, *adject.* Forked. ♦ Pied fourchu, a gloven foot. ♦ Chemin fourchu, a cross-way.
 Fourgon, *f. m.* A coal-rake or an oven-spork. ♦ (Espèce de charrette,) a sort of carriage or waggon; a covered waggon.
 Fourgonner, *v. n.* To poke, to stir the fire with a fork or poker; † to poke, to fumble about.
 Fourmi, *f. f.* An ant, pismire or emmet.
 Fourmilier, *f. f.* An ant-hillock, an ant-hole, an ant's nest; * a swarm, a great throng or crowd.
 Fourmillement, *f. m.* (picolement.) Pricking.
 Fourmiller, *v. n.* To swarm or abound with, to be full of, to crawl with. ♦ La main me fourmille, I feel a pricking in my hand like the stinging of ants.
 Fournage, *f. m.* Furnage, the fee that a Lord takes of his vassals and tenants bound to bake in his common oven.

236 FOU

Fournaise, *f. f.* A furnace or kiln.
 Fourneau, *f. m.* A stove; ♀ a mine.
 Fournée, *f. f.* One baking, an oven-full.
 Fourni, *ie, adj.* Furnished, provided, supplied, &c. *Voy.* Fournir. ♀ Fourni, (épais,) full, thick.
 Fournier, *subst. m.* One that keeps a publick oven or an oven-tender.
 Fournil, *f. m.* A bake-house.
 Fourniment, *f. m.* A powder-flash.
 Fournir, *v. act.* To furnish, find, provide or supply, to give or afford. ♀ Il faut encore vingt écus pour fournir la somme entière, there wants twenty crowns to make up the sum. * Fournir la carrière ou la course, to run the race. ♀ Je ne saurois fournir à tant de dépenses, I am not able to bear so much charge.
 Fournir, *v. n.* To serve the turn, to hold out.
 Fourniture, *f. f.* Provision. ♀ Fourniture d'une salade, the furnishing of a salad. ♀ Les fournitures d'un habit, the trimming of a suit.
 Fourrage, *subst. m.* Fodder; ♀ forage. Aller au fourrage, to go a foraging.
 Fourrager, *v. n.* (amasser du fourrage.) To forage.
 Fourrager, *v. a.* (ravager.) To waste, ruin or ravage.
 Fourrageur, *f. m.* (celui qui va au fourrage.) A forager.
 Fourré, *ée, adj.* (from fourrer.) Furred, &c. *V.* Fourrer. ♀ Un coup fourré, an interchanged thrust or blow. Ils se sont donné des coups fourrés, they run one another through. ♀ Un bois bien fourré, a wood full of thickets. * Une paix fourrée, a peace suddenly clapt up, and not like to last long.
 Faire une paix fourrée, to clapt up a peace. ♀ Piece d'or ou d'argent fourrée, a piece of money plated.
 Fourreau, *f. m.* (enveloppe.) Case. ♀ Fourreau de pistolet, a holster. ♀ Faux-

FOU

sourreau de pistolet, a pistol bag. ♀ Fourreau de chaise, the cover of a chair. ♀ Fourreau ou fourreau d'épée, the scabbard of a sword. Fourreau du membre d'un cheval, the scabbard of a horse's genitals. ♀ Fourreau de robe d'enfant, a frock for a child, * † Coucher dans son fourreau, to lie or sleep in one's clothes.
 Fourrer, *v. act.* To put or thrust in; ♀ to cram or stuff with. ♀ (Garnir de fourrures,) to fur or line with fur. * Fourrer quelque chose dans l'esprit, to beat a thing into one's brains.
 Se fourrer, *v. r.* To intrude one's self, to get or creep in, to enter boldly. * Se fourrer dans une affaire, to engage in a business. ♀ Se fourrer ou se bien fourrer, to clothe one's self well.
 Fourreur, *subst. m.* Furrier, Skinner.
 Fourrier, *f. m.* Harbinger.
 Fourrière, *f. f.* Wood-yard.
 Fourrure, *f. f.* Fur; ♀ a fur-lining. ♀ Old canvas for service. ♀ (Terme de construction navale,) fur and furring in a piece of timber.
 Fourvolement, *f. m.* A wandering or going astray; * error, mistake.
 Fourvoyer, *v. a.* To lead or put out of the way.
 Se fourvoyer, *v. r.* To wander, to go astray or out of the way, to miss, lose or mistake one's way; * to err or be in an error, to mistake.
 Fouteau, *f. m.* A beech-tree.
 Foyer, *f. m.* Hearth. ♀ (Chaleur interne,) heat or fire. ♀ (Dans un miroir ardent,) the focus, burning white of a burning glass.
 Fracas, *f. m.* A great crash, crack or noise; ♀ clutter, heavy do, havock, hurly-burly. Faire un grand fracas dans le monde, to make a great figure or noise in the world.

FRA

Fracassé, *ée, adj.* Destroyed, broken to pieces, split in pieces.
 Fracasser, *v. a.* To destroy, to break to pieces, to split in pieces.
 Fraction, *f. f.* Fraction. ♀ Fraction du pain, breaking of the bread.
 Fracture, *f. f.* Fracture, a breaking.
 Fragile, *adj.* (aisé à rompre.) Fragile, apt to break. * (Foible,) fragile, brittle, frail or weak. ♀ (Incertain,) brittle, uncertain.
 Fragilité, *f. f.* Brittleness, fragility; * frailty or weakness; * brittleness, uncertainty.
 Fragment, *f. m.* A fragment.
 Frais, *f. m.* The spawning of fishes; ♀ fry or spawn of fishes; ♀ fry, young fish.
 Fraiche, *vis the feminine of Frais.*
 Fraichement, *adv.* Freshly, newly, just or just now. ♀ Nous sommes ici assez fraichement, (ou au frais,) we are cool enough here. Le vent nous conduira fraichement chez nous, the wind will keep us cool in our way home.
 Fraicheur, *f. f.* (froid tempéré.) Cool, coolness. * (Des fleurs, du teint,) freshness, clearness. ♀ (Froid,) cold.
 Fraichir, *v. n.* Ex. Le vent fraichit, the wind blows stronger, the wind begins to blow high.
 † Frairie, *f. f.* A merry-making, a merry-bout.
 Frais, fraiche, *adj.* (modiquement froid.) Cool. ♀ (Froid,) cold. * (Récent,) fresh. * (Qui n'est point fatigué,) fresh. * Teint frais, a fresh and clear complexion. * Frais, (qui n'a point été salé,) fresh, not salted. Du pain ou du beurre frais, new bread or butter. ♀ Plais toute fraiche, green or raw wound. ♀ Des œufs frais, new laid eggs. ♀ Vin frais, wine newly tapped. ♀ Vent frais, fresh wind. Bon frais, a fresh

FRA

gale. Petit frais, a small gale or breeze. Grand frais, a hard or strong gale.
Frais, fraîche, *adv. Fresh, newly.* Des herbes toutes fraîches cueillies, *herbs fresh gathered.* Frais venu, *newly come.*
Frais, *f. m. Cool, coolness, fresh air.*
Frais, *f. m. pl. (dépense.) Charges, expences.* Il est de grands frais, *he is very chargeable or expensive.* * Recommencer sur nouveaux frais, (ou de nouveau,) *to begin a-new.*
Fraise, *f. f. (fruit.) Strawberry.* (Linge qu'on portoit autrefois,) *a ruff, such as men and women used to wear about their necks.* (Méfentere & boyaux d'agneau & de veau,) *a Lamb's or calf's pluck or gather.* Fraises, (terme de Fortification,) *pointed stakes in fortification.*
Fraîsé, ée, *adj. Plated, &c.*
V. Fraiser.
Fraiser, *v. a. To plate; to strengthen with fraises or pointed stakes.* Fraiser la pâte, *to beat or order the paste well.*
Fraiser, *f. m. (plante qui porte les fraises.) A strawberry plant.*
Fraisil, *f. m. Cinders.*
Framboise, *f. f. (fruit.) Raspberry.*
Framboisé, ée, *adj. Ex. Hypocras framboisé, raspberry-hypocras.*
Framboiser, *v. a. To give a taste of raspberry.*
Framboisier, *f. m. A raspberry-bush.*
Franc, franche, *adj. (libre.) Free.* (Exempt,) *free, exempted, frank.* (Vrai, sieffé,) *very, arant, mere.* (Sincere, loyal,) *free, frank, downright, sincere, open; plain.* * † Franc du collier; *ready, forward.* Franc, (en parlant des arbres,) *natural.* J'y ai resté deux jours francs, *I staid there two whole days.*
 * Franc-salé, *an allo-*

FRA

wance of salt. Un chercheur de franchises lippées, *a sponger, a trencher fly.*
Franc-tillac, *the lowermost deck.*
 * Franc-osier, *osier, withy.* Dire la franche vérité, *to tell the naked truth.*
 * Vaisseau franc d'eau, (ou affranchi,) *a ship free of water.* Le franc-bord d'un vaisseau, *the plank of the bottom.*
Franc, *adv. (ouvertement.) Freely, plainly, without dissimulation, flatly.* (Abolument,) *clear, entirely.*
Franc, *f. m. A livre or twenty pence French.*
Franc-funin, *f. m. A white hawser or large untarred rope.*
Franchement, *adv. Freely, boldly, openly, plainly, flatly.*
Franchir, *v. a. To leap, get over or go over; to go beyond.*
 * Franchir des difficultés, *to overcome or surmount difficulties.* * † Franchir le mot, *to speak the word, not to mince the matter.* Franchir un banc, *to force over a bank.* Vaisseau franchi dans un port, *a vessel which is sewed in a harbour.*
Franchise, *f. f. (exemption.) Franchise, freedom, immunity, exemption.* (Afile,) *a privileged place.* (Sincérité,) *freedom, freeness, plainness, candor, sincerity, openness.* Un cœur plein de franchise, *a man of a free temper, an honest soul.*
 * Franchise, (terme poétique, liberté,) *freedom, liberty.*
Francisé, ée, *adj. Franchified, made French.*
Franciser, *v. a. (donner la forme & l'analogie française à un mot étranger.) To frenchify, to make French.*
François, oise, *adj. French.*
 Le François, (la langue Française,) *French, the French tongue or language.*
 A la Française, *adv. After the French fashion.*
Francolin, *f. m. (sorte d'oiseau.) A heath-cock or rail, a sort of fowl.*

FRA 237

Frangé, *f. f. m. Fringe.* Des gants à frange, *fringed gloves.*
Frangé, ée, *adj. Fringed.*
Franger, *v. a. To fringe.*
Franger, *subst. m. A fringe-maker.*
 † Franquette. *Ex. A la franquette, adv. Frankly, freely, openly, plainly.*
Frappant, ante, *adj. Ex. Voici le précis de ce qu'il y a de plus frappant dans cet ouvrage, here's the substance of what's most essential in that book.*
Frappé, *f. f. Stamp.*
Frappé, ée, *adj. Struck, smitten.* Frappé du tonnerre, *thunder-struck.* * Frappé d'étonnement, *amazed, astonished.* * Avoir l'esprit frappé d'une opinion, *to be obstinate or stiff in an opinion, to be wedded to it.*
Frapper, *v. a. (battre.) To strike, smite or beat.*
 Frapper à la porte, *to knock at the door.* Frapper de la monnoie, *to stamp money.* Frapper dans la main, *to shake hands.* Frapper des mains, (pour applaudir,) *to clap.* * Frapper, (faire impression sur les sens ou sur l'esprit,) *to strike.* * Frapper d'étonnement, *to strike with wonder or amazement, to amaze or astonish.* Frapper une manœuvre, *to fix or seize or lash a rope in its proper place.*
Frase, *subst. f. m. ou fraise, A drill.*
Fraiser, *v. a. To drill.*
 † Frasque, *subst. f. Prank; erick.* Ex. Il m'a fait une frasque, *he has played me a trick.*
Fraternel, elle, *adj. Brotherly, fraternal, of a brother.*
Fraternellement, *adv. Brotherly, fraternally.*
Fraterniser, *v. n. To live together like two brothers.*
Fraternité, *f. f. Fraternity, brotherhood; brotherly love.* (Société,) *fraternity, brotherhood, society.*
Fraticide, *f. m. Fratricide, the murdering of one's own*

brother or the killer of his brother.

Fraude, *f. f.* Fraud, cheat, deceit, cozenage.

Fraudé, *ée*, *adj.* Cheated, &c.

† Frauder, *v. a.* (tromper.) To cheat. ♣ (Frustrer par fraude,) to defraud, to cheat or deprive of by a trick.

Frauduleusement, *adv.* Fraudulently, deceitfully, by a trick.

Frauduleux, *euse*, *adj.* Fraudulent, fraudulent, deceitful, crafty.

Fraxinelle, *f. f.* Fraxinella, white dittany.

Frayé, *ée*, *adj.* Beaten. *Ex.* Chemin frayé, a beaten way.

Fraye, *v. n.* To spawn, as fishes do.

Fraye, *v. a.* (tracer) le chemin. To shew, open or clear the way. ♣ Frayer contre quelque chose, to rub against a thing.

Frayeur, *f. f.* Fright, dread, fear, terror. Donner de la frayeur, to fright. Être saisi de frayeur, to be frightened.

† Fredaine, *f. f.* Prank, mad prank, frolick.

Fredon, *subst. m.* A trilling, shake or quavering in music.

Fredonner, *v. n.* To trill, to shake or quaver.

Frégate, *f. f.* A frigate.

Frégaté, *ée*, *adj.* Frigate built.

Frein, *f. m.* (mors.) Bit, horse-bit. * (Tout ce qui retient dans le devoir,) bridle, curb. * Mettre un frein à sa langue, to bridle one's tongue. Il faut donner un frein à sa cruauté, his cruelty must be curbed. * Ronger son frein, (retenir son dépit & sa colere,) to fret within one's self.

Frelaté, *ée*, *adj.* Sophisticated, adulterated.

Frelater, *v. a.* To sophisticate or adulterate.

Frêle, *adj.* Brittle, frail; ♣ faint, weak.

Frelon, *f. m.* A hornet.

Freluche, *f. f.* A tuff. Boutons à freluche, tufted buttons.

† Freluquet, *subst. m.* (un jeune égrillard.) A prig, a spark.

Frémir, *v. n.* (être ému par la crainte.) To quake or tremble. ♣ Frémir de rage, de colere, to chafe, fret or fume. ♣ Son nom seul fait frémir, his name alone strikes a terror. ♣ Je ne saurois y penser sans frémir, I can't think on't without horror. ♣ Cette liqueur ne bout pas encore, elle ne fait que frémir, that liquor does not boil yet, it does but simmer. ♣ La mer commence à frémir, the sea begins to roar.

Frémissement, *f. m.* A quaking or trembling; ♣ the din or humming of a bell for some time after it has done ringing.

Frêne, *f. m.* An ash-tree.

Frénésie, *f. f.* Frensy, madness.

Frénétique, *adjct.* Frantick, mad. Une ardeur frénétique, a violent, vehement passion.

Un frénétique, *f. m.* A frantick or mad man. Une frénétique, *f. f.* A frantick or mad woman.

Fréquemment, *adv.* Frequently, often, oftentimes.

Fréquent, *ente*, *adj.* Frequent, usual, common, ordinary. ♣ Pouls fréquent, a quick pulse.

Fréquentatif, *adj.* ou *f. m.* (terme de Grammaire.) Frequentative.

Fréquentation, *f. f.* Haunting, frequenting, conversing, keeping company.

Fréquenté, *ée*, *adj.* (en parlant d'un lieu.) Frequented, resorted to.

Fréquenter, *v. a.* (hanter.) To frequent or haunt, to go or resort often to. ♣ Fréquenter la mer, to use the sea. ♣ Fréquenter quelqu'un, to frequent or haunt one, to converse, keep company or society with him.

Fréquenter, *v. n.* To use a place, to go or be often there.

Frere, *f. m.* Brother. Frere

de lait, *fofter-brother*. ♣ Frere, (ou Religieux qui n'est pas Prêtre,) Friar, Monk. * † Bon frere, frere de la jubilation, (homme sans souci,) a good companion.

Frérie, *V.* Frairie.

Fresaie, *subst. fém.* A screech-owl.

Fresque, *f. f.* Fresco, a painting on walls newly plaistered.

Peindre à fresque, to paint in fresco.

Fressure, *f. f.* Plack. ♣ Fressure de cochon, a hog's haffet.

Fret, *f. m.* (louage d'un navire.) Freight, the hiring or hire of a ship.

Frété, *ée*, *adj.* Hired.

Fréter, *v. a.* To hire a ship, to freight her.

Fréteur, *subst. m.* (celui qui loue un vaisseau.) The owner of a ship that lets her to hire.

Frétillant, *ante*, *adj.* Wagging, stirring, fluttering, frisking, frisking.

Frétilement, *f. m.* Frisking, fluttering.

Frétiller, *v. n.* To flutter, to frisk or leap, to stir.

Frétin, *f. m.* Fry or young fish.

Frette, *f. f.* (lien de fer.) Verrel.

Fretté, *ée*, *adjct.* (terme de Blason.) Fretted in heraldry.

Friable, *adj.* Friable; apt to crumble.

Friand, *ande*, *adjct.* Daintymouthed, that loves tidbits, lickerish; ♣ dainty or delicate. ♣ Goût friand, a nice taste or palate. * † Friand de louanges, greedy of praise.

Friand, *ande*, *f. a.* A daintymouthed or lickerish man or woman; † a sweet-tooth.

Friandise, *f. f.* Dainties, lickerishness. ♣ Friandises, (choses délicates à manger,) dainties, kick-shaws, tidbits, delicacies.

Fricandeau, *subst. m.* Scotch collop.

Fricassé, *ée*, *adj.* Fried. * † Tout est fricassé, all is

FRI

gone, he has squandered all away.
Fricassée, *f. f.* A fricassée.
Fricasser, *v. a.* To fry. * †
 Fricasser (dépenser, manger) tout son bien, to spend or squander all away, to waste riotously in eating and drinking.
Fricasseur, *subst. m.* A paltry cook.
Friche, *f. f.* Fallow ground, land untilled, overgrown with weeds.
En friche, *adv. Ex.* Laisser une terre en friche, to let a piece of ground lie fallow, to leave a piece of ground untilled.
Fricition, *f. f.* Friction or rubbing.
Frigidité, *f. f.* Frigidity.
Frileux, *euse, adj.* Chilly.
Frimas, *f. m.* A hoar-frost, rime.
Frime, *f. f.* (semblant.) *Ex.* Il n'en a fait que la frime, he only made a shew of it, he only pretended or made as if.
Fringant, *ante, adj.* Mistle-some, full of mizzle, brisk, airy, game-some.
Fringué, *ée, adj.* Washed, rinsed.
Fringuer, *v. a.* To wash, to rinse. † **Fringuer**, *v. n.* V. Fretiller.
Fripé, *ée, adj.* Fumbled, &c. V. Friper. * † Tout est fripé, (ou mangé,) all is gone or squandered away.
Friper, *v. act.* To fumble, rumple or ruffle. † **Friper** un livre, to spoil or abuse a book. † **Friper** un habit, to wear out a suit to rags. † **Friper**, (manger goulument,) to gobble down, eat greedily, to devour. * † (Consumeren débauches,) to spend, consume or waste riotously. * † **Friper** les classes, (ne pas aller en classe,) to play the truant.
Friperie, *f. f.* A broker's trade, brokerage; † broker's-street. Acheter un habit à la friperie, to buy a suit at the brokers. † **Friperie**, (habits fripés,) frippery, old clothes. * † Se jeter sur la fri-

FRI

perie de quelqu'un, to fall upon one's bones or jacket, to belabour one's bones. * † (Le railler,) to fall jecring of one, to fall foul upon him.
 † **Fripe-sauce**, *f. m.* A good fellow or greedy gut.
Fripier, *f. m.* Fripiere, *f. f.* A broker.
Fripon, *subst. m.* A knave, a cheat, a rogue. Une action de fripon, a knavish, a cheating trick. * † Petit fripon, (jeune libertin,) an idle boy. * † **Fripon**, (terme de galanterie pour dire badin,) rogue, in a jocular sense.
Fripon, *onne, adj.* Roguish, wanton. * † **Friponne**, (coquette,) an idle girl. * † (Terme de caresse,) rogue, dear rogue.
Friponner, *v. act.* To cheat, cozen or steal away, to trick out of a thing.
Friponner, *v. n.* To play the truant.
Friponnerie, *f. f.* A cheat, a knavish trick, a roguery.
Friquet, *subst. m.* A kind of sparrow; † a kitchen slice.
Frيره, *v. a.* To fry. * † N'avoir pas de quoi frire, to have little or nothing to depend upon. * † Il n'y a pas de quoi frire ou rien à frire, there's nothing to be got by it.
Frise, *f. f.* Frize. † Cheval de frise, (instrument de guerre,) cheval-de-frise. † **Frise** de l'éperon d'un vaisseau, trail board.
Frisé, *ée, adj.* Curled, crisped, &c.
Friser, *v. a.* To curl or crisp. * Le vent frise l'eau, the wind ruffles the water. † **Friser** une serviette, to ruffle a napkin. † **Friser** un drap, to nap a cloth. * **Friser**, (rater, toucher superficiellement,) to touch lightly, to graze, to glance upon. † La voile frise, (en termes de mer,) the sail shivers in the wind.
Frifoir, *f. m.* A bodkin to part the hair with.
Frifoter, *v. a.* To crisp or curl.

FRO 235

Frifquette, *f. f.* The frisket of a Printer's press.
Frifson, *f. m.* A shivering or cold fit. * (Tremblement de peur,) shivering, quaking.
Frifonnement, *f. m.* Shiver or shivering.
Frifonner, *v. n.* (trembler de froid ou de peur.) To shiver, quake or tremble.
Frifure, *subst. f.* Curl or curling.
Frit, *ite, adj.* from frire. * † Tout est frit, (tout est perdu,) all's gone to pot, there's nothing left.
Friture, *f. f.* Any thing that serves to fry withal. † (Action de frire,) frying. † (Poisson frit,) fried fish.
Frivole, *adj.* Frivolous, vain; slight, sorry, trifling.
Froc, *f. m.* A monk's habit. * Quitter le froc, jeter le froc aux orties, to forsake one's monkly order.
Froid, *oide, adj.* Cold, frigid.
Eau froide, cold water. Zone froide, the frigid zone. * Faire froid à quelqu'un, (le recevoir d'une manière froide,) to receive one coldly, to make him a cold entertainment. * **Froid**, (sérieux, posé,) grave, close or reserved. † (Qui n'agit pas avec ardeur,) cold, slack, lush, remis, indifferent, backward, unwilling. † (Plat, qui ne pique point,) frigid, bald, silly, poor, weak, dull. † **Froid** ami, a lukewarm friend. † Il dit cela d'une manière si froide, he spoke it so very coldly.
Froid, *f. m.* Cold. J'ai froid; I am cold. Je gele de froid, I am e'en starved with cold. P. Souffler le chaud & le froid, to blow hot and cold. * **Froid**, (l'air sérieux,) reservedness, gravity.
Froidement, *adv.* In a cold place or condition. * (Foi-blement,) weakly, faintly. * (D'une manière réservée,) coldly.
Froideur, *f. f.* (qualité froide.) Coldness, frigidity. † (Indifférence,) coldness,

cold reception, indifference.
Recevoir quelqu'un avec froidure, *to give one a cold reception, to receive him but coldly.* Parler d'une personne avec froideur, *to speak of one with indifference.*

Froidir, *v. n.* se froidir, *v. réc.*
To grow cold.

Froidure, *f. f.* Cold or cold weather.

† Froidureux, *euse, adjec.*
Chilly.

Froissé, *ée, adj.* Bruised or broken, &c. *V. the verb.*

Froissement, *f. m.* Bruising, *dashing against, collision.*

Froisser, *verb. act.* To bruise; *to fumble, rumple or ruffle.*

Froissure, *f. f.* A bruise.

Froter, *v. a.* To grate, as a bullet does.

Fromage, *f. m.* Cheese.

Fromager, *f. m.* Fromagere, *f. f.* A cheese-monger.

Fromagerie, *subst. f.* Cheese-market.

Froment, *f. m.* Wheat. Pain de froment, *wheaten bread.* Un pain de froment, *a wheaten loaf.*

Fromentée, *f. f.* Frumenty.

Froncé, *ée, adj.* Gathered, &c.

Froncement, *f. m.* (action de froncer les sourcils.) *Frowning.*

Froncer, *v. act.* To gather.* Froncer le sourcil, *to bend, knit or contract one's brow, to frown.*

Froncis, *f. m.* The gather or gathering.

Fronde, *f. f.* A sling.

Fronder, *v. a.* (jeter avec une fronde ou sans fronde.) *To sling.** (Blâmer, condamner,) *to explode, to pelt or pier, to turn into ridicule.*

Frondeur, *f. m.* Slinger.* Frondeur, (qui se déclare contre le gouvernement de l'Etat,) *a stickler against the government.*

Front, *f. m.* (partie de la tête.) *Fore-head.** (Eten-duc de ce qui présente le front,) *front.** (Impudence,) *face, boldness, con-*

fidence, impudence. Front d'airain, *brazen-face.* De quel front ose-t-il s'opposer à ce que je veux? *how dares he be so bold as to oppose my will?** Un cheval qui a le front plat, *a mare-faced horse.** Faire front de tous côtés, *to face every way.** Ligne de front, *a line formed a-breast.*

De front, *adv.* A-breast; *in the front.*

Frontal, *f. m.* Frontlet.

Fronteau, *f. m.* The front-hall of a bridle.* Fronteau de la dunette, *the breast-work of the poop.*

Frontière, *f. f.* Frontier, borders.

Frontière, *adj.* Ville frontière, *a frontier town.*

Frontispice, *subst. m.* Front, frontispice.

Fronton, *f. m.* A pediment.

Frottage, *f. m.* Rubbing.

Frotté, *ée, adjec.* Rubbed, &c.

Frottement, *f. m.* Rubbing or friction.

Frotter, *v. a.* To rub.* (Enduire,) *to rub with, to anoint or do over.** † Frotter, (battre,) *to bang or beat.*

Se frotter, *v. récip.* (avoir affaire.) *To meddle with.*

Ne vous y frottez pas, *don't meddle or make.* Il ne s'y faut pas frotter, *it is not good meddling with it.** Se frotter à quelqu'un, *to keep company with one.*

Frotteur, *f. m.* A rubber, a man employed in rubbing of rooms, &c.

Frottoir, *f. m.* A rubbing cloth.* Frottoir de velours, *a rubber.*

Frustrifier, *v. n.* To frustrify, thrive or prosper; *to bring forth fruit, to be fruitful.*

Frustrueusement, *adv.* Profitably, successfully.

Frustrueux, *euse, adj.* (profitable.) *Profitable, advantageous, of some advantage.*

Frugal, *ale, adjec.* Frugal, sober, temperate,

Frugalemeut, *adv.* Frugally, soberly, temperately.

Frugalité, *f. f.* Frugality, sobriety, temperance.

Fruit, *f. m.* Fruit.* (Enfant,) *fruit of the womb, child.** (Desert,) *fruit, dessert, last course.** Fruits, (revenus,) *fruits, profits, rents, revenue.** Fruit, (utilité, profit,) *fruit, benefit, advantage.** (Progress,) *progress.** Il fait beaucoup de fruit par ses sermons, *he does a great deal of good by his sermons.** Ce sont pour moi des fruits nouveaux, *these are rarities to me.** Fruit, (effet,) *fruits, effect.*

Fruiterie, *f. f.* Fruiterie or fruit-lost.

Fruiter, *adj.* Fruit-bearing. Ex. Un arbre fruitier, *a fruit-bearing tree, a fruit-tree.*

Jardin fruitier ou un fruitier, *f. m.* An orchard, a fruit-garden.

Fruiter, *f. m.* Fruiterie, *f. f.* Fruiter, *a fruit man or woman.*

Frustré, *ée, adj.* Frustrated, disappointed, &c.

Frustrer, *v. a.* To frustrate, to disappoint.* (Priver,) *to deprive of.*

Fugitif, *ive, adj.* Fugitive.

Un fugitif, *f. m.* A fugitive.

Fugue, *subst. f.* (terme de Musique.) *A fugue in music.*

Fui, *ie, adj.* Fled, gone, run away.

Fuir, *v. n.* To fly or flee, to run, to fly or run away.* (Tergiverfer,) *to delay, to put off, to shuffle or shift.** Cette succession ne lui peut fuir, *that reversion can never fail him.** Empêcher quelqu'un de fuir, *to hinder a man's flight.*

Fuir, *v. a.* (éviter.) *To shun, avoid or eschew, to fly or flee from.** Cheval qui fuit les talons, *a horse that fears or minds the spurs.*

Fuite, *f. f.* Flight, escape, running away.

Prendre la fuite, *to fly or run away.** Fuite, (action d'éviter,)

FUL

a shunning or avoiding. *
(Délai,) *evasion, shift, subterfuge, shuffling.*
Fulgineux, euse, *adj. Fuliginous, sooty.*
Fulminant, ante, *adj. Scorching, mad.* & Or fulminant, (or calciné par l'eau-forte,) *aurum fulminans.*
Fulmination, *f. f. Fulmination.* & Faire la fulmination d'une sentence d'excommunication, *to fulminate an excommunication.*
Fulminer, *verb. a.* To fulminate.
Fulminer, *v. n.* (jeter feu & flamme contre quelqu'un.) *To storm, to be mad or desperate angry, to chase, to fret and fume.*
Fumant, ante, *adj. Smoking.* * Fumant de colere, *fuming, in a passion.*
Fumé, ée, *adj. Smoked, &c.* V. Fumer.
Fumée, *f. f. Smoak or rather smoke.* & Fumées, (vapeurs de l'estomac,) *fumes or vapours.* * Fumée, (chose vaine,) *smoke, air, wind, vain hopes.* * S'en aller en fumée, *to come to nothing.* & Fumées, (hiente de bêtes sauvées,) *sewmeas, the dung or excrements of deer.*
Fumer, *v. a.* To smoke. & (Engraisser avec du fumier,) *to dung or muck.*
Fumer, *v. n.* To smoke. * La tête lui fume, *he fumes.*
Fumet, *f. m. Flavour.*
Fumeterre, *f. f. Fumatory, a plant.*
Fumeur, *f. m. Smoker.*
Fumeux, euse, *adject. Fummy, that sends fumes into one's head, heady.*
Fumier, *f. m. Dung or muck; dung-hill.* P. Mourir sur un fumier, *to die in a ditch.*
Fumigation, *subst. f. Fumigation.*
Fumiger, *v. a.* (terme de Chimie.) *To fumigate, in chymistry.*
Funambule, *subst. m. Rope-dancer.*
Funebre, *adj. Funeral.* Une oraison funebre, *a funeral sermos.*
Funer, *v. a.* (terme de mer, *Tomé I.*

FUR

garnir de cordage, de funin.) *Torig. Funerles mâts, to rig the masts.*
Funérailles, *f. f. pl. A funeral obsequies.*
Funéraire, *adj. Ex. Frais funéraires, funery expenses.*
Funeste, *adj. Fatal, unlucky.*
Funestement, *adv. Fatally, in a fatal manner.* Cela arriva le plus funestement du monde, *that happened by the greatest fatality in the world.*
Funin, *subst. m. Rigging of a ship.*
Fur (au), *adv.* (à mesure, aussi-tôt que.) *As fast, as soon, proportionably.* Ex. Vous m'enverrez mon argent, au fur & à mesure que vous le recevrez, *you will send me my money as fast or as soon as you receive it.*
Furet, *f. m. A ferret.*
Fureter, *v. a.* To catch with a ferret. & (Chercher,) *to ferret, to search.*
Fureté, ée, *adject. Ferreted, searched.*
Fureteur, *f. m. He that catches rabbits with a ferret.* Un fureteur de nouvelles, *a news-monger.*
Fureur, *f. f. (rage.) Fury, rage, madness, frenzy.* * (Transport de colere,) *fury, passion, rage.* * Fureur divine, *a holy zeal.* * Fureur, (transport de l'esprit,) *rage, heat, transport, rapture.*
Furibond, onde, *adj. & f. (furieux,) Furious, raging, mad.*
Furie, *subst. f. Fury.* & —, (emportement de colere,) *fury, passion.* & —, (impétuosité de courage,) *fury, fierceness.* & —, (état violent d'une chose,) *heat.*
Furieusement, *adv. Extremely, mightily, very much, deadly, prodigiously.*
Furieux, euse, *adj. & f. Furious, raging, mad, frantic; & furious, fierce; & great, exceeding, extravagant, prodigious.*
Furcicle, *f. m. Furuncle.*
Furtif, ive, *adject. Done by stealth, stolen, secret.*

FUT

241

Furtivement, *adv. By stealth, secretly, in hugger-mugger.*
Fusain, *f. m. The spindle-tree or prick-wood, a shrub.*
Fusé, V. Fuser.
Fuseau, *f. m. A spindle.* Jambes de fuseau, *spindle-shanks.* & Fuseau à dentelles, bones, for bone-lace.
Fusée, *f. f. A spindle-full.* * Démêler une fusée, (ou une intrigue,) *to clear an intricate business.* & Fusée, (feu d'artifice,) *a squib.* & Fusée volante, *a rocket.* & Fusée, (pour mettre le feu à une bombe, &c.) *fusée.* & Fusée d'une montre, *the fuse of a watch.* & Fusée d'un tourne-broche, *the barrel of a kitchen-jack.* & Fusée, (en architecture,) *a fillet.*
Fuser, *v. a.* (s'étendre, se répandre.) *To stake, spread.*
Fusible, *adj. Fusible, fusile, that may be melted.*
Fusil, *f. m. Steel.* & Pierre à fusil, *a flint.* & Fusil, (arquebuse,) *a fusée or fusil.* & (Partie du fusil où est la pierre,) *fire-lock.*
Fusilier, *f. m. A fusilier.*
Fusion, *f. f. Fusion or melting.*
Fuste, *f. f. Foist, a kind of galley.*
Fustigation, *f. f. Whipping.*
Fustigé, ée, *adj. Whipt.*
Fustiger, *v. a.* To whip or lash.
Fût, *f. m. The stock of a gun or pistol.* & Fût de tambour, *the barrel of a drum.* & Fût, (ou fûtaille,) *cask.* Vin qui sent le fût, *wine that has a taste of the cask.* & Le fût d'une colonne, *the shaft or shank of a pillar between the chapter and the pedestal.*
Futaie, *f. f.* (bois ou forêt de grands arbres.) *A wood or forest of high or lofty trees.*
Futaille, *f. f. Cask.*
Futaine, *subst. f. Fustian, dimity.*
† Futé, ée, *adject. Crafty, cunning.*
Futile, *adj. Frivolous, vain, trifling, whiffing,*

Futilité, *f. f.* *Futility, vanity.*
Futur, *ure, adjct.* *Future, to come, that is to be.*

Futur, *subst. m.* (terme de Grammaire.) *Future or future tense in grammar.*

Fuyant, *ante, adjct.* (from fuir.) *Flying.* ♦ Couleur fuyante, *a fading colour.*

Fuyant, *f. m. Ex.* Un faux-fuyant, *a shift or evasion.*

Fuyard, *arde, adjct.* *Apt to run away, fearful.*

Fuyard, *f. m.* *A cowardly run-away, a coward.*

Fuye ou Fuie, *f. f.* *A coop for pigeons.*

G

Gabarit, *f. m.* *The draught or mould of a ship.* ♦ Faux gabarit, *slab timbers.*

Gabariet, *f. m.* *A lighter-man.*

Gabariet une piece, *v. a.* *To mould a piece of timber.*

Gabarre, *f. f.* *A flat bottomed lighter or barge; ♦ a sort of floor-ship.*

† Gabatine, *f. f. Ex.* Donner de la gabatine, (en faire accroire,) * † To give one the bag; * † to sell him a bargain, to put upon him.

Gabelage, *f. m.* *The drying of the salt in the magazine.*

Gabeler, *v. a.* *To let salt dry in the magazine.*

Gabeleur, *f. m.* *A gabel-man.*

Gabelle, *f. f.* (impôt sur le sel.) *Gabel, the excise upon salt.* ♦ (Grenier du Roi.) *the King's magazine of salt.*

Gabet, *f. m.* *The vane of an osiant.*

Gahiers, *subst. m. pl.* *The top men.*

Gabion, *f. m.* *Gabion.*

Gabionner, *v. a.* *To stop or cover with gabions.*

Gabord, *f. m.* *The garboard stroke.*

Gâche, *f. f.* *The staple of a lock.* ♦ Gâche, (pour arrêter les tuyaux de plomb, &c.) *a wall-hook.*

Gâché, *ée, adjct.* *Plashed, beaten.*

Gâcher, *v. a.* *To wet or mix mortar.*

Gâcheux, *euse, adj.* *Slabby, plashy.*

GAG

† Gâchis, *f. m.* *Slab, plash, slabbing.* Faire un gâchis, *to make a slab, to wet a room.*

Gadouard, *V.* Vidangeur.

Gadouie, *V.* Vidanges.

Gaffe, *f. f.* *A boat-hook.*

Gage, *f. m.* (salaire.) *Wages, salary.* * Il est cassé aux gages, *he is turned out of his place.* ♦ Gage, (pour assurance d'une dette,) *pawn, pledge.* * (Assurance ou preuve d'une chose,) *pledge, badge, token, mark, proof or testimony.*

Gager, *v. a.* (parier.) *To lay, to bet.* ♦ (Donner des appointemens,) *to give wages, to hire.*

Gageur, *f. m.* *Gageuse, f. f.* *A bettor.*

Gageure, *f. f.* (pari.) *Wager, bet, lay.* Faire une gageure, *to lay a wager, to bet or lay.*

Gagiste, *f. m.* *A supernumerary or hired man in a play-house.*

Gagnage, *f. m.* *Ground where the flocks or deers are used to feed.*

Gagnant, *f. m.* *Winner.*

Gagné, *ée, adj.* *Gotten, &c.* *V. Gagner.* * Donner gagné, *to own one's self worsted; * to cross the cudgels, to yield.*

Gagne-denier, *f. m.* *A labourer, a wharf-porter.*

Gagne-pain, *f. m.* *Livelihood, that which one gets his livelihood by.*

Gagne-petit, *subst. masc.* *A grinder.*

Gagner, *v. a.* (faire un gain.) *To get or gain.* ♦ (Remporter,) *to get, gain, win, obtain or carry.* ♦ (S'emparer,) *to carry or make one's self master of.* * Gagner (acquérir) le cœur, l'amitié de quelqu'un, *to get, gain or win one's heart or friendship.* ♦ Gagner, (arriver à, parvenir à,) *to get or reach, to arrive at, to come to.* ♦ Gagner au jeu, *to get or win at play.* * Gagner (prendre) quelque mal, *to get or catch a distemper.* Gagner du mal,

GAI

(celas'entend d'un malheureux,) *to get a clap.* ♦ Gagner, (mériter,) *to deserve.*

♦ Gagner, (mériter en travaillant,) *to earn or get.* ♦ Gagner quelqu'un, (le séduire,) *to prevail upon or with one, to make him yield.*

* (L'attirer à son parti,) *to win one, to draw one in.*

♦ (Le corrompre,) *to practise upon one, to bribe him.* * Gagner son procès, *to carry one's cause, to have judgment given on one's side, to cast one's adversary.* ♦ Gagner quelqu'un, (lui gagner une ou plusieurs parties au jeu,) *to beat one at play, to get the better of him, to over-come him.* ♦ Gagner le vent, (en termes de mer,) *to get the wind or weather-gage.* ♦ Gagner un vaisseau, *to fore reach or gain ground of some ship in company.*

♦ Gagner un port, *to secure an harbour.* ♦ Gagner pays, *gagner chemin, (avancer,) to get ground, to go forward.*

* † Gagner pays, *gagner au pied, gagner la guérite, la colline, les champs, le haut, (s'enfuir,) to run or scamper away, to betake one's self to one's heels.* * Gagner de la main, (prévenir,) *to get the start, to be beforehand with one, to prevent him.*

Se gagner, *v. r.* *La peste se gagne, the plague is catching, the plague is an infectious disease.*

† Gagni, *f. f.* *A jolly, plumb girl or woman.*

Gai, *ie, adj.* (joyeux.) *Gay, merry, pleasant, cheerful, frolicksome.* ♦ Une couleur gaie, *a gay or lively colour.* ♦ Chambre gaie, *a very light room.* ♦ Temps gai, *a clear and serene weather.*

Gaiement, *adverb.* *Merrily, cheerfully, willingly.*

Gaieté, *f. fem.* (alégresse.) *Gayety, mirth, cheerfulness, good humour, pleasantness.*

♦ Gaieté, (gaillardise de jeunesse,) *gayety, frolick.*

GAI

De gaieté de cœur, *wantonly, in wanton sport, on purpose, for the nonce.*
Gaillard, arde, *adj.* (joyeux.) *Brisk, merry; † blithe, jolly, pleasant, light-hearted or cheerful.* ♦ (Sain & délibéré,) *brisk, jolly.* ♦ (Demi-ivre,) *merry, tipsy, half drunk.* ♦ Il s'est battu contre deux, le coup est gaillard, *he fought against two, that's a brisk, stout or bold action.* ♦ Gaillard, (amoureux,) *wanton, amorous, roguish.* ♦ Le tour est gaillard, (ou joli,) *'tis a pleasant trick.* ♦ Vent gaillard, (ou frais,) *a cool wind.*
Gaillard, *f. m.* *A jolly fellow, a jolly companion.* ♦ Les gaillards d'un vaisseau, *the fore castle and quarter deck.*
Gaillarde, *f. f.* *A brisk, jolly woman; ♦ gaillard, the dance to called.*
Gaillardement, *adv.* *Merrily; ♦ briskly, boldly, rashly.*
Gaillardise, *f. f.* *Gaiety, frolick.*
Gain, *f. m.* *Gain, profit, lucre.* Ne faire aucun gain, *to get nothing.* ♦ Le gain d'une partie au jeu, *the winning of a game, the beating of a man one game.* ♦ Le gain, (argent, &c. qu'on gagne au jeu,) *winnings.* ♦ Avoir gain de cause, *to carry the cause, to have judgment given on one's side, to cast one's adversary.* ♦ Gain de bataille, *the gaining of a battle, a victory, the winning or carrying of the day.*
Gaine, *f. f.* *A sheath.*
Gainier, *f. m.* *A sheath or case-maker.*
Galamment, *adv.* (de bonne grace.) *Genteely, handsomely, finely, with a good grace.* S'habiller galamment, *to go genteel, to go in a genteel garb.* ♦ Galamment, (en honnête-homme,) *gallantly, like a man of honour.* ♦ Galamment, (adroitement,) *wisely, cunningly, finely.*
Galant, ante, *adj.* *Fine, civil,*

GAL

accomplished, genteel, brave, polite. ♦ Un billet galant, *a love-letter, a billet-doux.* ♦ Un homme galant, *a courtier, a great gallant or beau.* ♦ Une femme galante, (ou coquette,) *a coquet.*
Galant, *f. m.* (amant.) *A gallant or spark.* ♦ Faire le galant auprès des Dames, *to court the ladies.* † Galant, (nœud de ruban,) *a favour or knot of ribbons.*
Galanterie, *f. f.* *Civility, civil behaviour, genteelness, genteel or courtly way; ♦ gallantry, courtship; ♦ intrigue or amours.* Avoir quelque galanterie, *to have an intrigue, to have a mist in a corner.* ♦ Galanterie, (bagatelle,) *trifle, a trifling business.*
† Galantisé, *ée, adj.* *Courted.*
† Galantiser, *v. a.* *To court, to admire.*
Galbanum, *f. m.* (sorte de gomme.) *Galbanum.* * † Donner du galbanum, *to put a sham upon one; * † to lead into a fool's paradise.*
Gale, *f. f.* (puistules qui viennent sur la peau.) *Scab, itch.* ♦ Gale de chien, *mange.*
Galé, *ée, adj.* *Scratched, rubbed.* *V. Galer.*
Galéace, *f. f.* *A galeas.*
Galée, *f. f.* (outil d'imprimeur.) *Galley, a Printer's tool.*
† Galefretier, *subst. m.* (un gueux.) *An idle vagabond, a poor scabby rogue, scoundrel.*
† Galer, se galer, *v. r.* (se gratter.) *To scratch or rub.*
Galere, *f. f.* *Galley; ♦ a molding plane or cornish plane.* * † Vogue la galere, *hap, be lucky, let the world go how it will.*
Galerie, *f. f.* *A gallery.* ♦ Galerie de poupe, *stern gallery or balcony; — du fond de cale, the gang way of the orlop.*
Galérien, *subst. m.* *A galley-slave.*
Galerie, *subst. sim.* *ou vent*

GAL 243

de galerne, a north-easterly wind.
Galet, *f. m.* *Shuffle-board.*
Gaetas, *f. m.* *The top of the house, a garret.*
Galette, *f. f.* *A broad thin cake; ♦ round and flat sea biscuit.*
Galeux, euse, *adj. & subst.* *Scabby.*
Galhaubans, *f. m. pl.* *Back-stays.* Galhaubans volans, *the preventer back-stays.*
Galimafrée, *f. f.* *Gallimawfry, hotch-potch.*
Galimatias, *f. m.* *Nonsense, fussian, balderdash, a discourse that no body knows what to make on't.*
Galion, *f. m.* *A galleon.*
Galiote, *f. f.* *A galliot.* ♦ Galiote à bombes, *a bomb-veffel.*
Galle, *subst. f.* *Gall.* Noix de galle, *gall-nut.*
Advertisement.
See with a single L those words that are not to be found here with LL.
Gallican, ane, *adj.* (Français.) *Gallican.* Ex. L'Eglise Gallicane, *the Gallican Church.*
Gallicisme, *f. m.* *A Gallicism.*
Galoche, *f. f.* *Galoshoe.*
Galon, *f. m.* *Galloon, lace.* ♦ Galon, (terme d'Epicerie, sorte de boîte ronde,) *a grocer's round box.*
Galonné, *ée, adj.* *Laced.*
Galonner, *v. a.* *To lace.*
Galop, *f. m.* *Gallop.* Grand galop, *great gallop.* Petit galop, *hand gallop.* * Aller le grand galop à l'hôpital, *to run full speed to one's ruin.*
Galopade, *f. f.* *Gallop.*
Galoper, *v. n.* *To gallop, to go a gallop.*
Galoper, *v. act.* *To gallop.* * † Galoper quelqu'un, *to hunt or pursue one.*
Galopin, *f. m.* (marmiton.) *A cook's boy, a scullion.* ♦ (Garçon que l'on envoie deçà & delà,) *a boy.*
† Galvauder, *v. a.* *To scold at, to check, to reprimand severely.*

444 GAM

Gambade, *subst. f.* (saut fans art.) *A gambol.*
 Gambader, *v. n.* To gambol, to skip.
 Gambage, *f. m.* A sort of exercise or malt-taz.
 Gambes de hune, *subst. f. pl.* (ou haubans de revers.) Fustock or foothook-shrouds.
 † Gambiller, *verb. n.* To wag one's legs, to kick.
 Gamelle, *f. fém.* A bowl or platter to hold the sailors' victuals.
 Gamme, *f. f.* Gamut in music. * † On lui a bien chanté la gamme, he was soundly chid or reprimanded or they told him his own.
 Ganache, *f. f.* The nether jaw of a horse.
 Gangrene, *f. f.* on prononce *cangrene.* Gangrene.
 Se gangrener, *v. r.* To gangrene. * Conscience gangrenée, conscience ulcerated.
 Ganse, *f. f.* A loop.
 Gant, *f. m.* A glove. * Souple comme un gant, as pliant as a willow, supple, easy. * † Il n'en aura pas les gants, (il n'est pas le premier à en faire la découverte,) he is not the first, that is not new.
 Ganté, *é, adjct.* That has gloves on.
 Gantelée, *subst. f.* (herbe.) Throat-wort.
 Gantelet, *f. m.* A gauntlets.
 Ganter, *verb. act.* To help on with his gloves. * Gants qui gantent bien, gloves that fit very well.
 Se ganter, *v. r.* To put on one's gloves.
 Ganterie, *f. f.* Glove-making or glove-selling.
 Gantier, *f. m.* gantiere, *f. f.* A Glover.
 Garance, *f. f.* Madder, an herb.
 Garancer, *v. act.* To dye with madder.
 Garant, *ante, subst.* (pleige, caution.) Warranter. * J'en suis garant, I warrant you, I pass my word or I answer for it. * Garant, (auteur de ce qu'on dit,) author. * Garant de palan; fall

GAR

of a tackle or tackle-rope.
 Garanti, *ie, adj.* Warranted, &c. *V.* Garantir.
 Garantie, *f. f.* Warranty or warrant, a contract to make good.
 Garantir, *v. a.* (répondre d'une chose.) To warrant, to engage to make good. * (Affirmer,) to warrant, avouch, assure or maintain. * (Garantir, préserver,) to keep, defend or secure.
 Garce, *subst. f.* (terme injurieux.) Serumpet, whore.
 Garcettes, *f. f. pl.* Gaskets. Garcettes de tournevis, nippers. Garcettes de ris, points or reef lines.
 Garçon, *f. m.* (enfant mâle.) Boy, lad. * (Celui qui n'est pas marié,) a batchelor. * (Artisan qui travaille sous un maître,) a journey-man. * (Valet,) boy, man. Les garçons de la chambre ou de la garde-robe, (chez le Roi,) pages of the back stairs. * † Faire le mauvais garçon, to heflor it, to huff. * Garçons de bord, youngers.
 † Garçonniere, *f. f.* A tom-boy, a romp.
 Garde, *f. f.* (terme militaire, guet.) Guard. Corps-de-garde, Corps-de-guard or guard-house. * Garde, (gens qui font la garde,) guards. * — (Guet d'une ville,) watch. Corps-de-garde du guet, the round-house or watch. * Garde, (service de quelques Officiers auprès d'un Prince,) waiting. * — (Défense,) guard, defence, protection. * (Soin qu'il faut apporter à garder quelque chose,) keeping, custody, charge. Donner en garde, to give to keep, to commit to one's keeping. Avoir en-garde, to have in one's keeping or custody. * Chien de bonne garde, a good house-dog. * Garde, (femme qui sert les malades,) a nurse for sick people. * Garde d'une épée, the hilt of a sword. * Garde, (en termes d'Escrime,) guard. * — (durée.)

GAR

Ex. Un fruit de garde, a fruit that keeps. Poix de garde, a winter-pear. * Garde (ou ressorts) d'une serrure, the wards of a lock.
 Garde, (mot qui n'a ni genre ni déclinaison, soin, attention.) Heed, care. Prenez-garde qu'il ne vous échappe, take heed or have a care he does not run away from you. Se donner de garde qu'une chose ne se faile, to take heed or care that a thing do not come to pass, to endeavour to prevent it. Se donner de garde de quelqu'un, to beware of one. * Prendre garde à quelque chose, to regard or mind a thing, to have an eye upon it, to take notice of it. * S'il prend garde que je le cherche, if he perceives that I look for him. * Tout cela se passa sans qu'il y prit garde, all that came to pass, and he never the wiser. * Il m'offense sans y prendre garde, he offends me when he does not mean it. * N'avoir garde, to take care not to..., to be far from..., not to be able. Je n'ai garde de commettre désormais cette faute, I shall take care never to commit such a fault again. Il n'a garde de courir, il a une jambe rompue, he cannot run or how can he run when one of his legs is broken? * Je n'ai garde d'y aller, (je ne suis pas si sot que d'y aller,) I am not such a fool as to go thither.
 Garde, *f. m.* Keeper, warden. — des Sceaux, the keeper of the Seal, the Lord keeper. — des monnoies ou Juge-Garde, the warden of the mint. — d'un métier, the warden of a company of tradesmen. * — des coffres, a cofferer. * Garde, (Cavalier ou Fantassin d'un régiment des Gardes,) one of the Guards. Garde-du-corps, a life-Guard-man.
 Gardé, *é, adjct.* Guarded, kept, &c. *V.* Garder.
 Garde-bois, *f. m.* A forest-keeper.

GAR

Garde-bourgeoise, *f. f.* The guardianship of a freeman's children.

Garde-boutique, *f. m.* A slug, a commodity that sticks by one, that will not go off.

Garde-chasse, *f. m.* A game-keeper.

Garde-côte, *f. m.* A cruiser.

Garde-feu, *f. m.* Iron bars before a fire, to keep young children from falling into it; a match-stab.

Garde-fou, *f. m.* Rails on the outside of bridges, keys, &c. to keep folks from falling.

Garde-magasin, *subst. m.* The keeper of a store-house.

Garde-manger, *subst. masc. A* buttery.

Garde-meuble, *f. m.* (lieu où l'on garde les meubles.) *Wardrobe.*

Garde-noble, *f. f.* The guardianship of nobleman's children.

Garde-note, *f. m.* A Notary.

Garder, *v. a.* (conserver.) To keep or preserve. (Réserver,) to keep or lay up.

Vous ne savez pas ce que Dieu vous garde, you know not what God has in store for you. En garder une à quelqu'un ou la lui garder bonne, to owe one a spite.

Garder, (veiller à la conservation, to guard, keep, defend or to look to or after. Garder une femme en couche ou un malade, to nurse a woman that lies in or a sick body, to look after them.

Garder, (observer,) to keep or observe. Garder la chambre ou le lit, (n'en pas sortir,) to keep one's chamber or bed. Garder son rang, to keep or maintain one's rank. Dieu nous en garde, God forbid. Garder bien le change, en suivant la bête, (terme de Chasse,) to avoid the change in hunting. Garder un l'avelement, to keep or hold a glister. * † Il a gardé la fièvre quatre deux ans, he has had a quar-tan ague two years together. En donner à garder à quelqu'un, to fun-

GAR

one, to put or to impose upon one.

Garder, *verb. neut.* (prendre garde.) To have a care or take heed. Gardez de tomber, have a care you don't fall. Gardez bien de faire cela, be sure not to do that.

Se bien garder de faire une chose, v. r. To be sure not to do a thing, forbear doing a thing, to keep or abstain from it.

Garde-robe, *f. f.* *Wardrobe.* (Les lieux,) a house of office. (Lieu où est la chaise-percée,) a close-stool closet.

Garde-rôle, *f. m.* The master of the rolls.

Garde-vaisselle, *subst. m.* The Gentleman of the ewry or else a yeoman of the scullery.

Gardeur, *euse, f.* (qui garde.) *Ex.* Gardeur de cochons, a swine-herd. Gardeur de vaches, a cow-herd.

Gardien, *f. m.* Keeper, guardian. Ange Gardien, *Guardian-Angel.* Gardien, (ou sequestre, en termes de Palais,) a sequestree. (Supérieur d'un couvent,) the Guardian or Superior of a monastery, among some Orders of monks. Gardien de Sainte-Barbe, the gunner's yeoman.

Gardon, *f. m.* A sort of roach or the fresh water mullet. † Frais comme un gardon, as sound as a roach.

Gare, *interj.* (prenez garde, gardez-vous.) Have a care, make way, stand out of the way.

Garenne, *f. f.* A warren.

Garennier, *f. m.* A warren.

Garer, *v. a.* un bateau, to moor a boat.

Garer, se garer, *v. r.* To stand out of the way.

Gargarisé, *éc, adj.* Gargled, washed.

Gargariser, *v. a.* To gargle or wash the mouth.

Gargarisme, *f. m.* Gargling; gargarism.

Gargotage, *subst. masc.* Nasty meat.

Gargote, *subst. f.* An eating house for the common sort of

GAR

245

people, a sixpenny worth ordinary, a blind tipping-house.

Gargoter, *v. n.* To sot, to sit sotting, to tittle, to fuddle in a nasty tavern or ale-house.

Gargotier, *subst. m.* One that keeps a sixpenny worth ordinary.

Gargouille, *f. f.* The spout of a gutter.

Gargouille, *f. f.* The cartridge of a cannon.

Gargouillere, *subst. fém.* A cartridge-box.

Garnement, *f. m.* *Ex.* Un méchant garnement, a rake, a wicked lewd fellow.

Garni, *ie, adj.* Furnished, trimmed, &c. *V. the verb.*

Maçonnerie garnie, masonry filled up in the middle.

Une perruque bien garnie, a very full periwig.

Garnir, *v. a.* (pourvoir de.) To furnish, to provide with.

Garnir des gants ou un chapeau, to trim gloves or a hat. Garnir (ou assortir) une boutique, to furnish, store or stock a shop.

Garnir (fortifier) un endroit foible, to strengthen or fortify a weak place.

Garnir, (ornier, enrichir,) to garnish, adorn, set off or enrich. Garnir les poches d'un gazon, to blind or to edge the pockets with a galloon.

Garnir un mât, une vergue, to rig a mast or yard.

Garnison, *f. f.* A garrison. Une ville où il y a une bonne garnison, a town well garrisoned.

Garniture, *f. f.* Furniture.

Garniture d'un habit, trimming. Garniture (assortiment complet,) set.

Garniture de toilette, the things belonging to a toilet.

Garniture d'un vaisseau, the standing and running rigging of a ship.

Garou, *N.* Loup-garou.

† Garouage, *f. m.* Stews, bawdy-house, brothel.

Garrot, *subst. m.* The withers of a horse. (Bâton court pour serrer les cordes qui

246 G A R

lient un fardeau,) a *packing-stick*.
Garrotté, ée, *adj.* Tied, bound with cords.
Garrotter, v. a. To tie fast, to bind with cords.
Gascon, onne, *f.* A great boaster, a cracker, a pretender to great matters.
Gasconisme, *subst. masc.* Gasconism.
Gasconnade, *f.* Boasting or cracking, a bravado or ostentation. Faire des gasconnades, to boast, crack or brag.
Gafon. } *V.* Gazon.
Gasouiller. }
† Gaspiller, v. a. To lavish or squander away, to waste or consume; ♣ to spoil, to put out of order.
† Gaspilleur, *f. m.* A lavish, a spendthrift.
Gâté, ée, *adj.* Spoiled, &c.
V. Gâter. ♣ Voilà bien du papier gâté, there is a great deal of waste paper.
Gâteau, *f. m.* A cake. ♣ Gâteau de miel, an honey-comb. * † Trouver la feve au gâteau, to hit the nail on the head. * † Avoir part au gâteau, to have a hand in a business. * † Partager le gâteau, to share the profits; † to go snacks.
Gâte-métier, *f. m.* One that undersells his goods or undervalues his labour.
Gâter, v. a. To spoil, damage, harm; ♣ to waste. ♣ Gâter, (salir,) to spoil, soil or spot. * (corrompre,) to spoil, mar, corrupt, deprave or debauch.
Se gâter, v. r. (se corrompre, en parlant de la viande,) to stain as meat does. ♣ (En parlant du vin,) to be spoiled. * Se gâter dans le monde, to get an ill name in the world. ♣ Gâter le métier, to undersell one's goods or undervalue one's labour.
Gatte, *f. f.* (a sea-term.) The manger.
Gauche, *adj.* (opposé à droit.) Left. * Gauche, (mal-tourné, mal-fait,) awkward, ill-conceived.

G A U

Gauche (la), *f. f.* The left-hand or left-side.
Gaucher, ere, *adj. & f.* Left-handed. Un gaucher, a left-handed man or boy. Une gauchere, a left-handed woman or girl.
Gauchir, v. n. To shrink back or turn aside. * Gauchir dans une affaire, to double, to use shifts, to dodge in a business, to play fast and loose. * Gauchir aux difficultés, to shun, decline or wave difficulties.
Gaude, *f. f.* Wood.
† Gaudir, se gaudir, v. réc. (se réjouir,) To be merry.
Gaufre, *subst. f.* Gaufre. ♣ (Rayon de miel,) a honey-comb.
Gaufré, ée, *adj.* Figured.
Gaufrer, verb. a. To figure.
Gaufrer du velours, to figure velvet.
Gaufreur, *subst. m.* One that figures stuffs.
Gaufrier, *f. m.* A wafer-iron.
Gaufrure, *f. f.* Figuring.
† Gavion, *f. m.* Throat.
Gaule, *f. f.* A switch; ♣ a long pole.
Gauler, v. a. To beat down with a long pole or rod.
Gaulis, *f. m.* A long spring or small branch.
Gaulois, Gauloise, *adj.* Gaul or Gallick. La Nation Gauloise, the Gauls, the ancient Gauls. ♣ Façon de parler gauloise, an old obsolete expression.
Gaulois, *f. m.* Gauloise, *f. f.* An ancient Gaul. * † C'est un bon gaulois ou un vieux gaulois, he is a plain honest man, he means no harm. C'est du gaulois, (c'est une vieille façon de parler,) that's old French.
Gavotte, *f. f.* (danse gaie.) Gavot, a sort of merry dance.
Gaupe, *f. f.* A flut.
† Gauffer, se gauffer, v. r. To jeer, to banter. Il se fit gauffer de toute la compagnie, he was the jest or laughing-stock of all the company.
† Gaufferie, *f. f.* Jeering, jest, banter.

G E M

† Gausseur, *f. m.* gausseuse, *f. f.* Jeerer, a jeering man or woman.
Gaze, *f. f.* Gaze.
Gazelle, *f. f.* Antelope, a sort of wild beast.
Gazetier, *f. m.* Gazetteer; ♣ a newsmen or crier of gazettes.
Gazette, *f. f.* Gazette, newspaper. * † (Personne curieuse d'apprendre &c de débiter des nouvelles,) a news-monger, an intelligencer, a blab.
Gazon, *f. m.* Turf, a green turf. Parterre de gazon, a green plot.
Gazonnement, *f. m.* The covering with turf.
Gazonner, v. a. To line or cover with turf.
Gazouillement, *subst. m.* The chirping, warbling, singing or chattering of birds. * Le gazouillement (ou le doux murmure) d'un ruisseau, the purling, gurgling or soft murmur of a brook or stream.
Gazouiller, v. n. (en parlant des oiseaux.) To chirp, warble, sing or chatter. * (En parlant d'un ruisseau,) to purr, to warble or gurgle as a brook or stream.
Geai, *f. m.* A jay or jackdaw.
Géant, *f. m.* A giant.
Géante, *f. f.* A she-giant, a giantess.
† Geindre, v. n. To whine, to whimper, to pule, to grumble, to complain, to be ailing something.
Geindre, *f. m.* A Baker's fore-man.
Gelé, ée, *adj.* Frozen. * † Avoir le bec gelé, to be tongue-tied.
Gelée, *subst. f.* Frost, frosty weather; ♣ a gelly.
Geler, v. a. To freeze.
Geler, v. n. ou se geler, v. r. To freeze or be frozen.
Il gele, v. imperf. It freezes.
Gélinotte, *f. f.* A wood hen; ♣ a good fat pullet. ♣ Gélinotte d'eau, a water-quail.
Gémeaux, *f. m. pl.* (signe du Zodiaque.) Gemini.
Gémir, v. n. To groan.

GEM

Lament. ♢ (En parlant des tourterelles,) *to coo.*
Gémissant, ante, *adj.* *Groaning, lamenting.*
Gémissement, *f. m.* *Groan or groaning, lamentation.*
Gemme, *adj. m.* (sel gemme ou fossile.) *Mineral salt.*
Génant, ante, *adj.* (qui contraint.) *Troublesome, uneasy.*
Gencive, *subst. f.* *The gum wherein the teeth are set.*
Gendarme, *f. m.* *A gendarme, a horseman in complete armour.* ♢ **Gendarmes**, (soldats,) *soldiers.* ♢ Cette femme est un vrai gendarme, *she's a virago or a termagant.* * **Gendarmes**, (bluettes,) *sparks of fire.* * **Gendarmes d'un diamant**, *flaws in a diamond.*
† Gendarmer, *se gendarmer*, *v. r.* *To bluster, to take pet, to keep a heavy to do.*
Gendarmerie, *f. f.* *The Gendarmery or Light-Horse.*
Gendre, *f. m.* *A son-in-law.*
Gène, *f. f.* (torture.) *Rack, torture.* ♢ (Tourment,) *tortment, pain.* * (Peine d'esprit,) *rack, torture, pain, torment.* * (Contrainte,) *constrained.*
Géné, ée, *adj.* *Constrained, &c.* *V. Génér.* ♢ **Géné** par le terrain, *strained for want of room, that has not room enough.*
Généalogie, *f. f.* *Pedigree, genealogy.*
Généalogique, *adj.* *Genealogical.* *Arbre généalogique, a tree of consanguinity.*
Généalogiste, *f. m.* *Genealogist.*
Géner, *v. a.* (from gêne, contraindre.) *To confine, to constrain, to put out of one's bias.* ♢ (Incommoder,) *to trouble or be troublesome, to clog.*
Se géner, *v. r.* *To constrain one's self.*
Général, ale, *adj.* *General, universal.*
Général, *f. m.* (chef.) *A general or chief, he that commands in chief.* ♢ **Le général**, (en parlant d'un grand nombre comparé à un petit,) *the generality,*

GEN

En général, *adv.* *In general, generally.* ♢ **Le peuple en général**, *the generality of the people.*
Généralat, *f. m.* *Generalship, chief command.*
Générale, *f. f.* *The general, a sort of beat of drum.*
Généralement, *adv.* *Generally, universally, in general.* **Généralement** parlant, (d'ordinaire,) *generally, commonly.*
Généralissime, *f. m.* *A Generalissimo.*
Généralité, *f. f.* *Generality.*
Génératif, ive, *adj.* *Generative.*
Génération, *f. f.* (production.) *Generation, propagation, production.* ♢ (Postérité,) *generation, progeny.* ♢ (Chaque filiation,) *generation, descent.*
Généreusement, *adv.* *Generously, nobly; valiantly, stoutly, bravely.*
Généreux, euse, *adj.* (magnanime.) *Generous, noble.* ♢ (Vaillant,) *valiant, stout, brave.* ♢ (Libéral,) *generous, liberal, free.*
Générique, *adj.* *Generical.*
Générosité, *f. f.* (magnanimité.) *Generosity, greatness of soul.* ♢ (Action généreuse,) *a generous act, a piece of generosity.*
Genèse, *f. f.* *Genesis.*
Genêt, *f. m.* *Broom.* **Genêt épineux**, *way-thorn, furze.*
Genet, *f. m.* (cheval d'Espagne.) *Genet, a kind of Spanish horse.*
Genette, *f. f.* (chat sauvage.) *A sort of savage cat.*
A la genette, *adv.* *With short stirrups.*
Genévrier, *V. Genievre.*
Génie, *f. m.* (esprit.) *Genius, familiar.* ♢ (Humeur,) *genius, humour, temper.* ♢ (Talent,) *genius, wit, talent, parts.*
Genievre, *f. m.* *Juniper tree; the juniper berry.*
Génisse, *f. f.* *A heifer.*
Génital, ale, *adj.* *Genital, generative, serving to generation.*
Génitif, *f. m.* *Genitive, the genitive case.*

GEN 247

Genitoires, *f. m. pl.* *Genitals, privy-parts.*
† Géniture, *f. f.* *Child.*
Genou, *f. m.* *Knee.* ♢ **Genou**, (terme de construction,) *the lower buttock of a timber.* **Genoux** des porques, *the lower buttocks of the riders.*
Genouillere, *f. f.* (de botte.) *The sop of a boot.* ♢ — (partie de l'armure,) *pulley-piece, an armour for the knee.*
Genre, *f. m.* (ce qui est commun à diverses especes.) *Kind or genus.* ♢ (Sorte,) *kind, species, sort.* ♢ (Terme de Grammaire,) *gender.* ♢ (Style,) *style, way or manner of writing, strain.* ♢ **Genre**, (maniere,) *kind, way, course, manner.*
Gens, *f. m. & f. pl.* (personnes.) *Men, people, folks.* ♢ (Domestiques,) *men, servants, attendants, domesticks.* **Les gens de lettres**, *the learned or scholars.* ♢ **Les gens du Roi**, *the King's council.*
† Gent, ente, *adj.* *Gent, neat or spruce.*
† Gent, *f. f.* (terme Poétique, nation.) *People or nation.*
Gentil, ile, *adj.* (païen.) *Gentile, heathen, pagan.* **Les Gentils**, *the gentils, the pagans or heathens.*
Gentil, ille, *adj.* (joli.) *Pretty, genteel, neat, handsome, fine.* ♢ **Faucon gentil**, *a tercel-gentle.*
Gentilhomme, *f. m.* *Gentleman, one nobly descended.*
† Gentilhomme, *f. f.* *Gentility.*
Gentilhommiere, *f. f.* *A country-house that looks like a gentleman's.*
Gentilité, *f. f.* *The gentiles, the heathens.*
Gentillâtre, *subst. m.* *A poor gentleman, a country-squire.*
Gentilleste, *f. f.* *A pretty way or genteel carriage, grace; legerdemain, a pretty trick; a pretty way or knack; a pretty, witty or merry conceit.*
Gentiment, *adv.* *Prettyly.*

148 GEN

neatly, handsomely, cleverly.
 Génuflexion, *f. f.* Genuflexion, kneeling.
 Géographie, *f. m.* Geographer.
 Géographie, *f. f.* Geography.
 Géographique, *adj.* Geographical. ♣ Carte géographique, a map.
 Geolage, *f. m.* The jailor's fee, carcelage.
 Geole, *f. f.* Gaol or jail, prison.
 Geolier, *f. m.* A jailor.
 Geoliere, *f. f.* A jailor's wife.
 Géomance, *f. f.* Geomancy.
 Géométral, *adj. m.* Ex. Plan géométral, Geometrical plan or draught, the ground-plot.
 Géometre, *f. m.* A geometri-
 cian or geometer.
 Géométrie, *f. f.* Geometry.
 Géométrique, *adj.* Geometrical.
 Géométriquement, *adv.* Geometrically.
 Géorgiques, *f. f. pl.* Georgicks, Virgil's books of husbandry.
 Géranium, *f. m.* (forte de fleur.) Crane's-bill, a sort of flower.
 Gerbe, *f. f.* A sheaf.
 Gerbée, *f. f.* A bundle of straw wherein some grains of corn remain.
 Gerber, *v. a.* To make up into sheaves.
 Gerce, *f. f.* (petite vermine.) A wood-louse.
 Gercé, *ée, adj.* Chapped, &c.
 Gerçer, *v. a.* To chap. Le froid gerce les levres, cold weather chaps the lips.
 Gerçer, *v. n.* Se gerçer, *v. r.* To chap.
 Gerçure, *f. f.* Chap; ♣ a chap, a cleft, chink, crack, flaw or crevice.
 Gérer, *v. a.* (terme de Palais.) To manage. Ex. Gérer le bien d'un mineur, to manage the estate of one under age.
 Gerfaut, *f. m.* A gerfalcon.
 Germain, *aïné, adj.* German. ♣ Cousin germain, cousin german, first cousin. ♣ Cousin issu de germain, second cousin.

GER

Germandrée, *f. f.* German-
 der or english treacle, a
 sort of herb.
 Germe, *f. m.* (partie de la
 semence d'où se forme la
 plante.) A sprout, a young
 bud or shoot. ♣ Germe
 d'œuf, the sperm of an egg.
 ♣ Un œuf sans germe, an
 addle egg. ♣ Faux germe,
 a false conception, a moon-
 calf.
 Germer, *v. n.* To sprout, to
 come or shoot up, to spring
 out, to bud.
 Germination, *f. f.* Germina-
 tion.
 Gérondif, *f. m.* A gerund.
 Gésier, *f. m.* The gizzard of
 a bird.
 † Gésir, *v. n.* To lie. Ci-git,
 here lies. * Tout giten cela,
 the whole business lies in
 that point or depends upon
 it. ♣ La côte git Nord &
 Sud, the coast bears north
 and south.
 Geste, *subst. fém.* Chichling
 wetch.
 Geste, *f. m.* Action, gesture
 or way of delivery.
 † Gestes, *f. m. pl.* (belles
 actions militaires.) Gestes,
 exploits, achievements.
 Gesticulateur, *f. m.* A man
 too full of action when he
 speaks.
 Gesticulation, *f. f.* Gesticu-
 lation, too much action.
 Gesticuler, *v. n.* To use too
 much gesture, to be too full
 of action.
 Gestion, *f. f.* Management,
 administration, conduct.
 Gibbeux, *euse, adj.* Gibbous,
 bunching out.
 Gibeciere, *f. f.* A pouch, bag,
 poke or scrip. ♣ Faire des
 tours de gibeciere, (jouer
 des gobelets,) to shew juggling
 tricks, to play tricks
 by virtue of hocus-pocus,
 to play tricks of legerde-
 main.
 Gibelet, *f. m.* A gimlet.
 Gibet, *f. m.* Gallows, gibbet.
 Gibier, *f. m.* Game. * † Cela
 n'est pas de votre gibier,
 that's none of your business
 or that's above your skill.
 † Giboulée, *f. f.* A shower.
 † Giboyer, *v. a.* To fowl,

GIT

Arquebuse à giboyer, a
 fowling piece.
 Giboyeur, *f. m.* A fowler.
 Gigantesque, *adj.* Gigantic.
 Gigot, *f. m.* (éclanche de
 mouton.) A leg of mutton.
 † Étendre ses gigots, to
 stretch one's legs.
 Gigotté, *ée, adj.* (terme de
 Manege.) Trussed. Ex. Un
 cheval bien gigotté. A horse
 well trussed.
 † Gigue, *f. f.* A tall frisky
 girl; ♣ a jig, a tune and
 dance so called.
 † Gilles, *f. m.* Ex. Il a fait
 gilles, (il s'est retiré,
 ou enfui,) he is gone, he
 is run away, he has scam-
 pered away.
 Gimblette, *f. f.* Gimbel.
 Gingembre, *f. m.* Ginger.
 Ginguet, *f. m.* Small, sorry,
 tart wine.
 † Ginguet, *ette, adj.* Ex.
 Habit ginguet, a scanty
 suit of clothes.
 Girandole, *f. f.* A branch or
 branched candlestick.
 Girafol, *f. m.* Girasole, a
 kind of opal.
 Girofle, *f. m.* Cloves. Un
 clou de girofle, a clove.
 Giroflée, *subst. f.* Stock-gilly
 flower.
 Girofler, *f. m.* Stock, a stock-
 gilly-flower, plant.
 Giron, *f. m.* Lap. * Le giron
 de l'Eglise, the bosom or
 pale of the Church. ♣ Giron,
 (terme de Blason,) giron,
 in heraldry.
 Gironné, *adj.* Gironnee.
 Gironner, *v. a.* To round.
 Girouette, *f. f.* A vane or
 weather-cock. ♣ Girouette
 de navire, a weather-flag,
 a vane.
 † Gisant, *ante, adj.* (cou-
 ché.) Lying.
 Gisement, *f. m.* (situation
 des côtes & parages de la
 mer, les uns à l'égard des
 autres.) Bearing of a sea-
 coast.
 Git, *v.* Gésir.
 Gite, *f. m.* The form of a hare;
 ♣ the place where one lies
 at night upon a journey.
 Payer son gite, (ou la
 couchée,) to pay for one's
 night's lodging.

GIT

† Giter, *v. n.* To lie.
 Givre, *f. m.* Hoar frost or rime.
 Glace, *f. f.* Ice. Ferré à glace, *V. Ferré.* ♦ Glace (plaque de cristal ou de verre,) *glass.*
 Glacé, *ée, adj.* Frozen, frozen up, congealed, &c. *V. Glacer.* ♦ Un taffetas glacé, *a glazed silk.* Gants glacés, *glazed gloves.* ♦ Les boiffons glacés tuent beaucoup de gens, *drinking with ice kills a world of people.* * Un amant glacé, *a cold lover.*
 Glacer, *v. a.* (geler.) To freeze, congeal or turn into ice. ♦ Glacer des confitures, to ice, as they do preserves and the like. ♦ Glacer une doublure, to stitch down a lining. * Glacer le sang, l'esprit, to chill or damp. * Cet Auteur-là me glace, *that Author does not affect me in the least.*
 Glacer, *v. n.* Se glacer, *v. r.* To freeze or be frozen, to chill.
 Glacial, *ale, adj.* Frozen. Ex. La mer glaciale, *the frozen sea, the northern Ocean.*
 Glacière, *f. f.* An ice-house.
 Glacis, *f. m.* Slope or glacis. Les glacis d'une contrescarpe, *the glacis of the counter-scarpe.*
 Glaçon, *f. m.* Ice, a piece of ice. Un gros glaçon, *a flake of ice.*
 Gladiateur, *f. m.* A gladiator or sword-player among the Romans; ♦ a prize-fighter.
 Glaieul, *f. m.* (plante.) Corn-flag.
 Glaire, *f. f.* Glaire, the white of an egg; ♦ a slimy or ropy matter.
 Glaireux, *euse, adj.* Slimy or ropy, full of slimy matter.
 Glaïse, *f. f.* ou terre glaïse, *adj.* Potter's earth, clay.
 Glaisé, *ée, adj.* Done over with clay.
 Glaïser, *v. a.* To do over with clay.
 Glaive, *subst. m.* Glaive or sword. * Le Souverain a la

GLA

puissance du glaive, *the Sovereign has the power of the sword or of life and death.*
 Gland, *f. m.* (fruit de chêne.) Acorn, *maft.* ♦ Gland de collet, (ouvrage de fil,) *band-string.* ♦ Gland de mouchoir, *a handkerchief-button.*
 Glande, *f. f.* (partie spongieuse du corps.) A kernel. ♦ Glandes au cou, *the mumps or consils, an inflammation about the jaws.*
 Glandé, *ée, adj.* That has the glanders, speaking of a horse or mare.
 Glandée, *f. f.* The mast of a forest. Une bonne glandée, *a good store of mast, a good year for mast.*
 Glandule, *f. f.* Glandule or little kernel.
 Glanduleux, *euse, adj.* Glandulous, kernelly, full of kernels.
 Glane, *f. f.* Gleaning, ears of corn glaned. ♦ Glane d'oignons, *a rope of onions.* ♦ Glane de poires, *a cluster of pears.*
 Glaner, *v. a.* To glean or lease, to gather ears of corn.
 Glaneur, *f. m.* Glaneuse, *f. f.* A gleaner.
 Glapir, *v. n.* To yelp, bark, or howl. * — (Crier d'un ton aigre,) *squeak.*
 Glapissant, *ante, adj.* Squeaking, shrill. Ex. Une voix glapissante, *a squeaking or shrill voice.*
 Glapissement, *f. m.* A yelping or barking. ♦ (Voix aiguë,) *squeaking.*
 Glas, *f. m.* Knell.
 Glebe, *f. f.* (terme de Chimie.) Oar. (Terme de Droit,) *glebe, land, ground.*
 Glissade, *f. f.* A slip or slipping, a sliding. Faire une glissade, *to slip or to slide.* * Faire une glissade avec la pique, *to move the pike forward or backward.*
 Glissant, *ante, adj.* Slippery.
 Glisser, *v. n.* To slip or slide. * Commentavez-vous laissé glisser cette méprise? *how came you to oversee that mis-*

GLO 249

take? *how did that mistake escape you?* * Glisser légèrement sur quelque chose, *to glance upon a thing, to touch it lightly.*
 Glisser, *v. a.* To slip, to convey. Il glissa sa main dans ma poche, *he slips his hand into my pocket.* Glisser quelque chose dans un discours, *to bring in a thing in a discourse.*
 Se glisser, *v. r.* To slip or creep in or into, to insinuate one's self or iself. * Les fautes qui se sont glissées dans l'impression, *the faults that have escaped the press.*
 Glissoire, *f. f.* A slide.
 Globe, *f. m.* A globe.
 Globule, *f. m.* Globule.
 Gloire, *f. f.* Glory, honour, praise, esteem, name, fame, reputation; ♦ pride, vanity, vain-glory. Faire gloire de quelque chose, *to glory in a thing, to take a pride or to pride in it, to value one's self upon it.* ♦ Vaine gloire, *vain-glory, conceit or conceitedness.* Aimer la vaine gloire, *to be vain-glorious or conceited.* ♦ Il est la gloire (ou l'ornement) de notre société, *he is the ornament or honour of our society.* ♦ La gloire (ou la béatitude) du paradis, *the blessedness of heaven.* ♦ Gloire, (en termes de Peinture,) *a glory, in painting.* ♦ Gloire, (dans les Opéra & dans les Comédies,) *a glory or heaven, in an Opera or Play.*
 Glorieuse, *f. f.* A proud woman, &c.
 Glorieusement, *adv.* Gloriously, honourably, with honour.
 Glorieux, *euse, adj.* (illustré.) Glorious, illustrious, famous, honourable. ♦ (Orgueilleux,) *proud, haughty, vain-glorious, conceited.* ♦ (Bienheureux,) *blessed, glorified.*
 Un glorieux, *f. m.* A vain-glorious, conceited or proud man.
 Glorification, *f. f.* Glorification,

250 G L O

Glorifié, *éc. adj.* *Glorified.*
 Glorifier, *v. a.* *To glorify ;*
 ♦ *to put among the blessed.*
 Se glorifier de quelque chose,
v. r. *To be proud of, to take*
a pride in a thing, to pride
or glory in it, to boast or
brag of it.
 Glose, *f. f.* *Gloss, comment,*
exposition, interpretation.
 Gloseur, *éc. adj.* *Glossed or*
commented upon, expounded,
interpreted.
 Gloser, *v. a.* *To gloss or com-*
ment upon, to expound or
interpret.
 Gloser sur quelque chose, *v. n.*
To carp, censure or criticize
a thing, to find fault with it.
 Gloseur, *f. m.* *A fault-finder,*
a censor or censor.
 Glossaire, *f. m.* *A glossary or*
dictionary for hard words.
 Glossateur, *f. m.* *Glosser,*
interpreter.
 † Gloulou, *f. m.* *The gug-*
gling of a narrow mouthed
pot or strait necked bottle,
when it is emptying.
 Glouffement, *f. m.* *A cluck-*
ing.
 Glouffer, *v. n.* *To cluck. Poule*
qui glouffe, a clucking hen.
 Glouteron, *subst. masc.* *Bur-*
dock.
 Glouton, *onne, adj.* *Greedy.*
 Unglouton, *f. m.* *Gloutonne,*
f. f. *A glutton, a great*
eater, a greedy gut.
 Gloutonnement, *adv.* *Gree-*
dily.
 Gloutonnerie, *f. f.* *Gluttony,*
greediness.
 Glu, *f. f.* *Bird-lime.*
 Gluant, *ante, adj.* *Clammy,*
gluish, viscous.
 Gluau, *f. m.* *A lime-twig.*
 Glué, *éc. adj.* *Done over with*
bird-lime.
 Gluer, *v. a.* *To make clammy.*
 Glutineux, *euse, adj.* *Gluti-*
nous, gluish, clammy,
viscous.
 Gnomonique, *f. f.* *Gnomo-*
nicks or dialling.
 Gobbe, *f. f.* *A poisoned gob*
or gobbet.
 Gobelet, *f. m.* *Goblet or a*
cup, a drinking cup ; ♦ a
juggler's box. Un joueur de
gobelets, a juggler. ♦ Go-
belet, (office pour le pain,

G O B

le vin, l'eau & le linge du
 Roi,) *the King's buttery.*
 † Gobelotter, *v. n.* *To guggle*
or tittle.
 † Gober, *v. a.* *To flap up,*
*to gulp down. * † Il gobe*
tout ce qu'on lui dit, he
believes every thing one says
to him.
 † Goberger, se Goberger, *v.*
r. *To make much of one's self.*
 Il ne songe qu'à se Gober-
 ger, *he minds nothing but*
his pleasure.
 Goberges, *f. f. pl.* *A boarded*
bottom of a bedstead.
 † Gobet, *f. m.* *Ex. Prendre*
un homme au gobet, to
take one napping.
 † Gobin, *f. m.* *A bunchy-back*
or bump-back.
 Goblin, *f. m.* *Goblin, hob-*
goblin.
 † Godailler, *v. n.* *To guggle,*
tittle.
 † Godelureau, *f. m.* *A beau,*
a spark, a sop.
 Godenot, *f. m.* *A juggler's*
*puppet, jack in a box. * †*
C'est un franc godenot, (ou
un folâtre,) he is a merry-
andrew.
 Godet, *subst. masc.* *Cup or*
mug.
 Godiveau, *f. m.* *(ou pâté de*
godiveau.) A sort of pie.
 Godron, *f. m.* *(espece de*
pli.) Puff, ruffle or fold.
 Godronné, *éc. adj.* *Set ruf-*
fling, &c.
 Godronner, *v. a.* *To set ruf-*
fling, to make into puffs.
 Goelette, *f. f.* *A schooner.*
 † Goffe, *adj.* *Aukward, ill-*
shaped, ill-contrived.
 † Gogaille. *Ex. Faire gogaille,*
(se réjouir,) to be or make
merry, to drink merrily.
 † Gogo. *Ex. Vivre à gogo,*
to live in clover.
 † Goguenard, *arde, adj.*
Pleasant, jocular, cheerful,
merry.
 Goguenard, *arde, subst. A*
merry, jovial, cheerful
man or woman, a droll, a
banterer.
 † Goguenarder, *v. n.* *To be*
merry in company, to jeer.
 † Goguettes, *f. f. pl.* *Merry*
mood or humour. ♦ Elle lui
a chanté goguettes, (ou dit

G O R

des injures,) *she railed at*
him or she rattled him most
bitterly.
 Goinfre, *f. m.* *A good fellow,*
a tofs-pot, an old toaft.
 Goinfrer, *v. a.* *To play the*
good fellow, to guttle.
 Goinfrerie, *f. f.* *Good fellow-*
ship, guttling.
 Goitre, *subst. masc.* *A great*
swelling or wen like a bag
under the throat or the hernia
gutturis.
 Goitreux, *euse, adj.* *Throat-*
bursten.
 Golfe, *f. m.* *A gulf or bay.*
 Gomme, *f. f.* *Gum.*
 Gommé, *éc. adj.* *Gummed,*
stiff or stiffened with gum.
 Gommer, *v. a.* *To gum, to*
stiffen with gum.
 Gommeux, *euse, adj.* *Gum-*
my, full of gum.
 Gond, *f. m.* *Hinge. * † Faire*
sortir ou mettre quelqu'un
hors des gonds, to put one
off the hinges, to anger one.
 ♦ Gonds de sabords, *port-*
hooks.
 Gondole, *f. f.* *(petit bateau*
dont on se sert particulié-
rement à Venise.) Gondo-
la, a Venetian boat. ♦
(Petit vaisseau à boire,) a
kind of drinking cup.
 Gondolier, *f. m.* *Gondolier,*
a Venice Waterman.
 Gonfler, *v. a.* *& n.* *To*
swell or puff, to fill with
wind.
 Se gonfler, *v. r.* *To swell ; * to*
be puffed up.
 Gonne, *f. f.* *(terme de mer,*
futaille.) A cask, a sea-
cask.
 Gonorrhée, *f. f.* *Gonorrhea,*
the running of the rein.
 Goret, *f. m.* *(petit cochon.)*
A pig, porker, young hog.
 Gorge, *f. f.* *(partie du cou*
au-dessous du menton.)
Neck or throat. ♦ (Gossier,)
throat, gorge or gullet. ♦
(Le cou & le sein d'une
femme,) a woman's neck or
breast. ♦ Gorge de mon-
tagnes, straits or narrow
passages between hills. ♦
Gorge de bassin à barbe,
the neck of a barber's basin.
 ♦ — de pot, *the mouth*
and neck of a pot. ♦ —

GOR

Gorge, *the gulf, the gulf of a bastion.* * — de colonne, *gorge, gulf or neck, the narrowest part of the doric chapter.* * Cette affaire m'a coupé la gorge, *that business broke my neck or has been the ruin of me.* * Il coupe la gorge à bien des gens qui ne lui ont point fait de mal, *he does a world of injury to a great many people that never did him any.* Coupe-gorge. *V.* Coupe-gorge. * † Il lui tient le pied sur la gorge, *he has the whip hand of him.* * Il nous met le pied sur la gorge, *he tramples upon us, he uses us like slaves.* * Son ris ne passe pas le nœud de la gorge, *he laughs but from the teeth outward.* * Rendre gorge, *(vomir) to cast up, to spue or vomit.* * (Rendre ce qu'on a pris injustement, *) to refund.* * Rire à gorge déployée, *to laugh, to break out into laughter.* * † Il a dit des paroles offensantes, mais on les lui fera rentrer dans la gorge, *he has been abusive, but we shall make him eat his words.* Gorgé, *ée, adj. Full, gorged.* Gorgée, *f. f. A mouthful, a gulp.* Gorgier, *v. a. To gorge, cram or stuff.* * Gorgier de richesses, *to fill with riches.* Se gorgier, *v. n. To glut one's self, to fill, stuff or cram one's belly or guts.* * Se gorgier d'or & d'argent, *to heap up gold and silver.* Gorgierette, *f. f. A gorgier or neck-cloth for women.* Gorgierin, *subst. m. A neck-piece.* Gorgier, *f. m. Throat, gullet or windpipe.* Gothique, *adj. & f. Gothick.* * Lettre gothique, *black letter.* Goudron, *f. m. Pitch and tar.* Goudronné, *ée, adj. Tarred, done over with pitch and tar.* Goudronner, *v. a. To tar, to do over with pitch and tar.* Gouffmon, *subst. masc. Sea-weeds,*

GOU

Gouffre, *f. m. Gulf, whirl-pool, pit, abyss or swallow.* Gouge, *f. f. (outil de plusieurs artisans.) A gouge or hollow chisel, a sort of tool.* * † Une franche gouge, *(ou prostituée,) a common whore, a camp whore.* Goujat, *f. m. A soldier's boy, a black guard.* * Goujat, *(valet de maçon,) a mason or bricklayer's tray-man.* † Gouine, *f. f. (coureuse.) A whore, a flirt, a trull, a wench.* Goujon, *f. m. (poisson.) A gudgeon.* * (Cheville de fer, *) an iron pin.* Goujure d'une poulie, *f. f. The notch or channel of a block.* † Goulée, *f. f. Gulp.* Gouliastre, *adj. & f. Greedy, greedy gut, glutton, gully gut.* Goulet, *f. m. A strait entrance of a harbour as that of Brest.* Goulot, *f. m. The neck or gullet of a bottle or any other such vessel.* Goulu, *ue, adj. Greedy, that eats greedily.* Goulu, *f. m. A glutton, a gully gut, a greedy man or greedy gut.* * Goulu, *(animal sauvage,) a shark.* Goulue, *f. f. A greedy woman, a greedy gut.* Goulument, *adv. Greedily.* Goupille, *f. f. A pin, a forelock.* Goupiller une cheville, *v. a. To forelock a bolt.* Goupillon, *f. m. Holy-water sprinkle.* Gourde, *ourde, adj. Numb, stiff with cold.* Gourde, *subst. fém. A gourd-bottle.* Gourdin, *f. m. A cudgel.* † Gourgandine, *f. f. (gouine, coureuse.) A flirt, a trull, a quean, a crack.* Gourgane, *f. f. A sort of little wild bean.* Gourmade, *f. f. A cuff or fifty-cuff.* Gourmand, *ande, adj. Greedy, ravenous.* Gourmand, *f. m. A greedy man, a greedy gut, a glutton or gully gut.*

GOU 258

Gourmandé, *ée, adj. Abused.* *V. the verb.* Gourmander, *v. a. To abuse, to check, to rattle, to scold at, to snub, to snap up.* * Gourmander le vice, *to reprove or check vice.* * Gourmander ses passions, *to master one's passions, to curb them or keep them under.* Se laisser gourmander, *to suffer one's self to be abused, to truckle under one.* Gourmandise, *f. f. Gluttony, gormandizing, immoderate eating and drinking.* Gourme, *f. f. The strangles, a horse's disease.* * † Cet enfant jette sa gourme, *(ou a la gale,) that child has the scab or itch.* * † Jeter sa gourme, *to sow one's wild oats.* Gourmé, *ée, adj. Curbed, &c. V. the verb.* Gourmer, *v. a. (mettre la gourmette à un cheval.) To curb.* † Gourmer, *(battre à coups de poing,) to cuff or box.* Gourmet, *f. m. A wine-conner.* Gourmette, *f. f. A curb.* Gournables, *f. f. pl. Tree-nails.* Gouffe, *f. f. Cod, husk or shell of pulse.* * Gouffe, *(tête d'ail,) a clove of garlic.* Gouffet, *f. m. (petite bourse.) Fob.* * (Pièce de toile qu'on met à une chemise, *) gusset.* * (Pièce de bois pour soutenir quelque planche, *) bracket.* * (Aisselle, *) arm-pit or arm-hole.* Sentir le gouffet, *to smell rank under the arm-pit.* Goût, *f. m. (l'un des cinq sens de nature.) Taste.* Avoir le goût dépravé, *to have one's mouth out of taste.* * Viande de haut goût, *meat high-seasoned.* Viande qui a bon ou mauvais goût, *well-tasted or ill-tasted meat, savoury or unsavoury meat.* * Goût, *(discernement,) taste, discerning faculty, judge*

452 GOU

ment, parts, skill. * Avoir le goût bon, to love good things, to love that which is good. * Il n'a point de goût pour la musique, he does not relish musick, he is not affected with musick. * Trouver une chose à son goût, to relish a thing, to like or fancy it. * Je ne crois pas que cela soit de votre goût, I don't think that will please you or fit your palate. * Goût, (maînière dont un ouvrage est fait,) contrivance, way, fancy. * — (Caractère d'un Auteur, d'un Peintre,) taste, way, genius. * Se faire le goût à quelque chose, to bring one's humours to a thing. * Donner du goût à un ouvrage, to finish a piece of work, to improve it to the best advantage. * Ouvrage de grand goût, (en termes de Peinture,) a noble design.

Gôûter, f. m. (collation.) Afternoon's nunchion, collation.

Gôûter, v. a. (discerner par le goût.) To taste or relish. * (Tâter,) to taste, to try or have a taste of. * (Approuver,) to relish, like or approve. * (Prendre plaisir à,) to relish, to delight or take delight in, to please one's self with.

Gôûter, v. n. To make a collation, to eat one's beaver or afternooning.

Goutte, f. f. Drop. * Dans tout son discours il n'y a pas une goutte de bon sens, in all his discourses there's not a jot or whit of sense. * Du vin de la mere-goutte, unpressed wine, that which comes first of itself from the grapes without pressing. * Je n'entends goutte, I don't hear at all, I am quite deaf. Je ne vois goutte, I see nothing, I don't see at all. * Je ne vois goutte en tout cela, 'tis all a mystery to me.

Goutte à goutte, adv. By drops, drop by drop.

Goutte, subst. f. (fluxion

GOU

âcre.) Gout. * Goutte-crampe, the cramp.

Gouttelette, f. f. Small or little drop.

Goutteux, euse, adj. & subst. Gouty, troubled with or subject to the gout.

Gouttière, f. f. Gutter. * Gouttière de carrosse, the cornish of a coach. * Gouttières, the water ways of a ship's decks.

Gouvernail, f. m. The rudder of a ship, the helm. * Tenir le gouvernail, * to sit at the helm or to govern a State. * Monter ou démonter le gouvernail, to hang or unhang the rudder. Commander au gouvernail, to cond or conn a ship.

Gouvernante, f. f. A Governor's Lady; * a governess or governaute.

Gouverné, ée, adj. Ruled, guided, governed, &c. according to the verb.

Gouvernement, f. m. Government. * Avoir quelque chose en son gouvernement, to have the management of a thing, to have it in charge. * Gouvernement d'un vaisseau, the steering of a ship.

Gouverner, v. a. To govern or rule; * to manage, look to or take care of. * (Conduire un vaisseau,) to steer a ship. * Gouverner sur son ancre, to sheer a ship to her anchor. * (Ménager avec épargne,) to husband. * Gouverner quelqu'un, to govern or manage one, to do what one pleases with him.

Se gouverner, v. r. To carry, govern or behave one's self.

Gouverneur, f. m. A governor; * a tutor.

Grabat, f. m. A little bed or couch.

† Grabuge, f. m. Quarrel, debate, squabble, wrangling.

Grace, f. f. Grace. * Grace à Dieu, thank God, God be thanked. * Grace, (faveur,) favour, kindness, courtesy. * Faire grace à quelqu'un, to favour one. * Grace à votre bonté, grace

GRA

à cette Dame, thanks to your goodness, thanks to that Lady. * Grace expectative. V. Expectative. * Être en grace auprès de quelqu'un, to be in favour with one. * De grace, dites-moi ce que c'est, pray, be so kind as to tell me what it is. * Je vous fais grace de la moitié des dépens, I forgive you half the charges. * Dieu m'en fasse la grace, God grant I may. * Grace, (agrément,) grace, agreeableness. Bonne grace, good grace, handsome, genteel, graceful way or gracefulness, comeliness. * Mauvaise grace, ungenteel way, awkwardness. * S'habiller de bonne grace, to dress genteely. * Grace, (ce qui est conforme à la bienséance, à la raison.) Ex. Vous avez mauvaise grace (ou tort) de vous plaindre de cela, there's no reason for you to complain of that. Vraiment, vous avez bonne grace de croire que je veuille y consentir, truly you are a pretty man to think that I would consent to it. N'aurais-je pas bonne grace de le dire? Would it not become me well to say it? Un discours qui a de la grace, a neat, handsome or graceful discourse. * L'action donne de la grace au discours, action sets out, action gives life to a discourse. * Il est bien mis, mais avec tout cela il a mauvaise grace, he is well in clothes, but he has an awkward way with him. * L'an de grace 1782, the year of our Lord 1782. * Grace, (pardon,) pardon. * Bonne grace, (petit rideau à côté du chevet du lit,) a head-curtain. Graces, au pluriel, (trois Déeses de la Fable,) graces, three Goddesses. * Les graces d'une langue, the beauties of a language. * Graces infuses, (dons infus,) infused gifts. or

GRA

parts. ♦ Bonnes graces, (bienveillance,) *favour, benevolence.* ♦ Graces ou grace, (remercement,) *thanks, acknowledgment.* ♦ Graces, (prieres après le repas,) *grace.* Dire graces, *to say grace.*
Graciable, adj. Pardonable.
Gracieusement, adv. Graciously, kindly.
Gracieux quelqu'un, *v. a.* To shew a great kindness to one.
Gracieuseté, f. f. Gratification, gift, present. ♦ Gracieuseté, (civilité,) *kindness, civility.*
Gracieux, euse, adj. Graciful, agreeable, pleasant, fine, delicate, genteel; ♦ gracious, kind, civil, courteous.
Gracilité, subst. f. Skirliness, slenderness of voice.
Gradation, f. f. (figure de Rhétorique.) Gradation.
Grade, f. m. (degré d'honneur.) Degree.
Gradin, f. m. The steps of the Altar whereon the candlestick stands.
Gradué, ée, adj. Graduate, that has taken a degree in an university. ♦ Carte graduée, a map wherein the degrees of longitude and latitude are marked. ♦ Feu gradué, a gradual fire.
Gradué, f. m. A graduate.
Graduel, elle, adj. Gradual. Pseaumes graduels, gradual psalms.
Graduel, f. m. Gradual, part of the Mass sung between the Epistle and Gospel.
Graduer, v. a. To give the degrees.
Grailon, f. m. Remnant, scrap.
Grain, f. m. (toute sorte de blé.) Grain or corn. ♦ (Partie de certains amas,) corn, grain. Un grain de sel, a grain or corn of salt. ♦ Grain, (fruit de certains arbrisseaux & de certaines plantes,) *Seeds, kernel, berry, grain, bead.* Grain de grenade, the kernel of a pom-granate. — de lierre, ivy-berry, — de moutarde,

GRA

a grain of mustard - seed. — de coral, a bead of coral. — de raisin, the berry of a grape. ♦ Grain de petite vérole, a pimple of the small-pox. ♦ Un grain de grêle, a hail-stone. ♦ Grain de cuir, the grain of leather. ♦ Futaine à grain d'orge, a napped fustian. Futaine à gros grain, a big-napped fustian. * Avoir un petit grain de folie, to be a little foolish or crack-brained. * Il n'a pas un grain de bon sens, he has not a grain of sense. ♦ Grains de vent, a gust of wind. ♦ Grain, (sorte de poids,) grain, a weight.
Graine, f. f. Seed, plant-seed. ♦ Graine d'arbrisseaux ou d'arbres, kernel or stone. ♦ Graine de ver à soie, the eggs of a silkworm.
Graisse, f. f. Fat. ♦ Graisse fondue, grease. Taché de graisse, greasy. ♦ Graisse de rôti, the drippings of roast meat.
Graissé, ée, adj. Greased, lathered, &c. *V.* Graisser.
Graisser, v. a. To grease. * † Graisser la patte à quelqu'un, * † to grease one in the fist, to dab or tamper with him, to tip one's hand. ♦ Graisser des bottes & des souliers, to liquor boots and shoes.
Graisset, f. m. A ruddock, a kind of frog.
Graisseux, euse, adj. Greasy.
Gramen, f. m. Cow-grass, quick-grass, dogs-grass.
Grammaire, f. f. Grammar.
Grammairien, f. m. Grammarian.
Grammatical, ale, adj. Grammatical.
Grammaticalement, adv. Grammatically.
Grand, ande, adj. (qui a une grande étendue.) Great, big, vast, huge or large. ♦ (Long,) great or long. ♦ (Haut,) great, tall or high. * Grand, (important, extraordinaire,) great, grand, chief, extraordinary.

GRA 251

* (Considérable,) great, excellent, eminent. (Élevé, noble,) great, noble, generous. ♦ Il est grand jour, it is broad day - light. ♦ Grand-pere, grand-father, grand - fire. Grand'mere, grand-mother; † grandam. ♦ Le grand ressort, the master spring. ♦ Une grand-messe, a high mass. ♦ Les grands jours, (sorte de Cour extraordinaire,) a general and extraordinary session. ♦ A grand-peine, with much ado.
Grand, f. Ex. Trancher du grand, to carry it high or stately. ♦ Il y a du grand dans tous ses écrits, there's a sublimity in all his writings. ♦ Les Grands d'un Royaume, the Grantees or great men of a Kingdom. Les Grands d'Espagne, the Grantees of Spain. ♦ Monsieur le Grand, (le Grand-Ecuyer du Roi,) the Master of the horse to his Majesty.
En grand, adv. Peindre en grand, to draw in full length. ♦ Faire quelque chose en grand, to do a thing in great.
Grand-Croix, f. m. One of the chief dignities of the Knights of Malta.
† Granellet, ette, adj. Pretty, big.
Grandement, adv. Greatly; very much, extremely.
Grandesse, f. f. The quality of a Spanish Grantee.
Grandeur, f. f. (étendue de ce qui est grand.) *Hugeness, bigness or fix.* * (Excellence, sublimité, dignité,) greatness, grandeur, excellency, dignity, nobleness, sublimity. * Grandeur d'un crime, the greatness or enormity of a crime. * Grandeur, (titre qu'on donne à quelques grands Seigneurs,) *Lordship.* * (Titre qu'on donne à un Duc,) Grace.
Grandir, v. n. To grow big or tall.
† Grandissime, adject. Very great.

354 GRA

Grand-Maitre, *subst. m.* The Lord steward of the King's household. ♦ **Grand-Maitre des Cérémonies**, the chief Master of the Ceremonies. **Grand-Maitre de la garde-robe**, de l'Artillerie, de Malthe, the great Master of the Wardrobe, of the Ordinance, of Malthe. ♦ **Grand-Maitre de Collège**, the head Master of a College.

Grand-merci, *f. m.* Gramercy, thanks.

Grand-merci, *adv.* (je vous rends graces,) I thank you, † gramercy.

Grange, *f. f.* A barn.

Grappe de raisin, *f. f.* A bunch or cluster of grapes. **Grappe de lierre**, a bunch or cluster of ivy-berries. * † **Mordre à la grappe**, * to bite at the hook.

Grappiller, *v. n.* To glean after vintage.

Grappiller, *v. a.* To scrape up, to get some little thing.

Grappilleur, *subst. m.* Grappilleuse, *subst. f.* A grape-gleaner.

Grappillon, *f. m.* A little cluster or bunch.

Grappin, *subst. m.* (instrument de fer.) A grapple or grappling-iron. ♦ **Grappin de vaisseau de bas-bord**, a sort of anchor for small vessels.

Gras, *grasse*, *adj.* (qui a beaucoup de graisse.) Fat, full of fat. ♦ **Gras**, (imbu de graisse,) greasy. ♦ **Du vin gras**, oily wine. ♦ **Gras**, (fertile,) fat, fertile, fruitful. * (Obscene,) bawdy, obscene, smutty. ♦ **Terre grasse**, clay or fuller's earth. ♦ **Temps gras**, hazy weather. ♦ **Du son gras**, fine bran, that has some meal amongst it. ♦ **Mortier trop gras**, mortar that has too much lime in it. ♦ **Avoir la langue grasse**, (grasseyer,) to lisp or speak thick. **Encre grasse**, (ou épaisse,) thick ink. ♦ **Jour gras**, a flesh-day. ♦ **Mardi-gras**, Shrove Tuesday. ♦ **Cheval gras-fondu**, a horse that has got the mol-

GRA

ten grease. * † **Dormir la grasse matinée**, to sleep very late, to oversleep one's self. * Il en fait ses choux gras, he gets well by it.

* **Vous en êtes bien plus gras d'avoir fait cela** ? what have you got by doing of that ? what are you the better for it ?

Gras, *f. m.* Fat, a fat piece.

♦ **Faire gras**, to eat flesh or meat against the Church-ordinance. ♦ **Le gras de la jambe**, the calf of the leg. ♦ **Parler gras**, to speak bawdy or smutty ; ♦ to lisp or speak thick.

Gras-fondu. *V.* **Gras**, *adj.*

Gras-fondure, *f. f.* Molten grease, a horse's disease.

Graisse. 'Tis the feminine of gras.

Grassement, *adv. Ex.* Vivre grassement, to live plentifully, to live in clover. ♦ **Récompenser grassement**, to give large or ample rewards.

† **Graffet**, *ette*, *adj.* Pretty fat, pretty plumb, in pretty good liking.

Grassement, *subst. m.* Lipping.

Grasseyer, *v. n.* To lisp, to speak thick.

† **Graffouillet**, *ette*, *adject.* Plump.

Gratification, *f. f.* Gratification or gratuity, bounty, liberality, present.

Gratifié, *ée*, *adj.* Gratified.

Gratifier, *v. a.* To gratify.

Gratin, *f. m.* Any stuff that is burnt to and sticks to the bottom of a skillet, &c. wherein any thing was boiled.

Gratis, *adv.* Gratis, for nothing.

Gratitude, *f. f.* Gratitude, thankfulness, gratefulness, acknowledgments. ♦ **Avoir de la gratitude**, to be thankful or grateful. Je vous témoignerai ma gratitude, I shall shew myself grateful or thankful to you.

Gratte, *f. f.* (ou racle.) Scraper.

Gratte-cu, *f. m.* Hep or hip.

Grattelle, *f. f.* Itch.

GRA

Gratteleux, *euse*, *adj.* **Thi** has got the itch.

Gratter, *v. a.* To scratch, rub or claw. ♦ **Gratter le papier**, (gagner sa vie dans la basse Pratique,) to be a scribbling drudge. ♦ **Gratter un vaisseau**, to scrape a ship.

Gratuit, *uite*, *adj.* Gratuitous, free or freely given. **Don gratuit**, free gift.

Gratuite, *f. f.* (terme de Théologie.) Gratuity.

Gratuitement, *adv.* Frisky ; frankly, gratis, for nothing.

Grave, *adj.* (pefant.) Heavy. * (Sérieux,) grave, serious, sober. ♦ (Important,) weighty, of weight or importance. ♦ **Accent grave**, the accent grave, the grave. ♦ **Son grave**, a dull or hollow sound. Je suis dégoûté du grave &c du sérieux, I am weary of gravity.

Gravé, *ée*, *adj.* Engraved or engraven, imprinted, &c. *V.* **Graver**. ♦ **Avoir le nez gravé de petite vérole**, to have one's nose pitted with the small-pox, to have pock-holes on one's nose.

Gravelée, *adj. f.* *Ex.* Cendre gravelée, ashes made of tartar.

Graveleux, *euse*, *adj.* Troubled with the gravel. ♦ **Fruit graveleux**, stony fruit. ♦ **Urine graveleuse**, urine full of gravel, sandy urine.

Gravelle, *subst. f.* Gravel or stone.

* **Gravement**, *adv.* (d'une manière grave.) Gravely, seriously, soberly.

Graver, *v. a.* To engrave or grave. ♦ **Graver à l'eau-forte**, to etch. * **Graver quelque chose dans son esprit**, to imprint a thing in one's mind.

Graveur, *subst. m.* An engraver.

Gravier, *f. m.* Gravel. ♦ **Couvrir de gravier une allée**, to gravel a walk. ♦ **Urine où il y a beaucoup de gravier**, sandy urine.

Gravir, *v. n.* To climb or

GRA

clamber up. *Ex.* Gravier au haut d'une montagne, *to climb up a hill.*
Gravité, f. f. (from grave, le sérieux d'une personne.) *Gravity, seriousness, solemnity.* ♦ (Pesanteur,) *gravity, heaviness.*
Gravois, f. m. Rubble, rubbish, shards.
Gravure, f. f. Engraving.
Gré, f. m. (franche volonté.) *Will, accord, consent.* Il y est allé de son gré ou de son bon gré, *he went of his own accord.* Contre mon gré, *against my will.* * Se laisser aller au gré des flots, *to commit one's self to the waves.* L'un des Ambassadeurs de Pologne prit en gré de faire la cérémonie du mariage, *the fancy took one of the Polish Ambassadors to perform the marriage ceremony.* ♦ Voilà qui est à mon gré, *that pleases me; I like it very well.* Elle est assez à mon gré, *I like her well enough.* ♦ Savoir gré à bon gré d'une chose à quelqu'un, *to take a thing kindly of one, to be obliged to him for it.* Lui en savoir mauvais gré, *to take it ill of him.* Je m'en fais mauvais gré, *I am angry with myself for it.* ♦ Bon gré mal gré, *will he nill he or whether one will or no.* Bon gré, mal gré, vous y viendrez, *whether you will or no, you shall come.*
Grec, Greque, adj. La langue Greque, *Greek tongue, greek.* * † Il est grec là-dessus, (il y est fort habile,) *he has a great talent that way.*
Grec, f. m. (natif de Grece.) *A Greek or Grecian.* ♦ Le Grec, (la langue Greque,) *Greek, the Greek tongue.* Un homme savant en Grec, *a great, an able Grecian.* ♦ C'est du Grec pour moi, *this is Hebrew to me, I know not what to make on't.* Greque, *'tis the feminine of Grec.*

GRE

Gredin, ine, adj. Beggarly, shabby.
Gredin, f. m. *A beggarly, a shabby, a ragged fellow, a tatter-demallion.*
Gredine, f. f. *A beggarly, a shabby wench or woman.*
Gredinerie, f. f. *Beggarliness, shabbiness.*
Grément, f. m. (ou garniture d'un vaisseau.) *Rigging.*
Gréer, v. act. (ou garnir) un vaisseau, *to rig a ship.*
Gresse, f. m. *The place where Registers are kept, the rolls.*
Gresse, subst. fém. *A graft or grass.*
Gressé, ée, adj. *Grafted, &c.*
Gresser, v. a. (enter.) *To graft or graft. V. Enter.*
Gresseur, f. m. *A Register.*
Greffoir, f. masc. *A grafting-knife.*
Grégeois, adj. m. *Ex. Feu grégeois, wild fire.*
† Gregues, f. f. pl. (espece de culotte.) *Grege, a sort of antick breeches.* * † Tirer les gregues, (s'enfuir,) *to run or scamper away.*
Grêle, f. f. *Hail.* Un grain de grêle, *a hail-stone.* Une grêle de fleches, *a shower of arrows.*
Grêle, adj. *Slim, thin, slender, lank; ♦ a shrill squeaking voice.*
Grêlé, ée, adj. *Spoiled with hail.* * Il a le visage grêlé, (ou marqué de la petite vérole,) *he has pock-holes in his face.* * † Il est grêlé, (il est mal dans ses affaires,) *he is low in the world.*
Grêler, v. imperf. *To hail.*
Grêler, v. act. *To spoil or ruin.*
Grélin, subst. masc. *A small cable.*
Grêlon, f. m. *A large hail-stone.*
Grelot, f. m. *A little bell.*
† Grelotter, v. n. *To shiver, to quake.*
Gremil, subst. m. (plante.) *Graymil, gromil, a sort of herb.*
Grenade, f. f. *Pome granate; ♦ a granado.*
Grenadier, f. m. (arbre.) *The*

GRE 255

pome granate tree. ♦ (Soldat,) *a grenadier.*
Grenadiere, f. f. *Grenade-pouch.*
Grenaille, f. f. (métal réduit en petits grains.) *Small shot.*
Grenat, f. m. *Granet, a sort of precious stone.*
Gréné, ée, adj. *Seeded.*
Grener, v. n. *To seed.*
Greneterie, f. f. *Corn-trade.*
Grenetier, f. m. *Corn-merchant, huckster; ♦ a comptroller of the King's magazine of salt.*
Grenetiere, f. f. *A woman that trades in corn.*
Grenetis, f. m. *The engrailed ring round a piece of coin.*
Grenier, f. m. *Corn-loft or corn-house.* * La Sicile est le grenier de l'Italie, *Sicily is the granary of Italy.* ♦
Grenier, (le plus haut étage d'une maison,) a garret. ♦
Grenier au foin, a hay-loft. ♦
Grenier à sel, a magazine of salt. ♦
Embarquer du poivre en grenier, to ship pepper unpacks or in bulk.
Grenouille, f. f. *Frog.*
† Grenouiller, v. n. *To puzzle or tittle.*
Grenouillere, f. f. *A place full of frogs.*
Grenu, ue, adj. *Full of corn.* ♦
Marbre grenu, granate-marble. ♦
Cuir grenu, leather that has a good grain. ♦
Huile grenue, clotted oil.
Grès, f. m. *A sort of brown free-stone.* ♦
Bouteille de grès, stone-bottle.
Gresil, f. m. *A sort of rime or hoar-frost.*
Gresillement, f. m. *Shrivel-ling, wrinkling.*
Gressiller, v. n. & imperf. *It gressille, it is rimy weather, it is a hoar-frost, there's a rime.*
Gressiller, v. a. *To wrinkle, to shrivel.*
Gresserie, subst. fém. (grès mis en œuvre.) *Stone-ware, brown free-stone.* ♦
(Pots, cruches faites de grès,) stone-ware, stone-bottles.

256 GRE

Grévé, ée, *adj.* (léf.) *Aggrieved.*

Greve, *f. f.* *A sandy strand or shore.* ♦ Greve, *Ex.* *Envoyer en greve, to send to Tyburn or to the gal-lows.*

† Grever, *v. a.* (léf.) *To aggrieve or wrong.* ♦ Grever une province, *to oppress a province.*

Griblette, *f. f.* *A slice or collop of pork, &c. broiled.*

Gribouillette, *f. f.* *Scramble or scrambling, the throwing of a thing amongst several people to make them scramble for it.*

Grieche, *adj.* *Speckled.* *Ex.* *Pie-grieche, a speckled mag-py, a wary-angle.* ♦ *Ortie-grieche, the male, roman or greek nettle.*

Grief, eve, *adj.* (fâcheux.) *Grievous.* ♦ *Grief, (énorme,) grievous, enormous.*

Grief, *subst. m.* *Grievance, wrong, injury.*

Grièvement, *adv.* *Grievously, extremely.*

Grieveté, *f. f.* *Grievousness, enormity.*

Griffe, *f. f.* *Claw or clutch.* * *Se tirer des griffes des ser-gens, to get out-of the ser-gent's clutches.*

Griffon, *f. m.* *A griffin.*

Griffonnage, *f. m.* *A scribbling or scrawling, a scrawl.*

Griffonné, ée, *adj.* *Scrawled, writ fast and ill.*

Griffonner, *v. a.* *To scribble or scrawl; ♦ to draw roughly, to sketch.*

Grignon, *f. m.* *A piece of crust.*

Grignoté, ée, *adj.* *Nibbled.*

Grignoter, *v. a.* *To nibble.*

† Grigou, *f. m.* *A shabby or beggarly fellow; ♦ a sordid miser.*

Gril, *f. m.* *Gridiron.*

Grillade, *f. f.* (viande grillée.) *Broiled meat.* *Faire une grillade d'une cuisse de chapon, to broil a leg of a capon.* ♦ *Grillade de châtaignes, roasted chest-nuts.*

Grille, *f. f.* *Grate.* ♦ *Grille de tripot, the grill or hazard at tennis.* *Faire un coup de*

GRI

grille, *to strike a ball into the grill.*

Grillé, ée, *adj.* *Broiled, &c.* *V. Griller.*

Griller, *v. a.* & *n.* *To broil; ♦ to burn.* * *La chaleur du soleil a grillé toutes les herbes, the heat of the sun has parcht or burnt up all the grass.* ♦ *Griller, (fermer avec une grille,) to grate up.*

Grillon, *f. m.* *A cricket.*

Grimace, *f. f.* *Grimace, a face or wry face, wry mouth or crabbed look.* * (Feinte, dissimulation,) *grimace, dissimulation, shew.* * *Faire la grimace à quelqu'un, to look sour, gruff or grim upon one.*

Grimacer, *v. n.* *To make faces, to make wry faces, to wry the mouth, to grin.*

† Grimacier, *f. m.* *Grimaciere, f. f.* *One that makes mouths or grimaces, a prim or precise man or woman.* * (Hypocrite,) *an hypocrite.*

† Grimaud, *f. m.* *A young-school-boy, a raw scholar.*

† Grimelin, *f. m.* (terme de mépris, petit garçon.) *A shit - breech boy, a young boy, a grammar school-boy.* ♦ (Joueur qui joue fort petit jeu,) *a gamester that plays for a trifle.*

Grimelinage, *f. m.* (petit jeu.) *Playing for a trifle, a trifling play.* ♦ (Petit gain,) *small trifling gains.*

Grimeliner, *v. n.* *To play for a trifle.*

Grimeliner, *v. a.* & *n.* *To make some small gains or to stand upon trifles.*

Grimoire, *f. m.* *A conjuring book.*

Grimper, *v. n.* *To climb, to climb or clamber up, to swarm up.*

Grimpereau, *f. m.* *A wood-pecker.*

Grincement, *f. m.* *A grinding or gnashing of teeth.*

Grincer, *v. a.* *Ex.* *Grincer les dents, to grind or gnash the teeth.*

Gringotter, *v. a.* *To chatter, to warble as birds do.*

GRO

Gringuentaude, *f. f.* *Favite berry.*

Griotte, *subst. f.* *The black cherry.*

Grippé, ée, *adj.* *Gripped; &c.*

† Gripper, *v. a.* *To gripe, to catch, to lay hold of.*

Gris, ise, *adj.* *Gray or grey.*

* † *Etre gris ou un peu gris, (être à demi-ivre,) to be tipsy or a little flustered.* ♦ *Caïonnade grise, brown sugar.* ♦ *Lettre grise, a flourished letter.* * *Temps gris, cold, gloomy weather, raw weather.*

Gris, *f. m.* *Gray, gray colour.*

Être habillé de gris, to wear gray clothes. *Gris de fer, iron gray.* ♦ *Gris de lin, gridelin.* ♦ *Vert-de-gris, verdegrease.*

Grifaile, *f. f.* *Dawbing.*

Grifailler, *v. n.* *To dawb.*

Grisâtre, *adj.* *Grayish.*

Grifette, *f. f.* *An abigail; a girl or woman of the lower class.* *Une jolie grifette, a pretty plain girl.*

Grison, ône, *adj.* *Gray.* ♦ (Qui a des cheveux gris,) *gray-haired, hoary.*

Grison, *f. m.* *A gray-haired man.* † *Un grison, a grizzle, an ass.* * † (Espion,) *a spy.*

Grisonner, *v. n.* *To grow gray-haired or hoary, to begin to have gray hairs.*

Grive, *f. f.* *A thrush.*

Grivelé, ée, *adj.* *Dapple; speckled.*

Griveler, *v. a.* *To pill and poll, rob or cheat the publick.*

Grivelerie, *f. f.* (action de griveler.) *Extortion, pil-ling and polling, embezzle-ment, plunder.*

Griveleur, *f. m.* *Extortioner; robber, plunderer.*

Grivois, *f. m.* *A merry blade or companion, a rake.*

Grivoise, *f. f.* *A soldier's wench.*

Grogner, *v. n.* (il se dit du cri du cochon.) *To grun or grunt.* * † (ou Gron-der,) *to growl, to grumble or grunele.*

Grogneur, euse, *f. Grumbler,*

G R O

a grumbling man or woman.

Groin, *f. m.* (museau de cochon.) The snout of a hog.
 Il lui a donné sur le groin, he gave him a slap on the chops.

Grolle, *f. f.* A rook.

Grommeler, *v. n.* To grumble or mutter.

Gronde, *éc.* *adject.* Child, scolded at, scubbed, rattled.

Gronder, *v. n.* To grumble, mutter or grow. * L'orage gronde, the wind roars. Le tonnerre gronde, the thunder roars, makes a hollow noise or rumbles.

Gronder, *v. act.* (goutmander.) To chide, to scold at, to reprimand, to snub or rattle.

Gronderie, *f. f.* Scolding, chiding, reprimand.

Grondeur, *euse*, *adj.* (sâcheux.) Grumbling, peevish, morose.

Grondeur, *f. m.* Grondeuse, *f. f.* (qui murmure.) A grumbler. * (Qui aime à réprimander,) a scolding man. Grondeuse, (qui aime à crier,) a scold, a scolding woman, a shrew.

Gros, *offe*, *adj.* Big, great, huge. * Parler des grosses dents à quelqu'un, to rattle one. * Faire le gros dos, (s'enorgueillir,) to look big, to take state upon one. * Avoir le cœur gros de quelque injure, (en avoir du dépit,) to stomach an injury, to resent it. * Gros, (ou épais,) thick, coarse. Grosse viande, coarse meat, butcher's meat. Grosse soie, coarse or sticking silk. * Une femme grosse, (ou enceinte,) a woman big or great with child, a big-bellied woman. Grosse de trois mois, that has gone three months with child. Elle est grosse d'un tel, such a one has got her with child. Envie de femme grosse, a woman's longing. * Être gros de savoir, de dire, de faire quelque chose, (en avoir grande envie,) to long mightily to know, to

Tomé I.

G R O

say or do any thing, to be big with the desire of knowing, &c. to have a great longing or desire to know.

* Un gros animal, une grosse tête, un gros lourd, a block-head, a dunce, a dull-pated or awkward fellow. Ils se sont dit de grosses paroles, there passed some hard words betwixt them. * Gros temps, (en termes de mer,) stormy weather, foul weather. * La grosse faim, the edge of one's stomach. * Grosse ou grosse aventure, bottomry. Prendre de l'argent à la grosse, to take money on bottomry.

Gros, *f. m.* Ex. Le gros d'un arbre, the trunk or body of a tree. * Le gros d'une armée, the body of an army. Un gros de cavalerie, a body of horse. * Le gros du monde, the generality of men. * Le gros d'une affaire, the general, principal, main or chief points of a business. * Gros-de-Naples, (étouffe,) program. * Gros, (ou drachme,) a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.

Gros, *adv.* Ex. Il grêle fort gros, it hails very big. * Gros, (beaucoup,) much. * Vendre en gros, to sell by wholesale or by the great. * Je fais l'affaire en gros, I know the business in general. Il m'a dit la chose en gros, he told me the thing in general terms. * Il n'y a que deux personnes tout en gros, there are but two persons in all.

Groseille, *f. f.* Gooseberry. * Groseilles rouges, currants.

Groseillier, *f. m.* A gooseberry-tree; a currant-tree.

Grosse, *f. f.* (douze douzaines.) A gross or twelve dozen. * (Expédition en parchemin d'un acte public,) an engrossed copy of a public deed or instrument. * Grosse, 'tis the feminine of gros.

Grossesse, *f. f.* A great belly, the being with child, Ache-

G R O 257

ver sa grossesse, to go out her time.

Grossier, *f. f.* Bigness, size. * Grossier, (tumeur,) swelling.

Grossi, *ie*, *adj.* Grow bigger, &c. V. Grossir.

Grossier, *ere*, *adj.* (épais.) Coarse, thick. * (En parlant des ouvrages,) coarse, rough, homely, unwrought. * (Rude, mal - poli,) coarse, clownish, rustical, raw, unpolished, unpolite, rude. * Une erreur grossière, a gross or palpable mistake or error. * Marchand Grossier, a wholesale man.

Grossièrement, *adv.* Coarsely, grossly, in a coarse or gross manner; * clownishly.

Grossièreté, *f. f.* Coarseness; * rudeness, clownishness or clownery.

Grossir, *v. a.* To enlarge or swell, to make greater, thicker or bigger, to magnify, to increase.

Grossir, *v. n.* Se grossir, *v. r.* (croître en grossier.) To grow big or thick; * to swell; * to increase.

Grossoyé, *éc.* *adject.* Engrossed.

Grossoyer, *v. a.* To engross. Grotesque, *adject.* Comical, pleasant, apt to make one laugh, ridiculous. * Figures grotesques, ou grotesques, *f. f. plur.* Grotesques, grotesque-works.

Grotesquement, *adv.* Pleasantly, comically, ridiculously.

Grotte, *f. f.* Grotto, a cave.

† Grouillant, *ante*, *adj.* Stirring. * Tout grouillant de fourmis, crawling with ants.

† Grouiller, *v. n.* (remuer.) To turn or stir about. * La tête lui grouille, his head shakes again. * Grouiller de vers, de fourmis, to crawl with worms or ants.

Groupe, *subst. m.* (terme de Peinture & de Sculpture.) Group, a complication or knot of figures.

Groupé, *éc.* *adj.* Grouped.

Groupier, *v. a.* To group or

R

GRU

make a group, to make a complication of figures.
Gruau, *subst. m.* (farine d'avoine mondée.) *Oat-meal.*
 ♦ Bouillie de gruaau, *gruel, water-gruel.* ♦ (Pain bis,) *coarse or brown bread.* ♦ (Le petit de l'oiseau qu'on appelle grue,) *a young crane.*
Grue, *subst. f.* *A crane.* ♦ Un cou de grue, *a long neck.* ♦ Faire le pied de grue, *to dance attendance, to wait.* ♦ Une grue, (un sot, une dupe,) *a fool, a bubble.* Le monde n'est plus grue, *the world is cunning now-a-days.* ♦ Grue, (machine avec quoi on leve les fardeaux.) *A crane.*
Gruerie ou Grairie, *subst. f.* (juridiction du Gruyer.) *The court of the justice in eyre of the forest.*
Gruyer, *v. a.* *To crack or crunch;* ♦ *† to eat.*
Grumeau, *subst. m.* *Lump, clod or clot.* Grumeau de sang, *a clod of blood.* Grumeau de lait, *a lump of milk.*
Se grumeler, *verb. réc. To clod.*
Grumelleux, *euse, adj.* *Ragged or that feels rugged.*
Gruyer, *ere, adj.* *Eux. Faucon gruyer, a hawk made for the crane. Faisan gruyer, a pheasant like a crane.*
Gruyer, *f. m.* *A Chief forester or warden of a forest, a justice in eyre.*
Gruyere, *f. m.* *A sort of cheese.*
Gué, *f. m.* *A ford.* ♦ Passer la rivière à gué, *to ford the river.* ♦ Sonder le gué, (faire quelque tentative sous main dans une affaire,) *to sound a business, to see wheter a thing be feasible.*
Guéable, *adj.* *Fordable, that may be forded.*
Guede, *f. f.* (pastel.) *Wood, dyers wood.*
 † Guéder, *v. a.* (souler.) *To cram.*
Guéer, *v. a.* (passer à gué.) *To ford.* ♦ Guéer un cheval, *to wash a horse in a*

GUE

river. Guéer du linge, *to wash linen.*
Guenille, *subst. f.* *A rag or tatter.* Refaire ses guenilles, *to patch up one's old clothes.*
Guenillon, *f. m.* *Rag.*
 † Guenipe, *f. f.* *A slut;* ♦ *a crack, a wench of the town.*
Guenon, *subst. f.* *A she-ape or monkey.* * † Guenon, (laide femme,) *a homely pufs.*
 † Guenuche, *f. f.* *A young she-ape or monkey.*
Guêpe, *f. f.* *A wasp.*
 † Guerdon, *f. m.* *Reward.*
Guerdonné, *ée, adjct.* *Rewarded.*
 † Guerdonner, *v. a.* *To reward.*
Guere ou **Gueres**, *adv.* *But little, not much, not very, not long.* N'avoir guere d'argent, *to have but little money.* Il ne s'en faut guere, *it wants but little, it does not want much.* Je ne me porte guere bien, *I am not very well.* Il n'est guere savant, *he is not very learned.* Il ne demeurera guere à venir, *he will not be long a coming, it will not be long before he comes.* ♦ Il n'y a guere que les Rois qui puissent, &c. *there are few but Kings, there are none but Kings that may, &c.*
Guéret, *f. m.* *Fallow-ground.* ♦ Guérets, (en Poésie, toutes sortes de terres,) *Fields.*
Guéri, *ie, adj.* *Cured, healed, &c.* *V. Guérir.*
Guéridon, *f. m.* *A stand for a candlestick.*
Guérir, *v. a.* *To cure or heal.* * Guérir une passion, *to cure a passion, to reclaim one from it.* * Guérir d'une erreur ou d'une opinion, *to free one from an error, or rectify an opinion, to undeceive or disabuse.* * Guérir la douleur ou les ennuis de quelqu'un, *to cure, ease or soften one's grief.*
Guérir, *v. n.* *Se guérir, v. r.* *To be cured or healed, to heal;* ♦ *to mend, to recover*

GUE

one's health or only to recover.
Guérison, *f. f.* *Cure, recovery, healing.*
Guérissable, *adj.* *That may be cured or healed, curable.* Qui n'est pas guérissable, *incurable.*
Guérite, *f. f.* *A sentry-box;* ♦ *a lantern.*
Guerre, *subst. f.* *War.* ♦ La guerre, (l'art militaire,) *war or warfare.* Des gens de guerre, *Soldiers, military men.* ♦ Aller à la petite guerre, *to go upon a party, to go plundering about.* * Il est en guerre contre le beau sexe, *he is at war or at open defiance with all the fair sex.* * Il y a guerre perpétuelle entre les sens & la raison, *there's a continual war or conflict betwixt the senses and reason.* * Faire la guerre à ses passions, *to struggle with one's passions.* * Faire la guerre au vice, *to declare one's self an enemy to vice.* Les auteurs se font une guerre d'esprit, *Authors contend for wit.* * Faire la guerre à l'œil, *to take one's measures according to the emergency of affairs.* * Faire la guerre à quelqu'un d'une chose, (l'en railler,) *to tease, rally or banter one about a thing.* * De bonne guerre, *fairly, by fair play, upon the square.* ♦ Nom de guerre, (sobriquet,) *nickname.* ♦ Place de guerre, *a strong place or hold, a fortified town.*
Guerrier, *ere, adj.* *Warlike, martial.*
Guerrier, *ere, f.* *A warrior, a warlike man or woman, a martialist.*
 † Guerroyer, *v. n.* *To war, to make war.*
 † Guerroyeur, *f. m.* *Warrior.*
Guet, *f. m.* *Watch.* Avoir l'œil au guet, *to watch, to look about one, to look every way.* La maison du guet, *the round-house.*
Guet-à-pens, *f. m.* *Ambush or ambuscado, Deguet-à-pens,*

GUE

(expres,) on set purpose, wilfully. Meurtre commis de guet-à-pens, a wilful murder.
Guêtre, *f. f.* Spatterdash.
Guetter, *v. a.* To watch, to wait for, to dog.
Gueule, *f. f.* Mouth. * Avoir la gueule morte, to be down in the mouth. * † Il n'a que la gueule, he has nothing but talk. * † Gueule, (gourmandise,) belly, gluttony. * † Une femme trop forte en gueule, a woman that has an ill tongue. * Mots de gueule, (saletés,) bawdy expressions, bawdry. * Gueules, (en termes de Blason, c'est la couleur rouge,) gules, in Heraldry.
Gueulée, *subst. f.* Bawdy or smutty expressions, bawdry.
Gueuler, *v. n.* To bawl.
† Gueufaille, *f. f.* A company of beggars.
† Gueufailleur, *v. n.* To beg, to be a lazy beggar, to mump.
Gueufant, *ante, adj. Ex.* Un gueux gueufant, a street beggar, a mumper.
Gueule, *f. f.* A sow, a great lump of melted iron.
Gueuser, *v. n.* To beg, to mump.
Gueuserie, *f. f.* (indigence.) Beggary, poverty, misery. * (Chose vile,) sorry, pitiful stuff, trash.
Gueux, *euse, adj.* (indigent.) Beggarily, poor.
Gueux, *f. m.* Gueuse, *f. f.* A beggar, a poor man or woman. * Un gueux revêtu, a upstart, a beggar grown rich. * Gueuse, *whore, crack, strumpet.*
Gui, *f. m.* Misseldine, misseltoe or mistletoe, a sort of shrub growing on some trees; * the main boom of a sloop, &c.
Guichet, *f. m.* Wicket. * Armoire à six guichets, a cupboard with six doors.
Guichetier, *f. m.* A turnkey or door-keeper of a prison.
Guide, *f. m.* A guide or leader.

GUI

Guide, *f. f.* (longue rêne,) a rein.
Guidé, *ée, adj.* Guided, led, conducted.
Guider, *v. a.* To guide, bring, lead or conduct.
Guidon, *subst. m.* (drapeau d'une compagnie de Gardarmes.) Guidon, the standard of a company of Gardarmes; * the broad pendant. * (Officier qui porte le guidon,) a Guidon the standard-bearer of such a company. * (Bouton qui est au bout d'une arme à feu,) the fight of a gun.
Guigne, *f. f.* The black hard cherry.
Guigner, *v. a. & n.* To leer, to peep or peep at, to steer or blink. * † Guigner une charge, * to have an eye or design upon a place, to have it in one's eye.
Guignier, *f. m.* The black hard cherry-tree.
† Guignon, *subst. masc.* Ill luck.
Guilée, *f. f.* A shower. *Ex.* Une petite guilée, a small shower.
Guilledin, *f. m.* An english gelding or nag.
Guilledou, *f. m.* (courir le guilledou.) To haunt bawdy-houses or stews, to whore.
Guillemetis, *f. m. pl.* Commas, turned in a margin, to shew that the thing said is of another author.
Guimative, *f. f.* A sort of mallows.
Guimpe, *f. f.* A neck-handkerchief, a stomacher.
Guindage, *f. m.* A hoisting up. * Guindage d'un vaisseau, the unloading of a ship. * Guindage d'un vaisseau, the loading of a ship.
Guindant d'un pavillon, *f. m.* Hoist of a flag.
Guindé, *ée, adj.* Hoisted, hoisted up. * Guindé, (affecté,) flatched, affected, overstrained. * Style guindé, a high strain of speech, fustian or bombastick style.
Guinder, *v. a.* To hoist or hoist up. * (En parlant de l'esprit ou des choses d'es-

GYP 259

prit,) to strain high or too high, to over-strain.
Se guinder, *v. r.* To soar up.
Guindereffe, *f. f.* (forte de cordage.) Top-rope.
† Guingois, *f. m.* Wriners, crookedness, overthwartness. * Il y a un guingois dans son esprit, he is a cross-grained man.
De guingois, *adv.* All awry, crookedly, overthwartly, crossly. * Marcher tout de guingois, to skue or walk skuing, to waddle; † to go fiddle-fiddle.
Guinguette, *f. f.* (petit cabaret des environs de Paris.) A publick house, a house of entertainment.
Guipon, *f. m.* Mop.
Guipure, *f. f.* Guim or vel-lumace.
Guirlande, *f. f.* Garland. * Guirlandes, (terme de construction,) Breast-hooks or fore-hooks. * Guirlande, (terme d'Amarrage,) a seizing snaked.
Guise, *f. f.* (maniere.) Way. * (Fantaisie,) humour, way, fancy.
En guise, *adv.* (à la façon.) Like.
Guitare, *f. f.* A guitar, a musical instrument.
Gulpes, *f. m. pl.* (terme de Blason.) Golphes in Heraldry.
Guses, *f. f. pl.* Guses in Heraldry.
Guttural, *ale, adj.* Guttural. *Ex.* Une lettre gutturale. A guttural letter, a letter pronounced in the throat.
Gymnase, *f. m.* Gymnasium.
Gymnastique, *f. f.* Gymnastics.
Gymnastique, *adj.* (qui regarde les exercices du corps.) Gymnastick.
Gymnosophiste, *f. m.* Gymnosophist, an Indian Philosopher that used to go naked.
Gynécocratie, *f. f.* (État où les femmes gouvernent.) Gynecocracy.
Gypse, *f. m.* (plâtre.) Gypse or parget.
Gypseux, *euse, adj.* (de la nature du gypse.) Stony, chalky.

H

R. To the end you may know where H is to be aspirated, and where mute, we have marked the first with that note before it.

Ha ! *interj.* Oh ! ha ! Ha ! je te tiens, fripon, now I hold thee fast, you rogue.

Habile, *adj.* (proprie.) Fit, able. ♦ (Alerte, prompt,) nimble, active, quick. ♦ (Capable, adroit,) clever, skillful, ingenious, learned.

Habilement, *adv.* Cunningly, ingeniously, cleverly ; ♦ nimbly, quickly.

Habileté, *subst. f.* Ability, address, cunning ; ♦ Ability, art, skill, ingenuity, parts.

Habileté, *ée*, *adj.* Capacitated.

Habiller, *v. a.* To capacitate, enable, qualify.

Habillé, *ée*, *adj.* (qui a mis ses habits.) Dressed. ♦ (Vêtu,) clad or clothed.

Habillement, *f. m.* Clothes, clothing, raiment, garb, attire. ♦ Habillement de tête, (casque,) a head-piece.

Habiller, *v. a.* (vêtir.) To clothe. ♦ (Mettre un habit à quelqu'un,) to dress one, to put on his clothes. ♦ (Faire un habit à quelqu'un, to work or make clothes for one. ♦ (donner les habits nécessaires,) to clothe or find clothes. ♦ Cette étoffe habille bien, that stuff fits one very well. ♦ Habiller du chanvre, to dress or hatchel hemp. ♦ Habiller la volaille, to draw fowls. ♦ Habiller un veau, to skin or flay a calf. * Souvent j'habille en vers une prose maligne, I often make a biting piece of prose into verses.

S'habiller, *v. r.* To dress one's self or put on one's clothes ; ♦ to clothe one's self, to get one's clothes. ♦ S'habiller bien, to dress to the best advantage.

Habit, *f. m.* Suit, clothes or a suit of clothes ; ♦ habit, garb, dress, attire, garment or weeds. * Prendre l'habit, (se faire Moine ou Religieux,) to take the Religious habit, to go into a Monastery. Prov. L'habit ne fait pas le Moine. P. A tatter'd cloke may cover a good drinker ; men are not to be judged of by outward appearance.

Habitable, *adj.* Habitable or inhabitable, which may be inhabited. ♦ La terre habitable, the land of the living, the world.

Habitacle, *f. m.* (terme de mer.) Bittacle. ♦ (Habitation ou demeure,) abode, habitation or dwelling.

Habitant, *ante*, *adj.* Inhabiting, living, dwelling. Un habitant, inhabitant, dweller.

Habitation, *f. f.* (demeure.) Habitation, abode, house, dwelling or dwelling-place, lodging. ♦ (Établissement dans un pays éloigné,) plantation. ♦ Avoir habitation avec une femme, to cohabit with a woman.

Habité, *ée*, *adj.* Inhabited.

Habiter, *v. a. & n.* To habit, to live or dwell in. ♦ Habiter avec une femme, to habit with a woman.

Habitude, *f. f.* (Coutume.) Habit, use, custom. ♦ (Complexion,) the habit, temper or constitution of the body. ♦ Habitude, (connoissance,) acquaintance, fellowship, correspondance, commerce, society.

Habitué, *ée*, *adj.* Used, accustomed, &c. ♦ (Établi,) habituated, settled.

Habitué, *f. m.* ou un Prêtre habitué, a Priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him.

Habituel, *elle*, *adj.* Habitual. Habituellement, *adv.* Habitually, by habit.

Habituer, *v. a.* To use or accustom or inure.

S'habituer, *v. réc.* To use or accustom one's self, to get

au habit. ♦ S'habituer en quelque lieu, to habituate, to settle or settle one's self in a place.

Habler, *v. n.* To romance, to tell lies or stories.

Hablerie, *f. f.* Romancing, lies.

Hableur, *f. m.* Hableuse, *f. f.* A romancer, a liar.

Hache, *f. f.* An axe or hatchet. Hache d'armes, battle axe. * † Avoir un coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained.

Haché, *ée*, *adj.* Minced, &c.

Hacher, *v. a.* To mince. ♦ (Avec la plume, le crayon, le burin,) to hatch. ♦ (Couper,) to hack and hew, to cut.

Hachis, *f. m.* Minced meat, a dish of minced-meat, a hash.

Hachoir, *f. m.* A chopping board.

Hachure, *f. f.* Hatching.

Hagard, *arde*, *adj.* Fierce, wild or haggard. * Un esprit hagard, a wild, savage, unsociable man. ♦ Faucon hagard, a haggard hawk.

Hai, *ie*, *adj.* (from hair.) Hated, odious. ♦ Digne d'être hai, hateful.

Haie, *f. f.* Hedge. Se mettre, se ranger, être en haie, to line the street, to make a lane.

Haillon, *f. m.* Rag, tatter, tattered clothes. J'ai vu le temps qu'il n'avait que des haillons, I remember him when he was all in tatters.

Haine, *f. f.* (mauvaise volonté.) Hatred, grudge, spleen, ill-will, spite. ♦ (Aversion,) Hatred, aversion. ♦ Avoir de la haine pour, ou avoir en haine, (hair,) to hate.

En haine, *adv.* Out of spite.

Haineux, *euse*, *adj.* Full of hatred, malicious.

Hair, *v. a.* To hate, to have a spite or ill-will against one. Se faire hair de tout le monde, to be hated of all the world, to make one's self hated by every body.

Hair, (détester,) to hate,

HAI

- To abhor, to detest, not to be able to endure.
- **Haïre**, *f. f.* Hair-cloth or a hair-shirt, a penitential shirt.
- **Haïssable**, *adj.* (from hair.) Hateful, odious, that deserves to be hated.
- **Halage**, *subst. m.* (action de touer un vaisseau.) Towing, towing, drawing of a ship.
- **Halbran**, *f. m.* A young wild duck.
- **Hâle**, *f. m.* Drying wind or weather. Il fait un grand hâle ou le hâle est fort grand, it is extreme hot weather. Elle ne fort point à cause du hâle, she does not stir out for fear of being sunburnt.
- **Hâlê**, *éc. adj.* Tanned; sunburnt, of a swarthy or tawny complexion.
- **Halebas**, *f. m.* (calebas ou carguebas des voiles d'étai.) The down hall of a stay-sail.
- **Haleïne**, *f. f.* Breath. Courte haleïne, shortness of breath, asthma. Courir à perte d'haleïne, to run one's self out of breath. * Tout d'une haleïne, of a stretch, at one bout, without intermission. * Faire ou tenir des discours à perte d'haleïne, to make long-winded or tedious speeches. * Haleïne de vent, a breath of wind, a gentle gale, a breeze. * Oppression d'haleïne, a stoppage, such as hinders the respiration. * Ouvrage de longue haleïne, a long-winded piece of work. * Tenir en haleïne, to keep in exercise or in use; also to keep in play or as a toy.
- **Halénée**, *f. f.* Breath, breathing. Jeter une halénée de vin à quelqu'un, to breathe upon one a strong smell of wine.
- **Halener**, *verb. ad.* (sentir l'haleïne de quelqu'un.) To smell one's breath. * † Halener quelqu'un, (découvrir ce qu'il a dans l'ame,) to smell one, to discover or find out his weak side.

HAL

- **Hâler**, *v. ad.* To tan, to make tawny or of a swarthy complexion.
- Se hâler, *verb. réc.* To be sunburnt.
- **Haler**, *v. a.* (tirer un bateau.) To tow or hale. * Haler, (terme de Marine,) to haul or haul. Haler un bâtiment, to strack or tow a ship. * Se haler dans le vent, to haul the wind. * Haler (ou exciter) des chiens après quelqu'un, to set dogs at one, upon one or on one.
- **Halerant**, *ante. adj.* Out of breath, panting.
- **Haleter**, *v. n.* To pant, to fetch one's breath short and fast, to breathe short.
- **Halle**, *f. f.* A hall, a market-hall. * Le langage des halles, Billingsgate rhetoric.
- **Hallebarde**, *f. f.* Halberd or halbard.
- **Hallebardier**, *f. m.* An halberdier.
- **Hallebreds**, *f. m. & f.* A lubberly fellow, a very-pundle.
- **Hallier**, *f. m.* A thicket, a thick bush.
- **Halte**, *f. f.* Halt. † Halte-là, hold, stop, no more of that.
- **Hamac**, *f. m.* A hammock. Hamac à l'Angloise, a cot.
- **Hameau**, *f. m.* Hamlet.
- **Hameçon**, *f. m.* Hook, a fish-hook.
- **Hampe**, *f. f.* The staff or shaft of a halberd or javelin.
- † **Hanap**, *subst. m.* A sort of drinking cup, a bowl.
- **Hanche**, *subst. f.* The haunch or hip. * Hanches d'un vaisseau, the quarter of a ship.
- **Hangar**, *f. m.* A cart-house or coach-house.
- **Hanneton**, *f. m.* A may-bug.
- **Hanse**, *f. f.* Ex. La hanse Teutonick, the Teutonick hans.
- **Hanſſatique**, *f. f.* Anſſématique.
- **Hanſſiere**, *f. f.* A halser or hawser.
- **Hanté**, *éc. adj.* Haunted, frequented, &c.

HAR

26

- **Hantez**, *verb. ad. & n.* To haunt or to frequent, to converse or keep company with. Hanter un lieu, to haunt or frequent a place, to go or resort often to it.
- † **Hantise**, *f. f.* The keeping company; fellowship, society.
- **Happelourde**, *subst. f.* A false stone or counterfeit jewel. * † Happelourde, (un ſot qui a un bel extérieur,) an empty ſop, a filthy fellow.
- **Happé**, *éc. adj.* Snapt.
- † **Happer**, *v. a.* To snap.
- **Haquenée**, *f. f.* Pacing horse or mare; an ambling nag or pad, a pad. * La haquenée que le Roi d'Espagne présente tous les ans au Pape, a Spanish genet which the King of Spain presents yearly to the Pope. * La haquenée du gobelet, a sumpter horse or mare, that carries provisions for the King upon a progress. * Haquenée des Cordeliers, (un bâton,) a stick or staff. * † Il est venu fur la haquenée des Cordeliers, he trudged it or he came on foot.
- **Haquet**, *f. m.* A dray, an open cart.
- **Harangue**, *f. f.* Speech, oration, harangue. * † Harangue, (discours ennuyeux,) a long tedious speech or story, preaching.
- **Harangue**, *éc. adj.* Harangued, &c.
- **Haranguer**, *v. ad. & n.* To harangue, to make a speech. * † Haranguer, (faire des remontrances,) to preach.
- † **Harangueur**, *subst. m.* A speech-maker.
- **Haras**, *f. m.* A stud, a race or breed of horses.
- **Harassé**, *éc. adj.* Harassed; tired, fatigued.
- **Harasser**, *v. ad.* To harass, tire or fatigue.
- **Harcelé**, *éc. adj.* Tired, &c.
- **Harceler**, *v. ad.* To tire or harass; * to tease, provoke or vex.
- **Harde**, *f. f.* A herd of fellow deer.
- **Hardès**, *f. f. pl.* Clothes.

- goods, things. ♣ Il y a de belles hardes dans cette maison, there is very fine furniture in that house.
- » Hardi, ie, adj. (courageux.) Bold, courageous, daring, stout. ♣ (Insolent,) bold; confident, impudent. * (Noble, élevé,) bold, noble, high, elevated.
- » Hardiesse, f. f. Boldness, confidence, courage, assurance, daringness; ♣ boldness, confidence, assurance, impudence. ♣ J'ai pris la hardiesse de vous écrire, I make bold to write to you.
- * Hardiesse (ou noblesse) d'un dessein, the boldness or nobleness of a design.
- » Hardiment, adv. Boldly, stoutly, courageously, confidently; ♣ boldly, plainly, roundly, freely.
- » Hareng, f. m. A herring.
- » Harengaison, f. f. The herring-season.
- » Harengère, f. f. A fish-woman or one that sells fish; ♣ a Billingsgate, a scold.
- » Hargneux, euse, adj. Peevish, morose, cross.
- » Haricot, f. m. A sort of french ragoo, haricot. ♣ Des haricots ou fèves de haricot, french beans.
- » Haridolle, f. f. A jade, a tit, a sorry horse or mare.
- » Harmonie, f. f. Harmony, concert or agreement of sounds.
- » Harmonieusement, adv. Harmoniously.
- » Harmonieux, euse, adj. Harmonious, melodious.
- » Harnaché, ée, adj. Harnessed.
- » Harnacher, v. a. (mettre le harnois.) To harness.
- » Harnois, f. m. Harness, horse-trapping. † (Armure d'un homme d'armes,) harness, armour. * † Il s'échauffe dans son harnois, (il s'empporte,) he falls into a passion.
- » Haro, f. m. A hue and cry. Crier haro sur quelqu'un, to make a hue and cry after one.
- » Harpe, subst. fém. A harp.
- * Harpe, (pierre d'attente,) a toothing.

- » Harpeau, f. m. (grapin.) A grappling iron.
- † » Harper, v. a. To grip or grapple.
- » Harpie, f. f. Harpy. * Harpie, (méchante femme, criarde,) a scold, a shrew.
- » Harpon, f. m. A harping-iron, harpoon. ♣ (ou Scie de travers,) a two-hand saw.
- » Harponner, v. a. To grapple, to strike with a harping-iron, to harpoon.
- » Harponneur, f. m. Harpooner.
- » Hart, f. f. A band of a fagot. ♣ (Corde dont on pend les criminels,) rope, halter.
- » Hasard, f. m. (fort.) Chance, fortune. Jeux de hasard, games of chance. ♣ Il prit les armes que le hasard lui présentait, he took such weapons as were next at hand.
- ♣ Hasard, (péril,) hazard, peril, danger. S'exposer, mettre sa vie au hasard, to venture one's life. Au hasard de passer pour téméraire, though I should be counted a rash man for it.
- » Par hasard, adv. By chance.
- » A tout hasard, adv. Let the worst come to the worst.
- » Hasardé, ée, adj. Ventured, hazarded. ♣ Viande un peu hasardée, meat a little touched, a little tainted. * Un mot hasardé, une expression hasardée, a bold expression.
- » Hasarder, v. a. To venture, to hazard, to run the hazard, to lay at stake.
- » Se hasarder, v. r. To venture.
- » Hasardeusement, adv. Hasardously.
- » Hasardeux, euse, adj. Venturous, bold. ♣ (Dangereux,) dangerous, hazardous, perillous.
- » Hase, f. f. A doe-hare or doe-coney.
- » Hâst, f. m. Ex. Arme d'hast, hast.
- » Hâte, f. f. Haste, speed, expedition. Avoir hâte, to be in haste.
- » Hâter, v. a. To hasten or quicken, to press or push on.
- ♣ Hâter le pas, to speed

- one's pace, to go fast or make haste. ♣ Hâter, (avancer,) to hasten or forward.
- » Se hâter, v. r. To haste, to make haste. Se hâter de faire son coup, to hasten the execution of one's design.
- » Hâteur, f. m. The overseer of the roast meat in the King's household.
- » Hâtier, f. m. A rack to turn the spit on.
- » Hâtif, ive, adj. Hasty, forward, untimely. Fruits hâtifs, hasty, forward fruits, hastings. * Esprit hâtif, a forward wit.
- » Hâtiveau, f. m. A sort of forward or hasty pear.
- » Hâtivement, adv. Before the season.
- » Hâtiveté, f. f. Forwardness.
- » Haubans, subst. m. pl. The shrouds of the mast of a ship. Faux haubans ou haubans de fortune, preventer-shrouds or swiflers.
- » Haubergeon, f. m. Habergeon or small coat of mail.
- » Haubert, f. m. Coat of mail. Fief de haubert, a tenure by knight's service, an inheritance whose owner is bound to serve on horseback in complete armour.
- » Have, adj. (maigre, pâle.) Pale, wan.
- » Havi, ie, adj. Burnt.
- » Haver, v. n. Ex. Le trop grand feu fait haver la viande, too great a fire burns the meat.
- » Havre, f. m. Harbour, haven, sea-port.
- » Havre-sac, f. m. A soldier's knap-sack.
- » Hausse, f. f. (terme de Cordonnier.) The piece of leather that underlays the shoe. ♣ Hausses des flâques d'assit, lower part of the sides or cheeks of a gun-carriage.
- » Haussé, ée, adj. Raised, lifted up, &c.
- » Hausse-col, f. m. A neck-piece or a gorget.
- » Haussier, v. a. To raise, to lift or heave up. * † Hausser le coude, hauser le temps, to drink hard. *

H A U

Hauffer, (augmenter,) *to raise, increase, heighten or enhance.* Hauffer un soulier, (y mettre une hausse,) *to underlay a shoe.* ♦ Hauffer les épaules, *to shrug up one's shoulders.*

Se hauffer, *v. r.* *To stand a tip-toe, to stand upon one's toes.* ♦ **Se hauffer**, (en parlant du temps,) *to clear up.*

♦ **Hauffer**, *v. n. Ex.* Cela hauffer trop, *that's too high.* La rivière a bien hauffé, *the river is swelled very high.* Le prix du blé a hauffé, *the price of corn is risen.*

♦ **Hauffere**, *f. f.* *A hawser.*

♦ **Haut**, haute, *adj.* (élevé.) *High, tall.* ♦ (Profond,) *high, deep.* ♦ La marée est haute, *the high water.* ♦ La haute (ou pleine) mer, *the high sea, the main.* ♦ Hautes marées, *spring-tides.*

♦ Le haut bout, *the upper end.* ♦ Tenir la bride haute à quelqu'un, *to keep one short, to keep a strict hand over him.* ♦ Haut, (éclatant, en parlant des sons,) *high.*

♦ La Chambre haute, (du Parlement d'Angleterre,) *the upper House, the House of Lords.* ♦ Haut, (en parlant des Pays,) *high.*

♦ **Haut**, (*super.*) *high, great, excellent, eminent, sublime, lofty.* ♦ Chien de haut nez, *a well scented dog.* ♦ Être haut en couleur, *to have a great colour.*

♦ Tapissérie de haute-lice, *a suit of tapestry hangings.* ♦ Haut à la main, (prompt,) *hasty, with whom there is but a word and a blow.*

♦ Le haut-mal, *the falling sickness.* ♦ Vaisseau de haut bord, *a man of war.*

♦ **Haut**, *f. m.* (élévation.) *Height, elevation.* ♦ (Sommet,) *height, top.* ♦ Tomber de son haut, *to be in a maze, to be much surprized.*

♦ Un mur de cent pieds de haut, *a wall a hundred feet high.* ♦ Il y a du haut & du bas dans la vie, *there are ups and downs in our life.* ♦

H A U

Les hauts & les bas d'un vaisseau, *the parts of a ship which are above and below deck.*

♦ **Haut**, *adv. High.* ♦ Parler haut, *to speak big.* ♦ La dépense monte haut, *the expenses come to a great deal of money.* ♦ † Faire haut le pied, *to run away, to betake one's self to one's heels.*

♦ Haut le moufquet! *weigh the musket!* ♦ En haut, *up, above.* Par haut, *upwards.* ♦ Traiter quelqu'un de haut en bas, *to use one with contempt.* De plus haut, *higher.* ♦ Un dévoiement par haut & par bas, *a voiding upwards and downwards, a vomiting and looseness.*

♦ **Hautain**, aine, *adj.* *Proud, high-flown, haughty, stately.*

♦ **Hautainement**, *adv.* *Haughtily, proudly.*

♦ **Haute-contre**, *f. fém.* *The counter-tenor in musick.* ♦ (celui qui chante la haute-contre,) *he that sings the counter-tenor.*

♦ **Haut-de-chauffe**, *subst. m.* *Hose, breeches.*

♦ **Haute-lutte**, *f. f. Ex.* *Emporter quelque chose de haute-lutte, to carry a thing by main force or with a high hand.*

♦ **Hautement**, *adv.* (*hardiment.*) *Boldly, plainly, openly.* ♦ (Résolument,) *bravely, stoutly.* ♦ (Avec vigueur,) *with open force, briskly, vigorously.*

♦ **Hautesse**, *f. f.* *Highness or loftiness.* ♦ Sa Hautesse, (le Grand-Seigneur,) *his loftiness or highness, the Grand Signior.*

♦ **Hauteur**, *f. f.* *Height.* ♦ (Éminence,) *a hill or rising ground.* ♦ Hauteur du pôle, *the height or elevation of the pole, the latitude.* ♦ Être à la hauteur d'une île, d'une ville, &c. *to be off an island or a town.* ♦ Prendre hauteur, *to make an observation of the sun's altitude at noon.*

♦ **Hauteur**, (*profondeur.*) *depth.* ♦ (Fermeté,) *boldness, assurance, confidence.*

H E L 263

* (Force, autorité,) *open or main force, authority.* ♦ (Orgueil,) *pride, haughtiness, loftiness, stateliness.*

♦ (Mépris,) *scorn, pride, contempt.* ♦ (Excellence, perfection,) *height, greatness, perfection, excellency, sublimity.*

♦ Une statue qui a vingt pieds de hauteur, *a statue twenty feet high.*

♦ Un portrait du Roi de la hauteur, *a picture of the King drawn in full length.*

♦ Hauteur de bataillon, *the depth of a battalion.* ♦ Elle se moque de la hauteur de leurs spéculations, *she laughs at their high speculations.*

♦ **Hauturier**, *f. m. ou adj. Ex.* Pilote hauturier, *a pilot that understands the use of the astrolabe.*

♦ **Hé**, (*interjection.*) *Eh! hoc! O! alas!*

♦ **Heaume**, *f. m.* (*casque.*) *Helm or helmet.*

♦ **Hebdomadaire**, *adj. Ex.* Nouvelles hebdomadaires, *weekly news.*

♦ **Hébergé**, *é, adj.* *Lodged, harboured.*

† **Héberger**, *v. act.* *To lodge, to harbour.*

♦ **Hébété**, *é, adj.* *Befotted, grown dull or heavy.* Un hébété, *a dunce, a blockhead.*

♦ **Hébéter**, *v. act.* *To besot, to dull, to make dull or heavy.*

♦ **Hébraïque**, *adj.* *Hebrew.* La langue hébraïque, (*l'hébreu,*) *the hebrew tongue.*

♦ **Hébraïsme**, *subst. m.* *An hebraism.*

♦ **Hébreu**, *adj.* (*Juif.*) *Hebrew.* Le peuple hébreu, *the hebrews, the jews.* L'hébreu, *the hebrew or the hebrew tongue.*

♦ **Hécatombe**, *f. f.* *An hecatomb.*

♦ **Hégire**, *f. f.* (*l'époque des Turcs.*) *Higira.*

♦ **Hélas**, *interj.* *Alas.* ♦ Un hélas bien passionné, *a very pathetic alas.*

♦ **Héler** un vaisseau, *v. a.* *To hail a ship.*

♦ **Hélingue** ou **Elingue**, *f. fém.* (*terme de Corderie.*) *Sirope, in a rope-yard.*

264 HEL

Héliotrope, *f. m.* *A turn-sol.*
Hellébore, *V. Ellébore.*
Hem, (interjection pour appeler.) *Hem.*
Hémérocale, *f. f.* *A day-lily.*
Hémicycle, *f. m.* *Hemicycle or half-circle.*
Hémisphère, *f. m.* *An hemisphere.*
Hémistich, *f. m.* *Hemistich or half-verse.*
Hémorragie, *f. f.* *Hemorrhagy, a bleeding, a bloody-flux.*
Hémorroïdal, *ale, adj.* *veine hémorroïdale, hemorrhoidal vein.*
Hémorroïdes, *f. f. pl.* *The emroids or piles.*
Hémorroïsse, *f. f.* (il ne se dit que de la femme guérie par J. C.) *A woman troubled with the bloody-flux.*
Hennir, *v. n.* *To neigh.*
Hennissement, *f. m.* *Neighing.*
Hépatique, *adj.* *Hepatical or hepatic, belonging to the liver.*
Hépatique, *f. f.* *Liver-wort.*
Héraldique, *adj.* *la science ou l'art héraldique, (ou du blason.) Heraldry or the art of blazoning.*
Héraut, *f. m.* *An Herald.*
Herbage, *f. m.* *Grass, pasture, herbage.* ♣ (Pré, pâture,) *pasture or pasture-ground.*
Herbe, *f. f.* *Grass, herb.* ♣ Mauvaises herbes, *herbes sauvages, weeds.* ♣ Ce cheval aura quatre ans aux herbes, *that horse will be four years old in the spring.* * † Manger son blé en herbe, *to spend one's revenue before it comes in.* * † Couper l'herbe sous les pieds à quelqu'un, *to trip up one's heels, to supplant him.* * † Il a marché sur quelque mauvaise herbe, *he has pift upon a nettle.*
Herbette, *f. f.* *Grass.*
Héribere, *subst. fém.* *An herb-woman.*
Herboriser, *verb. n.* *To go a-sampling, to go about gathering of physical herbs.*
Herboriste, *f. m.* *An herbalist or botanist.*

HER

Herbu, *ue, adj.* *Grassy, full of grass.*
Here, *f. m.* *un pauvre here, a sorry fellow, a wretch.*
Héréditaire, *adj.* *Hereditary, of inheritance.*
Héréditairement, *adv.* *Hereditarily, by inheritance or succession.*
Hérédité, *f. f.* *Inheritance, succession, heirship.*
Héréfiarque, *f. m.* *An heresiarch, an arch-heretic, a broacher of an heresy.*
Hérésie, *f. f.* *Heresy.*
Hérétique, *adj.* *Heretical. Un hérétique, an heretic.*
Hérissé, *ée, adj.* *Whose hair or bristles stand up on end; bristling.* ♣ Cheval hérissé ou qui a le poil hérissé, *a rough-coated horse.* * Un pédant hérissé de grec & de latin, *a pedant bristling with greek and latin.* * Un bataillon hérissé de piques, *a battalion bristling or thick set with pikes.* * Un port hérissé de mâts de navires, *a port thick set with ship-masts or that looks like a wood.*
Hériffer, *v. n.* *se hériffer, v. r. To stand on end, to stare.*
Hériffon, *f. m.* *A hedge-hog; ♣ a drainer; ♣ a turning bar with iron spikes; ♣ a canting wheel.*
Héritage, *f. m.* *Inheritance or heritage.* ♣ (Patrimoine,) *patrimony, estate.* ♣ (Fonds de terre,) *a piece of ground.*
Hérité, *ée, adj.* *Inherited.*
Hériter, *v. a. & n.* *To inherit, to get by inheritance or succession, to be one's heir.*
Héritier, *f. m.* *Heir or inheritor.*
Héritière, *f. f.* *Heiress or inheritrix; ♣ an heiress or fortune.*
Hermaphrodite, *f. m.* *Hermaphrodite, one of both sexes, man and woman.*
Hermaphrodite, *adj.* *Hermaphrodite.*
Hermétique, *adj. Ex.* *La science hermétique, (la chimie,) the hermetical science; chymistry.*
Hermétiquement, *adv.* *Hermetically,*

HET

Hémine, *f. f.* *An ermine.*
Herminé, *ée, adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Ermind.*
Herminette, *f. f.* (outil.) *Ad.*
Hermitage, *f. m.* *Hermitage, * (Solitude,) solitude, desert.*
Hermite, *f. m.* *Hermit, anchor.*
Hernie, *f. f.* *Hernia, rupture, broken belly.*
Héroïne, *f. f.* *An heroin, an heroic woman.*
Héroïque, *adj.* *Heroick or heroic.*
Héroïque, *f. m.* (le sublime.) *The sublime, the lofty or heroic style.*
Héroïquement, *adv.* *Heroically.*
Héroïsme, *f. m.* *Heroism.*
Héron, *f. m.* *Hera or heron.*
Héronneau, *f. m.* *A young heron.*
Héronnière, *subst. fém.* *A hernshaw.*
Héronnière, *adj. Ex.* *Peau ou cuisse héronnière, a rugged skin or thigh.*
Héros, *subst. m.* *An hero or heroe.*
Herpes, *f. f. plur.* *herpes d'éperon ou lisses de herpes, the rails of the head.*
Herse, *f. f.* *Port-cullis.* ♣ (Espèce de bateau,) *a harrow.* ♣ Herfes, *iron-crinkles or chimbles.*
Herseau, *f. m.* *A cringle in the bolt-rope of a sail.*
Herlé, *ée, adj.* *Harrowed.*
Herler, *v. a.* *To harrow.*
Herleur, *f. m.* *Harrower.*
Hésitation, *f. f.* *Hesitation, hesitancy.*
Hésiter, *verb. n.* *To hesitate, stammer or to hum and haw, to faulter, to be at a stand, to stop; ♣ to waver, to be in suspense or in a quandary; to demur, to stick in the briers, to be at a stand or stay. Sans hésiter, readily, freely, without any more ado.*
Hétéroclite, *adj.* (terme de Grammaire.) *Heteroclitie, irregular.* * Etre un peu hétéroclite dans ses manieres, *to be a little singular in one's way of living.*

HET

Hétérodoxe, *adj.* *Heterodox.*
Hétérogène, *adj.* *Heterogeneous*, of another kind, nature or quality.

Hétérosciens, *f. m. pl.* *Heterosceans*, a term used in Geography.

» Hêtre, *subst. m.* *Beech*, the beech-tree.

» Heu, *f. m.* *A hoy*, a dutch ship.

‡ Heur, *f. m.* *Luck*, happiness, good fortune.

Heure, *subst. f.* *Hour*. Quelle heure est-il? what's a clock? Il est sept heures, it is seven o' clock of the clock. ♦ Heure, (temps,) hour, time. A quelle heure serez-vous là? at what hour or time will you be there? ♦ L'heure du berger, (auprès d'une maîtresse,) the critical minute, the happy moment, the happy minute, the yielding minute. * Dernière heure, heure dernière, (la mort,) last hour, dying hour.

A cette heure, *adv.* *At this hour or time*, at this present time, at present now. ♦ Tout à l'heure, tout à cette heure, forthwith, by and by, presently, just now, in a moment. D'heure en heure, hourly, every hour. ♦ A l'heure même, at that very instant. ♦ Sur l'heure, sur l'heure même, forthwith, instantaneously, immediately. ♦ Il est de bonne heure, it is betimes, it is not late. De bonne heure, betimes. A l'heure qu'il falloit, in the very nick of time. De meilleure heure, sooner or earlier. De trop bonne heure, too soon, too early. Se retirer à l'heure indue ou à des heures indues, to keep unseasonable or bad hours. ♦ A la bonne heure, in good time, well and good, in God's name, in the name of God. S'en est-il allé? à la bonne heure. Is he gone? God speed him well. ♦ S'il est riche, à la bonne heure, if he be rich, I am glad on't. ♦ Sa femme est accouchée d'un fils, à

HEU

la bonne heure, his wife is brought to bed of a son, I wish him joy for it or much good may it do him. ♦ A la bonne heure, in a good hour or time, fortunately.

‡ A la malheure, (malheureusement,) unluckily, unfortunately. ♦ Citer un Auteur à toute heure, to quote an Author at every turn.

Heures, *f. f. pl.* (livre de prières.) *A primer.*

Heureusement, *adv.* *Happily*, luckily, fortunately; ♦ by good luck, chance or fortune. ♦ Il est arrivé heureusement, he is come home safe. ♦ Tout lui réussit heureusement, every thing succeeds or prospers with him. ♦ Il imagine heureusement les choses, he has a happy fancy. ♦ Rimer heureusement, to be happy in one's rhimes.

Heureux, *euse, adj.* *Happy*, blessed, lucky or fortunate.

♦ Vivre heureux & content, to live happily and contentedly. ♦ La Reine Marie d'heureuse mémoire, Queen Mary of blessed memory.

» Heurt, *f. m.* *Knock*, a knocking or dashing one against another.

» Heurté, *ée, adj.* *Knocked*, &c. *V. the verb.*

» Heurter, *v. a. & n.* *To knock*, hit, dash or run against. Les boucs heurtent de leurs têtes l'un contre l'autre, the goats run full butt with their heads one against another or the goats butt at one another. * Cela heurte le sens commun, that's contrary to common sense, that clashes with or shocks reason. * Vous ne sauriez faire cela sans heurter beaucoup de gens, you can never do that without offending or disobliging a great many. ♦ Heurter, (frapper à la porte,) to knock at the door. Se heurter, *v. r.* *To hit*, knock or dash one another.

» Heurtoir, *f. m.* *A knocker.*

Heuse de pompe, *f. f.* *The lower box of a pump.*

HIS 268

Hexagone, *f. m.* *An hexagon.*

Hexagone, *adj.* *Hexagonal.*

Hexametre, *adj.* *Hexameter.*

Hexametre, *f. m.* *An hexameter.*

Advertisement.

See with Hy those words that you don't find spelt under this head with Hi.

Hiatus, *f. m.* (sorte de baillement qui fait un mauvais effet dans la poésie.) *Hiatus.*

» Hibou, *subst. m.* *Owl*, the great owl.

» Hideusement, *adv.* *Hideously*, dreadfully, frightfully.

» Hideux, *euse, adj.* *Hideous*, dreadful, ghastly, frightfully.

» Hie, *f. fem.* *A rammer*, a paver's beetle.

Hieble, *f. fem.* *Danewort* or dwarf-elder.

» Hier, *v. a.* *To ram in*, to beat or drive in with a rammer.

Hier, *adv.* *Yesterday*. Hier au soir, yesternights.

» Hiérarchie, *f. f.* *Hierarchy*, Church-Government.

» Hiérarchique, *adj.* *Hierarchic*al.

» Hiérarchiquement, *adverb.* *Hierarchically.*

Hiéroglyphe, *f. m.* *An hieroglyph*, mystical character or image.

Hiéroglyphique, *adj.* *Hieroglyphick* or hieroglyphical.

Hippocras, *f. m.* *Hippocras*, a sort of compounded wine.

Hippodrome, *f. m.* *A hippodrom* or place for horse-races or horsemen's exercises; a riding house.

Hippogriffe, *f. m.* *Hippogriff*, a feigned monster, half horse and half griffin.

Hippopotame, *f. m.* *A sea-horse.*

Hirondelle, *f. f.* *A swallow.*

» Hisser, *v. a.* (terme de Marine.) *To hoist up.*

Histoire, *f. f.* *History*, story.

* † Voilà bien des histoires. What a world of compliments or ceremonies you make!

Historial, *ale, adj.* *Historical.*

Historié, *ée, adj.* *Embellished*, set out with small figures.

Historien, *f. m.* *An historian.*

Historier, *v. aët.* To embellish or set out with small figures.

† Historiette, *f. f.* A pretty story, a novel.

Historiographe, *f. m.* Historiographer.

Historique, *adj.* Historical.

Historiquement, *adv.* Historically.

Histrion, *f. m.* A jack-pudding or buffoon.

Hiver, *f. m.* Winter. * Nos derniers hivers, (la vieillesse,) our latter years or old age.

Hivernage, *subst. m.* The winter time. ♦ a good wintering place.

Hivernal, *ale, adj. Ex.* Fleur hivernale, a winter-flower.

Hiverner, *v. neut.* To winter.

S'hiverner, *v. r.* To grow hardy, to enure one's self to cold.

Ho, *interj.* Ho.

♦ Hobereau, *f. m.* (oiseau de leurre.) A hobby. † Hobereau, (Gentilhomme de campagne,) a country-Gentleman, a country-squire, a squire, in a burlesque sense.

♦ Hoc, *f. m.* Hoca, a game at cards. * † Cela m'est hoc (ou assuré,) I am sure of that, that's as sure as a gun.

♦ Hoche, *f. f.* Notch.

♦ Hoché, *ée, adj.* Jogged, &c. V. Hocher.

♦ Hochement, *f. m. Ex.* Hochement de tête, a shaking, jogging or wagging of the head.

♦ Hoche-pot, *f. m.* Hotch-potch, mingle-mangle.

♦ Hochequeue, *f. m.* A wag-tail.

♦ Hocher, *v. a.* To shake, jog, wag or tofs.

♦ Hochet, *f. m.* A coral.

Hoir, *f. m.* (terme de Pratique, héritier.) An heir.

Hoirie, *f. f.* Inheritance.

♦ Holà, *interj.* Hoc there!

♦ Holà, *adv.* Hold, no more, enough. * Mettre le holà to part the fray.

♦ Hollande, *f. f.* ou toile de Hollande. Holland. Demi-

Hollande, (sorte de toile,) *ingham Holland, garlick-Holland.* ♦ Porcelaine de

Hollande, *fine dutch ware.*

♦ Hollandé, *ée, adj. Ex.* Plume

hollandée, a dutch quill.

♦ Hollander une plume, *v. a.* (la passer par les cendres chaudes.) To rub a quill at the fire to make a dutch quill.

Holocauste, *f. m. & f.* A burnt Sacrifice, a burnt offering, holocaust.

♦ Homard, *f. m.* (écrevisse de mer.) A great lobster.

Hombre, *f. m.* (sorte de jeu des cartes.) Hombre, humber.

Homélie, *f. f.* An homily or homely.

Homicide, *f. m.* An homicide, a murder. ♦ Homicide involontaire, man-slaughter.

♦ Homicide, (un meurtrier,) an homicide, a murderer.

Homicide, *adj.* Murdering or murdering.

Hommage, *f. m.* (devoir que le vassal est tenu de rendre au Seigneur du fief; fournison, déférence.) Homage.

Hommager, *f. m.* (celui qui doit hommage.) Homager.

Hommasse, *adject.* Manly or manlike. Elle est hommasse, she is a manly woman, she is a virago.

Homme, *subst. m.* Man. Un homme de guerre, a man of war, a soldier, a martialist. ♦ Un combat d'homme à homme, a single fight.

♦ D'homme d'honneur, en homme d'honneur, upon my honour or faith.

Homogene, *adj.* Homogeneous, homogeneous, of one kind or substance.

Homologation, *f. f.* (terme de Palais.) Allowance, approbation, confirmation.

Homologué, *ée, adj.* Allowed, approved of, confirmed, authorized.

Homologuer, *v. a.* To allow, approve of, confirm or authorize.

Homonyme, *adj.* (qui a même nom.) Homonymous.

♦ Hongre, *adj. m.* Cheval hongre, a gelding.

♦ Hongré, *adj. m.* Geld.

♦ Hongrer, *v. aët.* To geld. Ex. Hongrer un cheval, to geld a horse.

Honnête, *adj.* (vertueux.)

Honest, good, virtuous. ♦

(Bienfaisant,) decent, handsome, fine. ♦ (Honorable,) honorable or creditable. ♦

Prix honnête, a moderate or reasonable price. ♦ Hon-

nête, (civil, poli,) honest, civil, courteous, obliging,

kind, genteel. Un honnête

homme, an honest or good

man, a man of honour; also

a genteel-man, a gentleman.

En honnête homme, (ga-

lamment,) gently, in a

genteel manner. ♦ Je ren-

contrai un honnête homme

qui me le dit, I met a

gentleman who told me of

it. ♦ Une femme honnête,

(ou chaste,) an honest, mo-

dest, virtuous or chaste wo-

man. ♦ Une honnête dé-

bauche, an innocent merry-

making or mirth. ♦ (Pré-

texte ou excuse honnête,) a

fair pretence or excuse.

Honnête, *f. m.* Honest. Join-

dre l'utile avec l'honnête,

to join profitable and honest

together.

Honnêtement, *adv.* (d'une ma-

nière vertueuse.) Honestly,

in an honest way, like a

man of honour; ♦ hand-

somely, decently, finely,

well; ♦ pretty well, suffi-

ciently; ♦ civilly, genteely,

kindly.

Honnêteté, *subst. f.* Honesty,

honour; ♦ honesty, chastity,

modesty; ♦ civility, a civil

or handsome carriage, cour-

tesy, kindness. ♦ Faire une

honnêteté (ou un présent)

à quelqu'un, to make one

a present.

Honneur, *f. m.* (marque ex-

térienne de respect.) Ho-

nour, respect, worship, re-

verence. ♦ (Gloire,) ho-

nour, reputation, glory, fa-

me, credit, esteem, orna-

ment. ♦ (Probité, vertu,) honour, honesty, virtue. ♦

(Pudicité,) honour, honesty,

chastity, modesty. Faire

les choses avec honneur,

to do things handsomely or

honourably. ♦ Agir en hom-

me d'honneur, to act like an

honest man or like a man of

honour. Une femme d'hon-

HON

neur, *an honest woman.* J'aurai l'honneur de vous aller voir, *I shall do myself the honour to wait on you.* ♦ Se faire honneur d'une chose, *to make a pride of a thing, to take a pride or to glory in it.* † Sauf votre honneur, *under correction.* ♦ Honneurs, (pièces qui servent à la cérémonie du Sacre du Roi, &c.) *regalia.* ♦ (Dignités,) honours, *dignities.* ♦ Honneurs funebres, *funeral solemnities.*
 ♦ Honnir, *v. a.* (deshonorer; vieux mot qui ne se dit plus qu'au participe.) *To dishonour.* Honni soit qui mal y pense, *evil be to him that evil thinks.*
 Honorable, *adj.* Honourable, *worthy of honour; ♦ honourable, creditable; ♦ honourable, noble, magnificent, sumptuous, splendid.* Amende honorable. *V.* Amende.
 Honorablement, *adv.* Honourably, *with honour; ♦ honourably, nobly, magnificently, sumptuously, splendidly.*
 Honoraire, *adj.* Honorary.
 Honoraire, *f. m.* *A lawyer's &c. fee.*
 Honoré, *ée, adj.* Honoured, *respected, &c.*
 Honorer, *v. a.* (rendre honneur & respect.) *To honour, respect or reverence.* ♦ (Estimer,) *to honour, respect, value or esteem.* ♦ (Faire honneur,) *to do credit, to be the honour or ornament of.*
 Honorifique, *adj.* Honourific, *honourable.*
 ♦ Honte, *f. f.* Shame, *confusion.* Avoir honte, *to be ashamed.* Rougir de honte, *to blush.* ♦ Honte, (pudeur,) *shame, modesty.* ♦ (Opprobre,) *shame, disgrace, infamy, reproach, ignominy.* Faire honte à quelqu'un, *to shame or disgrace one.* ♦ Témoigner de la honte, *to shew that one is ashamed.* Une chose qui doit donner de la honte, *a thing to be ashamed of.*

HOR

♦ Honteusement, *adv.* Shamefully, *disgracefully, ignominiously.*
 ♦ Honteux, *euse, adj.* Bashful, *shamefaced, ashamed.* ♦ (Qui cause de la honte,) *shameful, to be ashamed of, disgraceful, ignominious, infamous.* ♦ Les parties honteuses, *the privy or secrets parts, the pudenda.* ♦ Manger le morceau honteux, *to leave manners in the dish.*
 Hôpital, *f. m.* *An hospital, an alms-house.*
 ♦ Hoquet, *f. m.* Hiccock or rather hiccough.
 ♦ Hoqueton, *f. m.* (sorte de casaque.) *A coat, a particular sort of coat.* ♦ (Archer,) *a sort of sergeants.*
 Horaire, *adj.* (from heure.) *Horary.* Ex. Cercle horaire, *an horary circle.*
 † ♦ Horion, *f. m.* *A great blow or stroke.*
 Horizon, *f. m.* Horizon.
 Horizontal, *ale, adj.* Horizontal.
 Horizontalement, *adv.* Horizontally.
 Horloge, *f. f.* *A clock.* ♦ Horloge solaire ou au soleil, *a dial or sun-dial.* ♦ Horloge de fable ou sablier, *an hourglass.*
 Horloger, *f. m.* *A clock-maker or watch-maker.*
 Horlogere, *subst. f.* *A clock-maker's or watch-maker's wife.*
 Horlogerie, *f. f.* *Clock-making or watch-making.*
 Hormis, *prép.* But, *saving, except, excepting.*
 Horoscope, *f. m.* *Horoscope, nativity.* Faire ou tirer l'horoscope de quelqu'un, *to calculate or cast one's nativity.*
 Horreur, *f. f.* (effet de la crainte.) *Horror, dread or trembling for fear, fright, awe.* ♦ (Abomination, haine,) *horroſ, detestation, aversion, hatred, antipathy.* ♦ (Désordre, confusion,) *horror, confusion, desolation.* J'ai horreur de le dire, *I dread to speak it.* J'ai horreur d'y

HOT 267

penſer, *I hate to think on't, I quake with horror when I think on't.* ♦ Horreur, (énormité d'une mauvaise action,) *grievousneſs, enormity, hainousneſs.*
 Horrible, *adj.* (qui fait horreur.) *Horrid, horrible, fearful, ghastly, dreadful, hideous, frightful.* ♦ (Exceſſif,) *horrid, exceeding great, extreme.* ♦ (Atroce,) *horrid, grievous, hainous.*
 Horriblement, *adv.* Horribly, *fearfully.* Elle eſt horriblement laide, *ſhe's as ugly as a ſcarecrow.* ♦ Horriblement, (extrêmement,) *extremely, ſtrangely.*
 ♦ Hors, *prép.* Out. Hors de la ville, *out of town.* Hors de ſaiſon, *out of ſeaſon.* ♦ Hors de raiſon, *unreaſonable.* Hors de doute, *without queſtion.* ♦ Hors de blâme & de ſoupçon, *free from blame and ſuſpicion.* Hors de prix, *extremely dear.* ♦ Hors ou hormis, *but, ſaving or ſave, except or excepting.*
 Hospice, *f. m.* *A ſort of hoſpital for Monks.*
 Hoſpitalier, *iere, adj.* Hoſpitable, *uſing hoſpitality.*
 Hoſpitalier, *iere, f.* (Religieux ou Religieuſe, qui fait vœu d'aſſiſter les pauvres, les paſſans, &c.) *hoſpitaler.*
 Hoſpitalité, *f. f.* *Hoſpitality, kind entertainment of ſtrangers.*
 Hoſtie, *ſubſt. fém.* (victime.) *Victim.* ♦ — (que le Prêtre offre & conſacre à la Meſſe,) *hoſt.*
 Hoſtilement, *adv.* *In an hoſtile manner, like an enemy.*
 Hoſtilité, *f. f.* *Hoſtility.*
 Hôte, *f. m.* (le maître de la maiſon.) *Landlord, hoſt.* P. Compter ſans ſon hôte, *to reckon without one's hoſt.* ♦ Hôte, (celui qui eſt reçu & logé dans une maiſon,) *gueſt or lodger.*
 Hôtel, *f. m.* *House, a great man's houſe, an hotel or a palace.* ♦ L'Hôtel - Dieu, *the hoſpital.* ♦ L'Hôtel de

68 HOT

- Ville, *Town-house, Guild-hall.* ♦ Un maître d'hôtel, *a steward.*
 Hôtellerie, *f. f. An inn.*
 Hôtelier, *f. m. An inn-keeper, the host.*
 Hôtelière, *f. f. An inn-keeper's wife or widow, the hostess.*
 Hôteffe, *f. f. A landlady.* ♦ (Hôtelière,) *hostess.*
 ♦ Hotte, *f. f. A scuttle, a dosser.*
 ♦ Hottée, *f. f. A dosser-fall.*
 ♦ Hottteur, *f. m. He that carries a dosser upon his back.*
 ♦ Houblon, *f. m. Hop.*
 ♦ Houblonner, *v. a. To put hops in.*
 ♦ Houblonnier, *f. f. Hop-field.*
 ♦ Houe, *f. f. A grubbing axe or hough, such as they use in vineyards; also a spade.*
 ♦ Houer, *v. a. & n. to hoe.*
 ♦ Houlette, *subst. f. Crook, a sheep-hook.* ♦ Houlette, (*outil de jardinier, a setting or planting stick, a dibble.*)
 ♦ Houille, *f. f. (terme de mer, vague.) Swell of the sea.*
 ♦ Houilleuse, *adj. f. Ex. Mer houleuse, a swelling sea.*
 ♦ Houpe, *f. f. A tuft.*
 ♦ Houppé, *éc, adj. Tufted.*
 ♦ Houppelande, *f. f. A great coat.*
 ♦ Houpper, *v. a. To tuft.*
 ♦ Hourdage, *f. m. Rough wall or walling.*
 ♦ Hourret, *subst. m. A kind of hunting-dog.*
 ♦ Hourque, *f. f. A howker or great hoy.*
 ♦ ♦ Houfé, *éc, adj. (crotté.) Bedaggled, dirty.*
 ♦ Houfpiller, *v. a. To towse, tug, pull or worry.*
 ♦ Houffaie, *f. f. Holly-oak-grove.*
 ♦ Houffe, *f. f. (couverture de meubles, de chaise, de lit, &c.) Case for a bed or chair.* ♦ Lit à houffe, *an angel-bed.* ♦ Houffe, (*pour couvrir une selle, a leather case for a saddle.* ♦ Houffe, (*ornement de cheval, a housing or horse-cloth.* ♦ Houffe de cheval de harnois, *a sheep or goat*

HUI

- skin laid upon the collar of a team-horse.* ♦ Houffe de l'impériale d'un carrosse, *a slately cover for the roof of a Prince's coach upon solemn occasions.*
 ♦ Houffé, *éc, adj. Swept.*
 ♦ Houffier, *v. a. To sweep with a hair-broom.*
 ♦ Houffeur, *euse, f. (celui ou celle qui houffe.) Sweeper.*
 ♦ Houffieres, *f. f. pl. A nursery of young trees.*
 ♦ Houffine, *f. f. A switch.*
 ♦ Houffoir, *subst. m. A hair-broom.*
 ♦ Houx, *f. m. (arbrisseau.) Holly.* Le petit houx, *houx frelon, the-knee-holm or petty-whin.*
 ♦ Hoyau, *f. m. A mattock.*
 ♦ Huche, *f. f. (pour pétrir le pain.) Trough, a kneading trough, a bunting hutch.* ♦ Huche, (*coffre où l'on ferre le pain, a hutch or bin to keep bread in.* ♦ Huche de moulin, *the meal-tub.*
 ♦ Hucher, *v. a. To hoop or hollow, to call to.*
 ♦ ♦ Huchet, *f. m. A horn, a huntsman's or post-boy's horn.*
 ♦ Huée, *subst. f. A hollow or shouting; hooting.*
 ♦ Huer, *v. a. To hoot at.*
 ♦ Huette, *V. Hulotte.*
 ♦ Huguenot, *f. m. Huguenot, a nick-name for a French Protestant.*
 ♦ Huguenotte, *f. f. A she-huguenot; a kind of kettle for a stove; an earthen stove for a pot to boil on.*
 ♦ Huguenotisme, *f. m. Huguenotism, the Huguenots Religion.*
 ♦ Huile, *f. f. Oil.* Les saintes huiles, *the holy oil, the extreme-unction.*
 ♦ Huilé, *éc, adj. Oiled.*
 ♦ Huiler, *v. a. To oil.*
 ♦ Huileux, *euse, adj. Oily.*
 ♦ Huilier, *subst. masc. Cruet for oil.*
 ♦ Huis, *f. m. A door.* ♦ Plaidier à huis clos, *to have a private hearing or trial.* Cause plaidée à huis clos, *a cause tried privately.*
 ♦ Huissier, *f. f. Door-case.*
 ♦ Huissier, *f. m. Usher or Door-keeper.* ♦ (Dans une Cour

HUM

- de Justice,) *a Tip-staff; a Summoner.* ♦ (Sergent,) *a Sergeant or Bailiff.*
 ♦ Huit, *adj. Eight.*
 ♦ Huitain, *f. m. A stanza of eight verses.*
 ♦ Huitaine, *f. f. Eight days.* A la huitaine, *eight days hence, within eight days.*
 ♦ Huitieme, *adj. Eighth.* ♦ En huitieme lieu, *eighthly.*
 ♦ Huitieme, *f. m. The eighth or eighth day.* La lettre est du huitieme, *the letter is dated the eighth instant.* ♦ Il n'avoit qu'un huitieme, (*ou une huitieme partie, a he had but the eighth part.* ♦ Payer le huitieme, (*c'est un impôt sur le vin, to pay the eighth penny.* ♦ Huitieme, (*huitieme partie de l'aune.*) *A nail, the eighth part of an ell.*
 ♦ Huitiement, *adv. Eighthly.*
 ♦ Huître, *subst. f. An oyster.* Ecaille d'huître, *oyster-shell.*
 ♦ Hulotte ou buette, *subst. f. Madge-howles.*
 ♦ Humain, *aine, adj. (qui est de l'homme.) Human, belonging to man; worldly.* ♦ Le genre humain, *man-kind.* ♦ Humain, (*doux, affable, human, mild, kind, courteous, gentle, friendly, obliging.*
 ♦ Humains, *subst. m. plur. (les hommes.) Men, mankind.*
 ♦ Humainement, *adv. Humanly.* ♦ (Avec douceur,) *humanly, friendly, kindly, gently, courteously.*
 ♦ Humanisé, *éc, adj. Civilized, tamed, grown gentle, &c.*
 ♦ V. Humaniser.
 ♦ Humaniser, *v. a. To tame, to civilize, to make gentle, civil or tractable.*
 ♦ S'humaniser, *v. réc. To grow gentle, civil, tractable or sociable, to civilize one's self.*
 ♦ Humaniste, *f. m. (qui fait les humanités.) Humanist.*
 ♦ Humanité, *subst. f. Humanity, human nature.* ♦ (Douceur,) *humanity, courtesy, mildness, kindness, good nature, civility, friendliness.* Traiter quelqu'un avec humanité,

HUM

to use one humanly or kindly. * † Reposer son humanité, (se reposer,) *to rest one's dearself.* ♦ Les Humanités, (ce qu'on apprend dans les Ecoles jusqu'à la Philosophie exclusivement,) *human learning, liberal knowledge.*
Humble, *adj.* (soumis.) *Humble, modest, lowly, lowly-minded, submissive, respectful.* ♦ (Bas, dans ce sens il n'a guère d'usage qu'en Poésie,) *humble, low, lowly, mean.*
Humblement, *adv.* *Humbly, submissively, respectfully, modestly.*
Humectation, *f. f.* *Humectation.*
Humecté, *éc, adj.* *Moistened.*
Humecter, *v. a.* *To moisten.*
Humé, *éc, adj.* *Supped up.*
Humer, *v. a.* *To sup up.* ♦ *Humer l'air ou le vent, to suck in the air or wind.*
Humeur, *f. f.* (substance fluide.) *Humour, moisture.* ♦ (Disposition d'esprit,) *humour, temper, mood.* Bonne humeur, belle humeur, *good humour, merry pin.* ♦ *Humeur*, (génie,) *humour, genius, disposition.* ♦ (Fantaisie,) *humour, fancy, whim or whimsy.*
Humide, *adj.* *Moist. Wet, damp, humid.*
Humide, *subst. m.* *Moisture.* L'humide radical, *the radical moisture.*
Humidement, *adv. Ex.* Vous serez ici trop humidement, *this is too damp a place for you to be in.*
Humidité, *subst. f.* *Moistness, dampness, humidity.*
Humiliant, *ante, adj.* *Mortifying.*
Humiliation, *f. f.* *Humbling or humiliation.* Être dans l'humiliation, *to be in a state of humiliation, to be humbled.*
Humilié, *éc, adj.* *Humbled, cast down, dejected.*
Humilier, *v. a.* *To humble, to cast down, to depress or abase, to bring low.*
Shumilier, *v. r.* *To humble or abase one's self.*

HUN

Humilité, *subst. f.* *Humility, lowliness.* Avoir beaucoup d'humilité, *to be very humble.* † *Humilité*, (déference, soumission,) *humility, humbleness, submission, respect.*
Hune, *f. f.* *The scuttle of a mast, the top.* La grande hune, *the main top*; la hune de misaine, *the fore top.* La hune d'artimon, *the mizen top.*
Hunier, *f. m.* le grand mât de hune, (celui qui est au-dessus du grand mât,) *the main-top-mast.* ♦ Grand hunier, (voile qui se met au grand mât de hune,) *main-top-sail.* ♦ Le petit hunier, (mât qui est porté par le mât de misaine,) *the fore-top-mast.* ♦ Petit hunier, (voile de petit mât de hune,) *the fore-top-sail.*
Huppe, *subst. f.* (oiseau.) *Whoop or hoop, a lapwing or puet.* ♦ (Touffe de plumes que portent certains oiseaux,) *tuft, cop or crest on the head of some birds.*
Huppé, *éc, adj.* (qui a une huppe.) *Tufted, crested, copped.* * † (Habile,) *cunning.* * † Des plus huppés ou des plus haut huppés, (des plus considérables,) *topping.*
Hure, *f. f.* *The head of a wild boar or a bear, wolf, &c. and of a great pike.* ♦ *Hure d'un saumon, the joll of a salmon.* * † *Hure*, (tête mal peignée,) *clotted, matted hair, a nasty head of hair.*
Hurlement, *f. m.* *A howling.* * (Grand cri de personnes,) *Howling or roaring.*
Hurler, *v. n.* *To howl.* * (En parlant des personnes,) *to howl or roar.*
Hutte, *f. f.* *A hut.*
Hutté, *éc, adj.* *Lodged in a hut.*
Hutter, se hutter, *v. r.* *To lodge in a hut, to make a hut.* Hutter les vergues, *to lower the lower yards down a-port-last.*
Hyacinthe, *f. f.* *Hyacinth, a sort of plant and flower.* The purple-flower, ♦ (Pierre

HYP 269

précieuse,) *Hyacinth, a precious stone.*
Hyades, *f. f. plur.* (termes d'Astronomie.) *Hyades.*
Hydraulique, *adj. Ex.* Une machine hydraulique, *a water-engine.*
Hydraulique, *f. f.* *Hydraulicks.*
Hydre, *f. f.* (serpent fabuleux.) *Hydra.* ♦ (Serpent d'eau,) *an adder or water-serpent.*
Hydrocele, *f. f.* *A watery swelling of the cords or of the membrane about the testicles.*
Hydrographie, *f. f.* *Hydrography, a description of seas, rivers, lakes, &c.*
Hydrographique, *adj.* *Hydrographical.*
Hydromancie, *f. f.* *Hydromancy, divination by water.*
Hydromel, *f. m.* *Mead, hydromel.*
Hydropique, *adj.* *Hydropick, dropical, that has the dropsy.*
Hydropique, *f. m.* *An hydropick or a dropical man. Une hydropique, a dropical woman.*
Hydropisie, *f. f.* *Dropsy.*
Hydropote, *f. m. & f.* (terme de Médecine; buveur d'eau.) *Hydropotist, a drinker of water.*
Hygrometre, *f. m.* *Hygroscope.*
Hymen ou hyménée, *f. m.* *Hymen or hymeneus, the God of marriage.* ♦ L'hymen ou l'hyménée, (le mariage,) *marriage, wedding, matrimony.* ♦ *Hymen*, (terme de Médecine,) *hymen, a thin film or membrane where a virgin's maiden-head lies.*
Hymne, *f. m. & f.* *A Hymn or spiritual Song.*
Hyperbole, *f. f.* *Hyperbole.*
Hyperbolique, *adj.* *Hyperbolic.*
Hyperboliquement, *adv.* *Hyperbolically.*
Hypocauste, *f. m.* *A stove.*
Hypocondre, *f. m.* *Hypochondria.*
Hypocondre ou hypocondriaque, *adj.* *Hippish, splenetic, peevish, hypochondriac.*

troubled with the spleen or melancholy. † (Visionnaire, bizarre,) *half-mad or distracted.*

Hypocrisie, *f. f.* Hypocrisy.
Hypocrite, *subst. m. & f.* An hypocrite, a dissembler, a counterfeit, a religious cheat.

Hypocrite, *adj. Hypocritical*, *counterfeit*. Il est extrêmement hypocrite, he is a great hypocrite.

Hypostase, *f. f.* (terme de Théologie.) *Hypostasis*, personality or personal substance. † (Terme de Médecine,) *sediment in urine.*

Hypostatique, *adj. Hypostatical.*

Hypostatiquement, *adv. Hypostatically.*

Hypothécaire, *adj. Hypothecary*; *belonging to a mortgage.*

Hypothécairement, *adv. By an action of mortgage.*

Hypothénuse, *f. f.* Hypotenuse or hypotenusal line.

Hypothèque, *f. f.* Mortgage.

Hypothéqué, *éc, adj. Mortgaged.*

Hypothéquer, *v. a.* To mortgage, to dip. † Celui qui hypothèque, the mortgager. † Celui à qui l'on hypothèque, the mortgagee.

Hypothesé, *f. f.* Hypothesis, supposition.

Hypothétique, *adj. Hypothetical*, *conditional.*

Hypothétiquement, *adv. Hypothetically*, *by an hypothesis or supposition.*

Hypotypose, *f. f.* Hypotyposis.

Hysope, *subst. f.* Hyssop, a plant.

Hystérique, *adj.* (terme de Médecine, se dit d'une maladie à laquelle les femmes sont sujettes.) *Hysterick*, *hysterical.*

I

‡ **JA**, *adv.* (déjà.) *Already.*

Jable, *f. m.* Notch of a cask, where the head-pieces come in.

Jabler, *v. a.* To make notches.

JAM

Jabot, *f. m.* The crop or craw of a bird. † Le jabot d'une chemise, the bosom of a shirt.

Jacée, *subst. f.* Knap-weed, heart's-ease.

Jacent, *ente, adj.* (vacant, en parlant d'une succession abandonnée.) *In abeyance.*

Jachere, *f. f.* Fallow-ground, a lane, land laid up.

Jacinthe, *v. m.* Hyacinthe.

Jacobin, *f. m.* A white friar, a Dominican.

Jacobine, *f. f.* A Dominican nun.

Jacobites, *f. m. pl.* Jacobites.

Jacobus, *f. m.* A Jacobus or broad-piece.

‡ **Jacoit que**, *prep.* Although.

Jaculatoire, *adject.* Ex. Oraison jaculatoire, ejaculatory prayer, a prayer full of pious ejaculations.

Jade, *f. m.* A green sort of precious stone.

Jadis, *adv.* Of old, in old time, in former ages, in times of yore.

Jaillir, *v. n.* (saillir.) To spout out or spurt up. *V.* Rejaillir.

Jaillissant, *ante, adj.* Spouting out.

Jais, *f. m.* Jet.

Jalap, *f. m.* (plante médicinale.) Jalap.

‡ **Jalet**, *f. m.* A pebble. Arbalette à jalet, a stone-bow.

Jalon, *f. m.* A pole or stake stuck in the ground, to draw or square out by a line and level.

Jalousé, *éc, adj.* Latticed.

Jaloufer, *v. a.* To be jealous of.

Jalousie, *f. fem.* Jealousy. * Tenir une place, un état en jalousie, to keep a town or state in awe, to keep them at bay. † Jalousie, (treillis de bois ou de fer,) a lattice or grate.

Jaloux, *oufe, adj.* Jealous. † Canot jaloux, a crank boat.

Un jaloux, *f. m.* A jealous man.

Une jalouse, *f. f.* A jealous woman.

Jamais, *adverb.* (en aucun temps.) Never. † Si jamais

JAR

je deviens riche, *if ever I grow rich.* † A jamais, pour jamais, for ever, always.

Jamais, *f. m.* Ever. Ex. A tout jamais, for ever.

Jambage, *f. m.* Piers, jambs, side-posts, in architecture; also door-posts. † Jambage de l'm, de l'n & de l'u, a stroke of an m, an n or an u.

Jambe, *f. f.* Leg, shank. † L'os de la jambe, the shin bone. † La jambe d'un compas, the foot of a pair of compasses. † Donner le

croc en jambe à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, to give one a fall. † † Prendre les jambes à son cou, to betake one's self to one's heels. † Jambes de force, (en Architecture,) a corbel or pier.

Jambette, *f. f.* A clasp-knife or folding-knife. † Jambettes, (en Architecture, pièces de charpenterie,) jambs.

Jambon, *f. m.* A gammon of bacon. Jambon de Westphalie, a Westphalia ham.

Janissaire, *f. m.* (fantassin turc.) A janissary.

Janfénilme, *subst. m.* Janse-*nism.*

Janfénilte, *subst. m.* A Janse-*nist.*

Jante, *f. f.* A fellow, a jamnet. Les jantes d'une roue, the fellows or jamnets of a wheel.

Janvier, *f. m.* January.

Jappement, *f. m.* Barking.

Japper, *v. n.* To bark, to yelp. * Japper contre quelqu'un, to scold at one.

Jaque-de-maillles, *f. f.* (sorte d'armure.) Coat of mail.

Jaquemart, *subst. m.* A jack that strikes the hour.

Jaquette, *f. f.* A child's coat. Enfant à la jaquette, a child in coats. † Jaquette, (casaque de paysan,) a jacket.

Jardin, *f. m.* A garden. * † Jeter des pierres dans le jardin de quelqu'un, to throw one a bone to pick.

Jardinage, *f. m.* Gardening. † (Plusieurs jardins,) gardens.

Jardiner, *v. n.* To dress a garden.

Jardiner, *verb. a.* l'oiseau,

JAR

(terme de Fauconnerie,) *to weather a hawk.*
† Jardinete, *subst. m. A little garden.*
Jardinier, *f. m. A gardener.*
Jardiniere, *f. f. The gardener's wife.*
Jargon, *f. m. Jargon, gibberish, broken language, pedlar's French.* ♣ (Langage concerté,) *cant or canting language.*
Jargonner, *v. n. & a. To talk gibberish, to jabber.*
Jarre, *f. f. (fûtaille où tombe le son dans un moulin à eau,) the vessel of a water-mill, into which the bran falls.* ♣ (Terme de Marine,) *a jar to keep fresh water in, &c.*
Jarret, *f. m. The ham or hough.*
♣ Jarret de bœuf, *a shin of beef.* ♣ Jarret de veau, *a knuckle of veal.* ♣ Coupe-jarret, *a bully, a rogue, a ruffian.* ♣ Il y a des jarrets dans cette voûte, *this vault is not uniform.*
Jarretiere, *f. f. (pour attacher les bas.) A garter.*
Jarron, *f. m. A small jar.*
Jars, *f. m. (grosse oie mâle.) A gander.*
† Jaser, *v. n. (causer.) To prate, to prattle, to tittle-tattle, to gabble or babble, to chatter.*
† Jaseur, *f. m. jaseuse, f. f. A prattler, a tittle-tattle, a babbler, a blab, a chatterer.*
Jasmin, *f. m. Jasmine, a sort of shrub.*
Jaspe, *f. m. Jasper.* ♣ Jaspe, (pour jasper un livre,) *green and vermilion to sprinkle a book.*
Jaspé, *ée, adj. Ex. Livre jaspé, a book sprinkled.* ♣ Marbre jaspé, *green marble.*
Jasper, *v. a. To sprinkle with green and vermilion, as book-binders do the books.* ♣ Jasper un manteau de cheminée, *to vein a mantel-tree.*
Jaspure, *f. f. Sprinkling.*
Jât, *f. m. jât d'ancre, anchor-stock.*
Jatte, *f. f. A bowl.* ♣ Un cul de jatte, *a cripple that*

ICI

walks with a bowl clapped to his breech.
Jattée, *f. f. A bowl-full.*
Javart, *f. m. A swelling in the hollow of a horse's pastern.*
Javeler, *v. a. To gather gavel.*
Javeleur, *f. m. One that gathers gavel, a gatherer of gavel.*
Javeline, *f. f. A javelin, a short spear.*
Javelle, *subst. f. A gavel of corn.* ♣ Javelle de fardement, *a faggot of vine-branches.*
Javelot, *f. m. (from javeline.) A dart, a javelin.* ♣ Javelot, (from javelle,) *an armful of oats newly cut down.*
Jauge, *f. f. A gage to measure casks with.* ♣ (Art ou action de jauger,) *gaging.* (Fûtaille qui sert d'étalon,) *a standard; the tunnage or burthen of a ship.*
Jaugé, *ée, adj. Gaged.*
Jaugeage, *f. m. Gaging.*
Jauger, *v. a. To gauge or gage.*
Jaugeur, *f. m. A gager.*
Jaunâtre, *adj. Yellowish.*
Jaune, *adj. Yellow.*
Jaune, *f. m. Yellow.* ♣ Un jaune d'œuf, *the yolk of an egg.*
† Jaunet, *subst. m. A piff-a-bed.*
Jauni, *ie, adj. Made or grown yellow.*
Jaunir, *v. a. To make or dye yellow.*
Jaunir, *v. n. To grow yellow, to take a yellow hue.*
Jaunisse, *f. f. The jaundice or yellow jaundice.*
Jayet, *V. Jais.*
Ibis, *f. m. (oiseau d'Egypte.) a kind of stork.*
† Icelui, *pron. m. He, him.*
† Icelle, *pron. f. She, her.*
Ichnographie, *f. f. Ichnography, the plan of a building.*
Ici, *adv. Here, hither, in this place.* ♣ D'ici, *hence, from hence, from this place.*
Ici, *adv. (de temps.) Here, at this time.* ♣ D'ici en avant, (à l'avenir,) *henceforward, henceforth.* ♣ Qui est le maître d'ici? (ou de cet endroit,) *who is master of this place?* ♣

IDO 271

Je suis d'ici, (je suis né ici,) *I was born here, this is my birth-place.* ♣ Je viens d'ici près, *I was but hard by.* ♣ D'ici là, *thither.* Jusqu'ici, (jusqu'à cet endroit,) *hitherto, to this place.* ♣ (Jusqu'à présent,) *hitherto, to this present time.*
Iconoclaste, *f. m. (briseur d'images.) Iconoclast or image-breaker.*
Iconographie, *f. f. Iconography, a description of images.*
Iconologie, *f. f. Iconology.*
Idéal, *ale, adj. Ideal.*
Idée, *f. f. Idea, notion; opinion, thought, hint, conceit.* J'en ai perdu l'idée, *I forgot it, 'tis quite out of my mind.* * Idée, (vision chimérique,) *airy notion, conceit, fancy.* ♣ (Vue, dessein,) *design, counsel, project.*
Identique, *adj. Identical, the same.*
Identité, *f. f. Identity, sameness.*
Ides, *f. f. pl. The ides of a month, among the ancient Romans.*
Idiome, *subst. m. Idiom or dialect.*
Idiot, *ote, adj. Idiot, silly, simple, foolish.*
Idiot, *ote, f. m. & f. An idiot; a fool or natural fool, a ninny, a simpleton.*
Idiotisme, *f. m. Idiotism, propriety of speech.*
Idolâtre, *adj. Idolatrous.* *
Idolâtre, (qui aime excessivement,) *extremely fond.*
Idolâtre, *f. m. & f. An idolater or worshipper of idols.*
Idolâtrer, *v. n. To worship idols.*
Idolâtrer, *v. a. To idolize; to be extremely fond of, to dote upon.*
Idolâtrie, *f. f. Idolatry, worshipping of idols or idol-worship.* * (Amour excessif,) *extreme fondness, adoration.*
Idole, *f. f. An idol.* * Pourquoi vous tenez-vous-là comme une idole? *what makes you stand there like a statue or like a post?*
Idylle, *f. f. An idyll*

Je, *pronom personnel. I.*

Jean. *Ex. La Saint-Jean, mid-summer-day.*

Jésuates, *f. m. pl. Jesuati, an order of White Friars.*

Jésuite, *f. m. A Jesuit.*

Jesus, *f. m. (nom vénérable du Sauveur du Monde.) Jesus, the venerable name of our Saviour.*

Jet, *f. m. A throw or cast. Jet d'eau, a water-spout or fountain. Jet, (bourgeon des arbres, &c.) a shoot or sprig. Figure d'un beau jet, (en termes de Fondateur,) a figure of a fine cast. Jet d'abeilles, a swarm of young bees.*

Jet, (en termes de Fauconnerie,) *jetus for hawks. Jet de voiles, (appareil de toutes les voiles,) a set of sails. Jet, (calcul, supputation,) casting up, computation.*

Jet de flet, *the casting of a net. Faire le jet, (en termes de mer,) to lighten a ship in a storm.*

Jeté, *éc. adj. Thrown, cast, &c. according to the verb.*

† Le dé, le fort en est jeté, *the thing is resolved or put to the hazard.*

Jetée, *f. f. A bank, a mole, a pier, a mole-head.*

Jeter, *v. a. To throw, sling, shoot, cast or hurl. (jaillir, en parlant de l'eau,) to spout. (Pousser, en parlant des plantes & des arbres,) to shoot. Le vent nous jeta à terre, the wind drove us a-shore. Jeter quelqu'un hors de sa maison, to put or turn one out of one's house. Jeter de profondes racines, to take deep root. Jeter, (en parlant des apostemes,) to suppurate, to matter. Jeter un cri, to cry out. Jeter au fort, to cast lots.*

* Jeter des ocellades, *to cast sheep's eyes. Jeter, (pousser loin de soi,) to throw or sling away. Jeter des larmes, to shed tears. Jeter des étincelles, to sparkle. Jeter, (en parlant des mouches à miel,)*

to breed swarms. Jeter par terre un bâtiment, to pull down or demolish a building. Jeter dans un moule, to cast in a mold. Jeter des troupes ou des munitions dans une place, to throw a supply of men and ammunition into a place. Jeter le faucon, to cast the hawk. Jeter feu & flammes, to fire and fume. Jeter sa gourme, (faire des gaillardises de jeunesse,) to sow one's wild oats. Jeter des soupirs, to sigh, to fetch sigh. Jeter les yeux sur quelqu'un pour un emploi, to design one for a place. Jeter l'ancre, to cast or drop anchor. Jeter le loc, to heave the log.

Se jeter, *v. réc. To cast or throw one's self, to run, fall or rush upon. Il se jeta sur moi, he fell or rushed upon me. Se jeter sur un discours, to fall upon a discourse. Se jeter dans un lieu, to get into a place. Cap ou pointe qui se jette bien avant en mer, a cape that shoots a great way into the sea. Se jeter sur la friperie de quelqu'un, (le railler,) to jeer. V. Friperie.*

Jeton, *f. m. A counter.*

Jeu, *f. m. Game, play, sport, diversion, pastime; play, game or gaming. Jeu, (l'endroit où l'on joue, ou ce avec quoi l'on joue.) Ex. Un jeu de mail, a mall. Un jeu d'échecs, chess-men. Un jeu de paume, a tennis-court. Un jeu de billard, a billiard-table. Un jeu de boulé, a bowling-green. Un jeu de quilles, a set of pins. Jeu de cartes, a pack of cards. Jeu d'orgues, the row of pipes of an organ. Jeu de voiles, a compleat suit of sails. Jeu, (dont plusieurs font une partie,) game, part of a set. Tenir jeu, to play on, also to keep a gaming-house or ordinary. Jouer le jeu, to play fair*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play or upon the square. Jeu, (raillerie,) jest or jesting. Mettre au jeu, (mettre son enjeu,) to stake, to lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand ou gros jeu, to play high. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Jeu, (manière dont on touche les instrumens de musique,) play or way of playing on musical instruments. Je fais son jeu, (ou sa manière d'escrimer,) I know his way of fencing. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game to play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also, to have a hard game to play. Jeux, (au pluriel,) games, publick games. (Représentation de théâtre,) plays. Jeu d'esprit, a witty conceit, a piece of wit, a witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, a quibble, a playing upon words, a pun, a clenach.

Jeudi, *f. m. Thursday. P. La semaine des trois jeudis, P. when two sundays come together. Jeudi-Saint, maunday-thursday.*

A jeun, *adv. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.*

Jeune, *adj. Young, youthful; younger. (Qui n'a pas le jugement mûr,) young, not ripe. Il y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.*

Jéûne, *subst. masc. Fast, fasting.*

Jeûner, *v. n. To fast. Jeûner au pain & à l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.*

Jeunesse, *f. f. Youth, young age, youthful days. (Les jeunes gens,) youth, young men or young people. (Folie de jeune homme,) folly*

JEU

of youth, mad prank, gaiety, frolick.
 Jeunet, *ette*, *adj.* Very young.
 Jeûneur, *euse*, *f. m. & f.* (qui jeûne beaucoup & souvent.) A faster. *Ex.* Un grand jeûneur, a great faster.
 If, *f. m.* The yew, the yew-tree.
 † Ignare, *adj.* Ignorant, of no learning, illiterate.
 Ignée, *adj.* Igneous, fiery. *Ex.* Les météores ignées, the fiery meteors.
 Ignoble, *adj.* Ignoble, base, vile.
 Ignominie, *f. f.* Ignominy, disgrace, dishonour, infamy, shame, reproach, discredit.
 Ignominieusement, *adv.* Ignominiously, disgracefully, dishonourably, shamefully.
 Ignominieux, *euse*, *adj.* Ignominious, disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable, infamous.
 Ignoramment, *adv.* Ignorantly, unwittingly, by oversight.
 Ignorance, *f. f.* Ignorance, want of knowledge. Par ignorance, ignorantly or through ignorance. Prétendre cause d'ignorance, to plead or pretend ignorance.
 Ignorant, *ante*, *adj.* (qui ne sait rien.) Ignorant, illiterate, unlearned. (Qui ignore une affaire,) ignorant, that knows nothing of a thing, unacquainted with it.
 Unignorant, *f. m.* une ignorante, *f. f.* An ignorant man or woman, an ignorantus. Un ignorant bête, a perfect dunce, a mere ignorantus.
 Ignoré, *ée*, *adj.* What one is ignorant of, unknown.
 Ignorer, *v. a.* To be ignorant of, not to know, to be unacquainted with, to be a stranger to.
 Il, *pron. pers.* He, *it.* Il y a, there is, there be or there are. *V.* Avoir.
 Ile, *f. f.* Island, isle.
 Iliaque, *adj.* Iliac. *Ex.* La passion iliaque, the Iliac

IMA

passion, wind in the small guts.
 Illégitime, *adjectif.* (contraire aux lois.) Illegal, unlawful. (Bâtard,) illegitimate, bastardly. (Injuste,) unjust or unreasonable.
 Illégitimement, *adv.* Illegally, unlawfully, against law, unjustly.
 Illicite, *adj.* Illicit, unlawful, not allowed of, unwarrantable.
 Illicitement, *adv.* Unlawfully, illegally.
 Illimité, *ée*, *adj.* Unlimited, illimited, unbounded.
 Illuminatif, *ive*, *adj.* Illuminated.
 Illumination, *f. f.* Illumination.
 Illuminé, *ée*, *adj.* Enlightened, illuminated.
 Illuminé, *ée*, *f. m. & f.* A fanatic.
 Illuminer, *v. act.* (éclairer.) To illuminate, to enlighten, to give light to.
 Illusion, *f. f.* (imagination chimérique.) Illusion or fancy. (Tromperie,) illusion, fallacy, cheat.
 Illusoire, *adj.* Illusory, fallacious, deceitful.
 Illustration, *f. f.* (d'une famille.) Illustriousness, conspicuousness.
 Illustre, *adj.* Illustrious, eminent, noble, famous, noted, great, considerable.
 Illustre, *f. m. & f.* An illustrious, famous or noted man or woman.
 Illustré, *ée*, *adj.* Illustrated.
 Illustrer, *v. a.* (rendre illustre.) To make famous or illustrious, to adorn or set off.
 Illustrissime, *adj.* Most reverend, right reverend.
 Ils, *the plural of Il.* They.
 Image, *f. f.* Image, picture, representation. (Estampe,) cut, print. (Ressemblance,) image, resemblance or likeness. (Espèce qui représente les objets,) image, form.
 Imager, *f. m.* imagere, *f. f.* An image-maker; also, a print-seller.
 Imaginable, *adjectif.* Imagina-

IMI 273

ble, that can be imagined.
 Imaginaire, *adj.* Imaginary, fantastical.
 Imaginatif, *ive*, *adjectif.* That has a good imagination, full of invention or device. Un homme imaginatif, a man full of invention, a projecting head. (Faculté imaginative ou l'imaginative,) *f. f.* Fancy, imagination.
 Imagination, *f. f.* (Faculté de l'ame qui imagine.) Imagination, fancy, apprehension. (Invention,) imagination, fancy, invention. (Pensée,) a fancy, conceit or thought. (Opinion,) fancy, belief, opinion. (Fantaisie bizarre,) fancy, whim, crochets.
 Imaginé, *ée*, *adj.* Imagined, conceived.
 Imaginer, *v. a.* (concevoir.) To fancy, imagine or conceive. (Imenter,) to imagine, devise, invent, contrive or find out.
 S'imaginer, *v. r.* To imagine, fancy, think or believe.
 Imbécille, *adj.* Feeble, weak, faint, crasy, decayed; silly, simple.
 Imbécille, *subst.* An idiot, a silly or simple man, a ninny, a simpleton, a natural fool.
 Imbécillité, *f. f.* Imbecillity, weakness.
 Imbibé, *ée*, *adj.* Soaked, imbibed.
 Imbiber, *v. a.* To imbibe, to soak.
 S'imbiber, *v. r.* To imbibe, to soak or drink in.
 Imbu, *ue*, *adj.* Imbued, tinted. (Informé, prévenu d'une chose,) instructed, possessed. Imbu de quelque opinion, imbued or possessed with an opinion.
 Imitable, *adj.* Imitable, to be imitated or that can be imitated.
 Imitateur, *f. m.* An imitator; a follower.
 Imitation, *f. f.* Imitation.
 Imitatrice, *f. f.* An imitatrix or imitator.
 Imité, *ée*, *adj.* Imitated,

imiter, *v. a.* To imitate, to follow.

Immaculé, *ée, adj.* Immaculate, unspotted.

Immanquable, *adj.* Infallible, that cannot fail, certain.

Immanquablement, *adv.* Infallibly, without fail, certainly.

Immarcescible, *adj.* Immarcescible, never fading.

Immatériel, *elle, adj.* Immaterial, without matter.

Immatriculation, *f. f.* Matriculation, registering, entry in a book.

Immatricule, *f. f.* Matriculation, the entering in a book or register.

Immatriculé, *ée, adj.* Whose name is entered or matriculated.

Immatriculer, *v. a.* To matriculate or enter one's name. Se faire immatriculer, to get one's name entered.

Immédiat, *ate, adj.* Immediate.

Immédiatement, *adv.* Immediately, without any thing between. *✧* J'étois assis immédiatement après lui, I sat next to him.

Immémorial, *ale, adj.* Immemorial, out of mind.

Immense, *adjct.* (excessif.) Immense, vast, prodigious, huge, exceeding great.

Immensité, *f. f.* Immensity, vastness.

Immersif, *ive, adj.* (terme de Physique.) Immerfive.

Immersion, *f. f.* Immersion, or dipping in.

Immeuble, *f. m.* (bien fonds, ou qui tient lieu de fonds,) Immoveable, immoveable goods, real estate.

Imminent, *ente, adj.* V. Eminent.

S'immiscer, *v. r.* (terme de Palais, s'ingérer.) To intermeddle or take upon one.

Immuable, *adj.* Unmoveable, immoveable, still.

Immobilier, *ere, adj.* Immoveable, real.

Immobilité, *f. f.* (état de ce qui ne se meut point.) Immobility, unmoveableness.

Immodéré, *ée, adj.* (excessif.) Immoderate, intemperate, excessive, violent.

Immodérément, *adv.* Immoderately, intemperately, excessively.

Immodeste, *adj.* Immodest, wanton, impudent.

Immodestement, *adv.* Immodestly, wantonly, impudently.

Immodestie, *f. f.* Immodesty, wantonness, impudence.

Immolation, *f. f.* Immolation, sacrifice.

Immolé, *ée, adjct.* Sacrificed.

Immoler, *v. a.* To sacrifice.

* S'immoler (s'exposer) à la risée publique, to make one's self a laughing stock.

Immonde, *adj.* (terme de l'Écriture.) Unclean, foul.

Immondice, *f. m.* Filth, dirt. *✧* Les immondices (ou excréments) des chiens, the dung or excrements of dogs.

Immortalisé, *ée, adj.* Immortalized, eternized, &c.

Immortaliser, *v. a.* To immortalize, eternize or perpetuate.

Immortalité, *f. f.* Immortality, everlastingness, eternity.

Immortel, *elle, adj.* Immortal, ever-living, everlasting, eternal.

L'immortel, *f. m.* (Dieu.) The eternal or immortal God, God, the Almighty. *✧* Les Immortels, (en termes Poétiques, les faux Dieux,) the immortal Gods, the Gods.

Immortelle, *f. f.* Eternal flower, cassidony; a flower that never fadeth.

Immortifié, *ée, adj.* Unmortified.

Immuable, *adj.* Immutable, unchangeable, unalterable, not subject to change, constant.

Immuablement, *adv.* Immutably, unchangeably.

Immunité, *f. f.* Immunity, privilege, liberty.

Immutabilité, *f. f.* Immutability, unchangeableness.

Impair, *adj. masc.* Odd. Ex.

Nombre impair, an odd number.

Impalpable, *adj.* Impalpable, not to be felt.

Impanation, *f. fem.* Impanation.

Impané, *adj. m.* In the bread. Ex. Les Luthériens croient que Jésus-Christ est impané, the Lutherans believe Christ to be in the bread.

Impardonnable, *adj.* Unpardonable, not to be pardoned or forgiven.

Imparfait, *aite, adj.* Imperfect, unfinished, defective, lame.

Imparfaitement, *adv.* Imperfectly, lamely. Il nous en a fait le récit, mais assez imparfaitement, he gave us an imperfect or lame account of it.

Impartial, *ale, adj.* Impartial.

Impassibilité, *f. f.* Impassibility.

Impassible, *adj.* Impassible, incapable of suffering.

Impatiemment, *adv.* Impatiently, with impatience, hardly.

Impatience, *f. f.* Impatience, anxiety, inquietness; *✧* hastiness or passion.

Impatient, *ente, adj.* Impatient, that has no patience, unquiet; *✧* impatient, hasty or passionate.

Impatienter, *v. a.* To tire out one's patience.

S'impatienter, *v. r.* To be impatient; *✧* to grow angry, to fret.

S'impatroniser, *v. r.* To take possession of.

† Impayable, *adj.* (sans prix, admirable.) Unvaluable, admirable.

Impeccable, *adj.* Impeccable, that cannot sin; *✧* infallible.

Impeccabilité, *f. f.* Impeccability.

Impénétrabilité, *f. f.* Impenetrability.

Impénétrable, *adj.* Impenetrable, not to be penetrated; also, * impenetrable, secret, close, not to be discovered.

Impénétrablement, *adv.* Impenetrably, after an impenetrable manner.

Impénitence, *f. fem.* Impenitence or impenitency, hardness of heart.

IMP

Impénitent, ente, *adj.* & *f.* *Impenitent, hardened in sin.*
 Impense, *f. f.* (terme de Pratique, dépense.) *Expence.*
 Impératif, *f. m.* *Imperative, a mood in a verb.*
 Impératoire, *f. fem.* *Master-word, a plant.*
 Impératrice, *f. f.* *An empress.*
 Imperceptible, *adj.* *Imperceptible, unperceivable, not to be perceived.*
 Imperceptiblement, *adv.* *Imperceptibly, insensibly.*
 Impérfection, *f. f.* (from Imparfait.) *Imperfection, defect; & an imperfect book.*
 Impérial, ale, *adj.* *Imperial, of or belonging to the empire or emperor.*
 Impériale, ou couronne impériale, *f. f.* (fleur.) *The imperial lily. & Impériale d'un carrosse, the roof of a coach. & Impériale de tendelet, the roof of the awning of a boat.*
 Les Impériaux, *f. m. pl.* *The Imperialists.*
 Impérieusement, *adv.* *Imperiously, haughtily, furlily, magisterially.*
 Impérieux, euse, *adj.* *Imperious, furlly, stately, haughty, magisterial.*
 Impérissable, *adj.* (qui ne peut périr.) *Unperishable.*
 Impersonnel, *adj. masc. Ex.* Verbe impersonnel, *a verb impersonal.*
 Impersonnellement, *adv.* *Impersonally.*
 Impertinemment, *adv.* *Impertinently, fillily, foolishly, nonsensically.*
 Impertinence, *f. f.* *Impertinence, impertinency, silliness, extravagance, folly.*
 Impertinent, ente, *adj.* *Impertinent, absurd, silly, foolish, nonsensical.*
 Impertinent, ente, *f.* *A impertinent, a silly or foolish man or woman.*
 Impétrable, *adj.* *Impetrable, obtainable.*
 Impétrant, ante, *f.* *The grantee or patentee.*
 Impétration, *f. f.* *Impetration, a getting or obtaining of something in a court of judicature.*

IMP

Impétré, ée, *adj.* *Impetrated, got, obtained.*
 Impétrer, *v. a.* *To impetrate, get or obtain.*
 Impétueusement, *adv.* *Impetuously, violently, vehemently, furiously.*
 Impétueux, euse, *adj.* *Impetuous, violent, vehement, raging, boisterous, furious, rapid.*
 Impétuosité, *f. f.* *Impetuousness or impetuosity, violence, vehemency, furiousness, fury, rapidity. & Parler avec impétuosité, to speak eagerly or in a great heat.*
 Impie, *adj.* *Impious, ungodly, wicked, irreligious.*
 Un impie, *f. m.* *une impie, f. f.* *An impious or ungodly man or woman.*
 Impiété, *f. f.* *Impiety, ungodliness, wickedness, profaneness, irreligion; & an impious, wicked or ungodly discourse or act, a piece of ungodliness.*
 Impitoyable, *adj.* *Unmerciful, pitiless, uncompassionate, that has no mercy, cruel, barbarous, merciless.*
 Impitoyablement, *adv.* *Unmercifully, without mercy, cruelly, barbarously.*
 Implacable, *adj.* *Implacable, unappeasable.*
 Implication, *f. f.* *Implication, entangling, involving or engaging; & contradiction.*
 Implicite, *adj.* *Implicit.*
 Implicitement, *adv.* *Implicitly.*
 Impliquer, *v. a.* *To engage, entangle or involve. & Impliquer contradiction, ou seulement impliquer, verb. n.* *To imply.*
 Imploré, ée, *adj.* *Implored, &c.*
 Implorer, *v. a.* *To implore, beg or request.*
 Impoli, ie, *adj.* *Unpolite, unpolished, clownish.*
 Impolitesse, *f. f.* *Unpoliteness, clownishness, unmanners, ill manners, rudeness, churlishness.*
 Importance, *f. f.* *Importance, consequence, moment, concernment, concern. & Un*

IMP 275

homme d'importance, *a man of note, an eminent man. & Faire l'homme d'importance, to pretend to great matters, to take state upon one, to carry it high.*
 Important, ante, *adj.* *Important, material, main, of great concern or importance, of great consequence, considerable.*
 Important, *f. m.* *importante, f. f.* *A man or woman of consequence. Ex. Faire l'important, to be a busy-body, to pretend to great matters, to take much upon one, to be impertinent.*
 Importer, *v. a.* (en parlant des marchandises.) *To import goods.*
 Importer, *v. n.* & *imp.* *To concern, import, matter or signify. Il importe pour la sûreté publique, it concerns the publick safety. Il m'importe de la vie, my life is concerned or lies at stake. Qu'importe? what matter is it? what of that? what signifies that? what does it signify? Que lui importe-t-il? what's that to him? N'importe, that's nothing 'tis no matter.*
 Importation, *f. f.* *Importation of merchandises.*
 Importun, une, *adj.* (incommodé.) *Troublesome, grievous, sad; & troublesome, importunate, impertinent. Un demandeur importun, a dun.*
 Importun, une, *f.* *A troublesome man or woman, an impertinent.*
 Importuné, ée, *adj.* *Troubled, importuned.*
 Importunément, *adverb.* *Importunately, in a troublesome manner. & Il me pressoit importunément de le payer, he duns me for his money.*
 Importuner, *v. a.* *To trouble, or be troublesome to, to importune or to vex. & Importuner ses débiteurs, to dun one's debtors.*
 Importunité, *f. f.* *Importunity or importunacy, trouble.*

Imposé, ée, *adj.* *Imposed*, laid on, &c. *V. the verb.*

Imposer, *v. a.* *To impose or lay on.* ♦ **Imposer** quelqu'un à la taille, *to make one liable to the land-tax.*

♦ **Imposer**, (enjoindre,) *to impose, lay or enjoin, to prescribe or bid.* ♦ **Imposer** (imputer) un crime à quelqu'un, *to lay a crime to one, to charge him with it.* ♦ **En imposer** à quelqu'un, (le tromper,) *to impose upon one, to put upon him, to cheat him.* ♦ **En imposer**, (mentir,) *to impose, to lie or romance.*

Imposition, *f. f.* *Imposition*, laying, setting or putting on; *imposition or impost, a duty or tax.*

Impossibilité, *f. f.* *Impossibility.*

Impossible, *adj.* *Impossible.*

Imposte, *f. f.* (terme d'architecture.) *Impost*, in architecture.

Imposteur, *f. m.* (from *imposer*.) *An impostor or cheat, a false pretender; ♦ a calumniator or slanderer.*

Imposture, *f. f.* *Imposture*, cheat, illusion; ♦ *calumny, slander.*

Impôt, *f. m.* *Impost*, *imposition, tax, duty, custom.* ♦ **Impôt** sur chaque tête, *poll-money, poll-tax, capitaxion.* ♦ **Impôt** sur chaque feu, *chimney, hearth-money.*

Impotent, *ente, adj.* *Impotent, infirm, maimed, lame.*

A l'improvisu, *adv. Voy. A l'improvisite.*

Impraticable, *adj.* *Impracticable*, that cannot be used.

♦ **Chemin impraticable**, *an impracticable or unpas-sable way or road.* ♦ **Maison impraticable**, *a house that nobody can live in.* ♦ **Un homme, un esprit impraticable**, *an unsociable, or unconvertible man.*

Imprécation, *f. f.* *Imprecation, curse or cursing.* **Faire des imprécations** contre quelqu'un, *to imprecate or curse one.*

Impregnation, *f. f.* *Impregnation.*

Imprégné, ée, *adj.* *Impregnated, imbibed.*

Imprégner, *v. a.* *To impregnate or imbibe.*

Imprenable, *adj.* *Imprenable*, not to be taken.

Imprescriptibilité, *f. f.* *Imprescriptibility.*

Imprescriptible, *adj.* *Imprescriptible*, without the compass of prescription.

Impression, *f. f.* (from *imprimer*.) *Impression.* ♦ (Edition d'un livre,) *impression, edition.* * **Donner de mauvaises impressions** de quelqu'un, *to give a bad character or opinion of one, to speak to his disadvantage.* ♦ **Impression**, (influence,) *impression, suggestion, persuasion.*

Imprévu, *ue, adject.* *Unforeseen, unexpected, unthought of, unlooked for.*

Imprimé, ée, *adj.* *Printed, imprinted, in print.*

Un imprimé, *f. m.* *A pamphlet, a book.*

Imprimer, *v. a.* *To print or imprint.* * **Imprimer** quelqu'un, (imprimer son ouvrage,) *to put one in print.*

* **Se faire imprimer**, (se faire auteur,) *to appear in print, to set up for an author.*

♦ **Imprimer**, (faire une empreinte sur quelque chose,) *to print, impress or stamp.* ♦ **Imprimer** une toile, (en termes de Peinture,) *to prime a cloth.*

♦ **Imprimer** (donner) du mouvement à un corps, *to give motion to a body, to move it.*

♦ **Imprimer** le cachet sur la cire, *to set the seal to the wax.*

* **Imprimer** (faire une impression,) dans l'esprit, dans le cœur, *to imprint or engrave.*

* **Imprimer** une grande terreur, *to strike with great terror or strike a great terror into.*

Imprimerie, *f. f.* *Printing; ♦ a printing-house.*

Imprimeur, *f. m.* *A printer, ♦ a press-man.*

Imprimure, *f. f.* (terme de Peinture.) *The priming or ground of a picture-cloth.*

Improbable, *adj.* *Improbable, unlikely.*

Improbation, *f. f.* *A disapprobation or dislike.*

Impromptu, *f. m.* *An impromptu, an extemporary.*

Impropre, *adj.* *Improper.*

Improprement, *adv.* *Improperly.*

Impropriété, *f. fem.* *Impropriety.*

A l'improvisite, *adv.* *Unawares, on a sudden, napping.*

Improuvé, ée, *adj.* *Disapproved, disallowed, disliked, not approved of.*

Improuver, *v. a.* *To disapprove, disallow or dislike, not to approve of.*

Imprudemment, *adv.* *Imprudently, unwisely, indiscreetly, foolishly, unadvisedly; ♦ imprudently, unwittingly.*

Imprudence, *f. f.* *Imprudence, foolishness, indiscretion, unadvisedness, improvidence, want of prudence.* ♦ (Inadvertance,) *imprudence, ignorance, inadvertency, heedlessness.*

Imprudent, *ente, adj.* *Imprudent, unwise, foolish, indiscreet, inconsiderate, unadvised, improvident.*

Un imprudent, *f. m.* *une imprudente, f. f.* *A fool, a foolish man or woman.*

Impudemment, *adv.* *Impudently, saucily, malapertly.*

Impudence, *f. f.* *Impudence, sauciness, shamelessness, malapertness; ♦ as impudent or saucy thing.*

Impudent, *ente, adj.* *Impudent, saucy, shameless, brazenfaced, malapert; ♦ impudent, bawdy.*

Un impudent, *f. m.* *une impudente, f. f.* *An impudent or saucy man or woman.*

Impudicité, *f. f.* *Lasciviousness, wantonness, unchastity, lewdness, obscenity, immodesty.*

Impudique, *adj.* *Lascivious, wanton, unchaste, immodest, lewd, dissolute, loose, impure, obscene.*

Un impudique, *f. m.* *une impudique, f. f.* *A lascivious*

IMP

vicious or saucy man or woman.
 Impudiquement, *adv.* *Lasciviously, wantonly, unchastely, obscenely, lewdly, immodestly.*
 Impugné, *ée, adj.* *Impugned, opposed.*
 Impugner, *v. a.* *To impugn, or oppose.*
 Impuissance, *f. f.* *Impotency, weakness, frigidity; * inability.* * Il est dans l'impuissance de payer, *he is unable to pay.*
 Impuissant, *ante, adj.* *Impotent, weak, frigid; * impotent, unable, vain, fruitless.*
 Impulsif, *ive, adj.* *Impulsive, driving or thrusting forward.*
 Impulsion, *f. f.* *Impulsion, driving or thrusting forward; * impulse, persuasion, instigation.*
 Impunément, *adv.* *With impunity, without punishment, unpunished.* Fera-t-il toujours ces défordres impunément? *shall he cause these troubles, and always go unpunished?*
 Impuni, *ie, adj.* *Unpunished, free from punishment.*
 Impunité, *f. fém.* *Impunity, pardon.*
 Impur, *ure, adj.* *(qui n'est pas pur.) Impure, foul, filthy.* * (Impudique,) *impure, lewd, obscene, immodest.*
 Impureté, *f. f.* *(ordure.) Impurity, filthiness.* * (Impudicité,) *impurity, obscenity, lewdness, lasciviousness, uncleanness.*
 Imputation, *f. f.* *(accusation.) Imputation or charge.* * (Terme de Pratique, déduction,) *deduction, compensation.*
 Imputé, *ée, adj.* *Imputed, laid or laid to one's charge, &c.* *V. the verb.*
 Imputer, *v. a.* *To impute, to lay upon, to charge with, to lay to one's charge.* On vous imputera cela à blâme, *that will be laid to your charge, the blame of that will be laid at your door.*

INA

* Imputer les intérêts sur le principal, *to deduct the usuries from the principal.* Elle est grosse & vous impute le fait, *she is with child, and fathers it upon you.*
 Inabordable, *adj.* *Inaccessible, unapproachable, not to be come at.*
 Inaccessible, *adj.* *Inaccessible, unapproachable, not to be come at.*
 † Inaccostable, *adj.* *Unaccostable, unsociable, that will admit of no company.*
 Inaccoutumé, *ée, adj.* *Unaccustomed, unusual, uncommon.*
 Inaction, *f. f.* *A state free from action, inaction.*
 Inadmissible, *adj.* *Inadmissible, not to be admitted.*
 Inadvertance, *f. f.* *Inadvertence or inadvertency, oversight, heedlessness.*
 Inaliénable, *adj.* *Unalienable, not to be alienated.*
 Inalliable, *adj.* *(qui ne se peut allier.) That cannot be allayed, speaking of metals.*
 Inamissibilité, *f. f.* *Inamissibility.*
 Inamissible, *adj.* *Inamissible, that never can be lost.*
 Inanimé, *ée, adj.* *Inanimate, without life or soul.*
 Inanition, *f. f.* *Inanition, emptiness.*
 Inapplication, *f. f.* *Heedlessness, want of application or attention.*
 Inappliqué, *ée, adj.* *Unmindful, careless, heedless.*
 Inattention, *f. f.* *(inapplication.) Want of attention or application, heedlessness or absence of mind.*
 Inauguration, *f. f.* *Inauguration.*
 ‡ Incaguer, *v. a.* *To defy, to challenge.*
 Incantation, *f. f.* *Incantation, charm, spell.*
 Incapable, *adj.* *Incapable, incapable, unfit, not able, not capable.*
 Incapacité, *f. f.* *Incapacity, inability.*
 Incarnadin, *ine, adj.* *Bright carnation, of a bright carnation colour.*

INC 277

Incarnadin, *f. m.* *Ex. Incarnadin de rose, a carnation rose-like.*
 Incarnat, *f. m.* *Carnation, flesh-colour.* Un teint mêlé de blanc & d'incarnat, *a face coloured with white and red.*
 Incarnat, *ate, adj.* *Carnation, flesh-coloured.*
 Incarnation, *f. f.* *Incarnation or assuming of flesh.*
 Incarné, *ée, adj.* *Incarnate, made flesh.* * † Un diable incarné, *a devil incarnate, a devil in the shape of a man, a devilish man.*
 Incarner, *s'incarner, v. r.* *To take flesh or assume the human nature.*
 Incartade, *f. f.* *A quarrel or insult.*
 Incendiaire, *f. m.* *An incendiary.*
 Incendie, *subst. masc.* *Fire, a great fire, a conflagration or burning of houses.* * (Grand trouble, guerre civile,) *a combustion or trouble in a state, civil war, broils.*
 Incertain, *aine, adj.* *Uncertain, doubtful.* * (Variable,) *uncertain, unconstant or changeable.* * (Irresolu,) *uncertain, irresolute, wavering, in suspense.* * (Indéterminé,) *uncertain, undetermined, indefinite.*
 Incertainment, *adv.* *Uncertainly, doubtfully.*
 Incertitude, *f. f.* *Uncertainty, doubtfulness.* * (Perplexité d'esprit,) *uncertainty, quandary, a wavering condition, suspense, perplexity, loss.*
 Incessamment, *adverb.* *Continually, incessantly, without intermission.* * (Sans délai,) *presently, forthwith, out of hand, immediately.*
 Inceste, *f. m.* *Incest.*
 Incesteusement, *adv.* *Incestuously, in an incestuous manner.*
 Incesteux, *euse, adj.* *Incestuous.*
 Incidemment, *adv.* *(par incident.) Incidentally or incidentally, accessorially.*

278 INC

Incident, *f. m.* *An incident, accident, adventure or event; ♦ an incident or a new difficulty which perplexes the cause.* Faire naître des incidents dans un procès, to split a cause.
Incident, *ente, adj.* *Incident, accessory.*
Incidenter, *v. n.* *To throw in or introduce incidents.*
Incinération, *f. f.* *Incineration, reducing to ashes.*
Incirconcis, *adj. m.* *Uncircumcised.*
Un incirconcis, *f. m.* *A man uncircumcised.*
Incirconcision, *subst. f.* (état d'un homme qui n'est pas circoncis.) *Uncircumcision.*
Incisé, *ée, adj.* *Cut.*
Inciser, *v. a.* *To cut, to incise.* Ex. Inciser un os, to cut a bone.
Incisif, *ive, adj.* *Incisive, incisory.* Dent incisive, incisif, or incisive tooth, a butter-tooth, one of the broad fore-teeth.
Incision, *f. f.* *Incision, cutting.*
Incitation, *f. f.* *Incitation, enticement, motion, instigation, persuasion.*
Incité, *ée, adj.* *Incited, enticed, encouraged, &c.*
Inciter, *v. a.* *To incite, entice or encourage, to egg, set or spur on; to persuade, to stir up, to move or induce.*
Incivil, *ile, adj.* *Uncivil, clownish, rude, ill-bred, unmannerly, unpolitely.* Demande incivile, (déraisonnable,) *an unreasonable demand.*
Incivilement, *adv.* *Uncivilly, clownishly, rudely, unmannerly, unpolitely.*
Incivilité, *subst. f.* *Incivility, clownishness, rudeness, unmannerliness; ♦ a piece of rudeness or incivility.*
Inclémence, *f. f.* *Inclémency, sharpness.*
Inclinant, *ante, adj.* *Inclining, inclined.*
Inclination, *f. f.* *Inclination, bending downwards. ♦ Verser par inclination, (en termes de Chimie,) to*

INC

pour gently. ♦ Inclination, (disposition,) a disposition, proneness. ♦ (Affection,) affection, love. ♦ (Maîtresse,) inclination, love, mistress.
Incliner, *v. a.* *To bow or bow down, to incline or bend.*
Incliner, *v. n.* *To incline or bend to, to lean, to have a propension.*
S'incliner devant une personne, *v. r.* *To bow down to one.*
Inclus, *use, adj.* *Inclosed.*
Incluse, *f. f.* *The inclosed or inclosed letter.*
Inclufivement, *adv.* *Inclusively, by taking in the extremes.*
Incognito, *adv.* *Incognito, unknown.*
Incombustible, *adj.* *Incombustible, not to be burnt.*
Incommensurable, *adj.* *Incommensurable, not to be measured with any other thing.*
Incommode, *adj.* *Troublesome, inconvenient, burdensome, uneasy, grievous, troublesome. ♦ (Importun, fâcheux,) troublesome, impertinent.*
Incommodé, *ée, adj.* *Troubled, disturbed, &c. V. the verb. ♦ Incommodé, (malade,) sick, out of order, indisposed, troubled with some distemper or other. ♦ (En parlant d'un navire,) shattered, disabled. ♦ (Pauvre,) low, poor, hard put to it, put to hard shifts, in want, at a pinch.*
Incommodément, *adv.* *Inconveniently, inconveniently, uneasily.*
Incommoder, *v. a.* (importuner.) *To trouble, hinder or disturb. ♦ (Fatiguer,) to incommode, trouble or be troublesome to, to tire, to fatigue. ♦ (Nuire,) to trouble, incommode, injure, annoy or hurt, to do harm. ♦ (Rendre pauvre,) to make poor, to put to hard shifts, to reduce to straits.*
Incommodité, *f. f.* *Inconvenience, incommody. ♦ (Pauvreté,) poverty,*

INC

fraite, want. ♦ (Indisposition,) ailment, indisposition. ♦ Signal d'incommodité, (que fait un vaisseau en danger,) a signal of distress.
Incommunicable, *adj.* *Incommunicable, not to be communicated.*
Incomparable, *adj.* *Incomparable, not to be compared, matchless, peerless, not having the like.*
Incomparablement, *adv.* *Incomparably, without comparison.*
Incompatibilité, *f. f.* *Incompatibility, antipathy, contrariety; ♦ inconsistency.*
Incompatible, *adj.* *Incompatible.*
Incompétamment, *adv.* *Incompetently.*
Incompétence, *f. f.* *Incompetency.*
Incompétent, *ente, adj.* *Incompetent.*
Incomplet, *ete, adj.* *Uncomplete, imperfect.*
Incompréhensibilité, *f. f.* *Incomprehensibility.*
Incompréhensible, *adj.* *Incomprehensible, that cannot be comprehended or conceived, uncomprehensible. ♦ C'est un homme incompréhensible, he is a strange man.*
Incompressible, *adj.* *Incompressible.*
Inconcevable, *adj.* *Unconceivable, not to be imagined or conceived, incomprehensible.*
Incongru, *ue, adj.* *Incongruous, unfit.*
Incongruent, *adverb.* *Incongruously.*
Incongruité, *f. f.* *Incongruity of speech, impropriety. ♦ (Faute contre la bienséance,) incongruity, indecency, unsuitableness, unseemliness, irregularity.*
Inconnu, *ue, adj.* *Unknown; ♦ obscure, of no reputation.* Il est tout-à-fait inconnu en ce pays, *he is a perfect stranger in this country.*
Inconnu, *f. m.* *An unknown man or person.*
Inconséquence, *f. f.* *Inconsequence, want of just inference,*

INC

Inconsidération, *f. f.* *Inconsideration*, imprudence, foolishness, unadvisedness.
Inconsidéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Inconsiderate*, rash, foolish, unadvised, unwise, indiscreet, imprudent.
Inconsidérément, *adv.* *Inconsiderately*, rashly, foolishly, indiscreetly, unadvisedly, imprudently.
Inconsolable, *adj.* *Inconsolable*, not to be comforted.
Inconsolablement, *adv.* *Inconsolably*.
Inconstamment, *adv.* *Inconstantly*, lightly.
Inconstance, *f. f.* *Inconstancy*, levity, changeableness, lightness; ♣ *inconstancy*, uncertainty, instability.
Inconstant, *ante*, *adj.* (*village*) *Inconstant*, light, changeable. ♣ (*Incertain*) *unstable*, uncertain, changeable, *inconstant*.
Incontestable, *adj.* *Indisputable*, *incontestable*, undoubted, unquestionable, not to be questioned, most certain.
Incontestablement, *adv.* *Undoubtedly*, *unquestionably*, most certainly.
Incontinence, *f. f.* *Incontinence*, incontinency, lust, lustful affection, intemperance.
Incontinent, *ente*, *adj.* *Incontinent*, unchaste, intemperate, that has no command of himself.
Incontinent, *adv.* *Presently*, *by and by*, immediately, *straight*.
Inconvenient, *f. m.* *An inconvenient cross*; accident or disappointment, trouble; ♣ *inconvenience*, difficulty; ♣ *absurdity*, *inconsistency*.
Incorporation, *f. f.* *Incorporation* or *mixing together*.
Incorporé, *ée*, *adj.* *Incorporated*, &c.
Incorporel, *elle*, *adj.* *Incorporeal*, bodiless, without a body.
Incorporer, *v. act.* *To incorporate or embody*, to mix together. * (*Unir à un corps politique*) *to incorporate*, to receive or admit into a society. * (*Annexer*)

IND

to incorporate, annex or unite.
S'incorporer, *v. r.* *To incorporate or to be incorporated*.
Incorrigible, *adj.* *Incorrigible*, that cannot be mended.
Incorruptibilité, *f. f.* *Incorruptibility*; * *integrity*.
Incorruptible, *adj.* *Incorruptible*; * *not to be bribed or corrupted*.
Incrédibilité, *f. f.* *Incredibility*.
Incrédule, *adj.* *Incredulous*, hard of belief; ♣ *incredulous*, *unfaithful*, *unbelieving*.
Un incrédule, *f. m.* *Une incrédule*, *f. f.* *An incredulous man or woman*; ♣ *an unbeliever*.
Incrédulité, *f. f.* *Incredulity*, hardness of belief; ♣ *incredulity*, *unbelief*.
Incréé, *ée*, *adj.* *Uncreated*.
Incroyable, *adj.* *Incredible*, past all belief, not to be believed.
Incrustation, *subst. f.* *Incrustation*.
Incrusté, *ée*, *adj.* *Incrusted*, &c.
Incruster, *v. a.* *To incrustate*, to line with marble, jasper, &c.
Incubation, *f. f.* *Incubation*.
Incube, *f. m.* *Incubus*, a devil that under a man's shape has carnal knowledge of a woman.
Inculqué, *ée*, *adj.* *Inculcated*, beaten into one's head or brains.
Inculquer, *v. act.* *To inculcate*, to beat into one's head or brains.
Inculte, *adj.* *Uncultivated*, untilled, unmanured, waste. * (*En parlant de l'esprit*) *uncultivated*, untilled, coarse, homely, unpolite.
Incurable, *adj.* *Incurable*, not to be cured.
Les incurables, *subst. m. pl.* *The incurables*, an hospital for people desperately sick.
Incurſion, *subst. f.* *Incurſion*, inroad.
Inde, *f. f.* *Es. Coq-d'Inde*, a turkey-cock. *Poule-d'Inde*, a turkey-hen.
Indécemment, *adv.* *Indecently*,

IND 279

ly, unhandſomely, unſcemly, miſbecomingly.
Indécence, *f. f.* *Indecency*, *indecorum*, unbecomingness.
Indécet, *ente*, *adj.* *Indecent*, unhandſome, unbecoming or miſbecoming, unſcemly, ugly.
Indéchiffable, *adj.* *That cannot be deciphered*; * *obſcure*, intricate, perplexed.
Indécis, *iſe*, *adj.* *Undecided*, *undetermined*.
Indéclinable, *adj.* *Indeclinable*, that cannot be declined.
Indécrottable, *adj.* *Unpolite*, clowniſh, rude, uncivilized, unpoliſhable. † *Un animal indécrottable*, an unpoliſhed fellow.
Indéfini, *ie*, *adj.* *Indefinite*, *undetermined*, *unlimited*, *unbounded*.
Indéſiniment, *adv.* *Indefinitely*, *undeterminately*.
Indélébile, *adj.* *Indelible*, that cannot be blotted out.
Indélibéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Indeliberate*, sudden.
Indemnité, *ée*, *adj.* *Saved harmleſs*, *indemnified*.
Indemniſer, *v. act.* *To ſave harmleſs*, to indemnify, to make amends for.
Indemnité, *f. f.* (*dédommagement*) *Indemnity*, a ſaving harmleſs. *Promettre indemnité à quelqu'un*, to offer to ſave one harmleſs.
Indépendamment, *adv.* *Independently*, without any dependence. *Vivre indépendamment*, to depend upon nobody, to be one's own man.
Indépendance, *subst. f.* *Independence*, liberty, full liberty.
Indépendant, *ante*, *adj.* *Independent*, free, that has no dependency upon any one. ♣ *Les Indépendans*, (la ſecte des Indépendans en Angleterre) *the independent or congregationaliſts*.
Indétermination, *f. f.* *Irreſolution*, the being undetermined or in ſuſpence, uncertainty.
Indéterminé, *ée*, *adj.* *Undetermined* or *indeterminate*, *indefinite*, *unlimited*; ♣ *un-*

decided; ♦ *uncertain, irresolute.*
 Indéterminément, *adv. Indeterminately, in general.*
 Indestituable, *adj. That cannot be turned out.*
 Indévot, *ote, adj. Indevout, irreligious.*
 Indévotion, *f. f. Indevotion, irreligion.*
 Index, *f. m. An index or table of a book; ♦ the forefinger.*
 Indicatif, *ive, adj. Indicative, shewing.*
 Indicatif, *f. m. Indicative or indicative mood.*
 Indication, *subst. f. Indication.*
 Indice, *f. m. Index; ♦ a sign, token, mark or probable evidence, notice.*
 Indicable, *adj. Unspeakable, unexpressible, not to be expressed.*
 Indiction, *f. f. The proclaiming or calling of a council. ♦ (Maniere de compter de quinze en quinze années,) indiction, the space of fifteen years.*
 Indienne, *f. f. Printed callicoe.*
 Indifféremment, *adv. Indifferently, coldly, carelessly, without caring much for it; ♦ without distinction.*
 Indifférence, *f. f. Indifference or indifference, careless and unconcerned affection.*
 Indifférent, *ente, adj. Indifferent, all one; ♦ of no concern.*
 Indifférent, *ente, f. m. & f. An indifferent man or woman.*
 Indigence, *subst. f. Indigence, poverty, need, want, penury.*
 Indigent, *ente, adj. Indigent, poor, needy.*
 Indigeste, *adj. Undigested, raw; ♦ hard to be digested. * (Confus,) undigested, F confused, disordered.*
 Indigestion, *f. f. Indigestion, surfeit.*
 Indignation, *f. f. Indignation, anger.*
 Indigne, *adj. Unworthy. ♦ (Méchant,) unworthy, ill, base, shameful.*

Indigné, *ée, adj. Very angry, full of indignation.*
 Indignement, *adv. Unworthily, basely, shamefully.*
 S'indigner, *v. r. To be angry with, to fret, to fume or chafe.*
 Indignité, *f. f. Unworthiness or indignity. ♦ (Enormité,) heinousness, enormity, grievousness, baseness. ♦ (Affront,) affront, unworthy usage, outrage.*
 Indigo, *f. m. Indigo.*
 Indiqué, *ée, adj. Shewn, &c. ♦ called, summoned, appointed to meet.*
 Indiquer, *v. a. (montrer.) To shew, to teach, to direct to; ♦ to call, summon, adjourn, appoint.*
 Indirect, *ette, adj. Indirect.*
 Indirectement, *adverb. Indirectly.*
 Indisciplinable, *adj. Undisciplinable, unruly, untoward; that will not bear with good discipline, indocile.*
 Indiscret, *ete, adj. Indiscreet or indiscreet, unwise, unthinking, rash, foolish, inconsiderate, unadvised, unguarded.*
 Un indiscret, *f. m. Une indiscrete, f. f. An indiscreet man or woman.*
 Indiscrétion, *f. f. Indiscrétion, foolishness, unadvisedness, inconsideration; ♦ a piece of indiscretion, an extravagance, a folly.*
 Indiscrètement, *adv. Indiscreetly, unadvisedly, foolishly, inconsiderately, rashly.*
 Indispensable, *adj. Indispensable, not to be dispensed with or avoided, necessary.*
 Indispensablement, *adv. Indispensably, unavoidably, necessarily.*
 Indisposé, *ée, adj. Indisposed, disordered, out of order. ♦ (Mal-intentionné,) indisposed, disaffected, estranged, alienated, averse.*
 Indisposer, *v. a. To disaffect, estrange or alienate.*
 Indisposition, *f. f. Indisposition, illness, distemper. ♦ (Mécontentement,) indis-*

position, disinclination, averseness, disaffection, estrangement.
 Indisolubilité, *f. f. Indissolubility.*
 Indissoluble, *adj. Indissoluble, not to be dissolved.*
 Indissolublement, *adv. Indissolubly.*
 Indistinct, *inète, adj. Indistinct, confused, disordered.*
 Indistinctement, *adv. Indistinctly, confusedly; ♦ indifferently, without any distinction.*
 Individu, *f. m. An individual, a single or particular thing or person. † Conserver son individu, to take care of one's carcass.*
 Individuel, *elle, adj. Individual, separable, singular.*
 Individuellement, *adv. Individually.*
 Indivis, *ise, adj. Unparted, unseparated, undivided.*
 Par indivis, *adv. Jointly, in coparceny.*
 Indivisible, *adj. Indivisible, not to be divided.*
 Indivisiblement, *adv. Indivisibly.*
 Indocile, *adj. Indocile or indocile, untoward.*
 Indocilité, *f. f. Indocility, untowardness.*
 Indolence, *f. f. Indolence, insensibility, indifference, carelessness, supineness.*
 Indolent, *ente, adj. Indolent, insensible, careless, supine.*
 Indomptable, *adj. Invincible, untameable, unruly, not to be tamed or curbed, ungovernable.*
 Indompté, *ée, adj. Not tamed, not curbed.*
 In-douze, *f. m. A duodecimo or twelve.*
 Indu, *ue, adj. Undue, unlawful. Heure indue, undue or unseasonable hour. Se retirer à heure indue, to come home at undue hours or unseasonably, to keep bad or ill hours.*
 Indubitable, *adj. Indubitable, not to be doubted, undoubted, unquestionable, not to be questioned, most certain.*

IND

Indubitabement, *adv.* *Indubitably*, undoubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.
Induction, *f. f.* *Induction*, inducement, persuasion, enticing or drawing in; Φ inference or conclusion, consequence.
Induire, *v. a.* To induce, lead, entice, persuade or draw on. Φ (Interer,) to infer or conclude, to draw a consequence.
Induit, *ite*, *adj.* *Induced*, led, persuaded, &c. *V.* *Induire*.
Indulgence, *f. f.* *Indulgence*.
Indulgent, *ente*, *adj.* *Indulgent*, gentle, kind, mild, tender-hearted.
Indult, *subst. m.* An indult, a special grant from the Pope, for conferring of benefices.
Indultaire, *f. m.* One that has got an indult.
Indument, *adv.* *Unduly*, unlawfully.
Industrie, *f. f.* *Industry*. *Vire d'industrie*, to live upon one's wits. Φ *User d'industrie*, to use cunning. \dagger *Chevalier d'industrie*, a sharper, one that lives by his wits.
Industrieusement, *adv.* *Industriously*, ingeniously.
Industrieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Industrious*, ingenious.
Inébranable, *adj.* *Unmoveable*, unshaken, not to be shaken; * steady, firm, constant, resolute.
Ineffabilité, *f. f.* *Ineffability* or *ineffableness*, unspeakableness.
Ineffable, *adj.* *Ineffable*, unspeakable, not to be expressed.
Ineffaçable, *adj.* *Indelible*, that cannot be blotted out.
Inefficace, *adj.* *Inefficacious*, ineffectual, vain, fruitless.
Inefficacité, *f. f.* *Inefficaciousness*, want of force, virtue or strength.
Inégal, *ale*, *adj.* *Unequal*, uneven. *V.* *Egal*, in all its senses.
Intégalement, *adv.* *Unequally*, in an unequal manner. *V.* *Egalement*.

INE

Inégalité, *f. f.* *Inequality*, unevenness. *V.* *Egalité*.
Inénarrable, *adj.* *Unspeakable*, unexpressible, not to be expressed.
Inepte, *adj.* *Foolish*, simple, silly, nonsensical, impertinent.
Ineptie, *f. f.* *Folly*, silliness, foolery, impertinence.
Inépuisable, *adj.* *Inexhaustible*, unexhausted, not to be exhausted.
Inespéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Unexpected*, unhopd or unlooked for.
Inespérement, *adv.* *Unexpectedly*, beyond all hope, beyond all expectation.
Inestimable, *adj.* *Inestimable*, of an infinite value.
Inévitable, *adj.* *Inevitable*, unavoidable, not to be avoided or shunned.
Inexact, *acte*, *adj.* *Not exact*, careless, negligent.
Inexactitude, *f. f.* *Carelessness*, negligence.
Inexcusable, *adj.* *Inexcusable*, not to be excused, unpardonable.
Inexécution, *f. f.* *Non-performance*, want of performance, the not performing.
Inexorable, *adj.* *Inexorable*, inflexible, that will not be intreated, that will give ear to no intreaty.
Inexpérience, *f. f.* *Inexperience*, want of experience, the being a novice.
Inexpérimenté, *ée*, *adj.* *Unexperienced*, raw.
Inexpiable, *adj.* *Inexpiable*, not to be expiated or atoned for.
Inexplicable, *adj.* *Inexplicable*, that cannot be explained or unfolded.
Inexprimable, *adj.* *Inexpressible*, not to be expressed.
Inexpugnable, *adj.* *Inexpugnable*, impregnable, that cannot be taken by force.
Inextinguible, *adj.* *Inextinguishable*, not to be quenched or put out, unquenchable.
Inextricable, *adj.* *Inextricable*.
Infaillibilité, *f. f.* *Infallibility*; Φ certainty.
Infaillible, *adj.* *Infallible*.

INF 281

Infailliblement, *adv.* *Infallibly*, certainly, without fail.
Infaisable, *adj.* *Unfeasible*, not to be done, impossible.
Infamant, *ante*, *adj.* *Infamous*, disgraceful, ignominious.
Infamation, *f. f.* *Defaming*, note of infamy.
Infame, *adj.* *Defamously*, defamed, noted or noted with infamy, lost to his reputation; Φ base, disgraceful, unworthy, shameful, villainous, sordid; Φ nasty, filthy. Φ *Lieu infame*, a stew, a bawdy-house.
Uninfame, *f. m.* *One infame*, *f. f.* *An infamous man* or woman, one noted with infamy.
Infamie, *f. f.* *Infamy*, disgrace, discredit, dishonour, shame, reproach; Φ a base, shameful, unworthy or villainous action. Φ *Il lui a dit mille infamies*, he has called him a thousand names.
Infant, *f. m.* *Infant*, a son of Spain or Portugal.
Infante, *subst. f.* *Infanta*, a daughter of Spain or Portugal.
Infanterie, *subst. f.* *Infantry*, foot.
Infatigable, *adj.* *Indefatigable*, unwearied, not to be wearied.
Infatigablement, *adv.* *Indefatigably*.
Infatuation, *f. f.* *Infatuation*, strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness.
Infatué, *ée*, *adj.* *Infatuated*, prepossessed, fond, bewitched.
Infatuer, *v. a.* To infatuate, to prepossess, to bewitch.
Infécond, *onde*, *adj.* *Barren*, unfruitful, unfruitful, in a proper and figurative sense.
Infécondité, *f. f.* *Infecundity*, barrenness, unfruitfulness, infertility, unfruitfulness.
Infect, *ecte*, *adj.* *Tainted*, stinking, infectious, contagious.
Infecté, *ée*, *adj.* *Infected*, tainted.
Infecter, *v. a.* To infect or

taint. * Infecter les esprits, *to infect, taint or poison the minds.*

Infection, *f. f.* Infection or *taint, a contagious stink or corruption.*

Inféodation, *f. f.* Infeoffing, *infeoffments.*

Inféodé, *ée, adj.* Infeoffed, *settled in a fee.* ♦ Rente inféodée, *rent - charge, a rent with which land is charged for ever.* Dixmes inféodées, *impropriation of tithes.*

Inféoder, *v. a.* To infeoff. Inféré, *ée, adj.* Inferred, *gathered, concluded.*

Inferer, *v. a.* To infer, *gather or conclude.* Que peut-on inférer de là ? *what can be inferred from thence ?*

Inférieur, *eure, adj.* Lower, *nether ; ♦ inferior, of a lower degree or merit.*

Inférieurment, *adv.* Below. Infériorité, *f. f.* Inferiority, *lower degree.*

Infernal, *ale, adj.* Hellish, *infernal, devilish.*

Infertile, *adj.* Infertile, *barren, unfruitful.*

Infertilité, *f. f.* Infertility, *barrenness, unfruitfulness.*

Infesté, *ée, adj.* Infested, *troubled.*

Infester, *v. a.* To infest or *trouble.* ♦ (Ravager,) *to infest, harass, disturb.*

Infidélité, *f. f.* Infidelity, *unfaithfulness, disloyalty, treachery ; ♦ a piece of infidelity or unfaithfulness ; treachery or treacherous act.*

Il lui a fait une grande infidélité, *he has been very false or unfaithful to him.*

Infidelle, *adject.* Unfaithful, *treacherous, faithless, false, disloyal, perfidious ; ♦ unbelieving, that believes not.*

Infidelle, *f. m. & f. a* false or *unfaithful man or woman ; ♦ an infidel, unfaithful or unbeliever.*

Infidèlement, *adv.* Unfaithfully, *treacherously, falsely, perfidiously.*

Infini, *ie, adj.* Infinite, *boundless, unbounded ; ♦ endless, innumerable.* ♦ Avoir des obligations infinies à

quelqu'un, *to be infinitely obliged to one.*

Infini, *subst. m.* An infinite being.

A l'infini, *adv.* Infinitely, *without end or measure.*

Infiniment, *adv.* Infinitely, *without end or measure ; ♦ infinitely, exceedingly, extremely ; ♦ an infinite or great deal.*

Infinité, *f. f.* Infiniteness, *infinity, endlessness ; ♦ an infinite or vast number, a world.*

Infinitif, *f. m.* Infinitive, *the infinitive mood.*

Infirmatif, *ive, adj.* Annuling, *weakening, invalidating, making void.*

Infirmé, *adj.* Infirm, *weak, craxy, feeble, sickly.*

Les Infirmes, *f. m. pl.* Infirm or *sick people.*

Infirmé, *ée, adj.* Weakened, *invalidated, &c.*

Infirmier, *v. a.* To weaken, *enfeeble or invalidate.*

Infirmierie, *f. m.* Infirmary, *an hospital in a monastery.*

Infirmier, *f. m.* Infirmiere, *f. f.* The overseer of the infirmary in a monastery.

Infirmité, *subst. f.* Infirmary, *weakness, sickliness.*

Inflammable, *adj.* That catches fire presently, *combustible.*

Inflammation, *f. f.* Inflammation.

Inflexibilité, *f. f.* Inflexibility, *unrelenting spirit.*

Inflexible, *adject.* Inflexible, *inexorable, stiff, not to be prevailed upon, not to be intreated.*

Inflexiblement, *adv.* Inflexibly, *obstinately.*

Inflexion, *subst. f.* Inflexion, *bending, turning, winding.*

Influctif, *ive, adj.* Influctive.

Infliction, *subst. f.* (action d'infliger une peine.) In-
flition.

Infliger, *v. a.* une peine, *to inflict or lay a punishment upon.*

Influence, *f. f.* Influence.

Influer, *v. a. & n.* To influence. La bonne ou mauvaise éducation influe sur toute la vie, *a good or bad edu-*

cation has an influence upon the whole life.

Information, *f. f.* Informa-
tion.

Informe, *adj.* Unformed or *informous, without form, fashion or shape, shapeless.*

Informé, *ée, adj.* Informed, *&c.*

Informé, *v. a.* To inform.

Ex. L'ame informe le corps, *the soul informs the body.*

♦ Informer, (instruire,) *to inform, to give notice or information, to tell.*

Informé, *v. n.* (faire en-
quête.) To inform, *enquire or examine, to make an in-*

quest.

S'informer d'une chose, *v. r.*

To enquire about a thing, *to make an enquiry after it, to inform one's self about it.*

Infortune, *f. f.* Misfortune, *mischance, disaster, infeli-*

city, *adversity.*

Infortuné, *ée, adject.* Un-
fortunate, *unhappy, un-*

lucky.

Infraacteur, *f. m.* (from En-
freindre.) An infringer, *breaker or transgressor.*

Infraction, *f. f.* Infringement, *breach, violation.*

Infructueusement, *adv.* Un-
profitably, *in vain, to no*

purpose.

Infructueux, *euse, adj.* Un-
fruitful, *barren.* * (Inutile,) *unfruitful, fruitless, unpro-*

fitable, *vain.*

Infus, *use, adj.* Infused.

Insulé, *ée, adj.* Insuled, *steeped.*

Infuser, *v. a.* To infuse or *steep.*

Infusion, *f. f.* Infusion.

Ingénieur, *f. m.* An engineer.

♦ Ingénieur de la Marine, *a naval engineer.* ♦ Ingé-

nieur-construteur, *a ship-*

wright in the king's navy.

Ingénieusement, *adv.* Inge-
niously, *wisely.*

Ingénieux, *euse, adj.* Inge-
nious, *witty, full of wit ; ♦*

industrious.

Ingénu, *ue, adj.* Ingenious, *free, open, frank, sincere,*

plain.

ING

Ingénuité, *f. f.* *Ingenuity or ingenuousness, frankness, freedom, plainness; & simplicity, innocence.*
Ingenument, *adv.* *Ingenuously, freely, plainly, frankly; & simply.*
S'ingérer, *v. r.* *To meddle or intermeddle with, to undertake, to screw one's self or intrude into other people's concerns, to be a busy body or an officious coxcomb, to take upon one.*
Ingrat, *ate, adj.* *Ungrateful or ingrate, unthankful, unmindful. * (Stérile,) ungrateful, unprofitable, unfruitful.*
Uningrat, *f. m.* *Une ingrate, f. f. An ungrateful man or woman, an ingrate.*
Ingratitude, *f. f.* *Ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness; & a piece of ingratitude, &c.*
Ingrédient, *f. m.* *An ingredient.*
Inhabile, *adj.* *Incapable, incapable, unable.*
Inhabilité, *f. f.* *Incapacity, incapacity.*
Inhabitable, *adj.* *Uninhabitable or inhabitable, that cannot be inhabited.*
Inhabité, *ée, adj.* *Uninhabited, not inhabited.*
Inhérence, *f. f.* *Inherency.*
Inhérent, *ente, adj.* *Inherent, sticking to.*
Inhibé, *ée, adj.* *Inhibited, prohibited, forbidden.*
Inhiber, *v. act.* *(terme de Palais.) To inhibit, forbid or prohibit.*
Inhibition, *f. f.* *Inhibition, prohibition, forbidding.*
Inhumain, *aine, adj.* *Inhuman, cruel, void of humanity, barbarous, savage.*
Un inhumain, *f. m.* *Une inhumaine, f. f. A cruel man or woman.*
Inhumainement, *adv.* *Inhumanly, cruelly, barbarously, after an inhuman, cruel or barbarous manner.*
Inhumanité, *f. f.* *Inhumanity, cruelty, barbarity; & a piece of cruelty or inhumanity.*
Inhumation, *f. f.* *Inhumation,*

INI

a burying or putting into the ground.
Inhumé, *ée, adj.* *Inhumed, buried, interred.*
Inhumer, *v. act.* *To inhum, bury or inter.*
Injection, *f. f.* *Injection.*
Inimaginable, *adj.* *Unimaginable, incomprehensible, not to be imagined.*
Inimitable, *adj.* *Unimitable, incomparable, not to be imitated or paralleled.*
Inimitié, *f. f.* *(haine, malveillance.) Enmity, hatred, grudge.*
Inintelligible, *adject.* *Unintelligible, not to be understood.*
Injonction, *f. f.* *(from Enjoindre.) Injunction or command. Faire injonction de la part du Roi, to command in the King's name.*
Inique, *adj.* *Unjust, unrighteous, partial, wicked.*
Iniquement, *adv.* *Unjustly, partially.*
Iniquité, *f. f.* *Iniquity, injustice, unrighteousness, partiality; & corruption, wickedness, iniquity.*
Initial, *ale, adj.* *That begins a word, initial.*
Initié, *ée, adj.* *Initiated, entered, admitted.*
Initier, *v. a.* *To initiate, enter or admit.*
Injure, *f. f.* *Injury, wrong, outrage, offence, abuse; & (Parole offensante,) base, ill or abusive language; abuse, reproach.*
Injurié, *ée, adject.* *Abused, railed at, reviled, vilified, offended.*
Injurier, *v. a.* *To abuse, rail at, revile or vilify, to offend, to call names.*
Injurieusement, *adv.* *Injuriously, basely, outrageously, reproachfully.*
Injurieux, *euse, adject.* *Injurious, outrageous, abusive, offensive; & unjust, wrongful, hurtful.*
Injuste, *adj.* *Unjust, wrongful, unreasonable.*
Injustement, *adv.* *Unjustly, wrongfully, unreasonably.*
Injustice, *f. f.* *Injustice; &*

INQ 283

an unjust act, a piece of injustice, a wrong, hard dealing, ill usage.
Inné, *ée, adj.* *Innate, innated, inborn. Les idées innées, innate ideas.*
Innocement, *adv.* *Innocently, harmlessly, without any ill design.*
Innocence, *f. f.* *Innocence or innocency, guilelessness, integrity, harmlessness, simplicity, fullness.*
Innocent, *ente, adj.* *Innocent, guileless; & innocent, inoffensive, harmless; & innocent, simple, silly.*
Innocent, *ente, f. m. & f.* *An innocent, simple, silly, half-witted man or woman. & Les Innocens, (la fête des Innocens,) childermas-day.*
Innombrable, *adj.* *Innumerable, not to be numbered, numberless, infinite.*
Innovation, *f. f.* *Innovation, charge, alteration.*
Innové, *ée, adj.* *Innovated.*
Innover, *v. a.* *To innovate or make innovation, to change old customs and bring up new ones.*
Inobservation, *f. f.* *The infringing, slighting or not observing.*
Inondation, *f. f.* *Inundation, flood, overflowing. * Inondation de Barbares, (irruption de Barbares qui envahissent un pays,) an inundation of barbarians.*
Inondé, *ée, adj.* *Overflowed, under water.*
Inonder, *v. a.* *To overflow, to put under water. * Un torrent de fausses opinions a inondé tout ce pays-là, a torrent of false opinions has overrun or spread the whole country.*
Inopiné, *ée, adj.* *Unthought of, unexpected, unlooked for, sudden.*
Inopinément, *adv.* *Unawares, unexpectedly, suddenly.*
Inoui, *ie, adj.* *(dont on n'a jamais oui parler.) Unheard of, strange. Il est inoui ou c'est une chose inouïe, it is a thing unheard of, it is strange.*
Inquiet, *etc, adj.* *Unquiet;*

284 I N Q

refless, uneasy. ♦ *Malade inquiet, a sick body that can never be at rest, that is very uneasy.* ♦ *Sommeil inquiet, a broken sleep.*
Inquiétude, ée, adj. Disquieted, troubled, vexed, perplexed, disturbed, &c.
Inquiéter, v. a. To disquiet, trouble, vex, perplex or disturb, to make uneasy, to put in pain.
S'inqüiéter, verb. réc. To be vexed or disquieted, to disquiet one's self, to fret, to be uneasy.
Inquiétude, f. f. Unquietness, disquiet, restlessness, trouble, anguish of mind, taking care, uneasiness.
Inquisiteur, f. m. An inquisitor, one of the judges of the inquisition.
Inquisition, f. f. Inquisition, strict search or enquiry; ♦ inquisition, a sort of ecclesiastical court among the Spaniards and Portuguese.
Insatiabilité, f. f. Insatiableness, greediness.
Insatiable, adj. Insatiable or unsatiable, that cannot be satisfied, insatuate.
Insatiabement, adv. Insatiably, greedily.
Inscription, f. f. An inscription.
Inscrire, v. a. To inscribe.
S'inscrire en faux contre un écrit, to undertake to prove a writing false or plead the falsity of a writing.
Inscrit, ite, adj. Incribed.
Inscrutable, adj. Inscrutable, unsearchable, unfathomable.
Insçu, f. m. This word is never used but with the particle A. Ex. A mon insçu, unknown to me, without my knowledge or privacy. A son insçu, unknown to him.
Insecte, f. m. Insect, a little living creature.
In-seize, f. m. (terme de Libraire.) The double of an octavo, a book in sixteen.
Insensé, ée, adj. Senseless, foolish, out of his wit, mad.
Un insensé, subst. m. A senseless, foolish or mad man, a fool.
Une insensée, subst. f. A sen-

I N S

seless, foolish or mad woman, a fool.
Insensibilité, f. f. Insensibility.
Insensible, adj. Insensible, not sensible, that has no sense; ♦ imperceptible, not felt.
Insensible, f. m. & f. An insensible man or woman.
Insensiblement, adv. Insensibly, imperceptibly, by degrees, by little and little.
Inséparable, adj. Inseparable, that cannot be separated.
Inséparablement, adv. Inseparably, indissolubly.
Inséré, ée, adj. Inserted, &c.
Insérer, v. a. To insert, to put or bring in, to join or add to.
Insertion, f. f. Insertion. ♦ Insertion de la petite vérole, inoculation of the small pox. Donner la petite vérole par insertion, to inoculate the small pox.
Insidieusement, adverb. Insidiously, treacherously.
Insidieux, euse, adj. Insidious, treacherous, deceitful, ensnaring.
Insigne, adj. Signal, great, famous, egregious, remarkable, notorious; ♦ great, noted, notorious, arrant.
Insinuant, ante, adj. Insinuating, insinuating, engaging, winning, pleasing.
Insinuation, f. f. Insinuation; ♦ a registering or entering into a register-book.
Insinué, ée, adj. Insinuated, &c. V. the verb.
Insinuer, v. a. To insinuate; ♦ to register or enter in the register-book, to set down upon record; ♦ to intimate or give to understand.
S'insinuer, verb. r. To creep, wriggle or steal in, to wind, screw or insinuate one's self in or into.
*Insipide, adj. Insipid, unsavoury, tasteless, that has no taste or relish; * insipid, rash, witless.*
Insipidité, subst. f. Insipidity, unsavouriness.
Insister, verb. n. To insist or stand much upon, to urge or press hard, to be instant, to persist in.

I N S

Insociable, adj. Unsociable or insociable, unconvertable.
Insolément, adv. Insolently, saucily, malapertly; ♦ haughtily, proudly.
Insolence, subst. f. Insolence, sauciness, impudence; ♦ insolence, arrogance, pride, haughtiness.
Insolent, onte, adj. (effronté.) Insolent, saucy, impudent, malapert. ♦ (Orgueilleux,) insolent, proud, haughty, presumptuous, arrogant.
Insolvabilité, subst. f. Insolvency.
Insolvable, adject. Insolvent, not able to pay.
Insoluble, adj. Insoluble, that cannot be dissolved.
Insomnie, f. f. Want of sleep, a distemper that keeps one constantly awake; watching, lying awake.
Insoutenable, adj. Unwarrentable.
Inspecteur, subst. masc. An inspector, overseer or controller.
Inspection, f. f. Inspection, over-seeing; ♦ close viewing, looking on or looking narrowly into.
Inspiration, f. f. Inspiration.
Inspiré, ée, adj. Inspired.
Inspirer, v. a. To inspire with; to suggest, to put into one's head.
Instabilité, f. f. Instability, uncertainty, inconstancy.
Installation, f. f. Installation or instalment.
Installé, ée, adj. Installed.
Installer, v. a. To install.
Instamment, adv. Instantly, earnestly.
Instance, f. f. Instance, entreaty, motion, solicitation, importunity, eager suit, earnestness. ♦ (Poursuite en Justice,) demand, suit or cause depending at law. Jugement en premiere instance, a judgment upon the first demand or point in controversy.
Instant, ante, adj. Instant, earnest, urging, pressing.
Instant, f. m. Instant, moment, minute.
A l'instant, adv. At the same time, presently, in a moment.

INS

forthwith, immediately, straight. ♣ Au même instant que, as soon as.
A l'instar, adv. Like, in the same manner as.
Instauration, *f. f.* Instauration or restoration.
Instigateur, subst. m. An instigator, enconrager, enticer or setter on.
Instigation, *f. f.* Instigation, motion, sollicitation, encouragement, egging or setting on.
Instigué, ée, adj. Instigated, enticed, spurred on, &c.
Instiguer, v. a. To instigate or entice, to spur, egg or set on, to encourage.
Instillé, ée, adj. Instilled, &c.
Instiller, v. a. To instill or pour in gently.
Instinct, *f. m.* Instinct, a natural sense or motion. ♣ (Présentiment secret,) an instinct or inspiration.
Institué, ée, adj. Instituted, appointed, ordered, made, ordained.
Instituer, v. a. To institute, appoint, order, make, ordain or found. ♣ Instituer (nommer quelqu'un) son héritier, to make one one's heir.
Institut, *f. m.* An institute, order or rule of life.
Institutes, *f. f. pl.* Institutes, an abridgment of the Roman laws.
Instituteur, *f. m.* A founder.
Institution, *f. f.* Institution, establishment, appointing, founding, &c. V. Instituer. ♣ instruction, teaching, bringing or training up, education.
Instructif, ive, adj. Instructive, full of instruction.
Instruction, *f. f.* Instruction, education, a bringing or training up, breeding. ♣ (Précepte,) a precept or document. ♣ (Connoissance de ce qu'on ignore,) knowledge. ♣ Instruction d'un procès, the preparing things for the trial or hearing of a cause; the council's instruction, a brief of the case.
Instruire, v. a. (élever.) To instruct or teach, to train

INT

or bring up, to educate. ♣ (Donner des instructions,) to instruct or give instructions. ♣ (Informé,) to inform, to give notice, to tell. ♣ Instruire un procès, to make a cause ready or to prepare things for a hearing or trial.
Instruit, ite, adj. Instructed, taught, trained up, &c. V.
Instruire. Un enfant bien instruit, a child well bred or educated.
Instrument, *f. m.* Instrument, tool, implement. ♣ (Acte public,) instrument, deed. ♣ Instrument de paix, a treaty of peace.
Instrumental, ale, adj. Instrumental.
Instrumenter, v. n. To make deeds, instruments, indentures, &c.
Insuffisamment, adv. Insufficiently, imperfectly.
Insuffisance, *f. f.* Insufficiency, incapacity.
Insuffisant, ante, adj. Insufficient, not sufficient.
Insulaire, adj. Insular, belonging to an island.
Insulaire, subst. m. & f. An islander.
Insulte, subst. f. An insult, abuse, affront, outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult one, to abuse or affront him.
Insulté, ée, adj. Insulted, &c.
Insulter, v. a. & n. To insult, abuse or affront; to be outrageous. ♣ Insulter à quelqu'un, to insult or crowd over one. ♣ Insulter une contrescarpe, to attack a counterscarp openly and smartly, to storm it.
Insupportable, adj. Insupportable or unsupportable, unsufferable, intolerable, grievous, not to be suffered or born.
Insupportablement, adv. Insupportably, unsufferably.
Insurmontable, adj. Insurmountable, invincible, unconquerable, not to be overcome.
Intarissable, adj. That never dries up, unexhaustible.
Intégral, ale, adj. (terme de Géométrie,) Integral,

INT 285

Intégrant, ante, adj. Es. Parties intégrant, integral parts.
Integre, adj. Upright, honest, just, incorruptible, not to be bribed.
Intégrité, *f. f.* (probité.) Integrity, honesty, innocence, uprightness. ♣ (Etat d'un tout qui a toutes ses parties,) integrity, entireness, wholeness. ♣ (Etat parfait,) soundness, wholeness. ♣ L'intégrité de l'action épique, the entireness of the epic action.
Intellect, *f. m.* Intellect, understanding.
Intellectif, ive, adj. Intellectual.
Intellectuel, elle, adj. Intellectual.
Intelligemment, adv. Understandingly, knowingly.
Intelligence, *f. f.* (faculté intellectuelle,) Intelligence, understanding. ♣ (Connoissance,) intelligence, knowledge. ♣ (Bon sens,) judgment or skill. ♣ (Correspondance,) intelligence, correspondence. ♣ (Amitié, liaison,) correspondence, familiarity, union, concord, good understanding. ♣ (Substance spirituelle,) a spirit or spiritual substance.
Intelligent, ente, adj. Intelligent, understanding, knowing, skilled or skilful.
Intelligible, adj. Intelligible, plain, easy to be understood; ♣ audible, loud; ♣ spiritual.
Intelligiblement, adv. Intelligibly.
Intempéramment, adv. Intemperately, immoderately.
Intempérance, *f. f.* Intemperance, immoderation, excess. * Intempérance de langue, too great a freedom of speech, a being too free with one's tongue.
Intempérant, ante, adj. Intemperate, not master of his own appetites, disorderly.
Intempérie, *f. f.* Intemperance. ♣ Intempérie des humeurs, intemperateness of humours.
Intendance, *f. f.* Direction,

administration, management; the place or office of an intendant. (District où s'étend la charge d'un Intendant,) *the district of an Intendant's jurisdiction.* Il a l'intendance de la maison, *he is the steward or comptroller of his house.*

Intendant, *f. m.* (dans une province.) *An Intendant or provincial overseer.* (Officier préposé par le Roi pour certaines affaires,) *an overseer, comptroller or surveyor of any thing under the King's authority.* Intendant, (ou maître d'hôtel,) *a steward or comptroller of a great man's house.*

Intendante, *f. f.* *An intendant's lady.*

Inté, *ée, adj.* *Entered.*

Intenter, *v. a.* *To enter.* Ex. Intenter une action contre quelqu'un, *to enter an action against one, to sue him at law.*

Intention, *subst. f.* *Intension, intent, purpose, drift, design, mind, meaning.* Je le disois à bonne intention, *I meant well when I spoke it.* Porter son intention au gain, *to aim at profit, to have profit in one's eye or in prospect.* Il l'a fait à votre intention, *he has done it upon your account.*

Intentionné, *ée, adj.* *Affected.* Ex. Une personne bien ou mal-intentionnée, *a person well or ill affected.* Ils étoient mal-intentionnés pour la paix, *they were averse from or disinclined to peace.*

Intercadent, *adj. m.* (terme de Médecine, il se dit du pouls.) *Irregular.*

Intercalaire, *adj.* *Intercalar.* Jour intercalaire, (le 29 de Février dans l'année bissextile,) *the intercalor or odd day in February in the leap-year.* Vers intercalaires, *the burden of a song.*

Intercalation, *f. f.* *Intercalation.*

Intercalé, *ée, adj.* *Inserted, added.*

Intercaler, *v. act.* *To insert, pr add.*

Intercéder, *v. n.* *To intercede, to make intercession, to pray for another.*

Intercepté, *ée, adj.* *Intercepted.*

Intercepter, *v. a.* des lettres, *to intercept letters, to take them up by the way.*

Interception, *subst. f.* *Interception.*

Intercesseur, *f. m.* *An intercessor, a mediator.*

Intercession, *f. f.* *Intercession, mediation.*

Intercostal, *ale, adj.* Veine intercostale, *intercostal vein, a branch of the hollow vein, which feeds the space between the three highest ribs.*

Interdiction, *f. f.* *Interdiction, prohibition.*

Interdire, *v. a.* *To interdict, prohibit or forbid.* On a interdit nos églises, *our churches are shut up.* Interdire la chaire à un prédicateur, *to suspend one from preaching.* Interdire, (étonner,) *to mump, to put to a stand, to stun, to put to a nonplus.*

Interdit, *ite, adj.* *Forbidden, prohibited, interdicted.* (Étonné, troublé,) *mumped, at a loss, put to a stand, put to a nonplus, speechless, stunned, amazed.*

Interdit, *f. m.* *Interdiction, or suspension, a church-censure.*

Intéressant, *ante, adj.* (qui intéresse, qui touche.) *Moving, affecting, engaging, of great concern, material, remarkable.*

Intéressé, *ée, adj.* *Interested, concerned or engaged, &c.* Intéressé, (avare,) *covetous, selfish, self-interested.*

Intéressé, *subst. m.* *The party concerned in a business of consequence, as a patentee, &c.*

Intéresser, *v. act.* *To interest, concern or engage.* (Porter préjudice,) *to prejudice.* * (Emouvoir,) *to cause a concern, to move, to affect, to interest.*

S'intéresser, *v. r.* *To interest or concern one's self, to be*

concerned, to have a concern, to be moved or affected. Mon cœur s'intéresse pour lui, *my heart is concerned for him.*

Intérêt, *f. m.* *Interest, use of money; interest, good, benefit, advantage; concern.* J'ai intérêt en cette perte, *I am concerned in that loss.* Prendre intérêt à l'affliction de quelqu'un, *to be concerned for one's grief.* Il y va de mon intérêt, *it concerns me.* Je le ferai si j'y trouve mon intérêt, *I will do it if I find it beneficial to me.* Être dans les intérêts (ou dans le parti) de quelqu'un, *to side with one, to be for him.* Intérêt, (profit,) *interest, profit, lucre, gain.*

Interjection, *subst. f.* *Interjection.*

Interjeté, *ée, adj.* *Brought in.*

Interjeter, *verb. act.* *To bring in, to lodge.* Ex. Interjeter appel ou un appel, *to bring in or lodge an appeal; to appeal.*

Intérieur, *eure, adj.* *Internal, inward, inner, interior, intrinsic.*

Intérieur, *f. m.* *The inward or inward parts.* Ex. L'intérieur d'une maison, *the inner rooms of a house.* * Dieu seul connoit l'intérieur, *God alone knows man's heart.*

Intérieurement, *adv.* *Internally, inwardly.*

Intérim, *f. m.* *The interim or the mean time.*

Interligne, *subst. m.* *An interline.*

Interlinéaire, *adj.* *Interlined.*

Interlocution, *f. f.* *An interlocution or interlocutory order.*

Interlocutoire, *f. m.* ou sentence ou arrêt interlocutoire, *interlocutory order, an interlocution, an imparlance.*

Interlope, *f. m.* (terme de mer.) *Interloper or smuggler.*

Interloquer, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique.) *To determine some*

INT

Small matter in a cause, till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.
Intermede, *f. m.* *An interlude, in a play.*
Intermédiaire, *ate, adj.* *Intermediate.*
Intermission, *f. f.* *Intermission, pause, discontinuance, interruption.*
Intermittent, *ente, adj.* *Intermittent or intermitting.*
Interne, *adject.* *Inward, internal.*
Internonce, *f. m.* *An internuncio.*
Interpellation, *f. f.* *A summons, a demand.*
Interpellé, *ée, adj.* *Summoned, required.*
Interpeller, *v. a.* *(terme de Palais.) To summon, to challenge, to require.*
Interpolateur, *f. m.* *An interpolator.*
Interpoler, *v. a.* *To interpolate.*
Interposé, *ée, adj.* *Interposed.*
 ♦ *Personnes interposées, mediators, arbitrators.*
Interposer, *v. a.* *To interpose or put between.* * *Interposer son jugement, to give in one's verdict among the rest.*
S'interposer, *v. r.* *To interpose or intermeddle.*
Interposition, *subst. f.* *Interposition.*
Interprétation, *f. f.* *Interpretation, explanation, explanation.*
Interprete, *f. m.* *An interpreter, an expounder.*
Interprété, *ée, adj.* *Interpreted, expounded, explained.*
Interpréter, *v. a.* *To interpret, expound or explain; to tell the meaning of.* ♦ *Interpréter une chose en bonne ou mauvaise part, to interpret a thing well or ill, to take a thing in good or bad part, to take well or ill, to put a good or bad construction upon a thing.* Vous interprétez mal ce que je dis, you misinterpret what I say or my words; you mistake me.
Interregne, *f. m.* *An interregn or interregnum.*
Interrogant, *adj. masc.* *Ex. Point interrogant, ou d'in-*

INT

terrogation, a point or note of interrogation [?].
Interrogat, *f. m.* *An interrogation, a question.*
Interrogateur, *f. m.* *An examiner.*
Interrogatif, *ive, adj.* *Interrogative.*
Interrogation, *f. f.* *An interrogation, question or demand.*
Interrogatoire, *f. m.* *An interrogatory, an examination.*
Interrogé, *ée, adj.* *Interrogated, examined.*
Interroger, *v. act.* *To interrogate or examine, to ask a question.*
Interrompre, *v. a.* *To interrupt, disturb or take off; ♦ to interrupt or break off; ♦ to leave off.* ♦ *Interrompre le cours d'une rivière, to interrupt, stop or divert the course of a river.* Fossé qui interrompt une allée, a ditch that interrupts or crosses a walk.
Interrompu, *ue, adj.* *Interrupted, disturbed, taken off, &c.*
Interruption, *f. f.* *Interruption, breaking off; ♦ discontinuation.*
Intersection, *subst. fém.* *Intersection.*
Interstice, *f. m.* *An interval or space of time.*
Intervalle, *subst. m.* *Interval, space or distance.* Un fou qui a de bons intervalles, a mad man who has lucid intervals.
Intervenant, *ante, adj.* *Intervening.*
Intervenir, *v. n.* *To intervene or come betwixt; ♦ to mediate or interpose.*
Intervention, *f. f.* *Intervention; ♦ mediation, interposition.*
Intervenu, *ue, adject.* *Intervened.*
Intestat, *(terme de Pratique.)* *Ex. Héritier ab intestat, an heir of one that dies intestate.*
Intestin, *ine, adj.* *Intestine, that is in the intestines or entrails.* * *Une guerre intestinale, an intestine or civil war.*

INT 287

Intestins, *f. m. pl.* *The intestines, entrails or guts.*
Intimation, *f. f.* *An intimation or summons.*
Intime, *adj.* *Intimate, hearty.*
Intime, *f. m.* *(ou ami intime.) An intimate friend, a great crony.*
Intimé, *ée, adj.* *Summoned.*
Intimé, *f. m.* *The defendant; a Law term.*
Intimement, *adv.* *Intimately, with intimacy.*
Intimer, *v. a.* *To signify, to give notice, to summon.*
Intimidé, *ée, adj.* *Frighted, scared, terrified, discouraged.*
Intimider, *v. act.* *To intimidate, fright, scare, terrify or discourage.*
Intimité, *f. f.* *(amitié intime.) Intimacy.*
Intitulé, *ée, adj.* *Intituled.*
Intituler, *v. a.* *To intitle or give a title to.*
S'intituler, *verb. r.* *To intitle or call one's self.*
Intolérable, *adj.* *Intolerable, unsufferable, not to be suffered or born.*
Intolérant, *ante, adject.* *One who is against toleration.*
V. Tolérant.
Intonation, *f. f.* *Intonation.*
Intraitable, *adj.* *Untractable; harsh.*
Intrépide, *adj.* *Intrepid, stout; bold, fearless, dauntless, undaunted, that fears nothing.*
Intrépidité, *f. f.* *Intrepidity, fearlessness, stoutness, great courage, greatness of courage, resolution.*
Intrigant, *ante, adject.* *Intriguing, cunning, fit for business, that puts himself forward.*
Intrigue, *f. f.* *An intrigue; an intricate or cunning business.* ♦ *Intrigue d'une pièce de théâtre, the plot of a play.* ♦ *Intrigue, (amourette,) intrigue, amour, affair with a lady.* Se tirer d'intrigue, to get out of a plunge or out of the scrape.
Intriguer, *v. a.* *To intricate; embroil or confound.*
Intriguer, *v. n.* *To intrigue, plot or cabal.*

S'intriguer, *v. r.* To *intricate one's self* or to *engage in some intrigue*; \clubsuit to *put one's self forward*; to *thrust one's self into business*; to *screw one's self into profitable acquaintance*.

Intrinsèque, *adj.* *Intrinsic*.

Intrinséquement, *adv.* *Intrinsically*.

Introducteur, *f. m.* An *introducer*. \clubsuit L'*introducteur* des *Ambassadeurs*, the *introducer of Ambassadors* or *master of the ceremonies*.

Introduction, *f. f.* An *introduction* or *bringing in*.

Introductrice, *f. f.* A *woman* that *introduces* or *brings one to another*.

Introduire, *v. a.* To *introduce*, to *bring* or *bring in*.

S'introduire, *v. r.* *Ex.* S'*introduire* par-tout, to *intrude every where*.

Introduit, *ite*, *adj.* *Introduced*, *brought in*, &c.

Introit, *f. m.* *Ex.* Introit de la messe, the *introit*, *entry* or *beginning of mass*.

Intronisation, *subst. f.* *Inthroning*.

Introniser un Evêque, *v. act.* To *in throne* or *install a Bishop*.

Intrus, *use*, *adj.* *Intruded*. Il s'est *intrus* dans cette charge, he *intruded himself into that charge*. Un Pape *intrus* contre toutes les formes, a *Pope illegally chosen*.

Intrus, *subst. masc.* An *intruder*.

Intrusion, *f. f.* *Intrusion*.

Intuitif, *ive*, *adj.* *Intuitive*.

Intuitivement, *adv.* *Intuitively*.

Invalide, *adj.* *Invalid*, *void*, of *no force*, that *does not stand good in law*. \clubsuit (Infirmes,) *invalid*, *infirm*.

Les Invalides, *f. m. pl.* (ou hôpital des Invalides à Paris.) The *noble hospital of disabled soldiers at Paris*; the *invalids*. \clubsuit Les *Invalides*, (à Chelsea, près de Londres,) *Chelsea college*.

Invaliderment, *adv.* *Without force*.

Invalider, *v. a.* To *invalidate* or *make void*.

Invalidité, *f. f.* *Invalidity*, *nullity*.

Invariable, *adj.* *Invariable*, *immutable*, *unchangeable*, *constant*.

Invariablement, *adv.* *Firmly*, *steadfastly*, *constantly*, *invariably*.

Invasion, *f. f.* (action d'envahir.) *Invasion*.

Investive, *f. f.* An *investive* or *railing expression*.

Investiver, *v. n.* (user d'investives.) To *inveigh* or *rail*.

Inventaire, *f. m.* An *inventory*; \clubsuit a *sale of goods set down in an inventory*.

Inventé, *ée*, *adj.* *Invented*, *devised*, *found out*, *contrived*.

Inventer, *v. a.* To *invent*, *devise*, *find out* or *contrive*; \clubsuit to *invent*, to *forge* or *feign*.

Inventeur, *f. m.* An *inventor*, *author* or *contriver*; \clubsuit a *forger*.

Inventif, *ive*, *adj.* *Inventive*, *ingenious*.

Invention, *f. f.* *Invention*, *contrivance*, *device*; \clubsuit *trick*, *device*, *way*. \clubsuit L'*invention* (ou la découverte) de la Sainte Croix, the *invention of the holy cross*.

Inventorier, *v. a.* To *inventory*, to *make an inventory of*.

Inventrice, *f. f.* An *inventress*, a *she-inventor*.

Inversion, *f. f.* *Inversion*, *transposition*, a *term of Grammar*.

Investi, *ie*, *adj.* *Invested*, &c.

Investir, *v. a.* To *invest* or *vest*, to *put in possession of*; \clubsuit to *invest* or *surround a strong place with troops*.

Investir, *v. n.* (terme de mer.) To *run a-ground*, to *strike*.

Investiture, *f. f.* *Investiture* or *vesting*, a *giving possession*.

Invétéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Inveterate*, *old*.

Invétérer, s'*invétérer*, *v. r.* To *grow inveterate* or *old*.

Invincible, *adj.* *Invincible*, *unconquerable*, not to be *vanquished* or *conquered*.

Invinciblement, *adv.* *Invincibly*. Il le *prouve invin-*

ciblement, he *gives invincible proofs of it*.

Inviolable, *adj.* *Inviolable*, not to be *broken*, not to be *violated*; \clubsuit *inviolate*.

Inviolablement, *adv.* *Inviolably*, *entirely*, *absolutely*.

Invisible, *adj.* *Invisible*, not to be *seen*. \clubsuit Devenir *invisible*, to *disappear*, to *vanish out of sight*.

Invisiblement, *adv.* *Invisibly*.

Invitation, *f. f.* *Invitation*.

Invité, *ée*, *adj.* *Invited*, &c.

Inviter, *v. a.* To *invite* or *bid*, to *desire to come*. (Exciter à,) to *invite*, *allure* or *incite*.

Invocation, *f. f.* *Invocation* or *calling upon*.

Involontaire, *adj.* *Involuntary*, *done against one's will*, *forced*; \clubsuit *involuntary* or *natural*.

Involontairement, *adv.* *Involuntarily*, *against one's will*.

Invoqué, *ée*, *adj.* *Invoked*, *called upon*.

Invoquer, *v. a.* To *call upon*; to *invoke*.

Inusité, *ée*, *adj.* *Unusual*, *unwonted*; \clubsuit not in *use*, not *used*, *speaking of words*.

Inutile, *adj.* *Useless*, *needless*, *unnecessary*, of *no use*, *unprofitable*, *unserviceable*; \clubsuit (Frivole,) *idle*, *filly*, *frivolous*, *impertinent*; \clubsuit *idle*, *without business*, not *employed*.

Inutilement, *adv.* *Needless*, to *no purpose*, in *vain*.

Inutilité, *f. f.* *Inutility*, *uselessness*, *unprofitableness*, *vainness*; \clubsuit *idleness*, *unserviceableness*. \clubsuit *Inutilités*, (choses inutiles,) *idle*, *impertinent things*, *impertinence*.

Itaque, *f. f.* (terme de mer.) *Tye* or *runner*. Itaque de drisse des huniers, *tye of the top-sails*.

Joaillerie, *subst. f.* *Jeweller's trade* or *business*.

Joaillier, *f. m.* A *jeweller*.

† **Jocrisse**, *f. m.* A *filly coxwain* fellow. \clubsuit (Benêt,) *cox*, *coxwain*.

Joie, *f. f.* *Joy*, *mirth*, *delight*, *pleasure*, *content*, *gladness*.

JOI

Il est dans la joie de son cœur, *he has his heart's delight or desire.* ♦ Donner de la joie à quelqu'un, *to make one glad, to rejoice one.* Sentir, recevoir de la joie, *to be joyful, well-pleased or glad.* Comblé de joie, *overjoyed.* Fille ou femme de joie, *a woman or lady of pleasure, a woman of the town, a mistress, a crack.* ♦ Feux de joie, *bonfires.*
 Joignant, *prép.* Next, by, hard by, near, bordering upon.
 Joignant, ante, *adj.* Adjoining, next.
 Joindre, *v. a.* (mettre ensemble.) *To join or put together, to close.* ♦ (Ajouter,) *to join, to put together, to unite, ally or reconcile.* ♦ (Atteindre,) *to overtake.* ♦ Joindre un homme, *to accost a man, to come up to him.* ♦ Joindre, (rencontrer,) *to join, to meet.*
 Joindre, *v. n.* *To close, to shut close or to lie close.*
 Se joindre, *verb. r.* *To join or close.* ♦ (Se rencontrer,) *to join or meet, to come together.* ♦ (S'unir, s'allier,) *to associate, to side or combine with.* ♦ Se joindre au parti contraire, *to take the contrary side.*
 Joint, inte, *adj.* Joined, &c. ♦ Une chose bien jointe, *a thing that comes close together.*
 Joint, *f. m.* (Articulation.) *Joins or article.* ♦ (Terme d'Architecture,) *a joint or seam.*
 Joint que, *conj.* Besides, to which add or to which you may add that.
 Jointé, ée, *adject.* Ex. Un cheval haut jointé, *a long legged horse.*
 Jointée, *f. f.* Two handfuls.
 Jointure, *f. f.* A joint, juncture.
 Joli, ie, *adj.* Pretty.
 Joli, *subst. masc.* Pretty, prettiness.
 Joliet, ette, *adj.* Pretty.
 Time L

JOU

Joliment, *adv.* Prettyly, handsomely, neatly.
 Jolivetés, *subst. f. pl.* Pretty things, knacks, trifles, toys, gewgaws. ♦ Un enfant qui dit cent jolivetés, *a child that says a hundred pretty things.*
 Jonc, *f. masc.* A rush or bulrush; ♦ a ring without a bezil.
 Jonc-marin, *f. m.* The sea-rush.
 Jonché, ée, *adject.* Strewed, covered, spread over.
 Jonchée, *f. f.* Strewing; flowers, herbs or branches strewed. ♦ Jonchée de crème, *a kind of cream-cheese served in a frail of green rushes.*
 Joncher, *v. a.* *To strew, cover or spread over.*
 Jonction, *f. f.* (from joindre.) *Joining, conjunction, coming together.*
 Jongleur, *f. m.* A juggler, a mountebank.
 Jonques, *f. f. pl.* Chinese junks, a kind of clumsy vessel.
 Ionique, *adj.* Ionick.
 Jonquille, *f. f.* Jonquil, a sort of flower.
 Iota, *f. m.* Iota, a Greek letter. ♦ Un iota, (la moindre chose,) *a jot.*
 Jottreau, *f. m.* Jottreaux ou flafques des mâts, *Checks of the masts.*
 Jouailler, *v. n.* *To play for trifles or for diversion.*
 Jouaillerie, *V.* Joaillerie.
 Jouaillier, *V.* Joaillier.
 Joubarbe, *f. f.* House-leek, Jupiter's beard or jubarb.
 Joue, *f. f.* The cheek. ♦ Donner sur la joue à quelqu'un, lui couvrir la joue, *to give one a box on the ear or a slap over the face.*
 Joué, ée, *adject.* Played, *V. the verb.*
 Jouer, *v. n.* (from jeu.) *To play, to play the fool or the wag, to sport.* ♦ Jouer des gobelets, (faire des tours de passe-passe,) *to shew tricks of legerdemain, to play juggler's tricks.* ♦ Le grand mât joue dans son étambrai, *the main mast fetches way.*

JOU 289

Jouer, *v. a.* (représenter une pièce de théâtre.) *To play or act.* ♦ Jouer d'un instrument de musique, *to play upon a musical instrument.* ♦ Jouer une pièce à quelqu'un, lui jouer un tour, lui en jouer d'une, *to play, serve or shew one a trick, to put a trick upon one.* ♦ Jouer quelqu'un, (se moquer de lui,) *to play upon one, to jeer or ridicule him, to make sport with him.* ♦ (Le tromper, l'amuser,) *to make a fool of one, to mock him, to play the fool with him, to amuse or cheat him.*
 Jouer, *v. n.* &c. a. (se divertir à un jeu qui a des règles.) *To play or game.* Donner à jouer, *to keep a gaming-house.* Jouer une guinée, *to play for a guinea.* ♦ Jouer de la prunelle, *to ogle or leer, to be a pickering.* ♦ Jouer à quitte ou à double, *to run all hazards;* ♦ *to win the horse or lose the saddle.* ♦ Jouer de son reste, *to use one's last shifts, to make one's last push, to be at one's last stake.* ♦ Jouer les deux, *to play the ambidexter.* ♦ Jouer des cousteaux, *to fight with swords.* ♦ Jouer au plus fin avec quelqu'un, *to vie cunning with one.* Jouer à... (se mettre en danger de...) *to venture or hazard, to run the hazard.* ♦ Jouer ou se jouer sur des mots, *to play upon words, to pun.* ♦ Faire jouer une pièce d'artillerie, *to fire or discharge a piece of ordnance.* ♦ Faire jouer une fougade, *to spring a mine or fougade.*
 Se jouer, *v. r.* (se divertir.) *To play, to sport.* ♦ Se jouer de quelqu'un, *to play the fool with one, to make sport with him, to jeer or banter him.* ♦ Se jouer de l'écriture-Sainte, *to play with the scripture, to droll upon it, to abuse it.* ♦ Se jouer, (ne parler pas sérieusement,) *to be in jest.*

♣ Il se joue des choses les plus difficiles, (il les fait sans peine,) *he plays with the most difficult things, he makes nothing of them.* ♣ Ne vous jouez pas à cela, ne vous y jouez pas, *do not fool with it, do not meddle with it, let that alone.* ♣ Ne vous jouez pas à lui, *do not meddle or make with him.*

Jouereau, *f. m. A sorry gamester or player, a bungler at play; ♣ one that plays for a small matter or for a trifle.*

Jouet, *f. m. Play-thing, toy, sport.* ♣ (Personne dont on se joue,) *laughing-stock, sport or may-game.* * Etre le jouet de la fortune, *to be the sport of fortune.*

Joueuse, *f. f. joueuse, f. f. A gamester or player.* ♣ Joueur de gobelets, *a juggler.* * † C'est un rude joueur, *he is a dangerous man to meddle with.* * † Une rude joueuse en critique, *a very critical woman.*

Joufflu, *ue, adj. Bloating or chub-cheeked.*

Joug, *f. m. Yoke.* ♣ Subir le joug, (se soumettre,) *to yield or submit one's self.*

Jovial, *ale, adv. Jovial, merry, pleasant, jocund.*

Jour de, *v. n. To enjoy or possess.*

Jouissance, *f. f. Enjoying, enjoyment, possessing or possession.*

Jouissant, *ante, adj. Enjoying, in possession, in full possession.*

Jour, *sa m. (clarté.) Day, day-light, light.* * (Moyen pour venir à bout de quelque affaire,) *way, insight.* ♣ Si je vois jour à cela, *if I find the thing feasible.* * Perdre le jour, (ou la vie,) *so lose one's life, so die.* ♣ Le jour ou les jours d'une maison, *the lights of a house.* ♣ Les jours, en Peinture, *lights in painting.* ♣ Jour, (espace vide,) *space, à clear*

space. ♣ (Certain espace de temps,) *a day.* * Faire son bon jour, *to receive the sacrament.* ♣ Bon jour, (manière de saluer avant midi,) *good-morrow.* ♣ Un donneur de bons jours, *one that gives nothing but fair words.* * Se faire jour, *to make way, to break through.* ♣ Percé à jour, *bored through.* * Mettre au jour, *to publish, set forth or put out.* * Mettre une chose dans un beau jour, *to set off a thing, to put the best gloss upon it, to shew it to the best advantage.* * En plein jour, (devant tout le monde,) *at noon-day, in the face of the whole world.* Etre de jour, (en parlant d'un Officier Général d'armée,) *to be upon duty twenty-four hours as a general officer.* ♣ Est-il jour ici? *is such a one up or stirring?* ♣ Au premier jour, *with the first opportunity, as soon as possible.* P. Vivre au jour la journée, *P. to live from hand to mouth.* * Jours, (au pluriel, la vie,) *days, life, space of one's life.* ♣ Grands jours. *V. Grand.* † Jour d'hui. *Ex. Ce jour d'hui, (terme de Pratique.) This day, to day.*

Journal, *f. m. A journal or diary; ♣ a day-book.* ♣ (mesure de terre,) *an acre of land.* ♣ Journal de navigation (ou nautique,) *journal or log-book.*

Journalier, *iere, adj. Daily, diurnal.* * (Inégal, incertain,) *uncertain, fickle, inconstant.*

Journalier, *f. m. A journeyman.*

Journaliste, *f. m. A journalist.*

Journée, *f. f. A day; ♣ a day's work; ♣ a day's journey.* * (Jour de bataille ou la bataille même,) *day, fight, battle.*

Journelement, *adv. Daily, day by day, every day.*

Joute, *f. f. m. Joust, jousting, tilting.* ♣ Joute de coqs, *cock-fighting.*

Jouter, *v. n. To joust, to run at tilt.* ♣ (En parlant des coqs,) *to fight.*

Jouteur, *f. m. A jouter, one that runs a-tilt.*

† Jouvenceau, *f. m. A youth or lad, a young man, a stripling.*

‡ Jouvence, *f. f. A youth.* ‡ Jouxte, *prép. Ex. Jouxte la copie imprimée à Paris, According to the copy printed at Paris.*

Joyau, *f. m. A jewel.*

Joye, *V. Joie.*

Joyeusement, *adv. Joyfully, gladly, cheerfully.*

Joyeuseté, *f. f. A jest, a joke; humour.*

Joyeux, *euse, adj. Merry, cheerful; ♣ glad, joyful.*

Irafcible, *adj. Irascible. Ex.*

L'appétit irascible, *the irascible appetite.*

† Ire, *f. f. (courroux, colère.) Wrath, anger.*

Iris, *f. f. Iris, a sort of flower; ♣ Iris the rainbow.*

Ironie, *f. f. Irony, juring.*

Ironique, *adj. Ironical.*

Ironiquement, *adv. Ironically, by way of jest.*

Irradiation, *f. f. Irradiation.*

Irraifonnable, *adj. Irrational, void of reason.*

Irrationnel, *elle, adj. (terme de Mathématique.) Irrational.*

Irréconciliable, *adj. Irreconcilable, not to be reconciled.*

Irréconciliablement, *adv. Irreconcilably.*

Irréfragable, *adj. Irrefragable, invincible, undeniable.*

Irrégularité, *subst. f. Irregularity.* Un ouvrage où il y a beaucoup d'irrégularité, *a piece of work very irregular.*

Irrégulier, *iere, adj. Irregular, not according to rule, out of rule.*

Irrégulier, *f. m. An irregular man, one that by reason of some misdemeanour cannot be admitted into orders or officiate if he be in orders.*

Irrégulièrement, *adv. Irregularly.*

Irréligieusement, *adv. Irreligiously, profanely.*

Irréligieux, *euse, adj. Irreligious, that has little or no religion or contrary to it.*

IRR

ligion, profane, impious, ungodly.
 Irréligion, *f. f. Irreligion, want of religion, profaneness, ungodliness, atheism.*
 Irrémédiable, *adj. Unremediable, remediless, desperate, irrecoverable.*
 Irrémédiablement, *adv. Desperately, irrecoverably.*
 Irrémisissible, *adj. Unpardonable, irremissible, not to be pardoned or forgiven.*
 Irrémisissiblement, *adv. Without any pardon, irremissibly.*
 Irréparable, *adj. Irreparable, not to be repaired, irrecoverable.*
 Irréparablement, *adv. Irreparably, unrecoverably, irretrievably.*
 Irrépréhensible, *adj. Unblamable, unprovable, irreprehensible, faultless, blameless, without blame or blemish, of an unspotted life.*
 Irrépréhensiblement, *adverb. Irreprehensibly, blamelessly, without fault.*
 Irréprochable, *adj. Unblameable or blameless. * Témoins irréprochables, unexceptionable witnesses, against whom nothing can be objected.*
 Irréprochablement, *adv. Unblamably, blamelessly.*
 Irrésistible, *adj. Irresistible.*
 Irrésolu, *ue, adj. Unresolved, uncertain; * irresolute, sickle, uncertain, wavering, in suspense; * undecided, not decided or determined.*
 Irrésolution, *f. f. Irresolution, uncertainty, suspense.*
 Irrévérentement, *adv. Irreverently.*
 Irrévérence, *subst. f. Irreverence, want of respect, want of reverence.*
 Irrévérent, *ente, adj. Irreverent.*
 Irrévocabilité, *f. f. The quality of that which is irrevocable; irrevocability.*
 Irrévocable, *adj. Irrevocable, unrepeatable; not to be revoked, recalled or called back.*
 Irrévocablement, *adv. Irrevocably. Juger irrévocable-*

ITI

ment, to give a irrevocable judgment.
 Irritation, *f. f. Irritation, exasperation.*
 Irrité, *ée, adj. Irritated, incensed, urged, provoked, exasperated, &c. * La mer irritée, an angry sea.*
 Irriter, *v. a. b. irritate, incense, urge, provoke, exasperate or anger. * Irriter (exciter) l'appétit, to provoke, stir up or sharpen the appetite. Irriter les humeurs, to irritate, provoke, anger or exasperate the humours.*
 Irruption, *f. f. Irruption, inroad.*
 Isabelle, *f. m. Isabella, the isabella calour.*
 Isabelle, *adj. Ex Ruban isabelle, an isabella ribband. * Cheval isabele, a yellow-dun horse.*
 Isle, *Voy. Ile.*
 Isolé, *ée, adj. (terme d'Architecture.) That stands by itself.*
 Issu, *ue, adj. (né, sorti.) Come, born, sprung, descended or extracted. * Cousin issu de germain, second cousin. * Les Rois dont il est issu, his royal predecessors or progenitors.*
 Issue, *f. fém. Issue, passage, out-let or going out. * Issues d'une ville, the avenues of a town. * Issues d'agneau, (extrémités & entrailles d'un agneau,) a lamb's purtenance. * Issue, (succès, fin,) issue, end, success, event. * (Moyen, expédient,) a way, means or expedient.*
 A l'issue, *adv. At the going or coming out.*
 Isthme, *f. m. Isthmus, a neck of land.*
 Italique, *adj. Italick.*
 Italique, *f. f. ou lettre italique, italick or italick letter.*
 Item, *adv. Item, moreover.*
 Item, *f. m. An item or article.*
 Itératif, *ive, adj. Iterated, repeated.*
 Itérativement, *adv. Repeatedly,*

JUG

291

Itinéraire, f. m. Itinerary, a book of roads.
 Jubé, *f. m. A lobby in a great church between the choir and the body of the church.*
 * † Faire venir quelqu'un à jubé, to make one buckle to, to bring him to reasonable terms.
 Jubilation, *f. fém. Jubilation or rejoicing, merry-making, feasting.*
 Jubilé, *f. m. A jubilee or plenary indulgence.*
 Jubilé, *f. m. (Moine, Chanoine ou Docteur qui a cinquante ans de profession ou de service.) A jubilate.*
 Juché, *ée, adj. Juked or roofed. V. Jucher. * † Elle étoit juchée comme une poule au haut du hangar, she sat roofing like a hen upon the goods.*
 Jucher, *v. n. se jucher, v. r. To juke, to roof.*
 Juchoir, *f. m. A roof.*
 Judaique, *adj. Jewish, judaical or judaick.*
 Judaïser, *v. n. (suivre les cérémonies des Juifs.) To judaize.*
 Judaïsme, *f. m. Judaism, the Jews religion or doctrine.*
 Judicature, *f. f. Ex. Office ou charge de judicature, a judge's place or office. La judicature demande un homme tout entier, law requires a man's whole study.*
 Judiciaire, *adj. Judicial or judiciary, legal, done in due form of justice. * L'astrologie judiciaire, the judicial astrology.*
 † Judiciaire, *f. f. Judgment.*
 Judiciairement, *adv. Judicially, in a judicial way, according to the due course of law.*
 Judicieusement, *adv. Judicially, wisely, rationally, with judgment.*
 Judicieux, *euse, adj. Judicious, rational, wise, prudent.*
 Juge, *f. m. Judge; * umpire, arbitrator. Etre juge d'une chose, to be judge of a thing, to have skill in it.*
 Jugé, *ée, adj. Judged, decided, determined, tried.*

that has had his trial, &c.
V. Juger.

Jugement, *f. m.* (sentence rendue en Justice.) Judgment, sentence, decree, order. Le jour du Jugement, le Jugement universel ou dernier, the day of judgment, doomsday. ♦ Jugement, (faculté de l'ame qui juge,) judgment, reason, understanding. ♦ (Opinion,) judgment, opinion, mind.

Juger, *v. a.* (décider en Justice.) To judge, decide or determine. ♦ (Etre le juge de...) to judge, try or be a judge of; to give or pass sentence, judgment or verdict. ♦ Juger, (conjecturer,) to judge, guess or conjecture. ♦ (Croire,) to judge, think, believe or suppose. ♦ (Se figurer, s'imaginer,) to judge, conceive or imagine.

Jugulaire, *adj. Ex.* La veine jugulaire, the jugular vein.

Juif, *f. m.* Juive, *f. f.* A Jew.
Juif, *ive*, *adj.* Jewish, of the Jews.

A la Juive, *adv.* Jew-like, after the Jewish manner.

Juillet, *f. m.* July.

Juin, *f. m.* June.

Jujube, *f. f.* (sorte de fruit.) Jujube.

Jujubier, *f. m.* The jujubetree.

Juive, *V.* Juif.

Julep, *f. m.* A julep.

Jules, *f. m.* An Italian coin worth five-pence.

Julienne, *f. f.* The rocket, a flower.

Julienne, *adj. f. Ex.* La période Julienne, the Julian period.

Jumart, *f. m.* A jumart.

Jumeau, *elle*, *adj.* Twin. Deux freres jumeaux, two swins. Sa sœur jumelle, his twin sister. ♦ Cérise jumelle, a twin or double cherry.

Les Jumeaux, *f. m. pl.* (signe du Zodiaque.) V. Gemeaux.

Jumelles, *f. f. pl. Ex.* Les deux jumelles d'une presse, she cheeks or side-beams of a press. ♦ Jumelles de ver-

gues, *thes* of the yards.
Jumeler, *a.* To fish a mast or yard.

Jumeht, *ff.* A mare; ♦ a mould to make money.

Ivoire, *f. m.* Ivory.

Jupe, *subst. fém.* A petticoat.

Jupiter, *f. m.* Jupiter, one of the seven planets.

Jupon, *f. m.* An under or short petticoat.

Ivraie, *V.* vroie.

Jurande, *f. f.* The wardenship or ring a warden in a company of tradesmen; ♦ the wardens of a company of tradesmen.

Jurat, *f. m.* A jurat, an alderman or sheriff.

Juratoire, *adj. Ex.* Caution juratoire, juratory caution.

Ivre, *adj.* Drunk, drunken, fuddled.

Ivresse, *f. f.* Drunkenness, ebriety, inebriation.

Juré, *ée*, *adj.* Sworn or sworn to, &c. V. Jurer.
* Un ennemi juré, a sworn, open, declared or professed enemy.

Juré, *f. m.* (du artisan juré.) A tradesman sworn by the master of a company, a warden or livery man in a company of tradesmen.

Jurée, *adj. f. Ex.* Une jurée matrone, a sworn matron. Une jurée lingere, a sworn seamstress.

Jurement, *f. m.* An oath or swearing, blasphemy, curse or cursing.

Jurer, *v. n.* & *a.* To swear, or swear to, to take an oath; ♦ to swear or vow; ♦ to swear, to curse, to blaspheme. ♦ Violon qui jure, a fiddle that squeaks, jars or screams.

Jureur, *f. m.* Jureuse, *f. f.* A swearer, a swearing man or woman.

Juridiction, *subst. f.* Jurisdiction.

Juridique, *adj.* Juridical, lawful, legal, according to law.

Juridiquement, *adv.* Juridically, legally, according to law.

Juriconsulte, *f. m.* A lawyer,

a man learned in the law; a civilian.

Jurisdiction, *V.* Juridiction. Jurisprudence, *f. f.* Jurisprudence, the knowledge of the law.

Juriste, *f. m.* A jurist, civilian or lawyer.

† Juron, *f. m.* An oath.

Ivroie, *f. f.* Darnel, tare or tares.

Ivrogne, *adj.* & *f.* Drunken, given to drink, a drunkard, a guggle.

† Ivrogner, *v. n.* To fuddle, guggle, bib, swill, tipple.

Ivrognerie, *f. f.* Drunkenness, ebriety, inebriation.

Ivrognesse, *f. f.* A drunken woman, a fuddling gossyp.

Jus, *f. m.* Juice or gravy.

Jusant, *subst. m.* (terme de mer.) Ebb, ebbing water, ebb-tide.

Jusque ou Jusques, *prep.* To, even to, as far as, until. Depuis Paris jusqu'à Rome, from Paris to Rome. Sa libéralité s'est étendue jusqu'à moi, his liberality extended even to me. Jusqu'à présent, till now, until now, hitherto. ♦ Crier jusqu'à s'enrouer, to bawl one's self hoarse. ♦ Brûler du vin jusqu'aux deux tiers, to burn two thirds of wine away. ♦ Il n'y avoit pas jusques aux plus abjects des hommes qui ne criassent contre lui, the very worst of men did cry out upon him. Il a vendu jusqu'à sa chemise, he has sold the very shirt off his back. Jusques à quand? how long? Jusques-là, to that place, so far, hither. ♦ S'il va jusques-là que de dire, if he be so bold as to say.

Jusqu'ame, *f. f.* (plante.) Hen-bane.

Jussion, *subst. f.* (terme de Chancellerie.) Command, order.

Justaucorps, *f. m.* A close coat.

Juste, *adj.* (conforme au droit.) Just, right, equitable, reasonable. ♦ (Qui observe ses devoirs,) just,

J U S

righteous, upright. ♦ (*in-venable,) fit, fitting.* ♦ (*Exact,) exact, true, even.* ♦ Habit trop juste, (*ou étroit,) a suit too close or straight.*
Juste Dieu ! *interj. Good God !*
Juste, f. m. Just.
Juste, adv. Ex. Parler juste, to speak proper. Chanter juste, to sing true.
Au juste, adv. Justly, precisely, exactly.
Justement, adv. Justly, rightfully ; ♦ just, exactly. ♦
Justement, vous avez rencontré, right, you have hit the nail on the head.
Justesse, f. f. Exactness, regularity, due, proportion.
Justice, f. f. (vertu morale.) Justice, a moral virtue. ♦ (*Equité, droit,) justice, right, equity, reasonableness, justness.* ♦ — (*ou justice distributive,) justice, law.* ♦ B fait justice à tout le monde, *he does every body justice, he gives every one his due.* ♦ Se faire justice, *to be one's own judge.* ♦ Appeler quelqu'un en Justice, *to sue one at law, to go to law with one, to take the law of one.* ♦ Justice, (*jurisdiction,) jurisdiction.* ♦ La Justice videra notre différent, *the court shall decide our controversy.* ♦ Un fou qui de ses revenus engraisse la Justice, *a fool who with his revenues fattens the lawyers.* ♦ Justice, (*ou fourches patibulaires,) gallows.* ♦ Faire justice d'un criminel, *to execute a malefactor.* ♦ L'exécuteur de la haute justice, *the hangman, the executioner, the finisher of the law.* ♦ Justice, (*restitution intérieure causée par la grace de Dieu,) righteousness, uprightness.*
Justiciable, adj. Justiciable, under one's jurisdiction.
Justicier, f. m. That does justice, severe ; ♦ that has a jurisdiction.
Justicier, v. act. To punish corporally, execute, hang.

Justifiant, ante, Justifying.
Justificatif, ive, adj. Justifying, serving to justify or prove. Piece justificative, (dans un procès,) a voucher.
Justification, f. Justification or defence ; ♦ justification, the action ad effect of justifying grac.
Justifié, ée, ai. Justified, &c.
Justifier, v. a. To justify or clear ; ♦ to justify, verify, shew or prove ; ♦ to make good ; ♦ to justify or bring into a state of grace. ♦ Justifier les lignes, (terme d'Imprimeur,) to justify the lines.
Se justifier, v. i. To justify, or clear one's self.

K

Ketch ; f. m. (forte de bâtiment.) A ketch.
Kiosque, subst. m. A sort of turret on the poop of the Turkish ships of war.
Kyrielle, f. f. (litanie.) Litaney. * † Kyrielle, (longue suite de choses ennuyeuses ou fâcheuses ;) a legend or a long tedious story.

L

LA, (article des noms féminins.) The. Ex. La femme, la maison, the woman, the house.
La, pronom relatif, (féminin de le.) Her, it. Je la cherche, I look for her. ♦ La voici, (en parlant d'une femme,) here she is. La voici, (en parlant d'une chose,) here it is.
Là, adv. de lieu, (sans marque de mouvement.) There, yonder, in that place. ♦ Là, (en marquant un mouvement,) thither, to that place. ♦ Là-même, in that very place. ♦ Là où, (à l'endroit où,) where. ♦ Là-haut, above, up there. Là-bas, down, down there, below. Là-dessus, (sur cet

L A B 295

endroit,) up there. * Là-dessus, (sur cela,) upon that, thereupon. Là-dessous, under there. De là, thence, from thence, from that place. ---là, (par ce lieu-là,) that way, through that place. Par-là, (par cela,) by that.
Là, (particule démonstrative.) Ex. Celui-là, celle-là, that. Cet homme-là, that man. ♦ Qu'épandez-vous-là ou à cela ? what do you say to that ? ♦ J'en suis-là, (c'est mon humeur,) I am just so, that's just my humour.
La la, adv. (assez bien,) so so, pretty well, indifferent. ♦ La la, nous nous trouverons ailleurs, come come, we'll meet somewhere else. ♦ La la, ne faites point tant de bruit, peace there, don't make so much noise.
Labeur, f. m. Labour. ♦ Terres en labeur, ploughed or tilled land.
Labial, ale, adj. (il se dit des lettres qui se prononcent avec les lèvres.) Labial.
Labile, adj. Ex. Mémoire labile, a weak, bad or treacherous memory.
Labirynthe. V. Labyrinth.
Laboratoire, f. m. Laboratory.
Laborieusement, adv. Laboriously, painfully, hardly.
Laborieux, euse, adj. Laborious, that works hard, that takes a great deal of pains ; ♦ laborious, painful, hard, toilsome.
Labour, f. m. (terme d'Agriculture.) Tillage, ploughing. Donner un premier labour à la terre, to break up the ground, to plough a field the first time. Terres de labour, plough-land. ♦ Donner un labour à la vigne, to dress the vine.
Labourable, adj. Arable, to be ploughed or tilled.
Labourage, f. m. Tillage, husbandry, agriculture or ploughing.
Labouré, ée, adj. Tilled, &c.

Labourer, *v. act.* To till, plough, plow or break up the ground. ♦ **Laboureur** la vigne, to dress or cultivate the vine. ♦ **Labourer**, (bêcher,) to dig. ♦ **L'aboureur**, the ship driver or drags, the anchor will not hold her.

Laboureur, *f. m.* A husbandman, tiller or plowman.

Labyrinthe, *f. m.* A labyrinth or maze; ♦ *maze*, labyrinth or trouble; ♦ an intricate, troublesome, scurvy or perplexed business.

Lac, *f. m.* A lake.

Lacé, *éc.*, *adj.* Laced.

Lacer, *verb. act.* To lace or tie with a lace. ♦ **Lacer** un ruban, to run a ribbon through.

Lacération, *f. f.* Laceration, tearing in pieces.

Lacéré, *éc.*, *adj.* Lacerated.

Lacérer, *v. a.* To lacerate, to tear in pieces.

Lacron. *V.* Laiteron.

Lacet, *f. m.* A lace to lace with; ♦ a snare, gin, spring or noose.

Lâche, *adj.* (qui n'est pas tendu.) Slack, loose, soft, unbecom. ♦ Avoir le ventre lâche, to be loose or have a looseness. ♦ **Lâche**, (mou, fainéant,) slothful, sluggish, lazy, slow, dull. ♦ (Qui mollit,) slack, remiss, easy, soft. ♦ (Poltron,) cowardly, faint or faint-hearted, unmanly. ♦ (Infame,) base, shameful, unworthy, ungenerous. ♦ Le temps est lâche, 'tis faint, close or sultry weather.

Lâche, *f. m.* A coward, a cowardly man or a poltron. Un tour de lâche, a coward's, a cowardly trick. ♦ Un lâche, (un homme infame,) a base, furdid, sneaking, pitiful fellow.

Lâché, *éc.*, *adj.* (from lâcher.) Let out, loose or loosened, &c. *V.* the verb.

Lâchement, *adv.* Cowardly, basely, shamefully; ♦ slackly, remissly, faintly, faintheartedly; ♦ suggestively, slowly.

Lâcher, *v. n.* To slacken, to loosen, make loose, to unbend or let out;

♦ to relaxe, let loose or let go. ♦ **Lâcher** la main à quelqu'un, (lui donner plus de liberté,) to give one more liberty. **Lâcher** des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. ♦ **Ma-**

lade qui lâche tout sous lui, a sickbody, who can't retain or who lets fly all under him. ♦ **Lâcher** l'aiguillette. *Aiguillette.* ♦ **Lâcher** de l'eau, to make water, to piss. ♦ Une viande qui lâche le ventre, loosening meat. ♦ **Lâcher** un vent, to break wind, to let a fêe, to fart. ♦ **Lâcher** le pied, to lose ground;

♦ (s'enfuir,) to scamper or run away. ♦ **Lâcher** la bride.

V. Bride.

Lâcher, *v. n.* To go off, as a gun or pistol does. ♦ **Lâcher**, (à vue de cartes,) to let go.

Se lâcher, *v. r.* To slacken, to grow loose, to unbend.

Lâcheté, *f. f.* Cowardliness, cowardice, faint-heartedness; ♦ a cowardly act, a piece of cowardliness; ♦ baseness, a base or unworthy action; ♦ slackness, sluggishness, slothfulness, dullness.

Lacis, *f. m.* Net-work.

Laconique, *adj.* Laconick, short, concise, close. Un style laconique, a laconick or close style.

Laconiquement, *adv.* (d'une manière laconique.) Laconically, after a laconick way; concisely, shortly.

Laconisme, *f. m.* Laconism, a short and pithy way of expressing one's self.

Lacrymale, *adj. sim.* Ex. Fistule lacrymale, a lacrymal or weeping fistula.

Lacs, *f. m. pl.* A string; ♦ noose, gin, spring, snare. ♦ **Lacs**-d'amour, a love-knot.

Lactée, *adj.* Lactical, milky. Les veines lactées, the lacteal veins. La voie lactée, the milky way.

Lacy, *f. f.* A gap or empty space in a book, something left out that is lost.

Ladre, *adj.* Leprous. ♦ Un cochon ladre, a mangled hog. ♦ **Ladre**, (insensible,) insensible, that has no feeling. ♦ (Vilain, avarice,) sordid, base, stinky, covetous.

Ladre, *f. m.* Ladresse, *f. f.* A leper, a leprous man or woman, a leper. ♦ Maison de ladres, a leper-house or lazaretto.

Ladrière, *f. f.* (lepre.) Leprosy. ♦ (Avarice fardie,) stinginess, sordid avarice. ♦ (Hôpital de lépreux,) lazaretto or leper-house.

Lague, *f. f.* (terme de marine; sillage.) The track or run of a ship.

† **Lagune**, *f. f.* (petit lac.) Flash, small lake, kennel.

Lai, *laie*, *adj. & subst.* Lay, not clerical, secular.

Laid, *laide*, *adj.* Ugly, ill-favoured, homely, not handsome, deformed; ♦ ugly, disagreeable.

Laide, *f. f.* An ugly or ill-favoured woman.

† **Laideron**, *f. f.* A homely pufs.

Laidreur, *f. f.* Ugliness, ill-favouredness, unhandfomeness, deformity.

Laie, *f. f.* A wild sow; ♦ a riding or lane through a forest.

Lainage, *subst. m.* Woollen goods.

Laine, *f. f.* Wool.

Laineux, *euse*, *adj.* Woolly, full of wool.

Lainier, *subst. masc.* Wool-monger.

Laique, *adj.* Lay, secular.

Laique, *f. m.* A lay or secular man. Les laiques, the laity.

Lais, *subst. masc.* A standard-tree.

Laisse, *f. f.* (pour mener des levriers.) Leash. ♦ **Laisse**, (cordon de chapeau,) a hat's string.

Laisse, *éc.*, *adj.* Left, &c. *V.* Laisser.

Laissees, *f. f. pl.* Lesses, the dung of a wolf, bear or wild boar.

LAI

Laisser, *v. a.* (quitter.) *To leave.* ♦ (Abandonner,) *to leave, forsake or abandon.* ♦ Laisser au soin de quelqu'un, *to leave, trust or commit to one's care.* ♦ Laisser une chose à certain prix, *to let a thing go or to part with a thing at a certain price.* ♦ Laisser, (céder,) *to leave or yield, to give way.* ♦ (Permettre,) *to let or suffer, to let alone.* Laissez-le parler, *let or suffer him to speak.* Laissez-moi en paix, en repos, en patience, laissez-moi là, *let me alone, be quiet, don't meddle with me.* ♦ Je vous laisse (ou donne) à penser, *I leave you to think, you may imagine.* ♦ Laisser, (léguer,) *to leave or bequeath.* ♦ (S'abstenir,) *to leave off or forbear.* Laissez, laissez, c'est assez, *forbear, that's enough.* Il ne laisse pas de le faire, *he does not leave off or forbear doing of it.* ♦ Cela ne laisse pas d'être vrai, *it is true nevertheless.* Ils ne laissent pas d'avoir leur usage, *yet they are not without their use.* ♦ Se laisser battre, *to suffer one's self to be beaten.* ♦ Laisser à entendre sur quelque affaire, *to give to understand, to intimate.* ♦ Se laisser aller aux persuasions, *to be persuaded, to be prevailed upon.* ♦ Je me suis laissé dire, *I heard or I was told.* Laisser, *v. n.* (en parlant d'une ancre.) *To loosen from its hold.* L'ancre a laissé, *the anchor is a-trip or a-weight.* Lait, *f. m.* Milk. ♦ Du petit-lait, *du lait clair, whey.* ♦ Frère de lait, *a foster-brother.* ♦ Sœur de lait, *a foster-sister.* Cochon de lait, *a sucking pig or only a pig.* ♦ Dents de lait, *young teeth.* * † Avoir une dent de lait contre quelqu'un, *to have an akingtooth at one, to have a grudge or spleen against one, to owe him a spite.* ♦ La voie de lait ou voie lactée, *the milky way.* ♦

LAM

Lait, (de quelques plantes,) *milk, white juice of some plants.* ♦ Lait de chaux, *whiting or fix.* Laitage, *f. m.* Milk or milk-meats. Laitance, *subst. f.* Whiting or white lime. Laitance ou Lait, *f. f.* The soft roe of a fish. Laité, ée, *adj.* That has a soft roe. Un hareng laité, *a soft-roe herring.* Laiterie, *f. f.* A dairy. Laiteron, *f. m.* Sow-shistle. Laiteux, euse, *adj.* Lacteous, milky. Laitière, *f. f.* A milk-woman or a milk-maid. Laiton, *f. m.* Latten, brass. Laitue, *f. f.* Le tice. Lamanage, *f. m.* Loadmanage, coasting pilotage. Lamanneur, *f. m.* Loadman or loadman, a coast-pilot. Lambeau, *f. m.* Shred, tatter. ♦ (Peau velue du bois du cerf,) *the ragged coat of a deer.* Lambel, *f. m.* A label, in heraldry. Lambin, ine, *f. A hum-drum, a slow-back, a tardy.* † Lambiner, *v. n.* To be a hum-drum, to dream. Lambourde, *f. f.* A joist. Lambrequin, *f. m.* A label. Lambrequins, (terme de Blason,) *mantles, in heraldry.* Lambris, *f. m.* (ou plafond.) The cieling. ♦ Lambris de menuiserie, *wainscot.* Lambrissage, *f. m.* Cieling; ♦ wainscot or wainscoting. Lambrissé, ée, *adj.* Cieléd; ♦ wainscotted, wainscot. Lambrisser, *v. act.* (faire le plafond.) *To ciel or make the cieling.* ♦ (Revêtir les murailles d'un lambris,) *to wainscot.* Lambruche ou Lambrusque, *f. f.* Wild vine. Lame, *f. f.* A blade. * † Une bonne lame, une fine lame, (une personne fine & rusée,) *a cunning or sharp blade.* ♦ Lame, (table de métal fort plate,) *a thin plate of any metal.* ♦ (Partie du métier d'un

LAN

297

tisserand,) *the reed or stay of a weaver's loom.* ♦ (Vague,) *a billow, wave or surge of the sea.* ♦ Aller debout à la lame, *to head the sea.* Gouverner à la lame, *to steer a ship by the sea.* ♦ Métal mis en lame, *plated metal.* Lamentable, *adject.* Lamentable, doleful, moanful, mournful, woful, pitiful, deplorable. Lamentablement, *adv.* Lamentably, dolefully, moanfully. Lamentation, *f. f.* Lamentation; a bemoaning, bewailing or moanful complaint. Lamenté, ée, *adj.* Lamented; bemoaned, bewailed. Lamenteur, *v. a.* To lament; bemoan or bewail; to mourn for; to deplore. Lamenteur, *v. n.* Se lamenteur; *v. r.* To lament, to bewail; to bemoan one's self, to weep or mourn for. Lampas, *f. m.* (ou la feve, enlure dans la bouche des chevaux.) *Lampas or lamp-ras, a swelling in a horse's mouth.* Lampassé, ée, *adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Langued, in heraldry.* Lampe, *f. f.* A lamp. ♦ Cul-de-lampe. *V. Cul.* † Lampée, *f. f.* A brimmer, a full brimmer, a bumper. † Lamper, *verb. a.* To guggle. Lamperon, *f. m.* That part of a lamp that holds the wick. Lampion, *subst. m.* A crystal-vase or lamp-glass, wherein is put the oil of a church-lamp; ♦ a sort of earthen lamp. Lamproie, *f. f.* Lamprey, a fish. Lance, *f. f.* A lance or spear. ♦ Main de la lance ou de l'épée, *the right hand or horse-back.* * Rompre une lance avec quelqu'un, *to wrestle a fall or to enter the lists with one.* * Baïsser la lance, (fléchir,) *to buckle to.* ♦ Lance fournie, *a mark of arms furnish'd as all*

296 LAN

points. ♣ Lance à feu, a squib.

Lancé, ée, *adjec.* Hurléd, darted, &c. according to the verb.

Lancer, *v. a.* To hurl, dart, sling, throw or shoot. ♣ Lancer le cerf, to unharness, rouse or dislodge the stag. * Lancer des œillades, (ou des regards,) to cast sheep's eyes, to ogle. ♣ Lancer un vaisseau, to launch or launch a ship.

Se lancer sur quelqu'un, *v. r.* To shoot or to fly at one, to rush upon him.

Lancette, *f. f.* A lancet.

Lancier, *f. m.* A lancier.

Lançois, *f. m.* A milldam.

Lande, *f. f.* A heath. ♣ Landes de hune, foot-hook or fustock-plates.

Landgrave, *subst. m.* Landgrave, a German Count or Prince.

Landier, *f. m.* A great andiron.

Laneret, *subst. m.* (ou lanier mâle.) The lanerret or he-lanner, a sort of hawk.

Langage, *f. m.* Language, tongue or speech; ♣ Langage, a way of expressing one's self, style. ♣ Entendez-vous bien mon langage? do you understand what I say? ♣ Il a bien changé de langage, he sings now to another tune. ♣ Ils tiennent tous le même langage, they all harp on the same string, they are all in the same story. ♣ Il n'a que du langage, he has nothing but talk.

Lange, *f. m.* Swaddling clothes or clouts for children; ♣ a child's blanket.

Langoureulement, *adv.* Languishingly, droopingly.

Langoureux, *euse, adj.* Languishish, drooping, pining, lingering, in a languishish, pining or drooping condition. Il est tout langoureux, he pines away.

Langouste, *subst. f.* A kind of lobster.

Langue, *subst. f.* Tongue. ♣ Langue de terre qui s'avance dans la mer, a cape

LAN

or narrow piece of land running into the sea. * Prendre langue, (s'enquérir,) to inquire, to learn news, to get intelligence. * Avoir la langue bien affilée, to be very talkative, to have a glib tongue. * Avoir beaucoup de langue, avoir la langue bien longue, ne savoir tenir sa langue, to be a blab, to have too much tongue, not to be able to hold one's tongue. P. Beau parler n'écorche point la langue, P. good words cost nothing.

* Coup de langue, jest, a reflection. * † Donner du plat de la langue, to colloque, coax, sooth or smooth with one's tongue. ♣ Avoir la langue grasse, (grafféyer,) to speak thick, to lisp. ♣ Langue, (langage,) tongue, language, speech. ♣ (Nation,) nation. La langue de France, d'Espagne, d'Angleterre, (en parlant des nations de l'Ordre de Malthe,) the French, Spanish and English nation.

Languette, *f. f.* The tongue of several things.

Langueur, *f. f.* Consumption, faintness, weakness, want of strength; * languishment, pining away.

Langueyer, *v. act. Ex.* Langueyer un cochon, to search a hog's tongue.

Langueyeur, *f. m.* A searcher of hog's tongues.

Languier, *subst. m.* A dried hog's tongue.

Languir, *v. n.* To languish, linger, faint, pine or consume away, to droop. Un discours qui languit, a discourse that flags.

Languishamment, *adv.* Languishingly.

Languishant, *ante, adj.* (foible.) Languishish, faint, weak, feeble. * (En parlant du style,) flagging, weak, poor.

Lanice, *V.* Bourre.

Lanier, *f. m.* A lanier.

Lanière, *f. f.* A long strap of leather; ♣ a hawk's luns; ♣ a lash to whip a top.

Languerre, *f. f.* An engine to

LAP

bear up a man on the water.

Lansquenet, *f. m.* A lansquenet or German foot-soldier; ♣ Lansquenet, a game at cards.

Lanterne, *f. f.* A lantern or lanthorn. ♣ Lanterne de moulin, the trundle-head of a mill. ♣ Lanterne, (en Architecture,) a lantern, a little dome or cupola. * † (Choses impertinentes,) trifles, fiddle-faddles, fooleries, filly stories, nonsense, stuff. * † Il veut faire accroire que des vessies sont des lanternes, he would have one believe that the moon is made of green cheese. ♣ Lanterne des mâts de hune, the hounds of the top masts.

Lanterner, *verb. act.* To talk nonsense, to tire or plague with nonsensical stuff.

Lanterner, *v. n.* To dally, to trifle, to play the fool.

Lanternerie, *f. f.* Nonsensical stuff, nonsense, impertinence.

Lanternier, *f. m.* A lantern-maker. * † (Un homme irrésolu,) an cadde's man, a trifler, one that shifts off a thing perpetually.

† Lantiponnage, *f. m.* Teazing, nonsense.

† Lantiponner, *v. a.* To tease, to talk nonsense.

Laper, *verb. neut.* To lap or lick up.

Lapereau, *subst. m.* A young rabbit.

Lapidaire, *f. m.* A lapidary or jeweller.

Lapidation, *subst. f.* A stoning to death; lapidation.

Lapidé, ée, *adj.* Stoned.

Lapider, *v. a.* To stone, to stone to death.

Lapidification, *f. f.* Lapidification.

Lapidifier, *v. a.* To lapidify, to turn into stone.

Lapidifique, *adj.* Lapidifick.

Lapin, *f. m.* Rabbit, a buck-rabbit, a coney.

Lapine, *f. f.* Rabbit, a doe-rabbit.

Lapis, *f. m.* Lapis lazuli.

Laps, lapie, *adjec.* Lapsed, fallen.

LAP

Laps, *f. m.* laps de temps, (terme de Pratique,) *Processs or trass of time.*
Laqs. *V.* Lacs.
Laquais, *f. m.* *A lackey or foot-boy.*
Laque, *subst. fém.* *Lacca; ♦ lacker.*
Laquelle, *pronom relatif.* (*The feminine of Lequel.*) *that, which, who. V. Lequel.*
Larcin, *f. m.* *Thaft, robbery.* *P.* Quand les larrons s'entre-battent, les larcins fe découvrent, *P.* *when thieves fall out, honest men come by their own.*
Lard, *f. m.* *Bacon. ♦ (Pour larder,) lard.*
Lardé, *éé, adj.* *Larded, &c. V. Larder.*
Larder, *v. a.* *To lard. ♦ (Perce de coups d'épée,) to stick or run through with a sword.*
Lardoire, *subst. f.* *A larding pin.*
Lardon, *f. m.* *A small slice of bacon. ♦ (Mot piquant,) wipe, a dry hob. Donner un lardon à quelqu'un, to give one a clean wipe or a dry bob, to rub him up, to nip him by the by, to give him a rub.*
Large, *adjeft.* *Broad, wide, large. ♦ Conscience large, a large conscience. ♦ Large, (libéral,) free, bountiful.*
Large, *subst. m.* (largeur.) *Breadth, wideness.* *Ce drap a une aune de large, this cloth is an ell wide. ♦ Un vent de terre nous chassa au large, a wind that blew from the shore drove us into the main. Courir au large, to stand off the sea. Prendre le large, to take sea-room. Vent du large, sea-breeze.*
Large, *adv. Ex.* *Cheval qui va large, a horse that goes wide.*
Au large, *adv. Ex.* *Etre logé au large, to have a great deal of room. Se mettre au large, to get more room. ♦ Etre au large, to have elbow-room, to be at ease. ♦ Au large, (terme de mer,) off or offward. Poul-*

LAS

ser au large, to push off.
Au long & au large, *adv.* *Far and wide.*
Largement, *adv.* (abondamment.) *Large, well, plentifully, abundantly.*
Largeffe, *f. f.* *Largefs, liberality, gift. Pieces de largeffe, doles.*
Largeur, *subst. f.* *Breadth, wideness, largeness. ♦ Largeur des vaisseaux, the extreme breadth of ships.*
Largue, *adj.* (terme de mer.) *Ex.* *Vent large ou vent de quartier, a quarter wind, a large wind. Avoir vent large, to sail large.*
Larguer, *v. a. & n.* *Larguer une manœuvre. To ease or loosen any rope. Larguer les écoutes, to let go the sheets. ♦ Bordage qui a largué, a butt which has sprung.*
Larigot, *subst. m.* *A kind of flute or pipe. ♦ Boire à tire-larigot, to drink hand to fist, to quaff, to tope briskly.*
Larix, *f. m.* *Larch-tree.*
Larme, *f. f.* *A tear. ♦ (goutte de quelque liqueur,) a drop. ♦ Larmes, (campagnes ou gouttes, en Architecture,) drops in Architecture.*
Larmier, *f. m.* (petite corniche qui est au haut du toit.) *The eave or drip of a house. ♦ (Chaperon d'une muraille de clôture,) the brow or coping of a wall. ♦ Larmiers, (parties à côté des yeux du cheval,) the eye-veins of a horse. ♦ Larmier de cheminée, the head of the shaft of a chimney.*
Larmoyant, *ante, adj.* *Weeping, crying, in tears.*
Larmoyer, *v. n.* *To weep or cry, to shed tears.*
Larron, *subst. m.* *A thief, a stealer, a rogue.*
† Larronneau, *f. m.* *A little or young thief.*
Las, *lasse, adj.* *Weary, tired.*
† Las, *interj. V. Hélas.*
Lascif, *ive, adj.* *Lascivious, lecherous, wanton, lustful.*
Paroles lascives, *wanton, smutry or bawdy discourse.*
Lascivement, *adv.* (d'une ma-

LAV 297

niere lascive.) Lasciviously, lecherously, in a lascivious or lecherous manner, wantonly.
Lasciveté, *subst. fém.* *Lasciviousness, lechery, wantonness, lust.*
Lassant, *ante, adj.* *Wearisome, tedious, tiresome, unpleasant.*
Lasse, *'tis the feminine of las.*
Lasser, *v. a.* *To weary, tire or fatigue.*
Se lasser, *verb. r.* *To grow or be weary or tired.*
Lassitude, *f. f.* *Weariness, faintness, lassitude.*
Laste, *f. m.* *A last, a sort of measure of two tuns.*
Latéral, *ale, adjeft.* *Latéral, belonging to the side. Les parties latérales d'un chapeau de colonne, the sides of a pillar's capital.*
Latéralement, *adv.* *Laterally, side-ways, obliquely.*
Latin, *ine, adj.* *Latin. ♦ † Le Pays Latin, (l'Université, le College,) the University, the school. ♦ Voile latine, (terme de mer,) a lateen sail. Bâtiment latin, a lateen vessel.*
Latin, *f. m.* *Latin or the Latin Tongue. Latin de cuisine, Law-Latin. ♦ † Il y a perdu tout son Latin, he has lost his labour, he could make nothing on't. ♦ † Je suis au bout de mon Latin, I am past my Latin or at my wit's end. ♦ Les Latins, the Latines.*
Latinisé, *éé, adj.* *Latinized.*
Latiniser, *v. a.* *To latinize.*
Latinisme, *f. m.* *A latinism.*
Latinité, *f. f.* *Latinity, the latin tongue.*
Latitude, *f. f.* (distance de l'équateur aux pôles.) *Latitude.*
Latrie, *f. f.* *Ex. Culte de latrie, the service or worship due to God.*
Latrines, *f. f. pl.* *A privy, jakes or house of office.*
Latte, *f. f.* *A lash.*
Latté, *éé, adj.* *Lathed.*
Latter, *v. a.* *To lash.*
Lattis, *f. m.* *A covering of laths.*
Lavage, *f. m.* *Washing; ♦*

slap, flapping or flabbering;
 ♣ *slop or chip in porridge.*

Lavande, *f. f. Lavender*, a sweet smelling plant.

Lavandier, *f. m. A yeoman of the laundry to the King of France.*

Lavandiere, *f. f. Laundress or washer woman.*

Lavaret, *f. f. pl. A whitish trout in the lakes of Savoy.*

Lavasse, *f. f. A great shower.*

Laudanum, *f. m. Laudanum.*

Laudes, *f. f. pl. (partie de l'Office Divin.) Laudes*, part of the Roman Morning-prayers.

Lavé, *éc. adj. Washed, &c.*

V. Laver.

Lavement, *f. m. Washing. ♣ (Clystere,) a glistre.*

Laver, *v. act. To wash. ♣ Laver une barbe, to lather a beard. * † Laver la tête à quelqu'un, to rattle one, chide or reprimand him.*

Se laver, *v. r. du crime dont on est accusé, to clear or justify one's self from the crime laid to one's charge.*

* Je m'en lave les mains, *I wash my hands on't, I'll not be concerned in it. ♣ Laver, (baigner,) to wash or water.*

Laveton, *f. m. Short wool.*

Lavette, *f. f. A clean clout to wipe the pewter with, after it is scoured, a dish-clout.*

Laveur, *f. m. Ex. Laveur de toisons, he that washes the fleece when the sheep are sheared.*

Laveuse, *f. f. laveuse d'étuelles, a pewter-scourer.*

Lavoir, *f. m. A wash-house; ♣ a sink or square stone in a kitchen; ♣ a great dish-water kettle; ♣ a laver.*

Lauréole, *f. f. Spurge-laurel.*

Laurier, *f. m. The laurel or bay-tree. Laurier mâle, Laurel. Laurier femelle, bay-tree. ♣ Laurier, (ou feuilles de laurier,) laurel or bay-leaves. * Lauriers, (marques d'honneur,) laurels; ♣ bays.*

Lavuro, *f. f. Dish-water, hog-wash.*

Laxatif, *ive, adj. Laxative, loosening, opening.*

Layer, *v. a. (terme des Eaux & Forêts.) To cut a riding or lane through a forest.*

Layette, *subst. m. A box-maker.*

Layette, *f. f. A box; ♣ a drawer; ♣ child-bed clothes or linen.*

Lazaret, *f. m. Lazaretto or pest-house.*

Le, (article des noms masculins,) *the. ♣ Le, la, (pronom relatif,) him, her, it. Où est cet homme? je le cherche, where is that man? I look for him.*

Il la demande, *he asks for her. ♣ Le voici, here he is, here it is. Je le veux bien, I will.*

Lé, *subst. m. Breadth, the breadth of cloth or stuff.*

† Léans, *adv. Within.*

Leche, *f. f. A slice or collop. Léché, éc. adjct. Licked, licked up.*

Léchefrite, *subst. f. A dripping-pan.*

Lécher, *v. act. To lick, to lick up.*

Leçon, *f. f. Lesson; ♣ reading or lecture. Faire leçon, to read or explain a subject in hand.*

Lecteur, *f. m. A reader. ♣ (Professeur,) a reader of Lectures. ♣ Lecteurs, (un des quatre Ordres Mineurs dans l'Eglise,) Lecturers or Lectors.*

Lecture, *f. f. Reading.*

Légal, *ale, adj. Legal.*

Légalement, *adv. Legally.*

Légalisation, *f. f. The making a writing authentick.*

Légaliser, *v. a. To make authentick.*

Léga, *subst. m. Legate, a Pope's Legate.*

Légataire, *subst. m. & fém. Legatee.*

Légation, *f. f. Legateship.*

Lege, *adj. bâtiment lege, A walt ship, a ship that is not loaded enough.*

Légende, *f. f. Legend.*

Léger, *ere, adjct. (qui ne pese guere.) Light, offsmall weight; ♣ light, easy. ♣ Chevaux-Légers, (cavalerie*

*légere,) horse or light-horse. * Léger, (frivole,) light, slight, small, inconsiderable, trifling. * (Dispos, agile,) light, swift or nimble. ♣ (volage,) light, fickle, uncertain. * (Superficiel,) light, small, superficial. * Légere teinture ou connoissance, a smattering. * Cheval léger à la main, a light born horse.*

† De léger, *adv. Lightly, easily.*

A la légère, *adv. (légèrement.) Lightly. * (Inconsidérément,) rashly, foolishly.*

Légerement, *adv. (Avec légèreté.) Lightly. * (Superficiellement,) lightly, slightly, superficially. * (Inconsidérément,) rashly, foolishly, unwarily. * (Avec vivacité,) lightly, nimbly, swiftly.*

Légereté, *f. f. (qualité de ce qui est peu pesant.) Lightness. * (Inconstance,) levity, fickleness. * (Imprudence,) lightness, foolery, folly or piece of folly. * (Agilité,) lightness, nimbleness, swiftness.*

Légion, *f. f. Legion.*

Légionnaire, *subst. masc. Legionary.*

Légitimeur, *f. m. Law-giver, law-maker, legislator.*

Législatif, *ive, adj. Legislative.*

Législation, *f. f. Legislation, legislative authority.*

Légitte, *f. m. A Lawyer or Civilian.*

Légitimation, *f. f. Legitimation or legitimizing.*

Légitime, *adj. Lawful; ♣ just, reasonable.*

Légitime, *subst. f. Portion, part or share that a child has by Law in his parents estate.*

Légitimé, *éc. adj. Legitimated.*

Légitimement, *adj. Lawfully, justly.*

Légitimer, *v. act. To legitimate.*

Légitimité, *f. f. Legitimacy.*

Legs, *f. m. Legacy, gift by will.*

LEG

Légué, *éc, adj.* Bequeathed, left by will.
Léguer, *v. a.* To bequeath or leave by will.
Légume, *f. m.* Pulse, such as beans, pease, and the like; *legume*. ♦ **Légumes**, (herbes potageres,) herbs, roots, greens, salladings.
Lemme, *f. m.* (terme de Géométrie.) A lemma.
Lendemain, *f. m.* The next day, the day following.
† Lendore, *f. m. & f.* A hum-drum.
Lénifier, *v. a.* To lenify or soften.
Lénitif, *f. m.* A lenitive.
Lent, *lente, adj.* Slow, slack, backward, dull, lazy, dilatory, heavy, lingering. Pas lent, slow or soft pace. ♦ **Fievre lente**, an hectic fever.
Lente, *f. f.* A nit.
Lentement, *adv.* (avec lenteur.) Slowly, heavily.
Lenteur, *f. f.* Slowness, heaviness, dullness, slackness, laziness. ♦ **Voyez** avec quelle lenteur il s'applique à son travail, see how dull he is at his work.
Lentille, *f. f.* Lentil; ♦ a freckle.
Lentisque, *subst. masc.* Lentisk.
Léonin, *ine, adj.* Leonine. *Ex.* Vers léonins, leonine verses. ♦ **Société léonine**, an unequal society, wherein the stronger has the best share.
Léopard, *subst. m.* Leopard.
Léopardé, *adj.* *Ex.* Lion léopardé, a lion passant, gardant in heraldry.
Lepre, *f. f.* Leprosy.
Lépreux, *euse, adj.* Leprous, troubled with the leprosy. Un lépreux, a leper, a leazer.
Léproserie, *f. f.* A lazaretto, leazar-house.
Lequel, laquelle, (pronon relatif ou interrogatif.) That, which, who.
Les, the plural of le and la. The, them.
Lese, *adj. Ex.* Crime de lese-Majesté, high treason.
Lété, *éc, adj.* Wronged, aggrieved.

LES

Léser, *v. a.* To wrong or aggrieve.
Léline, *f. f.* Sordid parcimony, sparingness, niggardliness.
Léliner, *v. n.* (user de léline.) To be a sordid husband or house-wife, to be niggardly.
Lésion, *f. f.* (terme de Palais, tort, dommage.) Wrong, damage, grievance.
Lesquels, the plural of lequel. Which, who, that; the same makes in the feminine lesquelles.
Lessive. V. Laisse.
Lessive, *f. f.* Lie, washing.
Lessivé, *éc, adj.* cendres lessivées; lie-ashes.
Left, *f. m.* The ballast or last of a ship. Le left roule, the ballast shifts; ♦ voile à left, port-fail.
Leftage, *f. m.* Leftage, ballastage.
Lesse, *adj.* Spruce, fine, neat; in a neat or rich dress.
Lésté, *éc, adj.* from lester, Ballasted.
Leitement, *adv.* Neatly, smartly, richly.
Lester, *v. a.* To ballast.
Lesteur, *adj. m.* bateau lesteur, a ballast lighter.
Léthargie, *f. f.* Lethargy, the sleepy or drowsy disease; * insensibility.
Léthargique, *adj.* Lethargick.
Léthargique, *f. m. & f.* Lethargick, that hath a lethargy.
Léton. V. Laiton.
Lettre, *f. f.* (caractère de l'alphabet.) Letter. ♦ (Ecriture,) hand or hand-writing. ♦ (Epître, missive,) letter, epistle. ♦ Lettre de change, a bill of exchange. ♦ Vous aurez souvent de mes lettres, you will hear frequently from me. * † Ce sont lettres closes, that's a secret. * Lettre, (sens littéral,) a letter or literal sense. * Rendre à la lettre, to render word for word. * Aider à la lettre, to help the matter. * Lettres, (Science, Littérature, les Belles-

LEV 299

Lettres,) learning, good literature. ♦ **Les Saintes Lettres**, the holy scriptures. ♦ **Lettres-royaux**, (certains actes de Chancellerie,) letters. Lettres Primitives, letters patents, a patents. ♦ **Lettres de récréance**, credentials. ♦ **Lettres de rescision**, a writ to null or make void a contract. † **Avoir lettres de quelque chose**, (en avoir assurance,) to be sure of a thing.
Lettré, *éc, adj.* Lettered; learned. Les personnes lettrées, scholars, the learned, men of literature.
Levain, *subst. m.* Leaven, ferment. Pain sans levain, unleavened bread. * **Levain**, (reste d'une maladie,) spice, relics, remains of an old disease. * — (reste de haine, d'inimitié, &c.) old grudge.
Levant, *adj.* Rising. *Ex.* Le soleil levant, the rising sun.
Levant, *f. m.* The East, the Levant; ♦ the Turkish countries. Echelles du Levant, the sea-port towns in the Levant.
Levantin, *ine, adj. & f. m. & fem.* Levantine, born in the Levant.
Leve, *f. f.* A hollow mallet to play at mall.
Levé, *éc, adj.* Lifted, heaved up, risen, &c. **Voyez** Lever. **Main-levée**, replevy, a law-term. ♦ **Pain levé**, leavened bread. * **Marcher la tête levée**, to go bare-faced.
Levée, *f. fem.* (chauffée.) Bank, caufcy or mole. ♦ (Temps auquel une assemblée se leve,) rising or breaking up. ♦ **Levée d'un siege**, the raising of a siege. ♦ **Levée**, swell of the sea. ♦ **Levée des fruits**, gathering of fraies, crop, harvest. ♦ **Levée**, (collecte de deniers,) a levying, raising or gathering. ♦ (Main au jeu des cartes,) a trick at cards. ♦ (De gens de guerre,) levying, levy or raising of soldiers. **Faire des levées de soldats**, to levy or raise soldiers. ♦ **Faire**

des levées sur le peuple, *to raise taxes upon the people.* ♣ Il y a trop de toile, il faut faire une levée, *there's too much cloth, some on't must be cut of.* * Faire une levée de boucliers. *V. Bouclier.*

Lever, *v. a.* (hauffer.) *To lift, heave, hold or raise up.* ♣ (Dresser,) *to take up, to hold or lift up.* * Lever l'étendard contre quelqu'un, *to levy war against one.* * Lever le camp, *to break up, to decamp.* Lever le piquet, (déloger,) *to break up, to go away.* ♣ Lever (acheter) de l'étoffe, *to take up or buy cloth.* ♣ Lever une copie d'un arrêt, *to take a copy of a sentence.* ♣ Lever le chapeau, *to take or pull off one's hat.* Lever le masque, *to take up or pull off the mask.* ♣ Lever, (ôter une chose,) *to remove, to take up, to take off or take away.* * Lever une difficulté ou un obstacle, *to remove, to take away a difficulty or rub.* ♣ Lever (ou tracer) le plan de quelque lieu, *to take or draw the plan of a place.* ♣ Lever, (recueillir,) *to gather.* ♣ Lever (exiger) des taxes, des impôts, *to raise or levy taxes.* ♣ Lever quelqu'un, *to take one up, to help him to dress himself.* ♣ Lever la garde, la sentinelle, *to relieve.* Lever boutique, lever cabaret, *to set up shop, to set up a tavern or ale-house.* ♣ Lever les oreilles, *to prick up one's ears.* * Je n'oserois lever les yeux si haut, *I dare not aim or aspire so high.* ♣ Lever l'ancre, *to weigh the anchor.* ♣ — les rames, *to unship the oars.*

Lever, *v. n.* (se dit des semences, des oignons, des fleurs, &c. qui commencent à pousser.) *To rise, grow or shoot.* ♣ (Fermenter,) *to rise, to ferment.* ♣ Faire lever une perdrix, *to spring a partridge.* ♣ Faire lever un lièvre, *to start a hare.* ♣

Faire lever la pâte, *to leaven the dough.* ♣ Faire lever un siège, *to cause a siege to be raised.*

Lever, *se lever, v. r.* *To rise, to get up, to be stirring; to rise, to get or stand up; to rise, to break up; to rise or be up or begin to appear.* ♣ Se lever, (commencer, en parlant du vent, de la tempête,) *to rise, arise or begin to blow.*

Lever, *f. m.* *Rising, levee.*

Leveur, *f. m.* (qui leve des droits.) *A tax-gatherer.*

Levier, *f. m.* *Lever.*

Levis, *adj. m. Ex.* Un pont-levis, *a draw-bridge.*

Lévite, *f. m.* *Levite.*

Lévitique, *f. m.* *Leviticus.*

Leur, *pron. possess.* (pluriel de la troisième personne.) *Their, theirs, their own.*

Leur, *pron. pers.* (le pluriel de lui.) *Them, they.* Je leur dis, *I told them.*

Levrault, *f. m.* (jeune lievre.) *A leveret or young hare.*

Levre, *f. f.* *The lip.* * Je l'ai sur le bord des levres, *I have it at my tongue's end.*

* Rire du bout des levres, *to laugh but from the teeth outward.*

Levrette, *f. f.* *A grey-hound bitch.*

Levrier, *f. m.* *A grey-hound.*

Levron, *f. m.* (jeune ou petit levrier.) *A young or little grey-hound.*

Leurre, *f. m.* *A lure for a hawk.* * (Appât, amorce,) *a lure, a decoy.*

Leurré, *ée, adj.* *Lured.* * (Attrapé,) *lured, decoyed, &c.*

Leurrer, *v. a.* *To lure a hawk.* * (Attirer à dessein de tromper,) *to lure, to decoy, to trepan.*

Levure, *f. f.* *Yeast.*

Lézard, *f. m.* *A lizard.*

Lézarde, *subst. f.* (crevasse dans un mur.) *Gap in a wall.*

Leze, *V.* *Lese.*

Liais, *subst. m.* *A very hard freestone whet of stair-steps and tomb-stones are commonly made.*

Liaison, *f. f.* *Binding, faste-*

ning; *linking or joining together.* ♣ Maçonnerie en liaison, *bound masonry.* ♣ Liaison, (lien,) *bond, tie.* ♣ (Trait de plume,) *a stroke of the pen that joins the parts of letters.* * Liaison, (affinité,) *connexion, connexity, coherence, affinity, congruity, relation.* * (Correspondance,) *a secret correspondence or intelligence.* * (Amitié,) *union, love, amity, friendship, familiarity, acquaintance.* ♣ Cela donne de la liaison aux ingrédients, *that thickens the ingredients or makes the ingredients incorporate well together.*

Liard, *f. m.* *A french farthing.* * † N'avoir pas vaillant un liard, *to be worth little or nothing; not to be worth a groat.*

Liaise, *f. f.* *A bundle of papers.*

Libation, *f. f.* *Libation.*

Libelle, *f. m.* *A libel, an infamous or abusive writing.*

Libellé, *ée, adj.* *Declared upon.*

Libeller, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique.) *To declare upon an action of trespass, debt, covenant, &c.*

Libéral, *ale, adj.* *Liberal, free, generous, bountiful.* ♣ Les Arts libéraux, *the liberal Arts.*

Libérement, *adv.* *Liberally, freely, bountifully, generously.*

Libéralité, *f. f.* *Liberality, bounty, generosity.*

Libérateur, *f. m.* *A deliverer, a saviour.*

Libératrice, *f. f.* *Deliverer.*

Libéré, *ée, adj.* *Freed, exempted, &c.*

Libérer, *v. a.* *To free, to exempt, to rid out.* ♣ Libérer des dettes, *to clear from debts.*

Se libérer, *v. r.* *To free one's self, to get free.* ♣ Se libérer, (payer ses dettes,) *to clear or pay one's debts.*

Liberté, *f. f.* (franc arbitre.) *Liberty or free will.* ♣ (Indépendance,) *liberty, freedom.* ♣ (Pouvoir de faire

LIB

quelque chose,) *liberty*, *freedom*, *leave*, *free leave*.
 ♦ (Par opposition à servitude,) *liberty* or *freedom*.
 ♦ (Heureuse disposition naturelle,) *freedom*, *free* or *easy way*, *easiness*, *facility* of writing, speaking, &c. ♦ (Manière d'agir trop libre,) *liberty*, *boldness*, *latitude*, *licentiousness*. Prendre, se donner la liberté de faire une chose, *to take upon one's self*, *to presume*, *to make bold to do a thing*. Il prend trop de liberté, *he takes too great a latitude*. ♦ Liberté de ventre, *looseness*, *the having one's body open*. V. Libre. ♦ Libertés, (franchises,) *liberties*, *privileges*, *exemptions*.
 Libertin, ine, *adj. Lewd*, *licentious*, *debauched*.
 Libertin, *f. m. A libertine*, *a wit*. ♦ (Un débauché,) *a libertine*, *a lewdman*.
 Libertinage, *f. m. Libertinism*. ♦ (Débauche,) *lewdness*, *licentiousness*, *debauchery*.
 Libertine, *f. f. A lewd woman*.
 Libouret, *f. m. A rod to fish mackerels with*.
 Libraire, *f. m. A bookseller*, *a stationer*. La compagnie des Libraires, *the company of Stationers*.
 Librairie, *f. f. Book-trade*, *Book-selling*.
 Libre, *adj. Free*, *that has his free will*; ♦ *free*, *independent*; ♦ *free*, *at liberty*; ♦ *free*, *loose*, *easy*, *natural*, *unaffected*; ♦ *free*, *plain*, *downright*, *open*, *frank*; ♦ *free*, *loose*, *licentious*, *rash*. ♦ Il vous est libre de faire ce qu'il vous plaira, *you may do what you please*. Se tenir le ventre libre, *to keep one's belly loose or one's body open*.
 Librement, *adv. Freely*, *loosely*, *rashly*.
 Lice, *subst. f. (carrière.) Lists*.
 Lice, *f. f. (femelle de chien de chasse.) A hound-bitch*.

LIE

♦ Lice. *Ex. Tapiserie de haute-lice*, *tapestry-hangings*.
 Licence, *f. f. (permission.) Licence*, *leave*, *permission*, *power*; *licence is seldom used in this first sense*. ♦ (Liberté trop grande,) *licence*, *liberty*, *latitude*. ♦ (Dérèglement dans les mœurs,) *licentiousness*, *lewdness*. ♦ (Second degré en Théologie, en Médecine ou en Droit,) *a licentiate's degree*. ♦ Licences ou Lettres de licence, *a licentiate's diploma*.
 Licencié, ée, *adj. Disbanded*.
 Licencié, *f. m. A licentiate*, *one that has power to practise in any Art*.
 Licencier, *verb. act. To disband*.
 Se licencier, *v. r. To grow licentious*, *to take too much liberty or too great a latitude*, *to be so bold as*.
 Licencieusement, *adv. Licentiously*, *lewdly*, *dissoletely*.
 Licencieux, euse, *adj. Licentious*, *lewd*, *loose*, *dissolet*, *disorderly*.
 Licitation, *f. f. (terme de Palais, enchère.) Auction*.
 Licite, *adj. Lawful*, *allowed of or allowable*.
 Licitement, *adv. Lawfully*.
 Liciter, *v. a. (terme de Pratique.) To sell a house, an estate by auction*.
 Licol. V. Licou.
 Licorne, *subst. fém. An unicorn*.
 Licou, *f. m. A halter*. * Il traîne son lieou, *he'll come to the gallows*, *he'll be hang'd at last*.
 Lieteur, *f. m. Lictor*.
 Lie, *f. f. Dregs or grounds*, *or lees*.
 Lié, ée, *adj. Tied*, *bound*, *fast*, &c. V. Lier. * Un discours bien lié, *a coherent discourse*, *a discourse that hangs well together*.
 Liege, *f. m. The cork-tree*. ♦ (Écorce du liege,) *cork*. (Bouchon de liege,) *a cork*.
 Liégé, ée, *adj. Corked*.
 Liéger, *verb. act. To cork*.
 Ex. Liéger un filet, (y

LIE 301

mettre le liege,) *to cork a net*.
 Lien, *f. m. A string*, *tie*, *band*, *or bond*; ♦ *the string place of a hat*. ♦ Liens dont un prisonnier est attaché, *bonds*, *chains* or *irons*. * (Servitude,) *bonds*, *chains*, *bondage*, *slavery*. P. Méchant chien, court lien, P. *a curst cur must be tied short*.
 Lienterie, *f. f. Lientery*.
 Lier, *v. a. (attacher.) To tie*, *bind*, *knit*, *fasten or make fast*. ♦ (Faire un nœud,) *to tie or make a knot*. ♦ Lier, (joindre ensemble,) *to join or put together*. ♦ (Épaissir,) *to thicken or make thick*. * Lier (faire) une partie de chasse, *to make a hunting-match*. * Lier, (unir ensemble,) *to tie*, *knit*, *unite or join*. * Lier conversation avec lui, *to join converse with him*. * Lier, (astreindre,) *to tie up*, *bind or oblige*, *to lay an obligation upon*.
 Se lier, *v. r. Ex. * Il s'est lié avec les Princes d'Allemagne*, (il a fait une ligue avec eux,) *he has made a league with the Princes of Germany*. ♦ Se lier, (s'épaissir,) *to thicken or grow thick*.
 Lierre, *f. m. Ivy*.
 † Lieffe, *f. f. (terme de l'Écriture-Sainte, joie.) Gladness*, *joy*, *exceeding joy*.
 Lieu, *f. m. Place or room*. * Ces bas lieux, (la terre,) *the earth*. ♦ Lieu de plaisance, *a fine seat in the country*. ♦ Lieu, (rang,) *place*, *rank*. * (Temps favorable pour faire ou dire quelque chose,) *place*, *time*. * (Sujet, raison,) *cause*, *reason*, *matter*. * (Occasion,) *way*, *occasion*. Un vilain lieu ou un mauvais lieu, *a stew*, *a bawdy-house*. ♦ Lieu, (race,) *family*, *birth*, *extraction*. Il vient de bon lieu, *he comes of a good family*. ♦ Aimer, faire l'amour en

bon lieu, *to fix one's love upon a deserving person.* * Je tiens, je fais cela de bon lieu, *I have that from very good hands.* ♦ Lieu (passage) d'un livre, *place or passage in a book.* ♦ En quelque lieu que, (partout où,) *wherever, whithersoever.* ♦ En aucun lieu, (nulle part,) *no where.* En tout lieu, *every where.* ♦ Lieu, (place qu'une personne ou une chose tient pour une autre,) *place, room, stead, lieu.* Au lieu de travailler, il joue, *instead of working he plays.* Au lieu, *whereas, when, when as or while.* ♦ Les lieux, (les aïeulx, le privé,) *a house of office, a convenient or necessary house.*
Lieue, *f. f. A league.*
Lievre, *f. m. A hare.* † Un bec-de-lievre, *a hare-lip.* * † Mémoire de lievre, *short or bad memory.*
Lieutenant, *f. f. Lieutenantcy, a Lieutenant's place.*
Lieutenant, *f. m. A Lieutenant.* Lieutenant de Roi, dans une province, *the Lord Lieutenant of a country.*
Lieutenant, *f. f. A Lieutenant's lady.*
Ligament, *f. m. Ligament.*
Ligamenteux, *euse, adj. Full of ligaments, stringy.*
Ligature, *f. fém. Ligature, band; ♦ ligature, binding.*
Lige, *subst. m. A duty paid by the liegeman to the liege-lord.*
Lige, *adj. Liege, subject, vassal.* Hommage lige, *full homage, allegiance.*
Ligement, *adv. By allegiance.*
† Lignage, *f. m. Family, lineage, offspring.*
Lignager, *f. m. One of the same family.*
Lignager, *adj. Ex. Retrait lignager, a power of redemption.*
Ligne, *f. f. Line.* ♦ Mettre ou tirer en ligne de compte, *to set or put to account, to charge.* ♦ Ecrire, mettre, tirer une somme hors li-

gne, *to set a sum on the margin.* ♦ Ligne de bataille, *line or line of battle.* — du plus près, *the line close hauled.* ♦ — de flottaison, *the load-water-line.* ♦ — d'amarrage, *fastenings or lashings.*
Lignée, *f. f. Stock, family, offspring, issue, race.*
Ligneul, *f. m. Shoemaker's thread.*
Ligneux, *euse, adj. Ligneous, woody.*
Ligue, *f. f. (confédération.) League, confederacy.* ♦ (Complot,) *confederacy, combination, faction, club, party.*
Liguer, *v. a. To unite or join in a league, to confederate, to combine.*
Ligueur, *f. m. Ligueuse, f. f. A leaguer.*
Lilas, *f. m. The lilac, arabian bean or pipetree.*
Limace, *f. f. ou Limas, f. m. A slug or a slug-snail.*
Limaçon, *f. m. ou colimaçon. Snail.* ♦ Limaçon de mer, *a periwinkle.* ♦ Escalier en limaçon, *a winding staircase.*
Limaillé, *f. f. File-dust, filings.*
Limande, *f. f. A burt or bretfish.*
Limas. *V. Limace.*
Limbes, *f. m. pl. Limbs.*
Lime, *f. f. A file.* * Passer à la lime un ouvrage, *to polish or lick up a piece of work.*
Lime, *f. f. A sort of sweet-lemon.*
Limé, *ée, adj. Filed, &c. V. Limer.*
Limer, *v. a. To file or file off.* * Limer, (polir,) *to polish or finish.*
Limier, *f. m. Blood-hound, lime-hound.*
† Liminaire, *adj. f. Ex. Epître liminaire, an epistle dedicatory, a dedication.*
Limitation, *subst. f. Limitation, restriction, modification.*
Limité, *ée, adj. Bounded, limited, confined, stinted.*
Limiter, *v. a. To limit or set bounds, confine, restrain.*

Limites, *f. f. plur. Limits, bounds, boundaries, borders.* * Limites, (au figuré,) *limits, bounds.*
Limitrophe, *adj. Neighbouring, bordering upon, adjacent, lying near to.*
Limon, *f. m. (forte de citron.) A lemon or pomecitron.* ♦ (Boue, bourbe,) *mud or slime.* ♦ (Une des deux pieces de bois d'un chariot entre lesquelles on attelle un cheval,) *a shaft of a cart.* ♦ (D'un escalier,) *the string-board of a staircase.*
Limonade, *f. f. Limonade.*
Limonadier, *f. m. A maker or seller of limonade.*
Limoneux, *euse, adj. Slimy; muddy; ♦ ooty, marshy.*
Limonier, *f. m. A lemon or citron-tree; ♦ a thill-horse or shiller.*
Limousin, *f. m. (nom des habitants d'une province de France.) Limosin.* ♦ Limousin, (forte de maçon,) *a mason or bricklayer, a rough-waller.*
Limousinage, *f. m. Rough-wallling.*
Limpide, *adj. Limpid, clear.*
Limpidité, *f. f. Limpidness.*
Limure, *f. f. Filing.*
Lin, *f. m. Linc or flax; ♦ linseed.* ♦ Gris-de-lin, (couleur,) *gridelin, gricelin.*
Lincaul, *f. m. A sheet.*
Linéament, *f. m. Lincament, feature.*
Linge, *f. m. Linen, linc-clothes; ♦ rag, linc-rag, cloth.* Linge à barbe, *a barbing cloth.*
Linger, *f. m. Lingere, f. f. One who makes or sells linen; a seamstress.*
Lingerie, *f. f. Linen-trade; ♦ the place of a Nunnery where the linen is kept.*
Lingot, *f. m. An ingot or wedge.*
Lingotiere, *f. f. An ingot-mould, a wedge-mould.*
Linière, *f. f. (lieu semé de lin.) A flax-plot.*
Liniment, *f. m. A liniment or chin ointment.*
Linon ou Linomple, *subst. m. Lawn.*

L I N

Linotte, *f. f.* A *linnet*.
 Linteau, *f. m.* *Lintel*, the head-piece over a door or window.
 Linx, *V.* Lynx.
 Lion, *f. m.* A lion; ♀ *Leo*, one of the twelve Celestial signs.
 Lionceau, *f. masc.* A lion's whelp, a young lion.
 Lionne, *f. f.* A lioness.
 Lipothymie, *f. f.* *Lipothymy*, fainting or swooning.
 Lippe, *f. f.* A great blubber or pointing under-lip.
 † Lippée, *f. f.* (bouchée.) A mouthful. Un chercheur de franches lippées, a sponger or smell-fe st.
 Lippitude, *subst. fém.* Lippitude.
 Lippu, ue, *adject.* Blobber-lipped.
 Liquefaction, *f. f.* Liquefaction.
 Liquéfié, ée, *adj.* Liquefied, &c.
 Liquéfier, *v. a.* To liquefy, melt, dissolve or make liquid.
 Se liquéfier, *v. r.* To liquefy, to grow or become liquid, to melt.
 Liqueur, *f. f.* *Liquor*. ♀ Vin qui a de la liqueur, *luscious wine*.
 Liquidation, *f. f.* A settling or clearing.
 Liquide, *adj.* Liquid, clear.
 Liquidé, ée, *adject.* Cleared, settled.
 Liquider, *v. a.* To clear or settle.
 Liquidité, *f. f.* Liquidity.
 Lire, *v. a.* To read.
 Liron. *V.* Loir.
 Lis, *f. m.* (plante.) *Lily*. ♀ Lis ou fleur de lis, a *lily*. ♀ Fleur-de-lis, (en armoiries,) a *flower-de-luce*. ♀ Fleur-de-lis, (marque dont on flétrit certains criminels en France,) *flower-de-luce* or mark wherewith malefactors are branded.
 Liséré, ée, *adj.* Bordered.
 Liserer, *v. a.* (terme de Brodeur.) To embroider.
 Liseron, *f. m.* (plante.) *Bind-weed*.
 Liset, *f. m.* (insecte.) *Vine-fretter*.

L I T

Liseur, *f. m.* Liseuse, *f. f.* Reader.
 Lisible, *adj.* Legible, easy to read.
 Lisiblement, *adv.* Legibly.
 Lisière, *f. f.* List of cloth or of a stuff. ♀ Lisière de toile, the selvage of a linen cloth. ♀ Lisière de petit enfant, a young child's strings, to walk it by. * Lisière, (extrémités d'un pays,) borders. * De grandes lisieres de montagnes, a long chain or ridge of hills.
 Lisse, *adj.* Sleek, smooth.
 Lisse, *f. f.* (terme de Construction navale.) Lisses des couples, ribbands. — d'acastillage, rails. — de plat-bord, drift-rails.
 Lissé, ée, *adj.* Sleeked, smoothed, made smooth.
 Lisser, *v. a.* To sleek, smooth or make smooth.
 Littoir, *f. m.* A sleek stone.
 Lissure, *f. f.* Sleeking.
 Liste, *subst. f.* List, roll or catalogue.
 Listel, *f. m.* A small square, an outjetting brow or member of a pillar; listel, list.
 Lit, *f. m.* A bed. ♀ Lit, (ou bois de lit,) a bedstead. ♀ Le lit d'une rivière, the channel of a river. * Lit, (ou couche de quelque chose,) bed or layer. ♀ Un enfant du premier ou du second lit, a child by the first or second wife. ♀ Lit, (droit fil du vent principal,) the chief point of the wind. Tenir le lit du vent, to go close by the wind or near the wind.
 Litanies, *f. f. pl.* The litany.
 Liteau, *f. m.* The haunt of a wolf.
 Litharge, *f. f.* Litharge.
 Lithotomie, *f. f.* Lithotomy.
 Lithotomiste, *f. m.* Lithotomist.
 Litière, *f. f.* Litter, to be carried in; ♀ Litter, straw. ♀ Cheval sur la litière, a sick or lame horse. * † Il est sur la litière, (il est malade au lit,) he is sick a-bed, he is bed-ridden. * † Faire litière de quelque chose, to throw a thing

L I U 303

about like dirt, to lavish it.
 Litigant, ante, *adj. & subst.* Litigant, a suitor, one that is at law.
 Litige, *f. m.* Litigation, strife, law-suit.
 Litigieux, euse, *adj.* Litigious.
 Litispendance, *subst. f.* The time during which the law-suit is depending, litiſpendence.
 Litre, *f. f.* A black girdle with coats of arms round the upper part of a Church.
 Litron, *subst. m.* A measure containing somewhat more than a pint.
 Littéral, ale, *adj.* Literal.
 Littéralement, *adv.* Literally.
 Littérature, *f. f.* Literature, learning, erudition.
 Liturgie, *f. f.* A liturgy.
 Livarde, *f. f.* (ou baleſton.) Sprig of a shoulder-of-mutton fail.
 Liveche, *subst. f.* Lovage, a plant.
 Livide, *adj.* Black and blue, livid.
 Livraison, *f. f.* Delivery.
 Livre, *f. m.* A book.
 Livre, *f. f.* (forte de poids.) A pound. ♀ Livre, (monnoie de compte valant vingt sols,) a livre. ♀ Livre sterling, a pound sterling, twenty shillings.
 Livré, éc, *adj.* (from livrer.) Delivered, delivered up, *V.* Livrer.
 Livrée, *f. f.* Livery. ♀ (Gens de livrée,) livery-men. ♀ Livrée de la noce, wedding-favour.
 Livrer, *v. a.* To deliver or deliver up. ♀ Livrer bataille, to engage or join battle. ♀ Livrer un assaut à une place, to storm a place. ♀ Livrer, (abandonner,) to give or deliver up, to abandon, to devote. ♀ Livrer, (garantir,) to warrant.
 Se livrer, *v. r.* To give one's self up or over, to surrender, to abandon one's self. ♀ Il est entièrement livré à la maison de Guise, he is entirely devoted to the house of Guise.
 † Livret, *f. m.* A little book.
 Liures, *f. fém. pl.* Liures de

304 LOB

beaupré, *the gammoning of the bow-sprit.*
Lobe, *f. m.* **Lobe**. ♦ — (De légumes & graines,) *cod or shell of pulse and seeds.*
Loc, *f. m.* (terme de mer.)
Log. Table de loc, *log-board.* Jeter le loc, *to heave the log.*
Local, *ale, adjct.* **Local**, *of place.*
Locataire, *f. m. & f.* *A tenant or lodger.*
† **Locati**, *f. m.* *A hackney-horse.*
Locatif, *we, adj.* *Of or belonging to the tenant.*
Loche, *f. f.* (poisson.) *A loach.*
Locher, *v. n.* *To be loose.*
Lodier, *f. m.* *A bed quilt.*
Lods, *f. m. pl.* *Ex.* Lods & ventes, *sales of alienation.*
Lof, *subst. m.* *The loof of a ship, the weather side.* Tenir le lof, *to keep the loof, to keep the ship close to the wind.* Au lof, (terme de commandement,) *a-loof, spring your loof, loof-up.* ♦ Etre au lof, *to be to the wind-ward, to have the weather-gage.* ♦ Lof pour lof, *tack-about.*
Lofer, *v. n.* (venir au lof,) *To put the helm a-lee.*
Logarithme, *subst. m.* *Logarithm.*
Loge, *f. f.* **Shed**, *lodge, hut or cabin;* ♦ *a box in a play-house.* ♦ **Loge**, (dans une foire,) *a booth in a fair.* ♦ **Loge**, (où l'on enferme les fous,) *a box or cell in a mad-house.*
Logé, *ée, adj.* **Lodged**. ♦ *J'en suis logé-là, I am of that mind, that's my humour or temper.*
Logeable, *adjct.* **Convenient.** Maison logeable, *a convenient house.*
Logement, *f. m.* **Lodging or apartment.** ♦ **Logement**, *a lodgment in a siege.*
Loger, *v. a.* *To lodge, harbour or give a lodging to.* ♦ **Loger** des soldats, *to quarter soldiers.*
Loger, *v. n.* *To lodge, lie, live or dwell.*
Se loger, *v. réc.* *To build a*

LOI

house for one's own use; ♦ *to take a lodging.*
Logette, *f. f.* *A little lodge or cabin.*
Logicien, *f. m.* *A logician.*
Logique, *f. f.* **Logick.
Logis, *f. m.* **House**, *home, lodging, habitation.* Corps de logis, *main house.* ♦ *part of a house, apartment.* ♦ **Logis**, (hôtellerie,) *an inn.*
Logistique, *f. f.* **Logistick.
Logogriphe, *f. m.* *A riddle, an enigma.*
Loi, *f. f.* **Law;** ♦ *law, statute, ordinance, decree;* ♦ *law, precept, command.* ♦ **Gens de loi**, *lawyers.* ♦ **Ranger un état sous ses lois**, *to subdue a state, to bring it under one's dominion.* ♦ **Les lois du devoir** *my obligent, my duty binds me to it.*
Loin, *adv.* **Far, far off, a great way, a great way off, at a distance or great distance.** ♦ **Voir venir quelqu'un de loin**, *to see whe-reabout one is, to see what he would be at.* ♦ **Rejeter**, *renvoyer quelque chose bien loin, to reject a thing.* ♦ **Aller loin**, (faire des progrès,) *to go far, to go a great way.* ♦ **Cela va plus loin que vous ne pensez, that's of greater consequence than you imagine.** ♦ **Parents de loin, relations a great way off.** ♦ **Il ne le portera pas loin, he shan't go long unpunished, I'll soon be even with him.** ♦ **Au loin, a great way off.** **Loin à loin, de loin à loin, at a great distance.** ♦ **Bien loin, bien loin que, far from, instead of.** **Bien loin que cela soit, it is so far from being so.**
Loin, *prép. de lieu.* (qui a la même signification que **Loin** adverbe.) **Far, far off, a great way, a great way off, at a great distance.** ♦ **Loin d'ici, loin de nous, away, avant, be gone.** **P.** Qui est loin des yeux est loin du cœur, **P.** out of sight, out of mind. ♦ **Ils sont encore tous deux loin******

LON

de compte on bien loin de compte, they two differ still very much.
Lointain, *aine, adjct.* **Far, remote.**
Lointain, *f. m.* *The despising of a picture.*
Loir, *f. m.* *A dormouse.*
† **Loisible**, *adj.* **Lawful.**
Loisir, *f. m.* **Leisure, spare time.** **A loisir, leisurely, at leisure.** ♦ **Loisir**, (eipace de temps suffisant pour faire quelque chose,) *time.*
Lok, *f. m.* **Loch, a kind of estuary.**
Lombaïre, *adjct.* **Lumbar or lumbar.**
Lombes, *f. m. pl.* *The loins.*
L'on. *V.* **On.**
Long, *longue, adj.* **Long.** ♦ *† Avoir les dents bien longues, to be sharp set or to be almost starved.* ♦ **Long**, (étendu en durée de temps,) *long, great.* *Ex.* **Long-temps, a great or along while.** ♦ **Bail à longues années, a long lease.** **Assignation à longs jours, a summons to a long day.** ♦ **Long-temps, (dans un sens adverbial,) long.** **Je ne l'ai pas vu depuis long-temps, I have not seen him this great while.** **Assez long-temps, a pretty while.** ♦ **Long**, (lent, tardif,) *long, tedious, slow.*
Long, *f. m.* (longueur.) **Length, long.** **Une chambre qui a vingt pieds de long, a room twenty feet in length or twenty feet long.** ♦ **Savoir le court & le long d'une affaire, to know the short and the long of a business.**
Au long, tout au long, adv. *At large.*
Le long, au long, prép. de lieu. **Along, all along.** **Un cheval long-jointé, (qui a le paturon long,) a long-jointed horse.**
Longanimité, *f. f.* **Longanimity, long-suffering, forbearance, long patience.**
Longe, *f. f.* **Loin.** *Ex.* **Une longe de veau, a loin of veal.** ♦ **Longe**, (cour-roie,) *a strap or thong of leather.*

Longitude;

L O N

Longitude, *subst. f. Longitude.*
 Long-temps, *adv. V. Long.*
 Longue, *The feminine of Long.*
 De longue-main, *adv. A long while since or ago, of long standing. Je le connois de longue main, he is an old acquaintance of mine.*
 A la longue, *adv. At long run, at the long run, in time.*
 Longuement, *adv. Long, a long time, a great while.*
 Longuet, *ette, adj. Somewhat long.*
 Longueur, *f. f. Length. Tirer en longueur, to draw out in length, to put off, to prolong, to delay, to spin.*
 † Lougueur, *(délai,) delay.*
 † Lopin, *f. m. Gob, gobbet, lunch, bit or morsel.*
 † Loque, *f. f. Rag, tatter.*
 Loquet, *f. m. The latch of a door.*
 Loqueteau, *f. m. A little latch.*
 † Loqueteux, *euse, adj. Ragged, beggarly.*
 Loquette, *subst. f. A little piece.*
 Lorgné, *ée, adj. Ogdled.*
 Lorgner, *v. a. To ogle.*
 Lorgnette, *f. f. A spying-glass.*
 Lorgneur, *euse, subst. An ogler.*
 Lorient, *f. m. Lorient, a sort of bird.*
 Lormiers, *f. m. pl. Lorimers or loriners.*
 Lors de, *adv. At the time of, when.*
 Pour lors, *adv. Then, at that time.*
 Dès-lors, *adv. Ever, since, from that time.*
 Lorsque, *adv. When, at the time.*
 † Los, *f. m. Praise.*
 Lofange, *f. f. Lorange.*
 Lofangé, *ée, adj. Lorangeed.*
 Lot, *f. m. Lot, portion, share; † a prize.*
 Loterie, *f. f. A lottery.*
 Lotion, *f. f. (terme de Chimie.) Lotion.*
 Lotir, *v. a. To share, to divide into lots.*
 Louable, *adj. Commendable,*
 Tome I,

L O U

to be commended, laudable, praise-worthy, worthy of praise. † Louable, (terme de Médecine,) laudable or good.
 Louablement, *adv. Laudably, commendably.*
 Louage, *f. m. A letting out; † a hiring. † Carrosse ou cheval de louage, a hackney-coach or horse. † Louage d'une maison, the rent of a house.*
 Louange, *f. f. Praise, commendation. Digne de louange, praise-worthy.*
 † Louanger, *v. a. To praise or commend.*
 † Louangeur, *f. m. A praiser, a flatterer.*
 Louche, *adj. Squint-eyed, that looks askew.*
 Loucher, *v. n. (regarder de travers.) To squint or look askew.*
 Loué, *ée, adj. Hired. † (Donné à louage,) let or let out. † (A qui on a donné des louanges,) praised, commended, &c. V. Louer.*
 Louer, *v. a. To hire. † (Donner à louage,) to let or let out. † Louer, (donner des louanges,) to praise or commend. † Louer Dieu, to praise or thank God.*
 Se louer de quelqu'un, *v. r. To be well satisfied with one.*
 Lover, *v. a. (plier un câble en rond.) To coil a cable.*
 Loueur, *f. m. A praiser or flatterer.*
 Louis ou Louis d'or, *f. m. A louis d'or.*
 Loup, *f. m. A wolf. † Loup marin, (poisson de mer,) bafe, a sea-fish. † Loup, (ulcère qui vient aux jambes,) a malignant ulcer in the legs. † Vesse-de-loup, V. Vesse. † Loup, (masque de velours,) a mask. † Loup-cervier, (lynx,) a lynx. † Loup-garou, a wolf-man or were-wolf. * (Homme d'humeur farouche,) an owl, an unsociable man. P. Quand on parle du loup, on en voit*

L O Y 305

*la queue, talk of the devil and he'll appear. P. Qui se fait brebis, le loup le mange. P. daub yourself with honey and you'll never want flies. * Entre chien & loup, at twilight, betwixt hawk and buzzard.*
 Loupe, *f. f. A wen. † Loupe, (verre convexe des deux côtés,) a round magnifying glass.*
 Lourde, *lourde, adj. (pefant.) Heavy, clutterly, unwieldy. * (Stupide,) heavy, dull, blockish. * Lourde faute, a gross or great fault. * Lourde, (difficile,) heavy, hard.*
 Lourdaude, *f. f. An awkward wench.*
 Lourdaud, *f. m. A dunce, block-head or logger-head, an awkward fellow.*
 Lourdement, *adv. Heavily; * blockishly, grossly; * awkwardly.*
 † Lourderie ou Lourdisse, *f. f. A gross fault, a blunder.*
 Loutre, *f. f. An otter.*
 Louve, *f. f. A she-wolf. * Louve, a lascivious woman, a common whore, a punk. † Louve, slings or iron pincers.*
 Louver, *v. a. (terme de Maçon.) To make a hole in the stone to heave it up.*
 Louveteau, *f. m. A young wolf. † Louveteaux de maçon, wedges of iron.*
 Louveter, *v. n. To whelp, as a she-wolf.*
 Louveterie, *f. f. Wolf-hunting.*
 Louvetier, *f. m. The master of the wolf-hunters, an Officer appointed for wolf-hunting.*
 Louvoyer, *v. n. (terme de Marine.) To board, to bolt to and again, to larveer.*
 Loxodromie, *subst. f. Loxodromy.*
 Loyal, *ale, adj. Right, lawful. † Vin loyal & marchand, (bien conditionné,) marketable wine. † Loyal, (plein d'honneur & de probité,) honest, loyal, full of probity.*

106 LOY

Loyalement, *adv.* *Loyally, faithfully, honestly.*

Loyauté, *f. f.* *Loyalty, fidelity, honesty.*

Loyer, *f. m.* *Rent.* ♦ (Salaire,) *hire, salary, wages.* * † (Récompense,) *reward, recompense.*

Lozange. *V.* *Lozange.*

† Lubie, *f. f.* (caprice extravagant.) *A maggot or crotchet, a ridiculous fancy, a whim.*

Lubricité, *f. f.* (lascivité.) *Luchery, lasciviousness, wantonness, incontinency, lubricity.*

Lubrique, *adj.* (lascif.) *Lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lubrick.*

Lubriquement, *adv.* *Wantonly, lasciviously.*

Lucarne, *f. f.* *A dormer-window.*

Lucide, *adj.* *Ex.* Il a des intervalles lucides, (en parlant d'un homme qui a le cerveau attaqué, & qui raisonne bien de temps en temps,) *he has lucid intervals.*

Lucratif, *ive, adj.* *Lucrative, profitable.*

Lucre, *f. m.* *Lucre, gain, profit.*

Luette, *subst. f.* *The uvula.* Luette abattue, *the palate of the mouth down or uvula.*

Lueur, *f. f.* *Light or glimmering light.*

Lugubre, *adj.* *Mournful, doleful, moanful, sad.*

Lugubrement, *adv.* *Mournfully, dolefully, moanfully.*

Lui, (pronom de la troisième personne au masculin.) *He, him.* Ma femme a été chez vous, lui avez-vous parlé? *my wife has been at your house, did you speak to her?*

Luire, *v. n.* *To shine, to glister, to give light.*

Luisant, *ante, adj.* *Shining, glittering, bright, light.* ♦ Ver-luisant, (insecte,) *glow-worm.*

Lumière, *f. f.* (clarté.) *Light or brightness.* ♦ (Bougie, chandelle ou lampe,) *light, candle or lamp.* * (Intelli-

LUN

gence, connoissance,) *light, understanding, parts, knowledge.* * (Indice,) *light, insight; hint.* * (Illustre personnage,) *light, an eminent or illustrious man.* * (Petit trou de la culasse d'une arme à feu,) *the touch-hole of a gun or vent.*

* Mettre un livre en lumière, *to set forth, to publish or put out a book.* * Commencer à voir la lumière ou la lumière du jour, (naître,) *to be born.*

* Les lumières de Dieu découvrent nos défauts jusque dans les replis de nos âmes, *the most secret recesses of our souls lie all open to God's all-seeing eye.*

Lumignon, *f. m.* *Snuff, wick or cotton of a candle, the match of a lamp.*

Luminaire, *f. m.* *Luminary or light.* ♦ Le luminaire d'une Eglise, *the lights of a Church.* * † Luminaire, (les yeux,) *the eyes, the eye-sight.*

Lumineux, *euse, adj.* *Luminous, lucid, bright, full of light.*

Lunaire, *adjectif.* *Lunar.* Mois ou année lunaire, *a lunar month or year.*

Lunaire, *f. f.* *Lunary or moonwort, a plant.*

Lunaison, *f. f.* *Lunation.*

Lunatique, *adjectif.* *Lunatick, mad, frantick or sick at certain times of the moon.* ♦ Cheval lunatique, *a moon-eyed horse.*

Lunatique, *f. m.* *A lunatick or madman.*

Lundi, *f. m.* (second jour de la semaine.) *Monday.*

Lune, *f. f.* *The moon.* * † Vouloir prendre la lune avec les dents, *to attempt impossibilities.* ♦ Cheval furet à la lune, (ou lunatique,) *a moon-eyed horse.*

* † Avoir des lunes, (être sujet à des caprices,) *to be full of whims or crutches.*

Lunette, *f. f.* *Glass.* Lunette d'approche ou à longue vue, *a prespective-glass,*

LUT

a telescope. Lunette à facettes, *a multiplying-glass.*

♦ Lunette de chapon, de poulet, &c. (os fourchu qui est au haut de l'estomac,) *the merry-thought of a capon or chicken.* ♦ Lunette (ou siège) de privé, *the seat of a house of office.* ♦ Lunette, (où se met le cristal d'une montre,) *the crystal case of a watch.* ♦ Lunettes, (au pluriel,) *spectacles.*

Lunettier, *subst. m.* *Spectacle-maker.*

Lupin, *f. m.* *Lupine, a sort of pulse.*

Luferne. *V.* *Luzerne.*

Lusin, *f. m.* *Housing or house line.*

Lustral, *adj. Ex.* *Eau lustrale, lustral or holy water.*

Lustre, *f. m.* (éclat.) *Lustre or gloss; lustre, splendour, brightness.* ♦ (Chandelier à plusieurs branches,) *a chandelier, a branch or a branched candlestick, a great sconce.* ♦ —(Espace de cinq ans,) *lustum, the space of five years among the ancients.*

Lustré, *ée, adj.* *That has a gloss upon it.* ♦ Taffetas lustré, *lustring or lustring.*

Lustrer, *v. a.* *To set a gloss upon.*

Lut, *subst. m.* *Lute, clay or loam.*

Luté, *ée, adj.* *Luted.*

Luter, *v. a.* *To lut or cover with clay.*

Luth, *f. m.* *Lute.*

Luthier, *f. m.* *A musical instrument-maker.*

Lutin, *f. m.* *A hobgoblin.* * Un lutin, (un méchant garçon,) *an unlucky boy.*

Lutiner ou faire le lutin, *v. n.* *To make a deadly noise, to tear or bluster.*

Lutrin, *f. m.* *A reading desk or chorister's desk in a church choir.*

Lutte, *f. f.* *Wrestling.*

Lutter, *v. n.* *To wrestle.* * Lutter contre la fortune, contre la mort, &c. *to struggle with or against the fortune, death, &c.*

LUT

Lutteur, *f. m.* *Wrestler.*
Luxation, *f. f.* *A luxation or being out of joint.*
Luxe, *f. m.* *Luxury, profuseness, luxe.*
Luxer, *v. a.* *To luxate, to disjoint.*
Luxé, *ée*, *adj.* *Luxated, disjointed.*
Luxure, *f. f.* *Lechery, wantonness, lust, lasciviousness.*
Luxurieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lustful.*
Luzerne, *f. f.* *Medick-fodder, Spanish trefoil, an herb.*
Lycanthrope, *f. m.* *A wolf-man or were-wolf.*
Lycanthropie, *f. f.* *Lycanthropy, the frenzy or madness of a wolf-man.*
Lymphatique, *adj.* *Lymphatic.*
Lymphé, *f. f.* *Lympha, a watry humor.*
Lynx, *f. m.* *A lynx. Avoir des yeux de lynx, (avoir des yeux persans,) to have lynx-eyes, to be keen-sighted or quick-sighted.*
Lyre, *f. f.* *A lyra, viol or harp.*
Lyrique, *adj.* *Lyrick.*

M

MA, (pronom possessif féminin.) *My or mine. V Mon.*
Macaron, *f. m.* *Macaroon.*
Macaronique, *adj.* *Macaronick, speaking of a certain poem.*
Macération, *f. f.* *Maceration, mortification. & Macération d'une plante dans du vinaigre, (en termes de Chimie,) the maceration or soaking of a plant in vinegar.*
Macéré, *ée*, *adj.* *Macerated, mortified, &c.*
Macérer, *v. a.* *To macerate or mortify. & (Faire tremper,) to macerate, to soak or steep.*
Mâche, *f. f.* *Corn-fallet.*
Mâché, *ée*, *adjct.* (from mâcher.) *Chawed, chewed.*

MAC

Mâchefer, *subst. m.* *Dross of iron.*
Mâchelière, *adj. f.* *Les dents mâchelières, cheek-teeth or the grinders.*
Mâchemoure, *f. f.* *The crumbs of sea-bisket.*
Mâcher, *v. a.* *To chew or chew. & Cheval qui mâche son frein, a horse that champs the bit. * Mâcher, (manger beaucoup & avec avidité,) to set one's chops a-going, to claw it off, to eat briskly. * Mâcher (préparer, disposer) une affaire, to prepare a business, to make it ready.*
† Mâcheur, *euse*, *f. A great eater.*
Mâchicatoire, *f. m.* *Ex. Prendre du tabac en mâchicatoire, to chew tobacco.*
Machinateur, *f. m.* *Machinator, contriver, plotter.*
Machination, *f. f.* *Machination, device, plot, plotting or contriving.*
Machine, *f. f.* *A machine, device or engine. * (Invention, ruse,) a sly trick or crafty device, a plot. * La machine ronde, the earthly ball, the world. & Machine à mâter, sheers for masting of ships.*
Machiné, *ée*, *adj.* *Machinated, contrived, &c.*
Machiner, *v. a.* *To machinate, contrive, plot, hatch or devise. & Machiner les points d'un foulard, to paint a shoe.*
Machiniste, *subst. m.* *A machinist.*
Mâchoire, *f. f.* (from mâcher.) *The jaw or jaw-bone, the chops. * † Branler la mâchoire, to set one's chops a-going, to eat. & Mâchoire d'étau, vice-chops.*
† Mâchurer, *verb. a.* *To dawb.*
Macis, *f. m.* (écorce de muscade.) *Mace.*
Mache, *f. f.* *Masle, a term of heraldry.*
Maçon, *f. m.* *A mason or bricklayer.*
Maçonage, *f. m.* *Mason's work.*

MAG 307

Maçonné, *ée*, *adj.* *Made or built.*
Maçonner, *v. a.* *To make or build, to mure, to wall up.*
Maçonnerie, *f. f.* *Masonry, mason's-work, muring or walling; stone or brickwork.*
Macreule, *subst. f.* *A sea-duck.*
Maculature, *f. f.* *A waste sheet of printed paper. & (Papier gris,) a very coarse brown paper.*
Macule, *f. f.* *Spot, blemish, blot, stain.*
Maculé, *ée*, *adj.* *Spotted.*
Maculer, *v. a. & n.* *To spot or blot.*
Madame, *f. f.* *My Lady, Madam, Ladiship. & Madame, (la fille aînée du Roi,) Madame. P. Monsieur vaut bien Madame, he is as good as she.*
Mademoiselle, *f. f.* *Madam, Miss, Mistress. & Mademoiselle, (la fille de Monsieur frere du Roi,) Mademoiselle, the King's brother's daughter.*
Madré, *ée*, *adj.* *Speckled, spotted; bois madré, speckled wood. * Madré, (fin, rusé,) cunning, sharp.*
Un fin madré, *f. m.* *A cunning man, a sharp blade.*
Madrier, *f. m.* (terme d'Ingénieur.) *A thick plank or board.*
Madrigal, *f. m.* *Madrigal, a kind of epigram.*
Maestral, *f. m.* (vent du nord-ouest sur la Méditerranée.) *The north-west wind.*
† Mafflé, *ée*, *adjct.* *Club-cheeked, bloated face.*
Magasin, *f. m.* *A magazin, a ware-house or store-house. & Marchand en magasin, a wholesale-man or Merchant.*
Mage, *f. m.* *A wise man among the Persians, &c. a Magus.*
Mage, *adj.* *Juge-mage, Chief Justice.*
Magicien, *subst. m.* *A magician, a conjurer or sorcerer.*
Magicienne, *f. f.* *A witch or sorceress.*

Magie, *f. f. Magic.*Magique, *adj. Magical, magical, conjuring.*Magister, *subst. m. A school-master.*Magistère, *f. m. Magistrery.*Magistral, *adj. Magisterial or magisterious, imperious.*Magistralement, *adv. Magisterially, imperiously.*Magistrat, *f. m. A magistrate, an Officer in Government, &c.*Magistrature, *f. f. Magistracy, the office and dignity of a Magistrate.*Magnanime, *adj. Magnanimous, generous, brave, of great spirit.*Magnanimité, *f. f. Magnanimity, courage, generosity, greatness of spirit.*Magnétique, *adj. Magnetick or magnetical; of or belonging to the load-stone.*Magnificence, *f. f. Magnificence, state; greatness, generosity. (Somptuosité), magnificence, state, greatness, stateliness.*† Magnifié, *éc. adj. Magnified, exalted, highly praised, extolled.*† Magnifier, *v. a. To magnify, exalt, praise highly, extol.*Magnifique, *adj. Magnificent, stately, noble, great, that lives in great state. (Somptueux), magnificent, stately, noble, somptuous, splendid. (Style magnifique), a lofty or high strain, a lofty or sublime style.*Magnifiquement, *adv. Magnificently, stately, nobly, royally, splendidly, pompously.*Magot, *f. m. A baboon. (Sot mal-fait & mal-bâti), a baboon, a booby, an ill favoured coxcomb, a nasty fellow, a puppy. (Magot, (amas d'argent caché), a hoard of money, an hidden treasure.*Mahonne, *f. f. Mahone, a Turkish ship somewhat like a galeas.*Mai, *f. m. May.*Majesté, *subst. f. Majesty. (Crime de lèse-majesté au*

premier ou second chef, high-treason. Majesté, (en

parlant de tout ce qui a quelque air d'auguste, de

grand & de noble,) majesty, stateliness, greatness, nobleness, loftiness, sublimity.

Majestueusement, *adv. Majestically, stately, in great state, nobly.*Majestueux, *euse, adj. Majestick, majestic, full of majesty; noble, stately, great, lofty, sublime.*Majeur, *eure, adj. Of age. (L'excommunication majeure, the greater excommunication. Force majeure, force, superior power.*† Majeurs (nos), *f. m. pl. Our fore-fathers, ancestors or predecessors.*Majeure, *f. f. The major proposition of a syllogism. (Majeure ordinaire, an all at the University.*Maigre, *adj. Lean, meager, thin, scraggy; hungry, dry or barren. (Un maigre sujet, a dry, barren, jejune or slender subject. Faire maigre chère, to make pitiful cheer, to fare very hard, sadly or pitifully. Un maigre auteur, a sorry author, a pitiful writer. Jour maigre, a fish-day.*

Maigre, (en parlant d'un morceau de bois ou de pierre qui ne joint pas bien,) that gapes, that does not join close.

Maigre, *f. m. Lean. (Manger maigre, faire maigre, to eat no flesh, to keep lent, to forbear meat.*Maigrelet, *ette, adj. Lean, poor, out of case, thin.*Maigrement, *adv. Poorly, slenderly, pitifully.*† Maigret, *ette, adj. Lean, poor, thin, out of case.*Maigreux, *f. f. Leanness. Elle a une grande maigreur, she is very lean.*Maigri, *ie, adj. Grown lean, fallen away.*Maigrir, *v. n. To grow lean, to fall away.*Mail, *f. m. Mallet; (Maille, f. f. An ancient base coin of France. (Pin-*

maille, (avare, taquin,) a pinch-fist or pinch-penny, a stingy fellow. (Maille, (anneau qu'on fait avec l'aiguille en tricotant,) a stitch in knitting. (Maille, (trou de réseau ou de filet,) a net-mesh. (Maille, (annelet de fer,) mail. (Maille, (tache dans l'œil,) a web or pin in the eye. (Maille, (marque ou tache de perdreau,) mail or speck.

Maille, *éc. adj. Mailed or speckled. (Maçonnerie mailleée, (faite en forme de dextériau,) net-masonry.*Mailier, *v. a. To arm with a coat of mail.*Se mailier, *v. r. (en parlant des perdreaux.) To grow mailed or speckled.*Mailier, *v. n. (faire les mailles d'un filet.) To make the meshes of a net.*Maillet, *f. m. A mallet.*Mailletage, *f. m. The sheathing of a ship's bottom with scupper mails.*Mailleter, *v. a. To sheath a ship's bottom with mails.*Maillet, *f. m. Swathing or swaddling clothes. Un enfant au maillet, an infant. (Il est encore au maillet, he is still at nurse.*Main, *subst. fem. Hand. (Ecriture,) hand or writing. (Avoir la main rompue à quelque chose, to be used or inured to a thing. (Tendre la main, (demander l'aumône,) to beg; also. (Donner ou offrir du secours,) to lend or helping hand, to assist or come to one's assistance. Donner ou prêter la main à quelqu'un, to favour one, to support or countenance him. J'en mettrois la main au feu, (j'en jurerois,) I'd take my oath on't. Tout ce qui vient de votre main, all that comes from your hands or from you. Faire crédit de la main à la bourse, to trust no farther than one can see. Main, (puissance, vertu,) hand, power, virtue. Venir aux mains*

MAI

avec l'ennemi, *to engage with the enemy, to join battle.* * Faire main-basse sur l'ennemi, *to put all to the sword.* Coup de main, *a bold action; a handy-blows.* Donner les mains à quelque chose, *to consent to a thing.* * Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, (le battre,) *to lay one's hands upon one, to beat or bang him.* * Combat de main à main, *a close fight.* * Tenir la main haute, *to keep a stiff hand over one.* * Il est haut à la main, *he is a proud surly man.* * Donner les mains, *to yield; to give up the cudgels.* * Acheter de la viande à la main, *to buy meat by guess.* * Prendre en main la cause de quelqu'un, *to take one's part, to espouse one's cause or quarrel.* * Prendre à toutes mains, *to catch every way.* * Ils nous ôtent le pain de la main, *they take the bread out of our mouths.* De longue main, *adv. (depuis long-temps,) long since, of an old standing.* Ils sont amis de longue main, *they are old friends, they are friends of an old standing, they are old cronies.* * Il a été formé & élevé par une telle main, *he was brought up under such a one.* * Jouir d'une terre par ses mains, *to keep land in one's own hands, to improve one's estate.* * Sous la main, *under one's nose.* * Il est sous la main, (ou sous la dépendance,) *he is under him, he depends upon him.* * Cheval qui est sous la main, *the off-horse.* * Gagner de la main, *to be before-hand, to get the start.* * Il a la main à la pâte, *he has the fingering of the money.* * Main pote, *a lame hand.* * Il part de la main, & va trouver son maître, *he goes out of hand or presently, to his master.* * La main me dérange, *my fingers itch to be at it.* * Un homme de main, *an active or stirring man, a man fit for action.* * Donner la main ou la bride à un cheval, *to*

MAI

give a horse the bridle. * Main chaude, *hot-cockles.* * Donner de main en main, *to hand about.* * Main de papier, *a quire of paper.* * Main, (une levée de cartes,) *a trick at cards.* * Main-de-fer, (sorte de croc,) *a grapple.* * Main, (qui tient le seau lorsqu'on puise de l'eau,) *the hook that holds the bucket of a well.* * La main d'un singe, d'un ours, *the paw.* * Main-forte, *help, succour, aid, assistance.* * Main-levée, *replevy.* A pleines mains, *adv. Plentifully, liberally, largely.* Sous main, *underhand, privately, secretly.* En un tour de main ou en un tour de main, *in the turning of a hand, in a trice.* Main-mortable, *adj. In mortmain.* * Prendre à toutes mains, *to catch every way.* Main-morte, *subst. f. Mortmain.* † Maint, ainte, *adj. Many, several.* † Maintes fois, *adv. Many a time, often.* Maintenant, *adv. Now, at this time, now-a-days.* Dès maintenant, *from this time forth or forward, henceforth, hereafter.* Maintenir, *v. a. To maintain, uphold, bear up, to keep up, to countenance or support; to maintain, hold or affirm.* Se maintenir, *verb. récip. To keep up.* Maintenu, *ue, adj. Maintained, kept up, upheld, born up, countenanced, supported, &c.* Maintenu, *f. f. A possession adjudged upon a full trial.* Demander la maintenue, *to demand possession.* Maintien, *f. m. Maintenance, maintaining, countenance, preservation.* * Maintien, (contenance,) *face, countenance, looks.* Major, *f. m. A Major.* Major, *adj. Major. L'Etat-major, the staff Officers.* * Tierce-major, *a tierce major, at picket.* Majordome, *f. m. A Majordomo or steward.*

MAI 309

Majorité, *f. f. Majority or being of age.* Etre en majorité, *to be of age.* * Majorité, (charge de Major,) *a Major's place.* Maire, *f. m. Mayor.* Mairie, *subst. f. Mayoralty or Mayorship.* Mairrain, *f. m. Merrain.* Mais, *conj. But.* † Je n'em puis mais, *'tis none of my fault, I cannot help it.* Y puis-je mais ? *how can I help it?* Mais, *f. m. (blé de Turquie.)* Maix. Maison, *f. f. House, home or habitation; house, family.* * Faire la maison, *to begin house-keeping, to go to house-keeping.* * La maison du Roi, *the King's household or servants; also the King's household or troops.* * Les petites-maisons, *the bedlam of Paris.* * Maison, (race,) *house, family, parentage, extraction.* † Maisonnée, *f. f. The house, the whole house or family.* Maisonnnette, *subst. f. A little house.* Maître, *f. m. Master; master, teacher; a freeman.* * Il a trouvé son maître, *he has met with his match.* Il est maître de la matière, *he has a perfect command of the matter he treats of.* * Maître, *master, lord or lordlord.* * Une compagnie de cent maîtres, (ou cavaliers,) *a troop of a hundred troopers.* * Maître-d'hôtel, *a steward.* Le Grand-Maître d'Angleterre, *the high Steward of England.* * Maître des hautes œuvres, *the hangman or executioner.* * Maître des basses œuvres, *a tom-turd or gold-finder.* * Un maître fou, un maître fripon, *an arrant fool or knave.* Maître Clerc, *the head-Clerk.* * Le Maître-Autel, *the high or great Altar.* * Maître-cable, *a sheet-cable.* * Maître d'un vaisseau, *master or captain of a merchant ship.* * Maître d'équipage, *Boatswain.* * Maître Calfat, *the taulker of a ship.* * Maître ga-

barit, the bevel or mould of the midship frame.

Maitresse, *f. f.* Mistress.

Maitresse, *adj.* Principal, chief.

✧ C'est une maitresse femme, she is a notable woman.

Maitrise, *subst. f.* Freedom, a freeman's right or privilege.

Maitrisé, *ée, adj.* Domineered over, &c.

Maitriser, *v. act.* To domineer or have the dominion over.

* Maitriser ses passions, to master, conquer or subdue one's passions, to have the command of them.

Majuscule, *adj. Ex.* Lettre majuscule, a capital letter, a capital.

Mal, *f. m.* Ill, evil, mischief; ✧ evil, mischief, hurt, harm, prejudice or damage.

✧ (Douleur,) pain or ache.

✧ Mal d'enfant, labour.

✧ Mal, (maladie,) sickness,

disease or distemper.

✧ Mal vénérien, venereal or foul disease,

a clap or the pox.

✧ Mal, (maladie contagieuse,) sickness,

plague.

✧ (Malheur, inconvénient,) mischief,

misfortune, inconvenience.

✧ Expliquer une chose en mal,

to put an ill construction upon a thing.

✧ Vouloir mal à quelqu'un,

to bear one a grudge,

to have a spleen against him,

to owe him a spite.

✧ Dire du mal de quelqu'un,

to speak ill of one.

✧ Mal d'aventure, a little mischance.

✧ Le mal des yeux, sore eyes.

✧ Avoir le mal de mer, to be sea-sick.

✧ Mal, (peine, travail,) hardship,

ado, difficulty.

✧ Vous me faites mal, you hurt me.

✧ La tête me fait mal,

my head aches.

✧ Cela ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal,

that does not concern me neither one way nor other.

Mal, *adv. Ill, not well.* Vous vous y prenez mal,

you go the wrong way to work.

✧ Vous entrez mal dans mes sentiments,

you grossly mistake my meaning.

✧ Etre mal auprès de quelqu'un,

to be out of favour with one.

✧ Faire mal ses affaires ou être mal dans ses affaires,

to go down the wind.

✧ * Il est mal à cheval,

he is at an ill pass.

✧ Cet habit vous sied mal,

that suit does not become you.

De mal en pis, worse and worse.

Malachite, *f. f.* Malachite, a precious stone.

Malade, *adj.* Sick, ill, sickly, diseased, out of order, distempered, affected.

Malade, *f. m. & f.* A sick body, a sick person, a patient.

Visiter, assister les malades, to visit, to assist the sick.

Maladie, *f. f.* Disease, distemper, sickness, fit of sickness, malady, indisposition; ✧ sickness, plague.

Maladif, *ive, adjct.* Sickly, crazy, weakly, infirm.

Maladrerie, *f. f.* A lazaretto.

Mal-adroit, *oite, adj.* Unhandy, awkward.

Mal-adroit, *f. m.* An awkward fellow, a fumbler.

Mal-adroite, *f. f.* An awkward or unhandy woman.

Mal-adroisement, *adv.* Awkwardly.

† Mal-aise, *subst. m.* Trouble,

a sad case, a sad condition, misery.

Mal-aisé, *ée, adjct.* Hard,

difficult, troublesome; ✧ uneasy,

inconvenient; ✧ poor,

that has little to depend upon.

Mal-aisément, *adv.* Hardly,

with much ado.

Malandres, *f. f. pl.* Malanders,

a horse-disease.

Mal-avisé, *ée, adj.* Ill-advised,

unwise, silly, foolish,

imprudent.

Mal-bâti, *ie, adj.* Ill-contrived,

speaking of a house.

✧ (Mal-fait, mal-adroit,) ill-shaped,

awkward.

Mal-content, *ente, adj.* Discontented,

displeased, dissatisfied.

Mâle, *adjct.* Male. * (Fort, vigoureux,) manly;

masculine, stout, strong, vigorous.

✧ Mer mâle, a rough sea.

Mâle, *f. masc.* The male, in opposition to the female.

† Malebête, *f. f.* (personne dangereuse.) Foul friend.

Malédiction, *f. f.* (imprecation.) Malediction, curse, imprecation.

Maléfice, *f. m.* Witchcraft, enchantment, sorcery.

† Maléficié, *ée, adj.* Pining, sickly, lingering.

Maléfique, *adj.* Maleficent, malignant.

† Malencontre, *f. f.* Mischief or ill luck.

† Malencontreusement, *adv.* Unfortunately.

† Malencontreux, *euse, adj.* Unlucky, ominous, fatal, unfortunate.

Mal-entendu, *f. m.* A mistake; ✧ a misunderstanding.

† Malepeste, *interj.* Uddadikins.

Mal-façon, *f. f.* Defect, a defect in a piece of work.

* (Supercherie,) trick, underhand dealing, cheat.

Malfaicteur, *f. m.* A malefactor,

an offender.

Mal-faire, *v. a.* To do mischief.

Mal-faisant, *ante, adj.* (ma-

lin.) Mischievous, unlucky,

malicious. ✧ (Nuisible,) hurtful,

mischievous & bad, apt to make sick.

Mal-fait, *aite, adj.* Ill-made,

ill-done, ill-contrived, ill-shaped.

✧ (Laid,) ugly, ill-favoured.

† Mal-gracieusement, *advct.*

Uncivilly, rudely, clownishly.

† Mal-gracieux, *euse, adj.*

Uncivil, ungenteel, unmanly,

rude, clownish.

Malgré, *prépos.* In spite of,

maugre, against one's will.

✧ Bon gré, malgré, will he, nil! he.

Mal-habile, *adj.* Silly, ignorant,

incapable of a thing, unfit for it,

awkward.

Malheur, *f. m.* Misfortune, mischance,

ill fortune, disaster, mischief.

✧ (Calamité,) woe, misery, calamity.

✧ (Mauvaise fortune, ill luck, ill fortune.)

P. A quelque chose malheur est bon,

'tis an ill wind that blows no body good.

✧ Malheur, (forte d'imprecation,) woe.

MAL

Par malheur, *adv.* Unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately.
 Malheureusement, *adv.* Unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately; *✧* wretchedly, poorly, miserably.
 Malheureux, *euse, adj.* Unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, that has or brings ill luck. *✧* (Méchant,) wicked. *✧* (Sinistre,) unlucky, untoward, ill omious. *✧* (Mauvais,) wretched, pitiful, sorry.
 Malheureux, *f. m.* Malheureuse, *f. f.* An unhappy man or woman, a wretch; *✧* a wicked man or woman.
 Mal-honnête, *adj.* Dishonest; *✧* ungentle, indecent, unseemly; *✧* uncivil, rude.
 Mal-honnêtement, *adv.* Dishonestly, not honestly; *✧* uncivilly, rudely.
 Mal-honnêteté, *f. f.* Incivility, rudeness, indecency, unseemliness.
 Malice, *f. f.* Malice, mischief or mischievousness, wickedness; *✧* malice, knavery, roguery, a roguish trick.
 Malicieusement, *adv.* Maliciously, with malice, with a malicious or mischievous design.
 Malicieux, *euse, adj.* Malicious, mischievous; delighting in mischief, unlucky.
 Maligne, *'tis the feminine of malin.*
 Malignement, *adverb.* Maliciously, with a malicious design.
 Malignité, *subst. f.* Malice, mischievousness; *✧* malignity.
 Malin, *igne, adj.* (mal-faisant.) Malicious, mischievous, arch, unlucky. *✧* (Nuisible,) malignant, hurtful, bad, mischievous. *✧* Le malin Esprit, le Malin, (ou le Démon,) the evil spirit or devil.
 † Le Malin, *f. m.* Evil, the devil.
 Maline, *f. f.* Spring tides.
 † Malingre, *adj.* Peaking, pulling, sickly, poor.
 Mal-intentionné, *V.* Intentionné.
 Mal-jugé, *f. masc.* An illegal

MAL

decree or judgment, an error in a sentence.
 Malle, *f. f.* Trunk. *✧* (Valise des courriers,) mail. *✧* (Panier des petits merciers,) a pedlar's box.
 Malleable, *adject.* Malleable, which may be wrought with a hammer.
 Mallette, *f. f.* A little trunk or box.
 Mallier, *f. m.* A sumpter-horse or a pack-horse.
 Mal-mené, *éc, adj.* Abused, ill or scurvily used.
 Mal-mener, *v. a.* To abuse, to use ill or scurvily.
 Malotru, *ue, adj.* Ungainly, wretched, sad, pitiful, sorry. Un malotru, a sad, pitiful wretch, a sad soul.
 Mal-plaisant, *ante, adj.* Unpleasant, disagreeable, cross.
 Mal-propre, *adject.* Slovenly, flustish.
 Mal-proprement, *adv.* Slovenly, in a slovenly manner.
 Mal-propreté, *f. f.* Slovenliness.
 Mal-sain, *aine, adj.* Unwholesome, unhealthful. *✧* Mal-sain, (maladif,) unhealthy, sickly.
 Mal-séant, *ante, adj.* (qui sied mal.) Unseemly, unbecoming.
 Mal-sonnante, *adj. f.* Ill-sounding.
 Maltôte, *f. f.* A tax, impost or exaction upon the people.
 Maltôtier, *f. m.* A tax-gatherer, an excise-man.
 Maltraité, *éc, adj.* Ill used, abused, &c.
 Maltraiter, *v. act.* To use ill, to abuse. *✧* (Faire tort,) to wrong or abuse.
 † Malveillance, *f. f.* Malevolence, hatred, ill-will.
 Malveillant, *f. m.* Enemy, adversary, one that bears ill-will.
 Malversation, *f. f.* Misdemeanour.
 Malverser, *v. n.* To be guilty of some misdemeanour.
 Malvoisie, *f. f.* Malmsey, a sort of luscious and rich wine.
 Maman, *f. m.* Mamma.
 Mamelle, *f. f.* The breast. La mamelle d'un homme, the pap. Un enfant qui est à la

MAN 311

mamelles, (ou qui tette,) a sucking child.
 Mamelon, *f. m.* Nipple.
 Mamelu, *ue, adj.* Full-breasted.
 Manant, *f. m.* An inhabitant. *✧* (Un rustre,) a clown.
 Mancelles, *f. f. pl.* Great iron rings, whereby the thill-horse, &c. is fastened to a cart.
 Manche, *f. m.* Handle. *✧* Manche d'une cognée, the helve of an axe or hatchet. *✧* Le manche d'un couteau, the haft of a knife. * Il branle au manche, he is wavering, he begins to stagger.
 Manche, *f. f.* A sleeve. *✧* La Manche, (canal de mer,) the channel, the narrow seas. * † C'est une autre paire de manches, it is quite another thing. *✧* Bouts de manches, cuffs. *✧* Manche à eau, a hose to convey water. *✧* Manche à vent, a wind-sail.
 Manchette, *f. f.* A ruff.
 Manchon, *f. m.* A muff.
 Manchot, *otte, adj.* Maimed; that cannot use one's hand or arm, lame; *✧* that has but one hand. * Il n'est pas manchot, (il n'est pas sot,) he is no fool.
 Mandat, *f. m.* A mandamus.
 Mandataire, *f. m.* Mandatary; one that comes to a benefice by a mandamus.
 Mandé, *éc, adj.* Called, sent for, &c. *V.* Mander.
 Mandement, *f. m.* An order or mandate. *✧* (Billet portant ordre de payer,) an order, bill or note.
 Mander, *v. a.* (faire venir.) To call, to send for. *✧* Mander, (faire savoir,) to send word or acquaint with, to give notice of, to write, to advise, to give or send an account.
 Mandille, *f. f.* A great coat, a mandilion.
 Mandore, *f. f.* Mandore, a sort of musical instrument.
 Mandragore, *subst. f.* A mandrake.
 Manducation, *f. f.* Manducation or eating.
 Manege, *f. m.* Manage, a riding-academy or riding-house; *✧* manage or manage

312 MAN

- ging of a horse. * Manege, (intrigue,) intrigue, play, game.
- Manequin, *f. m.* A great baker or hamper.
- Manes, *f. m. pl.* Shade, a ghost, the soul of one deceased.
- Manœuvre, *Voy.* Manœuvre and its derivatives accordingly.
- Manganese, *f. f.* Manganese.
- Mangé, *éc.* adj. Eaten, eaten up, &c. *V.* Manger.
- † Mangeable, *adj.* (ce qu'on mange.) Eatables, anything to eat, victuals.
- Mangeant, ante, *adj.* (qui mange.) Eating.
- Mangeoire, *f. f.* A manger.
- Manger, *v. a.* To eat. Manger trop, se crever de manger, to burst one's self with eating, to cram or stuff one's guts till one bursts. * Manger son bien, to spend, waste or consume one's estate. * Ses valets le mangent, his servants eat him up or ruin him. (Manger, ronger,) to eat up. * Manger des yeux, to devour with one's eyes. * Manger de caresses, to kill with fondness or kindness. * Manger, (prendre ses repas,) to diet. *P.* Manger de la vache enragée. *P.* To bite on the bridle. * Ils se mangent, they are at daggers drawing. * Il mange ses mots, he clips his words. * La mer nous mange, the sea will swallow us. * Manger le vent à un vaisseau, to be calm a ship.
- Manger, *subst. m.* Meat, food or victuals. Le manger & le boire, eating and drinking.
- † Mangerie, *f. f.* Ex. Relever mangerie, to eat again, to fall to it again. * Mangerie, (exaction,) exaction, extortion.
- Mangeur, *f. m.* Mangeuse, *f. f.* Eater. * Mangeur de charrettes ferrées, a bully, a huffing, heaving or swaggering fellow.
- Mangeure, *f. f.* Nibbling, gnawing.
- ‡ Mangoneau, *f. m.* A mangonel or petrary.

MAN

- Maniable, *adj.* (aisé à manier.) Easy to be handled, wieldy. * (Traitable,) tractable, easy, supple. * Temps maniable, moderate wind.
- Maniaque, *adj.* Maniac, mad, furious.
- Manichordion, *f. m.* A clavicord.
- Manie, *f. f.* Madness, fury, rage; * fancy, passion.
- Manié, *éc.* adj. Handled, &c. *V.* Manier.
- Maniement, *f. m.* (action de manier.) Handling or the art of handling. * (Administration,) management or conduct.
- Manier, *v. a.* To handle, to feel, to meddle with, to touch. * Manier (outraiter) un sujet, to handle or treat a subject. * Manier, (conduire,) to handle, to manage, to have the management of, to wield. * Manier un cheval, to manage a horse.
- Maniere, *f. f.* (façon.) Manner, fashion, wise, way, rate. * (Espèce,) manner, kind or sort. * Maniere de parler ou de s'enoncer, way of expressing one's self, expression. * Manieres, au pluriel, way, behaviour, carriage. * Par maniere de dire, as it were, as one should say. * Par maniere d'entretien, by way of discourse.
- De maniere que, *adverb.* So that.
- Manifestation, *f. f.* Manifestation or making manifest.
- Manifeste, *adj.* Manifest, clear, plain, open, apparent, evident.
- Manifeste, *f. m.* A manifesto or publick declaration.
- Manifesté, *éc.* adj. Manifested, declared, published, revealed, made manifest.
- Manifestement, *adv.* Manifestly, clearly, plainly.
- Manifester, *v. a.* To manifest, to declare, publish, reveal, shew or make manifest.
- Se manifester, *v. r.* To shew one's self.
- † Manigance, *f. f.* Intrigue or underhand-dealing.

MAN

- Manipule, *f. m.* A manipule; * manipule, a handful or band of soldiers. * (Mesure d'Apothicaire,) manipule or handful.
- Manique, *f. f.* Hand-leather.
- Maniveau, *f. m.* A basket.
- Manivelle, *f. f.* Handle. * (De presse d'imprimeur,) the rounce of a Printer's press. * (De corderie,) laying hook. * (De rouet,) crank.
- Manne, *subst. f.* Mamma; * basket.
- Mannequin, *f. m.* Hamper; * mannikin.
- Manœuvre, *f. m.* A labourer, a mason's man.
- Manœuvre, *f. f.* (terme de Marine.) Tackling of a ship and the working of it. * Notre Général fit une manœuvre qui nous mit hors de danger, our General made a motion that put us out of danger; * the rigging of a ship. * Manœuvre, (conduite bonne ou mauvaise dans les affaires,) work.
- Manœuvrer, *v. n.* To attend the tackling, to work.
- Manœuvrier, *f. m.* A skillful seaman; one that understands well the use of the tackling.
- Manoir, *f. m.* Manor, dwelling house or habitation.
- Manque, *f. m.* Want; † lack. Il y a cela de manque, that is wanting or missing.
- Manque, *adv.* For want.
- Manquement, *f. masc.* Fault, slip. * Manquement de foi ou de parole, the breaking of one's word or faith.
- Manquer, *v. n.* To fail, to commit a fault, to offend, to do amiss. * Arme à feu qui manque, a gun that misfires. * Manquer, (avoir faute de,) to want, to lack, need or stand in need of, to be short of. * Manquer de parole à quelqu'un, to fail or to balk one, to disappoint him. * La potence ne te peut manquer, thou wilt be hanged without fail. * Manquer à sa parole, à sa promesse, to break one's word or promise. * Manquer, (omettre,) to fail,

MAN

forger or neglect, to miss.
 ♦ (Tomber, défaillir,) *to fail.* ♦ (faire besoin,) *to fail, to fall short, to want.* L'argent-lui a manqué, *money failed him, his money fell short.* ♦ Manquer, (ne pas être où on devrait être,) *to be missing.* ♦ L'affaire a manqué, (on n'a pas réussi,) *the business has miscarried.* ♦ Marchand qui a manqué, (qui a fait banqueroute,) *a broken merchant.* ♦ Le cœur me manque, (je tombe en défaillance,) *I faint.* ♦ La honte l'a fait manquer, *his bashfulness has put him out.*
 ♦ Manquer, *v. a. To miss.* Manquer son coup, *to miss one's aim, to be disappointed.* Manquer (ou perdre) une occasion, *to miss or lose an opportunity, to let it slip.*
 ♦ Manfétude, *f. f. Mansuetude, meekness, gentleness, tenderness of nature.*
 ♦ Mante, *f. f. A deep mourning mantle or veil.*
 ♦ Manteau, *subst. m. A cloak.* ♦ Manteau Royal, *a Royal mantle.* ♦ Manteau de femme, *a mantow or mantua.* ♦ Manteau de cheminée, *a mantle-tree.* ♦ Manteau, (apparence,) *cloak, pretence, show, colour, blind.*
 ♦ Mantelé, *ée, adj. Mantled in heraldry.*
 ♦ Mantelet, *f. m. (espece de petit manteau.) Manteler; ♦ Manteles, a moveable pent-house.* ♦ Mantelet, *mantile or mantle, in heraldry.* ♦ Mantelets de sabords, *port-lids.*
 ♦ Manuel, *elle, adj. (qui se fait à la main.) Manual, done with the hand.*
 ♦ Manuel, *subst. masc. A manual.*
 ♦ Manuellement, *adv. From hand to hand.*
 ♦ Manufacture, *f. f. Manufacture or manufactory.*
 ♦ Manufacturer, *v. a. To manufacture, to work.*
 ♦ Manufacturier, *f. m. A manufacturer.*

MAR

Manumission, *f. fem. Manumission.*
 Manuscrit, *ite, adj. Writ by hand.* Un manuscrit, *a manuscript.*
 Manutention, *f. f. A maintaining, preserving or preservation; upholding.*
 Mappemonde, *f. f. A general map, a map of the whole world.*
 Maquereau, *f. m. (poisson.) mackerel, a fish.* ♦ (Celui qui fait métier de prostituer des femmes,) *a pimp, a procurer or setter.* ♦ Maquereaux, (taches des jambes pour s'être trop chauffé,) *reddish spots in one's legs, red scorches.*
 Maquerellage, *subst. m. Pimping, a pimp or a bawd's trade.*
 Maquerelle, *f. f. A bawd.*
 Maquignon, *f. m. A jockey, a horse-courser.* ♦ Maquignon, (courtier,) *a broker.* ♦ Maquignon de bénéfices, *one that drives a trade of livings.*
 Maquignonage, *f. m. Horse-coursering, a jockey's trade.* ♦ Maquignonage, (intrigue,) *intrigue.*
 Maquignonner un cheval, *v. a. To jockey or trim up a horse, to pamper him for sale.* ♦ Maquignonner, (s'intriguer pour faire vendre quelque chose,) *to drive a broker's trade.*
 Maquilleur, *f. m. A mackerel-boat.*
 Maraîcher, *f. m. A gardener.*
 Marais, *f. m. Marsh, fen, moor, morass, bog.* ♦ Marais salans, *salt-pits.* ♦ Les marais de Paris, *the gardens of Paris.*
 Marâtre, *f. f. A step-mother or mother-in-law.*
 Maraude, *f. m. A varlet, a rascal, a base knave.*
 Maraude, *f. f. A quean, a jade, a slut.* ♦ Aller en maraude, (en termes de Guerre,) *to go a-marauding.*
 Maraudeur, *f. m. A straggler, a soldier that goes a-marauding.*
 Maravedis, *f. m. Maravedis, a little Spanish coin.*

MAR 313

Marbre, *f. m. Marble.*
 Marbré, *ée, adj. Marbled.* ♦ Bas marbrés, *mixed coloured stockings.*
 Marbrer, *v. a. To marble.* ♦ Marbrer une piece de lambris, *to vein a piece of wainscot.*
 Marbreur, *f. m. A marbler, he that marbles.*
 Marbrier, *f. m. A man who saws and polishes marble.*
 Marbrure, *f. f. Marbling.*
 Marc, *f. m. Eight ounces, half a pound; ♦ the gross or thick substance that remains of a thing squeezed or strained.*
 Marcaffin, *f. m. A young wild boar.*
 Marcaffite, *f. f. Marcaffite; the marcaffite-stone.*
 Marchand, *f. m. A dealer, tradesman.* ♦ Marchand, (qui tient boutique,) *a tradesman or shop-keeper.* ♦ Marchand-Libraire, *a bookseller.* ♦ Marchand-Drapier, *a woollen-drapeer.* ♦ Marchand de soie, *a silk-man.* ♦ Marchand, (celui qui achete,) *chapman.* ♦ Vous vous en trouverez mauvais marchand, *you'll have an ill bargain on's.* ♦ † S'il croit en être bon marchand, *if he thinks to get any thing by it or by cheap bargaining.* P. Marchand qui perd ne peut rite. P. *Let him laugh that wins.*
 Marchand, *ande, adj. Ex. Ville marchande, a trading or a trade-town, a town of great trade.* Place marchande, *a trading place, a thoroughfare.* ♦ Riviere marchande ou navigable, *a navigable river.* Vaisseau marchand, *a merchant-man.* ♦ Marchand, *merchantable, vendible.*
 Marchande, *f. f. A merchant's wife; ♦ a trading woman.*
 Marchander, *v. a. To cheapen, to haggle, to beat the price.* ♦ Marchander, (balancer,) *to haggle or stand haggling, to be irresolute or in suspense, to be at a stand, to hesitate.*

314 MAR

Marchandise, *f. f.* Commodity, goods, ware. *P.* Marchandise qui plait est à demi-vendue. *P.* Please the eye and pick the purse. *¶* Marchandise, (traffic,) merchandise, trade. Faire marchandise, to trade, to drive a trade, to merchandise.

Marche, *f. f.* March or marching. *¶* (Chemin,) journey, way. *¶* (Degré,) a step. *¶* † Marches, (frontières,) marches, bounds, limits.

Marché, *f. masc.* Market or market-place. *¶* Acheter ou vendre à bon marché, to buy or sell cheap or a good pennyworth. Vous en avez eu bon marché, you had a good bargain on't. * Faire bon marché de quelque chose, (la prodiguer,) to be lavish of a thing, not to spare it. *P.* On n'a jamais bon marché de mauvaise marchandise. *P.* Best is cheapest.

Marchepied, *f. masc.* Foot-stool; *¶* foot-ropes of the yards.

Marcher, *v. n.* To march, go, walk or tread. * Il a marché sur une mauvaise herbe, he has pish upon a nettle. * Je le ferai bien marcher droit, I'll keep him to the behaviour. * Ces deux affaires marchent d'un même pied, these two things keep an equal pace together. *¶* Le vaisseau ne marche pas, that ship sails very ill.

Marcher, *f. m.* One's gate, pace, going or treading.

Marchette, *f. f.* A kind of trap for birds.

Marcheur, *f. m.* Marcheuse, *f. f.* A walker; *¶* a ship that sails swiftly.

Marcotte, *f. f.* A layer, a shoot, twig or sprig of a vine or tree put in the ground for increase. Marcottes de plantes, layers of plants.

Marcotter, *v. act.* To lay layers, to set young twigs or sprigs in the ground for increase.

Mardelle, *V.* Margelle.

MAR

Mardi, *f. m.* Tuesday. Mardi-gras, shrove-tuesday.

Mare, *f. f.* A pool, a hole full of standing water, a moor. Une mare profonde, a deep hole.

Martéage, *f. m.* The hire or pay of a sailor.

Martéage, *f. m.* A marsh or marshy place, a fen, a bog.

Martéageux, *euse, adj. f.* Marshy, fenny, moorish.

Martéchal, *f. m.* A farrier; *¶* a Marshal. *¶* Martéchal-de-logis, a Quarter-Master.

Martéchaussée, *f. f.* Marshal-see, the Jurisdiction of the Marshal of France.

Marée, *f. f.* Tide, water, the flux and reflux. La marée monte, the tide comes in, 'tis flowing water or 'tis flood. La marée descend, the tide goes out, 'tis ebbing water. Haute marée, pleine marée, high water. Ras de marée, tide gate. Grandes marées, spring tides. Marée morte ou morte eau, neap-tide or dead neap. *¶* Marée, (poisson de mer frais,) fresh sea-fish.

Marge, *f. f.* Margin or margin.

Margelle, *f. f.* Kerb-stone, the brim of a well.

Marginal, *ale, adj.* Marginal, as notes marginales, marginal notes.

Margouillet, *f. m.* (ou colle de bois,) A wooden thimble.

Margouillis, *f. masc.* Flash, puddle.

Marguerite, *f. f.* A daisy; *¶* a messenger, sea-term.

Marguillerie, *f. f.* Churchwardenship.

Marguillier, *f. m.* A Churchwarden.

Mari, *f. masc.* A husband or spouse, a married woman's man.

Mariable, *adj.* Marriageable, ripe for marriage, of age to marry.

Mariage, *f. masc.* Marriage, match, matrimony, wedlock, conjugal life. *¶* (Les noces,) a wedding or marriage. *¶* Prendre une fille en mariage, to take a woman to wife,

MAR

to marry her. *¶* Mariage, (dot,) portion.

Marié, *éc, adj.* Married.

Le marié, *f. m.* (le nouveau marié, (l'époux,) the bridegroom.

La mariée, *f. f.* la nouvelle mariée, (l'épouse,) the bride.

Marier, *v. a.* To marry, to match. * (Allier,) to match, to ally, to unite, to join, to reconcile.

Se marier, *v. r.* To marry. Il ne fonge qu'à se marier, he thinks upon nothing but marrying.

Marin, *ine, adj.* Marine, of or belonging to the sea. Un monstre marin, a sea-monster. Carte marine, a sea-card. Avoir le pied marin, to be used to the sea.

Marin, *f. m.* un bon marin. An able sea-man.

Marinade, *f. f.* Marinade, pickled meat.

Marine, *f. f.* The sea-coast; *¶* navigation, sailing; *¶* navy, marine. *¶* Aimer la Marine, (ou la mer,) to love the sea. Gens de Marine, seamen. Termes de Marine, sea-terms.

Mariné, *éc, adj.* Marinaded, pickled.

Mariner, *v. a.* To marinade, to pickle. *¶* Mariner du porc, to sousé pork.

Marinier, *subst. m.* Mariner, seaman; barge, waterman.

Marjolaine, *f. f.* Marjoram, sweet-marjoram.

† Marjolet, *f. m.* Ex. Un plaisant marjolet, a pleasant, a silly fellow.

Marionnette, *subst. f.* A puppet.

Marital, *ale, adj.* (qui appartient au mari.) Marital, matrimonial, belonging to a husband.

Maritalement, *adv.* Like a husband.

Maritime, *adj.* Maritime, near or bordering on the sea. Forces maritimes, maritime or sea forces.

† Marmaille, *f. f.* Brats.

Marmelade, *subst. f.* A marmalade.

MAR

Marmite, *f. f.* A kettle or pot, a seething-pot.
 † Marmiteux, *euse*, *adject.* Whimpering, whining.
 Marmiton, *f. m.* A scullion, a kitchen-drudge.
 † Marmonner, *v. n.* To mumble, mutter or grumble.
 Marmot, *f. m.* Marmoset, a monkey. * † (Petit garçon,) a young rogue, a little monkey. * † Croquerle marmot, to dance attendance, to wait. † Marmot, (ou marmouset,) a marmoset.
 Marmotte, *f. f.* A marmotte, a mountain-rat. * † (Petite fille,) a young jade. † (ou Cache-mèche,) a match-tub.
 Marmotter, *v. n.* To mutter or mumble.
 Marmouset, *f. m.* Marmoset, an odd kind of grotesque figure. * † (Petit garçon, petit homme mal-fait,) a little monkey.
 Marne, *f. f.* Marl.
 Marné, *ée*, *adj.* Marled.
 Marner, *v. a.* To marl.
 Marnière, *subst. f.* A marl-pit.
 Marotte, *f. fém.* (espèce de sceptre de fou.) A fool's bauble; * folly, fancy, whim, maggot, foolish conceit.
 Marouffe, *f. m.* Scoundrel, rascal.
 Marque, *f. f.* Mark; † a marking-iron; † mark, print. † (Tache que l'on apporte en naissant,) a mole or spot in the body. † (Ornement qui distingue,) mark or token of honour. Homme de marque, a man of note, a noted, eminent or great man. † Marques, (ou jetons,) marks or counters. † Marque, (signe, caractère,) mark, character, sign or token. † (Terme d'Imprimerie,) a token amongst Printers, that is, ten quires of Paper. † (Preuve,) mark, proof, testimony, sign.
 Marqué, *ée*, *adj.* Marked or marked, denoted, &c. V. Marquer. Marqué de petite vérole, pitted with the small-

MAR

pox, that has pock-holes in his face.
 Marquer, *v. a.* To mark or set a mark upon. † Marquer le drap avec de la craie, to chalk cloth. † Marquer, (mettre en compte,) to score up, to set up. † Marquer la monnaie, to stamp the coin, to set a stamp upon coin. † Marquer, (faire connoître,) to denote, to shew or to argue. † (Spécifier,) to mark out, to tell, to signify or specify, to set out. † Cheval qui commence à marquer, a young nag or horse that begins to shew his age by his teeth.
 Marqueté, *ée*, *adj.* Speckled, spotted.
 Marqueter, *v. a.* To speckle or spot.
 Marqueterie, *f. f.* Inlaid work.
 Marqueur, *f. m.* A marker.
 Marquis, *f. m.* A Marquis.
 Marquisat, *f. m.* Marquisate.
 Marquise, *f. f.* A Marchioness, a wife of a Marquis.
 † Marquiser, se marquiser, *v. r.* To assume the title of Marquis.
 Marrain, *V.* Merrain.
 Murraine, *f. f.* God-mother.
 Marri, *ie*, *adj.* Sorry, troubled, grieved, concerned.
 Marron, *f. m.* Chestnut, the great chestnut. † Marron, (boucle de cheveux,) a buckle of hair over the ear tied up with a ribbon.
 Marronnier, *f. m.* The great chestnut-tree.
 Marroquin, *f. m.* Spanish leather, goat's leather dressed with galls. Marroquin du Levant, Turkey leather.
 Marrube, *f. m.* Hore-bound.
 Mars, *f. m.* March; † Mars, the planet and the God of war.
 Marfiliane, *f. f.* A kind of Venizian ship.
 Marfouin, *f. m.* A porpoise or sea-hog. † Marfouin d'avant, stemson.
 Martagon, *f. m.* Martagon, the mountain-lily.
 Marte, *V.* Martre.
 Marteau, *f. m.* Hammer. †

MAS 315

Le marteau d'une porte, the knocker of a door.
 † Martel, *f. m.* (marteau.) Il n'est plus en usage que dans cette expression figurée: * Avoir martel en tête, to have a flea in one's ear, to be restless or uneasy at a thing.
 Martelé, *ée*, *adj.* Hammered, &c. according to the verb.
 Marteler, *v. a.* To hammer, to beat or to work with a hammer.
 Martelet, *f. m.* A little hammer.
 Marteline, *f. f.* A pick.
 Martial, *ale*, *adj.* Martial, warlike, valiant.
 Martinet, *f. m.* Hammer. † (Petit chandelier,) a flat or hand candlestick. † (Sorte d'hirondelle,) martlet, martinet. † Peck haliards of the mixen. † Martinet-pêcheur, the king's fisher, a bird.
 Martingale, *f. f.* A martingale for a horse.
 Martre, *f. f.* A martin or marten. † Martre zibeline, a sable. † Martre, (peau de martre,) a marten-skin. P. Prendre martre pour renard, to mistake.
 Martyr, *f. m.* A martyr or sufferer.
 Martyre, *subst. m.* Martyrdom.
 Martyrisé, *ée*, *adj.* Martyred, that has suffered martyrdom; tormented, put to great pain.
 Martyriser, *v. a.* To make one suffer martyrdom; * to put to a great deal of pain, to torment.
 Martyrologe, *f. m.* Martyrology, an historical catalogue of the martyrs.
 Mascarade, *f. f.* A masquerade.
 Mascaret, *f. m.* An eddy of water.
 Masculin, *ine*, *adj.* Masculine, male, of or belonging to the male. Genre masculin, masculine gender.
 Malette ou Mazette, *f. f.* A tis, a sorry little horse; † a bungler or novice at play.
 Maïque, *f. m.* A visor or

6 MAS

mask; ♦ *a masker, a mas-
carade, one that has a visor
on*; ♦ *a head by itself in
Sculpture or Painting*, *
Malque, (prétexte,) *mask,
cloak, blind, colour or
presence*.
Masque, *f. f.* (injure qu'on
dit aux femmes vieilles &
laides.) *Ugly witch. Que la
peste soit de la masque,
dewce take her for a witch*.
Masqué, *ée*, *adj.* *Masked,
that has a mask on*. * **Mas-
qué**, (faux,) *counterfeit,
false*. † **Masqué**, (diffimu-
lé,) *counterfeit, cloke,
dissembling*.
Masker, *v. a.* (mettre un
masque.) *To mask or put
a mask on*. * **Masker**,
(déguiser,) *to mask,
cloak, cover or disguise*.
Masker, *v. n.* *To mask, to
go to a masquerade*.
Massacre, *f. m.* *Massacre,
slaughter*; ♦ *the head of a
deer newly killed*.
Massacré, *ée*, *adj.* *Massacred,
butchered*.
Massacer, *v. a.* *To massacre,
to butcher*; ♦ *to bungle*.
Masse, *f. f.* *Masse, lump*. ♦
(Fonds,) *mafs or stock*. ♦
(Monceau,) *mafs or heap*.
♦ (ou *Masseue*,) *a mace
or club*. ♦ (Marque d'hon-
neur,) *a mace or mace-
royal*. ♦ (En termes de jeu
de hasard,) *the mafs at
play*. ♦ Or ou argent en
masse, *gold or silver in
bullion*.
Massepain, *subst. m.* *March-
pane*.
Masser, *v. a.* *To mafs, lay or
set*.
Massicot, *f. m.* *Massicot, a
yellow colour to paint with*.
Massier, *f. m.* *A mace-bearer*.
Massif, *ive*, *adject.* *Massy,
massive, solid, heavy*. *
(Stupide,) *heavy, dull*.
Masseue, *f. f.* *A club*.
Mastick, *f. m.* *Mastick*.
Mastication, *f. f.* *Mastica-
tion, chewing*.
Masticatoire, *f. m.* *Mastica-
tory*.
Mastiquer, *v. a.* *To cement*.
Masure, *f. f.* *A house ruined,
the ruins or rubbish of a*

MAT

house; also * *a paltry, de-
cayed house*.
Mât, *f. m.* *Mast; a ship-mast*.
Grand mât, *main mast*.
Mât d'artimon, *mizen mast*.
Mât de beaupré, *bow-sprit
mast*. **Mât de misaine**, *fore-
mast*. **Mât de pavillon**, *en-
sign-staff*. **Mât de hune**,
top - mast. **Mât de perro-
quet**, *top-gallant masts*.
Mat, *f.* (en termes de jeu
d'échecs,) *mace*. *Ex.* **Echec
& mat**, *check-mate*. **Donner
échec & mat**, *to check-
mate*.
Mat, *adj.* *Ex.* **Il est mat**, *he
is check-mate or mated*.
Mat, *atte*, *adj.* *Unpolished,
unwrought*.
Matassins, *f. m. pl.* *A matachin
dance*.
Mâté, *ée*, *adj.* (garni de
mâts.) *Masted, furnished
with masts*. ♦ **Maté**, (qui
est mat au jeu des échecs,)
mace or mated. ♦ (Morti-
fié,) *dejected, quelled, mor-
tified, &c.* *V.* **Mater**.
Matelas, *f. m.* *A mattress*; ♦
a cushion.
Matelasser, *v. a.* *To cover
with a mattress*.
Matelot, *f. m.* *A seaman*. ♦
(Vaisseau qui en accom-
pagne un plus grand,) *a
second, a consort ship ap-
pointed to assist or relieve
another in a fight*.
A la matelote, *adv.* *Seaman-
like*.
Matelotage, *f. m.* *A seaman's
pay*.
Mâter, *v. a.* (garnir de mâts.)
*To mast, to furnish with
masts*. **Mâter une épointille**,
*to set up a prop, shore,
&c.* **Mâter à calcet**, *to
mast for a lateen sail*. **Mâ-
ter à pible**, *to pole mast*.
Mater, *v. a.* (terme du jeu
des échecs,) *to mate*. ♦
(Mortifier,) *to mortify,
to macerate or weaken, to
keep under*.
Mâtereau, *subst. m.* *A small
mast*.
Matérialiste, *subst. m.* *Maté-
rialist*.
Matériaux, *f. m. pl.* *Materials*.
Matériel, *elle*, *adj.* *Material*.
♦ *coarse, thick, heavy,*

MAT

lumpish. * (Grossier,) *coarse, dull, heavy*.
Matériellement, *adv.* *Maté-
rially*.
Maternel, *elle*, *adj.* *Motherly,
maternal, of or belonging
to the mother*.
Maternellement, *adv.* *Mo-
therly, like a mother*.
Maternité, *f. f.* *Maternity,
motherhood*.
Mâteur, *f. m.* *maître mâteur,
Mastor mast-maker*.
Mathématicien, *f. m.* *A Ma-
thematician*.
Mathématique, *adj.* *Mathe-
matical*.
Mathématiquement, *adv.* *Ma-
thematically*.
Mathématiques, *f. f. pl.* *Ma-
thematics*.
Matière, *f. f.* *Matter or stuff*.
♦ (Cause, sujet,) *matter,
subject, cause, reason, ac-
counts, occasion*. ♦ En ma-
tière de guerre, *in point of
war, in the business of war*.
♦ **Matière**, (pour faire de
la monnoie,) *bullion*.
Matin, *f. m.* *Morning, fore-
noon*.
Matin, *adv.* *Ex.* **Demain ma-
tin** ou **demain au matin**,
to morrow morning.
Mâtin, *f. m.* *A great cur, a
mastiff-dog*. * † Un grand
vilain mâtin, *a great lub-
berly fellow*.
Matinal. *V.* **Matineux**.
Mâtinée, *adj. f.* *Lined by a
cur, &c.* *V.* **Mâtiner**.
Mâtinée, *f. f.* (le matin.)
The morning. * † **Dormir la
grasse matinée**, *to sleep one's
belly full; to barrel up sleep*.
Mâtiner, *v. a.* *To lint, as a
cur does with a bitch*. * †
Mâtiner, (gourmander,) *to
abuse, to snub, to rattle*.
Matines, *f. f. pl.* *Matins,
morning-prayers*.
Matineux, *euse*, *adj.* *That
rises betimes, early riser*.
Matinière, *adj.* *Ex.* **L'étoile
matinière**, *the morning-star*.
Matois, *oise*, *adj.* (rusé,
fourbe.) *Cunning, sharp*.
Un fin matois, *a cunning
blade, a sharper*.
Matoïse, *f. fem.* *A cunning
gipfy*.
† **Matoiserie**, *f. f.* *Cunning*.

MAT

♦ **Matoiserie**, (fourberie,) *cheat, trick.*
Matou, *f. m. A great cat.*
Matras, *f. m. A quarrel or an arrow for a cross-bow.* ♦ (Vase de Chimiste,) *a long, narrow-necked and round-bellied bottle.*
Matricaire, *f. f. Motherwort or fever-few.*
Matrice, *f. f. Womb, matrix.* * (Moule,) *the matrix of mini-men and letter-founders.*
Matrice, *adj. Ex. Eglise matricate, mother-Church.*
Matricule, *f. f. A matricular-book or register.*
Matrimonial, *ale, adj. Matrimonial.*
Matrone, *f. f. A Matron or Roman Lady.* ♦ (Sage-femme,) *matron, midwife.*
Mature, *f. f. Mastling or the fitting up a ship with masts.* ♦ (Mâts d'un vaisseau,) *the masts of a ship. Chantier de la mature, the mast-shed.*
Maturité, *f. f. Maturity, ripeness.*
Maudire, *v. a. To curse or accurse.*
† **Maudisson**, *f. m. A curse.*
Maudit, *ite, adj. Cursed, accursed.*
Maugere, *f. f. Cow-hide.*
† **Maugréer**, *v. a. To curse, to swear.*
† **Maupiteux**, *euse, adj. Ex. Faire le maupiteux, to whine or complain, to groan.*
Mausolée, *f. m. Mausoleum, a stately tomb.*
Mauflade, *adj. Slovenly, sluttish, nastily.*
Maufladement, *adv. Slovenly, awkwardly.*
Mauvais, *aïse, adj. Ill, evil, bad, naughty;* ♦ *Bad, hurtful, mischievous;* ♦ *bad, ill, ominous.* ♦ *Trouver une chose mauvaise, not to like a thing.* ♦ *Mauvaise santé, imperfect health.* ♦ *Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill.*
Mauvais, *f. m. Ex. Il faut prendre le bon & le mauvais, one must take the good with the bad.*
Mauvais, *adv. Ex. Sentir*

MEC

mauvais, to have an ill smell, to stink. ♦ *Trouver mauvais, to find fault with;* ♦ *to take ill, to take offence, to be offended at.* ♦ *Il fait mauvais, it is dangerous, it is not safe.*
Mauve, *subst. f. Mallow, a sort of herb.*
Mauvis, *f. m. (espèce de grive.) Mavis, a kind of thrush.*
Maux, *'tis the plural of Mal.*
Maxime, *f. f. Maxim, rule, principle.*
Mazette, *V. Masette.*
Me, (datif ou accusatif du pronom de la première personne moi ou je.) *Il me dit, he told me.* ♦ *Me voici, here am I.*
Mécanique, *subst. f. Mechanicks.*
Mécanique, *adj. Mechanical, mechanick.*
Mécaniquement, *adv. Mechanically.*
Mécanisme, *subst. m. Mechanism.*
Méchamment, *adv. Wickedly, perfidiously, treacherously.*
Méchanceté, *f. f. Wickedness, malice;* ♦ *wickedness or wicked act;* ♦ *a roguish trick or roguery.*
Méchant, *ante, adj. Ill, evil, bad, naughty, scurvy;* ♦ *sad, sorry, pitiful, paucity, filly, wretched, ill, bad;* ♦ *mischievous, unlucky, arch, roguish;* ♦ *wicked.*
Méchant, *subst. m. An ill or wicked man.*
Meche, *f. f. Match or cotton of a lamp;* ♦ *the wick of a candle;* ♦ *match for guns.* ♦ *Meche d'un mât, the middle piece of a lower mast.* ♦ *— d'un cordage, the heart of a rope.* ♦ *— de gouvernail, the main piece of a rudder.*
Mécompte, *f. m. A mistake, or misreckoning.*
Mécompter, *se mécompter, v. r. To misreckon, to mistake.*
Méconnoissable, *adj. Hard to be known again.*
† **Méconnoissance**, *f. f. In-*

MED 317

gratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness.
Méconnoissant, *ante, adj. Ungrateful, unthankful.*
Méconnoître, *v. a. Not to know; to take for another.* ♦ (Oublier,) *to forget, to be unmindful of.*
Se méconnoître, *v. réc. To forget one's self, to forget one's former condition.*
Méconnu, *ue, adj. Not known;* ♦ *forgotten.*
Mécontent, *ente, adj. Discontented, ill-satisfied, dissatisfied.*
Mécontents, *f. m. pl. Malecontents, discontented people.*
Mécontentement, *f. m. Discontent, dissatisfaction, displeasure.*
Mécréant, *f. m. A miscreant, unbeliever, freethinker.*
Médaille, *f. f. A medal.* * *La médaille est renversée, the tables are turned, the case is altered.*
Médailliste, *f. m. A medalist, an antiquary.*
Médailon, *f. masc. A great medal.*
Médecin, *f. m. Physician, Doctor of Physick.*
Médecine, *f. f. Physick.* ♦ (Remède purgatif,) *medicine, physick or purge.*
† **Médeciner**, *v. a. To medicate, to physick, to give slops.*
Médiante, *adj. fem. Ex. La veine médiane ou la médiane, f. fem. The median vein; the middle, common or black vein.*
Médianoche, *f. m. A flesh-meal just after midnight, among the Roman Catholics.*
Médiastin, *f. m. Mediastine.*
Médiat, *ate, adj. Mediate.*
Médiatement, *adv. Mediate-ly, by means.*
Médiateur, *f. m. Mediator.*
Médiation, *f. f. Mediation.*
Médiatrice, *f. f. A mediatrix, she-mediator.*
Médiatrice, *adj. Ex. Les Puissances médiatrices, mediating powers.*
Médicament, *f. m. Medicine, medicine.*
Médicamental, *ale, adj. Mé-*

dicamental, physical, medicinal.
Médicamenter, *v. a.* To give, or apply medicaments, to physick, to medicine.
Médicinal, *ale*, *adj.* Physical, medicinal.
Médiocre, *adj.* Moderate, indifferent, mean, middle, ordinary; neither too big nor too little, neither good nor bad.
Médiocrement, *adv.* Indifferently, so so. Avoir du bien médiocrement, to have an indifferent estate.
Médiocrité, *f. f.* Mediocrity, mean, medium, moderation.
Médire de, *v. n.* To slander, rail, speak ill, speak evil, revile or vilify; to backbite, detract or traduce.
Médisance, *f. f.* Slander or slandering, obloquy, detraction, evil-speaking, railing, reviling or vilifying, backbiting, traducing.
Médisant, *ante*, *adj.* Slandorous, slandering, foul-mouthed, apt to slander, detrac-ting, abusive, apt to rail at, apt to speak ill of others, back-biting.
Médisant, *f. m.* Médisante, *f. f.* A back-biter, a slanderer, a slandering person, a railing man or woman, an ill-tongue.
Méditatif, *ive*, *adj.* Meditative, given to meditation, thoughtful.
Méditation, *f. f.* Meditation, thinking upon, pausing. Faire quelque méditation, to meditate or reflect upon.
Médité, *ée*, *adj.* Meditated, thought, mused or reflected upon, considered.
Méditer, *v. a. & n.* To meditate, think, muse or reflect upon, to consider.
Méditerranée, *adj.* Mediterranean, inland.
Méditerranée, *f. f.* ou la mer Méditerranée. The Mediterranean.
Médisance, *f. f.* Distrust, mistrust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy.
Méfiant, *ante*, *adj.* Distrustful, mistrustful, apt to mistrust, diffident.

Méfier, *se méfier*, *v. r.* To distrust, mistrust or suspect.
Mégarde (par), *adv.* Heed-lessly, inadvertently, by over-sight.
Mégère, *f. f.* A bitter scold, a shrew.
Mégie, *f. f.* The tawing or dressing of skins for gloves, purses, &c.
Mégisserie, *f. f.* The tawer's trade.
Mégissier, *f. m.* A tawer.
Meilleur, *eure*, *adj.* Better.
 ♦ Le meilleur, (au superlatif,) the best.
Meilleur, *f. m.* Ex. Le meilleur est d'écouter, the best way is to hear.
Mélancolie, *f. f.* Melancholy, black choler. ♦ (Tristesse,) melancholy, brown study, sadness.
Mélancolique, *adj. & f.* Melancholy, sad, in a brown study.
Mélancoliquement, *adv.* Melancholily, sadly, in a melancholy manner.
Mélange, *f. m.* Mixture, med-ley, a mingling or mixing.
Mélangé, *ée*, *adj.* Mingled, or mixed together.
Mélanger, *v. a.* To mingle or mix together; to blend.
Mélastie, *f. f.* (sirop ou lie de sucre.) Lees of sugar.
Mêlé, *ée*, *adj.* Mingled, mixed or mixt, blended, &c.
V. Mêler.
Mêlée, *f. f.* A fight or battle; ♦ fray; ♦ altercation, dispute.
Mêler, *v. a.* To mingle, mix or blend; ♦ to entangle or ravel. * Mêler une serrure, (en fausser quelque ressort,) to spoil a lock. ♦ Mêler quelques mots pour rire dans son discours, to inter-lard one's discourse with some pleasant jests.
Se mêler, *v. r.* To mingle or mix together; ♦ to mix or couple promiscuously; ♦ to meddle or intermeddle, to be meddling; ♦ to go among, to intrud: one's self.
Mélet, *f. m.* The sea-ground-ling or spreat, a sort of fish.
Méleze, *f. m.* The larch-tree.

Mélilot, *f. m.* Melilot, a kind of plant.
Méliisse, *f. f.* Balm-mint.
Mélodie, *f. f.* Melody, har-mony, musick.
Mélodieusement, *adv.* Melo-diously, harmoniously, musi-cally.
Mélodieux, *euse*, *adj.* Melo-dious, harmonious, musi-cal, well-tuned.
Melon, *f. m.* A melon.
Melonnière, *f. f.* A bed of melons.
Mémachure, *f. f.* A sprain, in a horse.
Membrane, *subst. fém.* Mem-brane.
Membraneux, *euse*, *adj.* Mem-branous.
Membre, *f. m.* Limb or mem-ber. Le membre viril, the privy member, a man's yard.
 ♦ Membre (éclanche) de veau ou de mouton, a joint.
 * Membre, (partie d'un corps politique, &c.) a member. ♦ Membres d'un vaisseau, ribs of a ship.
 † Membru, *ue*, *adj.* Strong or well limbed.
Membrure, *f. f.* The squares in which pannels are put. ♦ (Pour mesurer le bois,) a cord.
Même, *pron. rel.* Same, all one, self. C'est la même chose, 'tis the same thing, 'tis all one.
Même, *adv.* Even, over and above, also, very. ♦ Non pas même pour cent livres, no, not for a hundred pounds.
De même, tout de même, *adv.* (de la même sorte,) So, just so, thus, in like man-ner. ♦ De même que, tout de même que, as, even as, just as.
 ‡ Mêmement. *V. Même*, *adv.*
Mémoire, *f. f.* Memory.
Mémoire, *f. m.* A memoran-dum, a note. ♦ Mémoires, memoirs.
Mémorable, *adj.* Memorable, worthy of remembrance, no-table, famous.
Mémorial, *f. m.* A memorial or monument.
Menaçant, *ante*, *adj.* Mens-acing, threatening, full of threats, swaggering.

MEN

Menace, *f. f.* Threat, threatening or menace.
 Menacé, *ée, adj.* Threatened, menaced.
 Menacer, *v. a.* To threaten, to menace. * Bâtiment qui menace ruine, a building in decay or ready to fall. * † * Menacer, to threaten, to promise.
 Menade, *subst. fém.* A bacchant.
 Ménage, *f. m.* House, household, family; * *house-keeping.* * Mettre une fille en ménage, to marry a virgin. * Ménage, (meubles,) goods, household-stuff. * Ménage, (épargne,) husbandry, housewifery, sparingness. * Ils font ensemble un très-bon ménage, they live very well together.
 Ménagé, *ée, adj.* Husbanded, managed, &c. *V. Ménager.*
 Ménagement, *f. m.* Regard, respect, caution, discretion.
 Ménager, *v. a.* (épargner.) To husband or spare. * (Avoir soin,) to husband, manage, mind or take special care of. * (Conduire,) to manage or conduct. * Ménéager l'occasion, to improve an opportunity. * Ménager une conférence, to manage or procure a conference. Ménager son crédit, to make a prudent use of one's credit. Il n'y a rien à ménager avec lui, there's no more measures to be taken with him. * Ménager ses amis, to forbear being troublesome to one's friends, not to abuse their friendship.
 Se ménager, *v. r.* (se choyer.) To take care or make much of one's self. * Se ménager bien avec tout le monde, to live well or to carry one's self well with every body.
 Ménager, *ere, adj.* Thrifty, frugal, saving, sparing, provident.
 Ménager, *f. m.* A good husband, a thrifty or saving man.
 Une bonne ménagère, *f. f.* A good housewife, a careful or provident woman, a sa-

MEN

ving or thrifty woman. *
 Ménagère, *house-keeper.*
 Ménagerie, *f. f.* A yard.
 Mendiant, *f. m.* A beggar.
 Mendicité, *f. f.* Beggary or begging.
 Mendié, *ée, adj.* Begged, precarious.
 Mendier, *v. a.* To beg or beg for.
 Mené, *ée, adj.* Carried, led, brought, &c. *V. Mener.*
 Menée, *f. f.* Secret practices, under-hand dealings.
 Mener, *v. a.* To carry, to lead, to bring; * to head, to command. * Mener quelqu'un, to govern one, to lead him by the nose. * L'or & l'argent ne le menent pas, gold or silver cannot prevail with him or have no power over him. * Mener, une Dame, (danser avec elle,) to lead a lady, to dance with her or be her partner. * Mener la danse ou un branle, to lead a dance. * Mener quelqu'un rudement, to use one scurvily, to abuse him. * Mener, (amuser,) to lead about, to amuse, to keep at a bay. * Mener une vie bonne ou mauvaise, to lead a good or a bad life, to live well or ill. † * Mener le deuil, to mourn, to grieve. * Mener, (des animaux, des voitures,) to lead, carry, bring or drive.
 † Ménétrier, *f. m.* A minstrel, a fiddler.
 Meneur, *f. m.* A gentleman-usher. * † Meneur d'ours, one who carries bears along the streets.
 Menin, *f. m.* Ex. Les Menins du Dauphin, the Dauphin's minions.
 † Menotte, *f. f.* A little hand. * Menottes, (fers qu'on met aux mains,) manacles or hand-fetters.
 Menſe, *f. f.* The income for the table.
 Menſonge, *f. m.* Lie, falsehood.
 Menſonger, *ere, adj.* False, deceitful, counterfeit.
 Menſtruel, *elle, adj.* Menſtrual or menſtruous.

MEP 319

Menſtrues, *f. f. pl.* A woman's monthly terms or flowers.
 Mental, *ale, adj.* Mental.
 Mentalelement, *adv.* Mentally, with a mental intention.
 Menterie, *subst. f.* A lie or untruth, a fib, a false story.
 Menteur, *euse, adj.* Lying, false, liar.
 Menteur, *f. m.* Menteuse, *f. f.* A liar, a lying man or woman.
 Menthe, *f. f.* Mint, a sweet swelling plant.
 Mention, *f. f.* Mention, mentioning, naming.
 Mentionné, *ée, adj.* Mentioned, &c.
 Mentionner, *v. a.* To mention, to make mention or to take notice of, to speak of, to name.
 Mentir, *v. n.* To lie, to tell a lie or untruth, to tell stories, to fib, to romance. Sans mentir, indeed, truly, to speak the truth.
 Menton, *f. m.* Chin.
 Mentonniere, *subst. f.* Chin-cloth.
 Menu, *ue, adj.* Slender, spare, small, thin. * Le menu peuple, the vulgar, the mobile, the meaner sort. * Menus droits, (les extrémités d'un animal,) the hounds fees. * Menus plaisirs, the King's privy-purse or pocket-money.
 Menu, *f. m.* Ex. Je vous écrirai par le menu tout ce qui se passe, I shall give you a particular account of every thing that passes. * Un paquet de menu linge, a bundle of small linen.
 Menu, *adv.* Small. Couper fort menu, to cut very small. Frapper dru & menu, to give quick strokes.
 Menuet, *f. m.* Menuet.
 Menuiserie, *f. f.* A joiner's trade or work.
 Menuisier, *subst. m.* A joiner.
 Méprendre, se méprendre, *v. r.* To mistake or be under a mistake; * † to be in the wrong box.
 Mépris, *subst. m.* Contempt, scorn, a slighting, despi-

320 M E P

ing, disdain. Avoir du mépris pour quelqu'un, en faire mépris, *to slight or despise one.*

R. Mépris, *is also used for the preter tense, compounded of the foregoing verb* Se méprendre.

Méprisable, *adj. Contemptible, despicable, to be slighted.*

Méprisant, ante, *adj. Slighting, scornful, disdainful.*

Méprise, *f. f. (from se méprendre.) Mistake, oversight, error, blunder.*

Méprisé, ée, *adj. Despised, slighted, scorned, contemned, undervalued, not regarded.*

Mépriser, *v. a. To despise, slight, scorn, condemn, undervalue or set light by, to make no account of, to neglect.*

Mer, *f. f. The sea.* ♦ Bras de mer, *a gulph, a bay, an arm of the sea.* ♦ Salé comme mer, *as salt as brine.* ♦ Haute mer, *(pleine mer,) the main sea, the main, the deep.* Mer pleine, *high-water.* Mer basse, *low-water.* Molle mer, *slack-water.* Grosse mer, *a great sea.* Il y a de la mer, *the sea runs high.* La mer est étale, *it is slack water.* Tenir la mer, *to hold out in the offing.* * C'est une mer, *(ou un abyme,) that's an abyss.* * † C'est la mer à boire, *'tis an endless business.* P. Porter de l'eau à la mer. P. *To carry coals to Newcastle.*

Mercantille, *f. f. A small trade.*

Mercenaire, *adj. Mercenary, done for money; greedy of gain, easy to be bribed.*

Mercenaire, *f. m. An hireling, a journey-man.* ♦

Mercenaire, *(aisé à corrompre,) a mercenary man.*

Mercenairement, *adv. Mercenarily.*

Mercerie, *subst. f. Mercery, mercer's ware.* ♦ Mercerie ou menu mercerie, *small wares,*

M E R

Merci, *f. f. Mercy, pity, compassion.* † Grand-merci, *grammarcy, thank ye.*

Mercier, *f. m. A mercer; ♦ a haberdasher of small wares.* ♦ Un petit mercier, *a pedlar or hawker.*

Mercredi, *f. m. Wednesday.*

Mercuré, *f. m. Mercury.*

Mercuriale, *f. f. Mercury, a sort of herb; ♦ a speech of the Presidents or the King's Counsel in a Parliament to the Lawyers.* * Mercuriale, *(réprimande,) check, reprimand, lecture.*

Merde, *f. f. A turd; excrements.*

Merdeux, euse, *adj. Beshit, turdy.*

Mère, *f. f. Mother.* ♦ (Matrice,) *mother, womb.* † (Religieuse professe,) *mother, a professed nun.* * (Cause,) *mother, cause, occasion.* ♦ Dure-mère & pie-mère, *dura mater & pia mater, two membranes that infold the brain.* ♦ Mere-goutte, *unpressed wine.*

Méreau, *f. m. A ticket or token.*

Mérelle, *subst. f. Merils or five-penny morris, a boyish play.*

Méridien, *f. m. Meridian.*

Méridien, enne, *adj. Ligne méridienne, meridian.*

† Méridienne, *f. f. As Faire la méridienne, to take a nap after dinner.*

Méridional, ale, *adj. Southern, southerly, south, meridional.*

Merise, *f. f. A kind of small bitter cherry.*

Merisier, *f. m. The small cherry-tree.*

Mérite, *f. m. Desert, merit, worth.* ♦ Se faire un grand mérite d'une chose, *to extol a thing, to value one's self upon it.*

Mériter, *v. act. To deserve, to merit, to be worthy.*

Méritoire, *adj. Meritorious, deserving.*

Méritoirement, *adv. Meritoriously, deservedly.*

Merlan, *f. m. A whiting, a fish,*

M E S

Merle, *f. m. A blackbird; ♦ a sort of fish not unlike a perch.* P. Si vous faites cela je vous donnerai un merle blanc. P. *If you do that I'll give you a white crow.*

Merlette, *f. f. (terme de Blason.) A martlet.*

Merlin, *f. m. Marline.*

Merliner, *v. a. Merlinet une voile, to mart a sail.*

Merlon, *f. m. Merlon, a part of a parapet in fortification.*

Merluche, *f. f. Stock-fish.*

Merrain, *f. m. Oak sewed into thin planks.*

Merveille, *f. f. Wonder, marvel, miracle.* Promettre merveilles à quelqu'un, *to promise one wonders or great matters.*

A merveille, *adv. Admirably, rarely well, perfectly.*

Merveilleusement, *adv. Wonderously, wonderfully, admirably, extremely.*

Merveilleux, euse, *adj. Marvellous, wondrous, wonderful, admirable.*

Merveilleux, *f. m. The marvellous.*

Mes, *the plural of Mon, Ma, My.*

Méaise, *f. m. Trouble, inconvenience.*

Méalliance, *f. f. Marrying below one's self.*

Méallier, *v. a. To undermatch.*

Se méallier, *v. r. To marry below one's self.*

Méange, *f. f. A in-mouffe or som-tis.*

Mésaraïque, *adj. de t. g. Mesaraick. Les veines mésaraïques, the mesaraick veins.*

† Mésarriver, *v. a. Es. Prenez garde qu'il ne vous en mésarrive, take heed that you come to no harm by it.*

‡ Mésaventure, *f. f. Mischance, mishap, misfortune.*

Advertisment.

See without S, these words that are not here to be found with S in the first syllable.

Mésentere, *f. m. Mesentery, Méésentérique,*

MES

Méfentérique, *adj.* *Mefenterick.*
 Méfestimé, *ée, adj.* *Disesteemed, slighted, undervalued.*
 Méfestimier, *v. a.* *To disesteem, slight or undervalue.*
 Méfintelligence, *f. f.* *Misunderstanding.*
 Méfoffrir, *v. a.* *To underbid.*
 Méfquin, *ine, adj.* *Niggardly, sordid, stingy, sneaking.*
 Méfquin, *f. m.* *A niggardly man, a stingy fellow.*
 Méfquine, *f. f.* *A niggardly woman.*
 Méfquinement, *adv.* *Niggardly, sordidly, pitifully, sneakingly.*
 Méfquinerie, *f. f.* *Niggardliness, stinginess.*
 Méfage, *f. m.* *Meflage, errand.*
 Méfager, *f. m.* *Meflagere, f. f.* *A messenger, one that goes on an errand.*
 Méfagerie, *f. f.* *The office of publick messengers; the carrier's house or the post-house.*
 Méffe, *f. f.* *Mafs.*
 Méfféance, *f. f.* *Unfeemliness, indecency.*
 Méfféant, *ante, adj.* *Misbecoming, unbecoming, unhandfome, unseemly, undecent.*
 Méffaigneurs, *'tis the plural of Monfeigneur.*
 Méffie, *f. m.* *Meffiah.*
 Méffier, *f. m.* *A keeper or overseer of vineyards.*
 Méffieurs, *'tis the plural of Monsieur. Sirs, gentlemen.*
 Méffire, *f. m.* (titre d'honneur.) *'Tis a particular title of honour given to persons of quality. Mefsure-Jean, (sorte de poire,) a kind of winter-pear.*
 Méffre-de-camp, *subst. m.* *A Colonel of Horse. Voile de méffre, the main laseen sail.*
 Méffurable, *adj.* *Measurable.*
 Méffurage, *f. m.* *Meafurement, meafuring.*
 Méffure, *subst. f.* *Measure. (Dimenfhion,) meafure, dimension, extent, size.*

Tome I,

MET

(Temps & intervalle de musique,) *time or measure in musick.* (Cadence dans les vers,) *measure or meter.* (Terme d'escrime,) *a just distance in fencing to make a pass.* * Méffures, (moyens,) *measures, means to bring a thing about.* * Ne garder point de méffure avec quelqu'un, *to have no regard or respect for one.*
 Méffuré, *ée, adj.* *Measured.* * (Concerté, réglé,) *cautious, discreet, circumspect, studied, regular.*
 Méffurer, *verb. a.* *To measure.*
 Se méffurer avec quelqu'un, *v. r.* *To compare one's self with one, to enter into competition with him, to vie with him.*
 Méffureur, *f. m.* *Measurer.*
 Méffuser d'une chose, *v. n.* *To misuse or abuse a thing, to make an ill use of it.*
 Méffairie, *f. f.* *A farm.*
 Métal, *f. m.* *Metal.*
 Métallique, *adj.* *Metallick; metalline.*
 Métamorphose, *f. f.* *Metamorphosis, transformation of shape.*
 Métamorphosé, *ée, adj.* *Metamorphosed, transformed, turned.* * Il est tout métamorphosé, *he is quite altered, he is quite another man.*
 Métamorphoser, *v. a.* *To metamorphose, transform or turn.*
 Se métamorphoser, *v. r.* *To transform one's self, to change, to turn into different shapes.*
 Métaphore, *f. f.* *A metaphor.*
 Métaphorique, *adj.* *Metaphorical, figurative.*
 Métaphoriquement, *adv.* *Metaphorically, figuratively, in a metaphorical or figurative sense.*
 † Métaphrafte, *f. m.* *A translator.*
 Métaphysicien, *f. m.* *Metaphysician.*
 Métaphysique, *adj.* *Metaphysical; abstracted.*
 Métaphysiquement, *adv.* *Metaphysically.*

MET 321

Métayer, *f. m.* *from métal, rie. A farmer.*
 Métayere, *f. f.* *A farmer's wife or widow.*
 Météil, *subst. m.* *Meflin or maslin corn.*
 Métémphyscole, *f. f.* *Metempsychosis or transmigration of souls.*
 Météore, *f. m.* *A meteor.*
 Méthode, *subst. f.* *Method, order, way. Un discours sans méthode, an immethodical discourse.*
 Méthodique, *adj.* *Methodical.*
 Méthodiquement, *adv.* *Methodically.*
 Métier, *f. m.* *Trade or handicraft; a company of tradesmen.* (Profession,) *trade, profession, business.* ♦ Métier de tiffeland, &c. a loom. ♦ — de brodeur, &c. a frame. ♦ Petit métier, (gâteau,) *a sort of cake.*
 Métis, *isse, adj.* *Mongrel.* ♦ Chien métis, *a mongrel dog.*
 Métonymie, *f. f.* *Metonymy, a figure of speech.*
 Métope, *f. m.* *Metope.*
 Métopoloscopie, *f. f.* *Metoposcopy, a divination by one's face.*
 Métropole, *f. f.* *Metropolis, a metropolitan or capital city, an Archbishop's see.*
 Métropolitain, *f. m.* *A Metropolitan or Archbishop.*
 Métropolitain, *aine, adj.* *Metropolitan, Archiepiscopal.*
 Mets, *f. m.* *A mests, dish, meat brought upon the table.*
 Mettable, *adj.* *Passable, that will pass or go.*
 Metteur, *subst. m.* *Ex. Metteur en œuvre, a stone-setter.*
 Mettre, *v. a.* *To put, set, lay or place.* * † Vous avez mis le doigt dessus, *you have hit the nail on the head.* * † Mettre quelqu'un en beaux draps blancs, *to speak ill of one, to rail at him.* * Mettre le sceau à une affaire, *to make an end of a business, to conclude it.* * † Mettre au désespoir, *to drive to*

X

322 MET

despair. ♦ Mettre bas , (faire des petits ,) to bring forth. ♦ Mettre en vente , to expose to sale , to vend. ♦ Mettre en oubli , to forget. ♦ Mettre en sang , to make one bleed. ♦ Mettre en sueur , to put in a sweat , to make one sweat. ♦ Mettre à la voile , to set sail. * Mettre quelque chose sous les pieds , to tread a thing under foot , to slight it. ♦ Mettre un cheval au pas ou au galop , to make a horse pace or gallop. ♦ Mettre la paix dans une maison , to set all right in a house. ♦ Mettre les autres en train , to lead the dance. * Mettre en haleine , to inure. ♦ Mettre une chose en avant , to move or propose a thing. ♦ Mettre quelqu'un à l'amende , to fine one. ♦ Mettre en abrégé , to abridge , to make an abridgment. ♦ Mettre des paroles en musique , to set words to music. ♦ Mettre du François en Anglois , to put , translate or turn French into English. ♦ Mettre par terre , mettre à bas , to throw , to pull down. ♦ Mettre à bout la patience de quelqu'un , to tire out one's patience. ♦ Mettre en peine , to bring into trouble ; ♦ to trouble , to make uneasy ; ♦ to puzzle , to perplex. ♦ Mettre la tête d'un homme à prix , to set so much money upon a man's head. ♦ Mettre en pieces , to cut , pull or tear in pieces. ♦ Mettre son argent à intérêt , to put out one's money to use. ♦ Mettre en gage , to pawn. ♦ Mettre en poudre ou en cendre , to reduce to powder or ashes. Mettre quelqu'un en apprentissage , to put one out prentice , to bind one apprentice. Mettre , se mettre , v. récip. Ex. Mettez - vous devant moi , stand before me. ♦ Se mettre en état , en disposition ou en devoir , de faire quelque chose , to prepare

MEU

one's self to do a thing. Se mettre à pleurer , to fall a-crying , to begin to cry. ♦ Se mettre à l'étude de la philosophie , to betake one's self to the study of philosophy. ♦ Se mettre en ménage , (se marier ,) to marry. ♦ Se mettre en ménage , (tenir ménage ,) to keep house. ♦ Se mettre à son aise , to take one's ease. ♦ Se mettre à l'ombre , to go to or to get into the shade. Se mettre en réputation , to get a name. Se mettre mal à la Cour , to grow out of favour at court. ♦ Se mettre sur son quant à soi , to stand upon high terms. ♦ Se mettre en état , to surrender one's self a prisoner. ♦ Se mettre bien , to dress well or to the best advantage. ♦ Se mettre après quelqu'un , (se jeter sur lui ,) to fall upon one. ♦ Se mettre en possession , to take or enter into possession. ♦ Se mettre à la raison , to be ruled by reason. ♦ Se mettre à la raison , to bid any thing reasonable , to make a fair offer. Meuble , subst. m. Moveable , personal goods or estate. ♦ Meubles ou meubles meubles , (ustensiles de ménage ,) household - goods or household-stuff. ♦ (Garniture d'une chambre ,) furniture , goods. Meublé , ée , adj. Furnished. Meubler , v. a. To furnish. Mévendre , v. a. To undersell. Mévendu , ue , adj. Undersold. Mévente , subst. f. An underselling. Meuglement. V. Beuglement. Meugler. V. Beugler. Meule , f. f. A mill - stone ; ♦ grind-stone. ♦ Meule de foin , a mow of hay. ♦ Meule , (bosse sur la tête du cerf ,) the cabbage or burr of a deer's head. Meunier , f. m. A miller. Meuniere , f. f. A miller's wife. Meurtre , subst. m. Murder.

MIE

Meurtri , ie , adj. Bruised , black and blue , &c. V. Meurtrir. Meurtrier , f. m. Meurtriere , f. f. A murderer. Meurtrier , meurtriére , adj. Murdering , sanguinary. Meurtrieres , f. f. pl. Loop-holes. Meurtrir , v. a. To bruise ; † ♦ to murder , to put to death. Meurtrissure , f. f. A bruise or contusion , a mark black and blue. Meute , f. f. A pack , a cry or kennel of hounds. Mézaraique , adj. V. Mélaraique. Mézeline , f. f. A kind of linsley-woolsey. Mi , particule indéclinable qui entre dans la composition de quelques mots , & sert à marquer le milieu ou la moitié. Mi , an indeclinable particle used in a few compounds , instead of milieu or moitié. La mi-août , the middle of august. La mi-mai , the middle of may. La mi-carême , mid-lent. A mi-chemin , half-way. Mialement , subst. m. Meowing. Miauler , v. n. To mew. Le chat miaule , the cat mews. Miche , f. f. A loaf. † Micmac , subst. m. Secret practice , underhand dealing. Microcosme , f. m. A microcosm. Microscope , f. m. A microscope , a magnifying glass. Midi , f. (le sud.) South. Du côté du midi , Southwards. ♦ Midi , (milieu du jour ,) noon , midday , twelve o'clock. Mie , subst. f. The crumb of bread. Miel , f. m. Honey. Ruche à miel , bee-hive. Mielleux , adjct. Ex. Vin mielleux , luscious wine. Mien , enne , pronom possessif. Mine , my own. Miette , subst. f. A crumb , a little crumb. † Mievre , adjct. Unlucky , roguish.

MIE

Mievterie, *f. f.* *A piece of roguery, a prank.*
Mieux, *adv. de compar.* *Better, more, rather, best.* *J'aimerois mieux, I had rather. Lequel aimez-vous mieux? which do you love best? A quimieux mieux, in emulation of one another.*
† Mignard, *arde, adj.* *Pretty, quaint, nice, soft, smooth, fine, delicate, tender.*
† Mignard en paroles, *fair-spoken, smooth-tongued, precise.*
Mignardé, *éc, adj.* *Dandled, fondled, faddled, cockered.*
Mignardement, *adv.* *Nicely, tenderly, softly.*
† Mignarder, *v. a.* *To dandle, to fondle, to saddle, to cocker.*
Mignardise, *f. f.* *Delicacy, fineness of features.* *† (Attrait, caresses,) fair or kind words, endearments, allurements.*
† Mignardise de style, *quaintness of speech.*
Mignature, *V.* *Miniature.*
Mignon, *onne, adj.* *Pretty, delicate, fine.* *D'une manière tout-à-fait mignonne, most delicately.*
† Mignon, *spare money.*
Mignon, *f. m.* *Une mignonne, f. f.* *Minion, a darling or favourite.*
† Mignon, *dear papa.*
Mignonnement, *adv.* *Delicately, finely, curiously.*
† Mignoté, *éc, adj.* *Faddled, &c.* *V. the verb.*
† Mignoter, *v. a.* *To faddle, fondle, cocker or dandle.*
Migraine, *subst. f.* *Magrim, headache.*
Mijaurée, *f. f.* *Ex. Voilà une belle mijaurée! there's a fine piece indeed! being said in contempt of a woman.*
Mil, *adj. num.* *A thousand, as l'an mil sept cent quatre-vingt-trois, the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty three.*
Mil ou Millet, *V.* *Millet.*
Milan, *f. m.* *A kite.*
Milice, *f. f.* *War, the exer-*

MIL

cise of war; militia, train-bands; soldiary, soldiers.
Milicien, *f. m.* *A milisiaman.*
Milieu, *f. m.* *Middle, midst; mean, medium, expedient.*
Au milieu, *prép. (parmi,)* *among or amongst.*
† Au milieu de tout cela, *yet, for all that.*
Militaire, *adjec.* *Military, warlike; martial.*
Militairement, *adv. (d'une manière militaire.)* *In a military manner.*
Militante, *adj. f.* *Ex. L'Eglise militante, the militant Church.*
Militer, *v. n.* *(terme de Palais & d'Ecole.)* *Ex. Cette raison milite contre vous, that reason does against you.*
Mille, *adj. num.* *(dix fois cent.)* *A thousand.*
Mille, *f. m.* *Mile.*
Mille-feuille, *f. f.* *Milfoil, yarrow.*
Millénaire, *adj.* *Millenary, of a thousand.*
Millénaire, *f. m.* *Millenary, a thousand years.*
Mille-pertuis, *subst. m.* *St. John's wort, St. John's grass.*
Millième, *f. m.* *The year or date of the money or of a medal.*
Millet, *f. m.* *ou Mil. Millet.*
Milliar, *subst. m.* *A thousand millions.*
† Milliaise, *f. f.* *Thousands and thousands, a vast number, a world.*
Millième, *adj.* *Thousandth.*
Millième, *f. m.* *The thousandth part.*
Miller, *f. m.* *A thousand; a thousand weight.*
Million, *f. m.* *A million.*
Milord, *f. m.* *A Lord.*
Mime, *f. m.* *A farce; a mimic, a buffoon.*
Minage, *f. m.* *Droit de minage, the fee accruing to a Lord from every mine of corn that is measured within his manor.*
Minauder, *v. n.* *To be full of affected ways, to primp or to primp it, to be coiffe,*

MIN 323

Minauderies, f. f. pl. Priming, affected ways.
Minaudier, *subst. m.* *Minaudière, f. f.* *A prim, precise or affected man or woman.*
Mince, *adjec.* *Thin, small, slender.*
Mine, *subst. f.* *Mien, look, outside, countenance.*
† Il a la mine d'être riche, *he looks like a rich man.*
† Mine, *(grimace,)* *mouth, grimace.*
**† (Apparence,) *looks, shew.*
† Faire la mine à quelqu'un, se pout *at onc.* *P. Faire bonne mine à mauvais jeu. P. To set a good face on a bad game.*
† Faire mine de quelque chose, se sem, *to make as if, to pretend, to make a shew.*
† Mine, *(sorte de mesure,)* *a measure containing six bushels.*
**† (Lieu où se forment les métaux, & les minéraux,) *a mine.*
**† (Métal ou minéral mêlé avec la terre ou pierre de la mine,) *ore.*
**† (Travail souterrain pour faire sauter quelque ouvrage de fortification,) *a mine.*
La mine est éventée, the mine has taken air.
Miné, *éc, adj.* *Mined, undetermined.*
Miner, *v. a.* *To mine or undermine.*
**† (Creuser,) *to undermine, to hollow.*
Minéral, *ale, adjec.* *Mineral.*
Minéral, *f. m.* *A mineral.*
Mineur, *f. m.* *A miner.*
† Mineur, *eure, subst.* *A minor, one under age or in minority.*
† Les quatre Mineurs, *(dans l'Eglise Romaine,)* *the four lesser orders.*
† Mineur, *eure, adj.* *(qui est en bas âge.)* *Under age.*
**† (Plus petit,) *lesser, less, minor.*
† Mineure, *f. f.* *The minor proposition of a syllogism; the shortest act of all in an University.*
Miniature, *f. f.* *Miniature, a painting in water-colours.*
Miniere, *f. f.* *(ou mine.)*
Mine,************

324 MIN

Minime, *f. m.* *Minim*, a fort of Monk.
 Minime, *adj.* *Of a minim*, dark, brown, *tawny* or *dun colour*.
 Ministère, *f. m.* *Ministry*; *office, place*; *the Ministry* or *Ministers*.
 Ministre, *f. m.* *Minister*. Un Ministre ou Ministre d'Etat, a Minister of state.
 † Minois, *f. m.* *Look, face*. *◆* (ou Porte-lof,) *bumkin*.
 † Minon, *f. m.* *A puse*, a cat.
 Minorité, *f. f.* *Minority*, *nonage*, *being under age*.
 Minot, *f. m.* *A measure* containing half a mine.
 Minotaure, *subst. m.* *Minotaurus*, a fabulous monster.
 Minuit, *f. m.* *Midnight*.
 Minuscule, *f. f.* *A small letter*.
 Minute, *f. f.* *A minute*; *minute, moment*, *◆* (Ce qu'on écrit d'abord pour le mettre ensuite au net,) *the minute or first draught of any writing*, a *soul paper*.
 Minuté, *ée, adj.* *Drawn up*, &c.
 Minuter, *v. a.* (dresser un écrit.) *To draw up*, *to make a rough draught*. * (Projeter,) *to design*, *to purpose*, *to contrive*.
 Minutie, *f. f.* *Trifle*, *minuteness*.
 Mi-parti, *ie, adj.* *Parted, divided in two*, *divided into two parts*, *bipartite*.
 Chambre mi-partie, a Court of Justice whose Judges were one half Roman Catholics, and the other Protestants.
 Miquelet, *f. m.* *A miquelet*.
 Miquemac, *subst. m.* *V. Micmac*.
 Miracle, *subst. m.* *Miracle*, *wonder*; *◆* *wondrous thing*.
 † A miracle, *adv.* *Wonderfully well*, *extremely well*.
 Miraculeusement, *adv.* *Miraculously*, *wonderfully*, *by a miracle*.
 Miraculeux, *euse, adj.* *Miraculous*, *done by a miracle*; *◆* *wonderful*, *beyond all*

MIS

expectation, *marvellous*, *admirable*.
 Mire, *f. f.* *Aim*.
 Mirer, *v. a.* (viser.) *To aim*, *to take one's aim*.
 Mirer, *se mirer*, *v. r.* *To look in a glass*.
 * Mirmidon, *f. m.* *A shrimp* or *short-arse*.
 Miroir, *subst. m.* *A glass* or *looking-glass*. * C'est un miroir de vertu, *he is a mirror of virtue*.
 Miroitier, *f. m.* *A looking-glass maker* or *seller*.
 Miroitière, *f. f.* *A looking-glass maker's wife*.
 Miroité, *ée, adj.* (en parlant du poil des chevaux,) *Dapple-black*. Un cheval miroité, *a dapple-black horse*.
 Mirte, *V. Myrte*.
 Mis, *mise, adjct.* (from mettre.) *Put, set, let*, &c. according to the verb. *Malmis*, (mal-vêtu,) *ill-clad*, *ill-accounted*, *in a sad garb* or *pickle*.
 Misaine, *f. f.* *The fore-mast* and *fore-sail*.
 Misanthrope, *f. m.* *Man-hater*, a *misanthrope*.
 Misanthropie, *f. f.* *Misanthropy*.
 Mise, *f. f.* *The expence*, *disbursement* or *laying out in a book of accounts*. * Argent de mise, *current money*.
 Piece qui n'est pas de mise, *a piece that won't go*. * Un homme de mise, *a genteel* or *accomplished man*.
 Misérable, *adjct.* *Miserable*, *sad* or *poor*. *◆* (Méchant,) *wicked*. * (Vil, méprisable,) *miserable*, *wretched*, *sad*, *pitiful*.
 Misérable, *subst.* *A miserable* or *unfortunate man* or *woman*; *◆* *a wretched man*, a *scoundrel*.
 Misérablement, *adv.* *Miserably*, *wretchedly*, *pitifully*; *◆* *wickedly*; *◆* *unhappily*, *unluckily*, *unfortunately*; *◆* *miserably*, *sadly*, *wretchedly*, *poorly*, *in misery*.
 Misere, *f. f.* *Misery*, *poverty*, *want*; *◆* *misery*, *trouble*, *calamity*, *misfortune*. *◆* (Difficulté,) *a sad* or *grievous thing*.

MIX

Miséréré, *f. m.* *The twisting of the guts*.
 Miséricorde, *f. f.* (pitié.) *Mercy*, *piety*, *compassion*, *tenderness*, *goodness*. *◆* (Pardon,) *mercy* or *pardon*. *◆* Crier miséricorde, *to cry out for help*.
 Miséricorde, *interj.* *Bless me*.
 Miséricordieusement, *adv.* *Mercifully*, *compassionately*.
 Miséricordieux, *euse, adjct.* *Merciful*, *compassionate*, *pitiful*.
 Missel, *subst. masc.* *A Mass-book*.
 Mission, *f. f.* *Mission*, *orders*, *commission*. Faire la mission, *to be a Missionary*; *to perform the Mission*.
 Missionnaire, *f. m.* *Missionary*.
 † Missive, *adj.* *Ex. Lettre missive*, *ou missive, subst. f.* *Letter*, *epistle*.
 Mitaine, *f. f.* *A mitten*.
 Mite, *f. f.* *A mite*.
 Mithridate, *subst. masc.* *Mithridate*.
 Mitigé, *ée, adj.* *Mitigated*.
 Mitiger, *v. a.* *To mitigate* or *alleviate*.
 Mitonné, *ée, adj.* *Soaked*, *that has been soaking a while upon a chafing dish*.
 Mitonner, *v. a.* *Ex. Faire mitonner la soupe*, *to lay the soup a soaking*, *to let it soak*. * Mitonner, (mignarder,) *to cocker*, *to saddle* or *dandle*; ** to manage tenderly*, *to humour*.
 Mitoyen, *enne, adj.* *Ex. Un mur mitoyen*, *a partition-wall*.
 Mitraille, *f. f.* *Broken brass* or *copper*; *◆* *old nails*, *old iron*; *◆* *langrel* or *langrage*. *◆* *brass made use of to fold*.
 Mitre, *f. f.* *Mitre*.
 Mitré, *ée, adj.* *Mitred*, *wearing a mitre*.
 Mixte, *adj.* *Mixed*. *Ex. Les corps mixtes*, *the mixed bodies*.
 Mixte, *f. m.* *Mixed body*.
 Mixtion, *subst. f.* *Mixture*, *miztion*.
 Mixtionné, *ée, adj.* *Mixed*, *mingled*, &c.

MIX

Mixtionner, *v. a.* To mix or mingle.

Mobile, *adj.* Moveable, that removes or may be removed.

* Mobile, (léger,) light, inconstant, changeable, fickle. ♦ Fêtes mobiles, moveable feasts.

Mobile, *f. m.* (ce qui meut.) Mover. Le premier mobile, the primum mobile or first mover.

Mobilier, *ere, adj. a.* Moveable, personal.

Mobilité, *f. f.* Mobility; moveableness.

Mode, *f. f.* Mode, fashion, vogue. ♦ (Façon,) way, manner, fashion.

Mode, *f. m.* (manière d'être.) Modality, the manner of existing. ♦ (Mœuf de verbe,) a mood of a verb.

Modele, *f. m.* Model, pattern.

Modeler, *v. a.* To make a model; ♦ to model.

Moderateur, *f. m.* Moderator, director.

Moderation, *f. f.* Moderation, temperance; ♦ abatement, diminution.

Moderatrice, *f. f.* Moderator.

Moderé, *ée, adj.* (adouci.) Moderated, abated, allayed. ♦ (Retenu,) moderate, sober, temperate.

Moderément, *adv.* Moderately, soberly, with moderation, without excess, temperately.

Modérer, *v. a.* To moderate, temper, alay or qualify; ♦ to diminish or lessen, abate.

Se modérer, *v. r.* To refrain or contain one's self, to command one's self. ♦ Le chaud se modere, the heat abates.

Moderne, *adj.* Modern, of this time.

Les modernes, *f. m. pl.* The moderns.

Modeste, *adj.* Modest, grave. Village, air modeste, a modest look.

Modestement, *adv.* Modestly.

Modestie, *f. f.* Modesty, moderation, discretion; ♦ modesty, bashfulness.

Modicité, *f. f.* Smallness.

Modification, *f. f.* Modifica-

MOD

tion, limitation, restriction, regulation; ♦ modification, modality.

Modifié, *ée, adj.* Modified, limited, regulated, &c.

Modifier, *v. a.* To modify, limit, moderate, qualify, soften. ♦ (Terme de Philosophie,) to modify, to give the modality.

Modillon, *f. m.* Modillion, console.

Modique, *adject.* Moderate, small.

Modiquement, *adv.* Moderately, but a little.

Module, *f. m.* A model or module, a measure in architecture.

Moelle, *subst. f.* Marrow. ♦ Moelle d'arbre, the pith of a tree. * Moelle, (la quintessence,) marrow, substance, quintessence.

Moelleux, *euse, adj.* Full of marrow; ♦ pithy, * substantial, full of good matter.

* Vin moelleux, strong, rich, racy wine. * Drap moelleux, substantial or strong cloth, that feels very soft.

Moellon, *subst. m.* Shards; rough, rugged, unhewn pieces of stones.

Mœuf. *V.* Mode.

Mœurs, *f. f. plur.* Manners, conversation, behaviour.

Moi, *pronom de la première personne.* I, me. C'est moi, 'tis I. Donnez-moi, give me. Moi-même, myself, my own self.

Moien, *V.* Moyen, and its derivatives accordingly.

Moignon, *f. m.* A stump of a cut limb.

Moindre, *adj.* Less, meaner. ♦ (Aucun,) least.

Moine, *f. m.* A Monk, a friar; ♦ a wooden warming-pan.

Moineau, *f. m.* A sparrow.

* Tirer sa poudre aux moineaux, to make a vain attempt, to lose one's labour.

Moinerie, *f. f.* Monks; ♦ monkery.

† Moineuse, *f. f.* A Nun.

Moinillon, *f. m.* (terme de mépris.) A monk, a friar.

MOI 325

Moins, *adv.* de comparaison, (pas tant.) Less. Ni plus, ni moins, neither more nor less, just so much. ♦ Il est moins honnête homme que son pere, he is not so honest a man as his father. Parlez moins haut, don't speak so loud.

Moins, *f. m.* Ex. Le moins du monde, never so little.

♦ Le moins de gens qu'il se pourra, as few people as may be. ♦ C'est le moins que vous puissiez faire, 'tis the least thing you can do. ♦ En moins de rien, in a trice, in the twinkling of an eye, in a moment.

Du moins, au moins, tout au moins, tout du moins, conj. At least, however.

♦ Sur & tant moins, on account, in part. ♦ A moins de, (excepté,) except, without, unless. ♦ A moins de cela, otherwise, else, or else, were it not.

A moins que, conj. Without, unless. ♦ Pour le moins, at least, however.

Moire, *f. f.* Mohair.

Mois, *f. m.* Month. ♦ Les mois d'une femme, (ses purgations,) a woman's monthly courses, menses.

Moisi, *ie, adj.* Mouldy, hoary.

Moisi, *f. m.* Mould, what is mouldy.

Moisir, *v. a.* To make mouldy or hoary.

Moisir, *v. n.* se moisir, *v. r.* To grow mouldy or hoary.

Moissure, *f. f.* Mouldiness, hoariness.

Moison, *f. f.* The rent of a farm or tenement paid in corn or other things in hand.

Moisson, *f. f.* Harvest, crop; ♦ harvest-time.

Moissonné, *ée, adj.* Reaped.

Moissonner, *v. a.* To reap, to harvest, to crop, to get in harvest.

Moissonneur, *f. m.* Moissonneuse, *f. fem.* A reaper, a harvest-man or woman.

Moite, *adj.* Wet, moist.

Moiteur, *f. f.* Wet, moisture.

Moitié, *f. f.* Half, moiety; ♦ one's spouse or wife. Extra

326 MOL

de moitié avec quelqu'un, *to go halves with one.* ♦ La moitié du temps, *most commonly, most times.* ♦ A moitié, *half, by halves, almost.*
Mole, *f. m. Mole.*
Mole, *f. fém. A moon-calf, mole.*
Molesté, *ée, adj. Molested, troubled, vexed, &c.*
Molester, *v. a. To molest, trouble, vex.*
Mollette, *f. fém. The rowel of a spur; ♦ mullar or mollar; a stone wherewith a Painter grinds his colours; ♦ windgall, a horse-disease.*
Molère, *adj. f. Ex. Dents molieres, (ou machelieres,) the grinders or cheek-teeth.*
Mollasse, *adj. Flabby.*
Mollement, *adverb. Faintly, faint-heartedly, slackly; ♦ effeminately.*
Mollesse, *subst. f. Softness. ♦ (Délicatesse,) softness, luxury, effeminacy. ♦ (Manque de vigueur,) faint-heartedness.*
Mollet, *ette, adj. f. Soft. ♦ Pain mollet, (sorte de pain blanc,) light or spungy bread, French bread.*
Mollet, *f. m. Small fringes for curtains and the like. ♦ Le mollet de la jambe, the calf of the leg.*
Molleton, *f. m. Swanskin.*
Mollir, *v. n. To soften or grow soft. ♦ (Manquer de force,) to slacken or grow slack, to faint, to be dispirited. ♦ (Céder lâchement,) to yield, to give way.*
Mollir, *v. a. mollir une corde, to ease off or away a rope.*
Moment, *f. m. Moments, minute.*
A tout moment ou à tous moments, *adv. Every moment, every minute, at every turn, ever and anon.*
Momentanée, *adj. Momentary, of a moment.*
† Momerie, *f. f. Grimace, hypocrisy; ♦ mummary.*
Momie, *f. f. Mummy.*
Momon, *f. m. The money that makers offer to play at dice.*

MON

Mon, *ma, (pronom possessif de la première personne.) My.*
Monacal, *ale, adj. Monkish, monachal.*
Monacalement, *adv. Like a Monk.*
Monachisme, *f. m. Monachism.*
Monarchie, *subst. f. Monarchy.*
Monarchique, *adj. Monarchical.*
Monarque, *f. m. A Monarch, an absolute Prince or King.*
Monastère, *f. m. A monastery or convent.*
Monastique, *adj. Monastick, monkish, monachal.*
Monceau, *f. m. Heap.*
Mondain, *aine, adj. Worldly, worldly minded, proud.*
Mondain, *f. m. A worldling.*
Mondainement, *adv. After a worldly manner.*
Mondanité, *subst. f. Worldliness.*
Monde, *subst. m. (l'univers.) The world, the universe. ♦ (La terre,) the world or earth. ♦ Monde, (société des hommes,) world, men, mankind, folks. Le monde poli, le beau monde, the genteel part of the world. Le monde savant, the learned world, the learned. ♦ Monde, (personnes,) people, folks, men. ♦ (Terme augmentatif,) world. ♦ Tout mon monde, all my retinue, all my men. ♦ L'autre monde, the next or the other world.*
Mondé, *ée, adj. Cleaned, peeled.*
Monder, *v. a. To cleanse. ♦ Monder de l'orge, to peel barley.*
Monétaire, *f. m. Master of the mint.*
Monition, *f. f. Monition, an ecclesiastical warning.*
Monitoire, *f. m. ou lettres monitoires, a monitory.*
Monnoie, *f. f. Money, coin; ♦ the mint.*
Monnoyage, *f. m. The minting or coining of money.*
Monnoyé, *ée, adj. Minted, coined, stamped, made into money.*

MON

Monnoyer, *v. a. To mint, to coin; ♦ to stamp.*
Monnoyerie, *f. f. The stamp-room in a mint.*
Monnoyeur, *f. m. A moneyer, a coiner, a mint-man. Faux monnoyeur, a false coiner.*
Monocorde, *subst. m. Monochord.*
Monogramme, *f. m. Monogram, a kind of cypher used by the French Kings of the two first races.*
Monologue, *f. m. Monologue, soliloquy.*
Monopole, *f. m. Monopoly, an engrossing of commodities into one's hands; ♦ tax.*
Monopoleur, *f. m. A monopolist.*
Monosyllabe, *adj. Monosyllabical.*
Monosyllabe, *f. m. A monosyllable.*
Monotone, *adj. Of one and the same sound.*
Monotonie, *f. f. Monotony.*
Monseigneur, *subst. m. My Lord.*
Monfieur, *f. m. Sir or Master. Monfieur, (le frere du Roi,) Monfieur, the King of France's brother.*
Monstre, *f. m. A monster.*
Monstrueusement, *adv. Monstruously, prodigiously.*
Monstrueux, *euse, adj. Monstruous; ♦ prodigious.*
Mont, *f. m. Hill, mount; mountain. ♦ Les Monts, (les Alpes,) the Alps. ♦ Promettre monts & merveilles, to promise great matters.*
Montage, *f. m. The coming up.*
Montagnard, *arde, adj. ou f. m. & fém. Mountaineer, highlander.*
Montagne, *f. f. Hill, mountain. Un pays de montagnes, a hilly or mountainous country.*
Montagneux, *euse, adj. Hilly, mountainous.*
Montant, *f. m. An upright beam, post, stone or iron-bar, in building; ♦ amount, the sum or whole sum. ♦ Montans, slanchions of the bulk-heads. ♦ Montant de la marée, flowing water flood*

MON

vide. ♦ Vin qui a du mont-
tant, *strong or heady wine.*
Montant, *adj. Who is next.*
♦ A marée montante, at
new flood.
Monté, *éc. adjett. Gone up,*
&c. *V. the verb. Monter.*
Un vaisseau monté de 50
hommes, a ship of 50
men.
† Montée, *f. f. (escalier.)*
Stairs or stair-case. ♦ (Une
marche,) a step. ♦ Mon-
tée de voûte, the rising part
of a vault. ♦ Montée d'une
colonne, the height of a
pillar.
Monter, *v. n. & a.* To go,
come or get up, to mount,
to ascend. Monter les de-
grés, to go or come up
stairs. Monter sur une hau-
teur, to get up a hill or
rising ground. ♦ Monter la
garde, to mount or go upon
the guard. ♦ Monter au
vent, to weather-gage. *
♦ Monter un vaisseau, to
have the command of a ship.
Monter le gouvernail, to
hang the rudder. Monter,
(passer à une charge plus
élevée,) to be preferred,
to rise. ♦ Monter un luth,
to string a lute. ♦ Monter
une horloge, un tourne-
broche, &c. to wind up a
clock, a jack, &c. ♦ Mon-
ter, (s'élever,) to go up,
to rise. * (Hausser de prix,)
to rise. * (S'accroître,) to
grow or grow up, to increase.
♦ Monter en graine, to
grow up to seed. ♦ Monter,
(porter en haut,) to carry
up. ♦ (Elever en haut,)
to lift up. * (Assembler les
pièces d'un ouvrage,) to
make up or put together.
♦ Monter un soulier sur
forme, to put a shoe upon
the last. ♦ Monter une
épée, to mount a sword.
* † Monter sur les grands
chevaux, to stand upon high
seems. ♦ Monter, se mon-
ter, (en parlant d'un total,
de plusieurs sommes,) to
amount or come to. A quoi
se monte le tout? what
does the whole amount to?
Mont-joie ou Mont-joie Saint-

MON

Denys, the ancient military
cry of the French.
Mont-joie, *f. f. A heap of*
stones, made by a French
army, for a monument of a
victory.
Montoir, *f. m. A mounting-*
block. ♦ Cheval facile au
montoir, an easy horse to
get upon. Le côté hors du
montoir, the off-foot, the
far-foot.
Montre, *f. fem. A shew or*
sample. Montre de Mar-
chand de drap ou de toile,
stall-clothes. Montre d'Or-
fevre, de Coutelier, &c. a
glass or glass-box. ♦ Mon-
tre, (en termes de Guerre,
revue,) muster, review. *
Passer à la montre, to pass
muster. ♦ Montre d'orgues,
the out side of an organ.
♦ Montre, (apparence,) a
shew, appearance. ♦ (Osten-
tation, parade,) shew, of-
tensation, parade. ♦ (Petite
horloge,) a watch.
Montré, *éc. adj. Shewed,*
discovered, &c. *V. the*
verb.
Montrer, *v. a. To shew, to*
let see or discover. ♦ Votre
habit montre la corde,
your suit is thread-bare.
Se montrer homme de cou-
rage, to approve or shew
one's self a man of courage.
♦ Montrer, to shew, to let
understand, to prove, to
make it appear. ♦ (En-
seigner,) to teach or learn.
♦ Montrer au doigt, to
point at with one's finger.
Monture, *f. f. (animal sur*
lequel on monte.) Any
beast for the saddle or to
ride upon, as a horse,
a mule, &c. ♦ Monture de
scie, the wooden frame of
a saw. Monture d'arme à
feu, the stock of a gun.
Monture d'éperon, the spur-
leather.
Monument, *f. m. Monument,*
a memorial for after ages;
a tomb, grave.
Moqué, *éc. adj. Laughed at,*
&c. *V. Moquer.*
Moquer, se moquer de, *v. r.*
To laugh at, to ridicule,
mock, scoff or deride, to

MOR 327

jeer or banter; ♦ to scorn
or make nothing of, not to
care for; ♦ to baffle, dis-
appoint or fool. ♦ Se
moquer, (ne faire pas sé-
rieusement,) to jeer, to be
in jest. Sans se moquer,
seriously, in good earnest.
Moquerie, *f. fem. Mockery &*
raillery, jest, banter. Faire
des moqueries d'une per-
sonne, to ridicule one, to
jeer, banter or deride him.
Moquette, *f. f. Mockadoes, a*
kind of stuff.
Moqueur, *f. m. Moqueuse, f. f.*
A mocker, a jeerer, a jeering
man or woman; a banterer.
Moral, *ale, adj. Moral.* Dis-
cours moral, a moral or
practical discourse.
Morale, *subst. f. Morals or*
morality; the moral Phi-
losophy.
Moralement, *adv. Morally.*
Moraliser, *v. n. To talk mo-*
rals, to make morals reflec-
tions, to moralize.
Moraliseur, *f. m. (celui qui*
affecte de parler morale.)
Moralizer.
Moraliste, *f. m. (Ecrivain*
qui traite des mœurs.)
Moralist.
Moralité, *f. f. Morality, a*
moral reflection. ♦ Moralité
d'une fable, the moral of a
fable.
Morceau, *f. m. (bouchée.)*
A bit, piece, morsel.
mouthful. ♦ Morceau trem-
pé, a sop. ♦ Morceau
(partie de quelque chose,) a
bit or piece of any thing.
Morcelier une terre, *v. a. To*
canale, disjoint or divide an
estate.
Mordacité, *f. f. Corrosiveness;*
mordacity; sharpness, bi-
ting, bitterness of speech.
Mordant, *ante, adj. Sharp;*
smart, biting, satirical,
nipping, tart.
Mordant, *f. m. A two-pointed*
nail, such as saddlers use.
Mordicant, *ante, adj. Sharp,*
corrosive. * (Piquant,)
smart, biting, nipping, tart,
satirical.
Mordre, *v. a. & n. To bite.*
* † Mordre à l'hameçon,
to bite at the hook. ♦ L'eau-

328 MOR

forte mord sur les métaux, *aqua fortis* eats in or into metals. Mordre à la besogne, to fall to work, to set one's hands to it. * † Il s'en mordra les doigts, he'll rue it, he'll live to repent it. Il s'en mord les doigts, he is mad at it.

More, *f. m.* A moor, a blackamore, a black or negroe.

Moreau, *adj. masc.* Black, shining black. *As*: Un cheval moreau, a black horse.

Moreau, *f. m.* A net or bag that hangs on a horse or mule's muzzle with hay in it, for them to feed on as they go along.

Morelle, *f. f.* Morel, nightshade.

Moresque, *adject.* Morish. * (Danse à la manière des Mores,) a morris or moorish dance; * moorish work, in painting.

Morsil, *f. m.* (terme de Coutelier.) Thread, a rough edge or wire-edge.

Morfondre, *v. act.* To make one catch cold upon heat.

Se morfondre, *v. r.* To catch cold upon heat; * to wait in vain or dance attendance, to suspend one's self.

Morfondure, *f. f.* A cold upon heat.

Morgue, *f. f.* A little grated room wherein a new prisoner is set, and must continue some hours, that the jailer's ordinary servants may the better take notice of his face; * a proud, big, haughty or stately look; state, surliness or surly look. Tenir la morgue, to look surlily or haughtily, to look big.

Morquer, *v. act.* To brave, bully or huff one.

Moribond, onde, *adject.* A dying, in a dying condition.

† Moricaud, aude, *adj. ou f.* A black man or woman.

Morigéré, ée, *adj.* Tutored, brought up, educated, well or ill-mannered.

Morigéner, *v. act.* To tutor, bring up or educate.

Morille, *f. f.* A sort of musl-

MOR

room, the smallest and daintiest kind of red mushroom; moril.

Morine, *f. f.* (herbe.) Chickweed.

Morion, *f. m.* (casque à l'antique.) Morion. * Morion, (punition militaire,) a sort of military punishment.

Morne, *adj.* Dull, sad, melancholy, sullen, pensive. Temps morne & sombre, dull, cloudy weather.

† Morné, ée, *adj.* Blunt or blunted.

Morné, *f. f.* A ferrel.

† Morniste, *subst. fem.* A box on the ear or a slap on the chops.

Morpion, *f. m.* (forte d'infeste.) A crab-louse.

Mors, *f. m.* Bit, a horse-bit. * Mors d'étau, the vice-chops.

Morsure, *f. fem.* A bite or biting.

Mort, orte, *adj.* Dead, deceased. * † Avoir la gueule morte, to be down in the mouth. * Eau morte, standing water. * Morte eau ou morte mer, the neap tides. * Argent mort, money that lies dead. * Un fonds mort, a piece of land held in mortmain. * Main-morte, *V.* Main. * Saison morte, the dead time of the year.

Mort, orte, *f. m. & fem.* A dead body, a dead man or woman. Les vivans & les morts, the living and the dead. La fête des morts, all-souls-day.

Mort, *f. f.* Death or decease. * (ou Poison,) bane. *Ex.* Mort aux rats, rats-bane. * Mort, (grande douleur,) death, great or violent pain. * Mettre la mort au cœur, donner la mort, to break one's hearth. * Faire une belle mort, to die well, to die like a good christian; also to die nobly or honourably.

A mort, *adv.* To death, mortally. Hair à mort ou à la mort, to hate mortally.

Morte-payé, *f. f.* A soldier in ordinary pay during life,

MOT

Mortadelle, *f. fem.* *V.* Saucisson.

Mortaife, *V.* Mortoise.

Mortalité, *f. f.* Mortality, plague, pestilence.

Mortel, elle, *adj.* Mortal, subject to death, perishable; * mortal, deadly; * mortal, great, grievous, deadly, bitter, extreme, cruel.

Mortel, elle, *f. A mortal, a man or woman.*

Mortellement, *adv.* Mortally, deadly. * (Grièvement,) grievously, cruelly, bitterly.

Mortier, *f. m.* Mortar, used by bricklayers, &c. * Mortier ou mortier de veille, a mortar of wax. * Mortier, (pièce d'artillerie,) a mortar-piece.

Mortifère, *adject.* Mortal, deadly.

Mortifiant, ante, *adj.* Mortifying, unpleasant, sad, grievous.

Mortification, *f. f.* Mortifying or mortification; * grief, shame, trouble; * cross, misfortune.

Mortifié, ée, *adject. V.* the verb.

Mortifier, *v. a.* To mortify.

Mort-né, ée, *adj.* Still-born.

Mortoise, *f. f.* Mortise.

Mortuaire, *adj. Ex.* Un drap mortuaire, a pall. Cloche mortuaire, a knell or passing-bell. Livre mortuaire, a register, a book of burials, a burial-book.

Morue, *f. f.* Cod or codfish.

Morve, *f. f.* Snout; * glanders, a horse-disease.

† Morveau, *f. m.* The thickest mucus of the nose.

Morveux, euse, *adj.* Snooty. * Un cheval morveux, a horse that has the glanders.

Morveux, euse, *f. A snooty-nosed boy or girl.*

Mosaïque, *f. f.* Mosaic-work. Un ouvrage à la mosaïque, mosaic-work, work of small inlaid pieces.

Mosquée, *f. f.* A mosque, a mahometan church.

Mot, *f. m.* Word or term. * Bon mot, a jest. * (Sentence, apophthegme,) saying, apophthegm, senten-

MOT

ce. ♦ **Mot** d'une devise, *motto.*
En un mot, *adv. In a word, in short.*
Mot à mot, *adv. Word for word.*
Motelle ou **Moteille**, *f. fem. Ellpowl, a sort of fish.*
Motet, *f. m. An anthem, a musical composition.*
Moteur, *f. m. Mover; * mover, contriver, author.*
Motif, *f. m. Motive, incitement, encouragement.* ♦ *(But,) end, aim or design.* ♦ *(Cause,) motive, cause, occasion.*
Motrice, *adj. f. Ex. La faculté motrice, the motive faculty.*
Motte, *f. f. Clod, a lump of earth.* ♦ *Eminence, a mount, hillock.* **Motte à brûler**, *a peat.*
Se motter, *v. r. To lurk behind a turf, as partridges do sometimes.*
Mou, olle, *adj. Soft, tender; ♦ mellow.* ♦ *(Lâche,) sluggish, slow, dull, lazy, unactive, faint.* ♦ *Temps mou, close or faint weather.*
*** Mou**, *(qui n'a point de fermeté,) soft, easy.*
Mou, f. m. *(poisson de veau ou d'agneau.) Calf's or sheep's liver or lungs.*
Mouchard, *f. m. A spy, a setter or informer.*
Mouche, *f. f. A fly; ♦ a patch.* ♦ *Mouche à miel, (abeille,) a bee.* ♦ ** C'est une fine mouche, he is a fly or cunning gipsy.* ♦ ** † Etre tendre aux mouches, to be touchy or exceptionous. Quelle mouche l'a piqué? what ails him?*
Moucher, *v. a. To blow the nose.* ♦ *Moucher la chandelle, to snuff or † top the candle.*
Moucheron, *f. m. A gnat.*
Mouchet, *f. m. Tarsel, the musket hawk.*
Moucheté, *éc, adj. Spotted, pinked.* *V. the verb.* ♦ *Cheval moucheté, a flea-bitten horse.*
Moucheter, *v. a. To spot; ♦ so pink or cut with small spots.*

MOU

Mouchette, *f. f. A kind of joiner's plane.*
Mouchettes, *f. f. pl. Snuffers.*
Moucheture, *f. f. Pinking.* ♦ *(Ouvrage moucheté,) spotted work.*
Moucheur, *f. m. Ex. Moucheur de chandelles à la comédie, the snuffer, he that snuffs the candles at the play-house.*
Mouchoir, *f. m. A handkerchief.* **Mouchoir de cou**, *a neck-handkerchief.*
Mouchure de chandelle, *f. f. The snuff of a candle.*
Moudre, *v. a. To grind.*
Moue, *f. f. A mouth, a wry face.*
Mouette, *f. f. A seamew or gull.*
Mouffard, *arde, f. A bloated face.*
Mouffe, *subst. f. Mitten; * † (Gros visage,) a bloated face.*
Mouillage, *f. m. Anchorage.* *Etre au mouillage, to ride at anchor, to be moored.*
Mouillé, *éc, adj. Wet, moist.*
Mouiller, *v. a. To wet or moisten, to bathe, soake or dip in water.* *Pluie qui mouille, a soaking rain.* ♦ *Mouiller, to cast anchor.*
Mouiller en barbe, *to come to with two anchors a-head.* — *en croupiere, to moor by the stern.*
Mouillette, *subst. f. A narrow and long slice of bread.*
Moule, *f. m. A mould.* ♦ ** † Il y laissa le moule du pourpoint, there he was killed, he left his carcase there.* ♦ *Moule, (modele,) model, pattern.*
Moule, *f. f. Muscle, a kind of shell-fish.*
Moulé, *éc, adj. Moulded, cast into a mould; ♦ printed.*
Mouler, *v. a. (jeter en moule.) To mould, to cast into a mould.* ♦ ** Se mouler sur quelqu'un, to frame or square one's life by another man.*
Moulettes, *f. f. pl. Small shells.*
Mouleur de bois, *f. m. An assayer of wood.*
Moulin, *f. m. A mill.*

MOU 329

Moulinet, *f. m. A mill to coin money withal.* *Monnoie faite au moulinet, milled money.* ♦ *Moulinet, (ou tourniquet,) a turnstile.* ♦ — *de chocolatiere, a chocolate-slick or mill.*
Moulu, *ue, adj. (from mou-dre.) Ground.* ♦ *Or moulu, water-gold, painter's gold.*
Moulure, *f. f. A moulding.*
Mourant, *ante, adj. Dying; ♦ languishing or lingering; ♦ pale or faint.*
Mourir, *v. n. To die.* ♦ *(En parlant du feu, s'éteindre,) to go out.* ♦ ** Mourir de faim, to starve with hunger.* ♦ ** Mourir de froid, to starve with cold.* ♦ ** Faire mourir de faim, to starve one.*
Se mourir, *v. réc. To be a-dying, to be at the point of death.*
Mouron, *f. m. Pimpernel, an herb.*
Mourre, *f. f. Morra, the Italian play of love with the fingers.*
Mouquet, *subst. masc. A musket.*
Mouquetade, *f. f. Musket-shot.*
Mouquetaire, *f. m. A musketeer.*
Mouqueterie, *f. f. A volley of musket-shot, small-shot.*
Mouqueton, *f. m. A Musketoon, a blunderbuss.*
Mouffe, *f. f. Moss.* ♦ *Mouffe, (écume,) lather, froth.*
Mouffe, *f. m. A ship-boy, a swabber, a cabin-boy, a powder-monkey, a younger.*
Mouffe, *adj. Dull, blunt.*
Mouffeline, *f. f. Muslin.*
Mouffer, *v. neut. To lather; froth, foam.*
Moufferon, *f. m. The white kind of mushroom.*
Mouffon, *f. f. Monsoons; trade winds.*
Mouffu, *ue, adj. Mossy, full of moss.*
Mouffache, *f. f. Whiskers.* ♦ ** Mouffaches de la civadiere, standing lists of the sprit-fait of a ship.*
Moûr, *f. m. Must; new or unfermented wine.*

320 MOU

Moutarde, *subst. f.* Mustard.
 * † Sucrer la moutarde, to qualify one's jest, to take off the edge on't.
 Moutardier, *f. m.* A mustard-pot; † mustard-man.
 Mouton, *f. m.* A weather or gelded sheep; † mutton; † sheep's leather; † a standard of a coach; † a rammer.
 † Moutons, the foam or froth of the sea.
 Moutonner, *v. a. Ex.* Tête moutonnée, curled or fringed head. † Moutonner, *v. n.* (terme de mer,) to foam.
 Mouture, *f. f.* Grinding; † corn ground; † the miller's fee for grinding.
 Mouvançe, *f. f. Ex.* Mouvançe de sief, the dependance of a fee upon another.
 Mouvant, *ante, adj.* Moving.
 † Sable mouvant, quicksand.
 Mouvement, *f. m.* Motion, moving; * movement. † Mouvements, (troubles,) commotion, troubles, broils; * motion, impulse, disposition, inclination. * Faire une chose de son propre mouvement, (ou de son gré,) to do a thing of one's own accord or free will.
 Mouvoir, *v. act.* To move or stir. * Mouvoir une querelle, to pick a quarrel. * Mouvoir, (exciter,) to move, entice or stir up; to induce, incline or persuade.
 Se mouvoir, *v. r.* To move, stir or wag.
 Moyen, *f. m.* Means, course, way, expedient; † means, power. † Le moyen que cela soit? how can that possibly be? Le moyen de lui parler? how can one speak with him? † Moyens, (ou richesses,) means or riches.
 Au moyen de, *prép.* Wherefore, for.
 Moyen, *enne, adj.* Middle, mean.
 Moyennant, *prép.* For.
 † Moyenné, *ée, adj.* Mediated, procured.
 † Moyennement, *adv.* Indifferently, so so.

MUL

Moyenner, *v. a.* To mediate or procure.
 Moyeu, *f. m.* (de roue.) The nave or stock of a wheel. † (Jaune d'œuf,) the yolk of an egg.
 Mu, *ue, adj.* Moved. *V.* Mouvoir.
 Muable, *adj.* Mutable, changeable, subject to change, inconstant.
 Muance, *f. f.* Division, in music.
 Mucilage, *f. m.* Mucilage.
 Mucilagineux, *euse, adj.* Mucilaginous.
 Mucosité, *f. f.* Mucosity, mucous matter.
 Mue, *subst. f.* Moulting or mewing. † (Cage,) mew or coop.
 Muer, *v. n.* To moult, mew or cast feathers; † to cast the skin or slough.
 Muet, *ette, adj.* Dumb, speechless, mute. Rendre muet, to put to silence, to silence, to nonplus. * Muet, (terme de Grammaire,) mute, unpronounced, not heard, not founded.
 Muet, *ette, f.* A mute or a dumb man or woman.
 Mufle, *f. m.* Muzzle. Mufle de taureau, de lion, de tigre, the muzzle of a bull, lion or tyger.
 Muge, *f. m.* (sorte de poisson.) Mullet.
 Mugir, *v. n.* To bellow or to low; * to roar.
 Mugissant, *ante, adj.* Bellowing, lowing; * roaring.
 Mugissement, *f. m.* A bellowing or lowing; * the roaring of the sea.
 Muguet, *f. m.* Lily of the valley; † a spark, a beau, a sop.
 † Mugueter une femme, *v. a.* To cajole or wheedle a woman, to court her, to make love to her.
 Muid, *subst. m.* A measure for corn, salt, liquors, &c.
 Muid de blé, about five quarters, a comb and a bushel of corn.
 Mulâtre, *adj.* A mulatto.
 Mulêté, *ée, adj.* Fined.
 Mulêter, *v. a.* To fine.
 Mule, *f. f.* Mule or she-mule.

MUR

† Mules, (ou pantoufles,) slippers. * † Ferrer la mule, to cheat one, to get by what one buys for him.
 Mulet, *f. m.* A mowl or great mule. † (Poisson de mer,) mullet, a sea-fish.
 Muletier, *f. m.* A muleteer, a mule-driver.
 Mulette, *f. f.* The mew of a calf.
 Mulot, *f. m.* A field-mouse.
 Multiple, *adj.* Multiple.
 Multipliable, *adj.* Multipliable, multiplicabile, which may be multiplied.
 Multiplicateur, *f. m.* Multiplier, the number whereby another is multiplied.
 Multiplication, *f. f.* Multiplying or multiplication.
 Multiplicité, *f. f.* Multiplicity, multitude.
 Multiplié, *ée, adj.* Multiplied, increased.
 Multiplier, *v. a. & n.* To multiply or increase.
 Multitude, *f. f.* Multitude or great number.
 Muni, *ie, adj.* Stored or furnished with. *V.* Munir.
 Municipal, *ale, adj.* Municipal. Le droit municipal, municipal law, common law. Ville municipale, a corporation-town.
 Munificence, *f. f.* Munificence, liberality, bounty.
 Munir, *v. a.* To store, furnish or provide with.
 Munition, *subst. f.* Ammunition.
 Munitionnaire, *f. m.* The commissary of the stores, the officer that provides ammunition for the army.
 Mur, *f. m.* A wall.
 Mûr, *ûre, adj.* Ripe, mellow.
 Muraille, *f. f.* A wall.
 Murale, *adj. f. Ex.* Couronne murale, mural crown.
 Mûre, *f. f.* A mulberry. † Mûre sauvage, blackberry. P. Il fait comme le renard des mûres. P. He is like the fox and the grapes.
 Mûrement, *adv.* Maturely, seriously, deliberately.
 Muré, *ée, adj.* Walled, walled up or about.
 Murene, *f. f.* Lamprey.
 Murer, *v. a.* To wall or wall

MUR

about; ♣ to wall or wall up, to mure up.
 Mûri, je, *adj.* Ripened, made or grown ripe.
 Mûrier, *subst. m.* A mulberry-tree.
 Mûrir, *v. n.* To ripen or grow ripe.
 Mûrir, *v. a.* To ripen or make ripe.
 Murmurateur, *f. m.* A murmurer.
 Murmure, *f. m.* Murmur, a buzzing or humming noise; ♣ murmur, murmuring, mumbly, grumbling, muttering.
 * Le murmure des ruisseaux, the murmur or purling of brooks or streams.
 Murmurer, *v. n.* To murmur, grumble or mutter; * to purr or wabble. * (En parlant des vents,) to whisper.
 Mufaraigne, *f. f.* A shrew-mouse.
 Musc, *f. m.* An Indian beast like a wild goat; ♣ musk.
 Muscade, *f. f.* ou noix muscade, *adj.* Nuxmeg.
 Muscadet, *f. m.* Muscadet.
 Muscadin, *f. m.* Muscadine, a sort of dainty.
 Muscat, *ade, adjest.* Muscadine.
 Muscat, *subst. m.* Muscadine grape; ♣ muscadine or muscadet wine.
 Muscle, *f. m.* A muscle.
 Musculeux, *euse, adj.* Muscular, full of muscles.
 Muse, *f. f.* Muse.
 Museau, *f. m.* Muzzle, snout; * † the nose or face.
 Museliere, *f. f.* A muzzle.
 † Musier, *v. n.* To loiter, to trifle.
 Musferolle, *f. f.* The nose-band of a horse bridle.
 Musette, *subst. fem.* A bagpipe.
 Musical, *ale, adj.* Musical, harmonious.
 Musicalement, *adv.* Musically, harmoniously.
 Musicien, *f. m.* Musicien, *f. f.* Musician.
 Musique, *f. f.* Music.
 Musqué, *ée, adj.* That smells of musk. * Paroles musquées, fair words, compliments.

MYS

Musquer, *v. a.* To perfume with musk.
 † Muffer, se muffer, *v. réc.* To lurk in a corner.
 Musulman, *f. m.* A Musulman, a Turk.
 Musulman, *ane, adj.* Turkish, Mahometan.
 Mutabilité, *f. f.* Mutability, changeableness.
 Mutation, *f. f.* Mutation, change, alteration.
 Mutilation, *f. f.* Mutilation or maiming.
 Mutilé, *ée, adj.* Mutilated, maimed, curtailed.
 Mutiler, *v. a.* To mutilate, maim or curtail. ♣ (Châtrer,) to castrate, geld, unman.
 Mutin, *ine, adj.* Refractory, headstrong, froward, stubborn, sullen.
 Mutin, *f. m.* A mutineer, a mutinous fellow, a seditious or seditious man; ♣ a refractory, sullen, froward or stubborn man.
 Se mutiner, *v. r.* To mutiny, or rise up in arms; ♣ to be froward or refractory; ♣ to rage or fly out into a passion.
 Mutinerie, *subst. f.* Mutiny, commotion, sedition, revolt.
 Mutuel, *elle, adj.* Mutual, reciprocal, interchangeable.
 Mutuellement, *adv.* Mutually, reciprocally, interchangeably.
 Mutule, *subst. f.* Mutule, a corbel or bracket in architecture.
 Myrrhe, *f. f.* Myrrh, a gum or liquor.
 Myrte, *subst. m.* The myrtle-tree.
 Mystere, *f. m.* Mystery or secret in religion. * Sans autre mystere, without any more ado.
 Mystérieusement, *adv.* Myste-riously.
 Mystérieux, *f. m.* A mysterious, reserved or shy man in things of no consequence, a sur-politick would be.
 Mystérieux, *euse, adj.* Mys-terious, mystical, obscure; ♣ mysterious, hidden, secret.
 Mystique, *adj.* Mystical, mys-terious, secret, obscure.

NAI 337

Mystiquement, *adv.* Mysti-cally.
 Mythologie, *f. f.* Mythology, explication of fables.
 Mythologique, *adj.* Mytholo-gical, mythologick.
 Mythologiste, *f. m.* Mytho-logist.
 N
 † NAbot, *f. m.* Nabote, *f. f.* A short arse, a little man or woman, a shrimp, a dwarf.
 Nacarar, *ate, adj.* Of a lively orange red.
 Nacarar, *f. m.* A lively orange red.
 Nacelle, *f. f.* A boat, a small skiff or wherry. * La nacelle de S. Pierre, the Roman Catholick Church.
 Nacre, *subst. f.* Mother of pearl.
 Nadir, *f. m.* Nadir.
 Nasse, *f. f.* Eau de nasse: Orange-flower water.
 Nage, *f. f.* The row-locks; ♣ the crew of rowers.
 Nage, à la nage, *adv.* Swim-ming or by swimming. Se sauver à la nage, to get away or escape by swimming, to swim away.
 Nageoire, *f. f.* The fin of a fish; ♣ a bladder or any other thing to hold up one that learns to swim; ♣ the lid that covers the pail of a wa-ter-bearer.
 Nager, *v. n.* To swim. ♣ (Ramer,) to row. Nager à sec, to touch the shore with the oars. ♣ (Vaguer,) to sail. * Mon pied nage dans mon foulier, * my shoes are a great deal too big for my feet.
 Nageur, *f. m.* A swimmer; ♣ a waterman or rower.
 Naguere ou Nagueres, *adv.* Newly, but newly, not long since, not long ago, a little while ago.
 Naiade, *f. f.* Nayad, a nymph of the fountains or waters.
 Naïf, *ive, adj.* Genuine, plain, native, no way counterfeited. ♣ (Ingénu,) plain, inge-nuous, downright; ♣ simple, innocent or silly.

Nain, *f. m.* Naine, *f. f.* A dwarf, a shrimp.

Nain, *adj. Ex.* Un arbre nain, a dwarf-tree, a dwarf.

Naissance, *f. f.* Birth or nativity. * (Commencement,) birth, rise, spring, beginning. * (Extraction,) birth, extradition, descent.

Naissant, *ante, adj.* Growing, rising; newly born or come into the world, coming forth.

Naitre, *v. n.* To be born, to come into the world; * to breed or to be engendered, to come out; * to spring or grow, to come forth. * Faire naitre une occasion, to start an opportunity.

Naive, 'tis the feminine of Naïf.

Naïvement, *adv.* Ingenuously, plainly, downright.

Naïveté, *f. f.* Ingenuousness, plainness, sincerity. * (Simplicité naïve,) simplicity, innocence.

Nanti, *ie, adj.* Possessed of, insured.

Nantir, *v. a.* To give to, to lay down or deliver into the hands of; to insure.

Se nantir, *v. réc.* To seize upon something; to secure a debt.

Nantissement, *f. m.* Security.

Naphte, *f. f.* Naphra.

Nappe, *f. f.* Cloth, tablecloth. * (Peau de cerf,) a deer-skin. * (Filet,) a sort of net to catch wild fowl withal.

† Naqueter, *v. n.* To dance attendance.

Narcisse, *f. m.* Daffodil, a sort of flower.

Narcotique, *adj.* Narcotick.

Nard, *f. m.* Nard or spike-nard.

Nargue, *prép.* A fig for. Ex. Nargue de lui, a fig for him.

Narine, *f. f.* Nostril.

Narquois, *oise, f.* A sharper.

Narrateur, *f. m.* Relater, teller, he that relates or makes a story.

Narratif, *ive, adjéct.* Narrative.

Narration, *f. f.* Narration, relation, account, report, recital.

Narré, *ée, adj.* Related, told, reported.

Narré, *f. m.* A narration or a narrative, a recital.

Narrer, *v. act.* To relate or make a narrative of, to tell or report, to make or tell a story or recital.

Nasarde, *f. f.* A fillip or a rap on the nose.

† Nasarder, *v. a.* To fillip or rap on the nose. * † (Se moquer de quelqu'un,) to jeer, to banter.

Naseau, *f. m.* The nostril of a beast.

Nasillard, *arde, adj.* & *f.* That speaks through the nose.

† Nasiller, *v. n.* To speak through the nose, to snuffle.

Nasitor, *subst. m.* (plante.)

Nasturtium.

Nasse, *f. f.* A bow-net or weel.

Natal, *ale, adj.* Native. *

Respirer l'air natal, to breathe one's own country air.

Natif, *ive, adj.* (né.) Native, born.

Nation, *f. f.* Nation or people. * Les nations, (les Gentils,) the nations, the heathens, the Gentiles.

National, *ale, adj.* National.

Nativité, *f. fém.* Nativity, birth.

Natte, *f. f.* A mat. * Natte à fenêtre, an umbrella. * Nattes, paunches.

Natté, *ée, adj.* Matted, &c.

Natter, *v. a.* To mat.

Nattier, *f. m.* A mat-maker.

Naturalisation, *f. f.* Naturalization.

Naturalisé, *été, adj.* Naturalized.

Naturaliser, *v. a.* To naturalize.

Naturaliste, *subst. m.* Naturalist.

Naturalité, *f. f.* The being a native.

Nature, *f. f.* Nature, the universe, the world. * (Propriété,) nature, property. * (Raison ou lumière naturelle,) nature, natural reason. * (Humeur,) nature, humour, condition; * essence; * nature, sort, kind.

Naturel, *elle, adj.* Natural, native. * Juge naturel, proper Judge. * Naturel, (ingénu,) plain or downright. * (Qui n'est point altéré,) natural, right, not counterfeit or sophisticated. * (Aisé, facile,) natural, easy, free, unaffected. * Fils naturel, (ou bâtard,) natural or bastards son, a bastard.

Naturel, *f. m.* Nature, property; * nature, temper, constitution; * natural affection, naturalness; * natural parts, talent, aptness; * nature, disposition, inclination, humour.

Naturellement, *adv.* Naturally, by nature; * naturally, plainly.

Naval, *ale, adj.* Naval.

Navée, *f. f.* A barge-full.

Navet, *f. m.* Turnip.

Navette, *f. f.* Rape. * (ou Graine de navette,) rape-seed. * Navette de Tisserand, a shuttle.

Naufrage, *f. m.* Wreck or shipwreck.

Naufrager, *v. a.* To be wrecked.

Navigable, *adj.* Navigable.

Navigateur, *f. m.* Navigator, or sailor, a sea-faring man.

Navigation, *f. f.* Navigation, sailing; * voyage.

Naviger ou plutôt Naviguer, *v. n.* To sail, to navigate.

Naviguer, *v. act.* un vaisseau, to navigate or to steer a ship.

Navire, *subst. m.* A ship, a vessel, a sail. Un navire marchand, a merchant-man.

Naumachie, *f. f.* Naumachy, a mock sea-fight, a sea-fight represented.

Navré, *ée, adj.* Wounded.

† Navrer, *v. n.* To wound.

Navsée, *f. f.* (terme de Médecine, envie de vomir.) Reach, reaching to vomit.

Nautonnier, *f. m.* A sailor, a mariner.

Ne, conjunction & particule négative. Not, no. * Je n'en fais rien, I know nothing on't or of it. * Je ne l'aime ni ne le crains

NE

Neither love nor fear him.
Né, ée, adj. (*from naître.*)
 Born. ♣ Une ame bien née, a generous soul.
Néanmoins, conj. Nevertheless, and yet, for all that, however.
Néant, f. m. Nothing, nought.
 ♣ Mettre au néant, (annuller,) to make void or of no effect.
Nébuloux, euse, adj. Cloudy, dark, gloomy, overcast.
Nécessaire, adj. Necessary, needful, requisite. Faire le nécessaire, to be a busy body or an intermeddler. ♣ **Nécessaire, (indispensable,) necessary, indispensable; ♣ necessary, infallible, inevitable, unavoidable.**
Nécessaire, f. m. Necessaries, competency.
Nécessairement, adv. Necessarily, needs, of necessity.
 † **Nécessitant, ante, adjct.** Ex. De nécessité nécessitante, of an absolute or indispensable necessity, by all means.
Nécessité, f. f. Necessity; ♣ necessity, need, want, indigence, poverty. ♣ Les nécessités de la vie, the necessities of life.
Nécessité, ée, adjct. Necessitated, forced, compelled.
Nécessiter, v. a. To necessitate, force or compel.
Nécessiteux, euse, adj. Needy, poor, in want, indigent.
Nécromance ou Nécromancie, f. f. Necromancy, conjuring, divination by calling up the spirits of the dead.
Nécromancien, f. m. A necromancer, conjurer.
Néstar, f. m. Néstar.
Nef, f. f. (terme poétique, navire.) A ship, a sail, a vessel for the sea. ♣ La nef d'une église, the nave or body of the church.
Néfaste, adj. m. Ex. Jour néfaste, an inauspicious or unlucky day.
Nef, f. f. A medal or open-ear.

NEN

Néflier, f. m. The medlar-tree.
Négatif, ive, adj. Negative.
Négation, f. f. Negation.
Négative, subst. f. The negative.
Négativement, adv. Negatively.
Négligé, ée, adjct. &c. V.
Négliger, Neglected, slighted.
Négligé, f. m. Undress or careless dress, negligence.
Négligemment, adv. Negligently, carelessly, supinely.
Négligence, f. f. Negligence, neglect, carelessness, heedlessness, supinity.
Négligent, ente, adj. Negligent, neglectful, careless, supine.
Négliger, v. a. To neglect, not to take care of; ♣ to neglect or slight.
 Se négliger, v. r. To neglect one's self, not to take care of one's self.
Négoce, f. m. Trade, trading, commerce, traffick.
Négociant, f. m. A dealer or merchant.
Négociateur, f. m. Negotiator, a manager of a business.
Négociation, f. f. Negotiation, management of publick affairs.
Négocié, ée, adj. Negotiated, managed.
Négocier, v. n. To trade or deal, to drive a trade.
Négocier, v. a. To negotiate or manage.
Negre, f. m. Négresse, f. f. A negroe.
Négrerie, f. f. Negro-yard.
Négrier, subst. m. & adjct. (vaisseau négrier.) A Guinea-man or an African trader.
Neige, f. f. Snow; ♣ a sort of lace, in fashion some years since.
Neiger, v. imperf. To snow.
Neigeux, euse, adj. (chargé de neige.) Snowy, full of snow.
 † **Nenni, particule négative.** No, no forsooth, not at all.
Nénufar, subst. m. Water-lily.

NEU 333

Néophyte, f. m. & f. A neophyte, a new convert.
Néphrétique, adj. f. Ex. Colique néphrétique, nephritic cholick, the gravel or stone-cholick.
Népotisme, f. m. Nepotism.
Néréides, f. f. pl. Nereids, sea-nymphs.
Nerf, f. m. Sinew, nerve. ♣ Nerf de bœuf, a bull's spiggle. ♣ Nerf, (au dos des livres,) a band, in the bookbinder's trade. * (Force,) strength.
Nerf-téure, subst. f. Upper-attain.
Nerprun, f. m. Buckthorn.
Nerver, v. a. To cover with sinews.
Nerveux, euse, adj. Sinewy, nervous, strong, lusty, brawny.
Nervure, f. f. A twist or round edging.
Net, ette, adj. (propre.) Clean, pure, cleanly, neat. * † Il est net, (ou innocent,) he is clear or innocent. ♣ Net, (uni, poli,) clean, clear, smooth, fair. J'en ai le cœur net, I am satisfied. * Elle fit vœu d'en avoir le cœur net, she made a vow to ease herself of it. ♣ Sain & net, sound and well. * Un bien net, (clair & liquide,) a clear estate. ♣ Mettre au net un écrit, to write fair.
Net, adv. Plainly, freely, fairly.
Nettement, adv. Clearly, purely, neatly. * (Franchement,) plainly, freely, fairly.
Netteté, f. f. Cleanness, cleanliness, clearness, neatness, pureness, plainness.
Nettoyé, ée, adj. Cleaned, made clean, cleansed, clean, red, scoured.
Nettoyement, f. m. Cleaning, cleansing, clearing, scouring.
Nettoyer, v. a. To clean, to make clean, to cleanse, clear or scour. * Nettoyer, (emporter tout,) to sweep all away.
Neyou, f. m. A nephew. Petit neveu, grand nephew.

34 NEU

Neuf, *euve*, *adj.* *New*. ♣
Terre neuve, *new ploughed land*.

Neuf, *adv.* *Ex.* Refaire un bâtiment à neuf, *to rebuild a building, to build it up anew or again*.

Neuf, *adj. de nombre.* *Nine*. ♣ Charles Neuf, *Charles the ninth*.

Neuf, *subst. masc.* *A nine at cards*.

Neutralement, *adv.* *Neutrally*; *in a neutral manner or sense*.

Neutralité, *f. f.* *Neutrality*.

Neutre, *adj.* *Neuter*.

Neuvaine, *f. f.* *A nine days devotion*.

Neuve, *'tis the feminine of neuf*.

Neuvieme, *adj.* *Ninth*.

Le neuvieme, *f. m.* *The ninth day*; ♣ *the ninth part*.

Neuviement, *adv.* *Ninthly, in the ninth place*.

Nez, *f. m.* *Nose*. * † Avoir toujours le nez sur quelque chose, *to pore upon a thing*. ♣ Nez, (le visage,) *nose, face*. ♣ (Sens de l'odorat,) *nose, scent*. * Avoir bon nez, *to have a good nose, to be sagacious or cunning*. * † Tirer les vers d'un nez quelqu'un, *to pump one*. * Jeter quelque chose au nez, *to twit in the teeth with, to throw a thing in one's dish*. * Nez du bateau, *the beak, nose, bow or head of a boat*.

Ni, *conj.* *negative & disjunctive*. *Not, neither*.

Niais, *aïse, adj.* *Silly, dull, simple, innocent, foolish*. ♣ Un fauconniais, *a niahawk*.

Un niais, *f. m.* *une niaïse, f. f.* *A simple, a silly man or woman, a simpleton*.

Niaïsement, *adv.* *Simply, silly, innocently*.

Niaïser, *v. n.* *To play the fool, to stand trifling or fooling*.

Niaiserie, *f. f.* *A silly thing, a trifle, a foolery, nonsense*.

Niche, *subst. f.* *Niche*. ♣ † (Tour de malice,) *a fun, a banter, a trick put upon*

282

NIC

Niché, *ée, adj.* *Placed, put*.
Nichée, *f. f.* *Nest, a whole nest of birds*.

Nicher, *v. n.* *ou se nicher, v. r.* *To nestle, to build or make one's nest*.

† Nicher, *v. a.* *To place or put*.

Nicolaïtes, *f. m. pl.* *The Nicholaites, a sort of sect*.

Nicotiane, *f. f.* *V. Tabac*.

Nid, *f. m.* *Nest*. * † Il n'y a plus que le nid, *the birds are flown*.

Niece, *f. f.* *Niece*.

Nielle, *subst. f.* *Mildew or blasting*; ♣ Gith, *a sort of cockle*.

Niellé, *ée, adj.* *Blasted*.

Nieller, *v. a.* *To blast*.

Nier, *v. a.* *To deny, to gain-say, to disown*.

† Nigaud, *aude, adj. & f. m. & f.* *Silly, simple, foolish or a silly man or woman; a simpleton, a fool*.

† Nigauder, *v. n.* *To stand fooling or trifling*.

† Nigauderie, *f. f.* *Silliness, foolery*.

Nille, *f. f.* *Tendril, the twining sprig of a vine*.

Nippes, *f. f. pl.* *Clothes; goods*.

† Nique, *subst. f.* *Ex.* Faire la nique à quelqu'un, *to laugh at one by a slighting posture, not to care for him, to make a jest of him*.

Nitre, *f. m.* *Nitre*.

Nitreux, *euse, adj.* *Nitrous*.

Niveau, *f. m.* *A level*.

De niveau, *au niveau, adv.* (selon le niveau.) *Level, even*.

Nivelé, *ée, adj.* *Levelled*.

Niveler, *v. a.* *To level, to take the level*.

Niveleur, *f. m.* *A leveller*.

Nivellement, *f. m.* *Levelling*.

Nobiliaire, *f. m.* *Peerage*.

Noble, *adj.* *Noble*. ♣ Une terre noble, *a lordship*. ♣ Noble, (illustré,) *noble, excellent, illustrious*. ♣ Un noble, *a noble, a nobleman, a gentleman*. Les Nobles, *the Nobility and Gentry*.

Noblement, *adv.* *Nobly*.
Gentleman-like.

Noblesse, *f. f.* *Nobleness, nobility, gentility*. ♣ (Ex-

NOI

cellence,) *nobleness, excellence or excellency*.

Noce, *subst. f.* *Wedding or marriage*. ♣ Noces, *pl.* (marriage,) *marriage*.

Nocher, *subst. m.* *A pilot or steersman*. Caron, le pâle Nocher, *Charon, the grim ferry-man*.

Noctambule, *subst.* *One that walks in his sleep*.

Nocturlabe, *f. m.* *A nocturnal or nocturlabe*.

Nocturne, *adj.* *Nocturnal, nightly, in the night-time*.

Nocturne, *f. m.* *Nocturnal, part of the Church service among Papists*.

Nodus, *f. m.* *Nodus or node*.

Noël, *f. m.* *Christmas*; ♣ Christmas-song.

Nœud, *f. m.* *Knot*. ♣ (D'un arbre,) *knot*. ♣ (Jointure,) *knuckle, joint*. * (Attachement,) *knot, tie, band*. ♣ Nœud de cordages, *band or knot*. ♣ Nœuds de la ligne de loç, *the knots of the log-line*.

Noir, *oire, adj.* *Black*. ♣ (Obscur,) *black, dark; gloomy*. ♣ (Meurtre,) *black and blue*. ♣ (Sale,) *black, foul, nasty, filthy*. * (Triste,) *black, sad, dismal, sullen, melancholy*.

Noir, *f. m.* *Black*.

Noirâtre, *adj.* *Blackish, somewhat black*.

Noiraud, *aude, adj. & f. m. & f.* *Black, black man or woman*.

Noirceur, *f. f.* *Blackness; black spot*.

Noirci, *ie, adj.* *Blackened, blackened, made black*.

Noircir, *v. a.* (rendre noir.) *To black, so blacken or make black*.

Noircir, *v. n.* *se noircir, v. r.* *To blacken or grow black*.

Noircissure, *f. f.* *Blackings, black spot*.

Noire, *f. f.* *A black note in music; the feminine of noir*.

† Noïse, *f. f.* *Strife, squabble; quarrel, dispute*.

Noisetier, *f. m.* *Hazel-tree or filbert-tree*.

Noisette, *f. f.* *A small nut, hazelnut or filbert*.

NOI

Noix, *f. f.* Walnut. Noix de galle, *a gall-nut.*
 Nolis, *f. m.* The freight of a ship.
 Nolifer, *v. a.* To freight.
 Nollissement, *f. m.* The act of freighting a ship.
 Nom, *f. m.* Noun; \clubsuit name.
 Nomancie ou Nomance, *f. f.* A divination by the letters that go into one's christian name.
 Nomb, *f. f.* Numbles.
 Nombre, *f. m.* Number. \clubsuit (Multitude,) a great number, a world or multitude. \clubsuit (Harmonie,) number, harmony.
 Nombé, *ée, adj.* Numbred, summed up, &c.
 Nombrer, *v. a.* To number, sum up, tell, count or compute.
 Nombreux, *euse, adj.* Numerous, great, manifold; \clubsuit harmonious.
 Nombri, *f. m.* The navel. \clubsuit Le nombri de l'écu, the nombri of the scutcheon in heraldry.
 Nomenclateur, *f. m.* A nomenclator.
 Nomenclature, *f. f.* Nomenclature.
 Nominataire, *f. m.* The King's pretence, a person named by the King to an Archbishoprick, a Bishoprick or Abbey.
 Nominateur, *subst. m.* He that has the nomination to a place or the presentation to a benefice; a patron.
 Nominatif, *f. m.* Nominative, the nominative case.
 Nomination, *f. f.* Nomination, naming or appointing.
 Nommé, *ée, adj.* Named, &c. *V.* Nommer. \clubsuit A point nommé, exactly, in the nick of time.
 Nommément, *adv.* Namely; particularly, specially, expressly.
 Nommer, *v. a.* To name or give a name; \clubsuit to name, nominate or appoint.
 Se nommer, *v. r.* Ex. Comment se nomme-t-il? What's his name?
 Nompareil, *eille, adj.* Matchless, incomparable, unparalleled.

NOT

Nompareille, *f. f.* Ribbon, or half-penny broad ribbon; \clubsuit a kind of small sugar plumbs; \clubsuit *nompareil*, one of the least printing letters.
 Non, *part.* No, not. Ils se sont querellés pour un non, they quarrelled for a no.
 Nonagénaire, *adj.* Four score and ten years of age.
 Nonante, *adj. num.* Ninety.
 Nonantième, *adj.* Ninetieth.
 Nonce, *f. m.* Nuncio.
 Nonchalamment, *adv.* Carelessly, supinely, negligently.
 Nonchalance, *f. f.* Carelessness, supinity, negligence.
 Nonchalant, *ante, adj.* Careless, supine, negligent, listless.
 Nonchalant, *f. m.* Une nonchalante, *f. f.* A careless, an idle man or woman.
 Nonciature, *f. f.* Nunciature, the office or place of a Nuncio.
 Non-conformiste, *subst.* A nonconformist, a dissenter.
 None, *f. f.* None, one of the canonical hours.
 Nones, *f. f. pl.* The nones of every month among the Romans.
 † Nonne ou Nonnain, *f. f.* A Nun.
 Nonnette, *subst. f.* A young nun.
 Nonobstant, *prép.* Notwithstanding, for all that.
 Non-valeur, *subst. f.* Waste or the being waste; \clubsuit a deficiency.
 Nord, *f. m.* North.
 Nord-est, *f. m.* North-east.
 Nord-ouest, *f. m.* North-west.
 Nord-ouest & Nord-est, *v. a.* (en parlant de la boussole.) To vary towards the west and the east.
 Nos, the plural of notre. Our.
 Nota, *f. m.* (note.) Note. \clubsuit Nota, note, mark.
 Notable, *adj.* (remarquable.) Notable, remarkable; \clubsuit notable, eminent, considerable; \clubsuit notable, excellent or singular.
 Notables, *f. m. pl.* The chief men or topping men.
 Notablement, *adv.* Notably, considerably, very much.

NOU 339

Notaire, *subst. m.* Notary, scrivener.
 Notamment, *adv.* Especially, particularly.
 Notariat, *f. m.* A Notary's place or office; \clubsuit the time during which one has been a Notary.
 Note, *f. f.* (marque.) Note or mark. \clubsuit (Remarque,) note, remark, annotation; \clubsuit note in music. \clubsuit Notes, (abréviations,) notes, shorthand.
 Noté, *ée, adj.* Noted, marked, &c. *V.* Noter.
 Noter, *v. a.* To note, take notice of, observe or mark.
 Notice, *f. f.* Ex. La notice de l'Empire, an account or the present state of the empire.
 Notification, *f. f.* Notification, declaration.
 Notifié, *ée, adj.* Notified, signified, made known.
 Notifier, *v. a.* To notify, signify, make known or give notice of.
 Notion, *f. f.* Notion, idea, knowledge, conception.
 Notoire, *adject.* Notorious, evident, plain, manifest.
 Notoirement, *adv.* Notoriously, openly, manifestly.
 Notoriété, *f. f.* Notoriousness, evidence.
 Notre, *pronom possessif & relatif.* Our or ours.
 Le nôtre, *f. m.* Our own.
 Les nôtres, *our people, our men.*
 Novale, *f. f.* Novale, new ploughed land.
 Novateur, *f. m.* A novator, an innovator, a broacher of new opinions.
 Novation, *f. f.* Novation.
 Noué, *ée, adj.* Knit, knotted, tied.
 Nouvelles, *f. f. pl.* The novels of the civil law.
 Novembre, *f. m.* November.
 Nouement, *f. m.* Ex. Nouement de l'aiguillette, the tying of the cord piece.
 Nouer, *v. a.* (lier.) To tie, to knit.
 Nouer, *v. n.* ou Se nouer, *v. r.* (en parlant des boutons des arbres.) To set or knit.

336 NOU

Nouet, *f. m.* *A rag tied up into a knot.*
Nouveux, *eufe*, *adj.* *Knotty, full of knots or knurs.*
Novice, *adj.* ou *f. m.* & *f.* *A novice, a new monk or nun, a probationer.*
Novice, *subst.* & *adj.* *Novise, new beginner; raw, unexperienced, unskilful.*
Noviciat, *f. m.* *The time during which one is a novice, probation-time, noviciate; the proper place for novices in a monastery.*
Nourri, *ie*, *adj.* *Nourished, kept or maintained, &c.*
V. Nourrir. * *Tableau bien nourri de couleurs, a picture whose colours are deeply laid.*
Nourrice, *f. f.* *A nurse.*
Nourricier, *f. m.* *Pere nourricier, a foster-father; a nurse's husband.*
Nourrir, *v. a.* (servir d'aliment.) *To nourish or feed; to feed, keep or maintain, to find victuals, to entertain.* (Donner à teter,) *to nurse a child, to suckle it.*
Se nourrir, *v. r.* *de quelque chose, to live or feed upon a thing.*
Nourrissant, *ante*, *adj.* *Nourishing, nutritive.*
Nourrison, *f. m.* *A nurse-child, nursery or foster-child.* * *Les Nourrissans des Muses ou du Parnasse, (les Poètes,) Apollo's sons or the sons of Apollo; Poets, Bards.*
Nourriture, *f. f.* *Nourishment, food, sustenance.* * (Education,) *nurture, education.*
Nous, *the plural of moi and je.* *We, us.* *Nous disons, we say.*
Nouveau ou **Nouvel**, *elle*, *adj.* *New.*
R. Note, *that nouveau in the singular is only used before a noun beginning with a consonant or an h aspirated.*
Nouveau, *adv.* *Newly, new.*
De nouveau, *adv.* *Again, over again.*
Nouveauté, *f. f.* *Newness, novelty.* (Chose nouvelle,) *novelty, new thing.*

NUA

(Innovation,) *novelty, innovation, change.*
Nouvelle, *the feminine of nouveau and nouvel.* *V. Nouveau.*
Nouvelle, *f. f.* *News, tidings, intelligence, account; a novel.* *Ne faites rien que vous n'ayez de mes nouvelles, do nothing till you hear from me.* * † *Dire les nouvelles de l'école, to tell tales.*
Nouvellement, *adv.* *Newly, lately.*
Nouvelliste, *f. m.* *A newsmonger, novelist.*
Noyau, *f. m.* *The stone of a fruit.* (Ce qu'il y a de bon à manger dans le noyau,) *the kernel in a stone.* (Ce qui fait le calibre d'un canon lorsqu'il est jeté en moule,) *the mould within a piece of ordnance when it is cast.*
Noyé, *ée*, *adj.* *Drowned, &c.* *V. Noyer.*
Noyer, *v. a.* *To drown.* (Noyer un vaisseau,) *to lay or set a ship.*
Se noyer, *v. r.* *To be drowned, to be a-drowning.* (Se noyer volontairement,) *to drown one's self.*
Noyer, *subst. m.* *A walnut-tree.*
Noyon, *f. m.* *The ditch of a bowling-green.*
Nu, *ue*, *adj.* *Naked, bare, uncovered.* * (Sans ornement,) *plain.*
Nu, *f. m.* *Ex.* *Le nu d'une colonne ou d'une figure, the naked part of a pillar or picture.*
A nu, *adv.* *Naked, bare.*
Nuage, *f. m.* (nuée.) *Cloud.* (En termes de Peinture,) *cloud in painting.* (Vapeur qui obscurcit la vue,) *cloud, mist.* * *Nuages, (doutes,) clouds, mists, darknesses.*
Nuaison, *f. f.* (terme de Marine, vent alizé.) *A trade-wind.*
Nuance, *subst. f.* *Shadowing; a gentle gradation of colours, a shadowing with light colours upon dark of the same kind or with dark*

NUM

colours upon lighter of the same kind.
Nuancer, *v. a.* *To mix or blend different colours one into another, to shadow.*
Nubile, *adj.* *Marriageable.*
Nudité, *subst. f.* *Nakedness; nudity.*
Nue, *f. f.* *A cloud.* * *Elever jusqu'aux nues, to raise, cry up or extol to the skies.*
Nue, *the feminine of Nu.*
Nué, *ée*, *adj.* (from *nuer.*) *Shadowed.*
Nuée, *f. f.* *A cloud.*
Nuement, *adv.* (from *nu.*) *Nakedly, plainly, freely, ingenuously, without dissimulation.*
Nuer, *v. a.* *To shadow with colours.*
Nuire, *v. n.* *To hurt, to prejudice; to do hurt, harms or mischief, to annoy or wrong.*
Nuisible, *adj.* *Harmful, hurtful, prejudicial, obnoxious, offensive, mischievous, dangerous.*
Nuit, *f. f.* *Night.* *Se mettre à la nuit, to be benighted.*
De nuit, *adv.* *In the night or the night-time, by night.*
Nuitamment, *adv.* *By night, in the night.*
Nuitée, *f. f.* (ou couchée.) *Night's lodging; night's work.*
Nul, *ulle*, *adject.* *Void, that does not stand good in law, of no force.* (Aucun,) *no, not one.* *Nulle-part, no where.*
Nulle, *subst. f.* *A null, a cypher standing for nothing.*
Nullément, *adv.* *No, by no means, in no wise, not at all, not in the least.*
Nullité, *f. f.* *Nullity, invalidity, error.*
Numéral, *ale*, *adj.* *Numeral, of or belonging to number.*
Numérateur, *f. m.* *Numerator.*
Numeration, *f. f.* *Numeration or payment of money.*
Numérique, *adj.* *Numerical.*
Numéro, *f. m.* *Number.* *Ex. Voyez le numéro cinq, see number five.*
Numéroter, *v. a.* *To number, to mark with a number.*
Numismatographie, *f. f.* (description)

NUN

cription des anciennes médailles.) *Numismatography*.
 Nuncupatif, ive, *adj.* (terme de Droit & de Théologie : verbal, de vive voix, ou qu'il n'est que de nom.) *Nuncupative, verbal or nominal*.
 Nuptial, ale, *adj.* *Nuptial, bridal, belonging to a wedding or marriage*.
 Nuque, *f. f.* *Nape, the hinder part of the neck*.
 Nutritif, ive, *adj.* *Nutritive, nourishing*.
 Nutrition, *f. f.* *Nutrition*.
 Nymph, *f. f.* *Nymph, fairy; nymph, lady, beauty, goddess*.

O

O ! (particule & interjection.) *Oh!*
 Obédience, *f. f.* *Obedience to the Pope of Rome*.
 Obédienciel, elle, *adj.* (terme Dogmatique.) *Obediential*.
 Obédiencier, *f. m.* *Obedientary*.
 Obéi, ie, *adj.* *Obeeyed, &c. V. the verb*.
 Obéir, *v. n.* *To obey, to be obedient or dutiful, to do as one would have him. (Céder,) to obey, yield or submit. (En parlant des choses inanimées,) to be obedient, to bend, to be pliant, to yield, to be easy, to be wrought. Se faire obéir, to make one's self to be obeyed*.
 Obéissance, *f. f.* *Obedience, dutifulness; obedience, subjection, submission. Se ranger sous l'obéissance du Roi, to submit to the King. Les terres de son obéissance, his dominions*.
 Obéissant, ante, *adj.* *Obedient, obsequious, dutiful; obedient, subject; pliant, easy to be wrought*.
 Obélisque, *f. m.* *An obelisk, a sort of pyramid*.
 Obéré, ée, *adj.* *Greatly indebted, in debt over head and ears, sunk in debt*.
 Obérer, *v. a.* *To run in debt*.

Tome I.

OBL

Obésité, *f. f.* *Obesity, obesity*.
 Objecté, ée, *adj.* *Objected, &c.*
 Objecter, *v. a.* *To object or make an objection; to oppose*.
 Objectif, *f. m.* *The objective-glass or object glass*.
 Objectif, ive, *adj.* *Ex. Bèatitute objective, (terme de Théologie,) objective happiness*.
 Objection, *f. f.* *Objection, difficulty*.
 Obier, *f. m.* *A maple-tree*.
 Objet, *f. m.* *An object; a fight or prospect. (Cause, sujet d'une action,) object, subject, master. Un objet de risée, a laughing-stock. Objet, (but,) aim, end, prospect, view*.
 Obit, *f. m.* *Obit or dirge, an office for the dead*.
 Obituaire, *f. m.* *A book of burials, a register book of the dead*.
 Oblat, *f. m.* *An oblat, a disabled soldier who was maintained as a monk in an Abbey*.
 Oblation, *f. f.* *Oblation, offering*.
 Obligation, *f. f.* *Obligation, tie or engagement, bond; obligation, duty*.
 Obligatoire, *adj.* *Obligatory, binding*.
 Obligé, ée, *adj.* *Bound, obliged, &c. V. the verb*.
 Obligeamment, *adv.* *Obligingly, courteously, kindly, officiously, friendly*.
 Obligeant, ante, *adj.* *Obliging, courteous, kind, officious, friendly*.
 Obliger, *v. a.* (forcer.) *To oblige, force or compel; to bind by a publick act. (Engager à faire quelque chose,) to oblige, to lay an obligation upon, to bind*.
 Oblique, *adj.* *Oblique, slope, awry, across. (Mauvais,) ill, wicked, fraudulent, indirect*.
 Obliquement, *adv.* *Obliquely, awry, sloping, across; fraudulently; indirectly*.
 Obliquité, *f. f.* *Obliquity*.

OBS 337

Oblong, ongue, *adj.* (terme de Géométrie.) *Oblong*.
 Obole, *f. f.* *Obol, a base coin of old of the smallest value*.
 Obreptice, *adj.* *Obreptitious, or subreptitious, obtained by indirect or crafty means*.
 Obreption, *f. f.* *Obreption, the getting of a thing by crafty or indirect means*.
 Obscene, *adj.* *Obscene, filthy, bawdy, smutty*.
 Obscénité, subst. *f.* *Obscenity, filthiness, smuttness, bawdy*.
 Obscur, ure, *adj.* *Dark, full of darkness, gloomy; dark or deep; dark, difficult, hard to understand, obscure*.
 Obscurci, ie, *adj.* *Darkened, &c. V. the verb*.
 Obscurcir, *v. a.* *To darken. Obscurcir la vue, to dim the sight*.
 S'obscurcir, *v. r.* *To darken, to grow dark, gloomy or over-cast*.
 Obscurcissement, *f. m.* *An obscuring, darkening or dimming*.
 Obscurément, *adv.* *Obscurely, in the dark*.
 Obscurité, *f. f.* *Darkness, gloominess. (Vie cachée,) obscurity, living in the dark*.
 Obsédé, ée, *adj.* *Beset*.
 Obséder, *v. a.* *To beset, to stand about*.
 Obsèques, *f. f. pl.* *Obsequies, funeral, funeral rites*.
 Observance, *f. f.* *Observance or rule in a Monastery. (Cérémonie,) ceremony, rite*.
 Observantins, *f. m. pl.* *Observants, a sort of Monks*.
 Observateur, *f. m.* *Observer. (Qui remarque,) observer*.
 Observation, *f. f.* *Observance, keeping. (Remarque,) remark*.
 Observatoire, *f. m.* *An observatory*.
 Observé, ée, *adj.* *Observed, &c. V. Observer*.
 Observer, *v. a.* *To observe; keep or follow; to observe, consider, contemplate or study; to observe*.

X

Oligarchie, *subst. f.* *Oligarchy.*

Oligarchique, *adjectif.* *Oligarchical.* *Ex.* Un Etat oligarchique, *an oligarchical State.*

Olivaison, *f. f.* *Olivary, the crop of olives.*

Olivâtre, *adj.* *Olive-coloured.*

Olive, *f. f.* (fruit.) *Olive.* ♦ (ou Olivier,) *an olive-tree.* ♦ Olives, (forte d'embouchure de cheval,) *an olive-bit.*

Olivettes, *f. f. pl.* *The hay, a country-dance.*

Olivier, *subst. m.* *An olive-tree.*

Olographe, *adj. Ex.* Testament olographe, *a will all writ with the testator's own hand.*

Olympe, *subst. m.* *The sky, heaven.*

Olympiade, *f. f.* *Olympiad.*

Olympique, *adj. Ex.* Les jeux olympiques de la Grèce, *the olympick games in Greece.*

Ombre, *subst. m.* *Shade, a shady place.* * (Défiance,) *umbrage, suspicion, jealousy, distrust or mistrust.*

Ombagé, *ée, adj.* *Shaded or shadowed.*

Ombager, *v. a.* *To shade or shadow.*

Ombageux, *euse, adj.* *Startling, apt to start, skittish; * suspicious, distrustful or mistrustful, jealous.*

Ombre, *f. f.* *Shadow or shade.* * (Apparence,) *shadow, appearance.* Sous ombre, (ou sous prétexte,) *under colour or pretence.*

Ombre, *f. m.* (forte de jeu.) *V. Hombre.*

Ombre, *ée, adj.* *Shadowed.*

Ombre, *v. a.* *To shadow.*

Omelette, *f. f.* *Omelet.*

Omettre, *v. a.* *To omit, pass by or over, to take no notice of, to forget or leave out.*

Omis, *ise, adjectif.* *Omitted, passed by, forgot or left out, &c.*

Omission, *f. f.* *Omission, neglect.*

Omoplate, *f. f.* *Omoplate, the shoulder-blade.*

On ou l'on, (particule collective qui tient lieu de pronom personnel indéfini, & qui ne se joint qu'avec la troisième personne singulière des verbes.) *This particle is used instead of a pronoun personal indefinite, with the third person singular of verbs, and is Englished several ways, but generally by it is, they, some body, some people, one, a man. Ex.* On dit, *it is reported, it is said abroad, they say.* On me l'a dit, *I was told so, some body told me so.* Que dira-t-on? *what will the world say?* On croit, *'tis believed or it is thought.* On est allé au-devant de lui, *some people are gone to meet him.* On l'aime fort, *he is much beloved.* On songera à vos intérêts, *your concerns will be taken care of.* On aura soin de vous, *you shall be taken care of.*

† Onc ou Oncques, *adverb. V. Jamais.*

Once, *f. f.* *An ounce.*

Oncle, *f. m.* *Uncle.*

Ondion, *f. f.* *Undion.*

Ondueux, *euse, adj.* *Undulous, oily.*

Onduosité, *f. f.* *Undulosity.*

Onde, *f. f.* *A wave, a surge, a billow.* * L'onde, (en termes poétiques,) *the tide or water.* ♦ Camelot à ondes, *a watered camelot.*

Ondé, *ée, adjectif.* *Made in fashion of waves, as watered stuffs and the grain of wainscot; watered.*

Ondée, *f. f.* *A shower.*

Ondoyant, *ante, adj.* *Waving.*

Ondoyé, *ée, adj.* *Sprinkled, christened, baptized.*

Ondoyer, *v. n.* *To rise in waves, to swell with waves or billows.* * (Flotter par ondes, au figuré,) *to wave to and fro.*

Ondoyer un enfant, *v. a.* *To sprinkle an infant, to christen in a private manner.*

Onéraire, *adj. Ex.* Tuteur onéraire, *a guardian in trust.*

Onéreux, *euse, adj.* *Burdensome, heavy, hard, chargeable.*

Ongle, *f. m.* *A nail of a finger or toe.* ♦ (De quelques oiseaux,) *claw.*

Onglé, *ée, adj.* (terme de Blason.) *Armed.*

Onglée, *f. f.* *Numbers in the finger's end, whilow.*

Onglet, *f. m.* (poinçon.) *A sharp graver.*

Onguent, *f. m.* *Unguent, salve; ♦ ointment.*

Onyx, *f. m.* *Onyx.*

Onze, *adj. Eleven.* ♦ (ou Onzième,) *eleventh.*

Onze, *f. m.* (le nombre onzième.) *Eleven.*

Onzième, *adj. Eleventh.*

Onzième, *f. m.* *The eleventh part.*

Onzièment, *adv. Eleven-thly, in the eleventh place.*

Opacité, *f. f.* *Opacity, darkness.*

Opale, *f. f.* *Opal.*

Opaque, *adj.* (terme didactique.) *Opaque, dark, not transparent.*

Opéra, *f. m.* *An opera. R.* Ce mot n'a point d's au pluriel.

Opérateur, *f. m.* *Operator.*

Opération, *f. f.* *Operation, action or working.*

Opératrice, *f. f.* *A the-empirick.*

Opérer, *v. a.* *To operate, to work or do.*

Ophthalmie, *f. f.* *Ophthalmia, soreness of the eyes, a pain in the eyes.*

Ophthalmique, *adj.* *Ophthalmick, of or belonging to the eyes.*

Opiat, *f. m.* *Opiate.*

Opilatif, *ive, adj.* *Oppilative, obstructive, stopping.*

Opilation, *f. f.* *Oppilation, stoppage, obstruction.*

Opilé, *ée, adj.* *Oppilated, obstructed, stopped, &c. that has got a stoppage.*

Opiler, *v. a.* *To oppilate or obstruct, to cause a stoppage or obstruction.*

Opinant, *f. m.* *An opiner or voter.*

Opiner, *v. n.* *To opine, to*

OPI

vote or give in one's vote, opinion or judgment.
Opiniâtre, *adj.* *Opiniative, opinionated, obstinate, stubborn, wilful, stiff, self-willed, heady.*
Opiniâtre, *f. m. & f.* *An opiniâtre; a stubborn, obstinate, &c. man or woman.*
Opiniâtré, *éc, adj.* *Obstinate, obstinately maintained.*
Opiniâtrément, *adv.* *Obstinately, wilfully, stiffly, stubbornly.*
Opiniâtrer, *v. a.* *Obstinately to contend or maintain, to be stiff or obstinate in an opinion.*
Opiniâtrer, *v. r.* *To be obstinate or stubborn, to be absolutely bent or obstinately resolved.*
Opiniâtré, *f. f.* *Obstinacy, stubbornness, wilfulness, headiness, stiffness in opinion.*
Opinion, *f. f.* *(sentiment.) Opinion, mind, thought, sentiment, belief; opinion, vote; conceit, thoughts.*
Opium, *f. m.* *Opium.*
Opobalsamum, *f. m.* *Opobalsamum.*
Opportun, *une, adj.* *Opportune, convenient, seasonable, favourable.*
Opportunité, *f. f.* *Opportunity, convenient time or occasion.*
Opposant, *ante, subst. & adj.* *One that excepts or protests against an order to the Court.*
Opposé, *éc, adj.* *Opposed, set against, &c. V. Opposer.*
Opposé, *f. m.* *The opposer or contrary.*
Opposer, *v. a.* *To oppose or set against. * (Alléguer,) to oppose, object or alledge.*
S'opposer, *v. r.* *To oppose, hinder or be contrary, to be (or set one's self) against.*
Opposite, *f. m.* *The opposer or contrary.*
A l'opposite, *adv.* *Over-against.*
Opposition, *f. f.* *Opposition, hinderance, rub, stop, obstacle. & Opposition, (en*

ORA

Justice, exception or protestation.
Oppresser, *v. a.* *To oppress.*
Oppresseur, *subst. m.* *An oppressor.*
Oppression, *f. f.* *Oppression.*
Opprimé, *éc, adj.* *Oppressed.*
Opprimer, *verb. act.* *To oppress, to over-bear or over-charge.*
Opprobre, *f. m.* *Reproach, censure, shame, blemish, or disgrace.*
Optatif, *f. m.* *Optative, the optative mood.*
Opté, *éc, adj.* *Chosen.*
Opter, *v. a.* *To choose.*
Opticien, *f. m.* *Optician, one skilled in optics, one that understands optics.*
Option, *f. f.* *(from opter, choix.) Choice.*
Optique, *adj.* *Optick, pertaining to fight.*
Optique, *f. f.* *Opticks, the optick science.*
Opulemment, *adv.* *Plentifully, richly.*
Opulence, *f. f.* *Opulency, wealth, riches.*
Opulent, *ente, adj.* *Opulent, wealthy, rich.*
Opuscule, *f. m.* *(petit ouvrage d'esprit.) A little book, a small piece.*
Or, *subst. m.* *Gold. & Or, (terme de Blason,) or, in heraldry. Une chaîne d'or, a gold or golden chain.*
Or, *conj.* *Now, but. Or ça, (particule qui exhorte,) now. Or sus, come on.*
Oracle, *f. m.* *Oracle.*
Orage, *f. m.* *Storm or tempest; storm, broils or troubles in a state.*
Orageux, *euse, adj.* *Stormy, tempestuous.*
Oraison, *subst. f.* *Oration, speech, harangue. Oraison funebre, a funeral oration, or sermon. & Oraison, (prière,) orison, prayer.*
Orale, *adj. f.* *Oral.*
Orange, *f. f.* *An orange.*
Orangé, *éc, adj.* *Orange-coloured.*
Orangé, *subst. m.* *Orange-colour.*
Orangeade, *f. f.* *A sort of cooling liquor, sherbet.*

ORD

Orangeat, *subst. m.* *Candied orange-peel.*
Oranger, *subst. m.* *An orange tree.*
Orangerie, *f. f.* *An orange-house or green-house.*
Orateur, *f. m.* *An orator, a spokesman; the speaker.*
Oratoire, *adj.* *Oratory, of or belonging to an Orator.*
Oratoire, *subst. m.* *An oratory.*
Oratoirement, *adv.* *In an oratorical or rhetorical manner.*
Orbe, *f. m.* *Orb or sphere of a planet.*
Orbe, *adj. Ex.* *Coup orbe, a heavy blow.*
Orbiculaire, *adj.* *Orbicular, round.*
Orbiculairement, *adv.* *Orbicularly.*
Orbite, *f. f.* *(d'une planete.) Orbit. L'orbite de l'œil, the orb of the eye.*
Orchestre, *f. m.* *Orchestra, the pit in the roman play-house of old; the music-room in a play-house.*
† Ord, *orbe, adj.* *Filthy, nasty.*
Ordalie, *f. f.* *(épreuve du feu, du fer chaud, de l'eau froide ou bouillante, dont on se servoit autrefois, &c.) Ordeal, by fire, cold or hot water. V. Ordeal dans l'Anglois.*
Ordinaire, *adj.* *Ordinary, common, usual, wonted; ordinary, common, vulgar, indifferent. & (Titre qu'on donne à certains Officiers,) in ordinary.*
Ordinaire, *f. m.* *(courrier.) The post, a courier; & ordinary or commons. & (Coutume,) common way or practice, custom.*
Pour l'ordinaire ou **d'ordinaire**, *adverb.* *Commonly, usually, ordinarily, most commonly, generally, most times, mostly.*
A l'ordinaire, *adv.* *At the old rate, at the usual rate, as before, as formerly.*
Ordinairement, *adv.* *Commonly, usually, ordin-*

rily, generally, most commonly.

Ordinal, *ale*, *adj.* Ordinal. *Ex.* Nombre ordinal, an ordinal number.

Ordinand, *f. m.* One that is to be ordained.

Ordinant, *f. m.* A bishop that confers the holy orders.

Ordination, *subst. f.* Ordination or putting into holy orders.

Ordonnance, *f. f.* Ordinance, decree, order, law, statute; ♦ order or warrant.

Ordonnateur, *f. m.* Orderer, disposer or setter in order.

Ordonné, *ée*, *adj.* Ordered, &c. according to the verb.

Ordonner, *v. a.* To order, dispose or set in order; ♦ to order, enjoin or command; ♦ to appoint; ♦ to prescribe; ♦ to ordain or confer the holy orders.

Ordre, *f. m.* (disposition.) Order, disposition; ♦ order or orders, command; ♦ order or method; ♦ a warrant; ♦ order, rate, rank. ♦ Mal en ordre, disordered, out of order.

Ordure, *f. f.* (immondice.) Filth, dirt, dust; ♦ ordure or excrements; ♦ matter, filthy stuff. ♦ Ordures, (balayures,) sweepings.

Ordurier, *iere*, *adj. & f.* One who loves to talk bawdy, an obscene talker or wrieter.

Orée, *f. f.* The border or skirts of a wood or forest.

Oreillard, *arde*, *adj.* Wide-eared, being said of a horse or mare.

Oreille, *f. f.* The ear, the organ of hearing. * Avoir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy or exceptionous. * † Vin d'une oreille, (bon vin,) good wine. * † Vin de deux oreilles, (méchant vin,) bad wine. ♦

Oreille de liyre, a dog's ear in a book. ♦ Oreilles de l'ancre, the palms of an anchor.

Oreiller, *f. m.* A pillow.

Oreillette, *f. f.* Wire about a woman's ear.

Oreillons, *subst. m, pl.* An im-

postume or swelling about the ear.

Orfelin, *f. m.* { Orphelin. Orfeline. } { Orpheline.

Orfèvre, *f. m.* A Goldsmith.

Orfèvrerie, *f. f.* A goldsmith's trade or ware.

Orfraie, *subst. f.* (oiseau.) Osprey.

Orfroi, *f. m.* Broad welts of gold or silver embroidery laid on copes, and other Church-vestments.

Organe, *f. m.* Organ; ♦ organ, means, instrument.

Organeau, *f. m.* The ring of an anchor.

Organique, *adj.* Organical.

Organisé, *ée*, *adj.* Organized, furnished with proper organs.

Organiser, *v. a.* To organize.

Organiste, *subst. m.* An organist.

Orge, *f. f.* Barley, a known sort of corn. ♦ Futaine à grains d'orge, napped fus-tian.

Orge, *f. m.* Ex. Orge mondé, Peeled barley.

Orgeat, *subst. m.* (boisson.) Orgeat.

Orgies, *f. f. pl.* Orgia, the feasts or revels of Bacchus.

Orgue, *f. m.* ou Orgues, *f. f. pl.* An organ, a pair of organs. Orgues à eau, water-organs. ♦ Orgue, the scupperholes; ♦ a port-cullis.

Orgueil, *f. m.* Pride, haughtiness, vanity, presumption, loftiness, arrogance.

Orgueilleusement, *adv.* Proudly, loftily, haughtily, arrogantly.

Orgueilleux, *euse*, *adj.* Proud, haughty, arrogant, presumptuous, lofty.

Orgueilleux, *f. m.* A pimple upon the eye-lid.

Orgueilleux, *euse*, *f. f.* A proud man or woman.

Orient, *subst. m.* East. Vers l'orient, eastward.

Oriental, *ale*, *adj.* Oriental, east, eastern.

Orientaux, *f. m. pl.* The eastern nations.

Orienté, *ée*, *adj.* That faces the east.

Orienter, *v. a.* To set toward the east; ♦ to trim.

Sorienter, *v. r.* To find out the east of the place a man is in; ♦ to trim the ship's sails.

Orifice, *f. m.* Orifice, opening hole.

Oriflamme, *f. f.* Oriflamme, the royal standard of the ancient Kings of France.

Origan, *f. m.* Origan, wild or bastard majoram or wild mint.

Originaire, *adj.* Originally come from.

Originairement, *adv.* Originally, primitively.

Original, *ale*, *adj.* Original, first, primitive.

Original, *f. m.* An original. ♦ (Modele,) original, pattern or model. * † (Homme singulier,) an original, a fool or ninny. ♦ Savoir une chose d'original, to have a thing from the first hand.

Origine, *f. f.* (principe.) Origin, original, beginning, or first rise. ♦ (Cause,) cause, occasion. ♦ Origine (ou l'étymologie) d'un mot, the original or etymology of a word.

Originel, *elle*, *adj.* Original.

Originellement, *adv.* Originally, from the beginning.

Orillard, *arde*, *adj.* That has long ears or that flaps his (or her) ears, (speaking of a horse or mare.)

Orillon, *f. m.* Orillon, a kind of casemate in fortification.

Orin, *f. m.* Buoy rope.

Orion, *f. m.* Orion, a constellation.

Oripeau, *f. m.* Tinsel; leaf brags shewing like gold.

Orle, *f. m.* An orle, in heraldry.

Orme, *f. m.* An elm.

Ormeau, *f. m.* A young elm or an elm.

Ormin, *subst. m.* A sort of clay.

Ormoie, *f. f.* An elm-plot.

Orne, *f. m.* A wild ash, a kind of tree.

Orné, *ée*, *adj.* Adorned,

ORN

set off, set out, beautified.
Ornement, subst. m. Ornament, set off, finery, dress, attire.
Orner, v. a. To adorn, set off or set out, to trim up, to grace, beautify or attire, to embellish.
Orniere, f. f. The rut of a wheel.
Ornithogalon, f. m. The star of bethlehem, a flower.
Orobanche, subst. f. Choke-vetch, strangle-weed or choke-weed, broom-rape.
Orphelin, f. m. Orpheline, f. f. An orphan, one that's fatherless or motherless or both.
Orpiment, f. m. Orpiment.
Orpin, subst. m. (plante.) Orpine.
Orteil, f. m. A toe.
Orthodoxe, adj. Orthodox.
Orthodoxie, subst. f. Orthodoxy, sound doctrine, true belief.
Orthographe, f. f. Orthography, spelling.
Orthographie, f. f. Orthography or profil.
Orthographié, ée, adject. Spelt.
Orthographeur, v. a. To spell or write true.
Orthographique, adj. Orthographical.
Ortie, f. f. Nettle. ♦ Mettre une ortie à un cheval, to rowel a horse.
Ortive, adj. f. (en parlant de l'amplitude,) Easterly.
Ortolan, f. m. Ortolan, a delicate fowl about the big-ness of a lark.
Orvale, f. f. Clary, a sort of herb.
Orvietan, f. m. Orvietan.
Os, f. m. A bone. * † Il ne sera pas de vieux os, he won't live long, he'll die young.
Osé, ée, adj. Ex. Etes-vous si osé que de... are you so bold as to...
Oseille, f. f. Sorrel.
Oser, v. n. To dare, to be so bold as to...
Oseraie, subst. f. A willow-plot.
Oser, subst. masc. Oser, a

OUA

shrub; ♦ wicker, a twig of osier.
Osselet, f. m. (petit os.) A small or little bone, officle. ♦ Osselets, pl. (avec quoi les enfans jouent.) Cocks.
Ossemens, f. m. pl. Bones. Ex. Les ossemens des morts, dead bodies bones.
Osseux, euse, adj. Bony.
Ossifrage, f. m. Ossifrage, the bone-breaker eagle.
† Ost, f. m. (armée.) Host, army. Ce mot est tout-à-fait hors d'usage.
Ostenible, adj. Ex. Une lettre ostensible, a letter written on purpose to be shewn.
Ostentation, f. f. Ostentation, boasting, vain glory, bragging, vaunting, cracking, parade.
Ostéologie, f. f. Osteology.
Ostracisme, f. m. Ostracism.
Ostrelin, subst. m. An easterling.
Otage, f. m. Hostage.
Oté, ée, adj. Taken or put away, removed, &c. according to the verb.
Oté, adv. Save, except, but.
Oter, v. a. (tirer quelque chose d'un lieu.) To take away or remove. ♦ (Retrancher,) to take away, to cut off, diminish or curtail. ♦ (Ravir,) to take away, rob, deprive or bereave. ♦ Oter (ou lever) le chapeau, to take or pull off one's hat.
S'ôter, v. r. To go or get away, to remove.
Ou, conj. Or, either or else.
Où, adv. de lieu. Where, whither. Où suis-je? where am I? Où allez-vous? where or whither do you go? ♦ Où, (dans lequel ou laquelle,) wherein, in which. La prison où il fut mis, the prison wherein he was put. ♦ Où, (auquel, à laquelle, à quoi,) so what, where. Où me réduirez-vous? what do you reduce me to? ♦ Par-tout où, wherever. ♦ D'où, from whence? ♦ D'où êtes-vous? what countryman are you?
*** Quaille**, subst. f. (brebis,

OUR 345

chrétien par rapport à son pasteur.) Sheep.
Ovaire, f. m. The ovary.
Ouais, interj. Heyday, hoity-toity.
Ovale, adj. Oval.
Ovale, f. m. An oval.
Ouate, f. f. Wedding.
Ovation, f. f. Ovation, a small triumph.
Oubli, f. m. Forgetfulness, oblivion. Mettre en oubli, to forget.
† Oubliance, f. f. Forgetfulness.
Oublie, f. f. A wafer.
Oublié, ée, adject. Forgotten, out of one's mind or memory, &c.
Oublier, v. a. To forget. ♦ Oublier qui l'on est, one s'oublier, v. r. To forget one's self, to grow proud. ♦ Oublier, (omettre,) to forget, leave out, to omit.
Oubliettes, f. f. pl. A dun-geon.
Oubieur, f. m. A wafer-boy, or man.
Oubieux, euse, adj. (from oubli.) Forgetful, unmindful, apt to forget.
Ove, f. m. An egg, an ornament in architecture.
Ouest, f. m. West. ♦ Ouest ou vent d'ouest, west, western or westerly wind.
Oui, adv. Yes. Cela est-il vrai? oui, is that true? yes. On lui dit que oui, he was told so. Je crois que oui, I believe so. ♦ Oui, (marque la surprise,) Is it true or possible? did he so?
Oui, f. m. Yes.
Oui, ie, adj. (from ouir.) Heard.
Oui-dire, f. m. An hear-say.
Ouie, f. f. The hearing. ♦ Les ouies des poissons, the gills of fishes.
Ouir, v. a. To hear.
Ouragan, f. m. A hurricane, storm.
Ourdi, ie, adj. Weaved or woven.
Ourdir, v. act. To warp. * Ourdir (tramer) une trahison, to brew, frame or plot a treacherous design.
Ourdiffoir, f. m. Beam.

344 OUR

Ourlé, *éc. adj.* Hemmed.
 Ourler, *v. a.* To hem.
 Ourlet, *f. m.* Hem.
 Ourque, *f. f.* Ork, a great sea-fish.
 Ours, *f. m.* A bear.
 Ourse, *f. f.* A she-bear. ♀
 Ourses d'artimon, *mizen* bowlines.
 Outarde, *f. f.* (oiseau.) A bustard.
 Outil, *f. m.* A tool.
 Outrage, *f. m.* Outrage, an abuse, affront, offence, contumely, wrong, injury.
 Outragé, *éc. adj.* Abused, affronted, reviled, offended, wronged, injured.
 Outrageant, *ante. adj.* Outrageous, abusive, injurious, contumelious, affronting.
 Outrager, *v. a.* To abuse, affront, revile, offend, wrong or injure, to rail at.
 Outrageusement, *adv.* Outrageously, injuriously.
 Outrageux, *euse. adj.* Abusive, offensive, affronting, contumelious, wrongful, injurious.
 Outrance, *f. f.* à outrance, à toute outrance, (jusqu'à l'excès.) To the utmost, to the utmost rigour, beyond or out of measure.
 Outre, *f. f.* A budget of leather, a leather-bottle.
 Outre, *prép.* (par-dessus.) Besides, above or over and above. ♀ (Au-delà,) beyond.
 Outre, *adv.* Avant que de passer outre, before we go any farther.
 D'outre en outre, *adv.* Trough or quite through.
 Outré, *éc. adj.* Incensed, urged, provoked, vexed, exasperated, enraged. ♀ (Fougueux, emporté,) furious, extravagant. ♀ (Poussé trop loin,) overdone, over-strained, over-stretched, &c. V. Outrer.
 ♀ Cheval outré, a horse hard rid or jaded.
 Outrecuidance, *f. f.* Presumption, pride, arrogance, insolence.
 Outrecuidé, *éc. adj.* (présomptueux.) Proud, foolish, presumptuous.

OUV

Outremer, *subst. m.* Ultra-marine, the finest sort of blue.
 Outre-passer, *v. a.* To transgress, to go beyond, to exceed.
 Outrer, *v. a.* To incense, urge, provoke, exasperate. Vous outrez les choses, you run upon extremes. ♀
 Outrer un cheval, to over-ride or jade a horse.
 S'outrer, *v. r.* To strain or over-strain one's strain.
 Ouvert, *erte. adj.* (from ouvrir.) Open. A livre ouvert, at the opening of the book.
 Ouvertement, *adv.* Openly, publicly, in open view; ♀ openly, freely, frankly.
 Ouverture, *f. f.* An opening. * (Trou, tente,) a hole, slit, chink or gap. * (Proposition,) overture or proposal.
 Ouvrable, *adj.* jour ouvrable. Working-day.
 Ouvrage, *f. m.* Work, piece of work. * (Façon, travail,) workmanship.
 Ouvragé, *éc. adj.* Wrought, figured, flowered.
 Ouvrant, *ante. adj.* Ex. A porte ouvrante, at the opening of the gates. A jour ouvrant, at or by break of day.
 Ouvré, *éc. adj.* Linge ouvré, diaper linen.
 † Ouvrer, *v. n. & a.* (travailler.) To work.
 Ouvreur, *f. m.* Ouvreuse, *f. f.* (from ouvrir.) Ex. Ouvreur de loges à la comédie, the box-keeper in a play-house.
 Ouvrier, *f. m.* Workman, artificer, worker, labourer; author, maker.
 Ouvrier, *iere. adj.* Worky. Ex. Un jour ouvrier ou un jour ouvrable, a worky-day.
 Ouvrière, *subst. f.* A work-woman.
 Ouvrir, *v. a.* To open or set open. * Cela ouvre l'appétit, that whets or sharpens the stomach. * Ouvrir, (commencer,) to open or begin.

PAG

Ouvrir, *v. n.* To open. Cette porte n'ouvre jamais, that door never opens.
 Ouvrir, s'ouvrir, *v. réc.* To open, to be opened. * S'ouvrir un chemin, to make one's self a way. S'ouvrir, (déclarer ses pensées,) to declare or open one's mind. * S'ouvrir, (s'élargir,) to open.
 Oxycrat, *f. m.* Oxycrate.
 Oyant, *ante. adj.* (terme de Pratique.) Hearing.

P

Pacage, *subst. m.* Pasture, pasture-ground.
 Pace (in), *f. m.* (prison perpétuelle dans un monastère.) A prison for life in a monastery.
 † Pacfi, *f. m.* (terme de Marine,) le grand pacfi, the main course. Le petit pacfi ou pacfi de bourset, the fore-mast sail.
 Pacificateur, *f. m.* Pacifier, peace-maker; an appeaser or reconciler.
 Pacification, *f. f.* Pacification; peace-making.
 Pacifié, *éc. adj.* Pacified, appeased.
 Pacifier, *v. a.* To pacify or make peace, to appease.
 Pacifique, *adj.* Pacific, peaceable. ♀ Mer pacifique ou mer du Sud, the pacific or south-sea.
 Pacifiquement, *adv.* Peaceably, quietly, in peace.
 Pacotille, *f. f.* Small quantity of mercantile goods.
 Pacte, *f. m.* Paction, covenant, bargain, agreement, treaty, contract.
 Padou, *f. m.* A sort of ferret or ribbon, half thread, half silk.
 Pagaie, *f. m.* A paddle.
 Pagayer, *v. a.* To paddle.
 Paganisme, *f. m.* Paganism, heathenism.
 Page, *f. m.* A page. * Etre hors de page, to be free or at liberty, to be one's own man.
 Page, *f. f.* A page or side of a leaf.
 † Pagnote, *f. m.* A command,

PAG

† Pagnoterie, *subst. f.* Cowardice.
 Pagode, *f. f.* Pagod.
 Paien, ienne, *adj. & f.* Pagan, heathenish.
 Paillard, *arde, adj.* (impudique : ce mot est mal-honnête.) Lecherous, wanton, lascivious, roguish.
 Paillard, *f. m.* A lecherous man, a fornicator; whore-monger or whore-master.
 Paillarde, *f. f.* A lecherous woman; a harlot or whore.
 † Paillarder, *v. n.* To whore or commit whoredom, to commit adultery.
 † Paillardise, *f. f.* Whoredom, fornication.
 Paillasse, *f. f.* A straw-bed.
 Paillaston, *f. m.* A lay of straw upon flowers and orange-trees in winter, to keep them from the cold; † a layer of straw quilted between two pieces of canvas, to keep off the sun or prevent the noise from a chamber.
 Paille, *f. f.* Straw, chaff. † Paille, (dans les métaux, dans les diamans, &c.) a flaw in metals or diamonds.
 * † Un feu de paille, a sudden blaze, a flash of fire.
 * † Homme de paille, a man of straw, a mean, pitiful fellow. † Rompre la paille avec quelqu'un, to fall out with one. † Tirer à la courte-paille, to draw cuts. † Il est dans la paille jusqu'au ventre; ou * † il vit comme rats en paille, he lives in clover. † Paille-en-cul, (sorte de voile,) driver or ring-tail.
 Pailier, *subst. m.* Farm-yard, barn-door. Chapon de pailier, a barn-door capon. † (Terme de mer,) mat.
 Paillet, *adj.* Ex. Vin paillet, pale wine.
 Paillette, *f. f.* Spangle; † a sparkle of iron; † gold-sand.
 Pailleur, *f. m.* (voiturier qui vend de la paille.) A seller of straw.
 Pailleux, *adj. m.* Fer pailleux, brittle iron.
 Paillier, *v.* Pailier,

PAI

Paillon, *f. m.* (paillon de soudure.) A link.
 Pain, *f. m.* Bread. † Pain d'épice, ginger-bread. † Pain-bénit, holy-bread. C'est du pain-bénit, (c'est un avantage, un plaisir, une joie,) 'tis nuts to one. P. De tout s'avise à qui pain faut, want is the mother of industry. * Pain, (la nourriture & la subsistance,) bread, livelihood. * Oter le pain de la main de quelqu'un, to take one's bread from his mouth. * † Je lui ai mis le pain à la main, I put him into a way to live. † Pain, (certaine masse de pain ou d'autres choses,) loaf. Un pain d'un sou, a penny-loaf. Un pain de sucre, a sugar-loaf. † Pain à chanter, (que le Prêtre consacre,) a wafer for the communion. † Pain de savon, a wedge of soap. † Pain de bougie, a book of wax-candle.
 Pair, *adj. m.* Even. Nombre pair, an even number. † Non-pair, odd.
 Pair, *adj. ou subst. m.* Peer, equal. Sans pair, peerless, matchless. † Pair, (mâle ou femelle de certains oiseaux,) mate. † Pair, (Duc ou Comte qui a séance au Parlement de Paris,) a Peer.
 De pair, *adv.* Upon the square, without odds. Aller de pair avec quelqu'un, to go cheek by jole with one. Se tirer hors du pair, to set one's self above the level of one's countryman, to distinguish one's self from them.
 Paire, *f. f.* A pair, two of a sort; a couple.
 Pairie, *f. f.* Peerage, peerdom.
 Paisible, *adj.* (tranquille,) Peaceful, peaceable, still, quiet, calm, gentle.
 Paisiblement, *adv.* Peacefully, peaceably, in peace, quietly, calmly.
 Païsson, *f. f.* Mast.
 Païsson, *f. m.* A stretcher.
 Païssoné, *éc, adj.* Stretched,

PAL 345

Païssonner, *v. a.* To stretch. Ex. Païssonner une peau, to stretch a skin.
 Paître, *v. n.* & *a.* To feed or to graze. † (Donner à manger,) to feed.
 Se paître, *v. r.* To feed upon.
 Paix, *f. f.* Peace. † Laisser quelqu'un en paix, to let one alone, to let him be quiet. † Dieu lui fasse paix, God rest his soul. † Tout est en paix, all is quiet. † Paix, (silence,) peace, hush, be quiet, hush, make no noise, silence; † pax. † (Os plat d'une épaule de mouton,) the blade bone of a shoulder of mutton.
 Pal, *f. m.* Pale, a term of heraldry.
 Paladin, *subst. m.* Palatine, knight.
 Palais, *f. m.* Palace; † a Court or Hall where matters of Judgment are pleaded and decided. Gens de Palais, Lawyers. Jours de Palais, Court-days. Terme de Palais, a law-term. † Palais, (partie de la bouche,) the palate or roof of the mouth. * (Goût,) palate, taste.
 Palan, *f. m.* (terme de mer.) A tackle.
 Palanque, *subst. f.* Palanka, a piece of fortification made with great poles or stakes.
 Palanquer, *v. a.* & *n.* To bowse. † Palanquer les haubans, to set up the shrouds.
 Palanquin, *subst. m.* Palasquin. † Palanquins, small tackles.
 Palatin, *f. m.* Palatine. Ex. Le Comte Palatin du Rhin, the Count Palatine of the Rhine.
 Palatinat, *f. m.* Palatinat.
 Palatine, *f. f.* A sippet.
 Pâle, *adj.* Pale, bleak, wan. † Les pâles couleurs, the green sickness.
 Pale, *f. f.* A square pastboard covered with a white cloth, laid upon the chalice.
 Palée, *f. f.* The piles of a wooden-bridge.
 Palefrenier, *f. m.* A groom of the stable,

346 PAL

† Palefroi, *f. m.* *Palfrey, a Lady's horse.*
 Paleron, *subst. m.* *Shoulder-blade.*
 Palestre, *subst. f.* *A wrestling-place.*
 Palet, *f. m.* *Quoit.*
 Palette, *f. f.* (pour jouer au volant.) *A battledore.* ♣ (Dans laquelle on reçoit le sang de ceux qu'on saigne,) *a porringer to receive the blood out of an opened vein.* ♣ *Palette de peinture, a Painter's pallet.* ♣ — d'Imprimeur, *a Printer's slice.*
 Pâleur, *f. f.* (couleur de ce qui est pâle.) *Paleness.*
 Palier, *subst. m.* *A broad step in a stair case; landing place.*
 Palinodie, *f. f.* *Palinody, recantation.*
 Pâir, *v. n.* *To grow or turn pale.*
 Palis, *f. m.* *Pale; a fence of pales.*
 Palissade, *f. f.* *Palissado, a fence of pales, palissade.* ♣ *Palissade d'arbres, a hedge-row or fruit-trees set close together.*
 Palissadé, *éc, adj.* (revêtu de palissades.) *Palissaded, fenced with palissades.*
 Palissader, *v. a.* *To palissade or fence with palissades.*
 Palissé, *éc, adj.* *Paled up.*
 Palisser, *v. a.* *To nail up the branches of fruit-trees to a wall.*
 Palliatif, *ive, adjec.* *Palliative.*
 Palliation, *f. f.* *Palliation or palliating, colouring or cloaking.*
 Pallié, *éc, adj.* *Palliated, coloured, clogged.*
 Pallier, *v. ad.* *To palliate, colour or cloke.* * *Pallier le mal, to palliate or patch up a distaste.*
 Pallium, *f. m.* (partie de l'habit pontifical.) *Pall.*
 Palma-Christi, *f. m.* (plante.) *Palma-Christi.*
 Palme, *f. m.* *Palm or hand's breadth.*
 Palme, *f. f.* *A branch of a palm-tree.* * *Rempporter la palme, (ou la victoire,)*

PAN

to carry the day, to get the victory.
 Palmier, *f. m.* *The palm-tree, the date-tree.*
 Palonnier, *f. m.* *A spring-tree bar of a coach.*
 † Palot, *f. m.* *A clown, a churl, a lubberly fellow.*
 Palpable, *adj.* *Palpable, that may be felt.* * (Evident,) *palpable, plain, clear, manifest, evident.*
 Palpitant, *ante, adjec.* *Panting.*
 Palpitation, *f. f.* *Palpitation, panting.*
 Palpiter, *v. n.* *To pant, to go pit-a-pat.*
 † Paltoquet, *f. m.* *A clownish or awkward fellow.*
 Pâmé, *éc, adj.* *Fallen into a swoon, swooned away.*
 Pâmer, *v. n.* *Se pâmer, v. réc.* *To swoon away, to fall into a swoon, to faint.*
 Pâmoison, *f. f.* *A swoon or fainting-fit.*
 Pampre, *f. m.* *A vine-branch full of leaves.*
 Pampré, *éc, adjec.* *Decked with vine-leaves.*
 Pan, *f. m.* *Pane, flat front or face.* ♣ *Pan de robe, the lappet of a gown.*
 Panacée, *f. f.* (remède universel.) *Panacea.*
 Panache, *f. m.* *A plume or bunch of feathers; a pretty mixture of colours in a flower.*
 Panaché, *éc, adj.* *Of several colours, set out with variety of colours, streaked, mixt or diversified with several colours.*
 Panacher, *v. n.* *Se panacher, v. r.* *Une fleur qui commence à se panacher, a flower that begins to be streaked with several colours.*
 Panade, *f. f.* (pain émié & cuit dans du bouillon.) *Panado.*
 Panader, *se panader, v. réc.* *To have a proud gate; to strut or to go strutting along, to go with one's arms akembo.*
 Panais, *f. m.* *A parsnep.*
 Panaris, *f. m.* *A whitlow at the end of a finger.*

PAN

Pancarte, *f. f.* *A paper containing the rates of a toll.* ♣ *Vieilles pancartes, old writings.*
 Pancréas, *f. m.* *Pancreas.*
 Pandectes, *f. f. pl.* *Pandects or digests, a body of the civil-law.*
 Pandore, *f. f.* *Pandore.*
 Panée, *adjec.* *f. Eau panée.* *Water poured to and again out of one vessel into another, with roasted bread in it.*
 Panegyrique, *f. m.* *A panegyric, elogy.*
 Panegyrique, *adj.* *Panegyric.*
 Panegyriste, *subst. m.* *Panegyrist.*
 Panerée, *f. f.* *A basket full.*
 Paneterie, *f. f.* *The King's Pantry.*
 Panetier, *f. m.* *The Pantler, the master of the pantry to his Majesty.*
 Panetiere, *f. f.* *A shepherd's scrip, the bag or poke wherein the shepherd put his bread.*
 Paneton, *f. m.* *The key-bis.*
 Panicule, *f. m.* *Fleshy membrane.*
 Panicum, *f. m.* *Panick, a grain like millet.*
 Panier, *subst. m.* *A basket, hamper.* ♣ (Qu'on met sur les bêtes de somme,) *a pannier.*
 Panique, *adj.* *f. Panick. Ex.* *Terreur ou frayeur panique, a panick fear or terror.*
 Panne, *f. f.* (sorte d'étoffe.) *Shag.* ♣ *Etre en panne, to lay to or lay by. Mettre en panne, to bring to.*
 Panneau, *f. m.* (pièce de bois ou de vitrage.) *Pane.*
 Panneau de vitrage, *a pane-glass.*
 Panneau de lambris, *a pane of wainscot.*
 Panneaux de bât, *the pannels of a pack-saddle.* ♣ *Panneau, (filet,) a snare or gin.* *Donner dans le panneau, to fall into the snare, to be trapped.* ♣ *Panneau, (dans un vaisseau,) cover or lid of a hatchway; the hatchway.*
 Panonceau, *subst. m.* *Scutcheon,*

PAN

† Panse, *f. f. Paunch, belly, guts.*
 Pensé, *ée, adj. Dressed, looked to, &c.*
 Pansement, *f. m. Dressing.*
 Panfer, *v. a. To dress, look to or after, to take care of.*
 Panfu, *ue, adjest. Paunch-bellied, that has a great paunch.*
 Pantalou, *f. m. Pantaloon; ♦ a pantaloen or buffoon.*
 Pantalonnade, *f. f. A pantaloen's dance, a kind of merry dance.*
 Pantelant, *ante, adj. Panting.*
 † Panteler, *v. n. To pant.*
 Pantenne, *f. f. Ex. Vergues en pantenne, the yards placed obliquely and the sails badly trimmed.*
 Panthéon, *f. m. (le temple de tous les Dieux.) Pantheon.*
 Panthere, *f. f. A panther.*
 Pantiere, *f. f. A draw-net for wood-cocks.*
 Pantoiment, *f. m. Pante's, a hawk's hard fetching of wind.*
 Pantomime, *f. m. Pantomime, a mimic or buffoon.*
 Pantoufle, *f. f. Slipper. ♦ Soulier en pantoufle, a slipshoe. * † Raifonner pantoufle, to talk idly, to talk like an old woman.*
 Paon, *f. m. pronon. Pan. Peacock. La femelle du paon ou paonne, a pea-hen.*
 Paonneau, *f. m. A young peacock.*
 Papa, *f. m. Papa, father.*
 Papable, *adj. m. That may be made a Pope.*
 Papal, *ale, adj. Papal, of or belonging to the Pope. Couronne papale, a Pope's triple crown.*
 Papauté, *f. f. Papacy, Papedom, the Pope's dignity.*
 Pape, *f. m. The Pope, the head of the Church of Rome.*
 Papegai, *f. m. A wooden bird to shoot at.*
 † Papelard, *f. m. An hypocrite or false zealot.*
 Papeline, *subst. f. A kind of stuff.*
 Paperasse, *f. f. Waste paper, old dusty papers.*

PAR

Papeffe, *f. f. Ex. La Papeffe Jeanne, Pope Joan, a fabulous story.*
 Papeterie, *subst. f. A paper-mill.*
 Papetier, *subst. m. A paper-maker. ♦ (Qui vend le papier,) a stationer. Pape-tier-couleur, a pastboard-maker.*
 Papier, *f. m. Paper. ♦ Papiers, (ou manuscrits,) papers or manuscripts. ♦ Papier, (livre de compte,) book. Être sur les papiers de quelqu'un, to be in one's books, to owe him money. ♦ Papiers, (écritures,) papers, writings.*
 Papillon, *f. m. A butterfly.*
 † Papillonner, *v. n. To fluster about, never to be at rest.*
 Papillotage, *f. m. The twinkling.*
 Papillote, *f. f. Paper to keep in the curl.*
 Papilloter, *v. n. To twinkle.*
 Papisme, *f. m. (nom que les Protestans donnent à l'Eglise romaine.) Popery.*
 Papiſte, *f. m. & f. A Papiſt or Roman Catholic.*
 Pâque, *f. f. (fête parmi les Juifs.) Passover. ♦ Pâque ou Pâques, f. m. (fête parmi les Chrétiens,) easterday, easter.*
 Paquebot, *subst. m. Packet-boat.*
 Pâques, *f. f. pl. Ex. Pâques closes, rogation - sunday. Pâques fleuries, palm-sunday. ♦ Pâques, easter-devotions.*
 Paquet, *f. m. Bundle or parcel; ♦ a packet. * † Donner un paquet à quelqu'un, to fether a thing upon one.*
 Par, *prep. By, through, out of. Par ordre du Roi, by the King's order. Par mon moyen, through my means. Par crainte, out of fear. ♦ Par, wish. ♦ Par, (en, dans,) in. ♦ Je l'ai fait par cette raison, I did it for that very reason. ♦ Par passe-temps, by way of diversion.*
 † Par, (marquant le mouvement & le passage.)

PAR 347

Through, about, by, out. Il a passé par Paris, he went through Paris. Il se promene par la rue, he walks about the street. Par eau & par terre, by land and by water. Jeter par la fenêtre, to throw out of the window. On nous donne tant par semaine, we have so much a week.
 † Par, (se joint à plusieurs prépositions & adverbess de lieu.) Ex. Par-où, which way. Par ici, this way. Par-là, par cet endroit - là, that way. ♦ Par-là, (par cela,) by that, thereby. Par deçà, this side or on this side. Par-dedans, within. Par-dehors, without. Par-auprès, by. Par-dessous, under, underneath. Par - tout, every where. Par-tout où, wherever. Par-devant, before, forwards. Par-derrière, behind, backward. ♦ Elle est bossue par-derrière, she has a crooked back. Par le haut, par en haut, upwards, towards the top. Par le bas, par en bas, downwards.
 Par-ci, par-là, *adv. (ça & là.) Here and there.*
 Parabole, *f. f. A parable or similitude; ♦ parabola, a crooked line made by the cutting of a cone or cylinder.*
 Parabolique, *adj. Parabolical or parabolick.*
 Paracentese, *f. f. Paracentesis, the puncture, perforation or tapping for the dropsy.*
 † Parachevé. *V. Achevé.*
 † Parachever. *V. Achever.*
 Paraclet, *f. m. (Consolateur, en termes de l'Ecriture Sainte.) Comforter.*
 Parade, *f. f. Parade, shew, state, ostentation. Lit de parade, a bed of state. ♦ Parade, (action de parer un coup,) parrying or putting by.*
 Paradis, *f. m. (le paradis terrestre.) The paradise or garden of Eden. ♦ (Séjour des Bienheureux,) paradise, heaven, a place of bliss.*

448 PAR

Paradoxe, *subst. m.* *A paradox.*
Paradoxe, *adj.* *Paradoxal or paradoxical.*
Parafe, &c. *V.* *Paraphe.*
Parage, *subst. m.* *Latitude, a part of the sea under any latitude.*
Paragraphe, *subst. m.* *A paragraph.*
† Paragante, *f. f.* *A pair of gloves, a present.*
Parallaxe, *f. f.* *A parallax, the difference between the true and apparent place of a star.*
Parallele, *adjct.* *Parallel, equally distant.*
Un parallèle, *f. m.* *A parallel, a circle of the sphere.*
Une parallèle, *f. f.* *A parallel or a parallel line.*
Parallele, *subst. m.* *Parallel, comparison. Mettre en parallèle, to put in parallel, to compare.*
Parallélogramme, *f. m.* *A parallelogram, a geometrical figure.*
Paralogisme, *f. m.* *Paralogism, a fallacious syllogism.*
Paralytie, *f. f.* *Palsy or paralysis.*
Paralytique, *adj.* *Paralytick, sick of or troubled with the palsy.*
Paralytique, *f.* *A paralytick, a man or woman troubled with the palsy.*
† Parangon, *f. m.* *Comparison, parallel. † Parangon, (modele,) a model or pattern.*
‡ Parangon, (sorte de marbre noir,) *a sort of black marble.*
† Parangonner, *v. a.* *To compare or make comparison of.*
Paranympe, *f. m.* *Elogy, a solemn speech at the university in praise of those that are commencing doctors.*
Parapet, *f. m.* *A parapet or breast-work.*
Paraphe, *f. m.* *The flourish or knot added to one's signature.*
Paraphé, &c. *adj.* *Marked with a knot or flourished.*
Parapher, *v. a.* *To mark with a knot or flourish.*

PAR

Paraphernaux, *adj. m. pl.* *Ex. Biens paraphernaux, paraphernalia.*
Paraphrase, *f. f.* *A paraphrase or comment.*
Paraphrasé, &c. *adjct.* *Paraphrased.*
Paraphrafer, *v. a.* *To paraphrase or make a paraphrase of, to comment upon; ‡ to make comments, to amplify or romance, to add to the story.*
Paraphrase, *subst. m.* *A paraphrase.*
Parapluie, *f. m.* *Umbrello.*
Parafange, *f. f.* *Parafang, a Persian measure.*
Parafélene, *f. f.* *Parafelene, a mock moon, false appearance of the moon.*
Parafite, *f. m.* *A parafite, a spurger, a smell-feast, hanger on or trencher-friend, a shark.*
Parasol, *f. m.* *An umbrello, a parasol.*
Paratitiles, *f. m. pl.* *A summary explication of the law titles, and the subject matters of them.*
Paravent, *f. m.* *Screen, a folding screen.*
Parbouilli, &c. *adj.* *Parboiled.*
Parbouillir, *v. a.* *To parboil.*
Parc, *f. m.* *A park. † Parc de brebis, a fold or sheep fold. ‡ Parc, a dock-yard.*
Parcelle, *f. f.* *A small parcel or particle.*
Parce que, *conjct.* *Because.*
Parchemin, *subst. m.* *Parchment.*
Parcheminier, *f. m.* *A parchment-maker.*
Parcourir, *v. a.* *To travel or run over; * to run over, to survey.*
Pardon, *f. m.* *Pardon or forgiveness. † Pardons, (indulgences du Pape,) pardons, indulgencies.*
Pardonnable, *adj.* *Pardonable, to be pardoned or forgiven.*
Pardonné, &c. *adj.* *Pardoned, forgiven, remitted.*
Pardonner, *v. a.* *To pardon or forgive; ‡ to pardon or excuse. † La mort ne pardonne à personne.*

PAR

death excuses or spares no body.
Paré, &c. *adj.* *Set out, &c. according to the verb Parer.*
Paréatis, *f. m.* (terme de Palais.) *A writ or warrant in Chancery.*
Pareil, &c. *adjct.* *Like, equal.*
Pareil, *f. m.* *Equal, march. Rendre la pareille, (un pareil traitement,) to render like for like, to be even with one.*
A la pareille, *adv.* *I shall be even with you.*
Pareillement, *adv.* *Likewise, in like manner.*
Parélie, *subst. m.* *Parhelion or mock sun reflected by a cloud.*
Parélie, *f. f.* (herbe.) *Bastard rhubarb.*
Parement, *f. m.* (ornement d'autel.) *Parament or altar ornament. † (Face d'une pierre taillée fort uniment,) the surface of a stone. ‡ (Revers des manches,) the facing of sleeves. † Paremens, the speckles of a hawk's feathers.*
Parent, *f. m.* *Relation, kinsman, a kin. † Parens, (pour dire, pere & mere,) parents.*
Parentage, *f. m.* *Parentage, family.*
Parente, *f. f.* *A kin, a relation or kinswoman.*
Parenté, *f. f.* *Kindred, consanguinity, relations, kinsfolks. † (Race,) parentage, family.*
† Parentele, *f. f.* *V. Parenté.*
Parenthefe, *subst. f.* *Parentheses.*
Parer, *v. a.* *To set off, to set out, to deck, to adorn, to trim, trick or prank up, to embellish; † to parry, put by or keep off, to ward off. ‡ Parer des cuirs, to dress or curry leather. † Parer un vaisseau, to dub a ship. ‡ Parer un banc, to keep a loof from a rock or bank. † Parer une ancre, to see an anchor clear for coming to.*
Parer, *v. n.* (terme de Manège.) *To stop.*

PAR

Parasse, *f. f.* Laziness, idleness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness.
Parasseux, *euse*, *adj.* Lazy, idle, slothful, sluggish, slow.
Parasseux, *euse*, *f.* A sluggard, a lazy man or woman.
Parfaire, *v. a.* To perfect or bring to perfection, to finish.
Parfait, *aite*, *adj.* Perfected, brought to perfection, finished. ♦ (Accompli,) perfect, complete, excellent, accomplished.
Parfaitement, *adv.* Perfectly, rarely well. ♦ (Entièrement,) perfectly, entirely, wholly.
† Parfois, *adv.* Sometimes, now and then.
Parfondre, *v. a.* To melt.
Parfum, *f. m.* A perfume.
Parfumé, *ée*, *adj.* Perfumed or sweetened.
Parfumer, *v. a.* To perfume, to sweeten; ♦ to fumigate.
Parfumeur, *f. m.* Parfumeuse, *f. f.* A perfumer.
Pari, *f. m.* Wager, bet.
Parier, *v. a.* To bet, to lay, to lay a wager.
Paritaire, *f. f.* The pelliory of the wall.
Parieur, *f. m.* A better.
Parisienne, *f. f.* (ou édanoise.) Pearl, a printing letter.
Parité, *f. f.* Parity, equality.
Parjure, *f. m.* Perjury.
Parjurer, *f. m.* & *f.* A perjurer, a forsworn man or woman.
Parjuré, *ée*, *adj.* Perjured, forsworn.
Parjurer, *se parjurer*, *v. réc.* To be forsworn, to forswear one's self.
Parlant, *ante*, *adj.* (qui parle.) Speaking. Trompette parlante, a speaking trumpet.
Parlement, *f. m.* Parliaments, a supreme Court of Judicature; ♦ session or term during which the Parliament sits. ♦ Le Parlement d'Angleterre, the Parliament of England.
Parlementaire, *f.* & *adj.* A roundhead, a whig. ♦ Cartel, a cartel-ship.

PAR

Parlementer, *v. n.* To parley, to come to a parley.
Parler, *v. n.* To speak or talk. ♦ Je lui apprendrai à parler, I'll teach him to rule his tongue. ♦ J'en ai ouï parler, I have heard of it. On n'en parle plus, there's no more talk of it. ♦ Trouver à qui parler, to meet with one's match.
Parler, *v. a.* To speak. *Ex.* Parler François ou la langue Française, to speak French. ♦ Parler chicane, to use law-terms. * † Parler François, (expliquer nettement son intention,) to speak plain.
Se parler, *v. r.* To be spoken. La langue Française se parle par toute l'Europe, the French tongue is spoken all over Europe.
Parler, *f. m.* Speech.
Parleur, *f. m.* Parleuse, *f. f.* A talker. ♦ Un beau parleur, a well spoken man, a good spokesman or speaker.
Parloir, *f. m.* The parlour of a monastery.
Parmesan, *f. m.* Parmesan, Parmesan-Cheese.
Parmi, *prep.* Among, amongst, amidst.
Parnasse, *f. m.* Parnassus, Poetry, Poets.
Parodie, *f. f.* Parody, a way of turning verses into another sense, by altering some few words.
Parodier, *v. a.* To make a parody, to parody.
Paroi, *f. f.* A wall or partition.
Paroir, *f. m.* A farrier's business.
Paroisse, *subst. f.* A Parish; ♦ Parish-Church.
Paroissial, *ale*, *adj.* Parochial, of or belonging to the parish. Une Eglise Paroissiale, a parochial or a Parish-Church.
Paroissien, *f. m.* Paroissienne, *f. f.* Parishioner.
Paroitre, *v. n.* To appear or be seen; ♦ to appear in the world, to make a shew or some figure; ♦ to appear, to seem or look. ♦ Son esprit paroît en cela, he shews his wit in that. ♦

PAR 349

Faire paroître, (montrer,) to shew, declare or discover.
Paroitre, *v. imperf.* *Ex.* Il paroît bien quel parti il a pris, it appears how he stands affected. ♦ Il y paroît, there's the mark or print of it. Vraiment, il y paroît peu, troth, little figs on't.
Parole, *subst. f.* (faculté de parler.) Speech. ♦ Avoir la parole à commandement, to have one's tongue well hung, to be well-spoken. ♦ Parole, (ton de la voix,) speech, tone of voice. ♦ (Mot prononcé,) word; ♦ saying. ♦ Paroles, (discours piquans,) words, hard words. Se prendre de paroles, to rail at one another. ♦ Porter la parole, to speak. ♦ Prendre la parole, to answer, to reply. ♦ Reprendre la parole, to resume the discourse. ♦ Parole, (promesse,) word, promise, parole. Tenir parole ou sa parole, to be as good as one's word. ♦ La Parole éternelle, incréée ou incarnée, (le Verbe, Jesus-Christ,) the eternal Word, Jesus-Christ.
Paroli, *f. m.* Paroly.
Parotide, *f. f.* Parotis, swelling of the almonds of the ear.
Paroxisme, *f. m.* Paroxysm, a return or fit of an ague.
Parque, *f. f.* Destiny, one of the fatal Sisters.
Parquer, *v. a.* To fold cattle.
Parquer, *v. n.* To fold or be in the fold.
Parquet, *f. m.* The bar of a court of Judicature; ♦ the pew where the French Ministers and elders sit together; ♦ an inlaid-floor. ♦ Parquet à boulets, (daps un vaisseau,) shoos locker.
Parquetage, *subst. m.* Inlaid-work.
Parqueté, *ée*, *adj.* Inlaid.
Parqueter, *verb. a.* To inlay, *Ex.* Parqueter une

350 P A R

chambre, to inlay a room.

Parrain, *f. m.* God-father; ♦ a soldier appointed to shoot another to death.

Parricide, *f. m.* Parricide; ♦ the crime of a parricide.

Parricide, *adj.* Parricidous, murderous.

Parfemé, ée, *adj.* Strewed, &c.

V. Parfemer. Tapissierie parfemée de fleurs-de-lis d'or. A tapestry seeded with gold flower-de-luces.

Parfemer, *v. a.* To strew, seed, spread or cover.

Part, *f. f.* (portion.) Part, share, portion. ♦ La plu-

part du temps, most times, generally, commonly. ♦

Part, (intérêt que l'on prend à quelque chose,) share, part, concern. ♦

(Côté,) *fide.* De toutes parts, on all sides, on every sides. ♦ Part, (lieu,) place. Quelque part, some place, somewhere, in one place or other. Autre part ou quelqu'autre part, somewhere else. En quelque part que, wherever, whichever, soever. Nulle part, no where. Saluez-le de ma part, remember me, present my service or respects to him. Je le sais de bonne part, I have it from good hands.

A part, *adv.* Aside, apart, by one's self, by itself, by themselves. ♦ Mettre un peu d'argent à part, to lay up some money. † A part soi, (en soi-même,) to one's self. ♦ Raillerie à part, (sérieusement,) seriously, without jesting, in good earnest.

Part, *f. m.* (terme de droit.) Birth, child, infant.

Partage, *f. m.* Parting, partition, sharing, dividing, division. ♦ (Portion,) lot, share. ♦ Il y a partage, (les Juges sont partagés,) the Court is divided.

Partagé, ée, *adj.* Parted, shared, divided, &c. V.

Partager.

Partager, *v. a.* To part, to share or divide; ♦ to di-

P A R

vide or make parties; ♦ to give a share. Son pere l'a

partagé en aîné, his father gave him an eldest brother's share. * La nature l'a bien

partagé, he has good natural parts or accomplishments.

Partance, *f. f.* (terme de mer.) The setting sail or sailing from one place. Le coup de partance, the sailing-gun.

Partant, *adv.* Therefore, and therefore.

Parté (à), *f. m.* An aside; what an actor speaks aside upon the stage.

Parterre, *f. m.* A parterre or flower-garden. ♦ Parterre de gazon, a green-plot or grass-plot. ♦ Parterre, (dans une salle de comédie,) a pit in a play-house. * (Ceux qui sont au parterre,) the pit, those that are in the pit.

Parti, ie, *adj.* Gone, gone away, departed; ♦ party, in heraldry.

Parti, *f. m.* (union de plusieurs personnes.) Party, side. ♦ (Personne à marier,) a match. ♦ (Offre, condition,) offer, condition. ♦ (Petit corps de troupes,) a party of soldiers, a detachment. ♦ Prendre parti dans les troupes, to lift one's self a soldier, to take on. ♦ Parti, (résolution,) resolution, choice, course. Elle a pris parti ailleurs, she has provided elsewhere for herself. J'ai pris parti ailleurs, I am engaged another way. J'ai pris le parti de me taire, I chose to be silent. ♦ Parti, (emploi dans les affaires,) place; ♦ the farming of the King's revenues, &c.

Partial, ale, *adj.* Partial, biased to one's party or interest.

Partialiser, se partialiser, *v. r.* To be partial or biased to a party; to partialise.

Partialité, *f. f.* Partiality.

Participant, ante, *adj.* Partaker.

Participation, *f. f.* Partici-

P A R

pation, share. ♦ Sans ma participation, unknown to me, without imparting me with it.

Participle, *subst. m.* A participle. ♦ (Celui qui a part dans une affaire de finance,) a partner.

Participer à quelque chose, *v. n.* To participate or partake of, to have a share in, to take part with.

Particularisé, ée, *adj.* Particularised.

Particulariser, *v. a.* To particularise, to insist on particulars, to give a particular account of.

Particularité, *f. f.* A particular or particularity.

Particule, *f. f.* Particule. ♦ (Petite partie,) particle, some parcel, little part, crum.

Particulier, iere, *adj.* Particular, proper, peculiar; ♦ particular, singular, extraordinary, uncommon, more than ordinary; ♦ private.

Particulier, *f. m.* A private man. ♦ Etre en son particulier, to be private.

En particulier, *adv.* In particular, apart, aside, privately, in private. Vivre en particulier, to live a private life.

Particulièrement, *adv.* Particularly, especially; in a particular or special manner.

Partie, *f. f.* Part. * Parties, parts, accomplishment, qualifications. ♦ Partie, (personne dont un Procureur ou Avocat défend le droit,) a client. Partie adverse, adversary or adverse party. ♦ Partie, (projet de divertissement,) a match. ♦ (Complot contre quelqu'un,) a plot or combination. ♦ (Certain nombre de points ou de jeux,) a set or party. ♦ Partie double, (en fait de jeux,) a lurch. ♦ Partie, (certain nombre de joueurs d'un côté & d'autre,) a match. ♦ (Somme d'argent qui est due,) sum or sum of

PAR

money. ♦ Parties, (comp-tes,) *bill*. Parties d'un Tailleur ou d'un Apothicaire, a *Taylor's or Apothecary's bill*. ♦ Parties ca-suelles, *casual forfeitures, escheats*.
Partie ou en partie, *adverb.* *I partly, in part*. Je l'ai payé partie en argent, partie en billets, *I paid him partly in money, partly in bills*.
Partie, the feminine of Parti. *V. Parti*.
‡ Partir, *v. a.* (diviser.) *To part or divide*.
Partir, *v. n.* (s'en aller.) *To go or go away, to set out or forth, to depart*. * (Procéder,) *to come or proceed, to flow, to result from*; ♦ *to come or go out*; ♦ *to start*, as a hare does; ♦ *to spring*, as a partridge does. ♦ Faire partir, (envoyer,) *to send or send away*.
Le partir d'un cheval, *f. m.* *The motion of a horse that sets forward*.
Partisan, *f. m.* *Contrastor*; ♦ *a partisan, the leader or commander of a party*; ♦ *a partisan, a favourer of a party, a stickler*. Chaque parti avoit d'honnêtes gens pour ses partisans, *each party had honest men on their side*.
Partition, *f. f.* *Partition, a parting or division*.
Par-tout. *V. Par*.
Parvenir, *v. n.* *To arrive, to come, get, attain or reach*. ♦ Parvenir, (se dit absolument pour dire, s'élever, faire fortune,) *to come to preferment, to make one's fortune*.
Parvenu, *ue, adj.* *Arrived, come, &c. V. Parvenir*. ♦ Il est parvenu à sa fin, *he has got his aim*.
Parvis, *f. m.* *A place before a Church-porch*.
Parure, *f. f.* (ce qui sert à parer.) *A set-off, an ornament, finery, attire, dress*. ♦ Une parure de diamans, *a set of diamonds*. ♦ Parures, (les extrémités de

PAS

la peau qu'on coupe avec le couteau à parer,) *shags or parings*.
Pas, *subst. m.* *Pace, step*. Cheval qui va bien le pas, *a horse that paces well*. Cheval de pas, *a pacing horse*. ♦ Le pas (ou le seuil) d'une porte, *the step or threshold of a door*. Aller d'un bon pas, *marcher à grands pas, to go at a good rate, to walk at a great rate*. A petits pas, *à pas serrés, with short and thick steps*. Marcher à pas de loup, *to go softly or gingerly*. Marcher à pas comptés, *to go stately on, to go with a great deal of gravity*. P. Pas à pas, on va bien loin. P. Fair and softly goes far. * Pas, (allées & venues, peines qu'on prend pour une affaire,) *going and forward, labour, trouble, backward pains*. ♦ De ce pas, tout de ce pas, *adv. Straight, presently*. * Aller à la mort d'un pas ferme, *to encounter death with great resolution*. ♦ Retourner sur ses pas, *to go back, again, to go the same way one came*. ♦ Faire un faux pas, *to make a false step*. * Avoir le pas, (marcher le premier,) *to go first, to have precedency*. * Prendre le pas devant, *to go first*. ♦ Pas, (vestige,) *step, foot-step or track*. * Pas, (démarche dans une affaire,) *step*. * Un pas glissant, *a slippery step or business*. * Nous ne sommes encore qu'au premier pas, *we are yet but at the beginning of all*. ♦ Pas, (passage étroit entre deux montagnes,) *straits, narrow passage, defile*. * Pas de clerc, (bêvue,) *a gross error, a great oversight, a blunder*. ♦ Le Pas de Calais, *the Channel*. Pas-d'âne, (herbe,) *colts-foot*.
Pas, *particule négative*, (point.) *No, not*. Ex. Je ne veux pas, *I will not, I won't*.

PAS 327

Pascal, *ale, adj.* (qui appartient à la fête de Pâques.) *Paschal, of or belonging to the Passover or Easter*. L'Agneau Pascal, *the Paschal Lamb, the Passover*.
Pasquinade, *subst. f.* *A pas-quil*.
Passable, *adj.* *Passable, tolerable*.
Passablement, *adv.* *Tolerably*.
so so. Faire des vers passablement, *to make indifferens good verses*.
Passade, *subst. fém.* *Turn, a horse's course backward and forward upon the same place of ground*. ♦ (Charité qu'on donne à un pauvre passant,) *a relief or alms given to poor passers*.
Passage, *f. m.* *Passage, going from one place to another*; ♦ *passage, way, avenue*. Se faire passage, *to make way*. ♦ Passage, *passage* - liberty to pass; ♦ *passage-money or toll*. (Trajet par eau,) *passage*. ♦ Oiseaux de passage, *travelling birds, birds of passage, passengers*.
Passager, *ere, adj.* *Transitory, transient*. ♦ Oiseaux passagers ou de passage, *travelling birds*. *V. Passage*.
Passager, *subst. m.* *A passenger*.
Passant, *ante, adj.* *Ex. Chemin passant, rue passante, a thorough-fare*. * En passant, (succinctement,) *by the by, by the way*. * (A la hâte,) *slight, cursorily*.
Passant, *subst. m.* *A passenger*.
Passavant, *f. m.* *Pas's*.
Passe-avants, *f. m. pl.* *Gang-way in a ship*.
Passe, *f. f.* (terme d'escrime.) *A pass, in fencing*; ♦ *channel*; ♦ *the port, at billiards*; ♦ *the goal of a mall*. ♦ (Petite somme qu'il faut ajouter à des pieces de monnaie pour compléter une somme,) *the odd money, overplus*. * Etre en passe d'avoir quelque emploi, *to be in* ♦

372 PAS

fair way to get an employment, to stand fair for it.

Passé, ée, adj. Past, &c. V. Passer; *pass, over.* * **Passé,** (qui n'est plus en usage,) *out, out of use, out of fashion, out of doors.* * (Mort,) *dead or dead and gone.*

Passé, f. m. The time past. Par le passé, *in time past, formerly, heretofore.* * Le passé, (ce qu'on a fait ou dit autrefois,) *things past.* * **Passé** (ou plus de) *trois mois, above three months.*

Passé-droit, subst. m. A favour.

Passée, f. f. The passage of troops through a place.

Passé-fleur. V. Anemone.

Passement, f. m. Lace.

Passément, ée, adj. Laced.

Passementer, v. a. To lace.

Passementier, f. m. A lace-maker, laceman.

Passé-par-tout, f. m. A master-key, a key that opens many doors.

Passé - passe, f. Tours de passe-passe, juggler's tricks, legerdemain. * Faire des tours de passe-passe, *to juggle.* Un joueur de passe-passe, *a juggler, a legerdemain.*

Passe-pied, f. m. The passe-pied, a sort of jig.

Passe-poil, f. m. A chain-lace or edging.

Passe-port, f. m. A pass or pass-port.

Passer, v. n. & a. To pass, to come or go through, to come or go by, to come or go over. * Passer, (excéder,) *to go beyond, to exceed.* * (Surpasser,) *to pass, to surpass, to exceed or excel, to go beyond, to out-do.* * (S'écouler,) *to pass, go or run away.* * (En parlant des eaux que l'on prend,) *to pass or run through.* * (En parlant des transitions dans un discours,) *to pass on, to come to.* * Faire passer un mal, *to cure a distemper.* * Passer, (omettre,) *to*

PAS

pass over, to omit, not to speak of. * Passer son envie, *to satisfy one's desire or longing.* * Passer le temps, (se divertir,) *to pass away the time, to divert one's self.* * Passer mal son temps, *to have an ill time on't, to suffer.* * Passer, (couler quelque liqueur,) *to strain.* * Passer de la farine, *to bolt or sift meal.* * Passer, (mourir,) *to go away, to die or expire.* * Passer (faire) un acte pardevant Notaire, *to make.* * Passer en revue, *passer à la montre, to pass muster, to be mustered or reviewed.* * Passer pour, (être réputé,) *to pass or go for, to be reputed, accounted or looked upon.* * Passer, (devancer,) *to out-run, out-go or out-strip.* * Il ne passera pas l'année, *he will not live the year to an end.* * Passer une peau, *to dress a skin.* * Il vous faut passer par-là, *you must submit to that.* * Passer au fil de l'épée, *to put to the sword.* * (Être égorgé,) *to be put to the sword.* * Passer, (être admis,) *to pass, to be admitted, to commence.* * Passer un rasoir, *to set a razor.* * Passer maître, *to make or to be made a freeman.* * Passer, (allouer,) *to allow.* Passer un écu faux, *to make a brass crown go, to put it off.* * † Passer à quelqu'un la plume par le bec, *to baffle one, to make a fool of him.* * Passer, (être arrêté ou conclu,) *to pass, to be carried, to be resolved upon.* * Passer en proverbe, *to grow into a proverb.* * Passer, (être au-dessus de la portée,) *to be beyond or above one's reach or capacity.* * Cela me passe, *that is beyond my reach, I don't understand that.* * Il a passé, *it is gone current.* * Passer, (transporter,) *to pass or carry over.* * Il faut lui faire passer la colère, *we*

PAS

must appease, pacify or cool his anger.

Passer, se passer, v. r. To pass, to be a-doing. * (Perdre son éclat,) *to decay, fade away or grow old.* * (S'écouler,) *to pass, go or run away.* Je m'en passe fort bien, *I am very well contented without it.*

Passe-rage, f. f. (herbe.) Dittander.

Passereau, f. m. A sparrow.

Passe-rose, f. f. V. Anemone.

Passe-temps, f. m. Pastime, sport, recreation, diversion.

Passe-velours, f. m. Amaranth, flower-gentle, flower-amour or velvet-flower.

Passe-vogue, f. f. A rowing amain. Faire passe-vogue, *to row amain, to ply one's oar amain.*

Passe-volant, f. m. A sagot in a false muster.

Passeur, f. m. A ferry-man.

Passibilité, f. f. Passibility, aptness to suffer.

Passible, adj. Passible, apt to suffer.

Passif, ive, adj. Passive. * Dette passive, *a debt owing to another.*

Passif, f. m. The passive or passive verb.

Passion, f. f. (mouvement de l'ame.) Passion; passion, love. * (Forte inclination,) *passion, affection, strong desire or inclination, fondness.* * (Souffrances de N. S.) *passion, suffering; a sermon preached on Good-friday, upon Christ's passion.*

Passionné, ée, adj. Passionate, affectionate, fond, amorous, passionately in love. * **Passionné pour quelque chose, greedy, desirous, ambitious, or fond of a thing.** * **Passionné, (préoccupé de passion,) passionate, prepossessed with passion.**

Passionnement, adv. Passionately.

Passionner, v. a. To humour. Ex. Passionner l'air qu'on chante, *to humour the tune one sings,*

PAS

Se passionner pour quelque chose, *v. récip.* To have a strong passion or desire for a thing.
 Passivement, *adv.* Passively, in a passive manner or in a passive sense.
 Passoire, *subst. f.* A cullander.
 Pâtel, *f. m.* (plante.) Wood. ♀ (Sorte de crayon,) pastel or crayon.
 Pastenade, *V.* Panais.
 Pasteur, *f. m.* A shepherd; ♀ a Pastor, a Minister.
 Pastille, *f. f.* Pastil.
 Pastoral, *ale, adj.* (de pasteur.) Pastoral, of or belonging to a shepherd.
 Pastorale, *subst. fém.* A pastoral.
 Pastoralement, *adv.* Like a good pastor.
 Pastoureaux, *elle, f.* A little shepherd or shepherdess; a swain, a lass.
 Pat, *f. indéclinable*, (terme du jeu des échecs.) Stalemate at chess.
 Patache, *f. f.* Pinnace. ♀ Patache d'avis, an advice-boat.
 Patagon, *f. m.* A patacoön, a Spanish coin.
 Pataraffe, *f. f.* Dash in writing, scrawl.
 Patate, *f. f.* Potatoes, a sort of root.
 Pataud, *f. m.* A thick-footed young whelp or cur.
 Pataud, *aude, subst.* (gros enfant potelé.) A great, plump or chopping boy, a young plump girl.
 Pâte, *f. f.* Paste, dough. * Pâte, (complexion,) constitution, temper. * † Tandis que vous avez la main à la pâte, while your hand is in.
 Pâté, *f. masc.* A pie. Pâté d'anguilles, an eel-pie. Pâté de venaison, a venison pastry. Des petits pâtés, petty-pates. * Pâté, (encre tombée sur le papier,) a blot.
 Pâté, *ée, adj.* (from pâté.) Pasted over.
 Pâtée, *f. f.* Paste wherewith poultry is fattened.
 † Patelin, *f. m.* A wheedler,
 Tome I.

PAT

a sharper, a tricking fellow, a trickster.
 † Patelinage, *f. m.* Sharping, tricking, wheedling.
 Pateliné, *ée, adj.* Wheedled, gulled, inveigled, decoyed.
 † Pateliner, *v. a.* To wheedle, gull, inveigle or decoy.
 Pateliner, *v. n.* To trick.
 Patene, *f. f.* Patine, a plate to cover the chalice.
 † Patenôtre, *f. f.* A paternoster or Lord's prayer; ♀ prayer. † Patenôtres, (le chapelier,) beads.
 Patenôtrier, *f. m.* A bead-maker or seller.
 Patent, *ente, adj.* Patent. Lettres-patentes, letters patent.
 Patente, *f. f.* (ou lettres-patentes.) A patent or letters-patent.
 Pater, *f. m.* A pater or paternoster; ♀ a great bead, a pater.
 Pâter, *v. act.* To paste. Ex. Pâter un talon de soulier, to paste the heel of a shoe.
 Paternel, *elle, adjest.* (de pere.) Paternal, fatherly. ♀ Parens paternels, relations on the father's side.
 Paternellement, *adv.* Paternally, fatherly, like a father.
 Paternité, *f. f.* Paternity, fatherhood, fathership.
 Paternoster, *f. m.* A paternoster.
 Pâteux, *euse, adj.* Clammy. Bouche pâteuse, a clammy mouth.
 Pathétique, *adj.* Pathetic, pathetic.
 Pathétiquement, *adv.* Pathetically.
 Pathologie, *f. f.* Pathology, a part of physick.
 Pathologique, *adj.* Pathological or pathologic.
 Pathos, *f. m.* Pathos.
 Patibulaire, *adj.* Patibulary, belonging to the gallows, hanging.
 Patiemment, *adv.* Patiently, with patience.
 Patience, *subst. f.* Patience, sufferance, endurance. Prendre patience, to take patience.
 Patience, *adv. Ex.* Si on lui

PAT 353

laissoit quelque chose, patience, if they left him something, well and good.
 Patient, *ente, adj.* Patient, suffering, enduring; ♀ patient, constant.
 Patient, *f. m.* (le contraire de l'agent.) Patient; ♀ a prisoner condemned to die, and going to be executed; ♀ a patient or sick body.
 Patienter, *v. n.* To take patience.
 Patin, *f. m.* A patin or clog; ♀ a skate; ♀ a kind of horse-shoe.
 Patiné, *ée, adj.* Felt, fumbled.
 Patiner, *v. a.* To fumble, to paw.
 Patiner, *v. n.* To skate.
 † Patineur, *f. m.* (terme libre.) Fumbler.
 Pâtir, *v. n.* To suffer.
 Pâtis, *f. m.* Pasture-ground, pasture.
 Pâtifier, *v. n.* To make pastry or pastry-work.
 Pâtisserie, *f. f.* Pastry or pastry-work; ♀ pastry or pastry-trade.
 Pâtissier, *iere, subst.* Pastry-cook.
 Patois, *f. masc.* Giberish or country-speech.
 Pâton, *f. m.* The inside leather, the piece of leather wherewith the toe of a shoe is lined.
 Pâtre, *f. m.* (berger.) A herdsman, a shepherd.
 Ad-patres. *Ex.* * † Aller ad-patres, (mourir,) to go the way of all flesh; * † to kick up, to die.
 Patriarcal, *ale, adj.* Patriarchal.
 Patriarcat, *subst. m.* Patriarchate, the dignity of a Patriarch.
 Patriarche, *f. m.* A Patriarch.
 Patrice, *subst. m.* A patrician, a Roman Nobleman or Lord.
 Patriciat, *f. m.* Patriciate, a Patrician's dignity.
 Patricien, *ienne, adj.* & *f.* (issu des Sénateurs.) Patrician.
 Patrie, *f. fém.* One's native or one's own country, one's native soil.

Patrimoine, *subst. m.* *Patrimony.*

Patrimonial, *ale, adj.* *Patrimonial.*

Patriote, *f. m.* *bon patriote, (un homme zélé pour sa patrie.) A patriot, a publick spirited man.*

Patron, *f. m.* (*modele.*) *A pattern or model; † exemple. † (Protecteur,) patron, protector, defender. † (Qui a droit de nommer à un bénéfice,) patron, he that has the gift of a benefice. † Patron d'un vaisseau, d'une galere, the master, captain or commander.*

Patronage, *f. m.* *Advowson, right of patronage.*

Patronne, *f. fém.* *A patroness.*

† Patrouillage, *f. m.* *Puddle, paddling or puddering.*

Patrouille, *f. fém.* *Patrole, rounds. Faire la patrouille, to patrol.*

Patrouiller, *v. n.* *To paddle, puddle; † to paw or fumble.*

† Patrouillis, *f. m.* *Paddling, puddle.*

Patte, *f. f.* *Paw. † Pattes d'une ancre, the flukes of an anchor. — de boulines, bridle of the bowlines. — de voiles, the tabling of the sails.*

Patté, *éc, adjet.* *Patée, in heraldry.*

Pattu, *ue, adj.* *Rough footed. Ex. Pigeon pattu, a rough footed pigeon.*

Pâturage, *f. m.* *Pasture, pasture-ground.*

Pâturc, *f. f.* *Food.*

Pâturer, *v. n.* *To feed.*

Pâturon, *f. m.* *The paster of a horse.*

Pavage, *f. m.* *Paving.*

Pavane, *f. f.* *Pavan; pavin.*

Pavaner, *se pavaner, v. r.* *To strut.*

Pavé, *f. m.* *A pavement; the stones of a paved place; † pavement, paved place. † Le haut du pavé, the wall. Prendre le haut du pavé, to take the wall.*

Pavé, *éc, adj.* *Paved.*

Paver, *v. a.* *To pave.*

Pavefade, *f. f.* (*ou paviers.*) *Netting sails.*

Paveur, *subst. m.* *A paver or pavier.*

Pavie, *f. m.* *prononcez pavi. A nectarine.*

Paviers. *V. Pavefade.*

Pavillon, *f. m.* *Pavilion, a sort of tent; † a tent-bed; † a pavilion or house; † a flag; † colours. Pavillon en berne, the ensign with a waft. Pavillon parlementaire, a flag of truce.*

Paulette, *f. f.* *Paulet, a kind of yearly tax paid to the King, by such Officers as belong either to Judicature or to his Majesty's Exchequer.*

Paume, *f. fém.* *The palm of one's hand; † a hand in measuring the height of a horse. † Paume, (jeu de paume,) tennis.*

Paumelle, *f. f.* *A sail-maker's palm.*

† Paumer, *v. a.* (*donner un coup de poing sur le visage.*) *Ex. Je te paumerai la gueule, I shall give thee a slap on the face.*

Paumier, *f. m.* *A tennis-court keeper, the master of a tennis-court.*

† Pavois, *subst. m.* *A great shield; † waist of clothes of a ship.*

Pavoiser un vaisseau, *v. ad.* *To dress a ship.*

Pavot, *f. m.* *Poppy.*

Paupiere, *f. fém.* *Eye-lid. † (Poil des paupieres,) the hairs of the eye-lid.*

Pause, *f. fém.* *Pause, stop or rest.*

Pauser, *v. n.* *To pause, to make a pause or stop.*

Pauvre, *adj.* *Poor, needy, in want.*

Pauvre, *f.* *A poor, a beggar man or woman. Les pauvres, the poor, the poor sort of people.*

Pauvrement, *adv.* *Poorly, beggarly.*

† Pauvret, *ette, adj.* *Poor creature.*

Pauvreté, *f. f.* (*indigence.*) *Poverty, want, need, indigence. † (Sottise,) silly thing, impertinence.*

Payable, *adj.* *Payable, to be paid.*

Paye, *f. f.* *Pay.*

Payé, *éc, adj.* *Paid, paid off.*

Payment, *f. m.* *Payment, paying.*

Payer, *v. a.* *To pay or pay off. † Payer de sa personne, to behave one's self with great courage or gallantry, to fight bravely, to shew one's self a man. † Payer de raison, to give good reasons.*

Payeur, *f. m.* *A pay-master.*

Payeuise, *f. fém.* *A pay-mistress.*

Pays, *f. m.* (*région, contrée.*) *A country, land, region. † Vous êtes bien de votre pays! (ou bien simple,) what a silly man you are? † Le pays Latin, the school or university. † Etre en pays de connoissance, to be among acquaintances, to be known.*

Payage, *subst. m.* *A landscape.*

Payagiste, *f. m.* *A landscape-painter.*

Payfan, *f. m.* *A peasant or countryman, a clown or country-clown. Payfan d'Allemagne, a boor. Un payfan, a clown, a clownish or rustical fellow, a charl. Maniere qui sent le payfan, a clownish or rustical way.*

Payfanne, *f. f.* *A country woman; † a clown, a clownish or rustical woman.*

A la payfanne, *adv.* *Country-like, like a clown.*

Péage, *f. m.* *Toll, custom; † turnpike.*

Péager, *f. m.* *A toll-gatherer, a turnpike-man.*

Peau, *f. f.* *Skin. † Crever ou enrager dans la peau, to fret, to be mad.*

Peaufier, *f. m.* *A skinner or self-monger.*

Pec, *adj. m.* *Ex. Hareng pec, pickled herring.*

† Peccadille, *f. f.* *Peccadillo, a small fault, a venial sin.*

Peccant, *ante, adj.* *Peccant. Une humeur peccante, a peccant humour.*

PEC

† Peccavi, *f. m. Ex.* Un bon peccavi, *a good contrition, a true repentance.*
 Pêche, *f. f.* (sorte de fruit.) *Peach.* ♣ (Art de prendre du poisson,) *fishing.*
 Péché, *f. m. A sin.*
 Pécher, *v. neut.* To sin or offend; ♣ to commit a fault.
 Pêcher, *v. act.* To fish. ♣
 Pêcher un étang, *to draw a pond.*
 Pêcher, *f. m.* (arbre.) *A peach-tree.*
 Pêchereffe, *f. f. A fanner, a sinful woman.*
 Pêcherie, *f. f. Fishery.*
 Pêcheur, *f. m. A fanner, a sinful man.*
 Pêcheur, *f. m.* (qui pêche du poisson.) *A fisher or fisherman.* ♣ Martinet-pêcheur, *the king's-fisher.*
 † Pécore, *f. f. A blockhead, a loggerhead, a jolt-head.*
 † Pecque, *adj. f. A silly or impertinent woman.*
 Pectoral, *ale, adj. Pectoral, good for the breast.*
 Pectoral, *subst. m. A breast plate.*
 Péculat, *f. m. Peculation, peculate, the embezzling or robbing the publick treasure.*
 Pécule, *f. m. Stock, goods or effects, got by saving and honest industry; peculium.*
 † Pécune, *subst. fém. Ready money.*
 Pécuniaire, *adj. Pecuniary.*
 † Pécunieux, *euse, adjest. Moneyed, full of money.*
 Pédagogie, *f. f. Pedagogy.*
 † Pédagogue, *f. m. Pedagogue or pedant.*
 Pédale, *f. f. Pedals, the low key of organs.*
 Pédanée, *adj. m. Ex. Juge pédanée, a country Judge, an inferior Judge.*
 Pédant, *f. m. A pedant, a school-pedant; ♣ a pedantick or peremptory concomb, a superpositive at all.*
 Pédant, *ante, adjest. Pedantick.*
 Pédanter, *v. n. To be a school-pedant.*
 Pédanée, *f. f. A pedantick woman.*
 Pédanterie, *f. f. Pedantism;*

PEI

♣ *pedantry, pedantick way or humour.*
 Pédanterque, *adjest. Pedantick.*
 Pédanterquement, *adv. Pedantically, after a pedantick manner, like a pedant.*
 Pédanter, *v. n. To play or act a pedant's part.*
 Pédanterisme. *V. Pédanterie.*
 Péderaste, *f. m. A sodomite.*
 Péderastie, *f. fém. Sodomy, preposterous venery.*
 Péculaire, *adj. Pedicular, lousy.* *Ex. La maladie péculaire, the pedicular or lousy disease.*
 Pédicule, *f. m. Pedicle or stalk of fruits and plants.*
 Pégase, *f. m. Pegasus.*
 Peigne, *f. m. A comb.* ♣
 Peigne de cheval, *the crown-scab.* ♣ Peigne, (à carder la laine,) *cards to card wool.* ♣ (Pour apprêter le chanvre,) *an heckle or rather brake to dress hemp or flax, hatchels.*
 Peigné, *ée, adj. Combed.*
 Peigner, *v. a. To comb, to comb one's head.* ♣ Peigner de la laine, *to comb or card wool.* — du chanvre, *to hatchel the hemp.*
 Se peigner, *v. r. To comb one's head.*
 Peignier, *subst. m. A comb-maker.*
 Peignoir, *f. m. A night-rail, a combing cloth.*
 Peignures, *f. f. plur. Hair combed off.*
 Peindre, *v. act. To paint, draw or set in colours.* ♣
 Se faire peindre, *to sit for one's picture.* ♣ Peindre, (barbouiller,) *to paint or daub.* ♣ (Décrire,) *to describe.* * Un habit fait à peindre, *a suit very well made.* * † C'est pour l'achever de peindre, (de le ruiner,) *that will quite undo him.* ♣ Peindre, (se dit de l'écriture.) *Ex. Il peint bien, he writes a fine hand.*
 Peine, *f. f. (travail.) Pain, trouble, toil, labour.* ♣ (Difficulté,) *pain, ado, difficulty, trouble.* ♣ J'ai peine à le croire, *I can*

PEL 355

hardly believe it. ♣ Peine, (châtiment,) *pain, punishment.* ♣ (Douleur,) *pain, suffering, torment, affliction, grief, sorrow, trouble.* ♣ (Inquiétude d'esprit,) *pain, trouble, anxiety, concern.*
 Etre en peine, *to be in pain, to be troubled.*
 A peine, *adv. Hardly, scarce.*
 A grand-peine, *adv. With much ado.*
 Peiné, *ée, adjest. Ex. Un ouvrage peiné, a laboured, an elaborate piece of work.*
 Peiner, *v. a. To trouble, to put to trouble.*
 Peiner, *v. n. se peiner, v. r. To take great pains, to toil and moil.*
 † Peineux, *euse, adjest. V. Peñible.* † La semaine peñeñse, *the holy week or passion week.*
 Peint, *einte, adj. Painted, drawn, &c. V. Peindre.*
 Peintre, *f. m. Painter, picture-drawer.*
 Peinture, *f. f. (art de peindre.) Painting, the art of painting; ♣ picture; ♣ painting; * picture or description.* ♣ Peinture ou figure, (au jeu des cartes,) *a court-card.*
 Pelade, *f. f. The falling of the hair.*
 Pelage, *f. m. Hair.*
 Pelamide, *f. f. A pitcher or pitchard or a sprat.*
 Pelé, *ée, adj. Bald.* † Un vieux pelé, *an old bald-headed fellow.* ♣ Pelé, *ée, peeled, blanched, &c. V. Peler.*
 Pêle-mêle, *adv. Pell-mall, in a confusion, confusedly.*
 Peler, *v. a. To make bald.* ♣ Peler (ou échauder) un cochon de lait, *to scald a pig.* ♣ Peler, (ôter l'écorce,) *to peel.* ♣ Peler quelque fruit, *to pare fruit.*
 Pélerin, *f. m. Pilgrim.*
 Pélerinage, *subst. m. Pilgrimage.*
 Pélerine, *f. f. Ex. Une bonne pélerine, a cunning gipsy.*
 Pélican, *f. m. Pelican.*
 Pelisse, *f. f. A furred robe or cloak, &c.*
 Z

Pelle, *f. f.* *Shovel*. ♣ Pelle d'aviron, *the blade or wash of an oar*.
 Pellée, pellerée, pelletée, *f. f.* *A shovel full*.
 Pelleterie, *f. f.* (peaux dont on fait les fourrures.) *Skins or furs*; ♣ *a furrier's or skinner's trade*.
 Pelletier, iere, *f.* (qui prépare les peaux.) *A skinner, furrier or sellmonger*.
 Pellicule, *f. f.* *Pellicle, thin skin*.
 Pelote, *f. f.* *Ball*. Ex. Pelote de neige, *a snow-ball*. ♣ Pelote pour amorcer les poissons, *baiting pellet*.
 Pelote de fil, *a bottom of thread*.
 Peloter, *v. n.* (jouer à la paume sans faire une partie réglée.) *To toss*.
 † Peloter, *v. a.* (battre.) *To bang, to cuff*.
 Peloton, *f. m.* *A bottom of thread, &c.* ♣ Peloton, *a small pin-cushion*. * (Petit nombre de personnes réunies,) *a knot of men*.
 Pelouse, *f. f.* *Mossy ground; a down*.
 Pelu, ue, *adj.* *Hairy*.
 Peluche, *f. f.* *Shag*.
 Peluché, ée, *adj.* *Tufted*.
 Pelure, *subst. f.* *Paring*. ♣ Pelure d'oignon, *onion's peel*.
 † Penaillon, *f. m.* *Rag*.
 Pénal, ale, *adj.* *Penal*.
 † Penard, *subst. m.* Ex. Un vieux penard, *an old fusty fellow, an old dourard*. Tout vieux penard qu'il est, *as old as he is*.
 Pénates, *adj. pl.* Ex. Dieux pénates, *penates, household-gods*.
 † Penaud, aude, *adj.* (embarrassé.) *Speechless, dashed out of countenance, dejected, abashed*.
 Penchant, ante, *adj.* (qui penche.) *Leaning or bending downward, inclining, stooping, shelving*.
 Penchant, *f. m.* *Steepness, declivity, bending, shelvingness*. * Le penchant du précipice, *the brink of a precipice*. * Penchant, (ou déclin,) *declining or decli-*

ning, the going down. * (Propension,) *inclination, proneness, propension*.
 Penché, ée, *adj.* *Bend, bowed down, &c.* V. Pencher.
 Penchement, *f. m.* (action de pencher.) *Bending or bowing; & leaning*.
 Pencher, *v. a.* (baïsser de quelque côté.) *To bend or bow down, to make to lean*.
 Pencher, *v. n.* *To lean or bow down, to bend downwards, to hang; * to lean, to incline or to be inclined*.
 Se pencher, *v. r.* *To bow or bend down, to stoop, to lean or loll*.
 Pendable, *adj.* *Hanging, that deserves hanging*. Un cas pendable, *a hanging matter*.
 Pendant, ante, *adj.* *Hanging; & depending*.
 Pendant, *f. m.* (les deux pendans d'un baudrier.) *The hangers of a belt*. ♣ Pendans d'oreille, *pendants or ear-bobs*. ♣ Les pendans d'un navire, *the pendants or streamers of a ship*.
 Pendant, *prép.* *During*.
 Pendant que, *adv.* *Whilst, while*.
 † Pendar, *f. m.* *A rogue, a villain, a knave, a rascal*.
 Pendarde, *f. f.* *A villain or villainous jade*.
 Pendeloque, *f. f.* *Dangling jewels, a bob*.
 Pendeurs, *f. m. pl.* *Pendants*.
 Pendeurs des grands palans, *main tackle pendants*.
 Pendiller, *v. n.* *To dangle to and fro, to hang daintily, to bob*.
 Pendre, *v. a.* *To hang or hang up*. * † Il m'a dit pis que pendre, *he has railed at me bitterly*.
 Pendre, *v. n.* (être attaché en haut.) *To hang*. ♣ (Tomber trop bas,) *to hang or fall*. Les joues lui pendent, *his cheeks fall in*.
 Pendu, ue, *adj.* *Hanged, hung*. * † Procès pendu au croc, *a law-suit that is at a stand*.
 Pendu, *subst. m.* *One that is hanged*.

Pendule, *subst. m.* *A pendulum*.
 Pendule, *f. f.* *A clock*.
 Pène, *f. m.* *Bolt*.
 Pénétrable, *adj.* *Penetrable, that may be penetrated*.
 Pénétrant, ante, *adj.* *Penetrating, that penetrates*. * (En parlant de l'esprit,) *penetrant or penetrating, piercing, quick, sagacious, sharp*.
 Pénétratif, ive, *adj.* *Penetrative or penetrating*.
 Pénétration, *f. fem.* *Penetration; * penetration, sagacity, quickness*.
 Pénétré, ée, *adj.* *Penetrated, &c.* V. Pénétrer.
 Pénétrer, *v. a. & n.* *To penetrate, to go or get through or into, to pierce into or through*. ♣ La pluie a pénétré mon habit, *the rain has soaked through my coat*. ♣ Pénétrer, *to penetrate, apprehend, understand, find out, discover, dive or pierce into*. * (Toucher,) *to move, affect or work upon*.
 Pénible, *adj.* *Painful, toilsome, laborious, troublesome, hard*.
 Péniblement, *adv.* *Painfully, with much pains*.
 † Pénil, *f. m.* *The bone about the privy parts where hair grows*.
 Pénisfule, *subst. f.* *A penisfule*.
 Pénitence, *f. f.* *Penitency, repentance; & penance or mortification*.
 Pénitencerie, *f. f.* *The penitentiary's court or dignity*.
 Pénitencier, *f. m.* *Penitentiary*.
 Pénitentiaux, *adj. m. pl.* Ex. Les psaumes pénitentiaux, *the penitential psalms*.
 Pénitentiel, *f. m.* *A penitential or penance-book*.
 Pénitent, ente, *adj.* *Penitent, sorrowful, repenting*.
 Pénitente, *f. m.* *Pénitente, f. f.* *A penitent, one that does penance*.
 Penne, *f. f.* *A beam-feather of a hawk*. ♣ Penne d'une antenne, *the peck of a lacustrine yard*.

PEN

Pennon, *f. m.* *Pennon*; \clubsuit a dog-wane.
Penfant, *ante, adj. Ex.* Mal-penfant, *that has ill or un-charitable thoughts.*
Penfée, *ée, adj.* Thought, &c. *V. Penfer.*
Penfée, *subst. f.* Thought, thoughts, meaning, notion; \clubsuit thoughts, mind, opinion, beliefs; \clubsuit thought or thoughts, design. \clubsuit (Petite fleur,) paufy, a little flower. \clubsuit (Ebaiffie,) fancy, sketch, first draught.
Penfer, *v. n.* To think, to conceive in one's mind; \clubsuit to think, mind or reflect, to make reflection, to remember. \clubsuit Penfer à vous, look to yourself, have a care.
Penfer, *v. a.* To think, to have in one's thoughts. \clubsuit Penfer, (imaginer, croire,) to think, imagine, fuppose or believe. \clubsuit Donner à penfer à quelqu'un, to put one to his trumps. \clubsuit Il a pensé mourir, he was like to die. J'ai pensé être tué, I was like to be killed, I was within a hair's breadth of being killed.
† Penfer, *f. m.* (pensée.) Thought.
Penfit, *ive, adject.* Penfive, thoughtful, in a brown study, sad.
Penfion, *f. fém.* Pension or board; \clubsuit a boarding place. Prendre en poffeffion, to board. \clubsuit Penfion, (rente,) penfion, yearly allowance. Penfion viagere, annuity, yearly penfion during life.
Penfionnaire, *subst. m. & f.* Boarder; \clubsuit pensioner.
Pentagone, *adj. Ex.* Figure pentagone, ou Pentagone, *f. m.* A pentagone.
Pentametre, *adj. Ex.* Vers pentametre, ou Pentametre, *f. m.* A pentameter.
Pente, *f. fém.* Declivity. \clubsuit Pentes de lit, the valances of a bed.
Pentecôte, *f. fém.* Withfunday or Pentecoft. Le temps de la Pentecôte, whifun-side.
Penture, *f. f.* The-iron-work

PER

of a door or window. Pen-ture de fabords, the goo-gings of the port-lids.
Pénultieme, *adj.* The last but one.
Pénultieme, *f. f.* (fyllabe pénultieme.) Penultima.
Pépie, *f. f.* Pip. Oter, arracher la pépie à une poule, to pip a hen.
Pépier, *v. n.* To pipe or chirp as a fparrow.
Pepin, *f. m.* A kernel, of apples, pears and fuch like fruit. \clubsuit Pepin de raifin, a grape-ftone.
Pépinier, *f. f.* Nursery, feed-plot.
Pépinierifte, *f. m.* A nursery-gardener.
Peque, *v. Pecque.*
Perçant, *ante, adj.* Piercing, boring, sharp. * (Aigu, pénétrant,) piercing, sharp, acute, penetrating. Voix perçante, (aiguë & claire,) a shrill voice.
Perce (en), *adv. Ex.* Mettre en perce, to pierce, to breach.
Percé, *ée, adj.* Bored, &c. *V. Percer.* \clubsuit Chaise-percée, a clofe stool. * † il eft bas percé, he is low of purfe.
† Perce-forêt, *f. m.* A great hunter.
Perce-lettre, *f. m.* A fteel-instrument, wherewith fecretaries make overtures for the labels, with which they clofe their letters.
Perce-neige, *f. f.* A white winter-flower.
Perce-oreille, *f. m.* An ear-wig.
Perce-pierre, *f. f.* Parsley-pert.
Perceptible, *adj.* Perceptible, that may be perceived.
Perception, *f. f.* (recette.) Receipt, gaftering. * (Terme de Philofophie,) perception.
Percer, *v. a.* To pierce, bore or make a hole into; \clubsuit to pierce, tap or breach; \clubsuit to run through; \clubsuit to fink or go through. * Percer l'avenir ou dans l'avenir, to fortfee things to come. * Percer les mailles, les

PER 352

forêts, to go through the thickets or forefts.
Percer, *v. n. Ex.* Les dents commencent à lui percer, his teeth begin to peep or to appear. \clubsuit Percer, (en parlant d'un apofteме,) to break.
Percevoir, *v. a.* To receive, or gather.
Perche, *f. f.* A pole, a perch. \clubsuit (Meſure,) a rod, perch or pole; \clubsuit perch, a fiſh, ſo called.
Perché, *ée, adj.* Perched.
Percher, *v. n.* ou ſe percher, *v. r.* To perch.
Perchoir, *f. m.* A perching ſtick or rooſt.
Perclus, *uſe, adj.* Impotent, that has loſt the uſe of his limbs. * † Avoir le cerveau perclus, to be crack-brained.
Perçoir, *f. m.* A piercer.
Percuſſion, *f. f.* Percuſſion, ſtroke.
Perdant, *f. m.* A loſer.
Perdition, *f. fém.* Perdition, damnation, deſtruction. † Tout ſon bien ſ'en va en perdition, all his eſtate goes to wrack.
Perdre, *v. a.* To loſe. \clubsuit Perdre quelque choſe de vue, to loſe a thing, to loſe fight of it. * Perdre de réputation, to deſame. \clubsuit Perdre (ruiner,) to ruin or undo, to be the ruin or undoing of, to bring to ruin. \clubsuit Perdre ſon procès, to be caſt. \clubsuit Perdre courage, to be diſcouraged or diſheartened, to deſpond.
Perdre, ſe perdre, *v. r.* To loſe one's ſelf, to loſe one's way, not to know where one is. \clubsuit L'argent ſe perd aifément, money is eaſily loſt. \clubsuit Se perdre, (faire naufrage,) to be caſt away. * (S'égarer dans ſes railonnemens,) to loſe one's ſelf, to have a rambling way of arguing. \clubsuit La marée perd, the tide falls.
Perdreau, *f. m.* A young partridge.
Perdrigon, *f. mſc.* A ſort of plumb.
Perdrix, *f. f.* A partridge.

Perdu, ue, *adj.* (from *perdre*.) *Lost*, &c. *V. the verb*;
 * *lost*, not to be found.
Perdu de dettes, in debt over head and ears. * **Perdu** de débauches, *lewd* or *debauched*. * **Heures perdues**, *spare hours*, *spare time*. * **A corps perdu**, *desperately*. * **Un coup perdu**, a *random-shot*. **A coup perdu**, at *random*. **Tirer à coup perdu**, to *shoot at random*. **Une femme perdue**, an *abandoned whore*, a *lewd woman*, a *prostitute*.
Pere, *f. m.* *Father*. * **Nos peres**, (nos *ancêtres*), *our fore-fathers* or *ancestors*. * † *C'est le pere aux écus*, he is a *moneyed man*.
Péremption, *f. f.* (terme de Palais, *péremption d'instance*.) *A non-suit*. *V. Périsser*.
Péremptoire, *adjeft.* *Peremptory*.
Péremptoirement, *adv.* *Peremptorily*.
Perfection, *f. f.* *Perfection*, *perfectness*; * *accomplishment*. * **En perfection**, *perfectly*, *rarely well*.
Perfectionné, *ée*, *adj.* *Perfected*, *brought to perfection*; *finished* or *improved*.
Perfectionner, *v. a.* *To perfect*, *to make perfect* or *bring to perfection*, *to finish*.
Se perfectionner, *v. r.* *To improve*.
Perfide, *adj.* *Perfidious*, *treacherous*, *base*, *false*.
Perfidement, *adv.* *Perfidiously*, *basely*, *treacherously*, *falsely*.
Perfidie, *f. f.* *Perfidiousness*, *baseness*, *treachery*, *falsehood*.
Péris, *ie*, *adj.* (from *périr*.) *Perished*, *lost*, *destroyed*.
Péricarde, *f. m.* *Pericardium*, the *heart's pulse*.
Périliter, *v. n.* *To be in jeopardy* or *danger*.
Péricrâne, *f. m.* *Pericranium*, the *membrane covering the skull*.
Péridot, *f. masc.* *Peridot*, a *green-coloured stone*.
Périgée, *f. m.* *Perigee*, the

place wherein a planet is nearest the earth.
Périhélie, *f. m.* *Perihelium*.
Péril, *f. m.* *Peril*, *danger*, *hazard*.
Périlleusement, *adv.* *Perilously*, *dangerously*.
Périlleux, *euse*, *adj.* *Perilous*, *dangerous*, *hazardous*. * **Saut périlleux**, *somersaults*.
Périmé, *ée*, *adj. Ex.* *Instance périmée*, a *non-suit*.
Périmér, *v. n. Ex.* *Laisser périmér l'instance*, to *non-suit*, to *let fall a suit*.
Périnée, *f. m.* *Perineum*.
Période, *f. m. & f.* *Period*.
Période, *f. f.* (portion d'un discours.) *A period*, a *perfect sentence*.
Périodique, *adj.* *Periodical*. * **Style périodique**, a *full style*.
Périodiquement, *adv.* *Periodically*.
Périoite, *f. m.* *Perioiteum*.
Péripétie, *f. f.* *A sudden turn of fortune*, an *unexpected chance*.
Périphérie, *f. f.* *Periphery*, *circumference*.
Périphrase, *f. f.* *Periphrase*, *circumlocution*. * **Cette maniere de parler tient de la périphrase**, *this manner of speaking is periphrastical*. * **Dire une chose par périphrase**, to *speak a thing periphrastically*.
Périphrafer, *v. n.* *To periphrase* or *use circumlocutions*, to *speak periphrastically*.
Péripleumonie, *f. f.* *Peripneumony* or *inflammation of the lungs*.
Périr, *v. n.* *To perish*, to *go to ruin*, *wrack* or *decay*; to *be ruined* or *go down the wind*; * *to perish*, to *be cast away*.
Périssable, *adj.* *Perishable*, *of no duration*, *frail*, *brittle*.
Péristaltique, *adj. Ex.* *Mouvement péristaltique*, *peristaltic motion*.
Péristile, *f. m.* *A peristyle*.
Péritoine, *f. m.* *Peritonum*.
Perle, *f. f.* *A pearl*. * **Perle d'arbalète**, the *aim of a cross-bow*,

Perlé, *ée*, *adj.* *Pearled*, *see out with pearls*. * **Bouillon perlé**, a *good jelly broth*.
Perlures, *f. f. pl.* *Curplings of a deer's head*.
Permanent, *ente*, *adj.* *Permanent*, *constant*, *durable*, *continuing*, *lasting*.
Perme, *f. m.* *Permagy*, a *sort of boat used at Constantinople*.
Permettre, *v. a.* *To permit*, to *suffer*, *let*, *allow* or *give leave*. * (*Tolérer*,) to *suffer*, to *wink* or *connive at*, to *tolerate*. * **Il se permet beaucoup de choses**, he *takes a great latitude*.
Permis, *ile*, *adj.* *Suffered*, &c. *V. Permettre*. * (*Licite*,) *lawful*. * **A vous permis**, you *may do what you please*.
Permission, *f. f.* *Permission*, *allowance*, *leave*.
Permutant, *f. m.* *Permuter*.
Permutation, *f. f.* *Permutation*, *exchange of living*.
Permuter, *v. a.* *To permute* or *exchange living*.
Pernicieusement, *adv.* *Perniciously*, *mischievously*.
Pernicieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Pernicious*, *dangerous*, *destructive*, *mischievous*, *harmful*.
† **Péronnelle**, *f. f.* *A silly woman*, a *fool*.
Péroraison, *f. f.* *Peroration*, the *conclusion of an oration* or *speech*.
Perpendiculaire, *adj.* *Perpendicular*.
Perpendiculaire, *f. f.* *A perpendicular*, a *perpendicular line*.
Perpendiculairement, *adverb.* *Perpendicularly*.
Perpendicule, *f. m.* *A plummet*.
Perpétré, *ée*, *adj.* *Perpetrated*, *committed*.
† **Perpétrer**, *v. a.* *To perpetrate*, to *commit*.
Perpétué, *ée*, *adj.* *Perpetuated*, *eternised*.
Perpétuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Perpetual*, *continual*, *constant*, *eternal*, *endless*.
Perpétuellement, *adv.* *Perpetually*, *continually*, *without intermission*, *always*.

PER

Perpétuer, *v. a.* To perpetuate or eternize, to continue for ever.
Se perpétuer, *v. r.* To be perpetuated.
Perpétuité, *f. f.* Perpetuity, perpetual duration, endlessness.
A perpétuité, *adv.* For ever, for ever and ever.
Perplexe, *adjct.* Perplexed, weaving, irresolute, uncertain what to do.
Perplexité, *f. f.* Perplexity, irresolution, uncertainty, doubt, trouble, quandary.
Perquisition, *f. fém.* Perquisition, diligent search, strict enquiry.
Perron, *f. m.* Steps raised before the door of a great house, &c.
Perroquet, *f. m.* A parrot, a sort of bird; \clubsuit a top-mast or a top-gallant mast. La voile de perroquet, the top-sail. Mât de perroquet, the top-gallant mast. \clubsuit Perroquet, (sorte de chaise à dos qui se plie,) a folding chair with a back.
Perruche, *f. f.* (petit perroquet vert des Indes.) Parrot; \clubsuit mixen-top-gallant-sail. Mât de la perruche, mixen-top-gallant-mast.
Perruque, *f. f.* Periwig, wig or peruke.
Perruquier, *f. m.* A periwig-maker.
 \ddagger **Pers**, *erle*, *adjct.* Bluish-gray.
Persecutant, *ante*, *adj.* Persecuting, troublesome, teasing.
Persecuté, *é*, *adj.* Persecuted, that has suffered persecution, &c. *V.* Persecuteur.
Persecuter, *v. a.* To persecute, vex or torment; \clubsuit to persecute, trouble, torment, haunt or dun.
Persecuteur, *subst. m.* A persecutor; \clubsuit a troublesome man.
Persecution, *f. fém.* Persecution.
Persevéran, *f. f.* Perseverance, constancy, steadiness, resoluteness.

PER

Persevéran, *ante*, *adj.* Persevering, steadfast, steady, constant, resolute.
Persevéran, *v. n.* To persevere, persist, to continue or be steadfast, to hold on constantly, to be constant.
Perficaire, *subst. fém.* Arse-smart.
Perfil, *subst. masc.* Parsley, an herb.
Perfillade, *f. f.* Beef-stakes with parsley.
Perfillé, *adj.* *Ex.* Fromage perfillé, green cheese.
Persister, *v. neut.* To persist, continue, stand or hold on.
Personnage, *f. m.* Person, man, personage. Un sot personnage, a silly man or fellow. \clubsuit Tapiserie à personnages, imagery.
Personnalité, *f. f.* Personality.
Personnat, *f. m.* Personate or personat.
Personne, *f. f.* Person, a man or woman. Il aime sa personne, he loves his dear self or his carcass. \clubsuit Personne, (nul,) no body, no man, no person.
Personnel, *elle*, *adj.* Personal. \clubsuit Action personnelle, an action in the personality.
Personnellement, *adv.* Personally, in person, in one's own person.
Personnifier, *v. a.* To personify.
Perspective, *f. f.* Perspective; \clubsuit a landskip; \clubsuit prospect or vista.
Perspicacité, *f. fém.* Perspicacity, quickness of apprehension; sagacity, penetration.
Perspicuité, *f. fém.* (clarté, netteté.) Perspicuity, clearness, plainness.
Persuadé, *é*, *adj.* Persuaded, &c. according to the verb.
Persuader, *v. a.* To persuade, convince, satisfy or make to believe; \clubsuit to persuade or advise, to put one upon, to induce.
Se persuader, *v. r.* To persuade one's self, to think, fancy, imagine or believe.

PES 359

Persuasif, *ive*, *adj.* Persuasive, persuasory.
Persuasion, *f. f.* Persuasion; \clubsuit advice or motion; \clubsuit persuasion, opinion, belief.
Perte, *f. f.* Loss; Faire une perte, to have a loss. Perte au jeu, loss, losing. \clubsuit Perte de sang, loss of blood; \clubsuit an issue of blood. \clubsuit Perte, (dommage,) loss, damage, prejudice, disadvantage, detriment. \clubsuit (Ruine,) loss, ruin. \clubsuit (Mauvais succès,) loss, losing.
A perte, *adv.* To loss. Vendre à perte, to sell to loss, to lose by what one sells.
Pertinément, *adv.* Pertinently, to the purpose.
Pertinent, *ente*, *adj.* Pertinent, fit, to the purpose.
 \dagger **Pertuis**, *f. m.* Hole.
Pertuisane, *subst. f.* A par-tisan.
Perturbateur, *f. m.* Perturbator, disturber.
Perturbation, *f. f.* Perturbation, disturbance, trouble.
Perturbatrice, *f. fém.* A she-disturber.
Pervenche, *f. f.* Perwinkle, a sort of herb.
Pervers, *erle*, *adj.* Perverse, wicked, forward, untoward. Il est la terreur des pervers, he is the terror of wicked men.
Perversion, *f. f.* Perversion, perverseness, corruption.
Perverité, *f. f.* Perverseness, or perversity, forwardness, untowardness, malice, wickedness.
Perverti, *ie*, *adj.* Perverted, &c.
Pervertir, *v. a.* To pervert or seduce; \clubsuit to deprave, spoil, debauch or corrupt.
Posamment, *adv.* Heavily.
Pesant, *ante*, *adj.* Heavy, weighty, ponderous; \clubsuit heavy, unwieldy. \clubsuit Une pistole pesante, a pistole that weighs. * Pesant, (lent, grossier,) heavy, dull, slow. * (Embarrassant,) troublesome, burdensome, cumbersome. \clubsuit Un cheval pesant à la main, a hard-mouthed horse.
Pesant, *f. m.* *Ex.* Mulet qui

porte cinq cents pefant. *A mule that carries five hundred weights.*
 Pefanteur, *f. f. Weight, heaviness, unwieldiness; * dullness, slowness.*
 Pefé, *ée, adj. Weighed, &c. V. Pefer.*
 Pefée, *f. f. All that is weighed at once.*
 Pefer, *v. a. To weigh.*
 Pefer, *v. n. To weigh, to be heavy, to be of any weight.*
 ♣ Pefer fur une manœuvre, *to hang upon any rope over head.*
 Pefeur, *f. m. Weigher.*
 Pefon, *f. m. Steel-yard, a sort of weight.*
 Pefsaire, *f. m. Peffary.*
 Pefte, *f. fém. Pest, plague, pestilence, sickness. * C'est une peste, he is a dangerous man. ♣ Peste! (imprecation,) dewce. La peste soit du fou! dewce take him for a fool.*
 Pefte! *interj. I swear, blefs me.*
 † Pefter, *v. n. To be mad or enraged; to storm, bluster or rear.*
 Peftifere, *adj. Pefliferos, infectious, contagious.*
 Peftiféré, *ée, adj. Infected with or that has got the plague. Un peftiféré, a person infected with the plague.*
 Peftilence, *f. f. Peftilence, plague, infection.*
 Peftilent, *ente, adjct. Peftilent.*
 Peftilentiel, *elle, ou Peftilentieux, eufe, adj. Peftilent, peftilential, infectious, contagious.*
 Pet, *f. m. A fart.*
 Pétalifme, *f. m. (exil pour cinq ans.) Petalifm.*
 Pétarade, *f. f. A horfe's farting.*
 Petard, *f. m. Petard; ♣ a cracker.*
 Petardé, *ée, adj. Blown up with a petard.*
 Petarder, *v. a. To blow up with a petard.*
 Petardier, *f. m. A petardeer.*
 † Petaud, *f. m. Ex. La cour du Roi Petaud, ou la cour petaudiere, Dover court, where all are fpeakers and*

*none hearers; or * a bearingden.*
 Peter, *v. n. To fart, to let a fart, to break wind; * to bounce or crack; * to crackle.*
 Peteur, *f. m. A farter, a farting man.*
 Peteufe, *f. f. A farting girl or woman.*
 Petillant, *ante, adj. Crackling, sparkling, mettlesome.*
 Petillement, *f. m. Crackling, sparkling.*
 Petiller, *v. n. To crackle; * to sparkle.*
 Petit, *ite, adj. Little, small.*
 Petit homme, *a little or short man. ♣ Les petits (les jeunes) Princes, the young Princes. ♣ Le petit fceau, the privy feal. ♣ Du petit-lait, whey. ♣ Petit lard, streaked bacon. ♣ Petite-oie, goose-giblets. V. Oie. ♣ Petit-gris, (ou menu-vair,) a sort of fur.*
 Petit, *f. m. Ex. Peindre en petit, to paint in little. Les petits & les grands, the little and the great ones. ♣ Petits, young ones.*
 Petit à petit, *adv. By degrees, by little and little.*
 Petitement, *adv. Little; ♣ meanly, poorly.*
 Petiteffe, *f. f. Littleness or low stature; ♣ meanness, lowliness; * littleness or slenderness.*
 Péttion, *f. fém. Pétition de principe, a begging the question.*
 Pétttoire, *f. m. ou action péttoire, adj. Demand.*
 † Peton, *f. m. Little foot.*
 Petoncle, *f. f. A cockle.*
 Pétrée, *adj. Ex. L'Arabie Pétrée, Arabia Petrea.*
 Pétri, *ie, adj. Kneaded, &c. V. Pétrir.*
 Pétrification, *f. f. Petrifying or petrification.*
 Pétrifié, *ée, adj. Petrified, turned into stone.*
 Pétrifier, *v. a. To petrify or turn into stone.*
 Se pétrifier, *v. r. To petrify, to turn or grow into stone.*
 Pétrin, *f. m. Trough, a baker's kneading-trough.*
 Pétrir, *v. a. To knead,*

Pétrole, *f. m. Petrol or rock-oil.*
 Pétulamment, *adv. Petulantly, boisterously, saucily, malapertly.*
 Pétulance, *f. f. Petulance, boisterousness, sauciness, malapertness.*
 Pétulant, *ante, adjct. Petulant, boisterous, saucy, malapert.*
 † Petun, *f. m. Tobacco.*
 † Petuner, *v. n. To smoke.*
 Peu, *adv. Little, but little, but a little; few, but few, but a few. Manger peu, to eat little or but little. Peu de gens, few people. Si peu que rien, very little. ♣ Peu de chose, a small matter. ♣ Peu de fanté, craziness. ♣ Peu souvent, seldom, not often. ♣ Peu à peu; by degrees, by little and little. ♣ A peu de chose près, within a small matter.*
 Peu (un), *f. m. A little, some, somewhat.*
 Peuille, *f. fém. A piece of new coin broke off for an essay.*
 Peuplade, *f. f. A colony.*
 Peuple, *f. m. People, nation; ♣ people, folks; ♣ the people or commonalty, the meaner sort, the mobile, the vulgar.*
 Peuplé, *ée, adj. Peopled, populous, &c. V. Peupler.*
 Peupler, *v. a. To people.*
 Peupler, *v. n. To increase or multiply.*
 Peuplier, *f. m. (grand arbre.) Poplar, the poplar-tree.*
 Peur, *f. fém. Fear, fright, dread. Avoir peur, to stand in fear, to fear, to be afraid. Avoir grand'peur, to be in great fear.*
 Peureux, *eufe, adj. Fearful, timorous, saint-hearted. ♣ Cheval peureux, a flaring horse.*
 Peut, *V. Pouvoir.*
 Peut-être, *adv. dubitans. May be, it may be, perhaps.*
 Phaéton, *f. m. (sorte de caleche.) A phacton.*
 Phalange, *f. f. Phalanx.*
 Phantafie, *V. Fantafie.*
 Phantôme, *V. Fantôme.*
 Phare, *f. m. Phare, pharos; a light-house.*

PHA

Pharisaïque, *adj.* *Pharisaical.*
 Pharisien, *f. m.* *A Pharisee.*
 Pharmacie, *f. f.* *Pharmacy.*
 Pharmacien, *f. m.* *A pharmacist, an apothecary.*
 Pharmacopée, *f. f.* *A dispensatory.*
 Phase, *f. f.* *Phasis or aspect of the moon.*
 Phaséole, *f. f.* (feve de haricot.) *V. Faféole.*
 Phébus, *f. m.* *Phabus, Apollo.*
 Phénix, *f. m.* *A phenix.*
 Phénomène, *f. m.* *Phenomenon.*
 Philologie, *f. f.* *Philology, universal learning.*
 Philologue, *f. m.* *A philologist.*
 Philosophal, *ale. adjct.* *Ex.* La pierre philosophale, *the philosopher's stone.*
 Philosophe, *f. m.* *A philosopher; a wife man; a student in philosophy.*
 Philosopher, *v. n.* *To speak or write philosophy, to argue like a philosopher.* *Philosopher*, (moraliser,) *to moralise or talk morals.*
 Philosophie, *f. f.* *Philosophy.*
 Philosophique, *adj.* *Philosophical.*
 Philosophiquement, *adv.* *Philosophically, philosopher-like.*
 Philtre, *f. m.* *Philter, a love-potion.*
 Phiole, *subst. f.* *Vial, bottle, glass-bottle.*
 Phlébotomie, *f. f.* *Phlebotomy, letting of blood.*
 Phlébotomiser, *v. a.* *To let blood, to breathe or open the vein.*
 Phlegme, &c. *V. Flegme, &c.*
 Phosphore, *f. m.* *Phosphorus.*
 Phrase, *f. f.* *Phrase, sentence.*
 Phrénésie, &c. *V. Frénésie, &c.*
 Phthisie, *f. f.* *Phthisick, consumption.*
 Phthitique, *adj.* *Troubled with a phthisick, consumptive.*
 Phylactère, *f. m.* *Phylactery.*
 Physicien, *f. m.* *A natural philosopher.*
 Physiologie, *f. f.* *Physiology.*
 Physionomie, *subst. f.* *Physiognomy.*
 Physionomiste, *f. m.* *Physiognomist.*

PIE

Physique, *f. f.* *Physick, natural philosophy.*
 Physique, *adj.* *Physical, natural.*
 Physiquement, *adverb.* *Physically, naturally.*
 † Piaffe, *f. f.* *Strutting; vain-glorious shew, parade, state.*
 † Piaffer, *v. n.* *To strut it, to make a vain-glorious shew of one's self; to take state upon one.*
 Piaffeur, *f. m.* *Ex.* Cheval piaffeur, *a proud or stately horse.*
 † Piailler, *v. n.* (crier d'un ton aigre & aigu.) *To squawl, bawl or scold.*
 † Piaillerie, *f. f.* *Squawling, bawling or scolding.*
 † Piailleur, *f. m.* *Piailleuse, f. f.* *A brawler, a squawler, a bawling or scolding man or woman.*
 Piaître, *f. f.* *A piafter or piece of eight, a Spanish coin.*
 Pic, *f. m.* (instrument de fer.) *A pick-ax.* (Terme du jeu de Piquet,) *peek, at picket.* (Sorte de vergue,) *gaff.*
 Pica, *f. m.* *Longing.*
 Picorée, *subst. f.* *Pickeering, plundering.* *Ex.* Aller-à la picorée, *to go a plundering about.*
 Picorer, *v. n.* *To plunder, to go a plundering about.*
 † Picoreur, *f. m.* *Free-booter, a plundering soldier.*
 Picot, *f. m.* *Purl.*
 Picoté, *ée. adj.* *Pricked, &c.* *V. Picoter.*
 Picotement, *f. m.* *A pricking.*
 Picoter, *v. a.* *To prick, to stimulate.* *Picoter*, (béqueter,) *to peck.* *Picoter*, (agacer,) *to tease, to provoke, to anger, to quarrel.*
 Picoterie, *f. f.* *A bickering, a quarrel.*
 Picotin, *f. m.* *Peck.* *Ex.* Un picotin d'avoine, *a peck of oats.*
 Picpus, *f. m. pl.* *An Order of Franciscan friars.*
 Pie, *f. f.* *A magpy or pie. Pie grièche, a speckled magpy or wary-angel.* (Femme querelleuse,) *a shrew, a very scold.* † Il croit avoir trouvé la pie au nid, *he thinks himself cocksure,*

PIE 361

Pie, *adj.* (pieux.) *Pious, godly, charitable.* *Œuvre pie, charitable use.* *‡ Pie-mere, pia-mater.*
 Piece, *f. f.* *A piece, part or bit of a thing.* *‡ Une piece de vin, a vessel of wine.* *‡ Pieces de rapport, inlaid-work.* *‡ Piece d'artillerie, piece of canon, piece of ordnance, a cannon.* *‡ Piece, piece, piece of work.* *‡ Piece ou piece de théâtre, a play, a piece for the stage.* *‡ Piece, (pour raccommodeur,) piece, patch; a stomacher.* *‡ (Au jeu des Echecs,) a piece at chess.* *‡ Piece, (tour malicieux,) a trick, a roguish trick.* *‡ Armé de toutes pieces, armed cap-a-pee or all in armour.*
 Pied, *f. m.* *Foot.* * Cinq cents pieds d'arbres, *five hundred trees.* * † Si vous lui donnez un pied, il en prendra quatre, *givahim an inch, and he'll take an ell.* *‡ Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand a tip-toe.* *De pied en cap, cap-a-pee, from head to foot, from top to toe.* *‡ Coup de pied, kick.* *‡ De pied ferme, without stirring.* * Le combat étoit de pied ferme, *the fight was obstinate.* * Pied à pied, (peu à peu,) *gradually, by degrees, by little and little.* * Aller pied à pied, *to go with deliberation.* *‡ Prendre pied, (toucher le fond de l'eau,) to come within one's depth, to take footing.* * Une coutume qui prend pied, *a custom that gets footing.* * Prendre quelqu'un au pied levé, *to take or snap one up.* * Il y va bien d'un autre pied, *he takes quite another course.* * Pied, (état, condition,) *pass; condition.* * Mettre quelqu'un sur le bon pied, *to order one right.* *‡ Mettre une armée sur pied, to raise an army.* *‡ Entretenir une armée sur pied, to keep a standing army.* *‡ Sur le pied, (à raison,) as the rate.* *‡ Avoir bon pied,*

to be a good footman or a stout walker. ♦ Gens de pied, *foot or foot-soldiers.*
 Un valet de pied, *a footman, a footboy, a lackey.*
 * Lâcher le pied, *to give ground or way.* ♦ A pied sec, *dry foot.* * † Haut le pied (il faut s'en aller,) *away.* ♦ Un vase à trois pieds, *a three-footed vessel.*
 Une bête à quatre pieds, *a four-footed beast.* ♦ Pieds de mouton, *trotters.* ♦ Pieds de cochon, *petticoes.*
 ♦ Pied (ou plante) d'oeillet, de vigne, &c. *a set or plant.* * † Faire le pied de veau, *to make a bow or a leg.* * Sécher sur pied, *to be in a sad condition.* * Chercher à pied & à cheval, *to look every where.*
 Pied-droit, *subst. m. Piedroit, a square pillar, part of it being in the wall; ♦ the post of a door or window.*
 Piédestal, *f. m. The footstall, a pedestal of a pillar.*
 Piédouche, *f. m. Piedouche, a little stand or pedestal.*
 Piege, *f. m. A gin, a snare or springe.*
 Pierre, *f. f. Stone.* Pierre de taille, *free-stone.* * Il gele à pierre fendre, *it freezes very hard.* Pierre de touche, *touch-stone.*
 Pierrée, *f. f. A drain.*
 Pierrieres, *f. f. pl. Jewels, precious stones.*
 Pierrette, *f. f. Ex. Jouer à la pierrette, to play at marbles.*
 Pierreux, *euse, adj. Stony, full of stones.*
 Pierrier, *f. m. A pederero or swivel gun; ♦ a fowler, a sort of gun.*
 Piété, *f. f. Piety, godliness, religion, devotion.* Gens sans piété, *ungodly men.*
 Piéter, *v. n. Ex. D'où piéters-nous? What place shall we play from? Piétez bien, stand fair to the trigger.* ♦ Piéter l'étrave & l'étambord, *to mark the stem and stern-post with feet.*
 Piétiner, *v. n. To kick and jerk with one's feet, to kick about.*

Piéton, *one. f. Walker.*
 † Pietre, *adj. Sorry, wretched, pitiful, palsy.*
 † Piétrement, *adv. Sorryly, wretchedly, pitifully.*
 † Piétrerie, *f. f. A sorry or pitiful thing, wretched or palsy stuff.*
 Pieu, *f. m. A stake.*
 Pieusement, *adverb. Piously, godly, religiously.*
 Pieux, *euse, adj. Pious, godly, devout, religious.*
 R. Pieux, *in one syllable, is the plural of pieu.*
 † Piffre, *f. m. Piffresse, f. f. A fat gus.*
 Pigeon, *f. m. Pigeon, dove.* * † (Dupe,) *a bubble.*
 Pigeonneau, *f. m. A young pigeon.*
 Pigeonnier, *f. m. A pigeon-house or dove-house.*
 † Pignocher, *verb. neut. To piddle.*
 Pignon, *f. m. The kernel of a pine-apple; ♦ the cap on the ridge or top of the house.*
 Plâstre, *f. m. A plaster.*
 Pile, *f. f. Pile.*
 Pilé, *ée, adj. Beaten, bruised, pounded.*
 Piler, *v. a. To beat, pound, bruise or bray.*
 * † Pileur, *f. m. Ex. C'est un grand pileur, he is a great trencher-man, feeder or eater.*
 Pilier, *f. m. A pillar.* ♦ (Poteau,) *post.*
 Pillage, *f. m. Plunder, a pillage.*
 † Pillard, *arde, adj. Thievish, pilfering, filching.*
 Pillard, *f. m. A robber, spoiler, plunderer.*
 Pillé, *ée, adjett. Plundered, pillaged, stolen, robbed.*
 Piller, *v. a. To plunder, pillage, steal.*
 Pilleric, *subst. f. Plundering, robbery, extortion.*
 Pilleur, *f. m. A plunderer, robber or extortioner; * a plagiarist.*
 Pilon, *f. m. A pestle.*
 Pilori, *f. m. The pillory.*
 Pilorié, *ée, adj. Set in the pillory.*
 Pilorier, *v. a. To set in the pillory.*

Pilofelle, *f. f. Hawk-weed, a sort of herb.*
 Pilotage, *f. m. A pile-work, any thing made of or strengthened with piles; ♦ the art of steering a ship.*
 Pilote, *f. m. A pilot.* ♦ Pilote hauturier, *sea-pilot.* ♦ Pilote lamineur, *a coasting, harbour or river pilot.*
 Piloté, *ée, adj. Strengthened with piles.*
 Piloter, *v. a. & n. To strengthen with piles, to drive in piles.* ♦ Piloter un vaisseau, *to pilot a ship.*
 Pilotis, *f. m. A pile or wooden stake driven in with a commander.*
 Pilule, *f. f. A pill, a physical pelles.* * † Dorer la pilule, *to gild the pill.*
 † Pimbêche, *f. f. An impertinent or silly woman.*
 † Pimpant, *ante, adj. Fine, spruce, gaudy, flaming.*
 Pimprenelle, *f. f. Pimpernel or burnet, a sort of herb.*
 Pin, *f. m. A pine-tree.*
 Pinnacle, *f. m. Pinnacle, basilement.*
 Pinasse, *f. f. A pinnace.*
 Pince, *f. f. A croc, an iron-bar or lever; ♦ a twill; ♦ toe of a horse's foot.* ♦ Les pincés d'un cheval, *the gatherers.* ♦ Les pincés des bêtes fauves, *the edge of a deer's hoof.*
 Pincé, *ée, adj. (from pincer.) Pinched, &c. V. the verb.*
 Pinceau, *f. m. A pencil.* ♦ (Brosse,) *brush.*
 Pincée, *f. f. A pinch, as much as one can take with his finger's ends.*
 Pincelier, *f. m. A painter's utensil; any thing wherein a painter cleanses his pencils.*
 † Pince-maille, *f. m. A pinch-penny, a penny-father, a pinch-fist.*
 Pincer, *v. a. To pinch; ♦ to nip, pinch or slip off.* * Pincer, *to nip, jeer, play upon or give a wipe; to banter.* ♦ Pincer le vent, *to haul the wind.*
 Pincettes, *f. f. pl. Nippers; ♦ tongs or a pair of tongs.*
 Pinçon, *f. m. The mark that*

PIN

remains on the skin when one is pinched.
Pindarique, *adj.éc.* (qui est à l'imitation de Pindare.) *Pindarick*.
Pindariser, *v. a.* To speak affectedly, to have an affected way of speaking.
Pindariseur, *f. m.* One that speaks affectedly.
Pinéale, *adj. fem.* glande pinéale, the pineal gland in the brain.
Pingue, *f. f.* (flûte.) Pink, a sort of sea-vessel.
Pinson, *f. m.* (oiseau.) Chaffinch.
Pinte, *f. f.* (mesure.) A pint.
Pinter, *verb. neut.* To tipple, to guggle.
Pioche, *f. f.* A kind of pickaxe, mattock.
Piocher, *v. a.* To dig or break up the ground.
Pion, *f. m.* A pawn, at chess.
 * † Damer le pion à quelqu'un, to quido one.
Pionnier, *f. m.* A pioneer, a workman in an army.
 † **Piot**, *subst. m.* (du vin.) Wine.
Pipe, *f. f.* A pipe or tobacco-pipe; ♦ a pipe, a wine-vessel.
 † **Pipé**, *éc, adj.* Cheated or gulled. *V.* Piper.
Pipeau, *f. m.* A pipe or oaten-pipe.
Pipée, *f. f.* A way of catching birds with a bird-call.
Piper, *v. a.* To counterfeit the voice of birds in order to catch them; ♦ to bubble, to cheat at play. ♦ Piper les dés, to cog the dice.
Piperie, *f. f.* A trick, flights, or cheat.
Pipeur, *f. m.* Cheat or sharper.
Piquant, *ante, adj.* Pricking, stinging, nipping; ♦ Prickly, sharp; ♦ tart, poignant; ♦ biting, nipping, cutting, satirical, keen, poignant, abusive, bitter.
Piquant, *f. m.* A prickle.
Pique, *f. f.* A pike; ♦ pike or pike-man; ♦ spleen, grudge, bickering.
Pique, *f. m.* Spade at cards.
Piqué, *éc, adj.éc.* Pricked or pricks, &c. according to the verb.

PIS

Piquer, *v. a.éc.* (percer.) To prick or sting. ♦ Piquer (ou larder) la viande, to lard meat. ♦ Piquer, (coudre,) to stitch. * (Fâcher, irriter,) to nettie, touch, offend, exasperate or nip. ♦ Piquer un cheval ou piquer, to spur a horse, to put on. * Piquer, (encourager,) to spur on, stir up, encourage or animate.
Se piquer, *v. r.* (s'offenser.) To be offended, to take in dudgeon, to take pet or snuff at; to be angry. ♦ Se piquer, to pretend to, to set up for. Je ne me pique de rien, I pretend to nothing.
Piquet, *f. m.* A stake, a peg or picket; ♦ picket, a sort of game at cards.
Piquette, *f. f.* Small or earl wine.
Piqueur, *f. m.* A pricker, a huntsman on horseback; ♦ an overseer of buildings; ♦ larder.
Piquier, *subst. m.* A pikeman.
Piqure, *f. f.* A pricking; ♦ quilting.
Piramidal, **Piramide**, &c. *V.* Pyramide, &c.
Pirate, *f. m.* A pirate, a rover, a robber on the sea.
Pirater, *v. n.* To play the pirate, to exercise piracy, to rove on the sea.
Piraterie, *f. f.* Piracy.
Pire, *adj.éc.* Worse. Le pire, (le plus méchant de tous,) the worst.
Pirogue, *f. f.* (forte de canot.) Periagua.
Pirouette, *f. f.* A whirligig; ♦ the turning upon one leg, the other up.
Pirouetter, *v. n.* To turn upon one leg.
Pis, *f. m.* Udder, dug.
Pis, *adj.* Worse.
Pis, *f. m.* The worse or worst. Faire du pis qu'on peut, to do one's worst. Au pis aller, when all comes to all, when the worst comes to the worst.
Piscine, *subst. f.* A pool or pond.
Pissat, *subst. m.* Piss, urine.

PIT 363

Pissat de cheval, horse-piss or stale.
Pissenlit, *f. m.* Piss-a-bed; ♦ dandelion, an herb.
Pisser, *v. n.* To piss or make water, to urinate. ♦ (En parlant d'un cheval,) to stale, being said of a horse.
Pisser, *v. a.éc.* Ex. Pisser du sang, to piss blood.
Pisseur, *f. m.* Pisseuse, *f. f.* One who pisses often.
Pissoir, *f. m.* A pissing-place.
Pistoler, *v. n.* To piss often.
Pistache, *f. f.* Pistachio or pistachio-nut.
Pistachier, *f. m.* The pistachio-tree.
Piste, *f. f.* The track, print of the foot or footing.
Pistole, *f. f.* Pistole, a sort of gold foreign coin.
Pistolet, *f. m.* A pistol.
Piston, *f. m.* The sucker of a pump.
Pittance, *subst. f.* Pittance or allowance of food.
 † **Pitaud**, *f. m.* A country-lob or clown, a lubberly fellow.
Pitaude, *f. f.* A coarse or clatterly woman.
Pite, *f. f.* A base coin of old, worth the twelfth part of a farthing; a mite.
 † **Piteusement**, *adv.* Sadly, grievously, pitifully, wofully, wretchedly, lamentably.
 † **Piteux**, *euse, adj.* Sad, grievous, pitiful, woful, wretched, lamentable.
Pitié, *subst. f.* Pity, compassion, commiseration, concern. Avoir pitié de, to take pity on, to pity. P. Il vaut mieux faire envie que pitié, P. It is better to be envied than pitied.
Piton, *f. m.* A pin with a round eye.
Pitoyable, *adj.* (enclin à la pitié.) Pitiful, compassionate, tender hearted; ♦ pitiful, woful, sad, lamentable, to be pitied; ♦ pitiful, sad, wretched, miserable.
Pitoyablement, *adv.* Sadly, wretchedly, pitifully, miserably.
Pituite, *f. f.* Phlegm, piumite.

Pituiteux, euse, *adj.* Pituitous, phlegmatick, waterish.

Pituiteux, *f. m.* A phlegmatick man.

Pivert, *f. m.* A wood-pecker.

Pivoine, *f. m.* A gnat-snapper.

Pivoine, *f. f.* (plante.) Peony.

Pivot, *f. m.* Pivot, hinge or axis. ♦ — (de meule de moulin,) the treadle of a mill. ♦ — (de cabestan,) spindle of a capstan.

Placage, *f. m.* Veneering, a sort of joiner's-work.

Placard, *f. m.* A bill or paper posted up; ♦ a placart or proclamation; ♦ a libel.

Placarder, *v. a.* Placarder quelqu'un, to post up or libel one.

Place, *f. f.* (lieu, espace.) Place or room. ♦ Il a été tué sur la place, he was killed upon the spot. ♦ Place, (forteresse,) a place, town, hold or fortress. ♦ (Lieu public dans une ville,) a place or square in a town.

Place du marché, the market-place. ♦ Place, (lieu du change,) the exchange.

Jour de place, exchange-day. ♦ Place, (charge,) a place, office, employment or dignity.

Placé, ée, *adj.* Placed, put or laid; that has got a place or an employment, in place.

Placer, *v. a.* To place, put, lay or seat. * Placer bien ses charités, to bestow well one's charities. * Placer de l'argent, to let out money.

♦ Placer quelqu'un, to get one a place or employ, to put him in a place, to prefer him.

Se placer, *v. r.* To place one's self, to take one's place.

Placet, *f. m.* Stool, a low stool; ♦ a petition.

† Placier, iere, *f.* The tenant or owner of a market-place.

Plafond, *f. m.* The ceiling. ♦ (D'un vaisseau,) the floor or bottom of a ship.

Plafonner, *v. a.* To make a ceiling, to ciel.

Plage, *f. f.* A flat shore, a sandy beach; ♦ country, climate, place, region.

Plagiaire, *f. m.* ou *adj.* A plagiarist.

Plaid. *V.* Plaids.

Plaidant, *adj. m.* Ex. Avocat plaidant, a pleading Counsellor.

Plaidé, ée, *adj.* Pleaded, &c. *V.* Plaider.

Plaider, *v. n.* To plead; ♦ to be at law.

Plaider, *v. a.* Plaider quelqu'un, to sue one at law, to go to law with him. ♦ Plaider une cause, to defend a cause.

Plaideur, *f. m.* Plaideuse, *f. f.* A litigious man or woman; ♦ one that has a law-suit or that is at law, a suiter in Chancery.

Plaidoyable, *adject.* Ex. Jour plaidoyable, a court-day.

Plaidoyer, *f. m.* Pleading, brief.

Plaids, *f. m. pl.* Court-leet.

Plaie, *f. f.* (bleffure.) Wound, sore; ♦ trouble or affliction.

† Ne demander que plaie & bosse, to love strife and contention.

Plaignant, ante, *f. m.* & *f.* A plaintiff.

Plain, aine, *adj.* (uni, plat.) Plain, even, flat. ♦ Linge plain, plain linen.

Plaindre, *v. a.* To pity, bewail, bemoan or lament, to be sorry or concerned for. ♦ (Faire ou donner à regret,) to grudge or rapine at.

Se plaindre, *v. r.* (gémir.) To complain, lament or groan, to bemoan one's self. ♦ (Faire des plaintes,) to complain, to expostulate.

Plaine, *f. f.* (plate campagne.) A plain or champaign-ground.

Plaint, ainte, *adj.* Pined, &c. *V.* Plaindre.

Plainte, *f. f.* Complaint.

Plaintif, ive, *adj.* Moanful, doleful, groaning; ♦ whining, whimpering.

Plaintivement, *adv.* Moanfully, dolefully, whiningly.

Plaire, *v. n.* To please, to be acceptable or agreeable. ♦ Plaire, (trouver bon,) to please, will or be pleased.

Il a plu à Dieu de l'affliger,

it pleased God to afflict him.

Plaise au Roi, may it please his Majesty. ♦ A Dieu ne

plaise, God forbid. ♦ Plût à Dieu que, would to God that.

Plaire, se plaire à quelque chose, *v. réc.* To be pleased with a thing, to like or love it, to delight, to take pleasure in it.

Plaisamment, *adv.* Pleasantly, merrily.

Plaisance, *f. f.* Une maison ou un lieu de plaisance, a fine country-seat, a house of pleasure.

Plaisant, ante, *adj.* (agréable.) Pleasant, pleasing, agreeable, sweet. ♦ (Qui fait rire,) pleasant, merry, comical; ♦ ridiculous, impertinent.

Plaisant, subst. *m.* A jester, a buffoon.

Plaisanter, *v. n.* To jest, joke, droll or banter.

Plaisanterie, *f. f.* A jest, joke, banter, humour, droll, buffoonry. ♦ Plaisanterie à part, seriously, in good earnest, without jesting.

Plaisir, *f. m.* (joie.) Pleasure, joy, delight, satisfaction, content. Donner du plaisir, to please, to be pleasing, to delight. ♦ Plaisir, (récréation,) pleasure, pastime, diversion, recreation, sport.

♦ Les plaisirs du Roi, the King's game. ♦ Plaisir, (volonté,) pleasure, will, humour, fancy; ♦ consent, assent; ♦ favour, kindness, good turn, friendly office, courtesy. Ce sera lui faire plaisir que de lui apprendre, it will be a grateful office to let him know.

A plaisir, *adv.* Designedly.

Par plaisir, for sport-sake, for pastime or recreation.

Plan, *f. m.* Plan, draught, model or ground-plan. ♦ (surface plane,) plane, a plain superficies.

Plan, aie, *adj.* Plain.

Planche, *f. f.* Plank, board or shelf; ♦ a bed or border in a garden; ♦ a plan. ♦ (Exemple,) precedent.

Plancher, *f. m.* Floor; ♦ che,

PLA

diag. ♦ Plancher de la cale, plat form of the hold.
 Planchette, *f. f.* A little board or shelf.
 Planchié, *ée*, *adj.* Boarded.
 Planchier, *v. a.* To board.
 Plançon. *Voy.* Plantard. ♦ *Plank-timber.*
 Plane, *f. m.* A plane-tree.
 Plane, *f. f.* A plane.
 Plané, *ée*, *adj.* Planed, &c.
 Planer, *v. n.* To hover, as a bird.
 Planer, *v. a.* To plane. Planer un plat, to planish a dish, to beat a dish even.
 Planétaire, *adj.* Planetary.
 Planete, *f. f.* A planer.
 Planeur, *f. m.* (ouvrier qui plane la vaisselle.) A planisher.
 Planimétrie, *f. f.* Planimetry.
 Planisphere, *f. m.* A planisphere.
 Plant, *f. m.* A plant, a set.
 Plantage, *f. m.* Planting; ♦ *plantation.*
 Plantain, *f. m.* Plantain, a physical herb.
 Plantard, *f. m.* A set or twig.
 Plante, *f. f.* A plant, a vegetable. ♦ (Jeune vigne,) a vineyard newly set.
 Planté, *ée*, *adj.* Planted, set, &c. *V.* Planter.
 Planter, *v. a.* To plant or set; ♦ *to set or set up.* ♦ Se planter devant quelqu'un, to set, place or put one's self before one.
 Planteur, *f. m.* A planter or setter.
 Plantoir, *f. m.* A dibble, a planting or setting stick.
 ‡ Plantureusement, *adv.* Plentifully, in abundance.
 ‡ Plantureux, *euse*, *adj.* Plentiful, abundant.
 Planure, *f. f.* (from planer.) Chip.
 Plaque, *f. f.* (table de quelque métal.) A plate of metal; ♦ the shell of a sword's hilt; ♦ the crown of a periwig; ♦ the back of a chimney.
 Plaqué, *ée*, *adj.* Claps.
 Plaquer, *v. a.* To clap on. ♦ † Plaquer un soufflet, to give a slap on the cheek.
 Plastron, *f. m.* Plastron.
 Plat, ate, *adj.* Flat. ♦ (Bas,

PLA

rampant,) flat, low, mean, common, ordinary. Un pied plat, a wretched fellow.
 Plat, *f. m.* A dish; ♦ *dish or mess.* ♦ Plat de l'équipage, (en termes de Marine,) a mess for seven folks. ♦ † C'est un plat de son métier, this is one of his tricks. ♦ Plat des avirons, blade of the oars. ♦ Plat de la varangue, the flat of the floor-timbers.
 Plat, *f. m.* The flat side. Plat d'épée, the flat side of a sword.
 Tout plat, *adv.* Flat.
 * Tout à plat, *adv.* Flatly, flat and plain, freely, plainly, downright.
 Plat-bord, *f. m.* (terme de Marine.) Gunnel or gunwale.
 Plateau, *f. m.* A wooden scale; ♦ a tea-table. ♦ Plateaux, (fumées de bêtes fauves,) the fawmishing or dung of a deer.
 Plate-bande, *f. f.* Plat-band, in architecture; ♦ a kind of border for flowers. ♦ Plate-bande d'affût, cap-square or clamp of a gun-carriage.
 Plate-forme, *f. f.* Platform.
 Platine, *f. f.* A round copper-plate.
 Platitude, *f. f.* Flatness.
 Plâtras, *f. m.* Rubbish, pieces of old and dry plaster.
 Plâtre, *f. m.* Parget, white lime-plaster. ♦ † Plâtre, (fard,) paint.
 Plâtré, *ée*, *adj.* Pargetted, plastered. ♦ Paix plâtrée, a patched up peace.
 Plâtrer, *v. a.* To plaster or parget. ♦ (Raccommoder en appliquant du plâtre,) to patch up. ♦ (Pallier,) to palliate or cloke to dawb over, to patch up.
 † Se plâtrer, *v. r.* (se farder.) To paint.
 Plâtrier, *f. m.* He that makes or sells plaster.
 Plâtrière, *f. f.* Chalk-pit, plaster-quarry.
 Plausible, *adj.* Plausible, specious, fair.
 Plausiblement, *adv.* (d'une manière plausible,) Plausibly, in a plausible manner.

PLE 368

Pleiades, *f. f.* pl. Pleiades; the seven stars, a constellation.
 Pleige, *f. m.* Pledge, surety; bail.
 Pleiger, *v. a.* To be, to become pledge or surety, to bail.
 Plein, eine, *adj.* Full. ♦ Plein, (copieux,) full, abounding with; ♦ full, covered. ♦ Plein de vin, (ivre,) fuddled. ♦ Plein, (entier,) full, entire, absolute, whole. ♦ Une chienne pleine, a bitch in pup, with young, great with young. ♦ En pleine Audience, in open court. ♦ En pleine paix, in the midst of peace. ♦ Panier plein, (qui n'est pas à jour,) a basket worked close.
 Plein, *f. m.* Ex. Le plein de la lune, the full of the moon. ♦ Plein, (espace plein,) a full space. ♦ Porter plein, (terme de Mer,) to keep the sails full.
 Plein, *prép.* Full.
 A pur & à plein, *adv.* Fully, to the full, entirely, absolutely, perfectly.
 Pleinement, *adv.* Fully, entirely, to the full, abundantly.
 Plénier, *adj. f.* Full, plenary.
 Plénipotentiaire, *f. m.* Plenipotentiary.
 Plénitude, *f. f.* Fulness, plenitude.
 Pléonasm, *f. m.* Pléonasm, redundancy of words.
 Pléthore, *f. f.* Plethora, an abundance of humours.
 Pleure, *f. f.* Pleura, the inward skin of the ribs.
 Pleurer, *v. n.* To weep, cry or shed tears.
 Pleurer, *v. a.* To weep, cry, shed tears or lament for; to lament, bemoan or bewail. ♦ Il pleure (il se plaint) le pain qu'il mange, he grudges himself what he eats. S'empêcher de pleurer, forbear crying.
 Pleurésie, *f. f.* Pleurisy, an inflammation of the pleura.
 Pleureur ou pleureux, *f. m.* Pleureuse, *f. f.* Weeper; one that is apt to cry. ♦

Les pleureuses, *the mourners.*
 Pleurs, *f. m. pl. Tears.*
 Pleuvoir, *v. imp. To rain, to fall as the rain does.*
 Pleyon, *f. m. An oster or twig.*
 Pli, *f. m. Plait or fold.* ♦
 Pli, *mauvais pli, rumple.*
 * Pli, (*habitude, ply, habit or custom.*) ♦ Pli de cable, *sake of a cable.*
 Pliable, *adj. Pliant, pliable, flexible, that bends easily.*
 Pillage, *f. m. A folding or folding up.*
 Pliant, *ante, adj. Pliant, pliable, flexible, that bends easily.* ♦ Siege pliant, *ou un pliant, f. m. A folding chair.*
 Plie, *f. f. A plaise, a sea-fish.*
 Plié, *ée, adj. Folded or folded up, &c. V. Plier.*
 Plier, *v. a. To fold or fold up.* ♦ Plier les voiles, *to furl the sails.* ♦ Plier, (*courber, to bend or bow.*)
 Plier, *v. n. To bend, bow or sink.* * (Céder,) *to bow, bend, yield or stoop; to lose or give ground.*
 ♦ Vaisseau qui plie, *a ship that heels or careens.*
 Plieuse, *f. m. Plieuse, f. f. A folder.*
 Plinthe, *f. f. Plinth, the square foot of a pillar.*
 Ploir, *subst. m. A folding-stick.*
 Plissé, *ée, adj. Plaited, folded.*
 Plisser, *v. a. To plait or make plaits, to fold.*
 Plisser, *v. n. Se plisser, v. r. To plait.*
 Plissure, *f. f. Plaiting or folding.*
 Plomb, *f. m. Lead.* * † Cul de plomb, *a laborious, sedentary man.* ♦ Plomb, (*instrument de Maçon, &c.*) *Plummet or plumb-line or a level.*
 A plomb, *adv. Directly, perpendicularly.*
 Plombagine, *f. f. Lead and silver ore.*
 Plombé, *ée, adj. Leaded, &c.*
 Plomber, *v. a. To lead; to colour or die over with*

lead; to mark or stamp with lead.
 Plombier, *f. m. A plumber or plumber.*
 Plongé, *ée, adj. Dipped or dipt, plunged, involved.*
 Plongeon, *f. m. A plungeon.*
 Plonger, *v. a. To dip, to duck, to immerse; to plunge, to overwhelm, to cast into.*
 Plonger, *v. n. To dive or duck.*
 Plongeur, *f. m. A diver, plungeur.*
 Ployer, &c. *V. Plier, &c.*
 Plu, *V. Pleuvoir and plaire of which this is a person.*
 Pluie, *f. f. Rain, water. Un temps de pluie, rainy weather.*
 Plumage, *f. m. The plumage or feathers of a bird.*
 Plumasseau, *f. m. A pledget for a wound.*
 Plumassier, *f. m. A featherman.*
 Plume, *f. f. Feather; a feather, a plume or plume of feathers; a quill.* ♦ — (*pour écrire, a pen.*) * (Style,) *pen, style, way of writing.* * (Auteur,) *pen, writer, Author.* * † Il est au poil & à la plume, *he is fit for any thing.*
 Plumé, *ée, adj. Picked, &c. V. the verb.*
 Plumée, *f. f. A dip of ink.*
 Plumer, *v. a. To pick or plume.* * † Plumer quelqu'un, *to fleece one.*
 Plumet, *f. m. A plume or a feather.* * (Damoiseau,) *a beau, a spark.* ♦ (Serge de porte-faix,) *a porter.*
 Plumitif, *f. m. Minutes or minute-book.*
 Plupart (la), *espece d'adjectif & de substantif. Most, most part, the greatest part.*
 Pluralité, *f. f. Majority of votes or opinions; plurality, multiplicity.*
 Pluriel, *elle, adj. Plural.*
 Pluriel, *f. m. The plural or plural number.*
 Plus, *adverb. (davantage.) More. De plus en plus, more and more. Il y a plus, more than that. Plus ou moins, more or less, Le*

plus, the most, most. ♦ Plus, (*outré cela, item, item, moreover.*) ♦ Il est plus de midi, *it is past twelve of the clock.*
 R. La plupart des adjectifs Anglois se comparent à la manière des Latins, & alors plus s'exprime par l'adjectif comparé. Ex. Il est beaucoup plus civil que vous, *he is much civilier than you.*
 De plus, *adv. Furthermore, moreover, besides, again.*
 Plus tard, *adv. Later.*
 Plus près, *adv. Nearer, nearer hand.*
 Plus loin, *adv. Further, farther a greater way off.*
 Plusieurs, *adj. pl. Many, a great many, abundance.*
 Plusieurs, *f. pl. Many or a great many, many people.*
 Plutôt, *adv. Sooner, before; rather, sooner.*
 Pluvial, *f. m. A Bishop's cope.*
 Pluviale, *adj. f. Ex. Eau pluviale, rain-water.*
 Pluvier, *f. m. Plover.*
 Pluvieux, *euse, adj. Rainy or pluvious.*
 Pneumatique, *adj. Machine pneumatique, a pneumatick engine.*
 Pneumonique, *f. & adj. Pneumonic, good for the lungs.*
 Poche, *f. f. Pocket.* ♦ (Petit violon,) *his or pocket-violin.* ♦ (Grand sac de toile,) *sack, bag, pouch.*
 Poché, *ée, adj. (en parlant des œufs.) Pocked.*
 Pocher, *v. a. Pocher les yeux à quelqu'un, to beat one's eyes black and blue.*
 Pocheter des fruits, *v. a. To pocket fruit, to mellow fruit in one's pocket.*
 Pochette, *f. f. A pocket; a little purse-net.*
 Podagre, *f. m. A gouty man.*
 Podeslat, *f. m. Podeslate, a kind of Magistrat.*
 Poêle, *f. m. A stove; a canopy; a pall.*
 Poêle à frire, *f. f. A frying-pan.*
 Poëlon, *f. m. A skillet.*
 Poème, *f. m. Poem, a piece of poetry, a copy of verses; poem or kind of poetry,*

POE

Poésie, *f. f.* *Poesy, poetry*;
 ♦ *poem, piece of poetry.*
 Poète, *f. m.* *A poet.*
 Poëtereau, *f. m.* *A poetaster,*
a paltry poet, a rhimer.
 Poétique, *adj.* *Poetick, poetical.*
 Poétique, *f. f.* *Poetry, the art of poetry.*
 Poétiquement, *adv.* *Poetically.*
 † Poétiser, *v. n.* *To rhyme or poetise, to make verses.*
 Poë, *f. m.* (terme de Marine du Levant, ce qu'on appelle *Starboard* sur l'Océan.) *Starboard, the right side of a ship.*
 Poids, *f. m.* *Weight, load, burden, ponderosity.* ♦ Etre de poids, (peser,) *to weigh.* ♦ Poids à peser l'eau, *a water-poise.*
 † Poignant, *ante, adj.* *Poignant, sharp or pricking.*
 Poignard, *f. m.* *Dagger, poniard.* Coup de poignard, *a stab.*
 Poignardé, *ée, adj.* *Stabbed.*
 Poignarder, *v. a.* *To stab; * to stab, to wound or grieve to the heart.*
 Poignée, *f. f.* (from poing.) *A handful or grasp.*
 Poignet, *subst. m.* *Wrist; ♦ wrist-band.*
 Poil, *f. m.* *Hair; ♦ beard.* Etouffe à poil long, *high-knapped or shagged cloth.* ♦ Monter un cheval à poil ou à nu, *to ride a horse without a saddle.* P. Reprendre du poil de la bête, *P. to take a hair of the same dog.*
 Poinçon, *f. m.* *A bodkin; ♦ puncheon, a sort of vessel; ♦ a punch or puncheon, or mark used by goldsmiths.* ♦ Poinçon de tablettes, *the pin of a table-book.*
 † Poindre, *v. a.* (piquer.) *To prick, sting or nettle.*
 Poindre, *v. n.* *To peep or dawn; speaking of the day.*
 Poing, *subst. m.* *The fist.* ♦ Poing, (main,) *hand.*
 Point, *f. m.* *Stitch.* ♦ (Especie de dentelle,) *point, a sort of needlework.* ♦ (En Mathématique,) *point, in Mathematicks,* ♦ (Au

POI

Piquet,) *the point, at picket.* (Aux autres jeux des cartes,) *the ruff.* ♦ (Douleur piquante,) *stitch,* a sort of pain. ♦ (Trou que l'on fait à des écrivains,) *hole.* ♦ (Etat, disposition,) *point, pass, state, case, condition.* ♦ (Instant,) *point, moment.* Sur le point de mourir, il déclara, *he declared at the point of death.* ♦ Le point du jour, *break of day, the dawn.* ♦ Point, (partie principale d'un discours,) *point, part, head; ♦ point, thing, matter, particular business, subject.* Un point de controverse, *a point of matter in controversy.* C'est un point arrêté, *it is a thing agreed on.* ♦ Point, *stop.* ♦ Point, (marque sur une regle de Cordonnier.) *Ex.* A combien de points se chauffe-t-il? *what size are his shoes of?* ♦ Point, (terme de Navigation,) *day's work or the ship's place.* ♦ Point d'une voile, *clue of a sail.*
 A point, *adv.* *In time, in the nick of time.* A point nommé, tout à point, *seasonably, in the nick of time; † in pudding-time.*
 De tout point, *adv.* *Totally, utterly, quite and clean.*
 De point en point, *adverb.* *Exactly, to the full.*
 De point en blanc, *adverb.* *Directly.*
 Point, *adv.* *negatif, (pas, nullement.) No, nor. P.* Point d'argent, point de Suisse, *P. no money, no Pater-noster.*
 Pointe, *f. f.* (bout aigu.) *Point, the sharp end of any thing.* ♦ Pointe de terre dans une riviere, *a peak.* ♦ Pointe de terre qui avance dans la mer, *a point of land.* ♦ Pointe, (coiffure de deuil,) *peak.* ♦ the gore of a smock; ♦ a point, a graving tool used in etching; ♦ a sprig, a nail without a head; ♦ a Printer's bodkin. * Pointe d'esprit, *a quibble or quib-*

POI 367

bling, pun, joke, wit, werry conceit or fancy. * Pointe, (saveur piquante & agréable,) *quickness or quick taste; * edge, sharpness, acrimony, point.*
 En pointe, *adv.* *Es.* Tailler en pointe, *to cut points-wise.*
 Pointé, *ée, adj.* *Pricked, &c.* *V. the verb.*
 Pointer, *v. a.* *To prick or stick.* ♦ Pointer le canon, *to point or level a cannon.*
 Pointer, *v. n.* (ou faire une pointe.) *To soar high, to tower.*
 Pointeur, *f. m.* (Officier d'Artillerie.) *Pointer.*
 Pointillage, *f. m.* *Dotting; in miniature.* ♦ (Points faits avec le burin,) *pricking.*
 Pointiller, *v. n.* & *a.* *To dot; ♦ to prick.*
 Pointiller, *v. n.* *To quarrel; to carp, to cavil.*
 Pointillerie, *f. f.* *Quarrel; bickering, carping, cavilling.*
 Pointilleux, *euse, adj.* *Cavilling, carping, captious, exceptionous, full of cavils.*
 Pointu, *ue, adj.* *Pointed; sharp, that has a point; sharp-pointed.*
 Poire, *f. f.* *Pear.*
 Poiré, *f. m.* *Perry.*
 Poireau ou Porreau, *subst. m.* *Leek.* ♦ (Excrecence de chair,) *wart.*
 Poirée, *f. f.* *Beet or beets.*
 Poirier, *f. m.* *A pear-tree.*
 Pois, *f. m.* *Pease.* Pois bâtus; *green hastings.*
 Poison, *f. m.* *Poison; * poison, venom, evil or mischief.*
 † Poissarde, *f. f.* (se dit des femmes de la lie du peuple.) *Nasty, greasy, stinking jade.*
 Poissé, *ée, adj.* *Pisched, full of pitch, &c.*
 Poisser, *v. a.* *To pitch, to do over with pitch; ♦ to dawb, to glue.*
 Poisson, *f. m.* *Fish.* ♦ (Petite mesure,) *a quarter.* ♦ Poissons, (signe céleste,) *Pisces, one of the twelve celestial signs.*
 Poissonnerie, *f. f.* *A fish-market.*

Poissonneux, *euse*, *adj.* *Fishy, full of fish.*
 Poissonnier, *f. m.* *A fish-monger.*
 Poissonniere, *f. f.* *A fish-woman; ♣ a fish-pan.*
 Poitrail, *f. m.* *The breast of a horse; ♣ a breast-leather; ♣ hyperthron.*
 Poitrine, *f. f.* *The breast; ♣ the breast or lungs.*
 Poivrade, *f. f.* *A pepper and vinegar sauce.*
 Poivre, *f. m.* *Pepper.*
 Poivré, *ée*, *adj.* *Peppered, that has pepper in it, &c. V. the verb.*
 Poivrer, *v. a.* *To pepper; to put pepper in or to season with pepper; * † to pepper or infect with some venereous distemper.*
 Poivrier, *f. m.* *The pepper plant; ♣ pepper-box.*
 Poix, *f. f.* *Pitch. Poix résine, resin.*
 Polacre ou polaque, *f. f.* *Polake, a kind of sea-vessel used in the Mediterranean.*
 Polaire, *adj.* *Polar, near the pole.*
 Pôle, *f. m.* *Pole. * De l'un à l'autre pôle, from pole to pole, from one end of the world to the other.*
 Polémique, *adj.* *Polemical.*
 Poli, *ie*, *adj.* *(from polir.) Polished, smoothed. ♣ (Clair, luisant,) polished, clear or bright. * (En parlant du style,) neat or polite. * (Doux, civil,) polite, genteel, accomplished, civil, well-bred, complaisant.*
 Poli, *f. m.* *Gloss, lustre, brightness, polish.*
 Police, *f. f.* *Police. Juge de police, a civil Judge. Chambre ou Cour de police, a civil Court. ♣ Police de chargement, a bill of lading.*
 Policé, *ée*, *adj.* *Governed, ordered.*
 Policer, *v. a.* *To govern or order, to polish.*
 Polichinel, *f. m.* *Punchinello.*
 Poliment, *f. m.* *Brightness, polishing.*
 Poliment, *adverb.* *Politely, neatly, finely.*
 Polir, *v. a.* *To polish or*

*smooth; ♣ to brighten, to make clear or bright, to burnish; * to make polite, to civilize. * Polir le style, to polish one's style.*
 Polissoir, *f. m.* *A polisher or a polishing-iron.*
 Polissoire, *f. f.* *A kind of brush.*
 † Polisson, *subst. m.* *An idle slovenly boy. ♣ (Qui fait des plaisanteries basses,) a wag, a waggish boy.*
 † Polissonner, *v. n.* *To fool, to play the wag or fool.*
 † Polissonnerie, *f. f.* *Fooling, waggery; waggish or wanton trick or prank.*
 Polissage, *f. f.* *Polish, politure, polishing, smoothing.*
 Politesse, *f. f.* *Politeness, good manners. Avoir de la politesse, to be polite.*
 Politique, *adject.* *Politick or political. * (Rusé,) politick, crafty, subtle, cunning.*
 Politique, *f. m.* *A politician or statesman; * also a politick, crafty, subtle or cunning man.*
 Politique, *f. f.* *Politicks or policy; * policy or conduct.*
 Politiquement, *adv.* *Politically; * politickly, with policy, cunningly.*
 Polluer, *v. a.* *To pollute, defile or profane.*
 Pollution, *f. f.* *Pollution, uncleanness, profanation.*
 Poltron, *onne*, *adj.* *Cowardly.*
 Un poltron, *f. m.* *une poltronne, f. f.* *A poltron, a coward, cowardly man or woman.*
 Poltronnerie, *f. f.* *Cowardice, cowardliness, a cowardly act.*
 Polycreste, *f. m.* *Polychrest, an artificial salt.*
 Polygame, *f. m.* *Polygamist.*
 Polygamie, *f. f.* *Poligamy.*
 Polyglotte, *adj.* *Polyglot, of several languages. Dictionnaire polyglotte, a polyglot dictionary.*
 Polyglotte, *f. f.* *The polyglot bible, a bible in several languages.*
 Polygone, *adj.* *Polygone, of many corners.*
 Polygone, *f. m.* *A polygon.*
 Polype, *f. m.* *Polypus; ♣*

a polytus or many-fet, & fish.
 Polyfyllabe, *adj.* *Polyfyllabical.*
 Polythéisme, *subst. m.* *Polytheism.*
 Pommade, *f. f.* *Pomatus; ♣ pomada, a vaulting trick.*
 Pommader, *se pommader, v. r.* *To use pomatum.*
 Pomme, *f. f.* *An apple. ♣ Pomme sauvage, a crab. Pomme de pin, pine-apple. ♣ Pomme de canne, the head of a cane. ♣ Pomme de lit, a cap of a bed. ♣ Pomme d'Adam, Adam's bit, the protuberance of the throat. ♣ Pommes de girolette, acorns or trucks of the vases. ♣ Pomme d'étai, mousle of a stay.*
 Pommé, *ée*, *adject.* *Headed. Ex. Laitue pommée, headed lettuce.*
 Pommé, *f. m.* *Cider.*
 Pommeau, *f. m.* *Theommel of a saddle-bow or of a sword.*
 Pommelé, *ée*, *adj.* *Dapple. Cheval gris pommelé, a dapple-grey horse.*
 Pommeler, *se pommeler, v. r.* *(En parlant du poil des chevaux,) to grow dapple. ♣ (En parlant du ciel,) to curdle.*
 Pommelle, *f. f.* *A plate of lead with holes.*
 Pommer, *v. n.* *To cabbage, to grow into a head, to pome.*
 Pommeraie, *f. f.* *An orchard of apple-trees.*
 Pommeter, *f. f.* *Knotted work; ♣ ball.*
 Pommété, *ée*, *adj.* *Pomety.*
 Pommier, *f. m.* *An apple-tree; ♣ an apple-roaster.*
 Pomoyer, *v. n.* *To under-run the cables.*
 Pompe, *f. f.* *Pomp, solemnity, state or magnificence, pageantry. ♣ (Pour élever l'eau,) a pump. ♣ Pompe à chapelet, chain-pump. Pompe de l'avant du vaisseau, the head-pump.*
 Pompé, *ée*, *adj.* *Pumped.*
 Pomper, *v. n.* *& a. To pump.*
 Pompeusement, *adv.* *With great*

P O M

great pomp or state; *pompously*, *stately*, *magnificently*, *loftily*.
Pompeux, *euse*, *adj.* *Pompous*, *stately*, *magnificent*, *loftly*.
Ponant, *f. m.* *The west*; *the western Ocean*.
Ponce, *adj. Ex.* *Pierre-ponce*, *a pumice stone*.
Poncé, *ée*, *adj.* (*from ponce*.) *Rubbed over with a pumice stone*, &c. *according to the verb*.
Ponceau, *f. m.* *Red or shadow-puppy*, *corn-rose*. *♣* *Ruban ponceau* ou *couleur de ponceau*, *scarlet ribbon*.
Poncer, *v. a.* *To rub with a pumice stone* or *with pounce*.
Poncire, *subst. m.* *A great lemon*.
Poncis, *f. m.* (*dessin poncé*.) *A design pricked and rubbed over with coal-dust*.
Ponction, *f. f.* *Tapping*.
Ponctualité, *f. f.* *Punctuality*, *exactness*.
Ponctuation, *f. fém.* *Poin-ting*.
Ponctué, *ée*, *adj.* *Pointed*.
Ponctuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Punctual*, *exact*.
Ponctuellement, *adv.* *Punctually*, *exactly*.
Ponctuer, *v. a.* *To point*, *to make stops*.
Pondre, *v. a. & n.* *To lay eggs*.
Pondu, *ue*, *adj.* *Laid*.
Ponent, *f. m.* *The west*.
Pont, *f. m.* *A bridge*. *Pont-levis*, *a draw-bridge*. *♣* *Pont* (*tillac*) *d'un vaisseau*, *the deck of a ship*.
Ponte, *f. m.* *A punter*, *at basket*.
Ponte, *f. f.* *Laying of eggs*.
Ponté, *adj. m. Ex.* *Vaisseau ponté*, *a decked ship*.
Pontife, *f. m.* *Pontiff*, *Bishop*. *♣* *Le Souverain Pontife*, (*le Pape*), *the Pope*.
Pontifical, *ale*, *adj.* *Pontifical*.
Pontifical, *f. m.* *Pontifical*, *a book of pontifical rites*.
Pontificalement, *adv.* *Pontificaly*.
Pontificat, *f. m.* *Priesthood*; *♣* *pontificate*.
Ponton, *f. m.* *Ponton*, *a bridge of boats*; *♣* *a lighter*.
Tome I,

P O R

Pontonier, *f. masc.* *A ferry-man*.
Poplité, *ée*, *adj.* *Poplitick*.
Populace, *f. fém.* (*le menu peuple*.) *The populace*, *the common people*, *the vulgar*, *the mobile*, *the mob* or *rabble*.
Populaire, *adj.* *Popular*, *of or belonging to the people*. *♣* *Maladie populaire*, *an epidemical or popular disease*.
Populairement, *adv.* *Popularly*, *in a popular manner*.
Popularité, *f. fém.* *Popularity*.
† Populo, *subst. m.* *A plump little boy*.
Poracé, *ée*, *adj.* *Green*, *leek-green*.
Porc, *f. m.* *A hog*, *swine*. *Porc marin*, *sea-hog*.
Porcelaine, *f. f.* *Porcelain*, *the earth of which China is made*; *♣* *china* or *china-ware*; *♣* *the sea-snail or venus-shell*, *the purple-fish*.
Porc-épic, *f. masc.* *A porcupine*.
Porche, *f. m.* *A porch*.
Porcher, *f. masc.* *A swine-herd*.
Porc-fanglier, *f. m.* *A wild boar*.
Pore, *f. m.* *Pore*.
Poreux, *euse*, *adj.* *Porous*, *full of pores*.
Porphyre, *f. m.* *Porphyry*.
Porques, *f. f. pl.* (*termes de mer*.) *Riders*.
Porreau, *V.* *Poireau*.
Porrée, *V.* *Poirée*.
Port, *f. m.* *Port*, *sea-port*, *harbour*, *haven*; *♣* *a wharf*.
** (Lieu de repos,) a haven, harbour, shelter or place out of danger. ♣ Port de Roi, a royal dock yard. Port de barre, a harbour with a bar.*
Port, *f. m.* *Carriage*, *gait*, *presence*, *countenance*. *♣* (*Voiture*,) *portage*, *carriage*, *bringing*. *♣* (*Ce qu'on paye pour la voiture*,) *carriage*. *♣* *Port de lettres*, *postage*. *♣* *Port*, (*au jeu des cartes*,) *the going out*. *♣* — (*d'un vaisseau*,) *burthen of a ship* or *tunnage*.
Portage, *f. m.* *Carriage*.

P O R 369

Portall, *f. m.* *Front-gate of a church*; *♣* *front*.
Portant, *ante*, *adj.* *Bearing*, &c. *according to the verb Porter*.
Portant, *f. m.* *The handle or ring of a trunk or the like*.
Portatif, *ive*, *adj.* *Portable*, *that may easily be carried*.
Porte, *f. f.* *A gate*, *a door*. ** (Lieu, occasion,) door, gap, occasion. Ex. C'est ouvrir la porte à toutes sortes de crimes, this opens a gap to or this makes way for all manner of crimes. V. Ouvrir.*
Porte, *f. f.* *The Port*, *the Grand Seigneur's Court*.
Porte-arquebuse, *f. m.* *The King's gun-bearer*.
Porte-assiette, *f. masc.* *A stand to set a plate or dish upon*.
Porte-bouquet, *f. m.* *A stand to lay nosegays upon*.
Porte-chape, *f. m.* *A Cope-bearer*.
Porte-crayon, *f. m.* *A pencil-case*.
Porte-croix, *f. m.* *A cross-bearer*.
Porte-croffe, *f. m.* *A crozier-bearer*.
Porte-Dieu, *f. m.* *The Priest that carries the Host to sick persons*.
Porte-diné, *f. m.* *A vessel used to carry in the dinner to workmen*.
Porté, *ée*, *adj.* *Carried*, &c. *according to the verb Porter*.
Portée, *f. f.* (*ventrée des femelles des animaux*.) *The brood or litter of a she-animal*. *♣* (*Etendue jusqu'où une arme porte*,) *reach*, *shot*. *♣* *Cela n'est pas à la portée de mon bras*, *it is above my reach*, *I cannot reach it*. ** Portée*, (*capacité de l'esprit*,) *reach*, *ability*, *capacity*. *♣* (*Etendue*,) *length*. *♣* *Portées*, (*en terme de chasse*,) *the boughs which a deer bruises or beats down with his head*, *in traversing of thickets*.
Porte-entaille, *f. m.* *Ensign-bearer*.
Porte-épée, *f. m.* *A belt*,
A a

poulinière, *a mare for breed.*
 Pouliot, *f. m. (herbe.) Penny-royal.*
 Poulpe, *f. f. Pulp*, the fleshy part of any thing.
 Pouls, *f. m. (mouvement des artères.) Pulse.*
 Poumon, *f. m. The lungs.*
 † Poupard, *f. m. A babe, a child.*
 Poupe, *f. f. Stern, poop.* ♦ Avoir le vent en poupe, *to go before the wind; * to have good fortune or good luck, to be in favour.*
 Poupée, *f. f. A baby, a doll.*
 Poupelin, *f. m. A sort of soft cake.*
 Poupetier, *f. m. A baby-maker or baby-seller.*
 Poupin, *ine, adj. Beautiful, nice.*
 † Poupon, *f. m. A babe, a child, a plump.*
 † Pouponne, *f. f. A plump.*
 Pour, *prép. For.* ♦ Pour, (devant les verbes,) *to, in order to.* Pour vous obliger, *to oblige you.* ♦ Pour peu que vous en prenez soin, *if you take care of it never so little.* ♦ Pour cet effet, *therefore, and therefore.* ♦ Pour le moins, *at least.* ♦ Pour lors, (alors,) *then, at that time.* † Pour que, (afin que,) *that, to the end that.* Savoir le pour & le contre, *to know the pro and con.*
 ‡ Pour ce, *conj. Because.*
 Pourceau, *f. m. Hog, swine.* ♦ Pourceau de mer, *a sea-hog, a porpoise.*
 ‡ Pourchasser, *verb. aët. To seek or to seek after, to pursue, to follow, to follow after.*
 ‡ Pourfendre, &c. *V. Fendre, &c.*
 Pourparler, *f. m. Parley, conference.*
 Pourpier, *f. m. Purslain.*
 Pourpoint, *subst. m. Doublet.* * † Pourpoint de pierre de taille, *a stone-doublet.*
 ‡ Pourpointerie, *f. f. Doublet-making.*
 ‡ Pourpointier, *f. m. Doublet-maker.*
 Pourpre, *f. m. Purples, the spotted fever; ♦ purple, a sort of colour.*

Pourpré, *ée, adj. Purple; of purple colour.* ♦ Fievre pourprée, *a spotted fever, the purples.*
 ‡ Pourpris, *f. m. An enclosure, the whole compass of a ground or place.*
 Pourquoi? *adv. interj. Why? for why? upon what account?*
 Pourri, *f. m. Ex. Sentir le pourri, to smell rotten.*
 Pourri, *ie, adj. Rotten, corrupted.*
 Pourrir, *v. a. (ou faire pourrir.) To rot or corrupt, to make to rot.*
 Pourrir, *v. n. se pourrir, v. r. To rot, to grow rotten or to putrify.*
 Pourriture, *f. f. Rottenness, putrefaction.*
 Poursuite, *f. f. Pursuit, running after; ♦ proceeding, process; * persecution.*
 Poursuivant, *f. m. A candidate, one that stands or puts in for any thing.*
 Poursuivi, *ie, adj. Pursued, prosecuted.*
 Poursuivre, *v. aët. (courir après.) To pursue, to go or run after.* * (Briguer,) *to stand or put in for an employment or office.* ♦ Pour-suivre en Justice, *to persecute at law.*
 Poursuivre, *v. n. To pursue or go on.*
 Pourtant, *conj. However, howsoever, yet, for all that.*
 Pourtour, *f. m. Compass, circumference, periphery.*
 Pourvoir, *v. n. To provide, set, look or take care.*
 Pourvoir, *v. a. To provide or furnish with.* ♦ Pourvoir ses enfans, *to provide for one's children.*
 Se pourvoir en Justice, *v. r. To sue at law.* ♦ Se pourvoir, (s'adresser, porter plainte,) *to make application for redress, to complain.*
 Pourvoyeur, *f. m. Purveyor, provider.*
 Pourvu, *ue, adj. Provided, furnished, that has, &c.*
 Pourvu, *f. m. An incumbent.*
 Pourvu que, *conj. Provided, provided that.*

Pouffe, *f. f. Short wind, puffiness.* ♦ Pouffe, (jet,) *shoot.*
 Pouffé, *ée, adjët. Pushed, thrust, &c. according to the verb.* ♦ Vin pouffé, *wine that is turned.*
 † Pouffe-cul, *f. m. A beam beliff or catch-pole.*
 Pouffée, *f. f. Ex. Pouffée de la terre, the swelling of the earth.*
 Pouffer, *v. a. To push, thrust or shove; to give a push or thrust.* * Pouffer, (exciter,) *to egg or spur one on, to put him forward.* ♦ Pouffer dehors, *to drive out, to expel.* ♦ Pouffer le dé, *to throw the die.* Pouffer des fleurs, *to blossom.* * Pouffer, (choquer,) *to urge or provoke.* * Pouffer la raillerie, (la pousser trop loin,) *to carry one's jest too far.*
 Pouffer, *v. n. To shoot or burst, to burgeon, to sprout out, to blossom.* * Pouffer à la roue, *to help on or forward, so be a second.* ♦ Pouffer, (se dit des chevaux qui ont la respiration difficile,) *so be purfy.* ♦ Pouffons (al-lons) jusques-là, *let us go to that place.*
 Pouffer, *v. r. se pouffer, v. rët. (s'avancer.) To push one's fortune, to put one's self forward.*
 Pouffier, *f. m. Coal-dust.*
 Pouffière, *f. f. Dust.*
 Pouffis, *ive, adj. Purfy, broken-winded, short-winded.*
 Pouffin, *f. m. A little or young chick.*
 Pouffinière, *subst. f. The seven stars, the Pleiades.*
 Pouffolane, *V. Pozzolane.*
 Poutre, *f. f. A beam, a great piece of timber.*
 Poutrelle, *subst. f. A small beam.*
 Pouvoir, *v. neut. To be able.* Pouvoir marcher, *to be able to walk.*
 But commonly it is made by the verb may or can. *Ex. Cela peut être, that may be.*
 Pouvoir, *v. a. Ex. Je ne puis rien dans cette affaire, I can do nothing in that bu-*

POU

finets. ♦ Je n'en puis plus, I am quite spent.
Pouvoir, *f. m.* Power, authority; ♦ power, interest, credit; ♦ possession, keeping.
Poux, the plural of Pou. *Lice.* V. Pou.
Pozzolane, *f. f.* Pozzolana.
Pragmatique, *adj. f.* Ex. La pragmatique sanction ou la pragmatique, *f. f.* The pragmatik sanction.
Prairie, *f. f.* Meadow, fields.
Praline, *f. f.* Crisp almond.
Prame, *f. f.* A sort of lighter.
Praticable, *adj.* Practicable.
Praticien, *f. m.* A practitioner in the law.
Pratique, *f. f.* Practice, usage, custom, way; ♦ practice or course of pleading; the law, the rules of a court. Terme de Pratique, a law-term.
 ♦ Pratique, (exercice,) practice. ♦ (Chalandise ou chaland,) custom, customer.
 ♦ (Fréquentation,) frequenting or keeping company, converse, intercourse.
 ♦ (Expérience,) practice, use, experience. (Par opposition à la théorie,) practice or practical part.
Pratique, *adj.* Practick, practical. ♦ Etre pratique d'un lieu, to be a good pilot for a place.
Pratiqué, *ée*, *adj.* Practised, put into practice, &c. V. Pratiquer.
Pratiquer, *v. act.* (exercer.) To practise, exercise or put into practice; ♦ to frequent, to converse or keep company with; ♦ to practise upon, to win, bribe or corrupt; to tamper with, to solicit. ♦ Pratiquer des intelligences, to get intelligence. ♦ Pratiquer un cabinet, to contrive a closet.
Se pratiquer, *v. r.* To be in use or practice, to be practised, to be practicable.
Pré, *f. m.* A meadow, a green field. * Se porter sur le pré, to go to the place appointed for a duel.
Préadamites, *f. m. pl.* Pre-Adamites.
Préalable, *adj.* Previous, going before.

PRE

Préalable, *f. m.* A previous thing.
Au préalable, *adv.* Previously, first of all, in the first place.
Préambule, *f. m.* A preamble, preface or prologue.
Préau, *f. m.* (petit pré.) A little meadow; ♦ a green before a prison.
Prébende, *f. f.* Prebend.
Prébendé, *adj. m.* Chanoine prébendé, a prebendary, a canon.
Prébendier, *subst. m.* Prebendary.
Précaire, *adject.* Precarious. Puissance précaire, a precarious power.
Précairement, *adverb.* Precariously.
Précaution, *f. f.* Caution, precaution, foresight, provident care.
Précautionner, *se* précautionner, *v. r.* To provide; to be cautious, to take a provident care.
Précédé, *ée*, *adj.* Preceded.
Précédemment, *adv.* Before, formerly, heretofore.
Précédent, *ente*, *adject.* Foregoing, preceding, former.
Précéder, *v. a.* To go before, to go first, to precede; ♦ to have the precedency, to take place.
Préceintes, *f. f. pl.* Wales.
Précenteur, *f. m.* Precentor.
Précepte, *f. m.* Precept, rule, lesson; ♦ precept, command.
Précepteur, *f. m.* A preceptor, a tutor or master.
Préceptoriale, *f. f.* (ou prébende préceptoriale,) *adj.* A preceptorial prebend.
Prêche, *f. m.* A sermon.
Prêché, *ée*, *adj.* Preached.
Prêcher, *v. a. & n.* To preach. † (Louer, vanter,) to preach or cry up, to praise or extol. * (Soutenir,) to preach or maintain a maxim.
 † Prêcheur, *f. m.* A preacher.
Précieuse, *f. f.* Ex. Une femme qui fait la précieuse, an affected, finical or precise woman.
Précieusement, *adv.* Choicely or carefully.
Précieux, *euse*, *adj.* Precious, of great price or value.

PRE 373

(Cher,) precious, dear.
 ♦ (Affecté,) affected, finical, over-nice, precise.
Précipice, *f. m.* A precipice, a steep.
Précipitamment, *adv.* With precipitation, hastily, in haste, rashly.
Précipitation, *f. f.* Precipitation, too great haste, over-hastiness.
Précipité, *ée*, *adj.* Precipitated, thrown or fallen headlong down into a precipice; ♦ precipitated, in a chymical sense.
Précipiter, *v. a.* To precipitate, to throw or cast down headlong; * to hurry or over-hasten; to do in haste.
Préciput, *f. m.* A portion of an estate which falls to one of the coheirs over and above his equal share with the rest.
Précis, *ise*, *adj.* Precise, certain, fixed, particular, distinct, exact.
Précis, *f. m.* Substance, summary, abstract.
Précisément, *adv.* Precisely, exactly.
Précision, *f. f.* A precise or exact distinction, abstraction or separation. Avec précision, precisely, exactly, justly.
Précocé, *adj.* Forward, soon ripe, early ripe; fruits précoces, early fruits, hastings. * Esprit précocé, a forward wit.
Précompter, *v. a.* To discount, to deduct.
Préconisation, *f. f.* Preconisation, a report made; V. the verb.
Préconisé, *ée*, *adject.* Preconised.
Préconiser, *v. a.* To preconise, to make a report in the Pope's Consistory, that the party presented to a benefice is qualified for the same. *† Préconiser, (louer extrêmement,) to extol or cry up.
Précurseur, *f. m.* Forerunner, harbinger.
Prédécéder, *v. n.* To decessate or die before.
Prédécès, *f. m.* Decease, or death before that of another.
 A a iij

Prédécesseur, *subst. m. Predecessor.*

Prédestination, *f. f. Predestination.*

Prédestiné, *ée, adj. Predestinated.*

Prédestiner, *v. a. To predestinate.*

Prédestinés, *f. m. pl. Those that are predestinated.*

Prédetermination, *f. f. Predetermination.*

Prédicable, *adj. Predicable, in Logick.*

Prédicament, *f. m. Predicament, in Logick.* * † Être en mauvais prédicament, *to have an ill name or repute.*

† Prédicant, *f. m. A calvinist preacher.*

Prédicateur, *f. m. A preacher.*

Prédication, *f. f. Preaching; & a sermon or predication.*

Prédiction, *f. f. Prediction, prophecy.*

Prédilection, *f. f. Partiality, preference of affection.*

Prédire, *v. a. To foretell or prophecy.*

Prédit, *ite, adj. Foretold, prophesied.*

Prédominant, *ante, adj. Predominant, prevailing.*

Prédominer, *v. n. To predominate or prevail.*

Prééminence, *f. f. Preeminence, advantage, prerogative.*

Préexistant, *ante, adj. Preexistent, existing before another.*

Préexistence, *f. fém. Preexistence.*

Préface, *f. f. Preface.*

Préfecture, *f. f. Prefecture.*

Préférable, *adj. Preferable, to be preferred.*

Préféablement, *adv. Preferably, by preference, before.*

Préféré, *ée, adj. Preferred.*

Préférence, *f. f. Preference.*

Préférer, *v. a. To prefer, to make more account of, to esteem or set more by.*

Préfet, *f. m. A prefect, among the ancient Romans; & the overseer or chief master of a college; & a tutor among the Jesuits.*

Préfinir, *v. a. To set, determine or appoint,*

Préfix, *ixe, adj. Prefixed, appointed, determined, set, settled, agreed upon.*

Préfixion, *subst. f. Ex.* Pour toute préfixion de délai on lui a donné deux mois, *the furthest time the court has allowed him is but two months.*

Préjudice, *f. m. Prejudice, damage, hurt, harm, detriment, loss.*

Préjudiciable, *adj. Prejudicial, hurtful.*

Préjudicier, *v. n. To prejudice, to do prejudice or be prejudicial to; so hurt, to be hurtful or offensive.*

Préjugé, *f. m. A precedent.* ♦ (Marque,) *sign, omen, presage;* ♦ *prejudicate or conceited opinion, prepossession.*

Préjuger, *v. a. To prejudge, to judge before.*

Préjuger, *v. n. To conjecture, to guess at.*

Prélart, *f. m. Tar-pawling.*

Prélat, *f. m. A Prelate, a dignitary.*

Prélature, *f. f. Prelacy, prelature, prelateship, a Prelate's dignity.*

Prêle, *f. f. Horse-tail.*

Prélever, *v. a. To deduce.*

Préliminaire, *adject. Preliminary.*

Préliminaires, *f. m. pl. Preliminaries.*

Prélimpinpin, *V. Poudre.*

Prélude, *f. m. Prelude, flourish; & forerunner.*

Préluder, *v. n. To prelude or flourish; to play a prelude, to make a flourish.*

Prématuré, *ée, adj. Forward, early or soon ripe, untimely.*

Prématurément, *adv. Untimely, before due time or season, preposterously.*

Préméditation, *f. f. Premeditation; a thinking or considering of a thing beforehand.*

Prémédité, *ée, adj. Premeditated, &c.*

Préméditer, *v. a. To premeditate, to think of beforehand, to design, to purpose.*

Prémices, *f. f. pl. First-fruits.*

Premier, *ere, adj. First; & first, chief or principal.*

Premier, *f. m. Ex. Monsieur le Premier, (ou le premier Ecuyer,) the first Gentleman of the horse to his Majesty.*

Premièrement, *adv. First, in the first place, first of all, first and foremost.*

Premier-né, *adj. ou f. m. First born, firstling.*

Prémiffes, *f. f. pl. The premisses.*

Prémoutrés, *f. m. pl. Premonstratenses or Norbertins.*

Prémuni, *ie, adj. Fortified beforehand, &c.*

Se prémunir, *v. r. To fortify one's self beforehand, to provide one's self with.*

Prevable, *adj. That may or can be taken.*

Prenant, *ante, adj. (from prendre.) Taking, &c. V. The verb.* Carême - prenant, *shrove-tuesday. V. Carême.*

Prendre, *v. a. (mettre en la main.) To take, to lay hold of. & Prendre, (happer,) to snap. & (Saisir, empoigner,) to take, to seize upon, to lay hold of or to catch. & (Faire prisonnier,) to take, catch, arrest or apprehend. & (Recevoir,) to take or receive, to accept of. & (Avaler,) to take or swallow down. & (Emporter,) to take away, to steal. & (En parlant des habits que l'on met sur soi,) to put on. Prendre l'épée, to turn soldier. & Prendre langue, to get intelligence, to find out, to discover. & Prendre l'occasion, to take the occasion, or improve it. * Prendre, (entendre, concevoir,) to take, understand, comprehend or conceive. & Prendre feu, to catch or take fire. & Prendre (gagner) une maladie, to catch or get a distemper. & Prendre la parole, to begin to speak, to answer, to reply. & Prendre les armes, (s'armer,) to take up arms. * † Prendre la mouche, to take snuff, to take pepper at the nose, to fly into a passion. & Je n'y prends, ni n'y*

PRE

mets, I neither meddle nor make with it, I don't trouble or concern myself about it.
 ♦ Se laisser prendre, to yield, to give way. ♦ Prendre naissance, (naître,) to be born. Prendre vie, to come to life.
 Prendre, v. n. To catch, to seize one. ♦ Bien lui prit, ou bien lui en prit d'avoir un bon patron, 'twas well for him he had a good patron.
 Prendre, se prendre, v. r. (être pris.) To be taken. ♦ Se prendre (s'attacher) à quelque chose, to catch, to take or lay hold of, to seize on a thing. ♦ On a tout de moi quand on s'y prend de la bonne façon, one may have any thing of me by fair means. S'il ne me paye, je m'en prendrai à vous, if he does not pay me, I shall come upon you. Je ne m'en prends pas à vous, I don't complain of you for it, I don't quarrel with you about it, I don't charge you with it. S'il y a du mal, prenez-vous-en à vous-mêmes, if any thing be amiss, you may thank yourself for it.
 Preneur, f. m. A taker. ♦ Un preneur de tabac, a snuff-taker. ♦ Le preneur, (terme de Notaire,) the lessee.
 Prénom, f. m. Prænomen, first name, proper name.
 Prénotion, subst. f. Notion, foreknowledge, surmise, conjecture.
 Préoccupation, f. f. Prejudice, prepossession, conceit, conceited opinion, preoccupation.
 Préoccupé, ée, adj. Prepos-sessed, prejudiced.
 Préoccuper, v. a. To prepos-sess or prejudice.
 Se préoccuper, v. r. To be prepossessed, prejudiced or conceited.
 Préopinant, subst. m. He that votes before another.
 Préparant, adj. masc. Prepara-tive.
 Préparatif, subst. m. Prepara-tion.

PRE

Préparation, subst. f. Prepara-tion, making or getting ready.
 Préparatoire, adj. Prepara-tory.
 Préparé, ée, adj. Prepared, got ready, &c.
 Préparer, v. a. To prepare, to get or make ready, to fit or fit up.
 Se préparer, v. r. To prepare or prepare one's self, to get or make one's self ready.
 Préposé, ée, adj. Prepo-sed, &c.
 Préposé, subst. m. An over-seer.
 Préposer, v. a. To set over, to give one the charge of a thing.
 Préposition, subst. f. Prepo-sition.
 Prépuce, f. m. Foreskin or prepuce.
 Prérrogative, f. f. Preroga-tive, privilege, advantage, a preeminence.
 Prés, prép. (proche.) Near, by, hard by, nigh.
 Prés, adv. Near, by, hard by, De près, near, near at hand, close, at the heels. Voir l'ennemi de près, to see the enemy near at hand. ♦ Prés à près, close, close together, near each other. Plus près, closer. ♦ A cela près, save or except that, that being excepted. ♦ Prés du vent, close hauled. ♦ Prés & plein! full and by!
 A peu près, prép. (quali, presque.) Near, almost.
 Présage, f. m. Presage, omen, sign, portent. ♦ De mau-vais présage, ominous.
 Présagé, ée, adj. Presaged, portended, boded; ♦ pro-gnosticated, foretold.
 Présager, v. a. To presage, portend, bode, forebode.
 Presbytéral, ale, adj. Presby-teral, of or belonging to a Priest.
 Presbytere, f. m. The Priest's house or parsonage.
 Presbytérien, f. m. A presby-terian.
 Prescience, f. f. Prescience, foreknowledge, foresight.
 Prescriptible, adj. Prescripti-ble.

PRE 375

Prescription, f. f. Prescrip-tion.
 Prescrire, v. a. To prescribe, order or ordain; ♦ to pre-scribe or get by prescription.
 Se prescrire, v. r. To remain in the owner's hands by pres-cription.
 Prescrit, ite, adj. Prescribed, ordered.
 Préséance, f. f. Precedency or taking place before.
 Présence, f. f. Presence. En ma présence, in my presence, before me.
 Présent, ente, adj. Present.
 ♦ La présente lettre ou la présente, f. f. This present.
 * Il a l'esprit présent, (ou prompt,) he has a ready wit.
 Présent, f. m. The present or present time. ♦ Le présent, (terme de Grammaire,) the present or present tense.
 De présent ou à présent, adv. At present, now, now a-days, at this time.
 Présent, f. m. (don.) Pre-sent, gift.
 Présentateur, f. m. Presenter, patron.
 Présentation, f. f. A presenta-tion to a living; ♦ an at-torney's appearance at Court in his client's behalf.
 Présenté, ée, adj. Presented, offered, &c. V. Présenter.
 Présenteement, adv. Now, at this time, at present.
 Présenter, v. a. (offrir.) To offer, present or tender. ♦ (Introduire,) to present or introduce one. ♦ Présen-ter au vent, to stem the wind.
 Se présenter, v. r. (paroître.) To come or appear; ♦ to offer or present itself.
 Présentes, f. f. pl. Presents.
 Préservatif, ive, adj. Preser-vative.
 Préservatif, f. m. Preserva-tive, counter-poison.
 Préservé, ée, adj. Preserved, kept.
 Préserver, v. a. To preserve or keep.
 Présidence, f. f. A President's place.
 Président, f. m. A President; ♦ the Speaker.
 Présidente, f. f. A P. esilens's lady.

Présider, *v. n.* & *act.* To preside or be president; & to preside, to have the rule, tuition, care or management; to over-rule.

Présidial, *f. m.* Presidial, a special Court of Judicature.

Présidial, *ale, adj.* Of or belonging to the presidial Court.

Présidialement, *adv.* Without appeal, *peremptorily*.

Présomptif, *ive, adj.* Ex. Héritier présomptif, presumptive or apparent heir.

Présomption, *f. f.* Presumption, pride, arrogance, self-conceit; & conjecture, suspicion.

Présomptueusement, *adverb.* Presumptuously, proudly, arrogantly.

Présomptueux, *euse, adj.* Presumptuous, proud, vain.

Presque, *adv.* Almost, *c'en* almost, very near.

Presqu'île, *f. f.* A peninsula or demi-island.

Pressamment, *adv.* Pressingly, earnestly.

Pressant, *ante, adj.* Pressing, urgent, earnest.

Presse, *f. f.* Press, crowd, throng. * † Se tirer de la presse, * † to slip one's neck out of the collar. & Presse, (forte de pêche,) a sort of peach.

Pressé, *f. m.* Aller au plus pressé, to do what's most in haste, to mind the main chance.

Pressé, *ée, adj.* Pressed, crowded, &c. according to the verb. & Pressé, (qui a hâte,) in haste.

Pressément, *f. m.* Pressing, compression.

Pressentir, *ie, adj.* V. Pressentir.

Pressentiment, *f. m.* Surmise, misgiving of what shall happen; foresight.

Pressentir, *v. act.* To foresee, to perceive beforehand, to have a foresight of. & Pressentir quelqu'un, * to feel one, to feel one's pulse.

Presser, *v. a.* To press, squeeze or crowd. & Pressez un peu plus votre écriture, write a little closer. * Pres-

ser, (solliciter, pousser,) to urge or press, to be earnest or pressing with. * (Importuner,) to press, to follow close, haunt or duae.

* (Hâter,) to press or hasten, to put forward. & L'affaire presse, the business requires haste, it is an urgent business.

Se presser, *v. réc.* To crowd, to lay close. & Se presser, (se hâter,) to be in haste, to make haste.

Pressis, *f. m.* Gravy squeezed out of meat.

Pressoir, *f. m.* A press; & the press-house; & a salting tub for bacon.

Pressurage, *f. m.* A wine extracted with a press; & pressing.

Pressuré, *ée, adj.* Pressed, wrung, squeezed.

Pressurer, *v. act.* To press, to wring or squeeze.

Pressureur, *f. m.* A press-man, he that works at the wine-press.

Pressance, *f. f.* Presence, noble carriage.

Prestation, *f. f.* Ex. Prestation de serment, the taking of an oath.

Preste, *adj.* Quick, nimble.

Preste, *adv.* Quick.

Prestement, *adv.* Bluntly, hastily.

Prestige, *f. m.* Prestige, delusion, imposture, deceit.

Présumé, *ée, adj.* Presumed, thought, &c. V. the verb.

Présumer, *v. act.* To presume, think, conjecture, suppose or imagine.

Présupposé, *ée, adj.* Presupposed, supposed, granted.

Présupposer, *v. act.* To presuppose, to suppose, to take for granted.

Présupposition, *f. f.* Presupposition, supposition.

Préture, *f. f.* The rennet that turns milk.

Prêt, *ête, adj.* Ready, in readiness, at hand, prepared. Elle est prête à accoucher, she's ready to lie in, she's near her time.

Prêt, *subst. m.* Loan, money lent.

† Pretantaine, *f. f.* Ex. Cou-

rir la pretantaine, to ramble about, to gad up and down.

Prêté, *ée, adj.* (from prêter.) Lent, &c. according to the verb.

Prétendant, *subst. m.* Prétendante, *f. f.* A candidate, a competitor, one that stands for a thing.

Prétendre, *v. act.* To claim, challenge or demand, to expect.

Prétendre à, *v. n.* (aspirer à.) To aim or aspire at, to stand for. & (Soutenir,) to pretend, maintain or suppose. & (Avoir intention,) to design, mean or purpose.

Prétendu, *ue, adj.* Claimed, &c. V. Prétendre.

Prétention, *f. f.* Pretension, claim; & aim, design.

Prêter, *verb. act.* To lend.

* Prêter l'oreille, prêter audience, to lend an ear, to give the hearing. & Prêter serment, to take the oath, to swear. * Prêter (attribuer) à quelqu'un, to father a thing upon one. & Prêter le côté, to range a breast of a ship.

* Se prêter, *verb. récip.* à quelqu'un, to be one's tool or instrument, to do one's dirty work. * Se prêter à des mesures criminelles, to fall in with criminal measures, to be or to make one's self a property to criminal measures.

Prêter, *v. n.* (s'étendre.) To stretch.

Prétérit, *f. m.* A preter, a preter tense.

Prétérition, *f. f.* The leaving out the name of a son in a will.

Prêteur, *euse, f.* Lender.

Préteur, *f. m.* A Pretor, among the ancient Romans.

Prétexe, *f. m.* Pretence or pretext, cloak, colour, blind, shew.

Prétexé, *ée, adj.* Pretended, cloaked.

Prétexer, *v. a.* To pretend, to cloak under a pretence or blind.

Pretintailles, *f. f.* pl. Women's trimmings, trinkets.

PRE

georgians, furbelows, &c.
Prétoire, *f. m.* The Pretor's house or palace; ♦ judgment-hall, the common-hall.
Prétorien, *enne*, *adj.* Pretorian.
Prêtre, *f. m.* Priest.
Prêtresse, *f. f.* Priestess.
Prêtrise, *f. f.* Priesthood.
Préture, *f. f.* Pretorship, Pretor's dignity.
Prévaloir, *v. n.* To prevail, to be prevalent, to carry it.
Se prévaloir, *v. r.* To take advantage, to make use; ♦ to value one's self upon, to glory or pride in.
Prévaricateur, *f. m.* Prevaricator, a double-dealer, one that betrays a cause; a jack on both sides, an ambidexter.
Prévarication, *f. f.* Prevarication, collusion, double-dealing, ambidextrous dealing.
Prévariquer, *v. n.* To prevaricate, to betray a cause.
Prévenant, *ante*, *adject.* Preventing.
Prévenir, *v. a.* To prevent, to come before; ♦ to get the start of; ♦ to prevent, to anticipate.
Prévention, *subst. f.* Prevention, forestalling, anticipation; ♦ prejudice, prepossession.
Prévenu, *ue*, *adj.* Prevented, &c. *V.* Prévenir.
Prévision, *f. f.* Foresight, foreseeing, foreknowledge.
Prévoir, *v. a.* To foresee or foreknow.
Prévôt, *f. m.* A Provost; the Provost or President of a collegiate Church. ♦ **Prévôt d'équipage**, the swabber of a ship.
Prévôtal, *adj.* that belongs to the jurisdiction of the Provost.
Prévôtalement, *adv.* In the Provost-cours.
Prévidé, *f. f.* The Court of a Provost; ♦ the precincts and jurisdiction of a Provost.
Prévoyance, *f. f.* Foresight, forecast.
Prévoyant, *ante*, *adj.* Provident, wary.

PRE

Preuve, *f. f.* Proof or argument.
† Preux, *adj.* (brave.) Stout, brave.
Preux, *f. m.* Ex. Les neuf Preux, the nine worthies.
Priape, *f. m.* Priapus, the lascivious God of gardens.
Priapée, *f. f.* Bawdy or smutty verses.
Priapisme, *f. m.* Priapism.
Prié, *é*, *adj.* Prayed, desired, &c. *V.* Prier.
Prié, *f. m.* A guest.
Prié-Dieu, *f. m.* A sort of desk for prayer.
Prier, *v. a.* To pray, beseech, intreat or beg, to desire; ♦ to pray or intercede; ♦ to invite or bid.
Prière, *f. f.* Prayer, supplication; ♦ intreaty, request, humble suit or desire; petition.
Prieur, *f. m.* A Prior.
Prieure, *f. f.* A Prioress.
Prieuré, *f. m.* A Priory.
Primat, *f. m.* Primate.
Primatial, *ale*, *adj.* Primatial.
Primatie, *f. f.* Primacy.
Primaauté, *f. f.* Primacy, pre-eminence, priority; ♦ the being elder at play.
Prime, *f. f.* (jeu des cartes.) Primero, a game at cards; ♦ premium or advance-money. ♦ Prime d'assurance, premium of insurance. ♦ Primes, prime, the first of the canonical hours.
† De prime-abord, *adv.* At first, at first blush or sight.
Primus, *v. n.* To be the first, to excel above others, to top, over-top or surpass them.
Primer, *v. a.* To prevent, to get the start of, to be beforehand with.
Prime-verre, *f. f.* Cowslip, a flower.
Primeur, *f. f.* The first coming in of certain fruits.
Primicier, *f. m.* The dean of some Churches.
Primitif, *ive*, *adj.* Primitive, first, ancient.
Primitif, *adj.* Ex. Un nom primitif, a primitive, a radical word.
Primogéniture, *f. f.* Birth-right, primogeniture.

PRI 377

Primordial, *ale*, *adj.* Primitive or Primordial.
Prince, *f. m.* A Prince.
Princesse, *f. f.* Princess.
Principal, *ale*, *adj.* Principal, chief, main.
Principal, *f. m.* Principal; ♦ the main, the main thing, the main business, point or chance.
Principalement, *adv.* Principally, chiefly, mainly, above all, particularly.
Principauté, *f. f.* (principauté de college.) The place of a principal or headmaster of a college.
Principauté, *f. f.* A principality.
Principe, *f. m.* Principle.
† Principion, *f. m.* A little Prince.
Printanier, *iere*, *adj.* Of or belonging to the spring.
Printemps, *f. m.* The spring or spring-time.
Pris, *ise*, *adj.* (from prendre.) Taken, &c. according to the verb. ♦ Pris, (gélé,) frozen up. ♦ Bien pris, (bien fait,) well-shaped.
Prise, *f. f.* A taking. ♦ Une prise, a prize. Déclarer de bonne prise, to declare a prize. Part de prise, prize money. Amarrer une prise, to man a prize. ♦ Prise, (dose de médecine,) a dose. ♦ (Endroit par-où on tient quelque chose,) hold. ♦ Prise de possession, the taking (or entering into) possession. ♦ Prise, (querelle,) scuffle, quarrel, bickering.
Prisé, *é*, *adject.* Praised, valued; ♦ prized, appraised, rated.
Prisée, *f. f.* The price that any thing is put up at by the auctioneer.
Priser, *v. a.* To prize, to value or rate, to set a price; ♦ to value or esteem, to have an esteem for.
Priseur, *f. m.* Priser, auctioneer.
Prismatique, *adj.* Prismatical, prismatick.
Prisme, *f. m.* Prism; ♦ a prismatical glass.

378 PRI

Prison, *f. f.* Goal or jail ;
 prison, custody, hold ;
 imprisonment, confinement.
 Prisonnier, *f. m.* Prisonnier,
f. f. A prisoner.
 Privatif, *ive, adj.* Privative.
 Privation, *f. f.* Privation,
 want, the being without.
 Privativement, *adv.* Exclu-
 sively.
 Privauté, *f. f.* Privy, in-
 timacy, familiarity ; a pri-
 vate commerce.
 Privé, *ée, adj.* Deprived or
 bereft. *♦* (Secret,) *privy*.
 Le Conseil privé, the *privy*
 Council. *♦* Privé, (fami-
 lier,) familiar, *privy*. *♦*
 (Apprivoisé,) tame.
 Privé, *f. masc.* A *privy*, a
 house of office, a convenient
 house.
 Privément, *adv.* Familiarly,
 intimately, freely.
 Priver, *v. a.* quelqu'un de
 quelque chose, to deprive,
 bereave or rob one of a
 thing.
 Privilege, *f. m.* Privilege, a
 special grant, prerogative.
 Privilegié, *ée, adj.* Privi-
 leged.
 Privilegiés, *f. m. pl.* Pri-
 vileged people.
 Prix, *f. m.* Price, rate. *♦*
 Prix, price, value, worth.
 Une chose de prix, a thing
 of great price, a precious
 thing. *♦* Une étoffe de prix,
 a dear stuff. *♦* Prix, (ré-
 compense dans certains
 exercices, &c.) prize.
 Au prix, *adv.* In comparifon
 to.
 Probabilité, *f. f.* Probability,
 likelihood.
 Probable, *adject.* Probable,
 likely.
 Probablement, *adv.* Prob-
 ably, likely.
 Probation, *f. f.* Probation or
 trial.
 Probité, *f. f.* Probity, ho-
 nesty, integrity, upright-
 ness, goodness.
 Problématique, *adj.* Prob-
 lematical.
 Problématiquement, *adverb.*
 Problematically.
 Problème, *subst. m.* A prob-
 lem.
 Procédé, *f. m.* Proceeding,

PRO

procedure, dealing or ear-
 riage ; *♦* quarrel, dispute.
 Procéder, *v. n.* (provenir.)
 To proceed, come from or
 be derived, to spring from,
 to rise. *♦* (Agir,) to pro-
 ceed, act or deal.
 Procédure, *f. f.* A proceeding
 or course of pleading, legal
 procedure. *♦* (Pratique,
 forme de procéder en Jus-
 tice,) the practice or rules
 of a Court.
 Procès, *f. m.* Action, suit,
 cause, process, case. Faire
 un procès à quelqu'un, to
 enter an action against one,
 to sue him at law. *♦* Juger
 un procès en faveur de
 quelqu'un, to give judg-
 ment in one's behalf.
 Procetif, *ive, adj.* Litigious,
 quarrelsome.
 Procession, *f. f.* A procession.
 Processionnel ou Procession-
 nel, *f. m.* A processional.
 Processionnellement, *adv.* In
 procession.
 Prochain, aine, *adj.* Next or
 near at hand.
 Prochain, *f. m.* Neighbour.
 Prochainement, *adv.* Next.
 Proche, *adj.* (voisin.) Near,
 next. *♦* (En parlant du
 temps,) near, at hand.
 Proche, tout proche, *prép.*
 Near, nigh.
 Proche, *adv.* Hard by, just
 by.
 De proche en proche, *adv.*
 Close or one after another.
 Proches, *f. m. pl.* (gens.)
 Near relations, kinsmen or
 kinsfolk.
 Proclamation, *f. f.* Procla-
 mation, proclaiming.
 Proclamé, *ée, adj.* Proclai-
 med.
 Proclamer, *v. act.* To pro-
 claim.
 Proconsul, *f. m.* Proconsul,
 a Roman Magistrate of old.
 Proconsulat, *f. m.* Procon-
 sulship.
 Procréation, *f. f.* Procrea-
 tion.
 Procréer, *v. a.* To procreate,
 to beget.
 Procurateur, *f. m.* Procu-
 rator.
 Procuration, *f. f.* A letter of
 attorney.

PRO

Procuré, *ée, adj.* Procured,
 got.
 Procurer, *v. act.* To procure
 or get, to help to.
 Procureur, *f. m.* Attorney ;
♦ proxy.
 † Procureuse, *f. f.* An Attor-
 ney's wife.
 Prodigalement, *adv.* Prodi-
 gally, profusely, lavishly,
 wastefully.
 Prodigalité, *f. f.* Prodigality,
 profuseness, lavishness, waj-
 testfulness.
 Prodige, *f. m.* Prodigy, a pro-
 digious or wonderful thing,
 a wonder. *♦* Un prodige
 (un monstre) de cruauté,
 a monster of cruelty.
 Prodigueusement, *adv.* Prodi-
 giously, wonderfully, extre-
 mely, vastly.
 Prodigueux, *euse, adj.* Prodi-
 gious, wondrous, extreme,
 vast.
 Prodigue, *adj.* Prodigious, pro-
 fuse, lavish, wasteful, rio-
 tuous.
 Prodigue, *subst. m.* Une pro-
 digue, *f. fem.* A prodigal
 man or woman, a spend-
 thrift.
 Prodigué, *ée, adj.* Prodigious-
 ly spent, consumed, lavished,
 wasted.
 Prodiquer, *v. a.* To spend
 prodigally ; to consume, to
 lavish, waste or squander
 away ; to be prodigal or la-
 vish of. * Prodiquer sa vie,
 to expose, venture or hazard
 one's life.
 Proditoirement, *adv.* (terme
 de Palais.) Treacherously.
 Production, *f. f.* Production,
 product, work. *♦* (Dans un
 procès,) writing, papers,
 evidence produced.
 Produire, *v. a.* (porter du
 fruit.) To produce, yield
 or bring forth. *♦* (Rapport-
 er,) to yield, to be wort-
 hy. *♦* (Engendrer,) to pro-
 duce or beget. *♦* (Causer,)
 to cause or occasion, to be
 the cause or occasion of.
 * (Composer un ouvrage
 d'esprit,) to produce, make,
 write or compose. * (Faire
 voir,) to produce, to
 shew.
 Se produire, *v. r.* To make

PRO

one's self known, to put
one's self forward.
Produit, *ite*, *adj.* Produced,
yielded, brought forth, &c.
V. Produire.
Produit, *f. m.* Product, pro-
duce.
Profanateur, *f. m.* A pro-
phaner.
Profanation, *f. f.* Prophaning
or prophanation.
Profane, *adj.* Prophane, im-
pious, irreligious.
Profane, *f. m.* A prophane
person.
Profané, *ée*, *adj.* Prophaned,
abused.
Profaner, *v. a.* To prophan.
Proféré, *ée*, *adj.* Uttered,
spoken.
Proférer, *v. a.* To utter, to
speak.
Profes, *esse*, *f. m.* & *f.* A
professed monk or nun.
Professer, *v. a.* To profess,
to be professor of. Professer
une science, to profess a
science, to teach it.
Professeur, *f. m.* A Profes-
sor, a public Reader.
Profession, *f. fém.* Profession,
calling, condition, trade
or art; ♦ profession, the
entering into any Religious
Order; ♦ profession, con-
fession or acknowledgement.
Faire profession d'une Re-
ligion, to profess a Reli-
gion.
Profil, *f. m.* Profile, the
picture of a thing drawn side-
ways.
Profilier, *v. n.* To draw the
profile.
Profit, *subst. m.* Profit, gain,
benefit, emolument, advan-
tage, interest. ♦ Faites-en
votre profit, make the best
of it.
Profitable, *adj.* Profitable,
useful, beneficial.
Profiter, *v. n.* To get; ♦ to
make an advantage or good
use of; ♦ to profit, to be
profitable.
Profond, *onde*, *adj.* Deep; *
deep, profound, high, great;
* deeply learned; * pro-
found, low.
Profondément, *adv.* Deep.
* (Bien avant,) deep,
deeply.

PRO

Profondeur, *f. f.* Deepness,
depth, profundity; the being
deep.
Profusion, *f. f.* Profuseness,
profusion, lavishness, pro-
digality.
Programme, *f. m.* (terme de
College.) A bill put up to
give public notice of the
exercise to be performed in
the school.
Progrès, *f. m.* Progress.
Progressif, *ive*, *adj.* Progress-
ive. Ex. Un mouvement
progressif, a progressive mo-
tion.
Progression, *f. fém.* Progress-
ion.
Prohibé, *ée*, *adj.* Prohibited,
forbidden.
Prohiber, *v. a.* To prohibit
or forbid.
Prohibition, *f. f.* Prohibition,
forbidding.
Proie, *f. f.* Prey or booty.
Projection, *f. f.* Ex. Poudre
de projection, powder of pro-
jection, a kind of chymical
powder.
Projet, *f. m.* Project, design,
purpose, intent; ♦ a rough
draught.
Projeté, *ée*, *adj.* Projected,
designed, purposed, inten-
ded.
Projeter, *v. a.* To project,
design, purpose or intend.
Prolégomenes, *f. m. pl.* A
long preface or proem.
Prolitique, *adj.* Prolifick or
prolific.
Prolixe, *adj.* Prolix, long,
tedious.
Prolixement, *adv.* Tediously,
prolixly.
Prolixité, *f. f.* Prolixity.
Prologue, *f. m.* A prologue,
the speech before a play.
Prolongation, *f. f.* A prolong-
ing, lengthening, &c.
delay.
Prolongé, *ée*, *adj.* Prolon-
ged, lengthened, &c.
Prolonger, *v. a.* To prolong or
lengthen, to spin or stretch
out.
Promenade, *subst. f.* Walk,
walking.
Promené, *ée*, *adj.* Walked.
Promener, *v. a.* To walk,
to lead about. * Promener
son esprit sur toutes les

PRO 379

créatures, to run over in
one's mind all the works
of the creation.
Se promener, *v. r.* To walk.
* † Envoyer promener
quelqu'un, to send one
packing.
Promenoir, *f. m.* A walk or
walking place.
Promesse, *f. f.* Promise. Pro-
messe verbale, verbal pro-
mise, word. ♦ Promesse,
(billet,) a note under one's
hand.
Prometteur, *f. m.* Promet-
teuse, *f. f.* A promiser, one
that promises much and per-
forms but little.
Promettre, *v. a.* To promise,
to engage. Se promettre,
(espérer,) to promise one's
self, to hope.
Promis, *ise*, *adj.* (from pro-
mettre.) Promised, &c.
V. Promettre.
Promission, *f. f.* Ex. La terre
de promission, the promi-
sed land.
Promontoire, *f. m.* Promon-
tory or headland.
Promoteur, *f. m.* Promoter;
♦ a professor in an Eccle-
siastical Court.
Promotion, *f. f.* Promotion,
advancement.
Promouvoir, *v. a.* To pro-
mote, raise, advance or
prefer.
Prompt, *ompte*, *adj.* (sou-
dain.) Quick, sudden, speedy.
♦ (Actif,) ready, quick,
nimble, active. ♦ (Colere,)
hasty, soon angry, passio-
nate.
Promptement, *adv.* Readily,
quickly, nimbly.
Promptitude, *f. f.* Readiness,
quickness, speed, haste; ♦
hastiness, passion.
Promu, *uo*, *adj.* Promoted,
&c. V. Promouvoir.
Prône, *f. m.* A kind of ho-
mily or discourse made every
Sunday by the priest, for
the instruction of his par-
ishioners.
Prôner, *v. a.* To praise, to
cry up, to preach up. †
(Faire de longs discours
ennuyeux,) to preach, to
hold forth.
Prôneur, *f. m.* A great talker.

380 PRO

Pronom, *f. m.* *A Pronoun.*
 Prononcé, *ée, adj.* Pronounced, &c. according to the verb.
 Prononcer, *v. a.* To pronounce, to speak; \diamond to deliver; \diamond to pronounce, to pass one's verdict or judgment.
 Prononciation, *subst. f.* Pronunciation, speaking; \diamond delivery. \diamond Prononciation (lecture) d'une sentence, the reading of a sentence.
 Pronostic, *f. m.* (figne.) Prognostick, presage or omen.
 Pronostiqué, *ée, adj.* Prognosticated, presaged, foretold, conjectured.
 Pronostiquer, *v. a.* To prognosticate, presage, foretell or conjecture.
 Pronostiqueur, *f. m.* Prognosticator, foreteller.
 Propagation, *f. f.* Propagation, increase.
 Propension, *f. f.* Propension, propensity, inclination.
 Prophane, &c. *V.* Profane, &c.
 Prophete, *f. m.* *A Prophet.*
 Prophétesse, *f. f.* *A Prophetess.*
 Prophétie, *f. f.* *Prophecy, prediction.*
 Prophétique, *adj.* *Prophetic, prophetic.*
 Prophétiquement, *adv.* *Prophetically.*
 Prophétisé, *ée, adj.* *Prophe-
 zied, prophesied, foretold.*
 Prophétiser, *v. a.* To prophesize, to prophesy, to foretell.
 Propice, *adj.* *Propitious, favourable.* \diamond Ainsi Dieu me soit propice, so God help me.
 Propitiation, *f. f.* *Ex. Sacrifice de propitiation, a propitiatory Sacrifice.*
 Propitiatoire, *adj.* *Propitiatory.*
 Propitiatoire, *f. m.* *Propitiatory, mercy-seat.*
 Proportion, *f. f.* *Proportion, agreement, agreeableness.* \diamond Compas de proportion, a sector. \diamond A proportion, (façon de parler adverbiale,) proportionably or according to.

PRO

Proportionné, *ée, adj.* *Proportioned, proportionable, commensurate, fit, fitted.*
 Proportionnel, *elle, adj.* *Proportional.*
 Proportionnellement, *adverb.* *Proportionally.*
 Proportionnement, *adv.* *Proportionably, with proportion or in proportion.*
 Proportionner, *v. a.* To proportion, to make answerable or commensurate.
 Propos, *subst. m.* *Discourse, words, talk; \diamond purpose, design, resolution.* \diamond A propos, (manière de parler qui tient lieu d'adjectif,) fit, fitting, convenient, *pas, proper.*
 A propos, *adverb.* *To the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, partly.* \diamond Hors de propos, mal-à-propos, improperly, unseasonably, *propostherously.* \diamond A tout propos, ever and anon, at every turn. \diamond A propos, comment se portet-il? now I think or now you put me in mind on't, how does he do?
 Proposant, *f. m.* *A proposer; \diamond a student in Divinity, one that is so much a proficient, as to make trial-sermons.*
 Proposé, *ée, adject.* *Proposed, &c. according to the verb.*
 Proposer, *v. a.* To propose, propound, speak, offer, declare, put or set forth, to move or make a motion.
 Proposer, *v. n.* (en parlant d'un proposant.) To make or deliver a trial-sermon.
 Se proposer, *v. r.* To purpose, mean, intend or design.
 Proposition, *f. f.* *Proposul, proposition, motion.* \diamond (Sermon de proposant,) a trial-sermon. \diamond Pain de proposition, shew-bread.
 Propre, *adj.* *Proper, peculiar, particular, own-self.* L'amour-propre, self-love. Un nom propre, a proper name. \diamond Propre, (bon à certains usages,) fit, good; \diamond fit, apt; \diamond neat, decent, spruce, fine, genteel.

PRO

Propre, *f. m.* *Natural disposition, property.*
 Propre, *f. m.* (bien qui appartient spécialement à quelqu'un.) *Property, personal or real estate, one's own.* \diamond Posséder en propre, to be the right owner. \diamond Propre, (signification naturelle d'un terme,) the proper sense or signification.
 Proprement, *adv.* *Properly, proper.* \diamond (Avec propreté,) neatly, finely.
 † Propret, *ette, adj.* *Neat, spruce.*
 Propreté, *f. f.* *Neatness, the being neat or fine.*
 Propriétaire, *f. m. & f.* *Proprietor, proprietary, possessor, owner.*
 Propriété, *f. f.* *Property, right to a thing; \diamond propriety; \diamond property, natural virtue or quality.*
 Prorata de (au), *adv.* *In proportion of, proportionably to.*
 Prorogation, *f. f.* *Prorogation, proroguing or putting off, delay.*
 Prorogé, *ée, adj.* *Prolonged, prorogued, put off.*
 Proroger, *v. a.* To prolong, prorogue or put off. Proroger le Parlement d'Angleterre, to prorogue the Parliament.
 Prosaïque, *adj.* *Prosaic.*
 Profateur, *f. m.* *A prose-writer, a writer in prose.*
 Proscription, *f. f.* *A proscription, outlawry.*
 Proscrire, *v. a.* To proscribe or outlaw; \diamond to banish.
 Proscrit, *f. m.* *An outlaw.*
 Prose, *f. f.* *Prose.*
 Prosélyte, *f. m. & f.* *A proselyte, a new convert.*
 Profodie, *f. f.* *Prosoody.*
 Prosopopée, *f. f.* *Prosopoeia.*
 Prospère, *adj.* *Propitious, favourable.*
 Prospérer, *v. n.* To prosper, to thrive, to be prosperous, fortunate or successful. Faire prospérer, to prosper.
 Prospérité, *f. f.* *Prosperity, happiness, good luck, good fortune, good success.*
 Prosterne, *ée, adj.* *Prostrate.*

PRO

Prosternement, *f. m.* *Prostration*.
 Prosterner, *se prosterner*, *v. r.* To prostrate one's self, to cast one's self at one's feet.
 Prostitué, *ée*, *adj.* *Prostituted*, *exposed*.
 Prostituée, *f. fém.* A prostitute, a whore, a common strumpet.
 Prostituer, *v. a.* To prostitute, to expose, to make common.
 Prostitution, *f. f.* The life of a prostitute, lewdness.
 Protecteur, *f. m.* Protector, defender.
 Protection, *f. fém.* Protection, defence, patronage, shelter.
 Protectrice, *f. f.* Protectress.
 Protée, *f. m.* (personne changeante.) A proteus.
 Protégé, *ée*, *adj.* Protected, defended, countenanced, patronized.
 Protéger, *v. a.* To protect or defend, to countenance or patronize.
 Protestant, *f. m.* Une protestante, *f. f.* A Protestant, one of the Church of England, a Calvinist or a Lutheran.
 Protestant, *ante*, *adj.* Protestant.
 Protestation, *f. f.* Protestation, declaration; ♦ protestation, solemn promise or vow.
 Protêter, *v. n.* To protest or declare.
 Protêter, *v. a.* To protest solemnly, to promise, affirm, or declare; to vow or swear. ♦ Protêter une lettre de change, to protest a bill of exchange.
 Protêt, *f. m.* A protest ♦ protestation of a bill of exchange.
 Protocole, *f. m.* A protocol, a precedent-book, a register.
 Proto-notaire, *f. m.* Proto-notary.
 Prototype, *f. m.* Prototype, first pattern or model.
 ‡ Prou, *adv.* Enough, sufficiently.
 Proue, *f. f.* *Prow*, the fore-part of a ship.

PRO

Provédateur, *f. m.* Provéditeur, an overseer joined to the General of an army.
 Provende, *f. f.* Provender, provision.
 Provenant, *ante*, *adj.* Coming, proceeding or issuing out, accruing.
 Provenir, *v. n.* To come, to proceed, to issue; ♦ to accrue.
 Provenu, *ue*, *adj.* Come or proceeded.
 Provenu, *f. m.* Profit. ♦ Net provenu ou produit, (en termes de Négocie,) neat proceeds.
 Proverbe, *subst. m.* Proverb, saying, a common saying.
 Proverbial, *ale*, *adj.* Proverbial.
 Proverbialement, *adv.* Proverbially, by way of proverb.
 † Prouesse, *f. f.* (from preux.) Prowess, a valiant or mighty act or thing, an exploit.
 Providence, *f. f.* Providence.
 Proigné, *ée*, *adj.* Propagated, laid down or set for increase.
 Provigner la vigne, *v. a.* (coucher en terre les sèps, afin qu'il en revienne d'autres.) To provine, to propagate the vine; to lay a vine-stock in the ground, that others may come from it.
 Provigner, *v. n.* To breed, increase or multiply.
 Provin, *f. m.* A new vine-sprig.
 Province, *f. f.* Province. ♦ Province, (là campagne,) country.
 Provincial, *ale*, *adj.* Provincial, of or belonging to a province; ♦ provincial, country-like.
 Provincial, *f. m.* Provinciale, *subst. fém.* One that is bred and born in the country, a countryman or woman; ♦ Provincial, the Chief of the Friars of the same Order in a province.
 Provincialat, *f. m.* A Provincial's dignity, Provincialship.
 Proviseur, *f. m.* Provisor or patron of a college.
 Provision, *f. f.* Provision; ♦ grant or patent. Par pro-

PRU 381

vision, however, in the mean while.
 Provisionnel, *elle*, *adj.* Provisional.
 Provisionnellement ou provisoirement, *adv.* Provisionally, by provision.
 Provocation, *f. f.* Provocation, an urging or provoking.
 Provoqué, *ée*, *adj.* Provoked, urged, challenged.
 Provoquer, *v. a.* To provoke, urge or challenge, to stir up; ♦ to provoke, dispose or cause.
 Prouvé, *ée*, *adj.* Proved, made good, made out.
 Prouver, *v. a.* To prove, to make good or to make out.
 Proximité, *f. f.* Proximity, nearness.
 Proye. V. Proie, &c.
 † Prude, *adj.* Discreet, stayed, grave, prudish.
 Prude, *f. m.* une prude, *f. f.* A prude.
 Prudemment, *adv.* Prudently, wisely, discreetly, advisedly.
 Prudence, *f. fém.* Prudence, wisdom, discretion, advisedness.
 Prudent, *ente*, *adj.* Prudent, wise, discreet, advised.
 Pruderie, *f. f.* Preciseness, affected virtue, shyness, reserve. ♦ Toute la pruderie de la Cour en fut déchainée, the censoriousness of all the prudes at Court was let loose upon it.
 Prud'homme, *f. m.* (terme de Pratique, un expert.) A skilful person in an art or trade.
 ‡ Prud'homie, *f. f.* (conduite sage.) Prudent carriage or behaviour.
 Prune, *f. f.* A plum. * † Ce ne sont pas là des prunes, those are no trifling things.
 Pruneau, *f. m.* Prune.
 Prunelle, *f. f.* Sloe or wild plum.
 Prunelle, *f. f.* ou la prunelle de l'œil. The apple, ball, or sight of the eye. * † Jouer de la prunelle, to cast sheep's eyes, to leer or ogle.
 Prunellier, *f. m.* A sloe-tree.
 Prunier, *f. m.* A plum-tree.

382 PRU

Prurit, *subst. m.* An itch or itching.
Prytanée, *f. m.* The council-house at Athens.
Psalmiste, *f. m.* Psalmist, the composer of psalms.
Psalmodie, *f. f.* Psalmody, a singing of psalms.
Psalmodier, *v. n.* To read or recite psalms.
Psaltérion, *f. m.* (instrument de musique.) Psaltéry, a musical instrument.
Pseaume, *f. m.* Psalm, a divine song.
Pseauteur, *f. m.* Psalter or book of psalms.
Pseudonyme, *adj. m.* Who writes under a borrowed or fictitious name.
Puamment, *adv.* Stinkingly, in a stinking manner. * †
Mentir puamment, to tell a great or an impudent lie.
Puant, *ante, adj.* (qui sent mauvais.) Stinking, strong.
Devenir puant, to begin to stink.
Puant, *f. m.* une puante, *subst. f.* A stinking man or woman.
Puanteur, *f. f.* Stink, ill or strong smell.
Pubere, *adj.* Pubescent.
Puberté, *f. f.* (âge de puberté.) Puberty, age of fourteen in men and twelve in women.
Public, *ique, adj.* (commun.) Public or common; * (Manifeste,) public, publickly known.
Public, *f. m.* The publick.
En public, *adv.* In publick, publickly.
Publicain, *f. m.* A publican.
Publication, *f. f.* Publication or publishing.
Publicité, *f. f.* Publickness, notorioufness.
Publié, *éc, adj.* Published, made publick, divulged, noised abroad.
Publier, *v. a.* To publish, make publick, make known, divulge or noise abroad; to put out.
Publiquement, *adv.* Publickly, in publick, openly, before all the world.
Puce, *f. f.* A flea.
† Puceau, *f. m.* A maid, a

PUL

man that retains his maiden-head.
Pucelage, *subst. m.* Maiden-head, virginity.
Pucelle, *f. f.* Maid, virgin.
Puceron, *subst. m.* A vine-frester.
Pudeur, *f. f.* Bashfulness, shamefacedness or modesty; * pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty.
Pudicité, *f. f.* Pudicity, chastity.
Pudique, *adj.* Chaste, modest, honest.
Pudiquement, *adv.* Chastly, modestly, honestly.
Puer, *v. neut.* To sink, to smell strong.
Puéril, *ile, adjct.* Childish, boyish, puerile.
Puérilement, *adv.* Childishly, like a child.
Puérilité, *subst. f.* Puerility, childishness, a childish trick.
Pugilat, *f. m.* Boxing, cuffing, fifty-fight.
Puis, *adv.* Then, after that, afterwards.
Puifard, *f. m.* A waste-well or draining well.
Puifé, *éc, adj.* Drawn up, &c. *V. The verb.*
Puifer, *v. a.* To draw up.
Puisque, *conj.* Seeing, since, seeing that, since that.
Puissamment, *adv.* Mightily, with main force, powerfully; * mightily, extremely, very much.
Puissance, *f. f.* (pouvoir.) Power, authority, might; * power, dominion, empire, sway; * a state or sovereign state. * (Vertu,) power, virtue, natural quality.
Puissant, *ante, adj.* Powerful, mighty, puissant, potent; * Strong or stout; * powerful, strong, inforcing, forcible, efficacious.
Puits, *f. m.* Well.
Pulluler, *v. n.* To pullulate, to increase, to multiply.
Pulmonaire, *f. f.* (herbe.) Lungwort.
Pulmonie, *f. f.* The consumption.
Pulmonique, *adjct.* Consumptive, who is in a consumption.
Pulmonique, *f. m.* A consump-

PUR

tive man, a man in a consumption.
Pulsation, *subst. f.* Pulsation, beating of the pulse.
Pulvéris, *subst. m.* Priming powder.
Pulvérisé, *éc, adj.* Pulverized, reduced to or beaten into powder.
Pulvériser, *v. a.* To pulverize, to reduce to or to beat into powder.
Punais, *aïse, adj.* That has a stinking nose.
Punais, *f. m.* Une punaise, *f. f.* A man or woman that has a stinking nose.
Punaise, *f. f.* A bug.
Puni, *ie, adj.* Punished.
Punir, *v. a.* To punish, to bring, to bring to punishment, to inflict a punishment.
Punissable, *adj.* Punishable, fit to be punished.
Punition, *f. f.* Punishment.
Pupille, *f. m. & f.* Pupil, an orphan under age; * pupil, a tutor's scholar.
Pupitre, *f. m.* A desk.
Pur, *ure, adj.* Pure, mere, unmixed, without mixture; * clear, downright, entire, whole; * pure, honest, innocent, upright; * pure, clear, clean, neat, fair, unspotted.
À pur & à plein, *adv.* To all intents and purposes, entirely.
Purée, *f. f.* A pease-soup or porridge.
Purement, *adv.* Uprightly, honestly, innocently; * purely, neatly, exactly; * wholly, fully, entirely; * purely, merely, clearly.
Pureté, *f. f.* Purenese, clearness; * uprightness, integrity, honesty, innocence; * chastity, honesty.
Purgatif, *ive, adj.* Purgative, purging.
Purgatif, *f. m.* A purge or a purging medicine.
Purgation, *f. f.* Purging; * a purge.
Purgatoire, *f. m.* Purgatory.
Purgé, *éc, adjct.* Purged, cleared, &c. *V. The verb.*
Purger, *v. a.* (nettoyer.) To purge, clear or cleanse.

PUR

Se purger, *v. récip.* To take a purge.
 Purification, *f. f.* Purification.
 Purificateur, *f. m.* Purificator.
 Purifié, *ée, adjct.* Purified, cleansed.
 Purifier, *v. act.* To purify, to cleanse, to purge, to clear.
 Se purifier, *v. réc.* To purify one's self, to be purified, cleansed or cleared.
 Purim, *f. m.* (fête parmi les Juifs.) Purim, a Jewish feast.
 Purisme, *f. m.* The being nice in point of language.
 Puriste, *f. m.* Purist, one that affects to speak nice and proper.
 Puritain, *f. m.* A Puritan, a Presbyterian.
 Purulent, *ente, adj.* Purulent, mattery.
 Pus, *f. m.* Matter, corruption.
 Pustillanime, *adjct.* Pustillanious, saint-hearted, coward.
 Pustillanimité, *f. f.* Pustillanimity, saint-heartedness, cowardice.
 Pustule, *f. f.* Blister, pustule.
 Put, a person of the verb Puer and Pouvoir.
 Putain, *f. f.* Whore, wench, harlot, prostitute, strumpet, crack.
 Putanisme, *f. m.* Whoring, whoredom.
 Putassier, *f. m.* A whoremaster or whoremonger.
 Putatif, *ive, adj.* Reputed, supposed, pretended. *Ex.* Un pere putatif, a reputed or supposed father.
 Putois, *f. m.* A sort of polecat.
 Putréfaction, *f. f.* Putrefaction, rottenness, corruption.
 Putréfait, *aite, adjct.* Putrified, rotten, corrupt, stinking.
 Putréfié, *ée, adj.* Putrified, rotten.
 Putréfier, *v. act.* To putrify, to rot or corrupt.
 Se putréfier, *v. r.* To putrefy, to corrupt, rot or grow rotten.
 Putride, *adj.* *Ex.* Fievre putride, a putrid fever.

PYT

Pygmée, *f. m.* A pygmy, a dwarf; † a shrimp, † a short-arse.
 Pylore, *f. m.* Pylorus or lower orifice of the stomach.
 Pyramidal, *ale, adj.* Pyramidal or pyramidal.
 Pyramide, *f. f.* A pyramid.
 Pyrénées, *f. f. pl.* The pyrenees or pyrenean hills.
 Pyrotechnie, *f. f.* Pyrotechny, the making of fireworks.
 Pyrrhonien, *f. & adj.* Pyrrhonian, sceptick.
 Pyrrhonisme, *f. m.* Pyrrhonism, scepticism.
 Python, *f. m.* Python, a familiar and prophesying spirit or one possessed therewith.
 Pythonisse, *f. f.* A pythoness, a forcerefs, a witch, a prophets.

Q

Quadernes ou Carnes, *f. m. pl.* Two fours.
 Quadragénaire, *adj.* Quadragenarian, forty years old.
 Quadragéfimal, *ale, adjct.* Quadragefimal, of or belonging to lent.
 Quadragéfime, *f. f.* Quadragefima, the first sunday in lent.
 Quadrangulaire, *adjct.* Quadrangular, four square.
 Quadrat, *f. m.* (terme d'Imprimeur.) A quadrat.
 Quadrature, *f. f.* Squaring or quadrature.
 Quadrer, *v. n.* To quadrate, suit, agree, square.
 Quadrille, *f. f.* A troop of horse for a carrousel or tournament.
 Quadrille, *f. m.* (jeu des cartes.) Quadrille.
 Quadrupede, *f. m.* A quadruped or four-footed beast.
 Quadruple, *f. m.* Quadruple, four-fold; † A double Spanish pistol.
 Quadrupler, *v. act.* To quadruplicate.
 Quai, *f. m.* The key of a river or haven.
 Quaiche, *f. f.* A ketch.
 Quaker ou Quakre, *subst. m.* Quaker.

QUA 38;

Qualification, *f. f.* Name, character.
 Qualifié, *ée, adj.* Called, &c. *V.* Qualifier; † honourable, of quality.
 Qualifier, *v. a.* (marquer la qualité.) To qualify, to call, to give the character of, to describe; † to call or give a title, to entitle.
 Se qualifier Gentilhomme, *v. réc.* To call or entitle one's self a Gentleman, to assume the quality of Gentleman.
 Qualité, *f. f.* Quality, condition, nature. * (Titre,) quality, title.
 Quand, *adv. de temps.* When. Jusques à quand? how long?
 † Quand & quand, at the same time with, together with.
 Quand ou quand même, *conj.* Though, although. Quand elle le voudroit bien, though she were willing.
 † Quanquan, *f. m.* prononcez Cancan. *Ex.* Faire un grand quanquan pour peu de chose. To make a great noise about a trifle.
 Quant à, *adv.* As to, as for, concerning, touching.
 † Quantes, *adj. f. plur.* *Ex.* Toutes fois & quantes que vous voudrez, whenever, as often or as oftentimes as you please.
 Quantieme, *adj. & f.* What, which.
 Quantité, *f. f.* Quantity, bigness or extent; † a great quantity, abundance, a great many, a world; † quantity, the measure of syllables.
 Quarantaine, *f. f.* For'y. † Quarantine. Faire quarantaine, to perform quarantine.
 Quarante, *adjct. de nombre.* Forty.
 Quarantieme, *adj.* Fortieth.
 Quarré, &c. *V.* Carré, &c.
 Quart, *f. m.* Quarter or fourth part. † Quart, (terme de mer,) watch, sea-watch.
 Quart de babord, the larboard watch. Rôle des quarts, watch-bill. † Quart de vent, a point of the compass.
 Quart, *arte, adj.* Fourth, *Ex.*

Le quart-denier, *the fourth penny.*

† Quartaine, *adjec. Ex. Vos sievres quartaines, you take you.*

Quartaut, *f. m. The fourth part of a hoghead.*

Quarte, *f. f. A quart, two points; a fourth, in music; a quart or fourth, at picket.*

Quartier, *f. m. The Alderman of a ward.*

Quarteron, *f. m. A quarter of a pound; a quarter of a hundred.*

Quartier, *subst. m. Quarter or fourth part. (Partis du camp,) quarters in a camp.*

♦ Quartier d'assemblée, *a rendez-vous.* ♦ Quartier, *(composition,) quarters.*

♦ (Degré de pere & de mere pour prouver sa noblesse,) *descent.* ♦ (Instrument de Mathématique,) *quadrant.*

Quartier de réduction, *a finical quadrant.*

♦ Quartier-Maitre, *quarter-master.* ♦ Vent de quartier, *a quartering wind.*

A quartier, *adv. Out of the way, aside.*

Quartier-maitre, *subst. m. A Quarter-master.*

† Quasi, *adv. Almost, in a manner.*

Quasimodo, *subst. fém. Low-sunday.*

Quatorze, *adj. Fourteen.* ♦ Louis Quatorze, *Lewis the fourteenth.*

Quatorze, *f. m. A quatorze at picket.*

Quatorzieme, *adjec. Fourteenth.*

Quatorzieme, *subst. The fourteenth.*

Quatrain, *f. m. Quatrain, a stanza of four verses.*

Quatre, *adj. de nomb. Four.* * Il se met en quatre pour ses amis, *he will do any thing to serve his friends.*

Quatre, *f. m. A four. Quatre, (aux dés,) a four or cater, at dice.*

Quatre-vingts, *adj. Four-score, eighty.*

Quatre-vingtieme, *adj. Eightieth.*

Quatrieme, *adj. Fourth,*

Quatrieme, *f. m. A fourth or fourth part.*

Quatrieme, *f. f. A fourth, at picket.*

Quatrièmement, *adv. Fourthly, in the fourth place.*

Quatriennal, *ale, adjec. Of every fourth year, quadriennial.*

Que, *(accusatif singulier & pluriel du pronom Qui) That, which, whom.*

R. Quelquefois ce pronom n'est pas exprimé en Anglois. *Ex. La femme que j'aime, the woman I love.*

Que, *what. Que dit-il? what does he say?*

Que, *conj. That.* ♦ Que, *(jusques à ce que,) till.*

Attendez qu'il vienne, *stay till he comes.* Je ne suis pas si fou que de le croire, *I am not such a fool as to believe it.*

♦ Que, *(en marquant la comparaison,) than.* ♦ Que, *s'exprime souvent par but.*

Il ne songe qu'à cela, *he minds nothing but that.*

Que, *(lorsque,) when.* Je lui parlois qu'il étoit encore au lit, *I spoke to him when he was still a bed.*

Que, *(de peur que,) lest, for fear.* Retirez-vous, qu'il ne vous batte, *go away lest he beat you.*

♦ Que, *(afin que,) that.* Venez ici que je vous parle, *come here that I may speak with you.*

♦ Que, *(plût à Dieu!) would to God!* ♦ Que n'ai-je le temps! *oh! that I had or would I had but time!*

♦ Que si cela est vrai, *and if that be true.* ♦ Qu'ainfi ne soit, *to prove that it is so.*

♦ Tant petits que grands, *both small and great.* Cinq cents y sont demeurés, tant morts que blessés à mort, *five hundred were left upon the place, part of them dead, and part mortally wounded.*

♦ Que *(marquant l'imperatif) s'exprime par let.*

♦ C'est ici que je couche, *here I lie.* ♦ C'est régner que de servir Dieu, *he reigns that serves God.*

Il croit que non, *he believes not.* Je dis qu'oui,

I say yes. Il dit que non, he says no or not.

Que! *adv. (combien.) How, how much, how many!*

Quel, *elle, pron. adj. What?*

Quel homme est-ce là? *what man is that?* Quelle pitié! *oh, what pity 'tis!*

♦ Quel que soit, *whatever or whatsoever it be.* ♦ Tel quel, *(médiocre,) so so, indifferens.*

Quelconque, *pron. Whatever, whatsoever any; none, none at all.* En fison quelconque, *by no means, by no means in the world.*

Quellement, *adv. Ex. Tellement, quellement, so so, indifferens.*

Quelque, *pron. adj. (un ou une d'entre plusieurs.) Some, any.* Adressez-vous à quelqu'autre, *go to some body else.*

Quelque part, *somewhere.* ♦ Quelque, *(quel ou quelle que soit,) whatever, whatsoever, any.*

En quelque lieu qu'il soit, *wherever he is or be.* En quelque temps que ce soit, *at any time.*

♦ Que! que, *(un peu,) some little.*

Quelque peu, *a little, some, somewhat.*

Quelque, *howsoever, as.* ♦ Quelque, *(environ, à peu près,) about, some.*

Quelquefois, *adv. Sometimes, now and then.*

Quelqu'un, quelqu'une, *f. Any body, any man, some body, one.*

Quelques-uns, *some.*

† Quenottes, *subst. f. pl. Teeth.*

Quenouille, *f. f. A distaff. (Colonne de lit,) a bed-post.*

Querelle, *f. fém. Quarrel, difference, dispute, debate, strife, variance, wrangling or falling out.*

Querellé, *éc, adj. Quarrelled with, scolded at.*

Quereller, *v. act. To pick a quarrel with one, to quarrel with one; to scold at.*

Querelleur, *f. m. A quarrelsome man or fellow.*

Querelleuse, *subst. fém. A quarrelsome woman; a scold.*

Querelleur,

QUE

Querelleur, euse, *adj.* Quarrelsome.
Querir, *v. a.* (chercher.) *Ex.* Aller querir, to fetch, to go for.
Questeur, *f. masc.* *Questor*, among the ancient Romans; *† a burser or purser in an University.*
Question, *f. f.* (demande.) *Question*, interrogation, demand; *† proposition*, query. *†* (Chose, affaire,) *matter*, business, question. *†* Plus d'un an avant qu'il fût question de lui, above a year before he came to be talked of or came to be a toast. *†* Question, (gêne, torture,) rack, torture.
Questionnaire, *f. m.* The tormenter.
Questionné, ée, *adj.* Questioned, interrogated, examined, demanded.
Questionner, *v. a.* To question, interrogate or examine, to ask questions, to demand.
Questionneur, *f. m.* A questioner, an examiner, one that is full of questions.
Questure, *f. f.* *Questorship*; the place, office or dignity of a Roman questor.
Quête, *f. f.* *Quest*. *†* (Cueillette pour les pauvres,) a gathering. *†* Quête de l'étambord, rake of the stern-post.
Quêter, *v. a.* To quest or go in quest of or to hunt.
Quêter, *v. n.* To beg or go a begging, as mendicant friars do; *†* to make a gathering.
Quêteur, *f. m.* A mendicant friar, that goes up and down to beg for his Monastery; *†* one that makes a gathering.
Quêteuse, *f. f.* A woman that makes a gathering or that goes a begging for the church or poor.
Queue, *f. f.* The tail or train of any four-footed animal, bird, fish or reptile. *†* (Se dit de plusieurs choses qui ont du rapport à la queue d'un animal, &c.) tail or train of several things. *Ex.* *Tom. I.*

QUI

La queue d'une comète, the tail of a comet. La queue d'une robe, the train of a gown. *†* Queue de mouton, a loin of mutton. *†* Queue de moulin, mill-handle. *P.* Quand on parle du loup, on en voit la queue. *P.* Talk of the devil, and he'll appear. ** Queue*, (le bout, la fin de quelque chose,) the end, the latter end. La queue de la tranchée, the end of the trenches. La queue de l'hiver, the latter end of winter. ** Queue à queue*, (à la file,) one after another, one on the neck of another, one by one. ** Queue*, (suite d'un Prince, &c.) train, retinue. *** (Conséquence d'une affaire,) tail or consequence of a business. *†* Queue-de-rat, (terme de Gréement,) pointing. Grelin en queue-de-rat, pointed rope. *†* Assemblage en queue d'aronde, (terme de Charpenterie,) a swallow-tail scarf.
Queux, *subst. m. Ex.* Maître Queux, the King's Master-Cook.
Qui, *pron. relat. m. & f.* (lequel, laquelle.) That, who, whom. *†* Qui, (ou ce qui,) which. Et qui pis est, and which is worse. *†* Qui plus est, more than that, moreover. *†* Le voici qui vient, here he comes. *†* Qui, (celui qui, conquies,) he that, whoever, whosoever. *P.* Qui bien fera, bien trouvera. *P.* Do well and have well. *†* Il n'y a qui que ce soit, there's no body. *†* A qui est ce livre? whose book is that or this?
Quia, à quia, (terme emprunté du latin.) *Ex.* Il est à quia, he is at a stand, he is nonplussed or put to a nonplus.
Quiconque, *pron. m.* Whoever or whosoever.
Quidam, *f. m.* Quidane, *f. f.* A certain man or woman, a certain person, one.

QUI 385

† Quiet, ete, *adj.* Quiet, at rest.
Quiétisme, *f. m.* Quietism.
Quiétiste, *adj. & f.* Quietist.
Quiétude, *f. fem.* Quietness, quiet, repose, rest.
† Quignon, *f. m.* A great bunch or piece of bread.
Quille, *f. f.* Pin or keel. *†* Jeu de quilles, nine-pins or keels. *†* Quille, (d'un navire,) the keel of a ship. Contre-quille, stem-son.
Quiller, *v. n.* To throw at the bowl with pins to know who and who's together.
Quillier, *f. m.* A square or place for nine-pins.
Quillon, *f. m.* The crossbar of the hilt of a sword.
† Quinaud, aude, *adj.* That looks silly, abashed, ashamed, out of countenance.
Quincaille, *f. f.* Hard-ware.
Quincailerie, *f. f.* Dealing in hard-ware.
Quincaillier, *f. m.* Haberdasher of hard-ware.
Quinçonneau, *f. m.* Taggel.
Quines, *f. m.* Two cinses or fives at dice.
Quinola, *f. m.* The knave of hearts at the game called reversis, the same as pami at loo.
Quinquagénnaire, *adj. & subst.* Fifty years old.
Quinquagésime, *f. f.* Quinquagesima, shrove-sunday.
Quinquenove, *f. f.* Quinquenove, a kind of game with two dice.
Quinquina, *f. m.* The bark, the Jesuits powder.
Quint, inte, *adj.* Fifth. *Ex.* Charles-Quint, Charles the fifth.
Quint ou le quint-denier, *f. m.* The fifth penny.
Quintaine, *f. f.* A quintin, a thick plunk or post set fast in the ground to run a tilt at.
Quintal, *f. m.* A quintal or hundred weight; *†* a stone-pitcher.
Quinte, *f. f.* A quint, at picket; *†* a fifth, in music; *†* a humour, fancy, whim, croacher, freak, caprice; *†* a great cough.
Bb

386 QUI

Quintefeuille, *f. f.* *Cinquesoil* or *five-leaved grass*.
 Quintessence, *f. f.* *Quintessence, substance*.
 Quintessencier, *v. n.* *To refine, to be nice or critical*.
 Quiteux, *euse, adj.* *Humour-some, fanciful, whimsical, maggoty, freakish*.
 Quintin, *f. m.* *Kentin-cloth*.
 Quinzain, *f. m.* (quinze, en termes de Marqueur de jeu de paume.) *Fifteen*.
 Quinzaine, *f. f.* *A fortnight*.
 Quinze, *adj. de nombre*. *Fifteen*. *Quinze jours, fifteen days or a fortnight*. * Grégoire Quinze, (ou Quinzième,) *Pope Gregory the fifteenth*. * † En faire passer quinze pour douze, *to impose or put upon, to cheat*.
 Quinzième, *adj.* *Fifteenth*.
 Quinzième, *f. m.* *A fifteenth or fifteenth part*. Le quinzième du mois, *the fifteenth day of the month*.
 Quittance, *f. f.* *An acquittance or receipt*.
 Quittancer, *v. a.* *To write a receipt*.
 Quitte, *adj.* *Quit, clear*. * Je vous tiens quitte pour dix écus, *I excuse or acquit you for ten crowns*. * Quitte, (débarraissé,) *free, rid*.
 Quitter, *v. a.* *To quit, leave, forsake, go from or part with*. * Quitter, (se dépouiller,) *to pull or cast off*. * (Céder,) *to quit, yield, part with or give up*. * (Lâcher,) *to let go*. * (Se déshiter,) *to leave off or give over, to desist*. * (Décharger,) *to quit, forgive or excuse*.
 Quoi, *pron. that, which, what*. Le plus grand vice à quoi il est sujet, *the greatest vice which he is subject to*. De quoi il ne se corrige point, *which he never mends*.
R. Remarquez que ce mot n'est pas exprimé en Anglois dans beaucoup de phrases. *Note, that this particle is often left out or unexpressed in many English phrases*. *Ex.* A quoi passiez-vous le temps? *how do you spend your time?* A quoi bon tant

RAB

de façons? *why do you keep such ado?*
 Un je ne fais quoi, *f. The French je ne fais quoi, or I know not what, an unexpressible quality*. * Quoi qu'il arrive, *whatever happens, fall back fall edge*.
 Quoi! eh quoi! *interj. How! how now!*
 Quoique, *conj.* *Though or tho', although*.
 Quolibet, *f. m.* *A jest, a querk or joke, a pun*.
 Quote, *adj. Ex.* *Quote-part, quota*.
 Quotidien, *enne, adj.* *Daily, quotidian*.
 Quotient, *f. m.* *Quotient*.
 Quotité, *f. f.* *Quota*.

R

Rabais, *f. m.* *Abatement, lessening, fall*.
 Rabaislé, *ée, adj.* *Pulled down, humbled, &c. V. the verb*.
 Rabaissement, *f. m.* *Pulling down, humbling or humiliation*.
 Rabaisser, *v. a.* *To bring down, to abate*. * Rabaisser, (abaïsser,) *to pull or bring down, to check, to humble*.
 Se rabaisser, *v. réc.* *To debase or humble one's self; to cringe*.
 Rabans, *f. m. pl.* (terme de Marine.) *A general name for earrings, gaskets, ropebands and knittles*.
 Rabat, *f. m.* *A band*. * (Second coup au jeu des quilles,) *the tipping, at nine-pins*.
 † Rabat-joie, *f. m.* *A troublesome guest, one that spoils the sport of the company; * any thing that checks our joy; a disappointment, a great balk*.
 Rabattre, *v. a.* (diminuer.) *To bate or abate*. Rabattre un coup, *to break, put by or parry a blow*. * Rabattre, (au jeu des quilles,) *to tip, at nine-pins*.
 Rabattre, *v. n.* *Ex.* Quand vous serez-là, vous rabat-trez par un tel endroit,

RAC

when you come there, you must take or turn to such a place.
 Se rabattre, *v. r.* *To fall down or upon; to light*.
 Rabattu, *ue, adj.* *Bated, abated, according to the verb*.
 Rabbin, *f. m.* *A Rabbi, Rabbin, a Jewish Doctor*.
 Rabbinique, *adj.* *Rabbinical*.
 Rabbinisme, *f. m.* *The doctrine of the Rabbins*.
 Rabbiniste, *f. m.* *A Rabbinist*.
 Rabêti, *ie, adj.* *Dulled, stu-pified, besotted*.
 † Rabêtir, *v. a.* *To dull, stu-pify or besot; to make dull or stupid*.
 Râble, *f. m.* *The back of a hare or rabbit*.
 Râblu, *ue, adj.* *That has a good back, strong-backed*.
 Rablure, *f. f.* (terme de mer.) *Rablure de l'étambord, the rabbie of the stern-post*.
 Rabonir, *v. a.* (rendre meilleur.) *To meliorate, better, improve*.
 Rabot, *f. m.* *A joiner's plane; * a plaisterer's beaver*.
 Raboté, *ée, adj.* *Planed, &c. according to the verb*.
 Raboter, *v. a.* *To plane or make smooth with a plane*.
 Raboteux, *euse, adj.* *Rough, rugged, uneven*.
 Rabougri, *ie, adj.* *un arbre rabougri, a stunted, mis-grown, grubbed tree; a tree not come to perfection, a mere grub*.
 Rabougrir, *v. n.* *se rabougrir, v. r.* (en parlant des arbres.) *To grow stunted, to grow crooked and low wiz-hal; speaking of a tree that does not thrive*.
 Rabouillere, *f. f.* *A rabbit's nest*.
 Rabroué, *ée, adj.* *Snubbed*.
 † Rabrouer, *v. a.* *To snub, to give a sharp or crabbed answer*.
 Racage, *f. m.* *Parrel. Grand-racage, main-parrel. Ra-cage à l'angloise, trafs-parrel*.
 Racaille, *f. f.* *The rabbage, the rabble, the dregs of the people, the mobile or mob, the rascality*. * Racailles,

RAC

(rebut,) *fad paultry stuff, trash.*
Racambeau, *f. m.* racambeau du grand foc, the jib iron.
Raccommodage, *f. m.* Mending, piecing, patching or botching.
Raccommodé, *ée*, *adj.* Mended, &c. *V.* the verb.
Raccommodement, *f. m.* Reconciliation, reconcilement.
Raccommoder, *v. a.* To mend, piece, patch or botch. ♀ (Réconcilier,) to make friends again, to reconcile.
Se raccomoder, *v. r.* To be friends again, to be reconciled.
Raccomodeur, *f. m.* Mender, patcher, botcher.
Raccoupler, *v. a.* To couple again.
Raccourci, *ie*, *adj.* Shortened, made shorter, abridged.
Raccourci, *f. m.* (un abrégé.) An abridgment.
Raccourcir, *v. a.* To shorten, to make or cut shorter, to abridge; ♀ to foreshorten.
Raccourcissement, *f. m.* Shortening, abridging. ♀ (En Peinture,) foreshortening.
‡ Raccourté, *ée*, *adj.* Mended.
‡ Raccouter, *v. a.* To mend.
Raccoutume, *ée*, *adj.* Used again.
Raccoutumer, *se raccoutumer*, *v. r.* To use one's self again.
Raccroché, *ée*, *adj.* Hooked again, &c. *V.* the verb.
Raccrocher, *v. a.* To hook again. * (Rattraper,) to recover or get again.
Race, *f. f.* Race, family, flock or generation. ♀ La race future, les races futures, future or after-ages, after-times, posterity.
Rachat, *f. m.* Redemption, redeeming, recovery.
Rachetable, *adj.* Redeemable, recoverable.
Racheté, *ée*, *adj.* Bought again, redeemed, &c.
Racheter, *v. a.* To buy or buy again.
Rachitis, *f. m.* The rickets.
Racine, *f. f.* The root of plants and trees.
Racle, *f. f.* (ou gratte.) A scraper used to clean a ship.

RAD

Raclé, *ée*, *adj.* Scraped, &c. *V.* Racler.
Racler, *v. a.* To scrape or erase.
† * Racleur, *f. m.* Ex. Racleur de guitare, a scurvy player on the guitar.
Racloir, *f. m.* A scraper; ♀ a gardener's rake.
Racloire, *f. f.* Strickle.
Raclure, *f. f.* Scraping.
Raconté, *ée*, *adj.* Told, related.
Raconter, *v. a.* To tell, relate or give an account of.
Raconteur, *f. m.* A relater, a teller.
Racornir, *v. a.* To make hard or tough as a horn.
Se racornir, *v. réc.* To grow tough and hard. ♀ Se racornir au feu, to shrivel in the fire as leather does.
Racquitter, *v. a.* To bring or to get home again.
Racquitter, *se racquitter*, *v. r.* To win one's money back again, to get home or be brought home; * to retrieve a loss, to recover it.
Rade, *f. f.* A road for ships.
Radeau, *f. m.* A float of timber, a raft.
Radiation, *f. f.* A cross or crossing out.
Radical, *ale*, *adj.* Radical.
Radicalement, *adv.* Radically, originally.
Radier, *f. m.* Apron in a dock.
Radieux, *euse*, *adj.* Radiant, shining, glittering.
Radoter, *v. n.* To dote, to rave, to talk idle.
Radoterie, *f. f.* Dotage, extravagance.
Radoteur, *f. m.* A dotard, a doting man.
Radoteuse, *subst. f.* A doting woman, a woman come to dotage.
Radoub, *f. m.* The refitting of a ship.
Radoubé, *ée*, *adj.* Refitted.
Radoubier, *v. a.* To refit.
Radouci, *ie*, *adj.* Sweetened, &c. *V.* the verb.
Radoucir, *v. a.* To sweeten or soften.
Se radoucir, *v. r.* To grow mild; * to be appeased, to relent.
Radoucissement, *f. m.* Softening, allaying, mitigation.

RAF 387

Rafale, *f. f.* A sudden squall of wind.
Raffermi, *ie*, *adj.* Strengthened, &c. according to the verb.
Raffermir, *v. a.* To strengthen, to fasten; to make more fast or firm, to fortify. ♀ (Rendre dur,) to harden, to make hard.
Se raffermir, *v. r.* To grow stronger, to gather strength, to be confirmed or settled.
Raffermissement, *f. m.* Establishment, confirmation, settlement.
Raffinage, *f. m.* The refining of sugar; ♀ refinement.
Raffiné, *ée*, *adj.* Refined, fine; *V.* the verb. * (Subtil, délicat,) refined, subtle, nice, critical.
Raffinement, *f. m.* Ex. Raffinement de la poudre à canon, the refining of gunpowder. * Raffinement, refining, subtlety, nicety.
Raffiner, *v. a.* To refine.
Raffiner, *v. n.* To refine, to be nice, to be critical.
Se raffiner, *v. réc.* To grow sharp, to learn wit.
Raffinerie, *f. f.* (lieu où l'on raffine le sucre,) sugar bake-house.
Raffineur, *f. m.* A refiner, one that is too nice or over-critical; an hyper-critic.
† Raffolir, *v. n.* Ex. Vous me feriez raffolir, you would make me mad.
Rafle ou Raffe, *f. f.* The stalk where the grapes did hang.
Rafle, *f. f.* (au jeu des dés.) Pair royal, at dice.
Faire rafle, *v. a.* To sweep away, to sweep stakes.
Raffer, *v. a.* To sweep away.
Rafrachi, *ie*, *adj.* Cooled, &c. *V.* the verb.
Rafrachir, *v. a.* To cool. * Rafrachir un tableau, to varnish a picture. * Rafrachir, (renouveler,) to refresh, renew or revive. ♀ Rafrachir le canon, to cool the guns.
Rafrachir, *se rafrachir*, *v. r.* To cool or grow cool; ♀ to blow fresh.
Rafrachir, *v. n.* To cool, to be a cooling.

Rafranchissant, ante, *adj.* Cooling.

Rafranchissement, *f. m.* (modération de la chaleur.) *A* cooling; * refreshment; * refreshment, provisions.

† Ragaillardir, *v. a.* To brisk up, to make merry.

Rage, *f. f.* Madness, a distemper properly amongst dogs, &c. * (Fureur,) rage, fury, madness. * † Il fait rage en sa faveur, he is eager or he leaves no stone unturned to serve him. * † Il fait rage en médecine, he does wonders in physick.

† Ragot, otte, *adj.* Little, short or thick and short.

Ragout, *f. m.* Ragoo or ragout, a dish hightasted, after the french way. * Ragout, (ce qui excite le désir,) inticement, incensive, provocative.

Ragoutant, ante, *adj.* *Ex.* Un mets ragoutant, a tid-bit. * Ragoutant, (agréable,) agreeable, pleasant or pleasing, delightful.

Ragouter, *v. a.* To revive one's stomach; * to quicken, to stir up, to provoke.

Ragrafé, ée, *adject.* New-clasped.

Ragrafer, *v. a.* To new-clasp.

Raie, *f. f.* (ligne.) *A* line.

† Raies, (sur la peau des animaux, sur les marbres, &c.) Streaks. * Raie, (d'une étoffe,) stripe; étoffe à raies, striped stuff. * Raie, (séparation des cheveux,) the seam or parting of the hair; * a furrow. * Raie, (poisson,) a thorn-back.

Rajeuni, ie, *adj.* Made or grown young again.

Rajeunir, *v. n.* To grow young again or look young again.

Rajeunir, *v. a.* To make young, to make look younger. * Rajeunir les arbres, to prune or lop trees. * Rajeunir les cheveux, to colour the hair.

Raifort, *f. m.* Horse-radish.

Raillé, ée, *adject.* Rallyed.

Railler, *v. a.* To rally, to play

and droll upon, to jeer or banter.

Railler de, *v. n.* To jeer, rally or banter; to joke, droll, jest or play upon.

Railler ou se railler, *v. r.* To jeer or banter, to jest, to be in jest. * Se railler (se moquer) de, to mock, to laugh at.

Raillerie, *f. f.* Rallery, bantering, jeering, jsting. * jeer, jest, joke, banter. Tourner en raillerie, to make a jest of, to turn off with a droll.

Railleur, euse, *adj.* Jeering, bantering.

Railleur, *f. m.* Raileuse, *f. f.* A jester, a banterer, a jeerer, a jeering man or woman.

† Raine, *V.* Grenouille.

Rainure, *f. f.* A groove.

Raiponce, *f. f.* Rampions.

† Raire, *v. a.* To shave or trim. *P.* A barbe de fou on apprend à raire, by trimming of fools a barber's apprentice learns his skill.

Rais, *adj.* il n'est en usage que dans cette phrase: * † Il ne se soucie des rais ni des tondu, he cares for no body.

† Rais, *f. m.* Beam of light; * a spoke of a wheel.

Raisin, *f. m.* Grape. * Raisins secs, raisins. * Raisins de Corinthe, currants.

Raisiné, *f. m.* A confect of grapes.

Raison, *f. f.* Reason, reasoning, faculty; * sense, judgment, wit. * (Preuve, argument,) reason, argument, proof. * (Sujet, cause,) reason, cause, matter. * (Considération,) reason, consideration. * (Droit, équité,) reason, right, justice, equity. * (Proportion,) proportion. * (Satisfaction,) reparation. * A plus forte raison, much more. A plus sorte raison, much less. * Pour raison de quoi, wherefore, for which cause.

A raison de, *adv.* At the rate of.

Raisnable, *adj.* (doué de raison.) Rational, reason-

nable. * (Juste,) reasonable, just, right, conscionable. * (Sage,) reasonable, wise. * (Convenable,) reasonable, competent, moderate.

Raisnablement, *adv.* Rationally; * reasonably, justly; * indifferently well, pretty well; * moderately, competently.

Raisonné, ée, *adj.* Rational, accurate.

Raisonnement, *f. m.* Reason, judgment; * a reasoning, argument.

Raisonner, *v. n.* To speak sense, to discourse; * to reason, argue or contend with reasons.

Raisonneur, *f. m.* Raisonneuse, *f. f.* *Ex.* Taisez-vous, &c. ne faites pas ici le raisonneur, hold your tongue, and do not stand arguing the case or chopping logic with me.

Rajusté, ée, *adj.* Set in order again, &c.

Rajuster, *v. a.* To set in order again; * to set to rights again, to reconcile, to make friends again.

Râle, *f. m.* Rayl, a sort of bird.

Râle ou Râlement, *f. m.* A rattling in the throats.

Ralenti, ie, *adject.* Made or grown slow, slackened, relented, abated.

Ralentir, *v. a.* To make slow; to slack, relent or abate, to lessen or diminish.

Se ralentir, *v. r.* To slacken; to grow cold or remiss, to relent.

Ralentissement, *f. m.* A slackening or relenting, remission.

Râler, *v. n.* To rattle or have a rattling in the throats.

Ralingue, *f. f.* Bolt-rope.

Ralinguer, *v. n.* (en parlant des voiles,) To fly loose to the wind.

Ralinguer, *v. a.* Ralinguer une voile, to sew the bolt-ropes to a sail.

Rallié, ée, *adj.* Rallyed.

Ralliement, *subst. masc.* Rallying.

Rallier, *v. a.* (terme de guerre.) To rally.

R A L

Se rallier, *v. r.* To rally.
Rallier au vent, *v. n.* To haul the wind again.
Rallongé, *ée*, *adj.* Lengthened.
Rallonger, *v. a.* To lengthen. *Ex.* Rallonger une jupe, to lengthen a petticoat.
Se rallonger, *v. r.* To grow longer, to lengthen.
Rallumé, *ée*, *adj.* New-kindled, new-lighted; kindled, lighted again, &c.
Rallumer, *v. a.* To kindle or light again.
Se rallumer, *v. r.* To kindle again, to break out again.
Ramage, *f. m.* *Ex.* Epervier à ramage, a ramage sparrowhawk.
Ramage, *f. m.* The singing, chirping or warbling of little birds.
Ramager, *v. n.* To sing, chirp or warble.
Ramaigrir, *ie*, *adj.* Grown leaner.
Ramaigrir, *v. a.* To make lean again.
Ramaigrir, *v. n.* To grow lean again.
Ramas, *subst. m.* Collection, heap.
Ramasse, *f. f.* A sled or sledge, used on the Alps.
Ramassé, *ée*, *adj.* Gathered, got together, &c. *V.* Ramasser.
Ramasser, *v. a.* To gather, to get together, to collect. & (Relever ce qui est à terre.) to take or pick up. * † (Maltraiter,) to cuff, to bang.
Se ramasser, *v. r.* To gather or to get together; & to gather one's self or to gather.
Rambade, *f. f.* The bend or wale of a galley.
Ramberge, *f. f.* Ramberge, a kind of advice-boat.
Rame, *f. f.* (de papier.) A ream of paper. & Rame, (pour ramer des pois,) stick or stake. & Rame, (aviron,) oar or skull.
Ramé, *ée*, *adj.* *Ex.* Pois ramés, peas that grow upon sticks or stakes. & Balle ramée, a cross-bar shot.
Rameau, *f. m.* Bough, branch. & Le Dimanche ou le jour des Rameaux, palm-sunday.

R A M

* Rameaux des veines ou des artères, branches of veins or arteries.
Ramée, *f. f.* A green arbour; & boughs, branches with their leaves.
Ramendé, *ée*, *adj.* Fallen, grown cheaper.
Ramender, *v. n.* To fall, to grow cheaper.
Ramender, *v. a.* *Ex.* Il n'a pas ramendé son marché, i e did not mend his bargain, he got nothing by it.
Ramené, *ée*, *adj.* Brought again or brought back, &c. *V.* the verb.
Ramener, *v. a.* To bring back or bring again. * Ramener quelqu'un, (le réduire au devoir,) to reclaim one.
Ramequin, *f. m.* A welch rabbit, toasted cheese and bread or a toast and cheese.
Ramer, *v. n.* To row, to tug at the oar.
Ramer, *v. a.* ramer des pois, du lin, &c. To set up sticks, for peas, flax, &c. to grow upon.
Ramereau, *f. m.* A young ring-dove or stock-dove.
Rameur, *f. m.* Rower.
Ramier, *f. m.* ou pigeon-ramier, *adj.* A ring-dove or wood-pigeon.
Ramification, *f. m.* The ramification or branching out of veins.
Ramolli, *ie*, *adj.* Softened, &c. according to the verb.
Ramolir, *v. a.* To soften, to make soft or softer. * (Rendre efféminé,) to soften, slacken or unman.
Ramolir, *se ramolir*, *v. r.* To soften or grow softer.
Ramoné, *ée*, *adj.* Swept.
Ramoner, *v. a.* une cheminée, to sweep a chimney.
Ramoneur, *f. m.* A chimney-sweeper.
Rampan, *ante*, *adj.* Creeping, crawling. & (En termes de Blason,) rampant, in heraldry. * (Humble, servile,) creeping, cringing, crouching, humble or servile. & Lierre rampant, ground-ivy.
Rampan, *f. m.* A kind of truss used by surgeons.

R A N 389

Rampe, *f. f.* rampe de montée ou d'escalier. A flight in a stair-case, the steps from one landing place to another.
Rampement, *f. m.* (action de ramper.) Creeping, crawling.
Ramper, *v. n.* To creep or crawl, as reptiles do. *
Ramper, to creep and crouch, to cringe.
Rance, *adj.* Rusty. *Ex.* Du lard rance, rusty bacon. Lard qui sent le rance, bacon that smells rusty.
Ranci, *ie*, *adj.* Rusty, grown rusty.
Rancir, *v. n.* To grow rusty.
Rancissure ou **Rancidité**, *f. f.* Rustiness.
Rançon, *f. f.* Ransom. Mettre à rançon, to set a ransom upon, to ransom.
Rançonné, *ée*, *adj.* Ransomed, &c. *V.* the verb.
Rançonnement, *f. m.* (action de rançonner.) Extorting, exaction, extortion.
Rançonner, *v. a.* To ransom; & to exact upon, to extort money from.
Rancune, *f. f.* Grudge, animosity, spleen, spite, inveterate hatred.
Rang, *f. m.* Row, range; & rank, place. & (Tour, ordre,) turn, order. * (Degré d'honneur, qualité,) rank, degree, note or quality. * (Terme de Marine,) rate. Vaisseau du premier ou du second rang, a ship of the first or second rate. & Trente de rang, (vis de front,) thirty abreast. & Paroitre sur les rangs, to enter the lists. * Mettre au rang, to rank, put, place or reckon amongst.
Rangé, *ée*, *adj.* Ranged, ordered, set, placed, disposed, drawn, &c. *V.* Ranger. Bataille rangée, a drawn battle, a pitched battle or field.
Rangée, *f. f.* A row.
Ranger, *v. a.* (mettre en ordre.) To range, to order, put, set, place. * (Mettre au nombre,) to rank, put place or reckon
b b üj

amongst. ♦ (Mettre à quartier,) to draw or pull back. ♦ Ranger la côte, to range along the coast. ♦ Ranger le vent, to haul close to the wind.
 Se ranger, *v. r.* To draw or step aside, to fall back, to stand by. ♦ Le vent se rangea au nord, the wind veered to the north.
 Rangier, *V.* Renne.
 Ranimé, *ée, adj.* Reanimated, &c.
 Ranimer, *v. a.* To reanimate or revive; * to spirit again, to revive or rekindle, to stir up.
 Rapace, *adj.* Rapacious, ravenous, greedy.
 Rapacité, *f. f.* Rapacity, rapaciousness, greediness.
 Rapatrié, *ée, adj.* Reconciled.
 † Rapatriement ou Rapatriage, *f. m.* Reconciliation, reconciliation.
 † Rapatrier, *v. a.* To reconcile, to set to rights or to make friends again.
 Râpe, *f. f.* Grater; ♦ a raptory, a sort of file; ♦ a farmer's rape.
 Râpé, *ée, adj.* Grated.
 Râpé, *f. m.* Grapes put in a vessel of spoiled wine to mend it; ♦ wine that has been mended by putting grapes into the vessel.
 Râper, *v. a.* (mettre en poudre avec la râpe.) To grate.
 Rapetassé, *ée, adj.* Patched, pieced.
 Rapetasser, *v. a.* To patch up, to piece.
 Rapetissé, *ée, adj.* Lessened, diminished, &c.
 Rapetisser, *v. a.* To lessen, to shorten, to make lesser or shorter.
 Rapetisser, *v. n.* Se rapetisser, *v. r.* To lessen or grow less, to grow short.
 Rapide, *adj.* Rapid, swift, violent, quick.
 Rapidement, *adv.* Rapidly, swiftly, fast.
 Rapidité, *f. f.* Rapidity, swiftness.
 Rapiécetage, *f. m.* Patched works, goods full of patches or pieces.

Rapiécé ou Rapiéceté, *ée, adj.* Patched, pieced.
 Rapiécer ou Rapiéceter, *v. a.* To patch, to piece.
 Rapière, *f. f.* A rapier.
 Rapine, *f. f.* Rapine, robbery, ransacking, pillaging.
 ♦ Oiseau de rapine, a ravenous bird or a bird of prey.
 Rapiné, *ée, adj.* Stolen, got by rapine or extortion.
 † Rapiner, *v. a.* To use rapine and extortion, to get by rapine, to pill and poll, to steal or rob.
 Rapiquer, *v. n.* Ex. Rapiquer au vent, to bring a ship to the wind.
 Rappaisé, *ée, adj.* Appeased, pacified again.
 Rappaiser, *v. a.* To pacify or appease again.
 Rappel, *f. m.* Recall, recalling. Il mourut quelque temps après son rappel, he died some time after his being recalled or after he was recalled.
 Rappelé, *ée, adj.* Recalled. *V.* the verb.
 Rappeler, *v. a.* To call over and over; ♦ to call back; ♦ to recall or call home; * to call or trace back, to reflect on things past. Rappeler dans la mémoire, to call back to one's memory, to call to mind. ♦ Pour y rappeler la seve, to draw the sap to it back again. * Rappeler ses sens, to recover one's self, to come to one's senses again.
 Rappliquer, *v. a.* (appliquer de nouveau.) To apply, to put, to clap again. *V.* Appliquer.
 Se rappliquer, *v. récip.* (à l'étude, aux affaires, &c.) To apply one's self again to study, to business, &c.
 Rapport, *f. m.* (récit.) Report, account, relation, information. ♦ (Discours malin fait à dessein de nuire,) report or false report, tale, story. ♦ (Egard,) relation, respect or regard. ♦ (Convenance, conformité,) relations, coherence, affinity, likeness, propor-

tion, resemblance, conformity, agreeableness. Terre de grand rapport, a very fruitful soil. ♦ Pièces de rapport, inlaid works.
 Rapporté, *ée, adj.* Brought back, &c. according to the verb. ♦ Ouvrages de pièces rapportées, inlaid work.
 Rapporter, *v. a.* To bring back or to carry back; ♦ to bring along with; ♦ to report, say, tell or relate; ♦ to give an account of; ♦ to tell tales or stories, to make false reports. ♦ Rapporter un procès, to report a cause, to make the report of it. ♦ Rapporter, (produire, rendre,) to yield, to bring forth, to bear. ♦ Rapporter, (diriger,) to direct or to aim at. Rapporter ses actions à la gloire de Dieu, to direct one's actions to God's glory.
 Rapporter, se rapporter, *v. r.* To relate, to agree, to answer, to be agreeable or answerable. Je m'en rapporte à vous, I refer or I leave it to you. Je m'en rapporte à votre serment, I put it to your oath.
 Rapporteur, *f. m.* The judge that reports the case; ♦ a tell-tale or tale-teller; ♦ a protraitor.
 Rapprendre, *v. a.* To learn again, to learn anew.
 Rapppris, *ise, adj.* Learnt again, new learnt.
 Rapprivoisé, *ée, adj.* Tamed again.
 Rapprivoiser, *v. a.* To tame again.
 Rapproché, *ée, adj.* Drawn near again.
 Rapprochement, *f. m.* (réconciliation.) Reconciliation, accommodation.
 Rapprocher, *v. a.* To draw near again.
 Se rapprocher, *v. r.* To begin to be friends again, to draw towards a reconciliation.
 Rapsodie, *f. f.* Rhapsody, a confused collection.

R A P

Rapt, *subst. m.* Rape. Faire un rapt, to commit a rape.

Raquetier, *f. m.* A racket-maker.

Raquette, *subst. fém.* A racket.

Rare, *adj.* Rare, uncommon, unusual, extraordinary, that happens but seldom. ♢ (Excellent, exquis,) rare, excellent, extraordinary, good, exquisite. ♢ (Difficile à avoir,) rare, scarce, hard to be got. ♢ (Qui est fluide ou poreux,) rare, thin, not thick. ♢ Pouls rare, a slow pulse.

Raréfactif, *ive, adj.* Rarefactive, that rarefies or thins.

Raréfaction, *f. f.* Rarefaction, a making or becoming thin.

Raréfié, *ée, adj.* Rarefied.

Raréfier, *v. a.* To rarefy or make thin, to thin.

Se rarefier, *v. r.* To rarefy or grow thin.

Rarement, *adv.* Rarely, seldom, not often.

Rareté, *f. f.* Rarity, rareness, scarcity; ♢ uncommonness, an unusual or uncommon thing.

Ras, *ase, adj.* Shaved close.

♢ Velours ras, shorn velvet. ♢ Etoffe rase, bare cloth or stuff without wool.

♢ Rase campagne, open field. ♢ Bateau ras ou plat, a flat boat. Vaisseau ras, a low strait sheered ship.

Ras, *f. m.* Ex. Ras de Châlons, (sorte de serge,) Shaloon, a kind of serge.

♢ Ras de marée, a tide gate or race. ♢ Le Ras des Saints, the Race of Saints near Brest.

Rafade, *f. m.* A brimmer or bumper.

Rasé, *ée, adj.* Shaved, trimmed, &c. V. Raser.

Rasement, *f. m.* Razing, demolishing or pulling down.

Raser, *v. a.* To shave, trim or barb. * (Passer tout contre avec vitesse,) to graze or glance upon. ♢ Raser un vaisseau, to cut down a ship.

R A S

Rasibus, *adv.* (tout près ou tout contre.) Close.

Rasoir, *f. m.* A razor.

Rassasiant, *ante, adj.* Filling, cloying.

Rassasié, *ée, adj.* Satisfied, full, filled; that has his belly full.

Rassasiement, *f. m.* Satiety, the being satiated, satisfied, filled; clogged or glutted.

Rassasier, *v. act.* To satisfy or fill, to fill one's belly, to cloy or glut.

Se rassasier, *v. r.* To fill one's belly, to eat one's belly full.

Rassemblé, *ée, adj.* Joined, put or clapt together again, &c. according to the verb.

Rassembler, *v. a.* To join, put or clapt together again. ♢ (Convoquer de nouveau,) to reassemble or call again.

Se rassembler, *v. r.* To reassemble, to meet, get or gather together again.

Rasseoir, *v. n.* (en parlant des liqueurs.) To settle. Laissez rasseoir le café, let the coffee settle.

Se rasseoir, *v. r.* To sit down again.

Rasséréner, *v. act.* To make serene, to clear the weather.

† Se rasséréner, *v. réc.* To clear up, to grow serene and clear; * to clear up one's brow, to look cheerfully.

Rassiéger, *v. act.* To besiege again, to lay a new siege.

Rassis, *ise, adj.* Settled. ♢ Pain rassis, stale bread. * Rassis, (posé, tranquille,) sedate, sober, staid. * De sens rassis, with a sound judgment, in one's right senses.

† Rassoté. V. Infatué.

Rassuré, *ée, adj.* Encouraged, heartened, put in heart again, &c. V. Rassurer.

Rassurer, *v. a.* To encourage, to hearten, to put in heart again, to remove one's fears.

Se rassurer, *v. réc.* To take

R A T 391

courage again, to cheer up again, to take fresh courage.

Rat, *f. m.* A rat. Mort aux rats, ratsbane. P. A bon chat, bon rat, P. They are well met or well matched.

† Ratatiné, *ée, adj.* Shrivelled, shrunk in.

Rate, *f. f.* The spleen. * † S'épanouir la rate, (se réjouir,) to be merry. V. Epanouir.

Râteau, *f. m.* A rake.

Râtelé, *ée, adj.* Raked.

Râtelée, *f. f.* A raking, as much hay, grass, &c. as is raked at once with a rake.

Râtelier, *v. a.* To rake.

Râteleur, *f. m.* A raker.

† Râteleux, *euse, adj.* Splenetick, troubled with the spleen.

Ratelier, *f. m.* A rack to put hay in for horses to feed on; ♢ rack, to set or hang things on. ♢ Ratelier du beaupré, the range of blocks of a ship's bowsprit.

Ratier, *ere, f.* A maggotry man or woman, a humorist.

Ratière, *subst. f.* A mousetrap.

Ratification, *f. fém.* Ratification, confirmation.

Ratifié, *ée, adj.* Ratified, confirmed.

Ratifier, *v. a.* To ratify or confirm.

Ratine, *f. f.* Ratteen, a kind of woollen stuff.

Ration, *f. f.* Ration, a share or portion of provisions or forrage.

Rationnel, *elle, adj.* Rational.

Ratissé, *ée, adj.* Scraped, raked off.

Ratifier, *v. a.* To scrape or rake off.

Ratissoire, *f. f.* A raker, an iron rake.

Ratissures, *f. fém. pl.* Scrapings.

Raton, *subst. m.* A penny or half-penny tart, a cheese cake.

Rattaché, *ée, adj.* Tied again.

Rattacher, *v. act.* To rye again.

392 R A T

Rattrapé, *ée*, *adj.* *Catched or overtook again, &c.*
 Rattraper, *v. a.* *To catch or overtake again; & to recover, retrieve or regain.*
 Rature, *f. f.* *An erasement, rasure, scratch, dash through any writing. & Ratures (ou raclures) de parchemin, scrapings of parchment.*
 Raturé, *ée*, *adj.* *Razed, blotted or scratched out; & scraped.*
 Raturer, *v. a.* *(effacer.) To blot, raze, put or scratch out.*
 Ravage, *subst. m.* *Havock, waste, spoil, ruin, devastation.*
 Ravagé, *ée*, *adj.* *Ravaged; spoiled, ransacked or laid waste.*
 Ravager, *v. a.* *To ravage, spoil, ransack or lay waste.*
 Ravalé, *ée*, *adj.* *Swallowed up again, &c. according to the verb.*
 ‡ Ravalement, *f. m.* *Fall, disgrace, contempt, disparagement.*
 Ravaler, *v. a.* *To swallow down again. * † Faire ravaler une parole à quelqu'un, to make one eat his words, to make him recant. & Ravaler, (rabaïffer,) to put or bring lower. * (Avilir,) to undervalue, vilify or debase.*
 Se ravaler, *v. r.* *To undervalue, to debase one's self.*
 Ravaudage, *f. m.* *Botching, botched or bungled work.*
 Ravaudé, *ée*, *adj.* *Rattled, scolded at, &c. V. the verb.*
 † Ravauder, *v. a.* *To rattle, or scold at; & to tease, to plague.*
 Ravauder, *v. n.* *To botch, to mend.*
 † Ravauderie, *f. f.* *Silly, impertinent, idle stuff; non-sense, impertinence.*
 Ravau-deur, *f. m.* *Ravau-deuse, f. f. A botcher.*
 Raucité, *f. f.* *Raucity, hoarseness.*
 Rave, *f. f.* *A radish. Rave cordée, a stringy radish.*
 Ravelin, *f. m.* *A ravelin, a piece of fortification.*

R A V

Ravi, *ie*, *adj.* *(enlevé de force.) Ravished, &c. according to ravir. * Ravi de joie, ravished with joy or over-joyed. Ravi d'admiration, wrapt up in admiration.*
 † Ravigoter, *v. a.* *To brisk up again, to revive.*
 Ravili, *ie*, *adj.* *Debased, vilified; made or grown despicable, fallen into contempt.*
 Ravilir, *v. a.* *To debase or vilify, to disgrace or undervalue, to disparage; to make or render despicable.*
 Ravin, *f. m.* *A gutter made by a water-flood.*
 Ravine, *f. f.* *Flood, a great flood. & Ravine, V. Ravin.*
 Ravir, *v. a.* *To ravish or rob; to take or snatch away; to take by force, to wrest from. & (Par un excès de joie,) to ravish, charm or please exceedingly, to rapture.*
 Raviser, *se raviser, v. r.* *To change one's mind, to bethink one's self, to think better of it.*
 Ravissant, *ante, adj.* *Ravenous, rapacious. * (Merveilleux,) ravishing, admirable, charming.*
 Ravissement, *f. m.* *Ravishing or ravishment, rape. * (Extase,) ravishment, rapture, extasy.*
 Ravisseur, *f. m.* *A ravisher, one that has committed a rape.*
 Ravitaillé, *ée*, *adj.* *Victualled.*
 Ravitaillement, *f. m.* *The supplying a place with fresh provisions and ammunition.*
 Ravitailler, *v. a.* *To victual, to supply with provisions.*
 Ravitailler un navire, *to victual a ship.*
 Ravivé, *ée*, *adj.* *Revived.*
 Raviver, *v. a.* *To revive, to brisk up.*
 Ravoïr, *v. a.* *To recover, to get again; & to have again.*
 Se ravoïr, *v. r.* *To recover, to gather new strength; * † to pick up one's crumps.*

R E A

Rauque, *adj.* *Hoarse; harsh.*
 Rayé, *ée*, *adj.* *(raturé.) Blotted, scratched or crossed out, barred, &c. & striped, full of stripes. & (En parlant du canon d'une arme à feu,) rifled.*
 Rayer, *v. a.* *(raturer.) To bar, to cross or strike out, to erase or cancel. & (Faire des raies,) to streak, to make streaks or lines, to furrow. & Rayer une arme à feu, to rifle a gun.*
 Rayon, *f. m.* *Beam or ray. Les rayons du soleil, the beams or rays of the sun. Un rayon de la Divinité, a ray or spark of the Divinity. * Un rayon de bon sens, a grain of sense. & Rayon, (demi-diametre d'un cercle,) radius. & Rayon de miel, a honey-comb.*
 Rayonnant, *ante, adj.* *Radiant, sparkling, shining.*
 Rayonnement, *f. m.* *Radiation, the casting forth beams. & Le rayonnement des esprits, the radiation or spreading of spirits.*
 Rayonner, *v. nent.* *To cast forth beams; to radiate, to shine; & to radiate or spread.*
 Rayure, *f. f.* *(maniere dont une étoffe est rayée.) Stripes.*
 Réaggravé, *f. m.* *The last threatening monitor, the last commination.*
 Réaggraver, *v. a.* *To reaggravate.*
 Réajourné, *ée*, *adj.* *Summoned again.*
 Réajournement, *f. m.* *A new summons or resummons.*
 Réajourner, *v. a.* *To summon again.*
 Réale, *f. f.* *The commander's galley; & real, a Spanish coin.*
 Réalgal, *subst. m.* *(arsénic rouge.) Realgar.*
 Réaliser, *v. a.* *To realize.*
 Réalité, *f. f.* *Reality, real existence.*
 Réassignation, *subst. f.* *New assignment; & a new sum-*

REA

mons into court, a *resum-mons*.
Réassigner, verb. *añ.* To assign anew; ♣ to summon again.
Rebaisé, ée, *adj.* Kissed again.
Rebaiser, verb. *añ.* To kiss again.
Rebander, *v. añ.* Ex. Rebander un arc, to new-band a bow. Rebander une plaie, to bind up a wound again.
† Rébarbatif, ive, *adj.* Snappish, crabbed, sour, cross.
Rebâti, ie, *adj.* Rebuilt, built up again.
Rebâti, *v. a.* To rebuild, to build up again.
Rebaptisé, ée, *adj.* Rebaptized, baptized again.
Rebaptiser, *v. a.* To rebaptize, to baptize again.
Rebattre, *v. añ.* To beat again, to beat over and over; ♣ to shuffle again, ♣ to repeat, to tell over and over.
Rebattu, ue, *adj.* Beaten again, &c. *V.* Rebattre.
† Rebec, *f. m.* Rebeck, a three-stringed fiddle.
Rebelle, *adj.* Rebellious, disobedient.
Rebelle, *f. m.* A rebel.
Rebeller, se rebeller, *v. r.* to rebel, rise up or revolt against.
Rebellion, *f. f.* Rebellion, revolt, rising or insurrection.
Rebêni, ie, *adj.* New-consecrated.
Rebénir, *v. a.* To new-consecrate.
† Rebéquer, se rebéquer, *v. r.* To make repartees, to be saucy or malapert.
Reblanchi, ie, *adj.* New-washed or new-whited.
Reblanchir, *v. añ.* To new-wash or wash again; ♣ to new-white or white again.
Reboire, *v. añ.* To drink again. Boire & reboire, to drink hard, to drink too much.
† Rebondi, ie, *adj.* Round, plump and hard. Sein re-

REB

bondi, a round, plump and hard breast.
Rebondir, *v. n.* To rebound or bounce up again.
Rebondissement, *f. m.* Rebounding, rebound, rebounding.
Rebord, *f. m.* Border, edge, hem. ♣ (En Architecture,) border or edge.
Rebordé, ée, *adj.* New-bordered, new-bound.
Reborder, *v. añ.* To new-border, to new-bind.
Rebouché, ée, *adj.* Stopped again, &c. *V.* the verb.
Reboucher, *v. añ.* To stop again.
Se reboucher, *v. r.* To grow blunt or dull.
Rebouillir, *v. añ.* To boil again.
Rebourgeonner, *v. n.* To bud or shoot again.
Rebours, *f. m.* The wrong side of a stuff; also * the contrary sense or meaning.
A rebours ou au rebours, *adv.* Ex. A rebours de poil, (à contre-poil,) against the hair, the wrong way.
† Rebours, *adj.* Cross, cross-grained.
Reboutonné, ée, *adj.* Buttoned again.
Reboutonner, *v. a.* To button again.
† Rebrasser, se rebrasser, *v. r.* To suck or turn up one's sleeves.
Rebridé, ée, *adj.* Bridled again.
Rebrider, *v. añ.* To bridle again.
Rebrouiller, *v. a.* To jumble, to entangle, to embroil, to mix, to confound again.
† Rebrousse-poil (à), *adv.* Against the hair or the grain.
Rebrousser les cheveux, *v. a.* To turn up the hair.
Rebrousser chemin ou rebrousser, *v. n.* To turn or go back.
Rebroyé, ée, *adj.* Ground again.
Rebroyer, *v. añ.* To grind again.
Rebruni, ie, *adj.* Burnished again, new-burnished.
Rebrunir, *v. añ.* To burnish again, to new-burnish.

REC 393

† Rebuffade, *f. f.* Rebuff, repulse, denial or a snappish answer.
Rébus, *f. m.* A rebus, a clenching witticism. * (Chose frivole,) a silly pun, a foolish conceit, an impertinence, a nonsense.
Rebut, *f. m.* (rebuffade.) Repulse, rebuff, denial; ♣ out-cast, refuse, trash, sad, paltry stuff, trumpery, frippery. ♣ Papier de rebut, waste paper.
Rebutant, ante, *adj.* Loathsome, tedious, crabbed, hard. ♣ (Choquant,) forbidding, disagreeable, crabbed.
Rebuté, ée, *adj.* Repulsed, denied, refused, &c. *V.* Rebuter.
Rebuter, *v. a.* To repulse, reject, deny or refuse, to thrust or turn away. ♣ Rebuter, (décourager,) to dishearten, discourage or dispirit, to deter.
Rebuter, se rebuter, *v. réc.* To despond, to be discouraged or disheartened.
Recaché, ée, *adj.* Hidden again.
Recacher, *v. a.* To hide again.
Recacheté, ée, *adj.* Scaled again.
Recacheter, *v. a.* To seal up again.
Récapitulation, *f. f.* Recapitulation or summing up.
Récapituler, *v. a.* To recapitulate, to sum up.
Recarreler, *v. añ.* To new-pave.
Recélé, ée, *adj.* Concealed, &c. *V.* the verb.
Recélé, *f. m.* Concealment or concealing.
Recèlement, *f. m.* A concealing or concealment.
Recéler, *v. a.* To conceal or receive stolen things.
Recéleur, *f. m.* Recéleuse, *f. f.* A receiver or concealer of stolen things, one that conceals thieves.
Récemment, *adv.* Recently, newly, lately, freshly, of late.
Récant, ente, *adj.* (nouveau.) Recent, new, fresh, lately done or happened.
Avoir la mémoire récente

394 REC

d'une lecture, *to have that fresh in one's memory which one has been reading of late.*
Réceptif, *f. m. A receipt.*
Réceptacle, *subst. m. A sink, sewer or common-shore; ♀ receptacle, shelter, nest.*
Réception, *f. f. Reception or receiving, receipt. ♀ (Accueil,) reception, welcome, entertainment.*
Recette, *f. f. Receipt; ♀ the receiver's office; ♀ a physical receipt. ♀ Bois de recette, timber fit for service.*
Reçu, *ue, adj. Received, admitted; &c. according to the verb.*
Recevable, *adj. Receivable, fit to be admitted, good, right, lawful, allowable.*
Receveur, *f. m. receveuse, f. f. A receiver. ♀ Le Receveur d'un Seigneur, a steward to a Lord.*
Recevoir, *v. a. To receive, to take. ♀ (Admettre,) to receive or admit, to take, to allow of. ♀ Recevoir une opinion, to take up an opinion. ♀ Recevoir, (accueillir,) to receive, welcome, entertain or treat, to make a reception. Recevoir (agréer) une proposition, to receive, to accept or accept of a proposal, to like it.*
Recez, *f. m. Ex. Le recez de l'Empire, the book or register of the resolution of an Imperial Diet.*
Réchafauder, *v. a. To make fresh scaffolding.*
Rechange, *f. m. (terme de Marine.) A change of sails, ropes, jait-yards, and such like. ♀ (terme de Négocie,) re-exchange.*
Rechangé, *ée, adj. Changed again.*
Rechanger, *v. a. To change again.*
Rechanté, *ée, adj. Sung again; &c.*
Rechanter, *v. a. To sing again; * † to tell over and over, to tell often.*
Réchappé, *ée, adj. Escaped, recovered.*
† Réchapper, *verb. a. To escape, to recover.*

REC

Rechargé, *ée, adj. New charged, charged or loaded again.*
Recharger, *v. a. To charge or load again. ♀ Recharger l'ennemi, to make a second charge upon the enemy.*
Rechassé, *ée, adj. Beaten back again. V. Rechasser.*
Rechasser, *v. a. To beat back. Rechasser des bêtes, to drive beasts back again. ♀ Rechasser un domestique, to turn a servant out again.*
Réchaud, *subst. m. Chafing-dish.*
Réchauffé, *ée, adj. Heated or warmed again; &c.*
Réchauffer, *v. a. To warm or heat again; ♀ to make or keep warm. * (Exciter de nouveau,) to stir up or kindle again; to give new life, warmth or spirit. * Réchauffer le combat, to renew the fight.*
Se réchauffer, *v. r. To warm one's self, or get one's self warm again; ♀ to grow warm again.*
Rechauffé, *ée, adj. Put on again; &c.*
Rechauffer, *v. a. To put on again; &c. Ex. Il rechauffa ses bas, he put on his stockings again.*
Recherche, *f. f. Search, research, enquiry, perquisition, quest or seeking after. Faire la recherche d'une chose, to inquire into a thing.*
Recherché, *ée, adj. Sought or enquired after, searched, &c. V. Rechercher. * Pensée trop recherchée, a far fetched thought.*
Rechercher, *v. a. To seek again, to look for a second time; ♀ to call to an account. * (Tâcher d'obtenir,) to court, to sue for.*
Rechigné, *ée, adj. Grim, grim-faced, pouting.*
Un vieux rechigné, *f. m. An old gruff or grim-faced fellow.*
† Rechigner, *v. n. To look grim, gruff or crabbed, to have a sour, dogged or crabbed look, to make faces, to pout.*
† Rechoir, *v. n. To fall again;*

REC

to fall sick again, to have a relapse, to relapse.
† Rechu, *ue, adj. Fallen again or relapsed.*
Rechute, *f. f. A second fall; * a relapse.*
Récidive, *f. f. Recidivation, relapse.*
Récidiver, *v. n. To relapse.*
Récif, *f. m. Reef or ridge.*
Récipé, *f. m. A recipe, a Physician's prescription.*
Récipiendaire, *f. m. One who stands to be admitted into some office.*
Récipient, *f. m. Recipient, a vessel in Chymistry.*
Réciprocation, *f. f. Reciprocation.*
Réciproque, *adj. (mutuel.) Reciprocal, mutual, interchangeable.*
Réciproque, *f. m. Ex. Je vous rendrai le réciproque, (ou la pareille,) I shall make you a return, I shall requite you, I shall be even with you.*
Réciproquement, *adv. Reciprocally, mutually, interchangeably.*
Reciré, *ée, adj. New waxed, waxed again.*
Recirer, *v. a. To wax again, to do over again with wax.*
Récit, *f. m. Recital, account, relation, report, narration. ♀ (en Musique,) recitativo in music.*
Récitateur, *f. m. A reciter or rehearser.*
Récitatif, *f. m. Recitative or recitative music.*
Réciter, *v. a. To recite or rehearse; ♀ to tell or relate.*
Réclamation, *f. f. Reclamation.*
Réclame, *f. f. A catch-word.*
Réclamé, *ée, adj. Sued for, &c. according to the verb.*
Réclamer, *v. a. (implorer.) To sue or beg for, to implore, to call upon. ♀ (Revendiquer,) to claim, challenge or demand, to sue.*
Réclamer, *v. n. To contradict or gain say; ♀ to complain.*
Se réclamer de quelqu'un, *v. r. (s'avouer, s'autoriser de lui,) to make use of one's name, to say that one*

REC

belongs to him, or to challenge one's acquaintance with him.
Recloué, ée, *adject.* *Nailed again.*
Reclouer, *v. a.* (clouer de nouveau.) *To nail again.*
Reclure, *v. a.* *To cloister up or shut up in a cloister.*
Reclus, *f. m.* *Recluse, one cloistered up.*
Reclus, *use, adj.* *Cloistered up, recluse.*
Recluse, *f. f.* *A recluse, a nun.*
Reconné, ée, *adj.* *Knocked or thrust in again, &c. V. the verb.*
† Reconner, *v. a.* *To drive, to beat back.*
Recoiffé, ée, *adject.* *Whose head is dressed again.*
Recoiffer, *v. a.* *To dress one's head again.*
Recoin, *f. m.* *Corner, nook, by-place.*
Récolement, *f. m.* (action de récoler des témoins.) *A reexamination.*
Récoler, *v. a.* *des témoins, to reexamine witnesses.*
Recollé, ée, *adj.* *Pasted or glued again, &c.*
Recoller, *v. a.* *To paste or glue again.*
Récollet, *f. m.* *Récollette, f. f. Recollet, a sort of Franciscan Friar or Nun.*
Récollektion, *f. f.* *Recollection.*
† Récolliger, *se recolliger, v. r.* *To recollect one's self.*
Récolte, *f. f.* *Crop, harvest.*
Recommandable, *adj.* *Commendable, praise worthy, recommendable.*
Recommandresse, *f. f.* *An intelligence - woman, that keeps an office of intelligence.*
Recommandation, *f. f.* *Recommandation, recommending; an advertisement, note or bill; esteem, value, request. Avoir l'honneur en recommandation, to value one's honour.*
Recommandé, ée, *adj.* *Recommended, &c.*
Recommander, *v. a.* *To recommend. Recommander, (prier, charger,) to de-*

REC

fire, to charge. On m'a recommandé de vous dire, I was desired or charged to tell you. Recommander quelqu'un aux prières de l'Eglise, to pray for one at Church.
**Se recommander à quelqu'un, v. r. *To commend or recommend one's self to one.*
Recommencé, ée, *adj.* *Begun again, begun anew, renewed.*
Recommencer, *v. a. & n.* *To begin again, to begin anew, to renew.*
Récompense, *f. fém.* *Recompense, reward.*
Récompenser, *v. a.* *To recompense, reward or requite; to reward or punish.*
Recomposé, ée, *adj.* *Composed or set again.*
Recomposer, *v. a.* *To compose again.*
Réconciliable, *adj.* *Reconcilable, that may be reconciled.*
Réconciliateur, *f. m.* *Reconciler.*
Réconciliation, *f. f.* *Reconciliation or reconciliation.*
Réconciliation d'une Eglise, *the new consecrating of a Church.*
Réconcilié, ée, *adj.* *Reconciled.*
Réconcilier, *v. a.* *To reconcile. Réconcilier une Eglise, to new consecrate a Church.*
**Se réconcilier, v. r. *To reconcile one's self or to make one's peace with.*
**Reconduire quelqu'un, v. a. *To wait upon one back, to reconduct him.*
Reconduit, *ite, adj.* *Brought back again, reconducted.*
† Réconfort, *f. m.* *Comfort.*
Réconforté, ée, *adj.* *Comforted.*
Réconforter, *v. a.* *To comfort or fortify.*
Réconfrontation, *f. f.* *The confronting again.*
Réconfronter, *v. a.* *To confront again, to bring again face to face.*
Reconnoissable, *adj.* *Easy to be known again.*
Reconnoissance, *subst. f. An*******

REC 395

acknowledgment or knowing again. (Gratitude,) acknowledgment, gratitude, thankfulness. (Récompense,) acknowledgment, requital, reward. (Aveu,) acknowledging, acknowledgment, owning, confession. (un amer, en termes de mer,) a sea-mark.
Reconnoissant, *ante, adject.* *Grateful, thankful.*
Reconnoître, *v. a.* *To know or know again. (Connoître, remarquer,) to find out, to see, discover or perceive, to be satisfied of. (Avouer,) to acknowledge, own or confess. (Récompenser,) to acknowledge or consider, to be thankful or grateful for. Reconnoître une terre, to reconnoître the land.*
**Se reconnoître, v. r. *To come to one's self; to repent or acknowledge one's fault; to know where one is. Voyez quel brouillard il fait, on a peine à se reconnoître, see what a fog there is abroad, one is like to be lost in it.*
Reconnu, *ue, adj.* (from reconnoître.) *Known, acknowledged, &c. Voy. Reconnoître.*
Reconquérir, *v. a.* *To conquer again.*
Reconquis, *ise, adj.* *Conquered again.*
Reconstruire, *v. a.* *To build up again.*
Reconté, ée, *adj.* *Recounted or told over again.*
Reconter, *v. a.* *To recount; relate or tell over again.*
Reconvoquer, *v. a.* *To convene again, to call again together, to reassemble.*
Recopié, ée, *adject.* *Copied again.*
Recopier, *v. a.* *To copy again, to write fair again.*
Recoquillé, ée, *adj.* *Curled, curled up, &c.*
Recoquillement, *f. m.* *Curling up, turning up, shrinking.*
† Recoquiller, *se recoquiller, v. r.* *To curl or curl up, to shrink up, to turn up.***

296 REC

Recoquiller, *v. a.* son chapeau, *to cock up one's hat.*
 † Recorder la leçon, *v. a.* To con one's lesson, *to get it without book.* ♣ Recorder, (terme de Pratique,) *to record.*
 Recorrige, *ée, adj.* Corrected again.
 Recorriger, *v. a.* To correct again, *to revise.*
 Recors, *f. m.* A serjeant's or bailif's assistant, or setter.
 Recouché, *ée, adj.* Put to bed again.
 Recoucher, *v. a.* To put to bed again.
 Recoudre, *v. a.* To sew, *to sew up again.*
 Recoupe, *f. f.* Waste, shards or rubble of stones; ♣ a middle sort of bran.
 Recoupé, *ée, adj.* Cut again.
 Recouper, *v. a.* To cut again.
 Recourbé, *ée, adj.* Crooked, bent.
 Recourber, *v. a.* To crooken or make crooked, *to bend.*
 Se recourber, *v. r.* To grow crooked, *to bend.*
 Recourir, *v. a.* To run again; ♣ *to have recourse, to fly to or any whither for succour, help or relief.*
 † Recourre, *v. a.* To rescue.
 Recours, *f. m.* Recourse, refuge, address. ♣ (Droit de reprise,) relief, remedy, redress.
 Recous, ouffe, *adj.* (from recourre.) Rescued.
 Recousse, *f. f.* Rescue, help.
 Recoufu, ue, *adj.* (from recoudre.) Sewed again.
 Recouver, *v. a.* To brood or sit on again.
 Recouvert, erte, *adj.* Covered again, new covered. ♣ Recouvert, (ou recouvert,) recovered.
 Recouvrable, *adj.* Recoverable.
 Recouvert, *ée, adj.* Recovered, regained, retrieved, &c.
 Recouvrement, *f. m.* A recovery, recovering, regaining or recovering.
 Recouvrer, *v. a.* To recover, regain or retrieve; ♣ *to recover, levy or gather.*
 Recouvrir, *v. a.* To cover again, *to new cover.*

REC

Recrachier, *v. n. & a.* To spit often or spit up again.
 Récréance, *f. f.* A provisional possession given in a suit to one of the parties, till the cause be determined. Lettres de récréance, *recreentials.*
 Récréatif, ive, *adj.* Recreative, diverting, pleasant, delightful, entertaining.
 Récréation, *f. f.* Recreation, refreshment, sport, diversion.
 Récrédentiaire, *f. m.* Recre-dentary.
 Récréé, *ée, adj.* Recreated, diverted, delighted, &c.
 Récréer, *v. a.* To recreate, refresh, divert or delight, *to make merry.*
 Se récréer, *v. r.* To recreate, divert or refresh one's self, *to unbend one's spirit.*
 Recréulé, *ée, adj.* Digged up again or deeper.
 Recreuser, *v. a.* To dig up again or dig deeper.
 Recribler, *v. a.* To sift again.
 Récrier, se récrier, *v. r.* To cry out upon, *to exclaim, to clamour against.*
 Récrimination, *f. f.* Recrimination, the returning an accusation or reproach.
 Récriminer, *v. n.* To recriminate, *to return an accusation.*
 Récrire, *v. a.* To write again, *to write over again.*
 Récrit, ite, *adject.* Writ over again.
 Recroqueviller, se croqueviller, *v. r.* To curl, turn or roll up, *to rivel, shrivel or shrink up.*
 Se recrotter, *v. r.* To get fresh dirt, *to be dirty again.*
 Recru, ue, *adj.* Tired, over-toiled, jaded, spent with fatigue.
 Recrue, *f. f.* Recruit.
 Recruté, *ée, adj.* Recruited.
 Recruter, *v. a.* To recruit or fill up.
 Rectangle, *adj.* Rectangular.
 Rectangle, *f. m.* A rectangle.
 Recteur, *f. m.* The rector of an University. Recteur d'un Couvent de Jésuites, *the rector of a monastery of Jesuits.*
 Rectification, *f. f.* Rectifica-

REC

tion; a rectifying or refining.
 Rectifié, *ée, adj.* Rectified, &c. *V. the verb.*
 Rectifier, *v. a.* To rectify, correct, redress, mend or better, *to set to rights again.*
 ♣ Rectifier, (terme de Chimie,) *to rectify or refine.*
 Rectiligne, *adj.* Rectilinear, rectilinear.
 Rectitude, *f. f.* Uprightness, rectitude, honesty, probity, integrity.
 Rectorat, *f. m.* Rectoryship, the place and dignity of a Rector, *V. Recteur.*
 Reçu, ue, *part.* (from recevoir.) Received, &c.
 Reçu, *subst. m.* Receipt, discharge.
 Recueil, *f. m.* Collection.
 Recueillement, *f. m.* Recollection.
 Recueilli, ie, *adj.* Gathered, &c. *V. Recueillir.*
 Recueillir, *v. a.* To gather or reap, *to get in.* * Recueillir une succession, *to inherit an estate, to have an estate or succession fallen to one.* * Recueillir du fruit de quelque chose, *to gather fruits from a thing, to reap or get a profit or advantage by it.* ♣ Recueillir, (rassembler,) *to gather or get together.* * (Faire des collections d'Auteurs,) *to collect or pick out.* * (Recevoir chez soi,) *to receive or entertain.* ♣ (Inférer,) *to gather or infer.*
 Se recueillir, *v. r.* To recollect one's self.
 Recuire, *v. a.* To boil, bake or roast again; ♣ *to Neal.*
 Recuit, ite, *adj.* Boiled, baked or roasted again; ♣ *nealed.*
 Recuit, *f. m.* Nealing.
 Recul, *f. m.* A recoil, recoiling or giving back.
 † Reculée, *f. f.* Ex. Feu de reculée, *a great fire that makes people draw back.*
 Reculé, *ée, adj.* Put, pulled or drawn back, &c. *V. Reculer.* ♣ Reculé, (lointain,) remote, far.
 Reculement, *f. m.* Reculade, *f. f.* Putting or drawing back.

REC

Reculer, *v. a.* (tirer en arrière.) To put, pull or draw back. * (Retarder,) to put off, delay or retard. * (Eloigner,) to put back or off, to remove. * (Eten- dre,) to extend, enlarge or carry further.
Reculer, *v. n.* To go, fall or draw back; * to give ground, to recoil. * (Ter- giverser,) to go back; † to hang an arse, to shift. Il n'y a plus moyen ou il n'est plus temps de reculer, there is no going back.
Se reculer, *v. r.* To go, fall or draw back.
A reculs, *adv.* Backward.
 * † (En empirant,) * down the wind, crows, prepos- tously.
 † **Récupérer**, *se récupérer*, *v. r.* To retrieve or make up one's losses.
Récusable, *adj.* Exception- able; to be challenged, or ex- cepted against; liable to ex- ception.
Récusation, *f. f.* Challenge or exception in law.
Réculé, *ée*, *adj.* Challenged, excepted against.
Récuser, *v. a.* To challenge or except against.
Rédaction, *f. f.* Digesting.
Redan, *f. m.* A redan in for- tification.
Rédargué, *ée*, *adj.* Rebuked or reproved.
 † **Rédarguer**, *v. a.* To rebuke or reprove.
Reddition, *f. f.* Reddition, surrender or surrendering. * Reddition de comptes, the giving up of accounts.
Redésaire, *v. a.* To undo again.
Redéjeuner, *v. a.* To break- fast again, to eat a second breakfast.
Redélibérer, *v. a.* To recon- sider, to deliberate again upon.
Redélivrer, *v. a.* To set a se- cond time at liberty.
Redemandé, *ée*, *adj.* De- manded again, required.
Redemander, *v. a.* To demand again, to require.
Redemeurer, *v. n.* To stay again.

RED

Redémolir, *v. a.* To demo- lish, to pull down again.
Rédempteur, *f. m.* (JESUS- CHRIST.) Redeemer, our Saviour.
Rédemption, *f. f.* Redemp- tion, redeeming.
Redescendre, *v. a.* To come down again, &c.
Redevable, *adj.* Who is still in one's debt, indebted. * (Qui a obligation,) indeb- ted, beholden, bound or obliged to one.
Redevance, *f. f.* Duty, rent or service.
Redevancier, *iere*, *f.* A se- nant or homager.
Redevenir, *v. n.* To grow, to become again.
Redevenu, *ue*, *adj.* Grown or become again.
Redevider, *v. a.* To wind up again.
Redevoir, *v. a.* To remain in one's debt, to owe still. Vous me redevez dix écus, you remain ten crowns in my debt.
Rédigé, *ée*, *adj.* Adjusted or put into order.
Rédiger, *v. a.* To digest or put into order.
Rédimé, *ée*, *adj.* Freed, exempted.
Rédimer, *se rédimer*, *v. r.* To free or exempt one's self.
Redire, *v. a.* To repeat, to say or tell over again.
Redistribuer, *v. a.* To distri- bute again.
Redistribution, *f. f.* A new distribution.
Redite, *f. f.* Repetition, tau- tology.
Rédondance, *f. f.* Redundan- cy, superfluity.
Rédondant, *ante*, *adj.* Re- dundant, superfluous.
Rédonder, *v. n.* To be super- fluous or redundant.
Redonné, *ée*, *adj.* Given again, &c. *V.* the verb.
Redonner, *v. a.* To give again, to give over and over; * to restore, to give.
Redonner, *v. n.* To fall on again, to charge again.
Redoré, *ée*, *adj.* New-gil- ded, gilded over again.
Redorer, *v. a.* To gild over again, to new-gild.

RED 397

Redoublé, *ée*, *adj.* New li- ned, &c. according to the verb.
Redoublement, *f. m.* Increase; redoubling.
Redoubler, *v. a.* To new-li- ne or line again; * to redou- ble, double, increase or reiterate.
Redoubler, *v. n.* To redouble or increase.
Redoutable, *adj.* Dreadful; formidable.
Redoute, *f. f.* A redoubt.
Redouté, *ée*, *adj.* Feared; dreaded.
Redouter, *v. a.* To fear, to dread.
Redressé, *ée*, *adj.* Made straight, &c. according to the verb.
Redresser, *v. a.* To make straight or to make straight again; * to put in the right way. * (Corriger,) to re- dress, reform or correct.
Se redresser, *v. r.* To grow straight again; * to get up again; * to smug up.
Redresseurs, *f. m. pl.* Ex. Les Chevaliers errans se di- soient redresseurs des torts, Knights errant called them- selves redressers of wrongs.
Reductible, *adj.* Reducible; that may be reduced.
Réductif, *ive*, *adj.* Reductive. Ex. Sel réductif, a reduc- tive salt.
Réduction, *f. f.* Reduction or reducing.
Réduire, *v. a.* (faire deve- nir.) To reduce or bring. * † Réduire au petit pied, to bring into or reduce to straights. * Réduire, (sou- mettre, dompter,) to re- duce, subdue or bring to subjection. * (Forcer,) to reduce, force or compel. * (Ramener au devoir,) to reclaim or reform. (Rédi- ger,) to reduce, bring or digest. * Réduire son avis, to sum up one's opinion. * Réduire, (restreindre,) to reduce or confine.
Se réduire, *v. r.* To be redu- ced; * to confine one's self; * to come or amount; * to be reclaimed, to mend or reform.

298 RED

Réduit, *ite*, *adj.* Reduced, &c. according to the verb.
 Réduit, *subst. m.* Habitation, place; ♦ an innrenchment.
 Reduplicatif, *ive*, *adj.* Reduplicative.
 Reduplication, *f. f.* Reduplication.
 Réédification, *f. f.* Re-edification or re-edifying.
 Réédifié, *ée*, *adj.* Re-edified, built up again.
 Réédifier, *v. a.* To re-edify, to build up again.
 Réel, *elle*, *adj.* Real, true, that is indeed. ♦ Monnaie réelle, current coin or money.
 Réélection, *f. f.* Re-election or second election.
 Réellement, *adv.* (from réel,) Really, indeed.
 Réengendrer, *v. a.* To regenerate.
 Réer ou Raire, *v. n.* Speaking of the noise that deers make in rutting-time.
 Refaire, *v. a.* To do again or do over again; ♦ to make again; ♦ to begin again; ♦ to mend, to repair; ♦ to deal again.
 Se refaire, *v. r.* To recover, to mend, to recruit or refresh one's self.
 Refait, *aite*, *adj.* Done over again, &c. *V.* Refaire.
 Refait, *subst. masc.* A drawn game.
 Réfection, *f. f.* Repair or repairing; ♦ repast, meal.
 Réfectoire, *f. m.* A dining-room or hall in a monastery, a refectory.
 Refend, *f. m.* Ex. Mur de refend, a partition-wall.
 Refendre, *v. a.* To cleave, split, cut or divide in two.
 Référé, *f. m.* Report.
 Référendaire, *f. m.* Referendary, an Officer in Chancery. ♦ Tiers-Référendaire, (parmi les Procureurs,) a referee.
 Référer, *v. a.* To refer; ♦ to ascribe. ♦ Référer le serment, to put it to one's oath.
 Référer, *v. neut.* To report or make a report.
 Se référer, *v. r.* To be referred, to relate.
 Refermé, *ée*, *adj.* Shut again,

REF

&c. ♦ closed up again.
 Refermer, *verb. act.* To shut again.
 Se refermer, *v. r.* To close up again.
 Referrer, *v. a.* Ex. Referrer un cheval, to new-shoe a horse.
 Reficher, *v. act.* To drive, to thrust, to stick in again.
 Refiger, *v. act.* To coagulate again.
 Réséchi, *ie*, *adj.* Rested.
 Réséchir, *v. act.* To rest or beat back.
 Réséchir, *v. n.* To rest, to be beaten back. * (Rejaillir,) to reflect or return.
 Se réséchir, *v. r.* To rest, to be rested.
 Réséchissement, *f. m.* Reflexion, résilition or returning back.
 Refleurir, *ie*, *adject.* Blossomed again.
 Refleurir, *v. neut.* To blossom again; ♦ to flourish again.
 Réflexion, *subst. f.* Reflexion, returning back; ♦ reflection, meditation, consideration.
 Refluer, *v. n.* To reflow or run back.
 Reflux, *f. m.* Reflux, ebb or ebbing.
 Refondé, *ée*, *adj.* Refunded, paid back.
 Refonder les dépens, *v. act.* To refund or pay back the charges or costs.
 Refondre, *v. act.* To melt, to cast again, to new cast. * (Refaire entièrement,) to reform or newmould.
 Refondu, *ue*, *adj.* Melted, cast again or new-cast.
 Refonte, *subst. f.* The melting down again, &c.
 Reforgier, *v. a.* To new forge.
 Réformateur, *f. m.* A reformer.
 Réformation, *f. f.* Reformation, a reforming, a reform.
 Réforme, *f. f.* Reform, reforming or reformation. ♦ Réforme de gens de guerre, a reform or disbanding of some part of the army.
 Réformé, *ée*, *adj.* Reformed, &c. *V.* the verb. ♦ Officier réformé, a half-pay Officer.
 Réformés, *subst. m. pl.* The

REF

Protestants, those of the reformed Religion. ♦ (Officiers réformés,) half-pay Officers. ♦ (Religieux réformés,) Reformists.
 Réformer, *v. act.* To reform, redress or improve.
 Refortifié, *ée*, *adj.* Refortified, new fortified.
 Refortifier, *v. a.* To refortify or new fortify.
 Refouetter, *v. act.* To whip again.
 Refouiller, *v. act.* To rake up again, to trench again, &c. *V.* Fouiller.
 Refouir, *v. act.* To dig up the ground.
 Refoulé, *ée*, *adj.* New felled.
 Refouler, *v. a.* To full again; ♦ to stamp again. ♦ Refouler la marée, to go against tide.
 Refouler, *v. n.* (en parlant de la marée,) to ebb. La marée refoule, 'tis ebbing water.
 Refouloir, *f. m.* A rammer.
 Refourbi, *ie*, *adject.* New furnished.
 Refourbir, *v. a.* To new furnish, to furnish again.
 Refournir, *v. a.* To new stock, &c. *V.* Fournir.
 Réfractaire, *adj.* Refractory, rebellious, froward.
 Réfraction, *f. f.* Refraction.
 Refrain, *f. m.* The burden of a song.
 Refrappé, *ée*, *adject.* Struck again, &c.
 Refrapper, *verb. act.* To strike again; ♦ To new stamp or to stamp again.
 Refrayé, *ée*, *adj.* Polished, smoothed.
 Refrayer, *v. act.* To polish or smooth.
 Refréné, *ée*, *adj.* Refrained, restrained, curbed, bridled, repressed.
 Refrénier, *v. a.* To refrain or restrain, curb, bridle or repress.
 Réfrigérant, *ante*, *adj.* Refrigerative, cooling.
 Réfrigérant, *subst. masc.* The cooler.
 Réfrigératif, *ive*, *adj.* Refrigerative, cooling.
 Réfrigératif, *f. m.* A refrigerative, a cooler.

REF

Réfrigération, *f. f.* A refrigeration or cooling.
 Refrire, *v. a.* To fry again.
 Refrissé, *ée, adj.* New curled.
 Refrifer, *v. a.* To curl again.
 Refrogné, *ée, adj.* Grim, grim-faced, gruff; that has a sour, dogged, sullen, crabbed look or countenance.
 Un refrogné, une refrognée, *f. A* grim-faced man or woman.
 Refrognement, *f. m.* A sour, crabbed, dogged, sullen look or countenance, a bending or knitting of one's brows.
 Refrogner, se refrogner, *v. r.* To put on a sour look or grim countenance, to bend or knit one's brows.
 Refroidi, *ie, adj.* Made or grown cold, cooled, &c.
 Refroidir, *v. a.* To make cold, to cool, to take away the heat.
 Refroidir, *v. neut.* To cool or grow cold.
 Se refroidir, *v. réc.* To grow cold, to cool, to lose its heat; * to cool, to relent, to lessen, to grow colder or lesser.
 Refroidissement, *f. m.* Cooling; * coldness, relenting.
 Refrotter, *verb. a.* To rub again.
 Refuge, *f. m.* Refuge, shelter, sanctuary. * (Excuse,) pretence or excuse.
 Réfugié, *ée, adj.* Sheltered, fled to a place of refuge. Les Réfugiés François, French refugees.
 Réfugier, se réfugier, *v. réc.* To fly to a place or to one for shelter or refuge, to take sanctuary.
 Refuir, *v. n.* Le cerf refuit sur soi, the stag doubles.
 Refuite, *f. f.* The doubling of a stag. * Refuite, (retardement affecté dans une affaire,) shifting.
 Refus, *f. m.* Refusal, denial, repulse. * Une chose qui n'est pas de refus, a thing not to be refused. * Refus, (chose refusée,) refuse, a thing refused by others. * Avoir une chose au refus de quelqu'un, to have the refuse of another. * Cela

REG

n'est pas à votre refus, it is not in your choice.
 Refusé, *ée, adj.* Refused, denied.
 Refuser, *v. a.* To refuse, to deny. Se refuser quelque chose, to deny one's self a thing, to deprive or abridge one's self of it.
 Réfution, *f. f.* Refunding or paying back.
 Réfutation, *f. f.* Refutation, confutation.
 Réfuté, *ée, adj.* Refuted, confuted.
 Réfuter, *v. a.* To refute or confute.
 Regagné, *ée, adj.* Regained, recovered, won back, got again.
 Regagner, *v. a.* To regain, recover, to win back or get again. * Regagner un lieu, to reach a place.
 Regain, *subst. m.* After-grass; after-math.
 Régat, *f. m.* Treat, entertainment, regalement.
 Régale, *f. f.* Regale, a right belonging to the King of France.
 Régale, *f. m.* (un des jeux de l'orgue.) Regal.
 Régale, *adj.* (l'eau-régale,) aqua regalis.
 Régalé, *ée, adj.* Regaled, treated, nobly treated, &c.
 Régalemeut, *f. m.* Affessment.
 Régaler, *v. a.* To regale, treat, feast or entertain; * to divert or entertain.
 Régalien, *adj. m.* Ex. Droits régaliens, the Royalities, the King's prerogative.
 Régaliste, *f. m.* The incumbent of a benefice by virtue of the King's gift and prerogative of Régale.
 Regard, *f. m.* Look, view, eyes; * glance of the eye. * (Minc,) looks, countenance. * (Aspect des autres,) aspect.
 † Au regard, *adv.* In comparison to.
 Regardant, *f. m.* A looker on, a spectator.
 Regardant, *adj. m.* Regardant, a term in heraldry.
 Regarder, *v. a.* To look upon, see or behold. * Regarder fixement, to stare at, to

REG 399

look fixedly. * Regarder avec admiration, to gaze at.
 * Regarder, (être vis-à-vis,) to look, face, front or be situate against. * (Concerner,) to concern.
 Regarni, *ie, adj.* New furnished, new trimmed.
 Regarnir, *v. a.* To furnish again, to new trim.
 Regelé, *ée, adj.* Frozen up again.
 Regeler, *v. n.* To freeze again.
 Régence, *f. f.* Regency, the administration of the government; * the Regent.
 Régénération, *f. f.* Regeneration, the being new-born.
 Régénéré, *ée, adj.* Regenerated, new-born.
 Régénéré, *f. m.* A regenerate mau.
 Régénérer, *v. a.* To regenerate.
 Régent, *ente, adj. & f.* Regent. Le Prince régent ou le Régent, the Prince regent or the Regent. * Régent, (en Angleterre pendant la minorité du Roi,) Protector; (pendant son absence,) Lord deputy.
 Régenter, *v. a. & n.* To teach; to be a school-master. Régenter une classe, to teach a form. * Régenter, *v. a. & n.* To domineer, rule or master.
 Regermer, *v. n.* To burgeon, bud or grow again.
 Régi, *ie, adj.* (from régir,) Governed, ruled.
 Régicide, *f. m.* A regicide.
 Régie, *f. f.* Administration; management.
 Regimber, *v. neut.* To kick or wince.
 Régime, *f. m.* Diet, a course of diet. Vivre, user de régime, to live by rule. * Régime, (en termes de Grammaire,) case governed, construction.
 Régiment, *f. m.* A regiment.
 Région, *f. f.* Region. * La région du cœur, the region or seat of the heart.
 Régir, *v. a.* To govern or rule.
 Régistre ou registre, *f. m.* A register, a register-book or record. * † Il est écrit ou il est sur mes registres, I have

400 REG

had him in my books. ♣
 Vaisseau de Registre, a
 Spanish register-ship.
 Registrer, verb. a. V. Enregistrer.
 Regle, f. f. A ruler. * (Précepte,) rule, precept. * Les regles, (les lois de la nature,) the rules or laws of nature. * Regle, (coutume,) rule, custom, common practice. * Regle, (exemple,) rule, example, pattern, model, guide.
 Régulé, ée, adj. Ruled. * Régulé, (prescrit, fixé,) set, certain, regular. * (Ordonné, régi,) regulated, ordered, governed. * Horloge bien réglée, a clock well kept or that goes very right.
 Règlement, f. m. Regulation, law, statute.
 Réglement, adv. Regularly, strictly, by rule; ♣ constantly, always.
 Régler, v. a. To rule; * to order, direct, guide, frame or square. * Régler une horloge, to set a clock right. * Je ne me règle pas sur cela, I don't go by that. ♣ Régler les parties sur leur différent, to give a rule in a cause.
 Réglet, f. m. A reglet.
 Régliste, f. f. Liquorice.
 Régnant, ante, adj. Reigning. Ex. Le Roi régissant, the King now reigning.
 Regne, f. m. Reign.
 Régner, v. n. To reign, to be a King, to rule as a King. * (Dominer,) to reign, to sway or bear sway, to rule or bear rule, to have the upper hand. * (Etre à la mode,) to be in vogue or fashion, to be cried up. * (S'étendre tout le long,) to reach along.
 Regnicole, f. m. & f. A native or inhabitant of a Kingdom.
 Etranger regnicole, a denison or denizen.
 Regonfler, v. n. To swell or overflow, as waters that are stoped do.
 Regorgement, f. m. An overflowing.
 Regorger, v. a. To overflow or run over. * Regorger de

REG

quelque chose, to abound with a thing, to swim in it.
 Regouter, v. a. To taste again.
 Regrat, f. m. The trade of a huckster off salt; ♣ the place where salt is sold by retail.
 Regratté, ée, adj. Scratched again, &c. V. Regratter.
 Regratter, v. a. To scratch again; ♣ to new vamp; ♣ to rub or finish down a wall.
 Regrattier, f. m. A huckster.
 Regrattier de sel, a huckster of salt.
 Regrattiere, f. f. A huckstrefs.
 Regresser, v. a. To new-graft, to graft again.
 Regrés, f. m. A power of returning into a benefice resigned.
 Regret, f. m. Grief, sorrow or affliction, regret or concern; a repining at or grudging. ♣ Regret, (repentir ou chagrin,) grief, sorrow, discontent, pain. Je meurs de regret d'avoir offensé mon Dieu, I am grieved to death that I have offended my God. ♣ Regrets, (lamentations,) lamentations, complaints, woe.
 A regret, adv. With regret, hardly, with reluctancy, against the grain, grudgingly.
 Regrettable, adj. To be lamented.
 Regretté, ée, adj. Regretted, lamented, bewailed, missed, &c.
 Regretter, v. a. To regret, mourn, lament, bewail, miss or want, to be sorry, to grudge.
 Reguindé, ée, adj. Hoisted or lifted up again.
 Reguinder, v. a. To hoise or lift up again.
 Reguinder, v. neut. To soar again, as a hawk does.
 Régularité, f. f. Regularity, exactness, strictness.
 Régule, f. m. Regulus. Régule d'antimoine, regulus antimonii.
 Régulier, iere, adj. Regular, done according to some rule; ♣ regular, orderly; ♣ exact, punctual.
 Régulier, f. m. A Regular, a Monk,

REI

Régulièrement, adv. Regularly, according to rule; ♣ punctually, constantly.
 Réhabilitation, f. f. Re-establishing.
 Réhabilité, ée, adj. Rehabilitated, re-enabled, re-established, restored, re-established.
 Réhabiliter, v. a. To rehabilitate, re-enable, re-inflate, restore or re-establish.
 Rehacher, v. a. To mince again, to mince smaller.
 Rehaussé, ée, adj. Raised, &c. according to the verb.
 Rehaussement, f. m. Raising.
 Rehausser, v. a. To raise. * (Faire paroître davantage,) to lighten or advance, to set off.
 Rejaillir, v. n. To fly or return back. * (Réfléchir, retourner,) to reflect or return.
 Rejaillissement, f. m. Reflection, a flying or returning back.
 Rejauni, ie, adj. Made or grown yellow or yellowish again.
 Rejaunir, v. a. & n. To make or to grow yellow again.
 Rejet, f. m. A new assessment of a tax.
 Rejetable, adj. That deserves to be rejected.
 Rejeté, ée, adj. Rejected, slighted, despised, &c. V. Rejeter.
 Rejeter, v. a. To throw again; ♣ to cast up or vomit. * Rejeter, (rebuter,) to reject, slight or despise. * Rejeter une taxe, to lay or assess a tax a second time.
 Rejeter, v. n. To shoot again.
 Rejeton, f. m. A young shoot, sucker or sprig.
 Réimposer, v. a. To reassess.
 Réimposition, f. f. Reassessment.
 Réimpression, f. f. (seconde édition d'un livre.) Reprinting, new edition.
 Réimprimer, v. a. To reprint.
 Rein, f. m. (rognon.) The rein or kidney. ♣ Reins, (les lombes,) the reins, the loins, the back.
 Reine, f. f. A Queen.
 Réinfester, v. a. To infest, to taint again.

Reinté,

REI

Reinté, ée, *adj.* un chien bien reinte, a strong-backed dog, a dog that has a good back.
Reintégrande, *f. f.* A restoring of one to his own.
Reintégré, ée, *adj.* Restored to his own.
Reintégrer, *v. a.* To restore one to his own.
Reinterroger, *v. a.* To interrogate again, to re-examine.
Reinviter, *v. a.* To reinvite, to invite again.
Rejoindre, *v. a.* To join again, to rejoin; ♦ to get together again.
Se rejoindre, *v. r.* To come together again, to be joined together again.
Rejoint, ointe, *adj.* Joined again, rejoined.
Rejouer, *verb. a.* To play again.
Réjoui, ie, *adj.* Joyful, overjoyed, full of joy, glad.
† Réjoui, (un gros) *f. m.* une grosse réjouie, *f. f.* A merry or jovial man or woman.
Réjouir, *v. a.* To rejoice or overjoy; ♦ to divert or make merry.
Se réjouir, *v. r.* To rejoice, to be or to make merry, to take one's pleasure; ♦ to be glad or overjoyed.
Réjouissance, *f. f.* A rejoicing, joy; ♦ Rejoicing, merry-making.
Réjouissant, ante, *adj.* Rejoicing, pleasing, comfortable.
Reîtres, *subst. m. pl.* Reisters. * † C'est un vieux reître, he is an old fox or dog.
Réitération, *f. f.* Reiteration, repetition.
Réitéré, ée, *adj.* Reiterated, repeated.
Réitérer, *v. a.* To reiterate, to repeat.
Relâche, *f. m.* Intermission, discontinuance, a giving over for a time. ♦ (Terme de mer,) the touching or calling at any port; ♦ the stay of a ship in a port.
Relâché, ée, *adj.* Slakened, &c. V. Relâcher.
Relâchement, *f. m.* Unbending, slackening, loos-

Tom I,

REL

ning, relaxation. * Relâchement du froid, the abatement of the cold. * Relâchement, (dans le travail,) remissness, slackness, negligence. * (Désordre,) remissness, looseness of manners or discipline. * Relâchement de courage, faint-heartedness. ♦ Relâchement, (plaisir, récréation,) relaxation, diversion.
Relâcher, *v. a.* To slacken, loosen or unbend, to relaxate; * to release or let go, to set at liberty. * (céder, quitter,) to remit, yield or forego, to abate or bate, to forgive.
Relâcher, *v. n.* (terme de mer,) to put into an harbour, to stand in for an harbour or road, to be driven into an harbour or road.
Se relâcher, *v. r.* To slacken, to grow slack or remiss, to abate. * Se relâcher l'esprit, to unbend one's mind, to give it some relaxation. * Se relâcher, (céder,) to yield or to remit, to forego.
Relais, *f. m.* A fresh horse or horses, relay. ♦ Relais, (ou chiens de relais,) relay dogs, fresh dogs. ♦ Les relais, the relays, the cry or kennel of relay hounds. ♦ Relais, (l'endroit où l'on met les chiens de relais,) the relay for hounds; ♦ the stage where fresh horses are kept.
Relancé, ée, *adj.* Imprimé, as a deer; ♦ recovered, as a hare, &c.
Relancer, *v. a.* To imprime a deer. ♦ Relancer un lievre, to recover a hare.
Relaps, *f. m.* Relapse, *f. f.* a relapse, one that has relapsed.
Rélargi, ie, *adj.* Made wider again.
Rélargir, *v. a.* To make wider again.
Relater, *v. a.* To new lath.
Relatif, ive, *adj.* Relative, having relation to another.
Relatif, *f. m.* A relative.
Relation, *subst. f.* A relation

REL 401

or reference; ♦ acquaintance, correspondence.
Relativement, *adv.* Relatively, with relation.
Relavé, ée, *adj.* Washed again.
Relaver, *verb. a.* To wash again.
Relaxation, *subst. f.* Relaxation.
Relaxé, ée, *adj.* Ex. Un nerf relaxé, a relaxed nerve.
Relâxer un prisonnier. Voy. Relâcher.
Relayé, ée, *adj.* Relieved.
Relayer, *v. n.* To take fresh horses or dogs.
*** Relayer**, *v. a.* To relieve.
Se relayer, *v. r.* To relieve one another.
Relégation, *f. f.* Confinement, banishment.
Relégué, ée, *adj.* Banished, exiled, confined to a place, &c.
Reléguer, *v. a.* To banish or exile, to send away, to confine to a place at a distance.
Relent, *f. m.* Musty, musty smell. Sentir le relent, to have a musty smell.
Relevailles, *f. f. pl.* The churcing of a woman after childbirth.
Relevé, ée, *adj.* Raised, lifted, got, taken up or again, &c. V. Relever.
♦ Relevé, (élevé, haut,) high. * (Sublime,) high, lofty, sublime, elevated.
*** Mine relevée**, a great, noble look.
Relevée, *subst. f.* The afternoon.
Relevement, *f. m.* Raising up again. ♦ Relevement du pont, (dans un vaisseau,) the sheer of a ship's deck.
Relever, *verb. a.* To raise, get or take up again. ♦ Relever une femme, (après ses couches,) to church a woman. * Relever, (rehausser,) to heighten, to set off, to advance. * Relever sa condition, to raise or advance one's condition.
*** Relever quelqu'un**, (le reprendre avec rigueur,) to take one up. ♦ Relever, (terme de guerre,) to re-

C 6

lieve. * Relever, (faire valoir,) to cry up or extol, to heighten. * (Oter ce qu'on avoit mis,) to take away or take off. * Relever un appel, to sue an appeal, to bring the cause before the judge appealed unto. * Relever un vaisseau, to set a ship afloat. * Relever une côte, to draw a view of a coast. Relever de maladie, v. n. to recover, to be on the mending land. Le Roi ne relève que de Dieu seul, the King holds of God alone. Se relever, v. r. To get up, to rise; * to get up again. * Se relever de quelque perte, to recover, repair or retrieve a loss. Relié, ée, adj. (from Relier.) Tied again, &c. V. the verb. Relief, f. m. relief d'appel, relief or remedy of appeal. * Relief, (droit que doit un fief au Seigneur,) fine, the money paid by a tenant to his Landlord upon his first entry. * Relief, (dans les ouvrages de broderie,) embossed, embroidery-work. * (Ouvrage de sculpture, &c.) embossed work or relieve. * Reliefs, (ce qui reste des viandes servies,) offals, scraps, remnants, table-remnants. Relier, v. a. To tie again; * to bind or bind up; * to new hoop or hoop again. Relieur, f. m. A Binder or book-binder. Religieuse. V. Religieux. Religieusement, adv. Religiously, godly, piously. * Religieusement, (exactement, ponctuellement,) religiously, strictly, exactly, punctually. Religieux, euse, adj. (pieux, dévot.) Religious, pious, godly, devout; * exact, strict, punctual; * religious, monastick. Religieux, f. m. A Friar or a Monk. Religieuse, f. f. A Nun. Religion, f. f. Religion, the

worship of the Deity; * the reformed or protestant Religion; * piety, godliness, devotion; * Religious order of Monks or Nuns. Il a dix ans de Religion, he has been a monk these ten years. * La Religion (ou l'Ordre) des Chevaliers de Malthe, the Order of the Knights of Malta. * La religion du serment, the religion or sacredness of an oath. Religionnaire, f. m. One of the reformed religion, a Protestant. Relimé, ée, adj. Filed again. Relimer, v. a. To file again. Reliquaire, subst. m. (boîte pour mettre des reliques.) A shrine for relics. Reliquat, f. m. Remainder. Ex. Le reliquat d'un compte, the remainder of an account. Reliquataire, f. m. (from reliquat.) One that is behind-hand in his accounts. Relique, f. f. Relick or relics. * Reliques, (le reste de quelque chose,) relics or remainders. Relire, v. a. To read over again. Reloger, v. neut. To lodge or dwell again in the same place. Reloué, ée, adj. Let again. Relouer, v. n. To under-let, to let again. Ex. Relouer une maison, to under-let a house. Reluire, v. n. To shine, glitter or glister. Reluisant, ante, adj. Shining, glittering or glistering. Remâché, ée, adj. Chewed again. V. Remâcher. Remâcher, v. a. To chew again. Remâçonner, v. a. To repair, as a bricklayer does. Remander, v. a. To send word again. Remanger, v. a. To eat again. Remanié, ée, adj. Handled again. V. Remanier. Remanier, v. a. To handle again. Remarchander, v. a. To cheapen again.

Remarcher, v. n. To walk, go or march again. Remarié, ée, adj. Married again, remarried. Remarier, v. a. To marry again. Se remarier, v. r. To marry again. Remarquable, adj. Remarkable, observable, notable. Remarque, f. f. Remark, observation, taking notice of. Remarqué, ée, adj. Marked, remarked, minded, observed, taken notice of, &c. Remarquer, v. a. To mark, remark, mind, consider, observe or take notice of. Se faire remarquer, to be remarkable, to be taken particular notice of. * Remarquer, (marquer une seconde fois,) to mark a second time, to make another mark. Remasquer, se remasquer, v. r. To put on one's mask again. Remballé, ée, adj. Packed up again. Remballer, v. a. To pack up again. Rembarqué, ée, adj. Shipped or embarked again, re embarked. Rembarquement, subst. m. A re embarking, a shipping or embarking again. Rembarquer, v. a. To ship or embark again, to re embark. * (Engager de nouveau dans quelque affaire,) to embark or engage anew, to draw in again. Se rembarquer, v. r. To re embark or take shipping again; * to re embark or reengage one's self. Rembarré, ée, adj. Beaten back, repulsed, &c. Rembarrer, v. a. To beat back or repulse. * (Repousser de paroles,) to pry off, to fit with a smart or sharp answer. Remblaver, v. a. (remetter de blé une terre.) To sow again with corn. Remboité, ée, adj. Set into joint again. Remboitement, f. m. A setting into joint again.

REM

Remboiter, *v. a.* To set into joint again.
Rembourré, *ée*, *adj.* Stuffed up.
Rembourrement, *subst. masc.* Stuffing up.
Rembourrer, *v. a.* To stuff up, to stop up with stocks.
Remboursé, *ée*, *adj.* Reimbursed, paid again.
Remboursement, *f. m.* Reimbursing, paying again.
Rembourser, *v. a.* To reimburse, to pay again.
Rembraiser, *v. a.* To rekindle, to kindle again.
Rembrassé, *ée*, *adj.* Reimbraced.
Rembraiser, *v. a.* To reimbrace.
Rembroché, *ée*, *adj.* Spitted again.
Rembrocher, *v. a.* To spit, to lay on the spit again.
Rembruni, *ie*, *adj.* Made darker. Un teint rembruni, a brown dark complexion.
Rembrunir, *v. a.* To make darker.
Rembrunissement, *f. m.* The being darker.
Rembuché, *ée*, *adj.* Drove or driven back into the lair.
Rembucher, *v. a.* To drive back into the lair.
Rembucher, *se rembucher*, *v. réc.* To go back into the lair. * † Se rembucher, (se cacher,) to hide one's self, to skulk.
Remède, *subst. m.* Remedy, physick, cure, medicine. ♦ Prendre un remède, (ou un lavement,) to take a glistler.
 * † Un remède à tous maux, a plaster for all sores.
 * Remèdes de droit, (l'appel, l'opposition, &c.) remedy, redress or relief at law.
Remédier, *v. a.* To remedy, cure or help.
Remêlé, *ée*, *adj.* Shuffled again.
Remêler, *v. a.* To shuffle again. *Ex.* Remêler les cartes, to shuffle the cards again.
 † Remembrance, *subst. f.* Remembrance, memory.
 † Remémorer, *v. a.* To put in mind.

REM

Remené, *ée*, *adj.* Carried back again.
Remener, *v. a.* To carry back again.
Remercié, *ée*, *adj.* Thanked.
Remercier, *v. a.* To thank, to return or give thanks, to acknowledge a kindness; ♦ to refuse handsomely or courtierlike.
Remerciment, *f. m.* Thanks, acknowledgment.
Reméré, *f. m.* Power of redemption.
Remesuré, *ée*, *adj.* Measured again.
Remesurer, *v. a.* To measure again.
Remettre, *v. a.* To put or set again, &c. *V.* Mettre. ♦ Remettez vos épées, put up your swords. ♦ Remettre un os, to set a bone into joint again; ♦ to restore; ♦ to deliver up. ♦ Remettre, (différer,) to drive or put off, to delay. * (Pardonner,) to remit or forgive. * (Faire grace d'une partie d'une dette,) to remit or forgive part of a debt. ♦ Remettre un dégoûté en appétit, to get one a good stomach that had none at all. * Remettre, (rassurer,) to recover, to hearten, to put in heart again. * (Redonner de la santé ou des forces,) to recover, to make one well. ♦ Remettre un Bénédicte, (s'en dessaisir,) to resign or make a resignation of a benedict. ♦ Remettre les rangs &c les files, to bring back into ranks and files. ♦ Remettez-vous! (commandement militaire,) as you were! ♦ Remettre à la voile. *V.* Voile.
Remettre, *se remettre* à quelque chose, *v. r.* To set one's self again to a thing, to fall to it again. * Se remettre, (revenir du trouble, de la crainte,) to recover one's self, to come to one's self again. ♦ Se remettre de quelque chose à quelqu'un, to leave or refer a thing to one, to make him the judge of it. ♦ Se remettre en prison de

REM 403

son propre mouvement, to surrender one's self.
Remeuilé, *ée*, *adj.* Furnished again.
Remebier, *v. a.* To furnish, to new furnish.
Réminiscence, *f. f.* Remembrance, memory.
Remis, *ise*, *adj.* (from remettre.) Set again, restored, &c. *V.* the verb.
Remise, *f. f.* (délai,) a delay or put off. ♦ (Lieu pour mettre un carrosse,) a coach-house. ♦ (Endroit où une perdrix se remet,) the shelter where the bird hides itself from the hawk. ♦ (Taillis,) a thicket. ♦ (Argent remis ou envoyé,) a remittance of money, a return of money, a return.
Rémissible, *adj.* Remissible, pardonable; to be remitted, pardoned or forgiven.
Rémission, *f. f.* Remission, pardon, forgiveness.
Rémissonnaire, *f. m.* He that has obtained his pardon.
Remmailloté, *ée*, *adj.* Wrapped up again in swaddling-clothes.
Remmailloter, *v. a.* To wrap up in swaddling-clothes again.
Remmancher, *v. a.* To new-haft, to put or set on a new-haft or handle.
Remmener, *v. a.* To carry back.
Rémollient, *ente*, *ou* *rémolitif*, *ive*, *adj.* Emollient, mollifying, softening.
Remonte, *f. f.* New horses.
Remonté, *ée*, *adj.* Got up again, &c.
Remonter, *v. n.* To go or get up again. * † Remonter sur la bête, to recover one's lost. ♦ Remonter, (en parlant d'une rivière,) to run back.
Remonter, *v. a.* To go or get up again; ♦ to wind up again; ♦ to make up again; ♦ Remonter des bottes, to clap on a new pair of soles. ♦ Remonter les cavaliers, to remount the troopers, to give them new horses. * Remonter, (rétablir,) to fluck anew or again, to set up again.

404 REM

Remontrance, *f. f.* Advice, counsel, admonition, warning; *♣* a remonstrance; *♣* a President's speech at the opening of a Court of Parliament.

Remontrer, *v. a.* To remonstrate, to shew by reason and instances, to make appear, to lay before.

Remordre, *v. a.* To bite again.

Remords, *subst. m.* Remorse, check, stings of conscience.

Rémora, *f. f.* ou Rémora, *f. m.* A remora or sea-lamprey.

Remorque, *f. f.* Towing. Cable de remorque, a tow-rop.

Remorquer, *v. a.* To tow or haul a ship.

Remoucher, *v. a.* une chandelle. To snuff again a candle. *♣* Se remoucher, to blow one's nose again.

Remoudre, *v. a.* To grind again.

Remouillé, *ée, adj.* Dipped again.

Remouiller, *v. a.* To dip again.

Rémouleur, *V.* Gagne-petit.

Remoulu, *ue, adj.* (from remoudre.) Ground again.

Remous, *f. m.* Dead-water or eddy.

Remaquetée, *ée, adj.* Packed up again.

Rempaquer, *v. a.* To pack up again.

Remparé, *ée, adj.* Fenced, intrenched.

Remparer, se remparer, *v. r.* To fence or intrench one's self.

Rempart, *f. m.* A rampire or rampart. * (Tout ce qui sert de défense,) a fence or bulwark.

Remplacé, *ée, adj.* Replaced, made up, compensated, &c.

Remplacement, *f. m.* Replacing of money, laying or letting it out again.

Remplacer, *v. a.* To replace, to make up, to make amends, to compensate. *♣* Remplacer son argent, to lay out one's money again, to let it out again or to buy something with it.

Remplage, *f. m.* A filling up of a wine vessel. Faire le remplage, to fill up a wine-vessel that has leaked, &c.

REM

Remplage de muraille, the ragged stones with which the inside of a wall is filled up.

Rempli, *ie, adj.* Full, filled, filled up, &c. *V.* Remplir.

Remplié, *ée, adj.* Turned in or down.

Remplier, *v. a.* To turn in or turn down, to take in.

Remplir, *v. a.* To fill or fill up. Se remplir de viandes, to fill, cram or stuff one's belly or guts. * Remplir son devoir, to discharge or do one's duty, to acquit one's self of it. *♣* Remplir, (emplir de nouveau,) to fill again. *♣* Remplir du point ou de la dentelle, to mend point or lace.

Remplissage, *f. m.* (ou remplage d'un vaisseau de vin,) a filling up. Remplissage, (de point, de dentelle,) Mending. *♣* Couples de remplissage, filling timbers.

Remplisseuse, *f. f.* Ex. Remplisseuse de dentelle ou de point, a mender of point or lace.

Remploi, *f. m.* Replacing of money.

Remployer, *v. a.* To employ or use again, &c.

Remplumé, *ée, adj.* New feathered, &c.

Remplumer, *v. a.* To new feather.

Se remplumer, *v. r.* To put on new feathers. * † Il commence à se remplumer, (ou à rétablir ses affaires,) he begins to thrive, the world amends with him.

Rempoissonné, *ée, adj.* Poisoned again.

Rempoissonner, *v. a.* To poison again.

Rempoissonné, *ée, adj.* New-stocked with fish.

Rempoissonner, *v. a.* To new-stock with fish.

Rempporté, *ée, adj.* Carried back or away, &c. *Voy.*

Rempporter.

Rempporter, *v. a.* To carry back or away. * (Gagner, obtenir,) To get or obtain, to carry.

Remprisonner, *v. a.* To remand to prison.

REN

Remprunté, *ée, adj.* Borrowed again.

Remprunter, *v. a.* To borrow again.

Remuant, *ante, adj.* Stirring, active, lively, sprightly; *♣* * stirring, factions, seditions, unquiet, restless.

Remué, *ée, adj.* Moved, stirred, jogged, &c. *Voy.*

Remuer. *♣* Cousin remué de germain, a cousin once removed, a second cousin.

Remuement, *f. m.* Motion, stirring or jogging. * (Troubles,) stir, tremble, disturbance.

Remuer, *v. a.* To move, stir, jog or wag. *♣* Remuer la terre, to turn up or dig the ground, to dig. *♣* Remuer un enfant, to unswathe and dress a child. * Remuer les passions, to move or work upon the affections, to affect.

* Remuer ciel & terre, to leave no stone unturned. ||

a remué ciel & terre contre moi, he has done his worst against me.

Remuer, *v. n.* To stir, to move. Faire remuer les Puissances, les personnes qui ont l'autorité en main, * to set the great springs a going. * Remuer, (exciter des troubles,) to stir or rise, to make a disturbance.

Se remuer, *v. r.* To stir.

Remueuse, *f. f.* A rocker.

Remugle, *f. m.* (odeur désagréable.) Mustiness, musty. Sentir le remugle, to smell musty.

Rémunérateur, *f. m.* Rewarder.

Rémunération, *f. f.* Remuneration, recompense, reward.

Rémunéré, *ée, adj.* Remunerated, requited, rewarded, recompensed.

Rémunérer, *v. a.* To remunerate, recompense, reward or requite.

Renaissance, *f. f.* Newbirth, renewing.

Renaissante, *ante, adj.* New-born or springing up again.

Renaitre, *v. n.* To be born again or new-born, to grow or spring up again, to be

REN

reproduced. * Renaître par la grace, to be new-born or regenerated by grace. * La nature renaît au printemps, nature renews or is revived in the spring. Cette rivière se perd sous terre, & renaît en cet endroit, that river loses itself under ground, and rises again at such a place. * Cela a fait renaître les soupçons d'autrefois, that has revived the former jealousies.

Renard, *f. m.* A fox. * Un renard, (un fin, un rusé,) a cunning fox, a sly cunning man. * (instrument de Pilote,) a traverse-board. * a dog or cant-hook.

Renarde, *f. f.* A she-fox.

Renardeau, *f. m.* A fox's cub.

Renardière, *subst. f.* A fox's hole.

† Renasquer, *v. n.* To snuff or snuffle.

Renchainer, *v. a.* To put again to the chain, to chain up again.

Renchéri, *ie, adj.* Risen, grown dearer. * Faire le renchéri, to take upon one, to be shy.

Renchérir, *v. a.* To raise the price of...

Renchérir, *v. n.* To rise or grow dear. * Renchérir sur quelqu'un, to top upon one, to go beyond him.

Renchérissement, *f. m.* Raising of the price of a commodity.

Renclouer, *serenclouer, verb. réc.* To get a nail again in the foot, speaking of a horse.

Rencontre, *f. f.* A meeting or encounter. Aller ou venir à la rencontre, to go or to come to meet. * Rencontre, (hazard,) accident, chance, hit or adventure. * (Combat non-prémédité,) a rencounter or accidental fight. * (Occasion,) occasion, opportunity. * (Pointe d'esprit,) a pun, quibble, joke or jest. * Acheter quelque chose de rencontre, to meet with a bargain. J'ai acheté une robe de rencontre, I bought a gown that was offered me

REN

by chance. * Il a fait rencontre d'une femme fort jolie & fort riche, he had the luck to find (or to marry) a very pretty woman and a fortune. * Roue de rencontre, the balance-wheel of a clock or watch.

† Rencontre, *f. m.* Ex. Dans ce rencontre d'affaires, in this juncture of affairs.

Rencontré, *ée, adj.* Met, met with.

Rencontrer, *v. a.* To meet, to meet with or find. * (Dire un bon mot,) to pun. * (Deviner,) to hit or guess. * (terme de Pilotage,) to stop the effect of the tiller.

Se rencontrer, *v. r.* To meet or meet with. * (Avoir les mêmes pensées,) to jump.

Rencontrer, *v. a.* To make a new bodice or stays.

Rencontrer, *v. a.* To spirit up again, to give fresh courage.

Rendetter, *se rendetter, v. r.* To run into debt again.

Rendez-vous, *f. m.* A rendez-vous, assignation, appointment or meeting.

Rendormi, *ie, adj.* Lulled or fallen asleep again.

Rendormir, *v. a.* To lull asleep again.

Se rendormir, *v. r.* To fall asleep again.

Rendouble, *ée, adj.* Turned in or down, &c.

Rendoubler, *v. a.* To turn in or down. * Rendoubler une serviette, to fold up a napkin.

Rendre, *v. act.* To restore, return, give back again, repay, pay again or make restitution. * Rendre gorge, to cast up or vomit. * Rendre gorge, (restituer,) to refund. * Rendre, (faire devenir,) to render, to make. * (Livrer,) to deliver, give up or surrender. * Rendre (faire) justice à quelqu'un, to do one justice, to give him his due. * Rendre, (traduire,) to render, turn or translate. * Rendre, (porter,) to carry. * Rendre du sang par

REN 401

le nez, to bleed at the nose. * Rendre l'esprit, rendre l'ame, to give up the ghost, to expire or die. * Rendre une lettre, to deliver a letter. * Rendre, (produire,) to yield, bear or produce. * Rendre, (exprimer,) to express. * Rendre un arrêt, to make a decree. * Rendre le bord, to come to an anchor. * L'écho rend les paroles, the echo returns or repeats the words. * Rendre service à quelqu'un, to do one a good office.

Rendre, *v. n.* (aboutir.) Ex. Ce chemin rend à un village, this way leads to a village.

Rendre, *se rendre, v. r.* To yield, to lay down one's arms, to surrender or submit. * (Se faire, devenir,) render, to make one's self, to become or turn. * Se rendre, (aller, se transporter,) to repair, resort or go. * Se rendre, (n'en pouvoir plus,) to be even spent, to be tired.

Rendu, *ue, adj.* Restored, returned, &c. according to the verb. * Rendu, (arrivé,) come, arrived.

Rendu, *f. m.* (un déserteur,) A deserter.

Rendu, *v. a.* To new plaster, to dawb over again.

Rendu, *uite, adj.* New plastered, dawbed over again.

Rendurcir, *v. a.* To harden, to make harder or tougher.

Rène, *f. f.* The rein of a bridle.

Renégat, *f. m.* A renegade.

Reneiger, *v. n.* To snow again.

Renetoyer, *v. a.* To clean again, &c. V. Nettoyer.

Renfaiser, *v. a.* To mend the top of a house, to new-tile it.

Renfermé, *ée, adj.* Shut up again.

Renfermé, *f. m.* (relent.) Ex. Il sent ici le renfermé, here's a musty smell.

Renfermer, *v. a.* To shut up again. * (Comprendre sous soi,) to include, contain or comprehend. * Se ren-

406 REN

fermer en soi-même, (se recueillir,) to recollect one's self.
 Renfiler, *v. a.* To thread again, to new string, &c. *V.* Enfiler.
 Renflammer, *v. a.* To new kindle, to set again on fire or in a flame.
 Renflé, *éc, adjct.* Swelled again.
 Renflement, *f. m.* The belly or swelling of a pillar.
 Renfler, *verb. neut.* To swell again.
 Renflé, *éc, adjct.* New headed.
 Renforcement, *f. m.* Deepening.
 Renfoncer, *v. a.* To set a new head or bottom to a cask.
 Renforcé, *éc, adj.* Strengthened, reinforced, fortified.
 Renforcement, *f. m.* Strengthening.
 Renforcer, *v. a.* To strengthen, re-inforce or fortify.
 ♦ Renforcer sa voix, to raise one's voice.
 Se renforcer, *v. r.* To increase or grow stronger.
 Renfort, *f. m.* Supply, recruit, relief, succour.
 Renfrognement, Renfrogner, *V.* Refrognement, Se refrogner.
 Rengagé, *éc, adj.* Re-engaged, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Rengager, *v. a.* To re-engage or engage again; ♦ to pawn or mortgage again, &c. *V.* Engager.
 Rengainé, *éc, adj.* Sheathed again, put up again into its scabbard.
 Rengainer, *v. a.* To sheath, or put up. ♦ † (Ne pas dire quelque chose qu'on avoit méditée,) ♦ to put up again, to forbear saying what one was going to say.
 * Rengainiez votre compliment, ♦ put up your compliment, forbear those compliments.
 Rengorgé, *éc, adj.* That bridles it.
 Rengorger, se rengorger, *v. r.* To bridle it, to thrust the chin into the neck, as women do.

REN

Rengouffrer, se rengouffrer, *v. r.* To get into again.
 Rengourdi, *ie, adj.* Bonnumed, grown stiff again.
 Rengourdir, se rengourdir, *v. r.* To grow stiff again.
 Rengraillé, *éc, adj.* Fattened, made or grown fat again.
 Rengraïsser, *v. a.* To make fat, to fatten again.
 Se rengraïsser, *v. r.* To grow fat again.
 Rengrégé, *éc, adj.* Increased, grown worse, exasperated, &c.
 † Rengrégement, *f. m.* The increase or exasperating of a disease or pain.
 † Rengrégier, *v. a.* To increase, make worse or exasperate one's disease.
 Se rengrégier, *v. r.* To increase, to grow worse.
 Rengréner, *v. a.* To put again corn in the mill-hopper.
 Reniable, *adj.* That may be denied or disowned.
 Reniement, *f. m.* Cursing, swearing, blaspheming.
 Renier, *v. act.* To deny or disown. ♦ (Renoncer à,) to deny, forswear or abjure.
 Renieur, *f. m.* Renieusc, *f. f.* A blasphemer, a swearer.
 Renifler, *v. n.* To snuff up one's snout.
 Renifleur, *f. m.* Renifleuse, *f. f.* One that snuffs up his snout.
 Reniveler, *v. act.* To take again the level of a piece of ground.
 Renue, *subst. masc.* A reindeer.
 Renoircir, *v. a.* To blacken again.
 Renom, *f. m.* Renown, name, fame, note.
 Renommé, *éc, adj.* Renowned, famous, noted.
 Renommée, *f. f.* Fame, reputation, name; ♦ fame or common report.
 Renommer, *v. a.* Cela vous fera renommer par-tout. That will make your name famous every where.
 Renonce, *f. f.* Ex. J'ai renonce à pique, I trump spades.
 Renoncement, *f. m.* A re-

REN

nouncing, denial or forsaking.
 Renoncer à quelque chose, *v. n.* To renounce, quit, forsake or give over a thing. ♦ (A certains jeux des cartes,) to renounce or revoke, at cards.
 Renoncer, *v. a.* To renounce, deny or disown.
 Renonciation, *f. f.* Renunciation.
 Renoneule, *f. f.* Cross-foot, a flower.
 Renovation, *f. f.* Renovation or renewing.
 Renoué, *éc, adj.* Tied with another knot, &c. *Voyez* Renouer.
 Renouement d'amitié, *f. m.* A renewing of friendship.
 Renouer, *v. a.* To tie again; ♦ to tie. * Renouer amitié, to renew friendship, to join or knit friendship again; ♦ to reconcile relations, to make them friends. * Renouer une affaire, (la reprendre en main,) to resume a business, to take it again in hand.
 * Renouer, *v. n.* To be reconciled.
 Renoueur, *f. m.* A hostetter.
 † Renouveau, *subst. m.* The spring, the new season of the year.
 Renouvelé, *éc, adj.* Renewed, revived, set on foot again.
 Renouvellement, *f. m.* A renewing, reviving or setting on foot again.
 Renouveler, *v. a.* To renew or revive.
 Se renouveler, *v. ric.* To renew or revive, to be renewed or revived.
 Rensemencer, *v. a.* To sow, to sow again.
 Rentillé, *éc, adj.* Heaped up again.
 Rentasser, *v. a.* To heap up again.
 Rente, *f. f.* Yearly revenue or income. ♦ Rente viagère ou constituée, an annuity.
 Renté, *éc, adj.* Endowed, that has a yearly income.
 Renter, *v. a.* To endow.

REN

Renterré, *ée*, *adject.* Buried again.
 Renterrer, *v. act.* To bury again.
 Rentier, *f. m.* One that has an annuity; † a tenant.
 Rentoiler, *v. a.* To put other linen to.
 Rentortiller, *v. a.* To new-twist, &c.
 Rentraîner, *v. act.* To carry back.
 Rentraire, *v. a.* To finé-draw; † to darn.
 Rentrait, *aite*, *adj.* Fine-drawn or darned.
 Rentrature, *f. f.* A fine-drawing.
 Rentrayer, *f. m.* Rentrayerse, *f. f.* A fine-drawer.
 Rentré, *ée*, *adj.* Gone, got in again.
 Rentrée, *f. f.* The taking in.
 Rentrer, *v. n.* To come, go or get in again. * Faire rentrer un homme dans son néant, to put a man in mind of his nothingness.
 Renvahir, *v. a.* To invade again.
 Renvélopé, *ée*, *adj.* Wraps up again.
 Renvelopper, *v. a.* To wrap up again.
 Renvenimer, *v. a.* To make a wound or sore fester again.
 Renverse, à la renverse, *adv.* Backward, upon one's back.
 Renversé, *ée*, *adj.* Thrown down, overthrown, &c. V. Renverser. * Une famille renversée, ruined, decayed family.
 Renversement, *f. m.* A pulling down or destroying. * (Destruction,) overturning, overthrowing, perverting, subversion, destruction, ruin, disorder, confusion.
 Renverser, *v. a.* To throw, pull or lay down. * (Défaire,) to defeat or overthrow, to rout; * to break. † Renverser (abattre) les travaux des assiégés, to ruin or destroy the works of the besiegers. † Renverser, (troubler, confondre,) to turn upside down or topsyturvy, to confound, to overturn; † to overthrow, sub-

REP

vert, overturn, defeat, confound, ruin or destroy, to pervert.
 Renvi, *f. m.* A revy, at play.
 Renvier, *v. n.* (faire un renvi au jeu.) To revy, at play.
 Renvoi, *f. m.* A sending back or returning; † a reference. † Marchandise de renvoi, a returnable commodity.
 Renvoyé, *ée*, *adject.* Sent back, &c. according to the verb.
 Renvoyer, *v. act.* To send back or send back again, to return, to dismiss, to refer. † Renvoyer quitte & absous, to clear and acquit.
 Réordination, *f. fém.* A re-ordinating or re-ordination.
 Réordonné, *ée*, *adject.* Re-ordinated.
 Réordonner, *v. act.* To re-ordain.
 Repaire, *subst. m.* The haunt or den of a wild beast. † (Fiente de lievres, de lapins,) crotels or hares-dung.
 Repaitre, *v. n.* To feed or eat; † to bait.
 * Repaitre, *v. a.* To feed. Se repaitre d'espérances vaines, to feed one's self with vain hopes.
 Répandre, *v. act.* To spill or shed; * to scatter, to distribute; * to spread, diffuse or disperse. † Répandre des fleurs, to strew flowers.
 Se répandre, *v. r.* To spread, to diffuse or spread itself.
 Répandu, *ue*; *adj.* Spilt, shed, &c. V. Répandre.
 Réparable, *adj.* Repairable, to be repaired, &c.
 Réparateur, *subst. m.* Restorer.
 Réparation, *f. f.* Repair or repairing; * reparation, satisfaction.
 Réparé, *ée*, *adj.* Repaired, made up.
 Réparer, *v. a.* To repair, to give satisfaction, to make amends. * Réparer l'honneur de quelqu'un, to repair one's honour, to make him a reparation.

REP 407

Reparler, *v. n.* To speak again.
 Reparoître, *v. n.* To appear, to shew one's self again.
 Réparti, *ie*, *adj.* (from répartir.) Shared or divided again.
 Repartie, *f. f.* A repartee, reply or answer.
 Répartir, *v. a.* To share or divide, to assess; † to reply or answer again.
 Repartir, *v. n.* To go back again.
 Répartition, *f. f.* Repartition, assessment.
 Repas, *f. m.* Meal, repast, dinner or supper. Faire ses quatre repas, to make four meals a day.
 Repassé, *ée*, *adj.* Repassed, &c. according to the verb.
 Repasser, *v. a.* To repass, to pass, go or cross again; † to carry over again. † Repasser la lime, to file over again, to smooth or polish with a file; * to lick over, revise or correct. † Repasser quelques chose, (pour l'apprendre par cœur,) to repeat. * Repasser du linge, to iron linen. * Repasser les allées, to rake over the walks.
 Repasser, *v. n.* To repass, to pass, go or cross again. * Cela me repasse souvent dans l'esprit, that ever runs in my mind, I think of it often.
 Repaver, *verb. act.* To new pave.
 Repayer, *v. a.* To pay a second time.
 Repêché, *ée*, *adj.* Fished up again.
 Repêcher, *v. a.* To fish up again.
 Repeigné, *ée*, *adj.* Combed again.
 Repeigner, *v. act.* To comb again.
 Rependre, *v. a.* To hang up again.
 Rependu, *ue*, *adj.* Hanged up again.
 Repenier, *v. n.* To think of again, to revolve in one's mind.
 Repentance, *f. f.* Repentance, penitence, sorrow for one's sins.

Repentant, ante, *adj.* Repen-
tant, penitent, sorry for his
faults.

Repenti, ie, *adj.* Ex. Les Fil-
les Repenties, the repen-
ting maids, a Nunnery in
France.

Repentir, *f. m.* Repentance,
sorrow.

Se repentir, *v. r.* To repent, to
be sorry.

Repercer, *v. a.* un muid,
to new pierce a hogshead.

Répercutif, ive, *adj.* Reper-
cussive, driving or beating
back.

Répercussion, *f. f.* Repercus-
sion.

Repercuté, ée, *adj.* Repercuted,
beaten or struck back,
&c.

Répercuter, *v. a.* To drive or
strike back, to reflect.

Reperdre, *verb. act.* To lose
again.

Répertoire, *subst. m.* A reper-
tory.

Repeser, *v. a.* To new weigh,
to weigh again.

Répété, ée, *adj.* Repeated,
rehearsed, said over again,
&c.

Répéter, *v. a.* To repeat, to
tell over and again, to say
over again. & Gagner sa vie
à répéter la Philosophie,
to get one's livelihood by
teaching Philosophy in pri-
vate.

Répétiteur, *f. masc.* A tutor,
a private master, one that
teaches in private Greek,
Latin, Philosophy, &c. &
Vaisseau répétiteur des si-
gnaux, the ship which repeats
the signals.

Répétition, *f. f.* Repetition. &
(En Justice,) recovery.

Repeuplé, ée, *adj.* Repeo-
pled.

Repeupler, *v. a.* To repopulate,
to people again. V. Peupler.

Repic, *f. masc.* Repiek, at
picket.

Repilé, ée, *adj.* Pounded or
beaten again.

Repiler, *v. a.* To repound or
beat again in a mortar.

Répît, *f. m.* Repite, delay,
rest, continuation of time.

Replacé, ée, *adj.* Put in its
place again.

Replacer, *v. a.* To put in its
place again.

Replaidier, *v. n.* To go to law
again.

Replancheier, *v. a.* To new-
floor, to new-board.

Replanté, ée, *adj.* Replan-
ted.

Replanter, *v. a.* To transplant
or set again. & Replanter
des fleurs avec le doigt,
to prick flowers with one's
finger.

Replâtrer, *verb. act.* To new
plaster.

Replet, ette, *adj.* Too fat,
too full, replete.

Réplétion, *f. f.* Repletion;
& surfeit.

Repleuvor, *v. n. imp.* To rain
again.

Repli, *f. m.* Fold. & Les
replis de la peau, wrinkles.

Replié, ée, *adj.* Folded
again.

Replier, *v. a.* To fold again
or turn in.

Se replier, *v. r.* To wriggle as
a snake.

Réplique, *subst. fem.* Reply,
answer, repartee. & Répli-
que ou répliques, replica-
tion.

Répliqué, ée, *adj.* Replied,
answered.

Répliquer, *v. a.* To reply, to
answer, to make a reply,
answer or repartee.

Replissé, ée, *adj.* Plaited
again.

Replisser, *v. act.* To plait
again.

Replongé, ée, *adj.* Dipt or
ducks again.

Replonger, *v. n.* ou se replon-
ger, *v. r.* To dive again.

Repoli, ie, *adj.* Polished
again.

Repolir, *v. act.* To polish
again, to polish over and
over. V. Polir.

Repolon, *f. m.* A half-volta,
a kind of manage.

Répondant, *subst. m.* Bail,
security, surety; & respon-
dent.

Répondre, *v. act.* & *n.* To
answer or reply, to make
answer. * Répondre, (avoir
du rapport,) to answer or
agree, to be answerable or

agreeable. * (Aboutir à
quelque endroit,) to lead,
to go or strike into. * Ré-
pondre pour quelqu'un,
to bail one, to pass one's
word or be security for him.

& Je vous en réponds,
I warrant you, I pass my
word for it. * Répondre,
(égaler,) to answer or
equal, to be answerable. *
(Faire réciproquement,)
to answer, to correspond,
to make a suitable return. &
Répondre, (en parlant de
l'écho,) to answer again.
& Pour répondre à votre
lettre, in answer to your
letter.

Répondu, ue, *adj.* Answer-
red, &c. V. Répondre.

Répons, *f. m.* Response.

Réponse, *subst. f.* An an-
swer.

Reporté, ée, *adj.* Carried
back.

Reporter, *verb. act.* To carry
back.

Repos, *f. m.* Rest, repose,
quiet, peace, quietness of
mind. Avoir l'esprit en re-
pos, to have a quiet mind.
& Repos, (vie tranquille,)
quiet life, peace, quiet. &
(Sommeil,) rest, repose,
sleep. & (Palier de montée,)
a landing place or broad
step.

Reposée, *f. f.* The lodge or
lair of deer.

Reposer, *v. n.* To get rest, to
rest one's self. & Reposer,
(en parlant d'une liqueur,)
to settle. & Laisser reposer
un ouvrage, to let a piece
of work lie by.

Reposer, se reposer, *v. r.* To
rest, take rest or to rest one's
self, to be or lie still; & to
rest or light, to settle. & Se
reposer sur quelqu'un de
quelque affaire, to rely upon
one about a concern, to trust
or intrust him with it, to
commit or leave it to his
care.

Reposer, *v. a.* Ex. Le fils de
l'homme n'a pas où reposer
sa tête, the son of man has
not where to lay or rest his
head.

Reposoir, *f. m.* An altar for

R E P

up in the streets for the Corpus-Christi procession.
Répouser, *v. a.* To marry again.
Repoussément, *f. m.* Repulsing, repelling.
Repoussé, *é*, *adj.* Pushed back, &c. according to the verb.
Repousser, *v. a.* To push, beat, force, thrust or drive back, to repel. Arbre qui repousse des branches, a tree that shoots new branches.
Repousser, *v. n.* To spring; to recoil; to burgeon, shoot or bud again.
Repoussoir, *f. m.* A driving bolt.
Repréhensible, *adj.* Reprehensible.
Repréhension, *f. f.* Reprehension, reproach, reprimand.
Reprendre, *v. a.* To retake, to take again or recover; to begin again, to renew or take in hand again, to set on foot again; to take up. Reprendre un bâtiment sous œuvre, to under-pin a building. Reprendre son haleine, to fetch breath again. Il reprit cette route, he went the same way again. Reprenons la chose d'un peu plus loin, let us go a little higher, let us resume or fetch the thing a little higher. Reprendre d'une faute au jeu, &c. la marquer à son profit, to come upon one with a why not. Reprendre un palan, to over haul a tackle.
Reprendre, *v. n.* Ex. La fièvre lui a repris, the fever or ague has seized upon him again, it is returned or come upon him again. Comment! reprit-il, (ou répliqua-t-il,) How now! replied or answered he. Reprendre, (prendre racine de nouveau,) to take or take root again.
Reprendre, se reprendre, *v. r.* To close up again.
Reprisaillies, *f. f. pl.* Reprisals. Reprisailles ou lettres de reprisailles, reprisals or

R F P

letters of mark. * † Par le droit de reprisailles, by way of retaliation.
Représentant, *f. m.* A representative or a proxy.
Représentatif, *ive*, *adj.* Representative.
Représentation, *f. f.* Representation. Représentation d'une personne en Justice, the forthcoming or bringing forth of one before the judge. Donner la représentation d'une pièce de théâtre, to present or act a play. C'est la première représentation de la pièce, this is the first acting or the first time that the play was acted. Représentation, (figure de tombeau,) the effigies of a dead body.
Représenté, *é*, *adj.* Brought forth, produced, represented, described, &c.
Représenter, *v. a.* To bring forth or produce, to lay before; to represent, to describe or express. Ce lieu me représente la perte que j'ai faite, that place puts me in mind of my loss. Représenter une comédie, to act a play. Représenter quelqu'un, (tenir la place,) to represent one, to hold or be in his place, to be his representative or proxy. Représenter, (remonter,) to represent or shew, to lay before, to let see.
Représenter, *v. n.* To act, to act up to one's self.
Représenter, se représenter, *v. r.* To be forthcoming, to make one's appearance; to fancy.
Repréter, *verb. a.* To lend again.
Reprier, *v. a.* To pray again.
Reprimande, *f. f.* Reprimand, rebuke, reproof, check or chiding; * a lecture.
Reprimandé, *é*, *adj.* Reprimanded, rebuked, reproved, checked.
Reprimander, *v. a.* To reprimand, to rebuke, reprove, check or chide.
Réprimé, *é*, *adj.* Repressed, &c. *V.* the verb.

R E P 409

Réprimer, *v. a.* To repress, to curb, stop or stay, to quell, to bound or restrain.
Repris, *ise*, *adj.* Retaken or taken again, &c. *V.* Reprendre.
Reprise, *f. f.* Retaking, a renewing. La reprise d'un procès, the renewing or reviving of a law-suit. Reprise de maladie, the return of a distemper. Reprise d'homme, a party at ombre. Reprise, (fois,) time. A diverses reprises, at several times, by fits and starts, by snatches. Reprise, a retaken ship.
Repriser, *v. a.* To new praise or new appraise.
Réprobation, *f. f.* (from réprouver.) Reprobation.
Reprochable, *adj.* Reproachful, shameful, dishonest; that may be excepted against.
Reproche, *subst. m.* Reproach or imputation; an exception or charge against a witness; twitting in the teeth. Faire des reproches à quelqu'un, to reproach or upbraid, to twit in the teeth with.
Reprocher, *v. a.* To upbraid or reproach, to twit, to tax, charge or lay to one's charge, to sling into one's dish. Reprocher des témoins, to except against witnesses.
Réproduction, *f. f. m.* Reproduction.
Reproduire, *v. a.* To reproduce.
Repromettre, *v. a.* To promise again.
Réprouvé, *é*, *adj.* Reproved, rejected, reprobated. Les réprouvés, the reprobates.
Réprouver, *v. a.* To reprove, reject or disallow, to disown; to reprobate.
Reptile, *adj.* Creeping. Ex. Animal reptile, a creeping animal.
Reptile, *f. m.* A creeping thing, a reptile.
Républicain, *f. m.* A republican or member of a common-

wealth; ♀ a republican or commonwealth's man.
 Républicain, adj. m. Avoir l'esprit républicain, to be a republican, to be a commonwealth's man.
 République, f. f. A republic or commonwealth.
 Répudiation, f. f. A divorcing or putting away one's wife, repudiation.
 Répudié, ée, adj. Put away, divorced, repudiated.
 Répudier, v. a. To put away, to divorce or repudiate.
 Répugnance, f. f. Repugnancy, contrariety or a being contradictory, contradiction. Il fait cela avec tant de répugnance, he does it so repugnantly or so much against the grain.
 Répugner, v. n. To repugn, to be contrary or against; to clash with. Cette boisson répugne à ma nature, that drink goes against my stomach.
 Repulluler, v. n. To repullulate, to bud anew.
 Repurger, v. a. To purge again.
 Réputation, f. fém. Repute, reputation, fame, report, credit, name. ♀ Être en réputation de bel esprit, to go for a fine wit.
 Reputé, ée, adj. Reputed, looked upon, thought, counted.
 Réputer, v. a. To repute, to think, count or look upon.
 Requéran, ante, f. A suitor or plaintiff.
 Requérir, v. a. To request, require, pray or beg; ♀ to require or demand. ♀ Aller requérir, to go and fetch again.
 Requête, f. f. A request, supplication or petition. Maître des Requêtes, master of requests. Chambre des Requêtes, court of requests. ♀ Les Requêtes de l'Hôtel chez le Roi, the court of the Green-cloth.
 Requêter, v. a. To quest again.
 Requinqué, ée, adj. Smuggled up, tricked up.
 Requinquer, se requinquer,

v. r. To smuggle or trick one's self up.
 Requent, f. m. The fifth part of the fifth penny.
 Requinquer, v. a. To new rig, &c.
 Requis, ise, adj. (from requérir.) Required, requested, &c. ♀ (Nécessaire,) requisite, necessary, convenient.
 Requête, f. f. Ex. Cela fera de requête, that will be in request.
 Requisition, f. f. Request, petition.
 Requisitoire, f. m. Suit or request.

AVERTISSEMENT.

Cherchez avec deux SS les mots que vous ne trouverez pas écrits par une seule S.
 Rescellé, ée, adj. Sealed again.
 Resceller, v. a. To seal again.
 Rescindant, f. m. A demand to obtain a rescision.
 Rescinder, v. a. To rescind, cancel, null, vacate or make void.
 Rescision, f. f. Rescision; the rescinding or abrogating.
 Rescisoire, f. m. The execution of a rescindant.
 Rescription, f. f. An order or assignment.
 Rescrit, f. m. A rescript from the Pope or Emperour.
 Réseau, f. m. A little net, a bag-net; ♀ net-work.
 Réserve, f. f. Reservation.
 Réserve, f. f. Reservation; a proviso or caveat in a law sense. ♀ Corps de réserve, a reserve or body of reserve. ♀ Réserve, (retenue,) reserve, reservedness, discretion, caution, circumspection. Vous traitez vos amis avec trop de réserve, you use your friends with too much reserve, you don't use them with freedom enough. ♀ Donner sans réserve, to give freely or prodigally. ♀ Une chose de réserve, a spare thing. Temps de réserve, spare time. ♀ Poires de réserve, pears that will keep, winter-pears.
 En réserve, adv. In store. Il

a toujours quelque argent en réserve, he always has some money in store. Mettre en réserve, to lay up.
 A la réserve de, prép. Except, but.
 Réserve, ée, adj. Reserved, laid up, kept, saved, &c. V. the verb. ♀ Réserve, ée, (circonspect, discret.) Reserved, close, wary, shy, cautious.
 Réserve, ée, f. Ex. Il fait bien le réservé, he is a very close or reserved man. Elle fait bien la réservée, she's very shy or reserved.
 Réserver, v. a. To reserve, to keep; ♀ to lay up, to keep or save.
 Se réserver, v. r. To reserve or keep to one's self. ♀ Se réserver à faire quelque chose, to stay to do a thing till it is convenient.
 Réservoir, subst. m. A water-house, a conservatory of water; ♀ fishpond.
 Résidant, ante, adj. Residing, dwelling.
 Résidence, f. f. Residence, continual dwelling in a place. ♀ (Sédiment de liqueur,) sediments, grounds, settlings. ♀ (Emploi de Résident,) Residenship.
 Résident, f. m. A Resident.
 Résider, v. n. To reside, stay, continue or abide.
 Résidu, f. m. Residue, remainder.
 Résignant, f. m. Resigner.
 Résignataire, f. m. Resigner.
 Résignation, f. f. Resignation.
 Résigné, ée, adj. Resigned, yielded up, surrendered or made over.
 Résigner, v. a. To resign, yield up, surrender or make over.
 Résilier, v. n. (terme de Pratique.) To cancel, annul, make void.
 Réfine, f. f. on poix résine. Rosin.
 Réfineux, euse, adj. Of rosin or like to it.
 Résipiscence, f. f. Resipiscence, amendment of life.
 Résistance, f. f. Resistance, opposition. * † Piece de résistance, (grosse piece de

RES

- viande,) *a piece of meat where you may cut and come again.*
- Résister à, *v. n. To resist or withstand, to be against, to oppose.*
- Résolu, ue, *adj. (from résoudre.) Resolved, &c. according to the verb. Résolu, (hardi.) Resolute, stout, bold. Vous faites bien le résolu, you are very stout.*
- Résolument, *adv. Resolutely, stoutly, boldly; & absolutely, peremptorily, obstinately. Il veut résolument ce qu'il veut, he is a peremptory man, what he will have he must have.*
- Résolutif, ive, *adj. Resolutive, dissolving.*
- Résolutif, *f. m. A resolute or dissolving medicine.*
- Résolution, *f. f. Resolution; resolve or determination, mind, full purpose or invention. (Courage,) resolution, courage, stoutness. Résolution d'un contrat, the annulling or making void of a contract.*
- Résonnant, ante, *adj. Sounding, that makes a sound; & that sounds again, resounding, ringing.*
- Résonnement, *f. m. Resounding.*
- Résonner, *v. n. To sound, make or yield a sound; & to resound, to sound or ring again.*
- Résoudre, *v. a. To persuade or induce, to bring to. (Dissiper,) to resolve, soften, dissipate or melt. (Changer,) to resolve, reduce or turn. (Rendre nul,) to annul or make void.*
- Résoudre, *v. n. ou se résoudre, v. r. To resolve or to be resolved, to determine, to purpose. Je ne saurois m'y résoudre, I cannot find in my heart to do it. Se résoudre, (se changer,) to resolve or turn, to be resolved or reduced.*
- Réous, *adj. m. Ex. Brouillard réous en pluie. A mist resolved into rain.*

RES

- Respect, *f. m. Respect, consideration, regard. (Détérence,) respect, regard, reverence, veneration. Rendre ses respects à quelqu'un, to pay one's respects or duty to one. Se faire porter le respect, to keep in awe.*
- † Au respect, *adv. (en comparaison.) In respect, in comparison to.*
- Respectable, *adj. Respectable, venerable; to be respected or revered.*
- Respecté, ée, *adj. Respected; honoured, regarded.*
- Respecter, *v. a. To respect, honour, regard or reverence; to show respect.*
- Respectif, ive, *adj. Respective, mutual, reciprocal; & relative.*
- Respectivement, *adv. Respectively, mutually, interchangeably, reciprocally.*
- Respectueusement, *adv. Respectfully, humbly.*
- Respectueux, euse, *adj. Respectful, full of respect; humble, submissive.*
- Respiration, *f. f. Breath, breathing, respiration.*
- Respirer, *v. a. To breathe or breath in, to suck in.*
- Respirer, *v. n. To breathe or fetch one's breath. * Respirer après quelque chose, to gape after a thing, to long for it. * Mes occupations ne me laissent pas respirer, my business gives me no respite or no breathing time.*
- Resplendir, *v. n. To shine, to glister.*
- Reptendissant, ante, *adject. Shining, glistering, glittering or bright.*
- Resplendissement, *subst. masc. Brightness.*
- Responsable, *adj. Responsible, answerable, accountable.*
- Resrac, *f. m. Surf.*
- Resracrer, *v. a. To reconsecrate.*
- Ressaigné, ée, *adj. Blooded again.*
- Ressaigner, *v. a. To bleed, to let blood again.*
- Ressaïfir, *v. a. To seize again or a second time.*

RES 411

- Resalé, ée, *adj. Salted, powdered again.*
- Resaler, *v. a. To salt, to powder again.*
- Resaluer, *v. a. To resalute, to salute again.*
- Resarclé, ée, *adj. Weeded again.*
- Resarcler, *verb. a. To weed again.*
- Resasser, *v. a. To sift again.*
- Resassé, ée, *adject. Sifted again.*
- Resécher, *v. a. To dry up again.*
- Reseller, *v. a. To saddle again.*
- Ressemblance, *f. f. Resemblance, likeness or similitude.*
- Ressemblant, ante, *adj. Resembling, like.*
- Ressembler, *v. n. To resemble, be like or favour.*
- Ressemeler, *v. a. des souliers, to new sole shoes.*
- Ressemer, *v. a. To sow again.*
- Resseinti, ie, *adj. Resented, &c. V. the verb.*
- Resseintiment, *f. m. The return, grudging or relics of a disease. Resseintiment d'une injure, resentment, sense. Resseintiment, (gratitude,) gratitude, gratefulness, thankfulness, acknowledgment.*
- Resseintir, *v. a. To feel, resent or be sensible of, to have a deep sense.*
- Se resseintir, *v. r. d'une injure, to resent, to show one's resentment or be sensible of, to take to heart or to stomach an injury. Il se resseint encore de ses pertes, he is not yet recovered of his losses, his losses stick by him still.*
- Resferré, ée, *adj. Laid up, &c. V. Resferrer.*
- Resferrement, *f. m. Obstruction, stoppage.*
- Resferrer, *v. a. To lay up, or to lay up again; & to tie tighter, to bind up or fast. * Resferrer un prisonnier, to keep one closer prisoner than before. Resferrer ou resferrer le ventre, to bind or be binding.*
- Resferrer, se resferrer, *v. r.*

412 RES

To contradict itself; ♣ to lie or stand close together.
Resfort, *f. m.* *A spring.* * (Moyen secret,) *a spring, a wheel, a secret way.*
Resfort, *f. m.* *Jurisdiction, the district or extent of a jurisdiction.*
Resfortir, *v. n.* *To go out again.*
Resfortissant, *ante, adj.* *Belonging to or lying under a jurisdiction.*
Resfouder, *v. act.* *To solder again.*
Ressource, *f. f.* *Shift, remedy, help, refuge, aftergame.* ♣ Un malheur sans ressource, *an irreparable, or irrecoverable mischief.* ♣ J'ai fait une perte qui n'a point de ressource, *I sustained a loss without hopes of a recovery.*
Ressouvenir, *f. m.* *Remembrance, memory.*
Ressouvenir, *se ressouvenir*, *v. r. & imperf.* *To remember.* ♣ Faire ressouvenir, *to remember or put in mind.*
Reslui, *f. m.* *The lair of a deer.*
Resuscité, *ée, adj.* *Risen, raised from the dead.*
Resusciter, *v. a.* *To raise or to raise from the dead.* * (Renouveler,) *to revive or renew.*
Resusciter, *v. n.* *To rise from the dead.* * Faire resusciter, *to revive.*
Resuyé, *ée, adject.* *Wiped again.*
Resuyer, *v. a.* *To wipe again.*
Restant, *ante, adject.* *Remaining, left.*
Restant, *f. m.* *Remainder.*
Restaurant, *f. m.* *A restorative, a restorer.*
Restaurateur, *f. m.* *Restorer.*
Restauration, *f. f.* *Restoration.*
Restauré, *ée, adj.* *Restored, repaired, &c.*
Restaurer, *v. a.* *To restore or repair.*
Reste, *f. m.* *Rest, remainder, remnant, residue, remains.* ♣ Extra en reste, *to be behind or to be in arrears.* * † Reste de potence, *a hang-log, a newgate-bird.*

RES

♣ A ce coup de dés il joue de son reste, *this very cast of the dice runs for all.*
 Il y va de notre reste, *all we have left lies at stake.*
 ♣ Il n'y a rien de reste, *there's nothing left.* ♣ J'en ai de reste, *I have more than enough, I have some to spare.*
Au reste, *adv.* *For, as for the rest, finally, but, now.*
Du reste, *adv.* *As for the rest, besides, otherwise.*
Resté, *ée, adj.* *Left, remained.*
Rester, *v. n.* *To be left or remain, to be extant.* ♣ (Séjourner,) *to stay, remain or continue.* ♣ Le nom lui en est resté, *he was afterwards called by that name.* ♣ Le cap Finistère nous restoit au S. O. de la bouffole, *Cape Finistère bore S. by W. of the compass.*
Restitué, *ée, adj.* *Restored, returned, given back again, &c.*
Restituer, *v. a.* *To restore, return, give back again or refund; to make good; ♣ to repair.*
Restitution, *f. f.* *Restitution, refunding, making good.* ♣ Restitution d'un passage, *the restoring of a passage.*
Restreindre, *v. act.* *To bind or astringe, to be astringens.* * (Limiter,) *to confine, stint or limit, to abridge.*
Restreint, *einte, adj.* *Bound, confined, stinted, limited, abridged.*
Restrictif, *ive, adj.* *Restrictive, binding.*
Restriction, *f. f.* *Restriction, limitation.*
Restrignant, *ente, adj.* *Restrictive or restraining, binding.*
Restrignant, *f. m.* *A restraining.*
Résultant, *ante, adj.* *Resulting.*
Résultat, *f. m.* *Result, consequence.*
Résulter, *v. n.* *To result or follow.*
Résumé, *ée, adj.* *Resumed, &c.*

RET

Résumer, *v. a.* *To resume, to recapitulate or sum up.*
Résumption, *f. f.* (récapitulation.) *Recapitulation, summing up.*
Résurrection, *f. f.* *Resurrection.*
Rétabli, *ie, adj.* *Repaired, restored, re-established, re-inflated, &c.*
Rétablir, *v. a.* *To retrieve, to repair, to restore, to re-inflate, to re-establish or recover, to renew.*
Rétablissement, *f. m.* *Repairing, restoration, re-establishment, recovery, renewing.* V. Rétablir.
Retaille, *f. f.* *Shred, a piece cut off.*
Retaille, *ée, adj.* *Cut again.*
Retailler, *v. a.* *To cut again.*
Retardé, *ée, adj.* *Retarded, hindered, kept off, put off, stopped, delayed.*
Retardement ou Retard, *f. m.* *Stay, stop, delay, hindrance.*
Retarder, *v. act.* *To retard, hinder, stop, keep or put off, to delay.*
Retarder, *v. n.* *To go too slow; ♣ to come later.*
Retâté, *ée, adj.* *Tasted again.*
Retâter, *v. a.* *To taste again.*
Retâter, *v. a.* *Retâter un ouvrage d'esprit, to revise or lick again.*
Retaxer, *v. a.* *To re-assess.*
Réteindre, *v. a.* *To extinguish or put out again.*
Reteindre, *v. a.* *To dye again.*
Reteint, *einte, adject.* *Dyed again.*
Retendre, *v. act.* *To stretch or pull out again.*
Retenir, *v. a.* *To get hold again.* Je voudrois retenir l'argent que je lui ai prêté, *I wish I had, or I wish I could get the money I lent him.* ♣ Retenir, (réserver pour soi,) *to keep to one's self, to reserve.* ♣ (Arrêter,) *to keep, detain or stay.* ♣ (S'assurer de,) *to hire, bespeak or take.* ♣ (Imprimer dans son esprit,) *to retain or mind.* ♣ (En termes d'Arithmétique,) *to carry, in arithmetick.*
Retenir, *v. n.* *To retain the seed, to conceive.*

RET

Retenir, *se retenir*, *v. r.* To *surround*, to contain one's self.
Retenter, *v. a.* To try again, to make a second trial or attempt.
Rétention, *f. f.* Reservation.
 ♣ **Rétention d'urine**, a retention of urine.
Retentir, *v. n.* To ring or to resound.
Retentissant, *ante*, *adj.* Ringing, echoing, resounding.
Retentissement, *f. m.* Sound, resounding.
Retentum, *subst. m.* A tacit clause or mitigation.
Retenu, *ue*, *adj.* (from *re-* *tenir*.) Kept or detained, &c. ♣ **Retenu**, (sage, posé.) Staid, sober, discreet, grave. ♣ (Réserve,) reserved, circumspect, cautious.
Retenue, *f. f.* Moderation, soberness, wariness, discretion, caution, circumspection, reservedness, modesty. ♣ Vivre dans l'ordre & dans la retenue, to live a sober and regular life. ♣ Palan de retenue, a relieving tackle.
Réticence, *f. f.* Reticence, a rhetorical figure; ♣ concealment or concealment.
Rétif, *ive*, *adj.* Restive, that won't go forward; * *re-* *tive*, stubborn, forward.
Rétif aux remèdes, *averse* from physick.
Rétine, *f. f.* The retina or net-like tunics of the eye.
Retirade, *f. f.* An intrenchment.
Retiration, *f. f.* The side of the sheet opposite to that which is printed.
Retiré, *ée*, *adj.* Drawn out &c. *V.* Retirer. ♣ Il s'est retiré de toutes ses folies, he is off from his former pranks; * † he has sown his wild oats. ♣ **Retiré**, (solitaire.) Retired, solitary, lonesome.
Retirement, *f. m.* Contraction, a shrinking. *Ex.* Retirement des nerfs, a contraction or shrinking of the sinews.
Retirer, *v. a.* To draw, take, fetch or get out, to get

RET

or take off. Retirer quelque chose qui étoit en gage, to fetch a thing out of pawn, to redeem it. ♣ **Retirer**, (recouvrer,) to get, to recover or to get again.
 * Retirer sa parole, to call in or call back one's word. ♣ **Retirer**, (tirer une autre fois,) to draw or pull again. ♣ (Tirer une seconde fois avec une arme,) to shoot again. ♣ (Donner refuge,) to harbour, lodge, shelter or entertain.
Retirer, *se retirer*, *v. r.* (s'éloigner.) To retire, withdraw, depart or go away, to be gone. ♣ Faire retirer la foule, to disperse the crowd. ♣ Se retirer, (faire sa retraite,) to retire, to make one's retreat. Se retirer de bonne heure, to go home betimes, to keep good hours. ♣ Se retirer, (se raccourcir,) to shrink. ♣ Retirez-vous d'ici, get you gone. ♣ Se retirer de la foule, to go out of the crowd.
Rétive, *V.* Rétif.
Retour, *v. a.* To measure over again.
Retombé, *ée*, *adj.* Fallen again, &c.
Retomber, *v. n.* To fall again, to get another fall; ♣ to fall sick again, to relapse. ♣ Porte qui retombe, a pulley-door.
Retordre, *v. a.* To sheer again.
Retondu, *ue*, *adj.* Sheered again.
Retordre, *v. a.* To writhe or twist again; ♣ to wring again.
Retorqué, *ée*, *adj.* Retorted, returning.
Retorquer un argument, *v. a.* To retort or return an argument.
Retors, *orlé*, *adj.* (from *Retordre*.) Writted, twisted, wrung again.
Rétorsion, *f. f.* *Ex.* Rétorsion d'argument, the retorting of an argument.
Rétorte, *f. f.* Retort, a kind of chymical vessel.
Retouché, *ée*, *adj.* Revised, licked over again,

RET 413

Retoucher, *v. a.* To touch again; ♣ to mend.
Retour, *f. m.* A return or coming back, arrival. ♣ (Repentir,) repentance, repenting, conversion. * Faire un retour à Dieu, to turn to God, to be converted. * **Retour**, (vicissitude,) turn, return, vicissitude, change. Une beauté qui est sur le retour, a declining, degaying or antiquated beauty. ♣ **Être sur le retour de l'âge**, to be in a declining age, to be old. * Arbre qui est sur son retour, an old tree. ♣ Vous me donnerez un écu de retour, you shall give me a crown to boot. * Il a de fâcheux retours, he is a cross peevish sort of a man.
Retourne, *f. f.* Tramp or the turned up card.
Retourné, *ée*, *adj.* Returned, gone back.
Retourner, *v. n.* To return or go back. ♣ Retournons à notre propos, let us return to, or resume our former discourse. Non, je n'y retournerai plus, no, I will do so no more. * Retourner à Dieu, to turn to God, to be converted.
S'en retourner, *v. r.* To return or go home, to go back.
Retourner, *v. a.* To turn or turn up.
Se retourner, *v. r.* To turn, to face about.
Retracé, *ée*, *adj.* Drawn again.
Retracer, *v. a.* To draw again.
Rétraction, *f. f.* Retraction, recantation.
Rétracter une opinion, *v. a.* ou se rétracter d'une opinion, * *v. r.* To retract an opinion, to retract.
Retraire, *v. a.* (terme de Pratique.) To redeem.
Retrait, *f. m.* (action de retirer ce qui est engagé.) Redemption, redeeming. ♣ **Retrait**, a privy or house of office.
Retraire, *f. f.* Retiring or going home. Faire retraite, to retire, to go home. ♣

Retraite, (son du tambour pour avertir de se retirer,) *tap-tow*. ♣ (Cloche qui sonne la retraite,) *Curfewbell*. ♣ (Marche des troupes qui se retirent,) *retreat*. ♣ (Eloignement du commerce du monde, &c.) *retreat, retirement, privacy, private life*. ♣ (Lieu où l'on se retire,) *retirement, a retiring place*. ♣ (Refuge,) *refuge, shelter, sanctuary, harbour*. Donner retraite, to shelter or harbour. ♣ Retraite, (terme d'Architecture,) *retreat, the diminishing or making small*. ♣ Canons de retraite, *the stern chases*. Sabords de retraite, *stern ports*.

Retranché, *ée*, *adj.* *Lessened, diminished, retrenched, &c.* V. Retrancher.

Retranchement, *f. m.* *A retrenching, lessening, diminishing or abridging, retrenchment*; ♣ *a by-place, a corner*; ♣ *an intrenchment*. ♣ (Refuge,) *refuge*.

Retrancher, *v. a.* *To retrench, lessen or diminish, to cut off or abridge*. ♣ (Oter entièrement,) *to take away or cut off*. ♣ Les Médecins lui ont retranché le vin, *the Physicians have forbidden him wine*. ♣ Retrancher, (fortifier avec des retranchemens,) *to intrench, to fortify*.

Retrancher, se retrancher, *v. r.* *To confine one's self*. ♣ (Diminuer sa dépense,) *to retrench one's expences, to abridge one's self, to live within compass, to pinch*. ♣ (Se fortifier,) *to intrench, to fence or fortify one's self*.

Rétréci, *ie*, *adj.* *Streightened, strunk, &c.*

Rétrécir, *v. a.* *To streighten or make streighter, to make narrow or narrower*.

Se rétrécir, *v. r.* *To grow streight or narrow, to grow streighter or narrower, to shrink*.

Rétrécissement, *f. m.* *Shrinking, contraction or taking in.*

Retresser, *v. aff.* *To new-weave.*

Rétribution, *f. f.* *Retribution, requital, recompense or reward*; ♣ *fee*.

Rétriller, *v. aff.* *To curry again.*

Rétroactif, *ive*, *adj.* *Retroactive, driving back.*

Rétrocédé, *ée*, *adj.* *Made over again.*

Rétrocéder, *v. a.* *To make over again.*

Rétrocession, *f. f.* *A making over again.*

Rétrogradation, *f. f.* *Retrogradation.*

Rétrograde, *adj.* *Retrograde.*

Rétrograder, *v. n.* *To retrograde.*

Retrouffé, *ée*, *adj.* *Cocked up, turned up, tucked up*. ♣ Un nez retrouffé, *a nose that turns up*.

Retrouffier, *v. a.* *To cock, turn or tuck up.*

Retrouffis, *f. m.* *The cock of a hat.*

Retrouvé, *ée*, *adj.* *Found, found again.*

Retrouver, *v. a.* *To find, to find again.*

Rets, *f. m.* *A net.*

Rétudier, *v. a.* *To study or learn again.*

Rétuver, *v. a.* *To bate over and over, to foment.*

† Revaloir à quelqu'un, *v. n.* *To be even with one, to return him like for like*. ♣ S'il m'a fait du bien, je le lui ai revalu, *if he has obliged me, I have acknowledged it, I have returned him the same courtesy*.

Revanche, *f. f.* *Revenge, at play*; ♣ *revenge or retaliation*. Il m'a maltraité, & j'en veux avoir ma revanche, *he has abused me, and I will be revenged of him*. ♣ Vous m'avez rendu de bons offices, je tâcherai d'en avoir ma revanche, *you have done me several good offices, I'll endeavour to return, requite, acknowledge or repay them*. En revanche, *by way of retaliation*; ♣ *in return or requital*.

Revanché, *ée*, *adj.* *Revenged*. Revancher quelqu'un, *v. aff.*

To take one's part, to side with him, to espouse his quarrel.

Se revancher, *v. r.* (se défendre.) *To defend one's self, to strike again, to make one's party good.*

† Rêvailler, *v. n.* *To have a great many dreams*; ♣ *to be full of thoughts, to be in a brown study.*

Rêve, *f. m.* *A dream.*

Revêche, *adj.* *Harsh, crabbed, rough*; ♣ *unruly, stubborn, heady, forward*.

Revêche, *f. f.* *Barge or bays, a kind of stuff.*

Réveil, *f. m.* *The time when one awakes*. A mon réveil, *when I am awake*.

Réveil ou réveille - matin, *f. m.* *Alarm-clock, alarm-bell*.

Réveillé, *ée*, *adj.* *Awaked, &c. according to the verb.*

Réveiller, *v. a.* *To awake or wake*. * (Exciter, donner de la gaieté,) *to awake, to stir up, revive, raise or quicken*. * (Renouveler,) *to revive or renew*. * Il réveilla tout son courage pour cette entreprise, *he summoned all his courage for that enterprise*.

Se réveiller, *v. r.* *To awake or wake*; ♣ *to begin anew, to be revived*.

Réveillon, *f. m.* *A small collation between supper and bed-time.*

Révélation, *f. f.* *Revelation or revealing*. La révélation d'un secret, *the revealing or discovering of a secret*.

Révéle, *ée*, *adj.* *Revealed, discovered*.

Révélér, *v. a.* *To reveal or discover*.

Revenant, *ante*, *adj.* *Likely, taking*.

Revenant, *subst. m.* *A spirit that walks or that haunts a house*.

Revenant-bon, *f. m.* *Profits, emoluments, the remainder of a sum*.

Revendeur, *subst. m.* *revendeuse, f. f.* *A huckster, a retailer*.

Revendeuse, *f. f.* *A broker or ends-woman*.

REV

Revendication, *f. f.* *Claiming or claim, demanding or demand.*

Revendiqué, ée, *adj.* *Claimed, demanded, challenged.*

Revendiquer, *v. a.* *To claim, demand or challenge.*

Revendre, *v. a.* *To sell again, to sell by retail.* * Il en a à vendre, (ou en abondance,) *he has enough on't and to spare.*

Revendu, ue, *adj.* *Sold again.*

Revenir, *v. n.* *To come again, to come back or come back again;* ♦ *to grow again or grow up again;* ♦ *to come, amount, cost or stand in.* ♦ (Retourner,) *to return or come.* Revenir à la charge, *to return to the charge, to charge again.* ♦ Viande qui revient, *meat that rises up in one's stomach.* ♦ Revenir, (résulter,) *to arise, accrue or result.* Il ne m'en revient rien, *I get nothing by it.* ♦ Revenir, (assortir,) *to suit or match.* ♦ L'un revient à l'autre, *it comes to the same thing, it is all one.* Faire revenir quelqu'un, (le rappeler,) *to call one back or home.*

Revenir de quelque perte, *to recover a loss, to make it up, to repair it, to recover one's self.* Faire revenir quelqu'un de pâmoison, *to recover one out of a swoon.* * Revenir, (se réconcilier,) *to be reconciled or appeased, to be friends again, to forgive.* ♦ Faire revenir de la viande, *to parboil meat or to broil it a little.* ♦ Revenir, (en parlant des esprits,) *to appear, to walk as spirits do.*

Revente, *f. f.* *The selling again.*

Reventer une voile, *v. a.* *To fill a sail again.*

Revenu, ue, *adj.* *Come back, returned, &c. according to the verb.*

Revenu, *f. m.* *Revenue, rent, income, profits.* Un bien dont les revenus sont petits, *an estate that yields small profits.*

REV

Rêver, *v. n. & a.* *To dream or be in a dream.* ♦ (Etre en délire,) *to rave or be light-headed.* ♦ (Penser, méditer,) *to think or consider, to shew the cud upon.* Un lieu propre à rêver, *a proper place to pass melancholy thoughts in.*

Réverbération, *f. f.* *Reverberation, reflection, repercussion.*

Réverbère, *f. m.* *Ex. Feu de réverbère, reverberated fire.*

Réverbéré, ée, *adj.* *Reverberated, reflected.*

Réverbérer, *v. a.* *To reverberate or reflect.*

Reverdi, ie, *adj.* *Painted green or become green again.*

Reverdir, *v. a.* *To paint green again.*

Reverdir, *v. n.* *To become green again.* * (En parlant des dattres, de la gale,) *to break out again.*

Révééré, ée, *adj.* *Revered, revered, respected.*

Révérence, *f. f.* *Reverence, respect;* ♦ *a reverence, bow, courtesy.* Faire la révérence à quelqu'un, *to make a reverence, bow or congee to one, to bow to him.* ♦ Révérence, (de fille ou de femme,) *courtesy or curtsy, † honours.* ♦ Marion, faites la révérence, *Molly, make a curtsy, † or make your honours.* ♦ Révérence, (titre d'honneur,) *reverence, a title given to monks that are priests.*

† Révérencieux, euse, *adj.* *Full of bows or curties.*

Révérend, ende, *adj.* *Reverend.*

Révérendissime, *adj.* *Right reverend or most reverend.*

Révérer, *v. a.* *To revere, reverence, honour or respect.*

Rêverie, *f. f.* *Raving, delirium or idle talking, the being tight-headed;* ♦ *meditation, thoughts;* ♦ *fancy; conceit, notion.*

Reverni, ie, *adj.* *New glazed again.*

Revernir, *v. a.* *To glaze over again.*

Revers, *f. m.* *The reverse.*

REV 415

Ex. Le revers d'une médaille ou d'une pièce de monnaie, *the reverse of a medal or coin.* ♦ Un revers, un coup de revers, *a back-stroke.* ♦ Alonges de revers, *top-timbers.* Ecoutes de revers, *the weather-sheets.* Boulines de revers, *the lee-bowlines.*

Reversé, ée, *adj.* *Poured again.*

Reverser, *v. a.* *To pour again.*

Réversible, *adj.* *Reversible, subject to reversion.*

Réverson, *f. f.* (terme de Pratique.) *Reversion, a law-term.*

Reversi, *subst. m.* *A game at cards.*

Revestiaire, *f. m.* *Revestiary, vestry (and by contraction) vestry.*

Revêtement, *f. m.* *Lining.*

Revêtir, *v. a.* *To clothe.* * (Investir,) *to vest, invest or give possession.*

Se revêtir, *v. r.* *To put on one's cloath again.*

Revêtisture, *f. m.* (terme de Pratique.) *Vesting, investiture.*

Revêtu, ue, *adj.* *Clothed, &c. according to the verb.* Le Roi revêtu de ses habits royaux, *the King in his royal robes.* Les Magistrats revêtus de leurs robes, *the Magistrates in their formalities.* * † Un gueux revêtu, *an upstart fellow.*

Rêveur, euse, *adj.* *Thoughtful, full of thoughts, pensive, melancholy.*

Rêveur, euse, *f. f.* *A thoughtful or dreaming man or woman.* ♦ Un rêveur, (qui dit des extravagances,) *a dotard, a doting fool.*

Revirement, *f. m.* (terme de mer.) *Tacking about.*

Revirer de bord, *v. a.* *To tack about, to put about again.*

Révision, *f. f.* *A revising, reviewing or review, a looking over again.* Faire révision, *to revise or review.*

Revisité, ée, *adj.* *Revisited, visited again.*

Revisiter, *v. a.* *To revisit, to visit again.*

416 REV

Revivifier, *v. a.* To revive, to put life again into.
 Revivre, *v. n.* To revive or come to life again; * to live again. ♦ Faire revivre, (ressusciter,) to bring to life again.
 Réuni, ie, *adj.* Re-united, &c. *V.* the verb.
 Réunion, *f. f.* Reunion, re-uniting, re-annexing.
 Réunir, *v. a.* To re-unite, to join together again, to re-annex; ♦ to unite or annex. * (Réconcilier,) to re-unite or reconcile.
 Révocable, *adj.* Revocable, reversible, which may be revoked or recalled, &c.
 Révocation, *f. f.* A revoking, revocation or repealing.
 Revoir, *v. a.* To see again; ♦ to wait upon one again.
 Revoir, *f. m.* Ex. Adieu jusqu'au revoir, adieu, 'till our next meeting.
 Revoler, *v. a.* To fly again.
 Revolin, *subst. m.* A gust of wind.
 Révolte, *f. f.* Revolt, rebellion, rising, insurrection.
 Révolté, ée, *adj.* Revolted, rebelled. Les révoltés, the rebels.
 Révolter, *v. a.* To cause to rebel or revolt, to turn or stir up against, to raise a rebellion.
 Se révolter, *v. r.* To revolt, rebel or rise against, to mutiny.
 Révolu, ue, *adj.* Come about, revolved: ce dernier est poétique. Après l'année révolue, after the year was come about.
 Révolution, *f. f.* Revolution.
 Revomir, *v. a.* To vomit, cast or spue up again.
 Révoqué, ée, *adj.* Revoked, recalled, repealed.
 Révoquer, *v. a.* To revoke, recall, repeal, reverse or make void. ♦ Révoquer en doute, to call in or into question, to question. ♦ Révoquer un Commis, to turn away a Commissioner.
 Réussir, *v. n.* To succeed, to thrive or prosper, to come to a good issue, to have a good success.

RIB

Réussite, *f. f.* Success, good success or issue.
 Revu, ue, *adj.* (from revoir.) Revised, &c. according to the verb.
 Revue, *f. f.* Review, diligent search. Faire la revue, passer en revue, to take a review, to review, to muster.
 Révulsion, *f. f.* Revulsion, the forcing of humours to contrary parts.
 Rez, *prép.* Ex. Rez pied ou rez terre, even or level with the ground.
 Rez-de-chaussée, *f. m.* The level ground, the superficies of the earth.
 A rez-de-chaussée, *adv.* Level with the ground.
 Rhabillage, *f. m.* Mending or old clothes mended.
 Rhabillé, ée, *adj.* New clothed, &c.
 Rhabiller, *v. a.* To new clothe; ♦ to dress again.
 Rhéteur, *f. m.* A Rhetorician, a rhetoric-master, an Orator.
 Rhétoricien, *f. m.* A Rhetorician.
 Rhétorique, *f. f.* Rhetorick, oratory.
 Rhinocéros, *f. m.* A rhinoceros.
 Rhombe, *subst. m.* Rhomb or rhumb, a geometrical figure.
 Rhomboïde, *f. m.* A rhomboid, a rhomb whereof two sides are longer than the other two.
 Rhubarbe, *f. f.* Rhubarb, a physical root.
 Rhumatisme, *f. m.* Rheumatism.
 Rhumb de vent, *f. m.* Rhomb-line.
 Rhume, *f. m.* A rheum or cold in one's head.
 Riant, ante, *adj.* Smiling, cheerful, ♦ that looks pleasant, pretty.
 Ribaud, *f. m.* A fornicator, whore-master or whore-monger.
 Ribaude, *f. fém.* A wench, a whore.
 Riblette, *f. f.* A slice or cut-lop of pork, bacon, veal, or beef broiled.
 ‡ Ribleur, *f. m.* Rambler.

RID

† Ric-à-ric, *adv.* Easily, to a farthing.
 Ricaner, *v. n.* To giggle, to sneer or saigger.
 Ricaneur, *f. m.* Ricaneuse, *f. f.* A giggler or sneerer.
 † Richard, *f. m.* A rich man.
 Riche, *adj.* Rich, wealthy, opulent. ♦ Riche en bétail, well stocked of cattle. ♦ Riche en argent, moneyed, well lined. ♦ Il a fait un riche mariage, he has married a fortune. * Riche taille, a tall, proper size. * Riche, (abondant, fertile,) rich, plentiful, copious. ♦ (De grand prix,) rich, costly, magnificent. * (Noble, relevé,) noble, lofty, sublime. Le mauvais riche, (dont l'Ecriture fait mention,) dives.
 Richeiment, *adverb.* Richly, splendidly, magnificently, nobly. ♦ Marier sa fille richement, to get one's daughter a rich husband. ♦ Elle est richement laide, she's extreme ugly.
 Richeffe, *f. f.* Riches; ♦ richness. Richeffes, (grands biens,) riches, vast or great estate. ♦ La richeffe d'une langue, the copiousness of a language.
 Ricochet, *f. m.* A duck and a drake. Faire des ricochets, to make ducks and drakes.
 Ride, *f. f.* Wrinkle. ♦ Rides, (cordes de navire,) laniards, a sort of ship-ropes.
 Ridé, ée, *adj.* (from rider.) Wrinkled, full of wrinkles, shrivelled.
 Rideau, *f. m.* A curtain.
 Ridelle, *f. f.* The rack or side of a wain.
 Rider, *v. a.* To wrinkle or make wrinkles, to shrivel. ♦ Rider une corde, (terme de mer, la roidir,) to tighten or bend a rope. * Ce qui égayoit les autres ridoit son front, that which diverted others made him frown or knit his brow. * Le moindre petit vent fait rider la face des eaux, the

RID

the least wind that blows ruffles the water.
Se rider, v. réc. (avoir des rides.) *To wrinkle, to be wrinkled or shrivelled.* (Se faire des rides,) *to bend or knit the brow, to frown, lower or pout.*
Ridicule, adj. *Ridiculous, fit to be laughed at.* *✧ Traiter quelqu'un de ridicule, to make a fool or an ass of one.*
✧ Tourner en ridicule, to turn into ridicule, to turn off with a droll.
Ridicule, f. m. *Une ridicule, f. f. A ridiculous, impertinent or foppish man or woman.* *✧ Le ridicule des gens, (leur sottise & leur impertinence,) the ridicule, foppery, foppishness or impertinence of some people.* *Tomber dans le ridicule ou se donner un ridicule, to fall into ridicule, to make one's self ridiculous.*
Ridiculement, adv. *Ridiculously, in a ridiculous manner.*
† Ridiculiser, v. a. *To make ridiculous, to turn into ridicule, to laugh at.*
Rien, f. m. *Nothing. Je ne dis rien, I say nothing.*
Riens, Ex. *Il nous fait bien prendre de la peine pour des riens, he puts us to a great deal of trouble for nothing.* *✧ Je n'en ferai rien, I shall not do it.*
Ne voulez-vous rien mander à Londres? have you any thing to send to London? Je n'ai rien vu de plus magnifique, I never saw any thing more magnificent. N'y a-t-il rien de nouveau? is there any news?
✧ Qui n'a santé, n'a rien, he that wants health wants all things, health is all in all. *✧ Un rien suffit pour le fâcher, he takes exception at the least thing in the world. En moins de rien, in the twinkling of an eye.*
✧ Comme si de rien n'étoit, without taking the least notice. Je ne pense à rien moins qu'à vous choquer, I have not the least thought to offend you. Ce n'est rien
Tous I.

RIP

moins que cela, 'tis quite another thing; there's nothing in it, far from it.
Rieur, f. m. *Rieuse, f. f. Laughter, a laughing man or woman, one that is apt to laugh at any thing, that will laugh at a feather.*
✧ Rieur, (qui raille,) a laugher or jeerer, a jeering man or woman, a banterer.
Rigide, adj. *Rigid, strict, severe, rigorous, stern.*
Rigide, adv. *Rigidly, strictly, severely, rigorously.*
Rigidité, f. f. *Rigidity, strictness, severity, stiffness.*
Rigole, f. f. *A trench, gutter, ditch or furrow to convey water.*
✧ rigoureusement, adv. Rigorously, severely, hardly, sternly.
Rigoureux, euse, adj. *Rigorous, severe, hard, stern, cruel.* *✧ Hiver rigoureux, a sharp or cruel winter.*
Rigueur, f. f. *Rigour, severity, hardness, cruelty.* *✧ La rigueur de l'hiver, the sharpness of winter. Traiter quelqu'un avec rigueur ou à la rigueur, to be severe upon one, to use him severely.* *✧ A la rigueur, à la dernière rigueur, à toute rigueur, rigorously, strictly.*
† Rimailleur, v. n. *To rhyme, to make sorry verses, to poetize.*
† Rimailleur, f. m. *A sorry rhymist, a Poetaster.*
Rime, f. f. *Rhyme.* *✧ Rimes, (vers ou poésie,) verses.*
Rimé, ée, adj. *Rhymed.*
Rimer, v. neut. *To rhyme or jingle; ✧ to rhyme or make verses.*
Rimer, v. a. *To rhyme or put in metre.*
Rimeur, f. m. *A rhymist.*
Rincé, ée, adj. *Rinsed, &c.*
Rincer, v. a. *To rinse or wash.*
Rincure, f. f. *Water made use of for rinsing.*
Ringrave, f. f. *A kind of breeches.*
† Rioter, v. n. *To laugh.*
† Ripaille, f. f. *Ex. Faire ripaille, to junket, scarf or banquet.*

RIR 417.

† Ripopé, f. m. *A mixture of the bottoms of several bottles of wine, the drippings of casks.*
Riposte, f. f. *A parée and thrust, in the art of fencing.*
** (Repartie prompté,) a quick repartee.*
Riposter, v. n. *To parée and thrust at the same time; ✧ to make a quick and smart repartee; to reply or rejoine.*
Rire, v. n. *To laugh.* ** Crever de rire, to burst, to split one's sides with laughing. Eclater de rire, to break out into laughter.*
Rire, (se réjouir,) to laugh, to be merry. *✧ Avoit le mot pour rire, to be facetious, jocular or full of jokes, to be merry.* *✧ Rire, (badiner, n'agir pas sérieusement,) to laugh or be in jest. Je le disois pour rire, I spoke it in jest.* *✧ Faire rire, donner sujet de rire, to make sport, to give occasion to laugh.* *✧ Apprêter a rire à la compagnie, to make one's self a laughing-stock, to make one's self ridiculous.* *✧ Rire de quelque chose, to laugh at a thing, not to care for it.* *✧ Rire au nez de quelqu'un, to laugh at one.* *✧ On verra bientôt rire, we shall have a fine sport presently.* *P. Marchand qui perd ne peut rire, P. let him laugh that wins.* *✧ Si vous m'échauffez la tête, je vous ferai rire d'une autre sorte, if you anger me, I'll make you sing to another tune or I'll ratle you to some tune.* ** Rire, (plaire aux yeux,) to smile, to look pleasant.*
Tout rit dans la campagne, every thing smiles in the country. ** La fortune lui rit, fortune smiles upon him, every thing prospers with him.* *✧ Tout rit dans cet appartement, (tout y est beau & agréable,) every thing is wonderful fine in this apartment.* *✧ La rose rit au soleil, the rose spreads itself to the sun.*
P. d

418 RIR

Se rire, *v. r.* (se moquer) de quelqu'un, *to laugh at one, to make sport with him.* On s'en est bien ri, *he was much laughed at.* Je me ris de vos menaces, *I laugh at your threatenings.*

Rire ou Ris, *f. m.* Laughter, laughing, smile. ♦ Ris d'une voile, reef of a sail.

Ris de veau, *f. m.* Sweet-bread, the sweet-bread of a breast of veal.

Risdale, *subst. f.* Dollar, rix-dollar.

Risée, *f. fém.* Laughter. ♦ (Moquerie,) laughing at, derision or mocking. ♦ (Jouet,) laughing-stock. ♦ (Terme de mer,) gulf or squall.

Risible, *adj.* Risible, capable of laughing; ♦ comical, pleasant, merry; ♦ ridiculous.

Risque, *f. m. & f.* Risk, hazard, venture, peril, danger.

Risqué, *ée, adj.* Ventured, hazarded, exposed.

Risquer, *v. a.* To venture, hazard or expose, to bring into danger, to run the risk or hazard. Risquer le tout pour le tout, *to run all hazards, to lay all at stake.*

Risser, *v. a.* (terme de mer.) To lash or seize any thing.

Risser la chaloupe, *to frap the boat.*

Rissés de chaloupe, *f. f. pl.* Gripes.

Rissolé, *f. f.* A sort of minced pye.

Rissolé, *ée, adjest.* Fried or roasted brown or crisp. * † Vieille rissolée, an old, shrivelled, wainscot-face.

Rissoler, *v. a.* To fry or to roast brown.

Se rissoler, *v. r.* To fry or roast brown or crisp.

Rit ou Rite, *f. m.* Rite or Church-ceremony.

Ritournelle, *f. f.* Flourish.

Rituel, *f. m.* A ritual.

Rivage, *f. m.* Bank, shore, water-side. ♦ Rivage haut ou élevé, a strand. ♦ Droit de rivage, shoreage.

Rival, *f. m.* Rivale, *f. f.* A rival.

ROD

Rivalité, *f. f.* Rivality, rivalry, competition.

Rive, *f. f.* Bank, shore-side, water-side. * Il n'y a ni fond ni rive, *'tis above any man's reach.*

Rivé, *ée, adj.* Riveted, clinched.

River, *v. a.* To rivet or clinch. * † River le clou à quelqu'un, *to fit one, to pay him off.*

Riverain, *f. m.* One that inhabits on the bank of a river or the borders of a forest or wood.

Rivet, *f. m.* A rivet.

Rivière, *f. f.* A river. ♦ Gens de rivière, water-men. Oiseau de rivière, a water-fowl. P. Porter de l'eau à la rivière, P. to carry coals to Newcastle.

Riz, *f. m.* (sorte de grain.) Rice, a sort of grain.

Rizière, *f. f.* (campagne semée de riz.) A field of rice.

Robe, *f. f.* A gown. Gens de robe, gown-men. ♦ Robe, (ou habit de certains religieux,) a religious habit.

Robin, *subst. m.* (homme de robe.) A limb of the law, a counsellor.

Robinet, *f. m.* A cock.

Robuste, *adj.* Robust, strong, strong-limbed, lusty; ♦ hardy.

Roc, *f. m.* Rock; ♦ a rock at chefs.

Rocaille, *f. f.* Little stones, pebbles or shells for a grotto.

Rocailleur, *f. m.* A grotto-maker.

Rocamboles, *f. f.* A sort of shalot or garlick.

Roche, *f. f.* (ou roc.) Rock. * Un cœur de roche, a heart of flint, a hard-hearted man or woman.

Rocher, *f. m.* A rock. * Pour n'aimer pas de si beaux yeux, il faut être un rocher, *one must be made of flint not to love such fair eyes.* * Parler aux rochers, *to preach to a desert.*

Rochet, *subst. m.* Rochet, a Church-vestment.

Rôder, *v. n.* To roam, rove, range or ramble; to go up and down.

ROI

Rôdeur, *f. m.* A roamer or rambler, a rambling-man.

Rodomont, *f. m.* A bully, a huffing blade, huff, a braggadocio, a vapouring heitor.

Faire le rodomont, trancher du rodomont, *to rodomontado, to swagger, to heitor it, to huff or vapour.*

Rodomontade, *f. f.* Rodomontado or vain-glorious bravado, vapouring.

Rogations, *f. f. pl.* Rogation-week, gang-week or grass-week before whitsunday.

† Rogaton, *f. m.* Waste-paper; ♦ scraps.

Rogne, *subst. f.* The scab or scurf.

Rogné, *ée, adj.* Cut, pared, clipped.

Rogner, *v. a.* To cut, pare or clip, to shred. * † Rogner les ongles à quelqu'un, *to clip one's wings.* * Il est le maître, il rogne, il taille, *he is the master, he does what he lists.*

Rogneur, *subst. m.* Rogneuse, *f. f.* A clipper.

Rogneux, *euse, adj.* Scabbed, scurvy.

Rognon, *subst. m.* Kidney. † Mettre les mains sur les rognons, (ou sur les hanches,) *to put one's arms a-kimbo.* ♦ Rognon, (testicule de certains animaux,) testicle or stone.

† Rognoner, *v. n.* To growl, to grumble.

Rognure, *f. f.* Shreds, parings, clippings.

† Rogue, *adj.* Surly, haughty, proud.

Roi, *f. m.* A King. ♦ Vous êtes le roi des hommes, *you are a brave man.* Roi d'armes, (premier Héraut,) king at arms. ♦ Le Roi des violons, *the head man of the King's musick.* ♦ Le Roi du bal, *the leader of the ball.* ♦ Le Roi de la Basoche, *the master of misrule or the head clerk of Paris.* ♦ Le Roi des Ribauds, *an officer which in old times looked to the vagabonds and idle persons that haunted the court.* ♦ Le jour ou la fête des Rois, (l'Epiphanie,)

ROI

the Twelfth-day or Epiphany.
 Faire les Rois, *to shufe King and Queen.* ♦ Aune de roi, *an ell. Pied de roi, the twelve-inch foot.*
 Roial, *V. Royal, and its derivatives accordingly.*
 Roide, *adj. Stiff.* J'ai les jambes roides, *my legs are stiff.* ♦ Le cours de cette riviere est roide, *(ou rapide,) that river has a rapid or violent stream.* ♦ Un vol roide, *a swift flight.* ♦ Une montagne roide, *a steep hill.*
 * Roide, *(opiniâtre, dur,) stiff, inflexible, opiniative, obstinate, hard.* * Se tenir roide, *to be stiff or obstinate.* Il tomba roide mort, *he fell stone-dead.*
 Roide, *adv. Ex.* Aussi roide qu'un trait d'arbalète, *as swift as an arrow.*
 Roideur, *f. f. Stiffness; ♦ rapidity, ♦ swiftness, ♦ violence; ♦ steepness.* * (Fermeté excecive,) *stiffness; obstinacy.*
 Roidir, *v. a. To stiffen or make stiff; ♦ to stretch out.*
 Roidir, *v. n. To be stiff.*
 * Se roidir, *v. r. (ne vouloir point se relâcher.) To be stiff, to resist or withstand, to bear up against, to be obstinately bent.*
 Roitelet, *f. m. (petit Roi.) A petty King.* ♦ (Petit oiseau,) *a wren.*
 Rôle, *subst. m. (liste.) Roll, scroll, list or catalogue.* ♦ Rôle, *(registre,) a roll or a register.* ♦ Rôle, *(seuillet d'écriture,) a leaf of writing.* Faire des rôles d'écriture, *to write whole sheets of law business.* ♦ A tour de rôle, *in course, one after another.* ♦ Rôle, *(dans une piece de théâtre,) a part or cue in a play.* * Jouer bien son rôle, *to play well one's part.* ♦ Rôle de quart, *watch-bill.* Rôle de combat, *quarter-bill.*
 Rôlet, *f. m.* * † Jouer bien son rôlet, *to play one's part well.* * † Je suis au bout de mon rôlet, *I know not what to say next.*
 Romain, *aïne, adj. Roman.*

RON

Romain, *f. m. Roman, a sort of printing letter.*
 Romaine, *f. f. A steel-yard.*
 Roman, *f. m. A romance.*
 Romance, *f. f. Romance.*
 Romancier, *f. m. A writer of romances.*
 Romanesque, *adj. Romantick.*
 Romarin, *f. m. Rosemary.*
 † Rominagrobis, *f. m. A grave piece of formality.*
 Rompement, *f. m. Ex.* Rompement de tête, *a troublesome noise; ♦ a vexatious business or vexation of spirit.*
 Rompre, *v. a. To break.* * Se rompre la tête a quelque chose, *to beat one's brains about a thing.* ♦ Rompre, *(détourner,) to break, to keep off, to turn off, to divert.* * (Faire cesser,) *to break off.* * Rompre (con-gédier) une armée, *to break or disband an army.*
 Rompre l'assemblée, *to break up an assembly.* ♦ Rompre le dé, *to bar the dice.* * Rompre, *(styler, dresser, accoutumer,) to use, bring, train up or exercise.* * Rompre le silence, *to break silence, to begin to speak.* ♦ Rompre (gâter) les chemins, *to make the ways deep.* * Rompre (enfoncer) un bataillon, *to break through, to rout, to put to the rout.* * Rompre en visière a quelqu'un, *to out-face one.* ♦ Rompre la ligne, *(terme de Tactique navale,) to break the line of battle.*
 Rompre, *v. n. ou se rompre, v. r. To break, to break off.*
 Se rompre une jambe ou un bras, *to break one of one's legs or arms.* † A tout rompre, *adv. at the most, 'tis the outside.*
 Rompu, *ue, adjec. Broke or broken.* ♦ Chemin rompu, *a deep way.* * Rompu de travail, *mightily wearied or tired.*
 Ronce, *f. f. Bramble, briar.*
 Rond, *onde, adj. Round, circular.* * Il est tout rond ou rond comme une boule, *he is as thick as long, he is a very punch.* * Il est rond &

RON 419

franc, *he is a plain downright man.* ♦ Du fil rond, *(ou un peu gros,) coarse thread.* ♦ Compte rond, *an even account or even money.*
 Rond, *f. m. A round, a circle, a ring; ♦ compass.*
 En rond, *adverb. Round. Ex.* Tourner eh rond, *to turn round or in a round.*
 Rondache, *f. f. A shield or buckler.*
 Ronde, *subst. f. (terme de guerre.) Round. Faire la ronde, to go the rounds; * to walk the rounds.*
 A la ronde, *adv. Round about.* Dix milles à la ronde, *ten miles round or round about.* Dix milles à la ronde, *ten miles round or round about.* Boire a la ronde, *to drink round.*
 Rondeau, *f. m. A rondeau, roundel; ♦ a pasty-peel.*
 † Rondelet, *ette, adj. Plum-pish.*
 Rondelle, *f. f. A little shield.*
 Rondement, *adv. Roundly, sincerely, plainly, frankly; ♦ even.*
 Rondeur, *f. f. Roundness, rotundity.*
 Rondin, *f. m. A billet; ♦ cudgel.*
 Ronflement, *f. m. A snoring or snore; ♦ rumbling.*
 Ronfler, *v. n. To snore or snore.* * — (Se dit du bruit des canons, des vents,) *to rumble.* ♦ — (En parlant des chevaux,) *to snore, as horses do.*
 Ronfleur, *f. m. Ronfleur, f. f. Snorer, a snoring man or woman.*
 Rongé, *ée, adj. Gnawn, &c.*
 V. Ronger.
 Ronger, *v. a. To gnaw, to nibble or pick.* * † Donner un os à ronger a quelqu'un, *to give or throw one a bone to pick.* ♦ Ronger, *to eat or eat up.* ♦ Ronger ses ongles, *to bite one's nails.* ♦ Cheval qui ronge son frein, *a horse that champs the bit.* * Ronger son frein, *to fret inwardly.* Se ronger le cœur ou l'esprit, *to fret one's self.* * La tristesse ronge l'esprit,
 D d ij

griefs gnaws, vexes or tortments the mind.
 Rongeur, *adj. Ex.* Le ver rongeur, *the never-dying worm.*
 Roquer, *v. n.* To castle, at chess.
 Roquet, *f. m.* A cur-dog, shock.
 Roquette, *f. f.* Roches, a sort of herb.
 Roquille, *f. f.* A jill.
 Rofaire, *f. m.* Rosary or great beads.
 Rosat, *adj.* Of roses. Huile rosat, oil of roses. ♦ Miel rosat, *mel rosatum.* Onguent rosat, *unguentum rosatum.*
 Rose, *f. f.* A rose. ♦ Rose d'Inde, *Indian rose* or *French marigold.* * Découvrir le pot aux roses, *to discover*; * *to smoke or find out an intrigue.* ♦ Rose des vents, *the card or face of a sea-compass.*
 Rosé, *adj. m. Ex.* Vin rosé, *wine of a lively red.*
 Roseau, *f. m.* Reed. ♦ Roseau aromatique, *sweet calamus.*
 Rosée, *f. f.* Dew.
 Rosette, *f. f.* A rose; ♦ *red ink*; ♦ *red brags*, *molten copper*; ♦ *a nail such as the trunk-makers set off their trunks with.*
 Rosier, *f. m.* A rose-bush.
 Rosse, *f. f.* A jade; ♦ *a roach.*
 Rossé, *éc, adj.* Banged, belaboured, mauled.
 Rossier, *v. a.* To bang, maul or belabour.
 Rossignol, *f. m.* A nightingale. † Rossignol d'Arcadie, *(un âne,)* *an ass.* ♦ Rossignol, *(pour ouvrir les portes,)* *a pick-lock.*
 Rossolis, *f. m.* Rosa-folis.
 Rot, *f. m.* A belch or breaking wind upward.
 Rôt, *f. m.* Roast meat.
 Roter, *v. n.* (faire un rot.) *to belch, to break wind upward.*
 Rôti, *ie, adj.* Roasted, roast.
 Rôti, *f. m.* Roast-meat.
 Rôtie, *f. f.* A roast.
 Rôtir, *v. a.* To roast. ♦ Rôtir sur le gril, *to broil.*
 Rôtir, *v. n.* se rôtir, *v. réc.* To roast or be roasting.
 Rôtir, *v. a.* (en parlant de

l'effet du soleil.) *To burn, to parch or parch up.*
 Rôtir, *v. n.* se rôtir, *v. réc.* To be parched.
 Rôtisserie, *f. f.* A cook's shop.
 Aller à la rôtisserie, *to go to the cook's.*
 Rôtisseur, *f. m.* Rôtisseuse, *f. f.* A cook, one that keeps a cook's shop.
 Rotonde, *f. f.* A kind of starched band which was formerly worn.
 Rotule, *f. f.* (terme d'Anatomie.) *The ball or whirlbone of the knee.*
 Roture, *f. f.* Soccage or villenage, *mean tenure.* ♦ Gens de roture, *ignoble persons, plebeians.*
 Roturier, *ere, adj.* (en parlant d'un bien.) *Held by soccage.* ♦ Droits roturiers, *mean or inferior services.* ♦ Roturier, *(en parlant des personnes,)* *ignoble, meanly extracted, that is no gentleman born; plebeian.*
 Roturier, *f. m.* une roturiere, *f. f.* A plebeian.
 Roturièrement, *adverb.* Terre possédée roturièrement, *land held by soccage or villenage.* ♦ Roturièrement, *(en roturier,)* *ignobly, meanly.*
 Rouage, *f. m.* Wheel-work.
 Rouan, *adj.* Roan. *Ex.* cheval rouan, *a roan horse.*
 Rouanne, *f. f.* A mark to mark wine-vessels.
 Rouanné, *éc, adj.* Marks.
 Rouanner, *v. a.* (marquer avec la rouanne.) *To mark.*
 Rouant, *adj. m. Ex.* Paon rouant, *a peacock in his pride.*
 Roue, *f. f.* A wheel. La roue de la fortune, *the wheel of fortune.* * Le paon fait la roue, *the peacock is in his pride or spreads his tail.* * Pouffer à la roue, *to help on, to forward, to promote.* ♦ Roue de gouvernail, *wheel of the helm or steering wheel.*
 Roué, *éc, adj.* Broke upon the wheel. * Roué de coups, *soundly banged or beaten*, *mauled.* * Roué de fatigue, *bruised.*

Rouelle, *f. f.* A lice.
 Rouer, *v. a.* To break upon the wheel. * Rouer de coups, *to beat or bang soundly*, *to thresh or maul.* ♦ Rouer un cable, *to coil a cable.*
 Rouet, *f. m.* A spinning-wheel. ♦ — de moulin, *the cog-wheel of a mill.* ♦ — de tisserand, *a weaver's cloth-beam.* — d'arquebuse, *the lock of an arquebuse.*
 Rouge, *adj.éc.* Red. Devenir rouge, *to blush, to be put to the blush.*
 Rouge, *f. m.* Red or red colour. ♦ Elle a un peu de rouge aux joues, *she has a colour in her cheeks.* ♦ Le rouge lui monte au visage, *his colour rises, he colours or blushes.* ♦ Rouge, *(oiseau,)* *ruddock.*
 Rougeâtre, *adj.* Reddish, somewhat red.
 Rougeaud, *eaude, f.* A red face, a red faced or rudely complexioned man or woman.
 Rouge-gorge, *f. m.* Robin-red breast.
 Rougeole, *f. f.* The measles.
 Rouge-queue, *f. m.* Redtail, little singing bird.
 Rouget, *subst. m.* A roach or rocket.
 Rougeur, *f. f.* Redness; ♦ *a pimple or red pimple*; ♦ *a blush-colour.*
 Rougi, *ie, adj.* Made red, &c.
 Rougir, *v. a.* To redder, to make red. ♦ Rougir l'eau, *to colour water.*
 Rougir, *v. n.* To redder, to grow red; * *to blush or colour, to be ashamed.*
 Roui, *ie, adj.* (from rouir.) Steeped, watered.
 Rouille, *f. f.* Rust.
 Rouillé, *éc, adj.* Rusty.
 Rouiller, *v. a.* To make rusty.
 Se rouiller, *v. r.* To grow rusty. * L'esprit se rouille à la campagne, * *wit grows rusty in the country.*
 Rouir, *v. a.éc.* Ex. Rouir le chanvre, *to steep or water hemp.*
 Roulade, *f. f.* A trill, trilling or quaver.
 Roulant, *ante, adj. Ex.* Carrosse bien roulant, *an easy coach.* ♦ Chemin roulant,

ROU

an easy way. ♦ Chaise roulante, *a calash.*
 Roulé, ée, *adj. (from rouler.) Rolled or rolled up, &c. V. the verb.*
 Rouleau, *f. m. A roll; ♦ a rolling-pin; ♦ a roller.*
 Roulement, *f. m. A rolling.* ♦ (En musique,) *a trill.*
 Rouler, *v. a. To roll.* * Se rouler sur l'argent, *to swim in money.* ♦ Rouler, (plier en rond,) *to roll or roll up.* * Rouler (repasser) dans son esprit, *to revolve something in one's mind.* ♦ Rouler ses eaux, *to run.*
 Rouler, *v. n. To roll; ♦ to run.* Faire rouler la presse, *to print.* † L'argent roule, *money stirs or is stirring.* * Mille pensées lui roulent dans l'esprit, *a thousand thoughts run in his mind.* * Rouler, (errer,) *to ramble, range, roam or rove, to go up and down.* ♦ Rouler, (terme de mer,) *to roll, labour, feel, tumble or be unsteady, as a ship does at sea.*
 Roulette, *f. f. A little wheel; ♦ a bookbinder's roll; ♦ a truckle-bed or trundle-bed.*
 Rouleur, *f. m. vaisseau rouleur, a ship which rolls much at sea.*
 Roulier, *f. m. A carrier, a warrgoner.*
 Roulis, *f. m. (terme de mer.) The rolling or labouring of a ship.*
 Roupie, *f. f. Snivel.* ♦ Il a toujours la roupie au nez, *his nose drops perpetually.*
 † Roupieux, *f. m. Roupieuse, f. f. A snivelling man or woman.*
 Roupiller, *v. n. To doze.*
 Roussâtre, *adj. (qui tire sur le roux.) Ruddy, reddish, between red and yellow.*
 Rouffe, *'tis the feminine of Roux.*
 Rouffeau, *f. m. A red-haired man.*
 Rouffelet, *subst. m. Rufflet, a kind of delicate small pear.*
 Rouffeur, *subst. f. Redness.* ♦ Rouffeurs, (ou taches

ROY

de rouffeur qui viennent au visage, &c.) *freckles.*
 Rouffi, *f. m. Russia leather.*
 Rouffi, ie, *adj. Reddened, &c. V. Rouffir.* Cela sent le rouffi, *that has a burnt smell.*
 Rouffin, *f. m. A strong horse, a horse fit for war-service.*
 Rouffir, *v. a. To redden, to make look red or yellow.*
 Rouffir, *v. n. To grow red.* ♦ Faire rouffir du beurre, *to fry butter till it look yellow.*
 Rouffter ou Rosturer, *v. act.* un mât, *to wood a mast.*
 Route, *f. f. A riding or lane through a forest; ♦ road, way; ♦ way or course of a ship.* * (Moyen,) *way, means.* ♦ Route de gens de guerre, *the rout of soldiers in their march.* ♦ Route estimée, *dead reckoning.*
 † A vau de route, *adv. Ex. S'enfuit à vau de route, to run away in disorder or confusion.*
 Routier, *subst. m. Ruttier, a Directory for the course a ship is to take.* * † C'est un vieux routier, *he is an old dog at it.*
 Routine, *f. f. Rote.*
 Rouvrir, *v. a. To open again.* * Rouvrir une plaie, *to renew a wound.*
 Se rouvrir, *v. réc. To open again.*
 Roux, rouffe, *adj. Red or ruddy; ♦ red-haired.* ♦ Papier roux, *brown paper.* ♦ Beurre roux, *brown butter.*
 Roux, *f. m. Red.*
 Roy, *V. Roi.*
 Royal, *ale, adj. Royal, regal, princely; ♦ noble, magnificent.* ♦ Sucre royal, *double-refined sugar.*
 Royalement, *adv. Royally, Prince-like, nobly.* Il nous a traités royalement, *he has given us a princely entertainment.*
 Royaliste, *f. m. A royalist.* Les Royalistes en Angleterre, *the Tories, Royalists or Cavaliers.*
 Royaume, *f. m. Kingdom, Realm.*

RUD 421

Royauté, *subst. f. Royalty, dignity, crown.* Les marques de la royauté, *the regalia.* ♦ Les François aiment la royauté, *the French love monarchy.*
 Rozat, *V. Rosat.*
 Ruade, *f. f. A horse's kicking, winning, yerking, slinging, or slinging out with his heels.* Détacher ou faire une ruade, *to sling, to kick up one's heels.*
 Ruban, *f. m. Ribbon.*
 Rubanier, *f. m. A ribbon-weaver.*
 Rubarbe, *V. Rhubarbe.*
 Rubican, *adj. m. Ex. Cheval rubican, a rubican horse, a true mixt roan horse.*
 Rubicond, *onde, adj. Rud-dy, red.*
 Rubis, *f. m. A ruby; † a red pimple.* * † Faire rubis sur l'ongle, *to drink supernaculum.*
 Rubrique, *f. f. Rubrick or titles of Law-books; ♦ rubrick or title-rule.* * † Il sait des rubriques que vous ne savez pas, *he knows more tricks than you.*
 Ruche, *f. f. (ruche à miel.) Hive, a bee-hive.*
 Rude, *adj. (raboteux.) Rough, harsh, rugged or uneven.* ♦ (Après au goût,) *harsh, crabbed, sharp.* ♦ (en parlant du froid, &c.) *sharp, bitter, violent, nipping, severe.* * (Fatigant,) *troublesome, uneasy, hard.* Cheval rude, *a horse that does not ride easy.* Des yeux rudes, *wild eyes, a wild look.* * Visage rude, *a coarse face.* * Rude à l'oreille, *harsh, that grates the ears.*
 Rudement, *adv. Roughly, severely, sharply, harshly, rigorously, cuttingly.* ♦ Aller rudement en besogne, *to work hard.*
 Rudeffe, *f. f. Harshness, ruggedness.* * Rudeffe d'humeur, *roughness, harshness, crossness, ill-nature.* * Rudeffe de style, *harshness, ruggedness of style.* * Rudeffe (traitement rude,) *severity, harsh, rough, hard or severe usage.*

422 R U D

Rudiments, *f. m. pl.* Rudiments, elements, principles.

* Rudiment, (*livre qui contient les principes du latin*), *a book of accidence.*

Rudové, *éc. adj.* Roughly used.

Rudoyer, *verb. aâ.* To use roughly.

Rue, *f. f.* Rue, an herb.

♦ Rue, (*chêmin*), *street or lane.* (*Une nouvelle qui court les rues*), *a news that flies about, a common report, a thing known by every body.*

* Courir les rues, (*être fou*), *to run distracted.* * Il est fou à courir les rues, *he is ready to run distracted, he is stark mad.*

Rué, *éc. adj.* Flung, &c.

Voy. Ruer. * † Les plus grands coups sont rués, *the worst is past.*

Ruelle, *f. f.* A narrow street or narrow lane; *a court;*

♦ *the bed-fide.* Mot de ruelle, (*ou de conversation galante*), *a word affixed amongst ladies in their private conversation.*

Ruer, *v. a.* To fling. Ruer des pierres, *to fling stones.*

Ruer, *v. n.* To fling, to kick up one's heels, to wince or jerk.

Se ruer sur, *v. r.* To rush or to fall upon.

† Rufen, *f. m.* A lecher or whore-master.

Rugine, *f. f.* A steel instrument wherewith bones are scraped.

Ruginé, *éc. adj.* Cleansed.

Ruginer, *v. aâ.* To scrape, to scale.

Rugir, *v. n.* To roar like a lion.

Rugissant, *ante, adj.* Roaring.

Ex. Un lion rugissant, *a roaring lion.*

Rugissement, *f. m.* A roaring.

Ruine, *subst. f.* Ruin, fall, decay. Ce bâtiment menace ruine, *that building is ready to fall.* * Ruine, (*perte du bien, de l'honneur*), *ruin, loss, undoing, overthrow.*

Ruiné, *éc. adj.* Ruined, &c.

V. Ruiner. ♦ Ruiné, (*qui*

R U S

est en ruine,) *ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall.*

Ruiner, *v. aâ.* To ruin or destroy, to pull down, to bring to decay; * *to ruin or undo; * to spoil, to lay waste.* * Ruiner la santé, *to impair the health.* * Ruiner un dessein, *to baffle or disappoint a design.* ♦ Ruiner un cheval, *to spoil a horse.*

Se ruiner, *v. r.* To decay or fall to decay.

Ruineux, *euse, adj.* Ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall; * *harmful, hurtful, prejudicial, destructive.*

Ruisseau, *subst. m.* Brook, stream, rivulet; ♦ *a street-kennel; * flood, river, stream.* Verser des ruisseaux de larmes, *to shed a flood of tears.*

Ruisselant, *ante, adj.* Gushing or running out.

Ruisseler, *v. n.* To gush or run out.

Rum, *f. m.* Any room made or contrived in the hold of a ship to put in the landing.

Rumb, *f. m.* Rumb de vent, a rumb or point of the compass.

Rumeur, *f. f.* A rumour, an uproar.

Ruminant, *ante, adj.* Ruminating, chewing the cud, that chews the cud.

Ruminé, *éc. adj.* Chewed again, &c.

Ruminer, *v. a.* To chew the cud or to ruminate. * Ruminer quelque chose, (*y penser & repenser*), *to ruminate a thing, to chew the cud upon it, to ponder it, to consider of it.*

Rupture, *f. f.* A rupture, a breaking, rent. * (*Division*), *rupture, breach of a treaty or friendship, falling out.* ♦ Rupture, (*descente de boyau*), *rupture or burstness.*

Rural, *ale, adj.* Rural. Doyen rural, *a rural Dean.*

Ruse, *f. f.* Trick, cunning, slight, wile, craftiness, devices, subtilty. ♦ Ruses des

S A B

bêtes qu'on chasse, *doublets, shifts or changes.*

Rufé, *éc. adj.* Curmag, sly, crafty, subtle, sharp.

Rufé; *f. m.* A cunning or sly man, a sharp blade.

Rufée, *f. f.* A cunning, crafty, sly woman.

Ruser, *v. n.* (*en parlant des bêtes que l'on chasse*), *To double or shift, to use shifts or doublets.* * Ruser, (*en parlant des personnes*), *to shift, double or dodge.*

Rustaud, *aude, adj.* Clownish, boorish, rustical.

Rustaud, *f. m.* A clown, a churl, a clouterly fellow.

Rusticité, *subst. f.* Rusticity, clownishness, rudeness, clownishness.

Rustique, *adj.* (*champêtre, qui est des champs*), *Rural, of or belonging to the country.* Vie rustique, *country-life.* * Rustique, (*peu poli*), *rustick or rustical, rude, boorish, clownish, homely.*

Rustiquement, *adv.* Rustically, rudely, clownishly.

Rustre, *adj.* Rustical, rude, clownish, boorish.

Rustre, *f. m.* A clown, a clouterly fellow, a boor, a churl.

Rut, *f. m.* Rusting, the lust or copulation of deer.

S

S, *f. f.* is pronounced esse, by the French. * † Faire des esses ou des ss, *to make ss or make a figure of s, to reel or stagger like a drunken man.*

Sa, (*genre féminin du pronom possessif Son*), *His, her, its.*

Sabbat, *f. m.* Sabbath, the day of rest; * *a nocturnal meeting of witches.* * † Sabbat, (*grand bruit fait avec désordre*), *a devilish noise, caterwauling.* * † Faire un beau sabbat à quelqu'un, *to rattle one, to scold and bawl at him.*

Sabatte, *f. f.* d'une ancre. shoe of an anchor.

Sabbatine, *f. f.* A shift or

SAB

disputation upon any part of logic or moral philosophy.
 Sabbatique, *adj. Ex. Année sabbatique, the sabbatical year.*
 Sabine, *f. f. Savin or sabin-erice.*
 Sable, *f. m. Sand or gravel; an hourglass; sable or black in heraldry.*
 Sablé, *ée, adj. Gravelled.*
 Sabler, *v. a. To gravel, to cover with gravel. Sabler un verre de vin, to gulp down a glass of wine.*
 Sablier, *f. m. An hourglass.*
 Sablière, *f. f. Sand-pit, gravel-pit.*
 Sablon, *f. m. Sand, small sand.*
 Sablonné, *ée, adj. Scoured with sand.*
 Sablonner, *v. a. To scour with sand.*
 Sablonneux, *euse, adj. Sandy, full of sand.*
 Sablonnier, *f. m. A seller of sand.*
 Sablonnière, *f. f. Sand-pit, gravel-pit.*
 Sabord, *f. m. A port-hole in a ship for ordnance.*
 Sabot, *f. m. A wooden shoe; a horse's hoof; a top to whip about.*
 Saboter, *v. n. To whip a top.*
 Sabotier, *f. m. A wooden shoe-maker.*
 Saboulé, *ée, adj. Tossed, tumbled, &c.*
 † Sabouler, *v. a. To toss or tumble, to touce, to pull about.*
 Sabre, *f. m. A sabre, a hanger, cymetar or cutlafs.*
 Sabrer, *v. a. To cut with a sabre.*
 Sac, *subst. m. Sack or bag. * † Un sac à vin, a drunkard, a wine-bibber, one that has a good stowage of wine. * † Un homme de sac & de corde, a rogue, a bully, a villain, a rascal. Cul-de-sac, a street, lane or court that has no way out, that is no thorough-fare. * † Manger son pain dans son sac, to eat one's viçuals privately or in huggert-mugger. * † Tirer*

SAC

*d'un sac double mouture, to take double fees. * † On lui a donné son sac & ses quilles, he is turned out of his place, they have sent him packing. * † Prends ton sac & tes quilles, & sauve-toi, take thy bag and baggage, and get thee away or pack away. Sac, (pillage entier d'une ville,) sacking, ransacking or pillaging of a town.*
 Saccade, *f. f. A jerk with a bridle; * † check, reprimand, reproof, rebuke.*
 Saccagé, *ée, adj. Sacked, ransacked, pillaged, plundered, &c.*
 Saccagement, *f. m. A sacking, ransacking, pillaging or plundering.*
 Saccager, *v. a. To sack, ransack, plunder or pillage.*
 Sacerdoce, *f. m. Priesthood.*
 Sacerdotal, *ale, adj. Priestly, sacerdotal.*
 Sachant, *adj. (from the verb savoir.) Knowing.*
 Sachée, *f. f. A sack full.*
 Sachet, *f. m. A little sack, a little bag.*
 Sacramentaire, *subst. m. & f. Sacramentarian or sacramentary.*
 Sacramental, *ale, ou Sacramental, elle, adj. Sacramental.*
 Sacramentalelement ou Sacramentellement, *adv. Sacramentally.*
 Sacre, *subst. m. Coronation. Sacre d'un Evêque, the consecration of a Bishop. Sacre, (oiseau de fauconnerie,) saker, a hawk so called.*
 Sacré, *ée, adj. V. Consecré.*
 Sacré, *ée, adj. Sacred, holy, hallowed.*
 Sacrement, *f. m. A Sacrament; the consecrated Host; Matrimony.*
 Sacrer, *v. a. To consecrate. Sacrer un Roi, to crown a King.*
 Sacrificateur, *f. m. A Priest, a sacrificing Priest.*
 Sacrificature, *subst. f. Priesthood.*
 Sacrifice, *f. m. Sacrifice or offering up. Faire un sa-*

SAI 423

crifice à quelqu'un, to make one a sacrifice, to sacrifice something to him.
 Sacrifié, *ée, adj. Sacrificed, offered up in sacrifice.*
 Sacrifier, *v. a. To sacrifice, to offer up in sacrifice. Sacrifier quelque chose, (y renoncer,) to sacrifice or make a sacrifice of a thing.*
 Sacrilege, *f. m. Sacrilege, profanation; a sacrilege or Church-robbing.*
 Sacrilege, *adj. Sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege.*
 Sacrilegement, *adv. Sacrilegiously.*
 Sacristain, *f. m. A sexton or vestry-keeper, a sacrifician.*
 Sacristaine, *V. Sacristine.*
 Sacrifice, *f. f. The sacrifice or vestry.*
 Sacristine, *f. f. The vestry-nun.*
 Safran, *f. m. Saffron. Safran du gouvernail, the after-piece of the rudder.*
 Safrané, *ée, adj. Saffroned, of saffron colour.*
 Safraner, *v. a. To saffron.*
 † Safranier, *f. m. A broken merchant, a bankrupt.*
 † Safré, *adj. Greedy.*
 Sagacité, *f. f. Sagacity, quick parts, sharpness of wit.*
 Sage, *adj. (judicieux, avisé.) Sage, wise, discreet, prudent, considering. (Modéré,) sober, moderate.*
 Sage, *f. m. A sage or wise-man, a Philosopher. Les sept Sages de la Grece, the seven wise men or Sages of Greece.*
 Sage-femme, *f. f. A mid-wife.*
 Sagement, *adv. Sagely, wisely, discreetly, prudently.*
 Sagette, *f. f. Wisdom, sageness, prudence; sobriety, moderation; modesty, chastity; wisdom, the knowledge of things human and divine.*
 Sagittaire, *f. m. Sagittarius.*
 Sagouin, *f. m. A little monkey.*
 Saie, *f. f. A hard brush used by Goldsmiths.*
 Saignant, *ante, adj. Bleeding or bloody.*

424 S A I

Saigné, *éc*, *adj.* *Blooded*, *let blood*.

Saignée, *f. f.* *A letting of blood, blood-letting or breathing of a vein.* * Craindre la saignée, *to fear being let blood.* Faire plusieurs saignées dans un jour, *to let many people blood in a day.*

Saignement, *f. m.* *A bleeding.* Il lui prit un saignement de nez, *his nose fell a bleeding.*

Saigner, *v. a.* *To let blood, to bleed, to breathe or open a vein.* * Saigner un fût, *&c.* *To drain or let the water out.*

Saigner, *v. n.* *To bleed.*

* Se saigner, *v. r.* *To give to the utmost of one's ability.*

† Saigneur, *f. m.* *Bleeder.*

Saigneux, *euse*, *adj.* *Bloody.*

Saillant, *ante*, *adj.* *Jutting out, that sticks or bears out, hanging out.*

Saillie, *f. f.* *A jutting or leaning out in a building; a projecture; * sally, heat, fury, a sudden fit.*

Saillir, *v. a.* *To leap.*

Saillir, *v. n.* *To gush or spout out.* * Saillir, (terme d'Architecture,) *to bear or to jut out.*

Sain, *aine*, *adj.* *Sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful.* Mal-sain, *unhealthy.* * La saine raison, *sound reason.*

Sain-doux, *subst. m.* *Hog's grease.*

Sainement, *adv. Ex.* *Pour vivre sainement, to live sound and well.*

Sainfoin, *f. m.* *Sain-foin.*

Sains, *f. m. pl. Ex.* *Les sains n'ont pas besoin de médecine, the sound want no physick.*

Saint, *ainte*, *adj.* *Holy, sacred, blessed, godly.* * Le vendredi-saint, *good-friday.*

* La Saint-Barthélemi, *Saint-Bartholomew's day.*

* La Saint-Michel, *Michaelmas-day.* La Saint-Jean, *Midsummer-day.* La Saint-Martin, *Martinmas-day.*

* Sainte-Barbe, *gun-room.*

S A L

Saint, *f. m.* *Une Sainte, f. f. A Saint.* * Le Saint des Saints, *the Holy of Holies.*

Sainement, *adv. Ex.* *Vivre sainement, to live-holy, to lead a holy life.*

Sainteté, *f. fém.* *Holiness, sanctity, sacredness.* * Sa Sainteté, (le Pape,) *his holiness, the Pope.*

Saïque, *f. f.* *A saick, a sort of ship.*

Saïsi, *ie*, *adj.* *Seized, seized upon, taken or laid hold of.* * Saïsi de peur, *struck or possessed with fear, awed.*

Saïsie, *f. f.* *Distress, seizure, attachment.*

Saïsine, *f. f.* *Seizin, possession.* * Saïsines des harniers, (ou dégorgeoirs,) *a hand leech line for the top-sails.*

Saïtir, *v. a.* *To seize or seize upon, to take or lay hold of, to catch; * to seize, distrain or attach.* La peur les a saïsits, *fear is come upon them, they are struck with fear.*

Se saïtir, *v. r.* *To seize upon; to apprehend or arrest.*

Saïssant, *ante*, *f.* *Seizer or distrainer.*

Saïsissement ou faïssissement de cœur, *f. m.* *A sudden qualm or oppression of the heart.*

Saison, *f. f.* *Season, part of the year.* * (Temps propre,) *season, time, proper time.* Qui est de saison, *seasonable.*

Salade, *f. f.* *A sallet. * a head-piece.*

Saladier, *subst. m.* *A sallet-dish.*

Salage, *f. m.* *Salting.* * Droit de salage, *salt-duty.*

Salaire, *f. m.* *Salary, wages; * reward.*

Salaïson, *f. f.* *Salting; salt-meat or salt-fish.*

Salamandre, *f. fém.* *A salamander.*

Salant, *adj.* (from sel.) *Ex.* Un marais salant, *a salt-marsh.*

† Salarié, *v. a.* *V. Récom-penser.*

S A L

Sale, *adj.* *Foul, nasty, florently, flutish, dirty, filth.* * Actions sales, *foul, base or ungenerous actions.* * Côte sale, (ou pleine de bancs,) *a coast full of shelves.*

Salé, *éc*, *adj.* (from saler.) *Salt or salted, powdered.*

Salé, *f. m.* *Salt pork.*

Salement, *adv.* *Nastily, filthily, slovenly.*

Saler, *v. a.* *To salt, powder or season with salt.*

Salété, *f. f.* *Nastiness, filthiness, slovenliness, fixishness; * dirt, filth, nastiness.*

Sali, *ie*, *adj.* (from salir.) *Fouled, dirtied, soiled.*

Salière, *f. f.* *A salt-seller; * a salt-box; * a hollow-nest or hollow pit.*

† Saligaud, *auée*, *adj.* *Nasty, slovenly, flutish.*

Salin, *ine*, *adject.* *Saline, salinous.*

Saline, *subst. f.* *A salt fish; * salt meat; * a salt-pit; * a salt-house.*

Salique, *adj.* *Salick.* *Ex.* La loi salique, *the salick law.*

Salir, *v. a.* *To foul, soil, dirty, spot or stain.*

Se saïir, *v. récip.* *To soil, dirty or spot.*

Saïssant, *ante*, *adj.* *That fouls or dirties; * that soils or spots presently.*

† Saïsson, *f. fém.* *A young slut.*

Salissure, *f. fém.* *A spot of dirt.*

Salivation, *subst. f.* *Salivation.*

Salive, *f. f.* *Spittle.*

Salle, *f. f.* (pièce d'un appartement.) *Hall or parlour, a room.* * Salle d'armes, *a fencing-school.*

Salle à danser, *a dancing-school.*

Sallon, *subst. m.* *A beautiful hall.*

Salmigondis, *f. m.* *A hutch-potch.* *V.* Pot-pourri.

Saloir, *f. m.* *A salting or powdering tub; * a salt-tub or salt-box.*

† Salope, *adj.* (sale.) *Nasty, beastly, slovenly, flutish.*

Saloperie, *f. fém.* *Nastiness.*

S A L

filthiness, slovenliness, slovenishness.
Salpêtre, *f. m.* *Saltpetre*. * † Faire peter le salpêtre, (tirer des armes à feu,) to shoot.
Salpêtrier, *f. m.* *A saltpetre-man.*
Salpêtrière, *f. f.* *A saltpetre-house.*
Salstins, *f. m.* *Goats-beard, a kind of eatable root.*
Saltimbanque, *f. m.* *A mountebank, a quack.*
Saluade, *f. f.* *A salutation or salute, a congee, bow or reverence.*
Salvage, *subst. m.* *Salvage-money.*
Salvatelle, *f. f.* *Salvatella.*
Salvations, *f. f. pl.* *A bill, reply or pleading.*
Salubre, *adj. m.* *Wholesome, healthful.*
Salubrité, *f. fém.* *Salubrity, wholesomeness.*
Salvage, *f. m.* (ou droit de sauvement.) *Salvage.*
Salve, *f. f.* *Volley or discharge.*
Salvé, *f. masc.* *Salve Regina, a prayer to the Virgin Mary.*
Salué, *ée*, *adj.* *Saluted, &c.*
Saluer, *v. act.* *To salute; † to greet.* * On le salua Empereur, he was saluted or proclaimed Emperor. * † Saluer de onze coups de canon, to fire a salute of eleven guns.
Salure, *f. f.* *Saltness, brackishness, brine.*
Salut, *f. m.* *Salute or salutation, a saluting; * † greeting; * safety, preservation, welfare; * life; * salvation.*
Salutaire, *adj.* *Sound, wholesome, good, useful, profitable, comfortable.*
Salutairement, *adv.* *Usefully, profitably.*
Salutation, *f. f.* *Salutation; † greeting.*
Samedi, *f. m.* *Saturday.*
Sancir, *v. n.* *Vaisseau qui a sancé sous voiles, a ship which has foundered under sails.*
Sanctifiant, *ante*, *adj.* *Sanctifying.*

S A N

Sanctification, *f. f.* *Sanctification.*
Sanctifié, *ée*, *adj.* *Sanctified, hallowed.*
Sanctifier, *v. a.* *To sanctify or hallow, to make holy.*
Sanction, *f. f.* *Ex. Pragmatique Sanction, pragmatistical sanction.*
Sanctuaire, *f. m.* *Sanctuary, the holy of holies; * the chancel; * the secrets of the King's council.*
Sandale, *f. f.* *Sandal.*
Sandaraque, *f. f.* *Sandarack, red arsenick or orpin.*
Sang, *f. m.* *Blood.* * Mettre tout à feu & à sang, to destroy all with fire and sword. * Sang, (race,) blood, race, extraction, parentage. * Il a le sang chaud, he is a passionate man.
Sanglant, *ante*, *adj.* *Bloody, covered with blood.* * La plaie est encore toute sanglante, the wound bleeds still.
Sangle, *f. fém.* *A girth.* * Sangles, mats or paunches of spun-yarn.
Sanglé, *ée*, *adj.* *Girt, &c.* * *V. the verb.*
Sangler, *verb. act.* *To gird.* * † (Fouetter, battre,) to lash, whip, strike or beat.
Sanglier, *f. m.* *A wild boar.*
Sanglot, *f. m.* *Sob, sigh, groan; a sobbing, sighing or groaning.*
Sanglotter, *v. n.* *To sob, sigh or groan.*
Sanglue, *f. f.* *Leech, horse-leech; * a blood-sucker, oppressor or extortioner.*
Sanguification, *f. f.* *Sanguification.*
Sanguin, *ine*, *adj.* *Sanguine, of a sanguine constitution; * sanguine, red as blood.*
Sanguin, *f. m.* *Les sanguins sont ordinairement joyeux, those of a sanguine constitution are commonly cheerful.*
Sanguinaire, *adj. m.* *Blood-thirsty, bloody, cruel, sanguinary.*
Sanguine, *f. f.* *Red lead; * the blood-stone.*
Sanguinolent, *ente*, *adj. m.* *Bloody.*

S A P 429

Sanicle, *f. f.* *Sanicle or self-heal.*
Sanie, *f. f.* *Matter coming out of a putrefied sore.*
Sanieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Sanious, purulent.*
Sans, *prép. exclusive.* *Without.* * Sans, (à moins que, &c.) were it not, had it not been for. Sans moi, il mourroit de faim, were it not for me, he would starve. R. Les Anglois expriment souvent notre préposition sans, par leur particule *less* jointe aux noms. Ex. Il est sans argent, he is moneyless. Sans amis, friendless. * Sans y penser, unawares, unwittingly. * Sans, (oultre,) besides. Sans les autres dépenses que j'ai faites, besides the other expenses I have been at. Sans parler de ses revenus, not to speak of his revenues, or besides, over and above his revenues. Il ne fut pas longtemps sans s'en repentir, it was not long before he repented it.
Sans que, *conj.* *Without.* Vous ferez bien cela sans que j'y aille, you'll do that well enough without my going thither.
Sanfonnet, *f. m.* *Starling, a bird.*
Santé, *f. f.* (état de celui qui est sain.) *Health or good health.* Etre en mauvaise santé, to be indisposed, to be out of order, to be ill. * A votre santé ou je salue votre santé, my service to you. * La santé, (ou lieu de santé,) a pest-house. * Bureau de santé, the office for regulating the quarantine of ships.
Saoul, *V. Souil, and its derivatives accordingly.*
Sap, *subst. m.* *Fir-wood or deals.*
Sape, *f. f.* *An undermining of a wall or digging under it.*
Sapé, *ée*, *adj.* *Undermined, &c.*
Saper, *v. act.* *To sap, to undermine, dig into or cut open.*

Sapeur, *subst. m.* An under-miner.
 Saphique, *adject. Ex.* Vers saphique, a saphick verse.
 Saphir, *f. masc.* Sapphire, a saphire-stone.
 † Sapience, *f. f.* Sapience, wisdom. * † Le pays de sapience, (la Normandie,) Normandy.
 Sapin, *f. m.* A fir-tree; ♣ fir or deal.
 Saquebute, *f. f.* Sackbut, a musical instrument.
 Sarabande, *f. f.* A saraband, a dance and tune.
 Sarbacane, *f. f.* A trunk to shoot with.
 Sarcasme, *f. m.* Sarcasm, a biting, nipping, cutting, jest or taunt.
 Sarcelle, *V.* Cercelle.
 Sarcle, *ée, adj.* Weeded.
 Sarclet, *v. a.* To weed.
 Sarcleur, *f. m.* Weeder.
 Sarcloir, *f. m.* A weeding hook.
 Sarcure, *f. f.* Weedings.
 Sardine, *f. f.* A sardin or pilchard, a little sea-fish.
 Sardoine, *f. f.* The sardonix or sardine-stone.
 Sarmant, *f. m.* A vine-branch, a sprig or twig of a vine.
 Sarrafin, *f. m.* (ou blé sarrafin.) Buck-wheat.
 Sarrafine, *f. f.* A portcullis.
 Sarriette, *f. f.* Savory.
 Sas, *f. m.* Sieve, scarce.
 Sasté, *ée, adj.* Sifted, scarced.
 Sasser, *verb. act.* To sift or scarce.
 Satan, *subst. m.* Satan, the devil.
 Satellite, *f. m.* Attendant, a ruffian; ♣ satellites, little stars turning round great ones.
 Satiété, *f. f.* Satiety, fulness, surfeit.
 Satin, *f. m.* Satin. P. Doux comme du satin, P. As soft as velvet.
 Satiné, *ée, adj. Ex.* Ruban satiné, satin-ribbon.
 Satiner, *v. a.* To make satinline.
 Satire, *f. fem.* A satire or lampoon.
 Satirique, *adj.* Satirical, censorious, abusive, critical.

♣ Satirique, *Biting, nipping, cutting.*
 Satiriquement, *adv.* Satirically.
 Satirisé, *ée, adj.* Satirised, lampooned.
 Satiriser, *v. act.* To satirise or criticise upon, to lampoon.
 Satisfaction, *f. f.* Satisfaction, comfort.
 Satisfactoire, *adj.* Satisfactory.
 Satisfaire, *v. a.* To satisfy, humour, please or content; ♣ to satisfy or pay.
 Se satisfaire, *v. r.* To satisfy, please or content one's self; ♣ to make one's self satisfaction.
 Satisfaire, *v. n.* (à un devoir, à une obligation.) To discharge a duty or obligation, to acquit an obligation.
 Satisfaisant, *ante, adj.* Satisfactory, pleasing.
 Satisfait, *aite, adject.* Satisfied, contented, &c. V. the verb.
 Satrape, *f. m.* A satrap, a Governor of a Persian Province of old.
 Saturnales, *f. f. pl.* Saturnals, the feasts of Saturn.
 Saturne, *f. m.* Saturn.
 Saturnien, *ienne, adj.* Saturnine, heavy, dull.
 Satyre, *f. m.* A Satyr.
 Savamment, *adv.* Learnedly.
 Savant, *ante, adj.* Learned, good scholar, full of learning. Les savans, the learned, the scholars.
 † Savantasse, *f. m.* A pedantick scholar.
 Savate, *f. f.* An old shoe.
 Savaterie, *f. f.* A street or place wherein old shoes are sold.
 Sauce, *f. fem.* Sauce. P. Il n'est sauce que d'appétit, a good stomach is the best sauce.
 Saucé, *ée, adj. V.* the verb.
 Saucer, *v. a.* To dip in the sauce or some other liquor.
 Sauciere, *f. f.* A saucer.
 Saucisse, *f. f.* Sausage; ♣ pudding, such as they use in sieges, saucisse.

Saucisson, *f. m.* A thick and short sausage.
 Savetier, *f. m.* A cobler; ♣ a bungler, a butcher.
 † Saveter, *v. a.* To cobbler or bungler.
 Saveur, *f. f.* Savour, taste, relish.
 Sauif, *sauf, adj.* Safe.
 Sauif, *prép.* Save, under; ♣ saving, without prejudice.
 Sauif-conduit, *f. m.* Safe-conduct, pass.
 Sauge, *f. f.* Sage.
 † Saugrenu, *ue, adj.* Impertinent, foolish, filly, ridiculous.
 Saule, *f. m.* A willow-tree, a willow or willow-tree.
 Saumon, *f. m.* Salmon.
 Saumonné, *ée, adj.* (truite saumonée.) A salmon-trout.
 Saumure, *f. f.* Brine.
 Saunage, *f. m.* Salt-felling or salt-trade.
 Saunerie, *subst. fem.* A salt-house.
 Saunier, *f. m.* A salt-maker.
 Faux-saunier, *an unlicensed seller of salt.*
 Savoir, *v. a.* To know, to have knowledge of. ♣ Savoir, (être versé,) to have skill, to be skilled or to understand. ♣ Savoir vivre, to understand one's self. ♣ Il sait mieux qu'il ne dit, he knows better things, he speaks against his conscience. ♣ Je le sais de bonne part, I have it from good hands. ♣ Il dit qu'il n'en savoit rien d'assuré, he says that he had no certainty of it. ♣ Savoir, (avoir le pouvoir, l'adresse,) to know, to have the way or knack. ♣ Savoir bon gré ou favoir gré à quelqu'un, to take it well or kindly of one. ♣ Je ne saurois, (je ne puis pas,) I cannot. Il n'a su ou pu, he could not. ♣ C'est à savoir, à favoir, favoir, to wit; (& par contraction,) wit, that is, that is to say. ♣ C'est un à favoir, 'tis a question, that's the question.
 Savoir, *subst. m.* Learning,

S A V

scholarship, science, erudition.
Savoir-faire, *f. m.* Skill, industry, ingenuity, wit.
Savon, *f. m.* Soap.
Savonnage, *f. m.* Ex. Mettre le linge au savonnage, to soap the linen, and lay it a soaking. Eau de savonnage, soap-sud.
Savonné, *ée*, *adj.* Soaped, washed in soap.
Savonner, *v. a.* To soap or wash in soap.
Savonnerie, *subst. f.* A soap-house.
Savonnette, *subst. f.* Wash-ball.
Savouré, *ée*, *adj.* Savoured, tasted, relished.
Savourer, *v. a.* To savour, to taste or relish.
Savouret, *f. m.* A marrow-bone.
Spoureusement, *adv.* Savourily.
Savoureux, *euse*, *adj.* Savoury, well-tasted, well-relished.
Saupiquet, *f. m.* A tart kind of onion-sauce, a high-relished sauce.
Saupondré, *ée*, *adj.* Corned, powdered.
Saupondrer, *v. a.* To corn, to powder, to sprinkle with salt.
Saur ou Saure, *adj.* Ex. Un cheval saure, a sorrel horse. V. Sor & Soret.
Saustraie, *subst. f.* A willow-plot.
Saut, *f. m.* Leap, jump or skip; ♣ leap, fall, tumble. ♣ Le saut de la carpe, a turning topsy-turvy or top over tail. * Monter de plein saut ou tout saut, to leap into pretermen. ♣ Au saut du lit, at one's uprising. ♣ Un changement qui arrive de plein saut, (ou tout-à-coup,) a sudden change.
Saute de vent, *f. f.* A sudden veering or shifting of the wind.
Sauté, *ée*, *adj.* Leaped, jumped, skipped over &c.
Sauter, *v. n.* To leap, jump or skip. ♣ Le vent saute,

S A U

(en termes de mer,) the wind veers or shifts, the wind chops about. * Sauter d'un sujet à un autre, to digress from the matter, to make a rambling digression. * Cela saute aux yeux, it is plain enough, that's obvious to the eye, one cannot but see it. * Sauter aux nues, * to be presently on the top of the house, to fly into a great passion. ♣ Faire sauter la cervelle à quelqu'un, to dash one's brains out of his head. * † Il faut que je le fasse sauter, I must blow him up.
Sauter, *v. a.* To leap, jump or skip over.
Sauteureau, *f. m.* Jack. Ex. Les sauteaux d'une épinette, the jacks of a spinnet or virginal.
Sauterelle, *f. f.* Grasshopper.
Sauteur, *f. m.* Sauteuse, *f. f.* Leaper or jumper. ♣ (Sorte de cheval d'Académie,) a vaulter. ♣ Sauteur, *euse*, (qui saute sur un théâtre,) a tumbler.
Sautiller, *v. n.* To frisk, hop, skip, trip along.
Sautoir, *f. m.* (terme de Blason.) Saltier, that is, St. Andrew's cross in heraldry.
Sauvage, *adj.* Wild, savage, fierce; ♣ wild, untamed. ♣ Un pays sauvage, a wild desert-country, a wilderness. ♣ Herbe sauvage, a weed. * Phrase sauvage ou qui a quelque chose de sauvage, an uncouth phrase, an old sort of expression.
Sauvageon, *f. m.* A wild stock, a tree come of kernels, that was never grafted.
Sauvagin, *ine*, *f.* Wild or rammish taste.
Sauvagine, *f. f.* Wild fowls.
Sauve, (féminin de sauf.) Safe.
Sauvé, *ée*, *adj.* Saved, &c. according to the verb sauver.
Sauve-garde, *f. f.* Safeguard, protection, shelter, defence.
Sauve-garde, *f. m.* Safeguard, a trooper employed for the security of a place. ♣ Sau-

S C A 427

ve-garde de l'échelle hors le bord, entering ropes. ♣ Sauve-garde de combat, a swifter.
Sauvement, *f. m.* Salvage.
Sauve-rabans, *f. m. pl.* The mats or paunches of the yards.
Sauver, *v. a.* To save, keep, deliver or preserve; ♣ to save, to bring to salvation.
Sauver, se sauver, *v. r.* To fly, to make one's escape, to get away; ♣ to fly or get into a place. ♣ On ne songe guère à se sauver, (ou à son salut,) men little think of their salvation.
Sauvetage, *f. f.* The saving or recovering from the sea wrecked things.
Sauveté, *f. f.* Ex. Etre en sauveté, to be safe.
Sauveur, *f. m.* Saviour.
Saxifrage, *f. f.* Saxifrage or stone-break.
Scabieuse, *f. fém.* Scabious, herb.
Scabreux, *euse*, *adj.* Rugged, rough, uneven; * dangerous, perilous, difficult, slippery, ticklish.
Scammonée, *f. f.* Scammony.
Scandale, *f. m.* Scandal or stumbling-block; ♣ scandal, offence; ♣ scandal, shame.
Scandaleusement, *adv.* Scandalously.
Scandaleux, *euse*, *adj.* Scandalous, giving offence; ♣ scandalous, shameful.
Scandalisé, *ée*, *adj.* Scandalized, offended.
Scandaliser, *v. a.* To scandalize or give offence.
Se scandaliser d'une chose, *v. r.* To be scandalized or offended at a thing.
Scander un vers, *v. a.* To scan a verse.
Scapulaire, *f. m.* Scapulary, a sanctified piece of stuff about a foot broad, which monks and nuns wear.
Scaramouche, *f. m.* Scaramouch, an Italian zani.
Scarificateur, *f. m.* Scarificator.
Scarification, *f. f.* Scarification, scarifying.

Scarifié, *éc.*, *adj.* *Scarified.*
 Scarifier, *v. a.* To scarify,
cut or lance.

Sceau, *f. m.* A seal. Garde
 des Sceaux, *the lord keeper*
of the great seal, the lord
chancellor.

Scel, *f. m.* Seal. *Ex.* Le scel
 secret du Roi, *the King's*
privy seal.

Scélérat, *ate*, *adj.* Wicked,
 profligate, flagitious, raf-
 cally, lewd.

Scélérate, *f. m.* A wicked, pro-
 fligate, flagitious man or
 fellow, a rascal, a rogue.

Scélérate, *f. f.* A wicked, fla-
 gitious, profligate woman.

Scélérateffe, *f. f.* Wickedness,
 villainy.

Scellé, *éc.*, *adj.* Sealed, under
 seal, &c.

Scellé, *f. m.* The seal.

Sceller, *v. a.* To seal.

Scelleur, *f. m.* A scaler.

Scene, *f. fém.* The stage; &
scene.

Scénique, *adj.* Scenical, be-
 longing to the stage.

Scénographie, *f. f.* Scenogra-
 phy.

Scepticisme, *f. m.* Scepticism,
 freethinking.

Sceptique, *adj.* Sceptick or
 sceptical. Un sceptique, a
 sceptick.

Sceptre, *f. m.* Sceptre.

Schelling, *subst. m.* A shil-
 ling.

Schismatique, *adj.* Schisma-
 tick or schismatical.

Schismatique, *f.* A schismatick,
 one guilty of schism.

Schisme, *f. m.* Schism.

Scholastique, *V.* Scolastique.

Scolie, &c. *V.* Scolie, &c.

Sciage, *f. m.* Sawing. & Bois
 de sciage, sawed wood.

Sciastique, *adj.* *Ex.* Goutte-
 sciastique ou Sciastique, *f. f.*
Sciatica, the hip-gout.

Scie, *f. f.* A saw. Scie à
 main, a hand-saw.

Scié, *éc.*, *adj.* (from scier.)
 Sawed, &c.

Sciement, *adv.* Wittingly,
 knowingly.

Science, *f. f.* Science, know-
 ledge, learning, erudition.
 Je le fai de science cer-
 taine, I know it for cer-
 tain.

Scientifique, *adj.* Scientific, *learned.*

Scientifiquement, *adv.* Scien-
 tifically, learnedly.

Scier, *v. a.* To saw. & Scier
 avec les avirons, to hold
 water. & Scier à culer, to
 back a stern.

Scieur, *f. m.* A sawyer. Scieur
 de blés, a reaper.

Scion, *f. m.* Scion, sprig or
 twig, a young shoot.

Sciure, *f. f.* Saw-dust.

Scolastique, *adj.* Scholastick
 or scholastical.

Scolastique, *f. m.* A school-
 divine or school-man.

Scolastique, *subst. f.* School-
 divinity.

Scoliafte, *f. m.* A scholiast.

Scolie, *f. f.* Scholy or scho-
 lion, a short exposition, a
 commentary.

Scolopendre, *f. f.* Scolopen-
 dra, a venomous insect; &
 scolopendra, a sort of herb.

Scorbut, *f. m.* The scurry.

Scorbutique, *adj.* Scorbutick
 or scorbutical.

Scorbutique, *f.* Who has the
 scurry.

Scordium, *f. m.* Scordium,
 water-germander.

Scorpion, *f. m.* A scorpion;
 & Scorpio, one of the twel-
 ve signs of the Zodiack.

Scorfonere, *f. f.* Scorfonera,
 a sort of plant.

Scribe, *f. m.* A Scribe. † (Un
 copiste,) a transcriber or
 copier.

Scrofulaire, *f. f.* Scrofula-
 ria, blind-nettle, pile-wort,
 fig-wort.

Scrupule, *subst. m.* Scruple,
 doubt. & (Petit poids,)
 scruple, a weight.

Scrupuleusement, *adv.* Scru-
 pulously.

Scrupuleux, *euse*, *adj.* Scru-
 pulous, full of scruples.

Scrutateur, *f. m.* A searcher.
Ex. Dieu est le scrutateur
 des cœurs, God is the sear-
 cher of hearts.

Scrutin, *subst. m.* Scrutiny,
 a perusal of suffrages or
 votes. Faire une élection
 par scrutin, to chuse by
 ballot.

Sculpteur, *v. a.* To carve, fi
 c'est sur de la pierre, du

bois, du marbre; to grave
 or engrave, fi c'est sur quel-
 que métal.

Sculpteur, *f. m.* A carver, a
 sculpter.

Sculpture, *f. f.* Sculpture or
 carving; carver's work of
 the stern of a ship.

Scurrilité, *f. fém.* Scurrility,
 buffoonry, drollery, scurri-
 lous jest.

Scute, *f. m.* (terme de mer,
 esquif.) A boat.

Se, (tantôt datif, tantôt
 accusatif, de soi.) One's
 self, himself, herself, them-
 selves, itself. S'aimer, to
 love one's self. Il s'aime,
 he loves himself. Elle se
 chatouille, she tickles her-
 self. Ils ou elles se diver-
 tissent, they divert them-
 selves. & Se, (l'un l'autre,)
 each other, one another.

Ex. Ils s'entraiment, they
 love one another. R. Note,
 that verbs used with this re-
 ciprocal pronoun, are call'd
 in french, verbes récipro-
 ques ou neutres passifs,
 that is reciprocal verbs or
 neuter passive; but especial-
 ly such verbs as are never
 used without this pronoun,
 such as. Se repentir, to
 repent. S'abstenir, to for-
 bear. Se souvenir, to re-
 member. S'enquérir, to en-
 quire. & Se s'emploie quel-
 quefois d'une manière im-
 personnelle. Se is used so-
 metimes impersonally. *Ex.* Il
 se mange de bon bœuf en
 Angleterre, there's good beef
 eaten in England. Il ne se
 peut autrement, it cannot
 be otherwise. Cela se fait,
 that is a doing.

Séance, *f. f.* A sitting, meeting
 or session; & meeting, assem-
 bly. & (Place,) place. Il
 prit séance dans la Chambre
 haute, he took his place in
 the upper house or among the
 Lords.

Séant, *ante*, *adj.* Sitting; &
 becoming, decent, fitting. *V.*
 Bien-séant & mal-séant.

Séant, *f. m.* *Ex.* Mettre un
 malade sur son séant, to
 make a sick body sit up in his
 bed.

SEA

Seau, *f. m.* A pail or bucket.
Sebile, *subst. f.* A wooden bowl.

Sec, *seche*, *adj.* Dry, without moisture; \clubsuit dry, dead or withered. \clubsuit Du son sec, coarse bran. * Sec, (rude, piquant,) dry, rough, sharp, severe, cutting. \clubsuit (Maigre,) lean, all skin and bones.

Sec, *f. m.* The dryness.

A sec, *adv.* (être à sec.) To be dried up. \clubsuit Mettre un vaisseau à sec, to ground a ship, to bring her on ground. \clubsuit Vaisseau à sec, (ou à mâts & à cordes,) a ship a-hull or under bare poles.

Sécante, *f. f.* (ligne sécante.) Secant, a secant line.

Seche, *adj. f.* (from sec.) Dry.

Seche, *f. f.* The cuttle-fish or found. \clubsuit Seches, sands or rocks left dry.

Séché, *ée*, *adj.* Dried, dried up.

Séchement, *adv.* Dry, in a dry place; \clubsuit drily.

Sécher, *v. a.* To dry or dry up.

Sécher, *v. neut.* To dry or grow dry, to wither. * Sécher sur pied, to linger and pine away, to be consumed.

Sécheresse, *f. fém.* Drought, dryness. * (Manière de répondre dure,) roughness. * (Aridité dans un discours,) dryness, barrenness, emptiness.

Second, onde, *adj.* Second.
Second, *f. m.* A second, a partner; \clubsuit a second or assistant in a duel.

Seconde, *f. fém.* A second, the sixtieth part of a minute.

Secondé, *ée*, *adj.* Seconded, backed, helped, assisted.

Secondement, *adv.* Secondly, in the second place.

Seconder, *v. a.* To be a second. * (Aider,) to back, help or assist.

Secoué, *ée*, *adj.* Shaken, jugged, tossed or jolted, &c.
V. Secouer.

SEC

Secouer, *v. a.* To shake, jog, toss or jolt; \clubsuit to shake off. * † (Maltraiter,) to bang or abuse.

Se secouer, *v. r.* To shake one's self.

Secouement, *f. m.* A shaking, jogging, tossing.

Secourable, *adj.* Helpful, ready or willing to help.

Secourir, *v. a.* To succour, help, assist or relieve.

Secours, *f. m.* Succour, help, relief, assistance; \clubsuit supply; \clubsuit a chapel of ease.

Secouru, ue, *adj.* Succoured, helped, assisted, relieved.

Secousse, *f. f.* A shake, toss, jolt or sudden pull, a jerk; \clubsuit a jogging or jolting.

Secousse, (violente attaque,) check, blow, toss; * violent fit.

Secret, etc, *adj.* Secret, private, close, hidden. Le scel secret, the privy seal.

Secret, *f. m.* A secret or mystery.

En secret, *adverb.* Secretly, privately, in secret, in private.

Secrétaire, *f. m.* A secretary, \clubsuit a secretary or clerk.

Secrétariat, *f. m.* A secretaryship or a secretary's place; \clubsuit the secretary's office at a Bishop's.

Secrètement, *adv.* Secretly, in secret.

Secretes, *f. f. plur.* Secret prayers.

Secéaire, *f. m.* A seclary.

Seclateur, *f. m.* A follower or disciple.

Seclé, *f. f.* A secl.

Secléur, *f. m.* Seclor, in geometry.

Seclion, *f. f.* Seclion.

Séculaire, *adj.* Secular.

Sécularisation, *f. f.* Secularization or secularizing.

Sécularisé, *ée*, *adj.* Secularized, made or become secular.

Séculariser, *v. a.* To secularize or make secular.

Sécularité, *f. f.* Secularity.

Séculier, iere, *adj.* Secular, lay, temporal.

Séculier, *f. m.* A layman.

Séculièrement, *adverb.* Like worldly men.

SEI 429

Sécurité, *f. f.* Security, assurance, unconcernedness.

Sédanoise, *f. f.* (ou Parisienne.) Pearl, a printing letter.

Sédentaire, *adj.* Sedentary; sitting much; \clubsuit that keeps at home; \clubsuit fixed or settled in a place.

Sédiment, *f. m.* Sediment; settlings, dregs, grounds.

Séditieusement, *adv.* Seditiously.

Séditieux, euse, *adj.* Seditious, factious, mutinous.

Séditieux, *f. m.* Une séditieuse, *f. f.* A seditious or factious man or woman, a rebel.

Sédition, *f. f.* Sedition, commotion, mutiny, insurrection, rising or uproar.

Séducteur, *f. m.* Séductrice, *f. f.* A seducer or deceiver, a cheat; \clubsuit corrupter, debaucher.

Séduction, *f. f.* Seduction, a seducing, misleading or deceiving, a corrupting or debauching.

Séduire, *v. a.* To seduce, mislead, abuse, deceive or cheat.

Séduisant, ante, *adj.* Seducing, ensnaring.

Séduit, ite, *adj.* Seduced, misled, abused, deceived, &c. V. Séduire.

Segment, *f. m.* Segment of a circle.

Seigle, *f. m.* Rye.

Seigneur, *f. m.* A Lord or Seigneur; \clubsuit a Lord, a Noble or a Nobleman. \clubsuit Le Seigneur, le Seigneur Créateur, (Dieu,) the Lord, God, God Almighty. \clubsuit Notre-Seigneur Jesus-Christ, our Lord Jesus-Christ.

Seigneurie, *f. m.* Seigneurage.

Seigneurial, ale, *adj.* Of or belonging to the Lord of a manor.

Seigneurie, *f. fém.* Lordship, seignory; \clubsuit lordship; \clubsuit the seignory. * † Serviteur à votre seigneurie, save your worship.

Sein, *f. m.* Breast; \clubsuit bosom. \clubsuit (Matrice,) womb. \clubsuit Le

432 SER

grave; ♣ important; earnest, sincere, true.
 Sérieux, *f. m.* Gravity or seriousness, a serious countenance or carriage. ♣ Dans le sérieux, in good earnest.
 Serin, *ine, f. m.* & *f.* A canary, a canary-bird.
 Seringue, *f. f.* A syringe.
 Seringué, *ée, adj.* Syringed.
 Seringuer, *v. a.* To syringe, to squirt. ♣ Seringuer un vaisseau, to rake or enfilade a ship.
 Serment, *f. m.* An oath.
 Sermon, *f. m.* A sermon.
 Sermonnaire, *f. m.* A collection of sermons.
 * † Sermonner, *v. neut.* To preach.
 † Sermonneur, *euse, adj.* and *subst.* One that's always reading lecture, a fault-finder.
 Séroité, *f. f.* Serenity or watery matter.
 Serpe, *f. f.* A bill, a edging-bill.
 Serpent, *f. m.* Serpent, snake; ♣ a kind of musical instrument; * the old serpent, the devil.
 Serpenteaire, *f. fém.* Dragonwort.
 Serpente, *f. f.* A sort of paper to make paper - windows.
 Serpenteau, *f. m.* A young serpent or snake; ♣ serpent, a kind of fire-work.
 Serpenter, *v. n.* To go winding about, to go in and out, to be full of turnings and windings. ♣ Serpenter deux cordages, to snake two ropes together.
 Serpentin, *f. m.* The cock of a musket.
 Serpentine, *f. f.* The serpentine-stone, a kind of marble; ♣ small dragons or grass plantane.
 Serper, *v. n.* To weigh up the anchor.
 Serpette, *f. f.* A hooked knife, a pruning knife.
 Serpilliere, *f. f.* Sarplier or packing cloth.
 Serpolet, *f. m.* Creeping thyme or wild thyme.
 Serrail ou plutôt Sérail, *f. m.* Seraglio.
 Serre, *f. f.* An orange-house

SER

or green-house; ♣ a fruit-house. ♣ (Des oiseaux de proie,) the talon or claw of a hawk. ♣ Canons en ferre, husfed guns.
 Serré, *ée, adj.* & *v.* Serrer, laid or locked up. ♣ Serré, (près l'un de l'autre,) close or compact. ♣ Un nœud serré, a fast knot, a very tight knot. ♣ Serré, (avare,) close-fisted, near, covetous, niggard. * (Caché,) close, reserved, discreet. * Style serré, a close, concise style.
 Serré, *adv.* Hard, soundly.
 Serre-file, *f. m.* The bringer up, the last soldier of a file.
 Serrément, *adv.* Close, near, too sparingly, savingly, niggardly.
 Serrement, *f. m.* Squeezing.
 Serrer, *v. a.* To lay or lock up. ♣ (Lier fortement,) to tie or bind hard. ♣ (Presser,) to squeeze, wring or strain. ♣ Serrer les fangles d'un cheval, to girth a horse pretty hard. ♣ Serrer, (joindre près à près,) to draw, join or pull close, to close. ♣ Serrer la bride, to pull in the bridle. ♣ Serrer le vent, to haul the wind, to ply or turn to windward. ♣ Serrer les voiles, to furl or hand the sails.
 Se serrer, *v. r.* To sit, stand or lye close.
 Serrure, *f. f.* A lock.
 Serrurerie, *f. f.* The locksmith's trade or work.
 Serrurier, *f. m.* A lock-smith.
 Serti, *ie, adj.* Ex. Diamant serti, a diamond set.
 Sertir, *v. a.* (une pierre dans un chaton.) To set a stone in a bezil.
 Sertissure, *f. f.* Setting of a stone.
 † Servage, *f. m.* Slavery, bondage.
 Servant, *adj. m.* Ex. Gentilhomme servant chez le Roi, a gentleman waiter or in waiting.
 Servante, *f. f.* A servant-maid or a maid; ♣ servants, by way of compliment.
 Serve, *v.* Sert.

SER

Servi, *ie, adj.* Served, attended, waited on, &c. *V.* Servir.
 Serviable, *adj.* Serviceable, ready to serve one, officious.
 Service, *subst. m.* Service. ♣ (Bon office,) service, office or good office, good turn. ♣ Une femme de service, a woman-servant. ♣ Service, (nombre des plats que l'on sert à la fois sur table,) a service or course at table. ♣ (Usage,) service, use.
 Serviette, *f. f.* Napkin; ♣ a towel.
 Servile, *adj.* Servile, slavish, servant-like; * mean, pitiful, sordid.
 Servilement, *adv.* Servilely, slavishly, servant-like; * meanly, sordidly, pitifully.
 Servir quelqu'un, *v. a.* To serve one, to wait on him, to be his servants. ♣ Servir Dieu, to serve or worship God.
 Servir, *v. n.* To serve, to be instead of, to be as or to be. Cettou me sert de maison, this hole serves me for a house. Cela sert de pain, that serves instead of bread.
 Servir, (être utile,) to serve, to help, to be serviceable, to do service. ♣ Cela ne sert de rien pour être heureux, that makes not at all for one's happiness. ♣ Cela servira à ma gloire, that will turn to my glory. ♣ Faire servir la cuisine, to hoist up the foremost-sail. ♣ Faire servir, to fill the sails.
 Servir, se servir d'une chose, *verb. réc.* To make use of a thing, to use or employ it.
 Serviteur, *f. m.* A servant. ♣ Faites servir à Monsieur, bow to the gentleman or say, your servant Sir.
 Servitude, *subst. f.* Servitude, bondage, slavery; * slavery, confinement.
 Ses, the plural of Son and Sa. His, her. *V.* Son.
 Sésame, *f. m.* Sesame, a sort of corn.
 Séseli, *f. m.* Hart-wort.
 Session, *f. f.* d'un Concile. The

S E S

The session or sitting of a council.
Sesterce, f. m. Sesterce, a sort of silver coin.
Setier, f. m. Twelve bushels. ♦ eight pints of Paris or two English gallons.
Seton, f. m. A scum or rowel.
Seve, f. f. Sap; ♦ the rise of the sap. ♦ Vin qui n'a point de seve, dead or flat wine.
Sévere, adj. Severe, strict, rigid; ♦ severe, rough, stern, sharp, rigorous.
Sévèrement, adv. Severely, strictly, rigidly, rigorously, sharply.
Sévérité, f. f. Severity, strictness, rigour, rigidity.
SéVICES, f. m. pl. Rough or ill usage.
Seuil, f. m. The threshold of a door.
Seuillets, f. m. pl. The port- ells.
Sévir, v. n. To misuse, to use roughly.
Seul, seule, adj. Alone, lonely. ♦ Seul, (unique,) only, solely, alone. Un seul, une seule, one.
Seulement, adv. Only, but, solely.
Seulet, ette, adj. Alone, lonely.
Sevrer, v. a. To wean. ♦ Se sevrer de quelque plaisir, to wean one's self from pleasure.
Sexagénaire, adj. Sixty or threescore years old.
Sexagénaire, f. m. A man sixty years of age.
Sexagésime, f. f. Sexagesima.
Sexe, f. m. Sex.
Sexte, f. f. Sexte, one of the canonical hours.
Sextil, ile, adj. Sextile. Ex. Aspect sextil, ou Sextil, f. m. Sextile aspect or sextils.
Si, f. m. Si, in music.
Si, conj. If, in case.
R. Quelquefois cette particule n'est point exprimée en Anglois, par une élégance particulière à cette langue. Ex. Si vous m'aimez, did you love me. Si je l'avois vu, had I seen it. ♦ Si, (particule dubitative,) if, whether. ♦ Si, (tellement,) so, such, to Tome I.

S I F

that degree. ♦ Si, (aussi, autant,) so, as. ♦ † Si, (néanmoins, de plus,) yet, however, nevertheless, for all that, moreover, besides. ♦ Si, (particule affirmative, oui,) yes, so, yes, yes tho', but tho'. ♦ Vous verrez que si, you will see it. ♦ Si bien que, so that, in so much that. ♦ Si ce n'est, (finon,) unless, but. † Si est-ce que, yet, however, nevertheless.
Si, f. If or condition. ♦ Un si, (un défaut,) a fault or defect.
Sibylle, subst. fém. A Sybil. ♦ † Sibylle, (vieille fille,) a stale maid.
Siccité, f. f. Siccidity, dryness.
Sicle, f. m. Shekel.
Siecle, f. m. An age or century; ♦ age, time; ♦ age, world. ♦ Aux siecles des siecles, à tous les siecles, for ever and ever, eternally.
Il sied, verb. imperf. (il est convenable.) It becomes. V. Seoir.
Siege, f. m. Seat or bench; ♦ Jurisdiction. ♦ Siege de cocher, a coach-box. ♦ Siege, (dignité épiscopale ou Pontificale,) see. † Le siege, (l'anus,) the fundament.
Siege, f. m. Siege.
Siéger, v. n. To keep one's see.
Sien, enne, adj. His, his own; hers, her own.
Sien (le), f. m. His own, her own. ♦ Les siens, his relations, his men, his people.
Sieur, f. m. Sir or Master.
Sifflé, ée, adj. Hissed at, &c.
Sifflement, f. m. A whistling; ♦ hissing; ♦ a hiss, a hissing at; ♦ whizzing.
Siffler, v. n. To whistle; ♦ to whizz.
Siffler, v. a. un air, to whistle a tune. ♦ † Siffler la linotte, to drink hard. ♦ Siffler, (désapprouver,) to hiss or hiss at, to damn, to explode.
Sifflet, f. m. A whistle; † the whistle or the wind-pipe; ♦ a boatswain's call.

S I M 433

Siffleur, f. m. Siffleuse, f. f. A whistler.
Signillé, ée, adj. Ex. Terre signillée, terra sigillata.
Signal, f. m. A signal or sign. ♦ Signaux de brume, fog signals.
Signalé, ée, adj. Signalized; ♦ signal, notable, remarkable.
Signaler, v. a. To signalize, to make famous.
Signature, f. f. Signature, sign manual, one's hand to a writing.
Signe, subst. m. Sign, mark or token. ♦ (Présage,) sign, omen, presage. ♦ (Symptôme,) sign, symptom. ♦ Signe des yeux, a wink or twinkle. Faire signe de la main, to beckon with the hand. Signe de la tête, a nod. ♦ Signe, (miracle,) sign, wonder, miracle. ♦ (Constellation,) sign, constellation in the heaven.
Signé, ée, adj. Signed.
Signer, v. a. To sign, subscribe, to put one's hand to. Signer un contrat, to sign a contract.
Signet, f. m. A tassel.
Significatif, ive, adj. Significant.
Signification, f. f. Signification, meaning, sense.
Signifié, ée, adj. Signified, &c. V. the verb.
Signifier, v. a. To signify or denote; ♦ to signify, notify, declare or intimate.
Silence, f. m. Silence. ♦ Le silence de la nuit, the dead time of the night.
Silencieux, euse, adj. Silent, still, of few words.
Silique, f. f. Hush or shell of pulse.
Sillage, f. m. The track, rum or wake of a ship; ♦ steerage-way.
Siller, verb. neut. To run a-head.
Sillon, f. m. Furrow.
Silloné, ée, adj. Furrowed.
Sillonner, v. a. To furrow. † Simagrée, f. f. Grimace, affected way, apishness, apish-trick.
Simarre, f. f. Simar.
Similaire, adj. Similar.

434 SIM

Similitude, *f. f.* *Similitude* or *comparison*; ♦ *a parable*.
 Simoniaque, *adj.* *Simoniacal*.
 Simoniaque, *subst. m.* *A simoniack*.
 Simonie, *f. f.* *Simony*.
 Simple, *adj.* *Simple*, *pure*, *unmixed*, *uncompounded*; ♦ *single*, *only*, *bare*; ♦ *common*, *ordinary*, *private*; ♦ *plain*, *without ornament*; ♦ *simple*, *weak* or *filly*. ♦
 (Sans malice,) *simple*, *plain*, *downright*, *honest*, *without deceit*.
 Simple, *subst. m.* *A simple*, *a physical herb*.
 Simplement, *adv.* *Plain*, *without any ornament*; ♦ *roundly*, *downright* or *plainly*; ♦ *only*.
 Simplette, *f. f.* *Ex.* Il ne demande qu'amour & simplesse, *he is all for love and a quiet life*.
 Simplicité, *f. f.* *Simplicity*, *plainness*, *plain-dealing*; ♦ *filliness*, *foolishness*.
 Simplifier, *v. a.* *To make simple*.
 Simulacre, *f. m.* *Image* or *representation*; ♦ *a phantom*, *a ghost*.
 Simulé, ée, *adjeft.* *Feigned*, *pretended*.
 Simuler une donation, *v. a.* *To feign* or *pretend a gift*.
 Sinapisme, *f. m.* *Sinapism*, *poultice of mustard-seed*.
 Sincere, *adj.* *Sincere*, *honest*, *true*, *true-hearted*, *plain*, *ingenuous*.
 Sincèrement, *adv.* *Sincerely*, *honestly*, *roundly*, *plainly*, *truly*.
 Sincérité, *f. f.* *Sincerity*, *honesty*, *integrity*, *plainness*, *candour*.
 Singe, *f. m.* *An ape*; ♦ *a wind-lafs* or *draw-beam*.
 Singerie, *f. f.* *Trick*, *an apish trick*, *primace*.
 Singler. *V.* *Cingler*.
 Singularifier, *se singulariser*, *v. r.* *To be singular*, *to affect singularity*.
 Singularité, *f. f.* *Singularity*, *a being singular*; ♦ *rarity*, *singularity*; ♦ *an affected way*, *affectedness*.
 Singulier, ere, *adj.* *Singular*.
 ♦ *Combat singulier*, *a sin-*

SIX

gle fight. ♦ *Singulier*, (*rare*, *excellent*,) *singular*, *rare*, *excellent*, *extraordinary*.
 Singulier, *f. m.* *Singular*, *the singular number*.
 Singulièrement, *adv.* *Especially*, *singularly*, *peculiarly*, *particularly*; ♦ *singularly*, *excellently*.
 Sinistre, *adj.* *Sinister*, *unlucky*, *unlucky*, *unfortunate*.
 Sinistrement, *adv.* *Untowardly*, *unluckily*, *unfortunately*.
 Sinon, *adv.* *Else*, *or else*; ♦ *save*, *but*.
 Sinople, *f. m.* *Sinople*; ♦ *sinople* or *green*, *in heraldry*.
 Sinueux, euse, *adj.* *That has many turnings and windings*; *crooked*.
 Sinuosité, *subst. f.* *Turnings*, *windings*, *crookedness*.
 Sinus, *f. m.* *A fine* in the *mathematicks*.
 Siphon, *subst. m.* *A siphon* or *crane*.
 Sire, *f. m.* *Sir*.
 Sirene, *f. f.* *Siren*.
 Sirerie, *f. f.* *Lordship*.
 Siroc, *f. m.* *South-east*.
 Sirop, *f. m.* *Sirup*.
 Siroter, *v. n.* *To sip*, *to tipple*.
 Sis, sise, *adj.* (*from Seoir*.) *Seated*, *situated*.
 Sistre. *V.* *Cistre*.
 Situation, *f. f.* *Seat* or *situation*; ♦ *situation* or *site*. ♦
 Situation, (*posture*,) *sitting*, *posture*. * (*État*,) *state*, *pass* or *condition*, *circumstance*.
 Situé, ée, *adj.* *Situate*, *seated*, *situated*.
 Situer, *v. a.* *To seat* or *situate*.
 Six, *adj.* *Six*, *half a dozen*.
 Un fix aux dés, *a fix at dice*.
 Sixain, *subst. m.* *A stanza of six verses*; ♦ *six packs of cards*.
 Sixieme, *adj.* *Sixth*. En sixieme lieu, *sixthly*.
 Sixieme, *subst. m.* *A sixth*, *a sixth part*; ♦ *a school-boy of the sixth form*.
 Sixieme, *subst. f.* *A sixieme* at *picket*; ♦ *the sixth form* in *a school*.

SOI

Sixièmement, *adv.* *Sixthly*.
 Sloop, *f. m.* (*forte de bâtiment*.) *A sloop*.
 Smeffin, *f. m.* *Fullers-earth*.
 Sobre, *adj.* *Sober*, *temperate*, *moderate*.
 Sobrement, *adverb.* *Soberly*, *temperately*, *moderately*.
 Sobriété, *f. f.* *Sobriety*, *temperance*, *moderation*.
 Sobriquet, *f. m.* *A nickname*.
 Soc, *f. m.* *Soc de charrue*, *share*, *a plough-share*.
 Sociable, *adj.* *Sociable*.
 Société, *f. f.* *Society*, *commerce*, *intercourse*, *company*, *fellowship*; ♦ *society*, *company*, *partnership*.
 Socinianisme, *f. m.* *Socinianism*.
 Socinien, *f. m.* *A Socinian*.
 Socque, *f. m.* *Sock*; ♦ *a sandal*, *a wooden patten* or *clog worn by Rscollers*.
 Sodomie, *f. f.* *Sodomy*.
 Sodomite, *f. m.* *A sodomite*.
 Sœur, *f. f.* *A sister*.
 Sofa, *f. m.* *Sofa*, *a Turkish sofa*.
 Soi, (*pronom personnel*.) *One's self*, *himself*, *herself*, *one*, *him*, *her*, *it's self*. ♦
 Soi-disant, (*prétendu*.) *pretended*. Soi-même, *one's self*, *himself*, *herself*, *itself*.
 Soie, *f. f.* *Silk*; ♦ *bristle*; ♦ *the tongue of a knife* or *sword-blade*. ♦ Soies, (*d'un épagneul*,) *the long hair of a spaniel*.
 Soif, *f. f.* *Thirst*, *the being dry*, *dryness*. Avoir soif, *to be dry*, *to thirst*.
 Soigné, ée, *adj.* *Lookt after*, *taken care of*, *attended*.
 Soigner, *v. a.* *To look after* or *take care of*, *to tend* or *attend*.
 † Soigner à quelque chose, *v. n.* *To look after a thing*, *to be about it*, *to take care of it*.
 Soigneusement, *adverb.* *Carefully*, *with care*, *diligently*, *exactly*.
 Soigneux, euse, *adj.* *Careful*, *that takes great care*, *diligent*.
 Soin, *f. m.* *Care*, *application*, *diligence*. ♦ Soin, (*souci*,) *care*, *carking care*, *trouble*.

SOI

Soir, *f. m.* Evening, night.
 Soirée, *f. f.* Evening or night.
 Soit, *conjonction disjonctive.* Whether, or.
 Soit, *adverb.* (from the verb Ette : je le veux.) Let it so, I grant it.
 Soixantaine, *subst. f.* Sixty, threecore.
 Soixante, *adj.* Sixty, threecore.
 Soixantième, *adj.* Sixtieth.
 Soixantième, *f. m.* A sixtieth, a sixtieth part.
 Sol, *f. m.* Sol, a musical note.
 Sol, *f. m.* (terrain.) Ground or soil; ♦ ground or ground-plot.
 Sol, *V.* Sou.
 Soiaire, *adj.* Solar. *Ex.* Année solaire, a solar year.
 Solandres, *f. f. pl.* Solanders.
 Solbattu, *ue, adj.* Surbated.
 Solbature, *subst. f.* Surbate or surbating.
 Soldat, *f. m.* A soldier.
 Soldat, *adj.* *Ex.* Il a l'air soldat, he looks like a soldier.
 Soldatesque, *f. f.* The soldiery; the soldiers.
 A la soldatesque, *adv.* After the soldier's way.
 Solde, *f. f.* Pay, a soldier's pay.
 Sole, *subst. f.* Sole, a fish so called; ♦ a horse - hoof.
 Sole d'assit, *the sole or bottom of a gun-carriage.* ♦
 Sole de labord, *port-fell of a gun-ports.*
 Solécisme, *f. m.* Solecism.
 Soleil, *subst. m.* The sun. ♦
 Soleil, (*ou* tournesol; fleur.) the sun-flower or turn-sol.
 Solennel, *elle, adj.* Solemn.
 Solennellement, *adverb.* Solemnly.
 Solennisé, *é, adj.* Solemnized, celebrated.
 Solenniser, *v. a.* To solemnize or celebrate.
 Solennité, *f. f.* Solemnity.
 Solidaire, *adj.* *Ex.* Obligation ou contrat solidaire, a bond or contract for the whole.
 Solidairement, *adv.* Wholly or for the whole.
 Solide, *adj.* Solid.
 Solide, *f. m.* *Ex.* Creuser jusqu'au solide, to dig till he finds firm ground. ♦ So-

SOM

Ilde, (corps qui a trois dimensions,) a solid.
 Solidement, *adv.* Strongly; ♦ solidly.
 Solidité, *f. f.* Solidity.
 Soliloque, *f. m.* Soliloquy, monologue.
 Solitaire, *adj.* Solitary; ♦ desert, retired, lonesome.
 Solitaire, *f. m.* A solitaryman, an anchorite.
 Solitairement, *adv.* Solitarily, privately.
 Solitude, *f. f.* A solitude; ♦ retirement.
 Solive, *f. f.* A joist.
 Soliveau, *f. m.* A little joist or rafter.
 Sollicitation, *f. f.* Sollicitation, suit, instigation, instance, motion, temptation.
 Sollicité, *é, adj.* Solicited, &c. according to the verb.
 Solliciter, *v. a.* To sollicit, move, urge, intice, tempt or egg on; ♦ to sollicit or prosecute.
 Solliciteur, *f. m.* Solliciteuse, *f. f.* A sollicitor, *m.* a sollicitress, *f.*
 Sollicitude, *f. f.* Sollicitude, uneasy care, uneasiness.
 Solstice, *f. m.* Solstice.
 Solstitial, *ale, adj.* Solstitial.
 Solvabilité, *f. f.* The being solvable or able to pay; solvability.
 Solvable, *adj.* Solvable, able to pay.
 Soluble, *adj.* Solvible.
 Solution, *f. f.* Solution or explication; ♦ payment.
 Somache, *adj. f.* Eau somache ou salée, salt or brackish water.
 Sombre, *adj.* Dark, dull, over-cast, gloomy. * (Mé-lancolique,) dull or melancholy.
 Sombrier sous voiles, *v. n.* To be overset.
 Sommaire, *adj.* Summary, short, concise, abridged, succinct.
 Sommaire, *f. m.* A summary, an abridgment, an abstract.
 Sommairelement, *adv.* Summarily, briefly, succinctly, in short.
 Sommation, *f. f.* A summons.
 Somme, *f. f.* Burden, load, carriage.

SON 435

Somme, *f. f.* (d'argent.) Sum.
 * † Somme toute ou en somme, *adv.* In short. ♦
 Somme, (abrégé,) summary, abridgment or collection.
 Somme, *f. m.* Sleep, repose.
 Sommé, *é, adj.* Summoned, &c. *V.* Sommer.
 Sommeil, *f. m.* Sleepiness; ♦ sleep, rest, repose, slumber.
 Avoir sommeil, *to be sleepy or drowsy.*
 Sommeiller, *v. n.* To slumber, sleep.
 Sommellerie, *f. f.* The pantry or buttery; ♦ a butler's place or office.
 Sommelier, *f. m.* A butler; ♦ the captain's steward-mate.
 Sommer, *v. r.* To summon or charge. Sommer quelqu'un de sa promesse, to claim or challenge one's promise.
 Sommer, *v. a.* To sum or cast up.
 Sommet, *f. m.* The top, height or peak of a hill.
 Sommier, *f. m.* A hairquilt; ♦ the sound-board of an organ; ♦ summer, a piece of timber; ♦ the winter and the head of a Printer's press; ♦ a sumpter-horse.
 Sommité, *f. f.* The sharp end of the top of plants and flowers, &c.
 Somnifère, *adject.* Somniferous, that causes or brings sleep.
 Somptuaire, *adj.* Sumptuary.
 Somptueusement, *adv.* Sumptuously, splendidly, magnificently.
 Somptueux, *euse, adj.* Sumptuous, rich, costly, splendid, magnificent; ♦ noble.
 Somptuosité, *f. f.* Sumptuousness, costliness, splendor magnificence.
 Son, (*sa, au pluriel ses,* (pronon nom possessif.) His, her, its.
 Son, *f. m.* Sound, noise. *
 Sons, (*des vers,*) chime, verses, rhimes.
 Son, *f. m.* (du grain moulu.) Bran.
 Sonde, *f. f.* A probe to search a wound; ♦ a plummet or sounding line; ♦

436 SON

the act of sounding. ♦ Aller à la sonde, to sail by sounding.
 Sonde, ée, adj. Sounded, &c.
 Sonder, v. a. To sound. ♦ Sonder une plaie, to search or probe a wound; ♦ to sound or to heave the lead.
 Songe, f. m. A dream.
 Songe-creux, f. m. A dreaming man, a dull melancholy man.
 Songer, v. a. & n. To dream or be in a dream. * † Songer creux, to be in a brown study.
 Songer, v. n. To think, mind or consider.
 Songeur, f. m. A dreamer.
 Sonnant, ante, adj. Sounding, that has a clear sound.
 Sonner, v. n. To sound or to have a sound. ♦ (En parlant d'une cloche,) to ring, as a bell; ♦ to strike, as a clock. ♦ Sonner du cor, to blow or wind the horn.
 Sonner, v. a. To ring the bells. † Ne sonner mot, not to speak a word, to be silent or to hush.
 Sonnerie, f. f. A ring of bells; ♦ clock-work.
 Sonnet, f. m. A sonnet.
 Sonnette, f. f. Bell, a little bell.
 Sonneur, f. m. A ringer.
 Sonore, adj. Sonorous.
 Sophi, f. m. Sophi, the King of Persia.
 Sophisme, f. m. Sophism, fallacy, cavil.
 Sophiste, f. m. Sophist or caviller.
 Sophistique, adj. Sophistical, captious, fallacious, deceitful.
 Sophistiqué, ée, adj. Sophisticated, adulterated.
 Sophistiquer, v. a. To sophisticate or adulterate.
 Sophistiquerie, f. f. Sophism or sophistry, fallacy, cavil.
 Soporatif, ive, Soporifique &c.
 Soporifere, adj. Soporiferous, soporifick.
 Soporatif, subst. m. A soporifick.
 Sorbe, f. f. Service, the fruit of the service-tree.

SOT

Sorbet, f. m. Sherbet.
 Sorbier, f. m. (ou Cormier.) The service-tree.
 Sorbonique, adj. An act of divinity so called.
 Sorcellerie, f. f. Sorcery, witchcraft.
 Sorcier, f. m. Wizard, witch, forcerer.
 Sorciere, f. f. Witch, hag or sorceress.
 Sordide, adj. Sordid, base, filthy, dirty, niggardly.
 Sordidement, adv. Sordidly, filthily, dirtily, niggardly.
 Sornette, f. f. A tale or idle story, fiddle-faddle, flams.
 Sort, f. m. Chance, hazard; ♦ fate, destiny; ♦ lot; ♦ spell or charm. ♦ Sort principal, (ou capital,) the principal sum.
 Sortable, adj. Suitable.
 Sorte, f. f. Sort, kind, manner; ♦ way, fashion.
 De la sorte, de cette sorte, adv. Thus, in this manner.
 De forte que, en forte que, adv. So that, inasmuch that.
 Sortes, f. f. pl. Les fortes d'un Libraire, the books printed for a Bookseller.
 Sorti, ie, adj. (from sortir.) Gone out, &c. according to the verb.
 Sortie, f. f. A going out; ♦ an exporting or exportation; ♦ a way out; ♦ a sally.
 Sortilège, f. m. Witchcraft, sorcery.
 Sortir, v. n. To go, come or step out; to go abroad, to get out, to issue. ♦ (Pouffer au dehors, commencer à paroître,) to come, shoot or peep out; to issue, to break out. ♦ (Etre issu,) to come from, to be born, to spring.
 Sortir, v. a. (tirer.) To get or bring out, to bring off.
 Sot, otte, adj. Sottish, silly, simple, foolish, foppish, dull.
 Sot, f. m. A sot or fool, a silly man, a simpleton.
 Sotte, f. f. A sot, a fool, a silly woman, a simpleton.
 Sottement, adv. Foolishly, simply, idly.

SOU

Sottise, f. f. Sottishness, folly or silliness; ♦ folly, a piece of folly or foolish trick.
 Sou, f. m. Penny; ♦ penny or penny-worth.
 Soubassement, f. m. The base and foot of a pillar, the patten of a pillar.
 Soubresaut, subst. masc. A gambol.
 Soubrette, f. f. An abigail, a waiting-woman.
 Souche, f. f. Log or stump; ♦ blockhead; ♦ stock.
 Souchet, f. m. A kind of freestone and the worst part of it; ♦ cyperus, a sort of rush.
 Souci, f. m. A mari-gold. ♦ (Soin,) cares, carking care, sollicitude.
 Soucier, se soucier, v. r. To care, to have a respect for; ♦ to mind, to be careful or take care.
 Soucieux, euse, adj. Careful, morose, carking.
 Soucoupe, f. f. A salver.
 Soudain, aine, adj. Sudden; unlooked for.
 Soudain, adv. Suddenly, upon a sudden; ♦ forthwith, presently.
 Soudainement, adv. Suddenly, upon a sudden.
 Soudan, f. m. Sultan.
 † Soudard, f. m. A soldier.
 Soude, subst. fém. Kali, a plant.
 Soudé, ée, adj. (from souder.) Soldered.
 Souder, v. a. To solder.
 Soudoyer, v. a. To keep soldiers in pay.
 † Soude une question, v. a. To resolve a question.
 † Soudrille, f. m. A wretched soldier.
 Soudure, f. f. A soldering. ♦ (Composition pour souder,) solder.
 Souffert, erte, adj. (from souffrir.) Suffered, endared, &c. V. the verb.
 Soufflage, f. m. Fanning of a ship.
 Souffle, f. m. Breath; ♦ puff or blowing.
 Souffler, v. n. To breathe or fetch one's breath, to blow; ♦ to breathe thick and short, to puff and blow. * Souffler

SOU

aux oreilles de quelqu'un, * *to whisper a thing in one's ears.* ♣ Souffler, (chercher la pierre philosophale,) *to seek the philosopher's stone.*
Souffler, *v. a.* To blow. ♣ Souffler une chandelle, (l'éteindre,) *to blow out a candle.* ♣ Souffler de la poussière, *to blow off dust.* ♣ Souffler, (suggérer,) *to prompt, to suggest.* ♣ Souffler les canons, *to scale the guns.*
Soufflet, *f. m.* Bellows, a pair of bellows; ♣ a box, cuff or blow on the ear. ♣ (Petite caleche,) a calash or calesh.
Souffleté, *ée*, *adj.* Boxed, cuffed.
Souffleter, *v. a.* To box or cuff.
Souffleur, *f. m.* souffleur, *f. f.* A blower; ♣ a whisperer or prompter.
Souffrance, *f. f.* Suffering, misery, trouble, affliction, grief; ♣ toleration, connivance.
Souffrant, *ante*, *adj.* Suffering; ♣ patient.
† Souffre-douleur, *f. m.* A drudge.
‡ Souffreteux, *euse*, *adj.* Needy, poor, miserable.
Souffrir, *v. a.* (endurer, supporter.) To suffer, bear, abide or endure, to undergo. ♣ (Permettre,) to suffer, permit or give leave. ♣ (Admettre,) to admit of, to be liable to.
Soufre, *subst. m.* Brimstone, sulphur.
Souffré, *ée*, *adj.* Done over with or dipt in brimstone, &c. *V. the verb.*
Soufrer, *v. act.* To do over with brimstone or to dipt in brimstone.
Sougarde, *f. f.* Sougarde de fusil, the throat-band of a gun.
Sougorge, *f. f.* The throat-band of a bridle.
Souhait, *f. m.* Wish, desire, vow.
A souhait, *adv. Ex.* Alors nous avions tout à souhait, then we had all things according to our hearts desire or according to our mind.

SOU

Souhaitable, *adj.* Desirable; to be wished or desired.
Souhaité, *ée*, *adj.* Wished or longed for; desired.
Souhaiter, *v. act.* To wish, long or desire; to wish or long for.
Souille, *f. f.* The soil of a wild boar.
Souillé, *ée*, *adj.* Fouled, &c.
Souiller, *v. a.* To foul, dirty, or stain; * to defile or pollute, to spot or stain.
‡ Souillon, *f.* Sloven, slut.
Souillure, *f. f.* Spot, stain, blemish, blot, blur.
Souïl, *ouïle*, *adj.* Full, glutted. ♣ (Ivre,) drunk, cup-shotten, fuddled.
Souïl, *f. m.* Ex. Manger son souïl, manger tout son souïl, to eat one's fill, to eat one's belly full.
Soulagé, *ée*, *adj.* Eased, relieved, alloyed, &c.
Soulagement, *f. m.* Ease, relief, comfort.
Soulager, *v. act.* To ease, lighten; † to help, relieve, comfort, lessen, abate, allay or alleviate.
† Soulant, *ante*, *adj.* Filling, cloying.
Soullé, *ée*, *adj.* Filled, full, &c. *V. Souïler.*
Souïler, *v. a.* To fill one, to give one his fill, to satiate; ♣ to make one drunk, to fuddle him.
Se souïler, *v. r.* To fill, glut, cloy or surfeit one's self; to eat one's belly full; ♣ to drink too much, to make one's self drunk.
Soulèvement, *f. m.* A rising, insurrection, revolt, rebellion.
Soulever, *v. a.* To lift, raise or heave up.
Soulever, *v. n.* Ex. Le cœur me souleve, my stomach rises.
Soulever, *v. a.* le peuple, to cause an insurrection or defection; to raise a rebellion, to make people rise.
Souleür, *subst. f. m.* Sudden fright.
Soulier, *f. m.* Shoe.
‡ Souloir, *v. n.* To be went or to use.
Soumettre, *v. a.* To subduc,

SOU 437

to subject or bring under, to humble.
Se soumettre, *v. r.* To submit or yield.
Soumis, *ise*, *adj.* Subdued, &c. according to the verb.
Soumission, *f. f.* Submission, humility, respect. ♣ (Promesse de payer,) recognition.
Soupape, *f. f.* The sucker of a pump, &c.
Soupçon, *f. m.* Suspicion, jealousy, distrust, fear; ♣ surmise, conjecture.
Soupçonné, *ée*, *adj.* Suspected.
Soupçonner, *v. a.* To suspect, fear or mistrust; ♣ to surmise, conjecture or think.
Soupçonneux, *euse*, *adj.* Suspicious, distrustful, jealous.
Soupe, *f. f.* Soup, porridge. ♣ (Tranche de pain fort mince,) sippet. * † Il est ivre comme une soupe, he is as drunk as a toast.
Soupe, ou Souper, *subst. m.* Supper.
Souppente, *f. f.* d'un carrosse, the main brates of a coach.
Souper, *v. n.* To sup.
Souper ou Soupé, *f. m.* Supper.
Soupefé, *ée*, *adj.* Weighed.
Soupefer, *v. a.* To weigh or poise.
Soupir, *f. m.* Sigh. ♣ (en musique,) a minim, in music.
Soupirail, *f. m.* A breathing hole, a vent, an air-hole.
Soupirant, *f. m.* A lover, an admirer.
Soupirer, *v. n.* To sigh or fetch sighs.
Souple, *adj.* Supple, limber; ♣ pliant, easy to be bent, flexible. * (Docile, complaisant,) supple, pliant or pliable, flexible, tractable, docil, easy, humble.
Souplement, *adv.* Submissively.
Soupleste, *f. f.* Suppleness, pliantness, nimbleness. * (Docilité, complaisance,) suppleness, pliantness, tractableness, complaisance.
Souguer, *v. a.* & *n.* (terme d'amarrage.) To stretch or tighten any seizing.
Souquenille, *f. f.* A frock.

Source, *f. f.* *Source, head, spring, fountain.* ♦ Source du vent, *the point of the compass whence the wind blows.*

Sourcil, *f. m.* *Brow or eye-brow.*

Sourciller, *v. n.* *To knit the brow.*

Sourcilieux, *euse, adj.* *High, lofty, steep.*

Sourd, ourde, *adj.* *Deaf, that cannot hear.* * Il court un bruit sourd, *'tis whispered about.* ♦ Nombre sourd, *a surd number.*

Un sourd, *une sourde, f. A deaf man or woman.* Sourd, *a person of the verb Sourdre.* V. Sourdre.

Sourdaud, *aude, f.* *One that is deafish or thick of hearing.*

Sourdement, *adverb. Ex.* On entendoit gronder le tonnerre fourdement, *the thunder made a dull or hollow noise.*

Sourdine, *f. f.* *Pipe, the little pipe that is put into the mouth of a trumpet.*

A la sourdine, *adv.* *Silently, privately, in hugger-mugger.*

Sourdre, *v. a.* *To spring, rise or issue.*

Sourceau, *subst. m.* *A little mouse.*

Souriciere, *f. f.* *A mouse-trap.*

Sourire, *v. n.* *To smile or smiler.*

Sourire ou Souris, *f. m.* *A smile or smirking.*

Souris, *f. f.* *A mouse.*

Sournois, *oise, adj. & subst.* *Gloomy, saturnine, sullen.*

Sous, *prep.* *Under.* ♦ Etre sous les armes, *to be up in arms.* ♦ Sous (ou sur) peine, *upon pain.*

AVERTISSEMENT.

Cette préposition *Sous* se joint à plusieurs mots de la langue pour signifier ce qui est sous quelque chose, sous quelqu'un, soit par la position, soit pour la qualité. On l'exprime alors en Anglois par *sub* ou par *under*: Comme *Sous-Doyen, Sub-dean*; *Sous-Gouverneur, Sub-Governor*, &c.

Sous-bail, f. m. *An under-lease.*

Sous-barbe de beaupré, *f. f.* *Bob-slay.*

Souscripteur, *f. m.* *Subscriber.*

Souscription, *f. f.* *Subscription, signature.*

Souscrire, *v. a.* *To subscribe or set one's hand.*

Sous-entendre, *v. a.* *To understand.* Cela se sous-entend, *that's understood.*

Sous-entendu, *ue, adj.* *Understood.*

Sous-entente, *f. f.* *Mental reservation.*

Souffigné, *ée, adj.* *Underwritten.*

Souffigner, *v. a.* *To sign, subscribe or set one's hand to.*

Sous-tirage. V. Soutirage.

Soustraction, *f. f.* *Subtraction; ♦ a drawing or taking away.* Soustraction d'obédience, *the withdrawing off obedience.*

Soustraire, *v. a.* *To draw, to take, to withdraw, to keep from, to purloin, to abridge.* ♦ (En Arithmétique,) *to subtract.*

Se soustraire, *v. r.* *de la puiffance paternelle, to forsake one's duty to a father.*

Soustrait, *aite, adj.* *Got away, purloined, &c. according to the verb.*

Soutane, *f. f.* *A cassock.*

Soutanelle, *subst. f.* *A short cassock.*

Soute, *f. f.* *The balance of an account; ♦ the bread-room in a ship.* Soute aux poudres, *powder-room.* Soute aux voiles, *the sail-room.*

Soutenable, *adj.* *Warrantable, maintainable.*

Soutenement, *f. m.* *Prop.*

Soutenir, *v. a.* *(porter, appuyer, supporter.) To sustain, to bear, hold or keep up, to uphold or support.*

* (Faire subsister,) *to keep up, maintain or support.*

♦ (Souffrir,) *to bear or endure.* ♦ (Fortifier,) *to sustain, strengthen, to fortify.*

Le vin soutient ou donne de la force, *wine sustains one or gives one strength.* ♦ Soutenir, *(affirmer,) to maintain, assert, justify or affirm.* * (Favo-

rifer,) *to countenance; assist or defend.*

Se soutenir, *v. r.* *To stand up or upon one's legs; ♦ to bear or keep one's self or itself up; ♦ to bear up against a scant wind or current.* * Sa voix ne se soutient pas, *his voice does not hold.*

Soutenu, *ue, adj.* *Born or kept up, &c. according to the verb.*

Souterrain, *aine, adj.* *Subterraneous, under ground.*

Soutien, *f. m.* *A stay or prop; ♦ support.*

Soutirage, *f. m.* *Racking.*

† Souvenance, *f. f.* *Remembrance.*

Souvenir, *f. m.* *Remembrance, memory.*

Souvenir, se souvenir, *v. r.* *To remember, to call to mind or have in memory.*

Se souvenir, *v. imperf. Es.* Il me souvient, *I remember.* Il lui souvient, *he remembers.*

Souvent, *adv.* *Often, oftentimes, frequently.*

Souverain, *aine, adj.* *Sovereign, supreme, chief, highest, excellent.* Le souverain bien, *the summum bonum or chief happiness.* ♦ Souverain, *(indépendant,) sovereign, absolute, supreme.*

Souverain, *f. m.* *A sovereign.*

Souverainement, *adv.* *Sovereignly, independently, absolutely; ♦ like a sovereign, magistrally; ♦ sovereignly, perfectly, excellently.* ♦ (Extrêmement,) *extremely, entirely.*

Souveraineté, *f. f.* *Sovereignty, supreme power; ♦ the dominions of a sovereign Prince.*

Soyeux, *euse, adj.* *Thick, speaking of a silk-stuffs; ♦ filken, soft, fine.*

Spacieusement, *adv.* *Widely, at large.*

Spacieux, *euse, adj.* *Spacious, broad, large, wide.*

Spadassin, *f. m.* *A bulky, a hector.*

Spadille, *f. m.* *Spadille.*

Spagorique, *f. m.* *(ou Méde-*

SPA

ein spagirikue, *adj.* *A spagirick or spagirical Doctor.*
 Spahi, *f. m.* *Spahi.*
 Spasme, *f. m.* *Spasm.*
 Spécial, *ale, adj.* *Special, particular, singular.*
 Spécialement, *adv.* *Specially, particularly, singularly.*
 Spécialité, *f. f.* *Specification, particular or special expression.*
 Spécieusement, *adverb.* *Speciously, plausibly.*
 Spécieux, *euse, adj.* *Specious, fair, plausible.*
 Spécification, *f. f.* *Specification or specifying.*
 Spécifié, *ée, adj.* *Specified, particularized, expressed.*
 Spécifier, *v. a.* *To specify or particularize.*
 Spécifique, *adj.* *Specific or specific, particular.*
 Spécifique ou remède spécifique, *f. m.* *A specific or specific remedy.*
 Spectacle, *f. m.* *Spectacle, a publick shew or fight, a pageant.*
 Spectateur, *f. m.* *Spectator, beholder or looker on.*
 Spectatrice, *f. f.* *A woman beholder.*
 Spectre, *subst. m.* *A spectre, phantom, ghost, spirit, apparition, vision.*
 Spéculeur, *f. m.* *Speculator, observer.*
 Spéculatif, *ive, adj.* *Speculative, contemplative.*
 Spéculatif, *f. m.* *A speculative man, a speculator.*
 Spéculation, *f. f.* *Speculation, contemplation; & theory.*
 Spéculer, *v. a.* *To speculate, contemplate, view or observe.*
 Spéculer sur quelque chose, *v. n.* *To speculate, contemplate or meditate upon a thing.*
 Spermatique, *adj.* *Spermatick, spermatical.*
 Sperme, *f. m.* *Sperm or seed.*
 Sphere, *f. f.* *Sphere.*
 Sphérique, *adj.* *Spherical, orbicular, round.*
 Sphériquement, *adv.* *Spherically, round.*
 Sphinx, *f. m.* *Sphinx.*
 Spiral, *ale, adj.* *Spiral.*

STA

Spiration, *f. f.* *Spiration.*
 Spiritualisation, *f. f.* *Spiritualization.*
 Spiritualisé, *ée, adj.* *Spiritualized, &c.*
 Spiritualiser, *v. a.* *To spiritualize, to change a body into spirits.*
 Spiritualité, *f. f.* *Spirituality.*
 Spirituel, *elle, adj.* *Spiritual, incorporeal; & witty, ingenious; & spiritual, godly.*
 Spirituel, *f. m.* *Ex. Le spirituel & le temporel d'une Eglise, the spiritualities and temporalities of a Church.*
 Spirituellement, *adv.* *Spiritually; & wittily, ingeniously.*
 Spiritueux, *euse, adj.* *Spirituous.*
 Splendeur, *f. f.* *Splendour, brightness; * glory; * magnificence, pomp.*
 Splendide, *adj.* *Splendid, glorious, magnificent, stately.*
 Splendidelement, *adv.* *Splendidly, gloriously, magnificently.*
 Splénique, *adj.* *Splenick.*
 Spoliation, *f. f.* *Spoliation, a spoiling.*
 Spolié, *ee, adj.* *Spoliated, &c.*
 Spolier, *v. a.* *To spoliare, spoil, bereave or strip one of a thing.*
 Spondaique, *adj.* *Ex. Vers spondaique, a spondaick verse.*
 Spondée, *f. m.* *Spondee.*
 Spongieux, *euse, adj.* *Spongieous or spongy.*
 Spontanée, *adj.* *Spontaneous, free, voluntary.*
 Spontanéité, *f. f.* *Spontaneity.*
 Sponton, *V.* *Esponçon.*
 Sporte, *f. f.* *A mendicant friar's basket.*
 Squelette, *f. m.* *Skeleton, anatomy.*
 Squille, *subst. f.* *Squill, sea-onion or sea-leek.*
 Squinancie, *V.* *Esquinancie.*
 Squirre, *f. m.* *Scirrhus.*
 Squirrel, *euse, adj.* *Scirrhous.*
 Stabilité, *subst. f.* *Firmness, strength; * stability, stability.*

STO 419

Stable, *adj.* *Firm, strong, solid.*
 Staété, *f. m.* *Stacte.*
 Stade, *f. m.* *A stade or a race; & a stade or furlong.*
 Stances, *f. f. pl.* *A stanza, an ode, a copy of verses.*
 Stance, *(au singulier,)* *a stanza or staff of verses.*
 Starie, *f. f.* *(terme de Commerce maritime.) Demurrage.*
 Statere, *f. f.* *A roman weight, a steel-yard.*
 Station, *f. f.* *Station, pause; & cruising, latitude.*
 Stationnaire, *adj.* *Stationary.*
 Statique, *f. f.* *Statics.*
 Statuaire, *f. m.* *A statuary; a carver or stone-cutter.*
 Statue, *f. f.* *A statue, a figure.*
 Statuer, *v. a.* *To ordain, decree or determine.*
 Stature, *f. f.* *Stature, pitch, size.*
 Statut, *subst. m.* *A statute or by-law.*
 Stellionat, *f. m.* *Stellionate.*
 Stellionataire, *f. m.* *He that is guilty of stellionate.*
 Stenté, *adj. m.* *Ex. Tableau stenté, a picture stiff, not free, that is not done with a free hand.*
 Stérile, *adj.* *Barren, unfruitful.*
 Stérilité, *f. f.* *Sterility, barrenness, unfruitfulness. & — de blé, scarcity of corn.*
 Sterling, *adj. m.* *& f. Sterling.*
 Sternutatoire, *f. m.* *Sternutatory, a sneezing powder.*
 Stigmates, *f. m. pl.* *Prints or marks.*
 Stile, &c. *V.* *Style, &c.*
 Stipulant, *ante, adj.* *Stipulating, covenanting.*
 Stipulation, *f. f.* *Stipulation, covenant, clause.*
 Stipulé, *ée, adj.* *Stipulated, &c.*
 Stipuler, *v. a.* *To stipulate, covenant or agree.*
 Stockfische, *subst. m.* *Stockfish.*
 Stoicien, *enne, adj.* *Stoical, severe, austere.*
 Stoicien, *f. m.* *A stoick, a Philosophur.*
 Stoïque, *adj.* *Stoical, unconcerned, insensible.*

Stomacal, *ale*, *adj.* *Cordial*, for the stomach.
 Stora^x, *f. m.* *Storax*.
 Store, *f. m.* *An umbrella* for a window.
 Strapassé, *ée*, *adj.* *Abused*.
 ‡ Strapasser, *v. a.* *To drub*, to bang, to thrash.
 Strapontin, *f. m.* *A stool* or *cricket*.
 Stratagème, *f. m.* *Stratagem*.
 Stribord, *f. m.* *Starboard*.
 Strophe, *f. f.* *Strophe*, stanza, a staff of verses.
 Structure, *f. f.* *Structure*, building, construction.
 Stuc, *f. m.* *Stucco* or *stucco*.
 Studieusement, *adverb.* *Studiously*.
 Studieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Studious* bookish.
 Stupéfaction, *subst. f.* *Stupefying*, *benumbing*.
 Stupéfié, *ée*, *adj.* *Stupefied*.
 Stupéfier, *v. a.* *to stupefy* or *benum*.
 Stupeur, *f. f.* *Stupor*, *numbness*.
 Stupide, *adj.* (*hébété*.) *Stupid*, *blockish*, *dull*.
 Stupide, *f. m.* *A blockhead*, a dunce, a loggerhead.
 Stupidement, *adv.* *Stupidly*, *blockishly*, *dully*.
 Stupidité, *subst. f.* *Stupidity*, *dullness*, *blockishness*.
 Style, *f. m.* *A style* or *pin*.
 ♦ Style d'un cadran, the pin, cock or the needle of a dial. * Style, way, humour.
 Stylé, *ée*, *adj.* *Used*, &c.
 Styler, *v. a.* *To train* or *bring up*; to use or accustom.
 Stylet, *f. m.* *Stiletto*.
 Styptique, *adj.* *Styptic*.
 Su, *part. of savoir*. *Known*.
 Suaire, *f. m.* *Winding-sheet*.
 Suant, *ante*, *adj.* *Sweating*, in a sweat.
 Suave, *adj.* *Sweet*.
 Suavité, *f. f.* *Suavity*, *sweetness*.
 Subalterne, *adj.* *Subaltern*, *subordinate*, *inferior*. Les subalternes, the subalterns, the inferior Judges or Officers.
 Subdélégation, *f. f.* *Subdelegation*.
 Subdélégué, *ée*, *adj.* *Subdelegat*, *substituted*.

Subdélégué, *f. m.* *A subdelegat* or *deputy*.
 Subdéléguer, *v. a.* *To subdelegat* or *substitute*.
 Subdivisé, *ée*, *adj.* *Subdivided*.
 Subdiviser, *v. a.* *To subdivide*.
 Se subdiviser, *v. r.* *To be subdivided*.
 Subdivision, *f. f.* *Subdivision*.
 Subhastation, *f. f.* *Port-sale*, *open sale*, *subhastation*.
 Subi, *ie*, *adj.* *Undergone*, &c. *V.* *Subir*.
 Subjonctif, *adj. m.* *Subjunctive*. Le mode subjonctif, ou le subjonctif, the subjunctive mood or the subjunctive.
 Subir, *v. a.* *To undergo*, to suffer.
 Subit, *ite*, *adj.* *Sudden*, *unthought of*, *unlooked for*.
 Subitement, *adv.* *Suddenly*.
 Subjugué, *ée*, *adj.* *Subjugated*, *subdued*.
 Subjuguer, *v. a.* *To subjugate*, *subdue* or *conquer*; to bring under.
 Sublimation, *f. f.* *Sublimating*.
 Sublime, *adj.* *Sublime*, *lofty*, *high*, *great*. Le sublime, the sublime, the lofty style.
 Sublimé, *éc*, *adj.* *Sublimated*.
 Sublimé, *f. m.* *Sublimate*.
 Sublimier, *v. a.* *To sublimate*.
 Sublimité, *f. f.* *Sublimity*, *loftiness*, *greatness*.
 Sublunaire, *adj.* *Sublunary*.
 Submergé, *ée*, *adj.* *Drowned*, *sunk*, &c.
 Submerger, *v. a.* *To drown*, to put under water, to sink.
 Submerçon, *f. f.* *Submerçon*, *inundation*, *drowning*.
 Subordination, *f. f.* *Subordination*, *dependence*.
 Subordonné, *ée*, *adj.* *Subordinated* or *subordinate*.
 Subordonnement, *adv.* *Subordinately*.
 Subordonner, *v. a.* *To subordinate*, to set under another.
 Subornation, *f. f.* *A suborning* or *subornation*.
 Suborné, *ée*, *adj.* *Suborned*, &c.
 Suborner, *v. a.* *To suborn* or *debauch*; to corrupt, to draw in.

Suborneur, *f. m.* *Suborneuse*, *f. f.* *A suborner*.
 Subréco^t, *f. m.* *New reckoning*.
 Subreptice, *adj.* *Subreptitious*, got by stealth.
 Subreption, *f. f.* *Subreption*.
 Subrogation, *f. f.* *Subrogation*, *surrogation* or *substitution*.
 Subrogé, *ée*, *adj.* *Subrogated* or *surrogated*, *substituted*, *deputed*.
 Subroger, *v. a.* *To surrogate*, to substitute, *depute* or *appoint*.
 Subséquentement, *adv.* *Subsequently* or *after*.
 Subséquent, *ente*, *adj.* *Subsequent*, *next*, *following*, *coming after*.
 Subside, *f. m.* *Subsidy*, *aid*.
 Subsidaire, *adj.* *Subsidiary*, *auxiliary*.
 Subsidairement, *adv.* *Subsidiarily*.
 Subsistance, *f. f.* *Subsistence*, *sustenance*.
 Subsister, *v. n.* *To subsist*, to exist, stand, or be; to continue, to have a being; ♦ to be in force.
 Substance, *f. f.* *A substance*.
 Substantiel, *elle*, *adj.* *Substantial*.
 Substantiellement, *adv.* *Substantially*.
 Substantif, *adj. m.* *Ex.* Un nom substantif, ou un substantif, *f. m.* *A substantive* or a noun substantive.
 Substantivement, *adv.* *Substantively*.
 Substitué, *ée*, *adj.* *Substituted*, &c.
 Substituer, *v. a.* *To substitute*, to surrogate; ♦ to entail.
 Substitut, *f. m.* *A substitute*.
 Substitution, *subst. fem.* *An entail*.
 Subterfuge, *f. m.* *Subterfuge*, *shift*, *evasion*, *escape*.
 Subtil, *ile*, *adj.* *Subtle*, *thin*, *fine*. * (Aigu,) keen, sharp, quick; * sharp, cunning, ready.
 Subtilement, *adv.* *Subtly*, *cunningly*.
 Subtilisation, *f. f.* *Subtilisation*.
 Subtiliser, *v. a.* *To subtilize*.

SUB

Subtiliser, *v. n.* To subtilize, to use subtilties.
 Subtilité, *f. f.* Subtlety, craft, a subtle trick or cunning fetch.
 Subvenir à, *v. n.* To relieve, help, assist or supply.
 Subvention, *f. f.* Supply, aid, subsidy.
 Subversion, *f. f.* Subversion, ruin, overthrow.
 Subvertir, *v. a.* To subvert, ruin or overthrow.
 Suc, *f. m.* Moisture, juice, gravy.
 Succéder à, *v. n.* To succeed, to come next or after. ♦
 Succéder, (réussir,) to succeed or prosper.
 Succès, *f. m.* Success, issue, event; ♦ success, prosperity, good luck.
 Successeur, *f. m.* Successor.
 Succéssif, *ive, adj.* Successive, succedaneous.
 Succession, *f. f.* Succession.
 Succéssivement, *adv.* Successively, one after another.
 Succin, *f. m.* Amber.
 Succinct, *inste, adj.* Succinct, short, brief.
 Succinctement, *adv.* Briefly, succinctly.
 Suction, *f. f.* Sucking.
 Succomber, *v. n.* To fall or sink; * to fall, to yield, to be worsted.
 Succulent, *ente, adj.* Juicy, full of gravy.
 Sucé, *ée, adj.* Sucked.
 Sucer, *v. a.* To suck.
 Suçon, *f. m.* A red spot made on the skin by sucking it.
 Sucre, *f. m.* Sugar.
 Sucré, *ée, adj.* Sugared, sweet.
 Sucrer, *v. a.* To sugar, to sweeten with sugar.
 Sucrierie, *f. f.* Sugar-house.
 Sucrieries, *f. f. pl.* (confitures.) Sweet things, things done with sugar, sweetmeats.
 Sucrier, *f. m.* A sugar-box.
 Sucrin, *adj. m. Ex.* Melon sucrin, a sugar or luscious melon.
 Sud, *f. m.* South. ♦ Faire ou courir le Sud, to sail southward.
 Sud-est, *f. m.* South-east.
 Sudorifique, *adj.* Sudorific.

SUD

Sudorifique, *f. m.* A sudorific.
 Sud-ouest, *f. m.* South-west.
 † Suée, *f. f.* Ex. Il a eu la suée, he has been frightened, he even sweated for fear.
 Suer, *v. n.* To sweat, to be in a sweat.
 Suer, *v. act. Ex.* Suer sang & eau, to sweat blood and water.
 Sueur, *f. f.* Sweat or sweating; * labour, toil.
 Suffire, *v. n.* To suffice, to be sufficient or enough. ♦
 Suffire, (contenter,) to suffice, satisfy or content.
 Il suffit, *v. imp.* It suffices, it is sufficient or enough.
 Suffisamment, *adv.* Sufficiently, enough, well enough, abundantly.
 Suffisance, *f. f.* Sufficiency, that which is enough, competency; ♦ ability, capacity; ♦ pride, vanity, conceit, presumption.
 Suffisant, *ante, adj.* Sufficient, enough, able; ♦ arrogant, proud, haughty, conceited.
 Suffisant, *f. m.* A proud man, a proud or conceited coxcomb.
 Suffocant, *ante, adj.* Suffocating, choking, stifling.
 Suffocation, *f. f.* Suffocation, stoppage, stifling, choking or smothering.
 Suffoqué, *ée, adj.* Stifled, choaked, smothered or suffocated.
 Suffoquer, *v. a.* To stifle, choak, suffocate.
 Suffragant, *adj. m. Ex.* Evêque suffragant, ou Suffragant, *f. m.* A suffragan Bishop; ♦ a suffragan.
 Suffrage, *f. m.* Vote, voice, suffrage; ♦ approbation, commendation.
 Suffumigation, *f. f.* Suffumigation.
 Suffusion, *f. f.* Suffusion.
 Suggéré, *ée, adj.* Suggested, prompted.
 Suggérer, *v. a.* To suggest or prompt, to put upon.
 Suggestion, *f. f.* Suggestion, sollicitation, persuasion, a prompting.
 Suie, *f. f.* Soot.
 Sujet, *ette, adj.* (obligé à.) Subject, obliged, bound,

SUL 441

liable, ♦ subject, in subjection; ♦ subject, apt, inclinable.
 Sujet, *ette, f. m. & f.* A subject or vassal.
 Sujet, *f. m.* (cause.) Occasion, motive, cause, reason or matter. ♦ Un bon sujet, (une personne capable,) a person fit for an employment.
 Sujétion, *f. f.* Subjection, slavery, dependance.
 Suif, *f. m.* Tallow.
 Suint, *f. m.* Suint de laine; the filth, greasiness or oiliness of sheep's wool, before it be washed.
 Suinter, *v. n.* To run out, to sweat, drop or give. Ce vaisseau suinte, that vessel runs. L'eau qui suinte du mur, the water that sweats or drops from the wall. Ce rocher suinte, that rock gives.
 Suisse, *f. m.* A swiss or switzer; ♦ a porter, in a great man's house.
 Suite, *f. f.* (train.) Retinue, train, attendance, attendants. ♦ Suite, (ordre,) series, order, succession, sequel. ♦ (Conséquence,) sequel, consequence, what follows; ♦ coherency.
 De suite, *adv.* Together, one after another.
 En suite, *adv. & prép.* Next, next to that, after, after that, afterwards.
 Suivant, *ante, adj. & f.* (from suivre.) Next, following. ♦ Une Demoiselle suivante, a waiting Gentlewoman. Un Gentilhomme suivant, a Gentleman waiter.
 Suivant, *prép.* According, agreeably, pursuant to.
 Suivant que, *conj.* As, according as.
 Suiver, *v. a.* To pay. Ex. Suivre un vaisseau, to grave or pay a ship.
 Suivi, *ie, adj.* Followed, &c.
 Suivre, *v. a.* To follow, to go or come after; ♦ to go after, to pursue. ♦ Suivre un chemin, to go one way.
 Sulfureux, *euse, adj.* Sulphureous, full of brimstone, like brimstone.

Sultan, *f. m.* *Sultan*, the Grand Seigneur.
 Sultane, *f. f.* *Sultane*.
 ‡ Superbe, *f. f.* *Pride*, arrogance, haughtiness.
 Superbe, *adj.* Proud, haughty, stately, arrogant; ♦ stately, magnificence, rich.
 Superbement, *adv.* Proudly, haughtily, arrogantly, stately; ♦ sumptuously, costily, magnificently, nobly, richly.
 Supercherie, *f. f.* A cheat, a trick, a fraud.
 Superfétation, *f. f.* Superfétation.
 Superficie, *f. f.* Superficies, surface, the outside.
 Superficiel, *adj.* Superficial, outward.
 Superficiellement, *adv.* Superficially, in a superficial manner.
 Superfin, *adj. m.* Ex. Trait superfin, a superfine wire.
 Superflu, *ue, adj.* Superfluous, over-much, enough and to spare; ♦ superfluous, idle, unnecessary.
 Superflu, *f. m.* Superfluity, over-plus.
 Superfluité, *f. f.* Superfluity, over-plus, more than needs, excess.
 Supérieur, *eure, adj.* Superior, upper or uppermost.
 Supérieur, *eure, f.* A superior, one of our betters.
 Supérieurement, *adv.* Better.
 Supériorité, *f. f.* Superiority, pre-eminence.
 Superlatif, *adj. m.* Ex. Le degré superlatif ou le superlatif, *f. m.* The superlative degree. * † Au degré superlatif, superlatively or in the highest degree.
 Superlativement, *adv.* Superlatively.
 ‡ Superfédér, *v. n.* aux poursuites, to supercede or demur the proceedings.
 Superstitieusement, *adv.* Superstitiously.
 Superstitieux, *euse, adj.* Superstitious.
 Un superstitieux, une superstitieuse, *subst.* A superstitious man or woman, a bigot.
 Superstition, *f. f.* Superstition.

Supin, *f. m.* (terme de Grammaire.) *Supine*.
 Supplanté, *ée, adj.* Supplanted, undermined, &c.
 Supplanter, *v. a.* To supplant or undermine.
 Supplée, *ée, adj.* Supplied, or made up, &c.
 Suppléer, *v. a.* To supply or make up.
 Suppléer à, *v. n.* To supply; to make up or recompense.
 Supplément, *f. m.* Addition, supplement.
 Suppliant, *ante, adj.* Suppliant, humble.
 Suppliant, *f. m.* Suppliante, *f. f.* A petitioner, a suppliant.
 Supplication, *f. f.* Supplication or prayer, humble petition or suit.
 Supplice, *f. m.* Punishment.
 * Supplice, (douleur,) torment, pain.
 Supplicié, *ée, adj.* Executed.
 Supplicier, *v. a.* To execute.
 Supplié, *ée, adj.* Begged, prayed, intreated, &c.
 Supplier, *v. a.* To beg, humbly to beg, intreat, pray or supplicate.
 Supplique, *f. f.* A petition.
 Support, *f. m.* Support; help, assistance, protection, defence.
 Supportable, *adj.* Sufferable, tolerable.
 Supportablement, *adv.* Tolerably well, pretty well.
 Supporté, *ée, adj.* Suffered, &c. *V.* Supporter.
 Supporter, *v. a.* To suffer, bear, bear with or endure; ♦ to bear up, to prop up.
 Supposé, *ée, adj.* Supposed, &c. *V.* the verb. ♦ Supposé, (faux,) supposed, counterfeit, false, supposititious.
 Supposer, *v. a.* To suppose or grant, to take granted, to put case; ♦ to pretend a false thing.
 Supposition, *f. f.* Supposition, supposal; ♦ the supposing, forging or counterfeiting; ♦ a forgery.
 Suppositoire, *f. m.* A suppository.
 Suppôt, *f. m.* An agent. Ex. Le Diable & tous les sup-

pôts, the devil and all hisimps or agents.
 Suppression, *f. f.* Suppression or suppression.
 Supprimé, *ée, adj.* Suppressed, &c.
 Supprimer, *v. a.* To suppress or put down.
 Suppuratif, *ive, adj.* Suppurative.
 Suppuration, *f. f.* Suppuration, mattering.
 Suppurer, *v. n.* To suppurate or run with matter, to matter.
 Supputation, *f. f.* Supputation, or rather computation.
 Supputé, *ée, adj.* Computed, reckoned, cast up.
 Supputer, *v. a.* To compute, reckon or cast up.
 Supralapsaire, *adj.* & *subst.* (terme de Théologie.) Supralapsarian.
 Suprématie, *f. f.* Supremacy.
 Suprême, *adj.* Supreme, sovereign, highest.
 Sur, *prep.* On, upon, over; ♦ upon, by, near. Avoir ou porter sur soi, to have or carry about one. Us sont en différent sur un seul point, they differ only in one point. ♦ Sur ma part de paradis, as I hope to be saved. ♦ Sur, (environ, vers, durant,) upon, about, towards. ♦ Je me réglerai sur son exemple, I shall regulate myself by his example. ♦ Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand a tip-toe. ♦ Sur le champ, straight, presently, out of hand.
 Sûr, *ûre, adj.* Sure, certain.
 Surabondamment, *adv.* Superabundantly, more than enough, excessively.
 Surabondance, *f. f.* Superabundance, excess, superfluity.
 Surabondant, *ante, adj.* Superabundant, excessive, superfluous.
 Surabonder, *v. n.* To superabund, to predominate.
 Suracheter, *v. a.* To buy too dear, to over-pay.
 Surannation, *f. f.* Surannation, a growing out of date.
 Suranné, *ée, adj.* Surannated, grown out of date; ♦ antiquated.

SUR

Suranner, *v. n.* Laisser suranner, to let the time elapse.
Surarbitre, *f. m.* An umpire.
Surbande, *f. f.* A fillet.
Surcharge, *f. f.* A new and additional charge, burden or load.
Surchargé, *ée*, *adj.* Overcharged, &c.
Surcharger, *v. a.* To overcharge, to oppress. *♣* Surcharger un vaisseau, to overload a ship.
Surcroit, *f. m.* Increase, addition, overplus.
Surcroître, *v. n.* To grow out, as an excrescence.
Surdent, *f. f.* Gag-teeth. Surdents de cheval, wolves-teeth.
Surdité, *f. f.* Deafness.
Surdoré, *ée*, *adj.* Double gilt.
Sureau, *f. m.* Elder-tree, elder.
Surement, *adv.* Surely, certainly.
Surenchère, *f. f.* An out-bidding or enhancing the price.
Surenchérir, *v. a.* To out-bid or enhance the price.
Surrogation, *f. f.* Supererogation.
Surrogatoire, *adj.* Supererogatory.
Suret, *ete*, *adj.* Sourish, a little sour.
Sureté, *f. fém.* Safety, security.
Surface, *f. f.* Surface, superficies.
Surfaire, *v. a.* To exact, to ask too much.
Surfaix, *f. m.* A surcingle or long girth.
Surgeon, *f. m.* A sucker, shoot or sprig.
† Surgir, *v. n.* au port on à bon port, to come to land; to land.
Surhaussé, *ée*, *adj.* Over-rated, raised.
Surhaussement, *f. m.* An overrating.
Surhausser, *v. a.* To over-rate, to raise the price too high.
Surjet, *f. m.* A whip, an over-casting.
Surjeté, *ée*, *adj.* Whipped, over-cast.
Surjeter, *v. a.* To whip, to over-cast.

SUR

Surintendance, *f. f.* Superintendency, the place or office of a superintendant.
Surintendant, *f. m.* A Superintendant, a chief overseer or surveyor.
Surintendante, *f. f.* The Superintendant's wife.
Surlier un cordage, *v. a.* To make a lashing to the sag-end of a rope.
Surlonge, *f. f.* (piece de bœuf.) Surloin of beef.
Surmené, *ée*, *adj.* Foundered.
Surmener, *v. a.* To founder, to over-ride.
Surmonté, *ée*, *adj.* Surmounted, over-come, &c.
Surmonter, *v. a.* To go over, to overwhelm. * (Surpasser,) to surmount, to go beyond, to excell, to pass, to outdo.
Surmoût, *f. m.* Must, new wort.
Surnager, *v. n.* To swim over, on or upon.
Surnaturel, *elle*, *adj.* Supernatural.
Surnaturellement, *adv.* Supernaturally.
Surnom, *f. m.* A surname.
Surnommé, *ée*, *adj.* Surnamed.
Surnommer, *v. a.* To surname or give a surname.
Surnuméraire, *adj.* Supernumerary.
Suros, *f. m.* Splent.
Surpassé, *ée*, *adj.* Surpassed, exceeded, excelled.
Surpasser, *v. a.* To go over, to over-top. * (Exceller,) to go beyond, exceed or excel.
Surpayer, *v. a.* To over-pay.
Surpeau, *f. f.* The epidermis, the upper skin.
Surplis, *f. m.* A surplice.
Surplus, *f. m.* Overplus or remainder.
Au surplus, *adv.* Further-more, for the rest.
Surprenant, *ante*, *adj.* Surprising, wonderful.
Surprendre, *v. a.* To surprise; *♣* to take unawares; *♣* to intercept. *♣* (Etonner,) to surprise, amaze or astonish. *♣* (Tromper,) to abuse, deceive, overreach or impose upon.

SUR 445

Surpris, *ise*, *adj.* Surprised; &c. according to the verb.
Surprise, *f. f.* Surprise or surprising; *♣* an oversight, error or mistake; *♣* a cheat, fraud, deceit, trick.
Surpaut, *f. m.* Surprise, a sudden surprise.
Surpéance, *f. f.* A demurrer, a stop put to the proceedings.
Surpemer, *v. a.* To sow over again.
Surseoir, *v. a.* To supersede, suspend, demur, put off or stop.
Suris, *ise*, *adj.* (from surseoir.) Superseded, put off, stop.
Suris, *subst. m.* Demurrer, delay.
Surtaux, *f. m.* Over-assessment.
Surtaxé, *ée*, *adj.* Over-rated, over-assessed.
Surtaxer, *v. a.* To over-rate or over-assess.
Surtout, *f. m.* A surtout, an upper-coat.
Survécu, *V.* Survivre.
Surveillant, *f. m.* Inspector, overseer, overlooker.
Survaille, *f. f.* The day before the eve.
Surveiller à ou sur, *v. n.* To inspect, oversee or overlook, to have an eye upon, to watch.
Survenant, *ante*, *f.* That comes in by chance, a chance-guest.
Survendre, *v. a.* To sell too dear, to exact, to over-rate.
Survendu, *ue*, *adj.* Sold too dear, &c.
Survenir, *v. n.* To come in unlooked for.
Survente, *f. f.* An over-rate, an excessive rate.
Surventer, *v. n.* To overblow or to blow a storm.
Survvenu, *ue*, *adj.* (from survenir.) Come, come upon or come in unlooked for, &c.
Survie, *f. f.* Survivance, outliving.
Survivance, *f. f.* Survivorship or reversion.
Survivancier, *f. m.* He that has got a reversion or survivorship.
Survivant, *ante*, *f.* Survivor.

444 SUR

Survivre, *v. n. & aët.* To survive or outlive.
 Sus, *interj.* Up, come. Sus, sus, come on, come away.
 Sus, *prép.* (sur.) Ex. Courir sus à quelqu'un, to fall upon one.
 Susceptible, *adj.* Susceptible, capable, apt to take an impression.
 Susception, *f. f.* des Ordres sacrés, the taking up or going into holy orders.
 Sufcitation, *f. f.* Sollicitation, motion, instigation, persuasion.
 Sufcité, *ée, adj.* Raised.
 Sufciter, *v. a.* To raise, to raise up, to create.
 Suscription, *f. f.* Supercription, direction.
 Susdit, *ite, adj.* Aforesaid.
 Suferain, *V.* Suzerain.
 Suspect, *eëte, adj.* Suspicious, suspected.
 Suspendre, *v. a.* To hang up, to hang. * (Surseoir,) to suspend, put off or stop, to delay or stay.
 Suspendu, *ue, adj.* Hanged up, &c.
 Suspend, *adj. m.* Ex. Prêtre suspendu, a Priest suspended.
 En suspens, *adv.* In suspense, in doubt, at a bay, in a quandary.
 Suspension, *f. f.* Suspension.
 Suspension, *f. f.* Suspension, cessation.
 Suspendoire, *f. m.* A truss, bag, bandage.
 Suspicion, *f. f.* (soupon.) Suspicion.
 Sustentation, *f. f.* Sustentation.
 Sustenté, *ée, adj.* Sustained, &c.
 Susterter, *v. a.* To sustain, maintain, feed or keep.
 Suture, *f. f.* Ex. Les sutures du crâne, the sutures of the cranium.
 Suzerain, *aine, adj.* Ex. Seigneur Suzerain, Lord paramount.
 Sybille, *V.* Sibylle.
 Sycomore, *f. m.* The sycomore-tree.
 Syllabe, *f. f.* A syllable.
 Syllabique, *adj.* Syllabical.
 Syllotisme, *subst. m.* A syllotism.

SYM

Sylvain, *f. m.* Sylvanus, a God of the woods.
 Symbole, *f. m.* Symbol, sign or token.
 Symbolique, *adj.* Symbolical.
 Symboliser, *v. n.* To symbolize, to concur.
 Symétrie, *f. f.* Symmetry, a due proportion of parts; & uniformity.
 Sympathie, *f. f.* Sympathy.
 Sympathique, *adj.* Sympathetic or sympathetical.
 Sympathiser, *v. n.* To sympathize.
 Symphonie, *f. f.* Symphony, harmony.
 Symphoniste, *f. m.* Symphonist.
 Symptomatique, *adj.* Symptomatic or symptomatical.
 Symptôme, *f. m.* A symptom.
 Synagogue, *f. f.* A synagogue.
 Syncope, *f. f.* Syncope; & syncopation, in music; & syncope, a swoon.
 Syndérese, *f. f.* A prick or sting of conscience; a synderesis.
 Syndic, *f. m.* A syndic.
 Syndical, *ale, adj.* Syndical.
 Syndicat, *f. m.* Syndicate, syndicism.
 Synecdoque, *f. f.* Synecdoche.
 Synodal, *ale, adj.* Synodal.
 Synodalement, *adv.* In a synod or convocation.
 Synode, *f. m.* A synod or convocation.
 Synodique, *adj.* Synodical.
 Synonyme, *adj.* Synonymous, of the same signification.
 Synonyme, *f. m.* A synonyma.
 Syntaxe, *f. f.* Syntax, construction.
 Synthese, *f. f.* Synthesis.
 Syrop, *V.* Sirop.
 Syrtes, *f. m. pl.* A quick-sand or shelf; syrtes.
 Système, *f. m.* A system, an hypothesis.

T

TA, au plur. Tes, *pron. possessif.* Thy.
 Tabac, *f. m.* Tobacco. & Tabac en poudre, snuff raised.
 Tabagie, *f. f.* A smoking room; & a set of smokers.
 Tabatiere, *f. f.* A snuff-box.
 Tabarin, *f. m.* A jack-pudding.

TAC

Tabellion, *f. m.* A tabellion, Notary or scrivener.
 Tabellionage, *f. m.* A tabellion's or Notary's place or office.
 Tabernacle, *f. m.* A tabernacle.
 Tabide, *adj.* Tabid.
 Tabis, *f. m.* Tabby.
 Tabisé, *ée, adj.* Tabby-like.
 Tabiser, *v. a.* To make tabby-like.
 Tablature, *f. f.* Tablature.
 Table, *f. f.* Table, board.
 & Table de cuisine, a dresser. & Tables, (pour jouer au trictrac,) men, to play at tables. & Toutes tables, (forte de jeu,) tables. & Table de loc, a toy-board.
 Tableau, *f. m.* A picture.
 † Tabler, *v. n.* To set or play one's men at tables. * † Vous pouvez tabler (ou compter) là-dessus, you may depend upon it.
 Tabletier, *f. m.* A toy-maz.
 Tablettere, *subst. f.* A toy-woman, one that keeps a toy-shop.
 Tablette, *f. f.* A shelf; & lozange, a physical lozange.
 Tablettes, *f. f. pl.* A tab-book or pocket-book. * † Vous êtes sur mes tablettes, I have you in my books, I remember you.
 Tabletterie, *f. f.* Toys.
 † Tablier, *subst. m.* A board for chess; & an apron. & Tablier des voiles, tabling in the middle of a top-sail.
 Tabouret, *f. m.* Stool, a low stool.
 Tac, *f. m.* The rot, among sheep.
 Tacet, *f. m.* Ex. Faire le tacet, (en Musique,) to make a pause, in music.
 Tache, *f. f.* Stain, spot or blot. & Tache de rouilleur, a freckle. * Tache, (c'est, faut,) blur, blemish, dirt.
 Tâche, *f. f.* A task.
 Taché, *ée, adj.* (tali, &c.) Stained, spotted, &c.
 Tacher, *v. aët.* To stain or spot, to dirty; * to dirt.
 Tâcher, *v. n.* To endeavour, to strive, to labour, to attempt, to strain.
 Tacheté, *ée, adj.* Speckled, spotted.

TAC

Tacheter, *v. a.* To speckle or spot.
Tachygraphie, *f. f.* Tachygraphy, short-hand.
Tacite, *adj.* Tacit, not expressed, implicit, silent.
Tacitement, *adv.* Tacitly, implicitly.
Taciturne, *adj.* Silent, of few words, reserved.
Taciturnité, *f. fém.* Taciturnity, silent humour, silence.
Tact, *f. m.* The feeling.
Tactile, *adj.* Tactile, that may be touched.
Taction, *f. f.* Taction, a touching or feeling.
Tactique, *f. f.* Tactics, military discipline.
Taffetas, *f. m.* Taffety, silk.
Taffetas lustré, *lustré* or *lustring*, *alamode*.
Taie, *f. f.* A pearl or web in the eye. ♦ **Taie d'oreiller**, a pillow-beer.
Taillable, *adj.* Liable to the land-tax or poll-tax.
Taillade, *f. f.* Slash, gash, cut.
Tailladé, *ée*, *adj.* Slashed, cut.
Taillader, *v. a.* To slash or cut.
Taillanderie, *subst. f.* Iron-ware.
Taillandier, *f. m.* An iron-monger.
Taillant, *f. m.* Edge.
Taille, *f. f.* Edge; ♦ cutting or cut. ♦ **Pierre de taille**, free-stone. ♦ **Taille**, a tally; ♦ **fiè**, pitch or stature; ♦ **shape**, waist. ♦ (Imposition de deniers,) tax or subsidy. **Taille personnelle**, poll-tax or poll-money. ♦ **Taille**, (partie de Musique,) the tenor, in musick. **Basse-taille**, counter-tenor.
Taille-mer, *f. m.* The lowest part of a ship's cut water.
Taillé, *ée*, *adj.* Cut, &c. *V. Tailler.* ♦ **Vaisseau taillé** de l'avant, a vessel built with a sharp bow.
Tailler, *v. a.* To cut, to cut out. ♦ **Tailler une plume**, to make a pen.
Tailleur, *f. m.* A taylor.
Taillis, *adj. masc.* Ex. Bois taillis ou **Taillis**, *subst. m.*

TAI

Coppice-wood or **copse**, a coppice or under-wood.
Tailloir, *f. m.* A trencher.
Taillon, *f. m.* A sort of land-tax or poll-tax.
Tain, *f. m.* A tin-plate.
Taire, *v. a.* To conceal, to keep close or secret. **Faire taire**, to command or impose silence, to stop one's mouth, to silence him.
Taire, *se taire*, *v. r.* To hold one's tongue, one's peace or one's prating; ♦ to be quiet or still, to be hush.
Taillon, *f. m.* A badger.
Talc, *f. m.* Talc, a transparent stone.
Talé, *f. m.* The veil used by the Jews in their Synagogues.
Talent, *f. m.* Talent.
Talinguer, *v. a.* To bend the cable.
Talion, *f. m.* Retaliation, like for like.
Talisman, *f. m.* Talisman.
Talismanique, *adj.* Talismanick.
Talismaniste, *f. m.* Talismanist.
Talmouse, *f. f.* A cheese-cake.
Talmud, *f. m.* Talmud or thalmud.
Talmudiste, *f. m.* A talmudist.
† Taloché, *f. f.* A rap, a cuff.
Talon, *subst. m.* The heel. ♦ **Talon de la quille**, heel. ♦ **Talon**, (au jeu des cartes,) the stock at cards.
Talonné, *ée*, *adj.* Kicked. *V. the verb.*
† Talonner, *v. a.* To urge or press hard.
Talonnieres, *f. f. pl.* Les talonnieres de **Mercury**, the winged shoes of Mercury. ♦ **Talonnieres de Moines**, heel-pieces which are tied over the instep of a Monk.
Talus, *subst. m.* Slopeness, shelving.
Taluter, *v. a.* To make sloping or shelving.
Tamarin, *f. m.* Tamarind, a sort of Indian fruit.
Tamaris ou Tamarisc, *f. m.* Tamarisk, a shrub.
Tambour, *f. m.* A drum;

TAN 445

♦ **a drummer.** ♦ **Tambour** de basque, a tabor. ♦ **Tambour**, (pièce d'une montre,) the barrel of a watch. ♦ (En menuiserie,) a tambour. ♦ **Tambour de l'éperon**, wash boards under the cheeks.
Tambourin, *f. m.* Timbrel, sambarine.
Tambouriner, *v. n.* To drum.
Tambourineur, *f. m.* Drummer, tabourer.
Tamis, *f. m.* A searce or sieve.
Tamisé, *ée*, *adj.* Boltsed, searced, sifted.
Tamiser, *v. a.* To bolt, searce or sift.
Tamiser, *v. n.* La barre tamise, the tiller shakes.
Tampon, *subst. m.* Bung or stopple. ♦ **Tampons d'écubiers**, haufe plugs.
Tamponné, *ée*, *adj.* Bunged, stopped.
Tamponner, *v. a.* To bung or stop.
Tan, *f. m.* The bark small beaten of a young oak, wherewith leather is tanned.
† Tancer, *v. a.* To check, to rebuke.
Tanche, *f. f.* A tench.
Tandis que, *prép.* Whilst, as long as, so long as.
Tangage, *f. m.* Pitching.
Tangente, *f. f.* A tangent or a tangent-line.
Tanguer, *v. n.* To pitch or sond.
Taniere, *f. f.* Hole, a lurking hole, a den.
Tanne, *f. f.* A little black spot on the face.
Tanné, *ée*, *adj.* Taned; ♦ tawny, dun, dark.
Tanner, *v. a.* To tan.
Tannerie, *f. f.* A tan-house.
Tanneur, *f. m.* A tanner.
Tant, *adv.* de quantité indéf. So many, as many, so much, as much. ♦ **Nous sommes tant à tant**, we are even, we are five, fix, seven, &c. all, speaking of games. ♦ **Tous tant que nous sommes**, every one of us. † **Tant y a que**, however. ♦ **Tant petits que grands**, both small and great. ♦ **Tant plus que**

446 T A N

moins, (à peu près, environ,) *thereabouts, more or less.* ♦ Tant (ou aussi loin) que, *as far or so far as.* ♦ (A tel point,) *so much, so, to that degree.* ♦ Tant plein que vide, *full or empty.* Tant bon que mauvais, *good and bad together.*
 Tante, *f. f. Aunt.*
 Tantôt, *adv. (quelquefois.) sometimes, now and then, one while, another while.* ♦ Tantôt, (tout à l'heure,) *anon, by and by, presently, forthwith.* ♦ Tantôt, (presque,) *even, almost.*
 Taon, *pron. Ton, f. m. An ox-fly or dun-fly, a breeze or gad-fly.* Taon marin, *the sea-breeze.*
 Tapabor, *subst. m. A riding-cap.*
 † Tapage, *subst. m. Racket, noise.*
 † Tape, *f. f. A tap, pat or flap.*
 Tapeçu, *f. m. A sort of falling-gate.* ♦ A sort of ring-tail or driver.
 Tapé, *éc, adj. Rapped, slapped, struck, &c.* ♦ Canon tapé, *a cannon with its tompon on.*
 † Taper, *v. act. To rap, slap or strike.* ♦ Taper ses cheveux, *to fringe one's hair.*
 Taper du pied, *v. n. To stamp with one's foot.*
 Tapi, *ie, adj. Squat.*
 Tapinois, *en tapinois, adv. Secretly, cunningly, covertly.*
 Tapir, *se tapir, verb. récip. To squat or lie squat, to crouch.*
 Tapis, *f. m. A carpet.* ♦ Un tapis vert, *a green or a grass-plot.* ♦ Tenir quelqu'un sur le tapis, *to bring one upon the stage.* * Amuser le tapis, *to trifle, to say nothing to the purpose.*
 Tapissé, *éc, adj. Hung, furnished with hangings.*
 Tapissier, *v. act. To hang or furnish with hangings.*
 Tapiserie, *f. f. Hangings, a suit of hangings; ♦ tapestry.*
 Tapissier, *f. m. A tapestry-maker; ♦ an upholsterer.*

T A Q

Tapissière, *f. f. An upholsterer's wife; ♦ a tapestry-maker.*
 † Tapon, *f. m. A bundle.*
 Taquets, *f. m. pl. (Terme de mer,) cleats, kewels and wedges.*
 Taquin, *ine, adj. Niggardly, penurious, sordid, covetous, stingy.* Un taquin, *a niggardly man, a close-fisted, covetous or penurious man, a miser.*
 † Taquinement, *adv. Niggardly, penuriously, sordidly.*
 Taquinerie, *subst. f. Penuriousness, sordidness, niggardliness, covetousness.*
 Tarabusté, *éc, adj. Plagued, &c.*
 † Tarabuster, *v. a. To pester, to plague or tease.*
 Tarantule, *f. f. V. Tarentule.*
 † Tarare, *int. A fiddle-stick.*
 Tard, *adv. Late.*
 Tard, *f. m. Ex. Sur le tard, late in the evening.* Il se fait tard, *it grows late.*
 Tarder, *v. n. To tarry or stay; to put off, - to delay, to linger; ♦ to tarry, stay or dally, to loiter.*
 Tarder, *v. imp. To long, to think long.* Il me tarde que cela soit fait, *I long to have it done.*
 Tardif, *ive, adj. Tardy, late, slow, lingering; ♦ backward, that comes late.* Fruits tardifs, *backward fruits.*
 Tare, *f. f. (déchet.) Tare and tret, waste of goods.* * Tare, (défaut,) *blemish, defect, fault.*
 Tarentule, *f. f. Tarantula, a venomous spider.*
 Targe, *subst. f. Target, a shield.*
 Targette, *subst. f. A sort of little bolt.*
 † Targuer, *se targuer, v. r. To pretend to, to stand upon, to be proud of.*
 Tari, *ie, adj. Dried up, drained.*
 Tarière, *f. f. An auger or wimble.*
 Tarif, *f. m. A custom-book, a book of rates, a tariff.*

T A U

Tarir, *v. a. To drain or dry up.*
 Tarir, *v. n. To dry up or to be dried up.*
 Tarissement, *f. m. The draining or drying up.*
 Tarot, *f. m. (ou Bassion.) Voy. Bassion.* ♦ Tarots, (sorte de cartes,) *a sort of checkered cards to play withal.*
 Taroté, *éc, adj. Ex. Cartes tarotées, cards checkered on the back.*
 Tartane, *f. f. A tartan.*
 Tartare, *f. m. (Le langage des Tartares.) Tartar, the Tartarian speech or language.*
 Tartareux, *euse, adj. Tartareous.*
 Tartarisé, *éc, adj. Refused or pursued by the sale of tartar.*
 Tartarifier, *v. a. To tartarise, to refine or purify by the sale of tartar.*
 Tarte, *f. f. A tart.*
 Tartelette, *subst. f. A little tart.*
 Tartre, *f. m. Tartar, argal, hard lees.*
 Tartufe, *f. m. An hypocrite.*
 Tas, *f. m. A heap.* * Tas, (multitude de gens,) *a company, knot.*
 Tasse, *f. f. A bowl or drinking cup.*
 Tasseau, *f. m. A little arvil; ♦ a bracket.*
 Tassée, *f. f. A bowl or cup full.*
 Tasser, *v. a. To heap up.*
 Tassette, *f. f. Tass. Ex. Tassettes de cuirasse, the tassels of a cuirass.*
 Tâté, *éc, adj. Felt, &c.*
 Tâter, *v. a. (toucher, manier) To feel.* Tâter le pavé, *to demur, to boggle, to be at shall I, to go about the bush.*
 Tâtonner, *v. n. To feel in the dark; * to grope along, to grope or feel one's way; * to boggle, to demur, to be irresolute.*
 A tâtons, *adv. Gropping or groping along in the dark.*
 Tavaiole, *subst. f. A child's mantle.*
 Taudis, *f. m. A little petty house or room.*

TAV

Tavelé, ée, *adj.* Spotted, speckled.
 Taveler, *v. a.* To spot or speckle.
 Tavelure, *subst. f.* Spots or speckles.
 Taverne, *f. f.* Tavern.
 Tavernier, *f. m.* A vintner or tavern-man.
 Tavernière, *f. f.* A vintner's wife, a tavern-woman.
 Taupe, *f. f.* A mole.
 Tauper, *V.* Toper.
 Taupier, *f. m.* A mole-catcher.
 Taupière, *f. f.* A mole-trap.
 Taupinière, *f. f.* A mole-hill.
 Taure, *f. f.* An heifer.
 Taureau, *f. m.* A bull; ♦ Taurus, a celestial sign.
 Tautologie, *f. f.* Tautology, needless repetition.
 Tautologique, *adj.* Tautological.
 Taux, *f. m.* Rate, price or affixe.
 Taxations, *f. f. pl.* Poundage, fees.
 Taxe, *f. f.* A set rate or price, affixe. ♦ Taxe, (imposition,) a tax or assessment. ♦ (Sur un Traitant,) a tax or fine.
 Taxé, ée, *adj.* Rated, &c.
 Taxer, *v. a.* To rate or set a rate upon, to settle the price; ♦ to tax, to lay a tax upon, to assess; ♦ to fine. * (Censurer,) to tax, charge or accuse.
 Te, *cas oblique de Tu. Thee.*
 V. Tu.
 Technique, *adj.* Technical, artificial.
 Te-deum, *f. m.* Te-Deum. Chanter le Te-Deum, to sing Te-Deum.
 † Teignasse, *f. f.* A rusty wig or a nasty head of hair.
 Teigne, *f. f.* Scurf, scall on the head; ♦ a moth.
 Teignerie, *f. f.* An hospital for those that are troubled with the scurf.
 Teigneux, euse, *adj.* Scurfy, troubled with the scurf.
 Teille, *f. f.* The rind of hemp or flax.
 Teillé, ée, *adj.* Peeled.
 Teiller, *v. a.* To peel hemp or flax.
 Teindre, *v. a.* To die or colour; ♦ to stain.

TEI

Teint, einte, *adj.* Dyed or died, &c.
 Teint, *f. m.* Complexion, the colour of one's face.
 Teint, *f. m.* Die.
 Teinte, *f. f.* Teint, tint, colour. Demi-teinte, mezzo-tinto.
 Teinture, *f. f.* A dying or tincture; ♦ a dye, hue or colour. * (Connoissance superficielle,) tincture, a smattering; * impression, habit.
 Teinturier, *f. m.* A dyer.
 Teinturière, *subst. f.* A dyer's wife or widow.
 Tel, telle, *adj.* Such, like. ♦ † Tel quel, so so, indifferent, mean.
 Telescope, *f. m.* A telescope or prospective-glass.
 Tellement, *adv.* So, in such a manner. ♦ Tellement qu'ellement, so so, indifferent, pretty well.
 Tellement que, *conj.* So that, in such a manner that.
 Téméraire, *adj.* Rash, bold, fool-hardy, inconsiderate.
 Téméraire, *f.* A rash man or woman.
 Témérement, *adv.* Rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, headlong, at random.
 Témérité, *f. f.* Rashness, temerity, fool-hardiness.
 Témoignage, *f. m.* Testimony, report; ♦ testimony, witness, evidence, deposition. ♦ (Preuve,) testimony, proof, token, mark, sign. ♦ (Attestation,) a certificate or testimonial.
 Témoigner, *v. a.* To testify, shew, demonstrate, express, make known; ♦ to depose or give in one's evidence.
 Témoigné, ée, *adj.* Testified, &c. V. the verb.
 Témoin, *f. m.* A witness, an evidence, a deponent. ♦ Dieu m'en est témoin, God knows I speak the truth.
 Temple, *f. f.* The temple.
 Tempérament, *f. m.* Temper, constitution; * a temperament, medium, mean, modification.
 Tempérance, *f. f.* Temperance.
 Tempérant, ante, *adj.* Temperate, sober,

TEM 447

Température, *f. f.* Temperature.
 Tempéré, ée, *adj.* Tempered, allayed, &c. ♦ Tempéré, temperate, neither too hot nor too cold, in a good temper; * temperate, sober, moderate.
 Tempérer, *v. a.* To temper, allay, qualify, moderate or abate.
 Tempête, *f. m.* A tempest or storm. * (Trouble, sédition,) storm, commotion, sedition, trouble.
 † Tempêter, *v. n.* To storm, bluster or keep a heavy noise, to rage.
 Temple, *f. m.* A temple or church.
 Templier, *f. m.* A templar, a knight-templar.
 Temporalité, *f. f.* d'un Evêché, the temporalities of a bishoprick.
 Temporel, elle, *adj.* Temporal, temporal.
 Temporel, *f. m.* (les biens temporels de l'Eglise.) The temporalities of the Church.
 Temporellement, *adv.* For a time; ♦ temporally.
 Temporisement, *f. m.* Lingering, prolonging of time, delay or delaying.
 Temporiser, *verb. neut.* To linger, delay or spin out time.
 Temporisateur, *f. m.* A lingerer or prolonger of time, a temporizer.
 Temps, *f. m.* (la durée des choses.) Time. ♦ (Délai,) time, delay. ♦ (Loisir,) time, leisure. ♦ (Occasion propre,) time, season, opportunity, occasion. ♦ (Age, siècle,) time, age, days. ♦ (Disposition de l'air,) weather. Temps fait, (terme de mer,) settled weather. * † Hauffer le temps, to fuddle; to sipple or drink hard. ♦ Les Quatre-temps, the four ember-weeks.
 A temps, *adv.* (à propos.) In time, oportunitly, seasonably, at the time appointed.
 De temps en temps, *adv.* Now and then, sometimes, from time to time.

448 T E N

De tout temps, *adv.* *At all times, ever.* ♦ Depuis le temps, (*ou depuis,*) *since.*
Tenable, *adj.* (*from tenir.*) *Tenable.*
Tenace, *adj.* *Viscous, clammy, sticky, tough; * tenacious, niggardly, covetous.*
Ténacité, *f. f.* (*viscosité.*) *Tenacity, viscosity.* (Avarice,) tenacity, niggardliness.*
Tenaïlle, *f. f.* *Tenaïlle, a kind of outwork in fortification.*
Tenaïlle, *subst. f.* *Pincers or nippers.*
Tenaillé, *ée, adjct.* *Whose flesh is pinched or torn off with red hot pincers.*
Tenailler, *v. a.* *To pinch or tear off the flesh with red hot pincers.*
Tenancier, *ere, f.* *Tenant.*
Tenant, *ante, adj.* (*from tenir.*) *Holding.*
Tenant, *adj.* *Holdfast, covetous, penurious or clost-fisted.*
Tenant, *f. m.* *A supporter.*
Tendant, *ante, adj.* *Tending, driving; that has a tendency.*
Tendelet, *f. m.* *An awning.*
Tendon, *f. m.* *Tendon.*
Tendre, *v. a.* *To bend.* ♦
Tendre les chaînes d'une ville, to chain the streets.
♦ Tendre un piège, to lay a snare. ♦ *Tendre*, (*présenter en avançant,*) *to stretch out, to reach, to hold forth.*
Tendre, *v. n.* *To go; * to tend, to have a tendency; to drive or aim at.*
Tendre, *adjct.* *Tender, soft.* ♦ *Pain tendre, soft or new bread.* Tendre, (sensible à l'amour,) tender, sensible.* (Propre à inspirer de l'amour,) soft, moving.*
† Tendre, *f. m.* *Tenderness or mighty fancy for.*
Tendrement, *adv.* *Tenderly, heartily.*
Tendresse, *f. f.* *Tenderness, sensibility; ♦ tenderness, love, passion, affection.*
Tendron, *f. m.* *A tendrel or little gristle; ♦ young shoot or sprig. † Un jeune tendron, (une jeune fille,)*

T E N

a young virgin, a young lass.
Tendu, *ue, adj.* (*from tendre.*) *Bent, &c. V. the verb.*
Ténébres, *f. f. pl.* *Darkness, the dark; ♦ tenebres, a service so called in the Romish Church.*
Ténébreux, *euse, adj.* *Tenebrous, dark, gloomy, obscure.*
Ténement, *f. m.* *Tenement.*
Ténéisme, *f. m.* *Tenismus, a vain desire of going to stool.*
Tenette, *f. f.* *A pincer.*
Teneur, *un Teneur de livres, f. m.* *A book-keeper.*
Teneur, *f. f.* *Tenor, content.*
Tenir, *v. a.* *To hold or take hold of; ♦ to hold, to have, to be possessed of.* ♦ *Tenir un enfant sur les fonts de baptême, to stand godfather or godmother to a child.* ♦ *Tenir le vent, to keep the cuff, to work to windward.* ♦ *Tenir le large, to keep off.* *Tenir la mer, to keep the sea.*
Tenir de quelqu'un, *v. n.* *To hold of one.* Tenir quelque chose (l'avoir apprise) de quelqu'un, to have a thing from one.* ♦ *Ils tiennent cela de race, it runs in their blood.* ♦ *Qu'a-t-il? qu'est-ce qui le tient? what's the matter with him?* ♦ *Tenir*, (*occuper,*) *to take up, to keep.* ♦ (*En parlant des assemblées,*) *to hold or keep.* ♦ (*Entretenir, avoir,*) *to keep, entertain or have.* ♦ (*Réprimer,*) *to hold, to keep in.* ♦ (*Occuper pendant quelque temps,*) *to keep, to take up or detain.* ♦ (*Estimer, croire,*) *to hold, to count, to account, to believe, to look upon, to take.* ♦ *Se le tenir pour dit, to expect a thing.* Tenir, (suivre,) to hold or follow.* Tenir la main ou l'œil à quelque chose, to take care of a thing, to look to it or to see it done. Cessez de tenir ce langage, forbear those expressions.* ♦ *Faire tenir, (envoyer,) to send, re-*

T E N

turn or convey. ♦ *Tenir compte d'une somme, to allow a sum in an account.*
Tenir, *v. n.* *To hold, to hold fast, to be fast, to be fastened, to stick.* Tenir à quelqu'un, to be tied to one.* ♦ *Tenez, voilà ce que je vous dois, here, take what I owe you.* Tenir, (se dit aussi des considérations, des obstacles,) to stick, to be the matter, to hinder, to be long of.* Tenez bon, tenez ferme, (ne vous relâchez pas,) stick to it.* ♦ *Tenir, (être compris,) to hold.* ♦ *En tenir, (être attrapé,) to be caught.*
Tenir, *se tenir, v. r.* *To take or lay hold, to hold fast.* ♦ *Se tenir, (loger,) to live, dwell or lodge.* ♦ *Se tenir (s'empêcher) de faire quelque chose, to hold or forbear doing of a thing.* ♦ *Tenez-vous, (demeurez en repos,) be quiet.* ♦ *Se tenir, (être joint,) to lie close together, to stick together, to hand one upon another.*
Tenon, *f. m.* *Tenon.* ♦ (*Scion tendre de vigne, &c.*) *a string of a vine, &c.* ♦ *Tenon de l'étambord, the tenon of the stern-post.*
Tension, *f. f.* *A tension or bending.*
Tenant, *ante, adjct.* *Temp-ting.*
Tentateur, *adj. m.* *Ex. L'esprit tentateur, ou le Tentateur, f. m. The tempter, the devil.*
Tentation, *f. f.* *A temptation.*
Tentative, *subst. f.* *Attempt, trial, effort.*
Tente, *f. f.* (*from Tendre.*) *A tent.* ♦ *Tente de gaillard, quarter-deck awning.* *Tente de dunette, the poop awning.*
Tenté, *ée, adjct.* *Tempted, &c. V. the verb.*
Tenter, *v. a.* *To tempt; ♦ to invite; ♦ to try or at-tempt.*
Tenture, *f. f.* *A suit of hangings.*
Tenu, *ue, adj.* (*from Tenir.*) *Held, kept, &c. V. the verb.*
♦ Tenu,

T E N

❖ **Tenu**, (obligé à faire quelque chose,) *bound, obliged.*
Ténu, ue, *adj.* (mince.) *Tenuous, thin, slender.*
Tenue, *f. f.* *Sitting or session*; ❖ *tenuis*, a greek consonant without aspiration.
 * Le temps n'a point de tenue, (il est variable,) *the weather is unsettled.* ❖ Fonds de bonne tenue, a good anchoring ground.
Ténuité, *f. f.* *Tenuity, thinness.*
Tenure, *f. f.* *Tenure*, manner of holding a tenement, lands or houses, of the head land-lord.
Téorbe, *f. m.* *Theorbe.*
Tercet, *f. m.* *Tiercet*, a staff of three verses.
Térébenthine, *f. f.* *Turpentine.*
Térébinthe, *f. m.* *The turpentine-tree.*
Tergette, *V.* *Targette.*
Tergiversation, *f. f.* *Tergiversation*, a shuffling or finching.
Tergiverfer, *v. n.* *To shuffle or finch*, to dodge, to use fetches, to shift.
Terme, *f. m.* (fin, borne.) *Term*, bound, end, goal. ❖ (Temps préfix,) *time or term of time, day.* ❖ (Loyer,) *rent*. Une femme qui est à terme, (ou près d'accoucher,) *a woman near her time.* ❖ Terme, (parole, mot,) *term, word, expression.* ❖ Vous dites de bonnes choses, mais en mauvais termes, *you speak good things, but express them ill.* ❖ Terme, (le Dieu des bornes,) *Terminus.*
Terminaison, *f. f.* *Termination or ending of a word.*
Terminé, ée, *adj.* *Terminated, bounded, limited, &c.* *V.* *Terminer.*
Terminer, *v. act.* *To terminate, bound or limit*, to set bounds to; ❖ to end, determine or decide.
Se terminer, *v. r.* *To end or come to an end*; ❖ or terminate, speaking of a word.
Ternaire, *adj. m.* *Ex.* *Le*

T E R

nombre ternaire, ternion or ternary.
Terne, *adj.* *Dull, tarnished.*
Ternes, *f. m.* *Two treys.*
Terni, ie, *adj.* *Tarnished, dull.*
Ternir, *v. act.* *To dull, to tarnish.*
Se ternir, *v. r.* *To tarnish, to grow dull.*
Ternissure, *f. f.* *Tarnishing, dulling.*
Terrain, *f. m.* *Ground, soil.*
Terrasse, *f. f.* *A terrace or terrafs - walk*; ❖ a terrafs or flat roof.
Terrassé, ée, *adj.* *Thrown, thrown down, &c.*
Terrasser, *v. a.* *To throw or fling down, to throw on the ground.* * (Consterner,) *to cast or pull down, to discourage.*
Terrassier, *f. m.* *A terrafs-maker.*
Terre, *f. f.* *Earth, ground, land.* *P.* *Tant que terre nous pourra porter, as far as we can go.* * L'homme n'est que terre ou qu'un ver de terre, *man is but dust or clay.* ❖ Vaisselle de terre, *earthen ware.* *Terre*, (fonds d'un héritage,) *estate, land.* ❖ *Terre*, (côte,) *coast or sea-coast, the shore.* ❖ Donner du nez en terre, *to fall upon one's face.* * *Terre*, (les habitants de la terre, le monde,) *earth, the world, men, every body.* * La terre, (les plaisirs de la vie présente,) *the earth, the world.*
A terre, *adv.* *A-shore.* ❖ (ou Echoué,) *a-ground or a-shore.* ❖ Aller terre à terre, *to coast or sail along shore.*
Terrau, *f. m.* *Mould.*
Terrein, *V.* *Terrain.*
Terre-neuvier, *f. m.* *A banker.*
Terre-plein, *f. m.* *A platform of earth.*
Terrer, se terrer, *v. r.* *To earth one's self.*
Terrestre, *adj.* *Terrestrial, earthly.*
Terreur, *f. f.* *Terror, consternation, a great fear or fright.*

T E T 449

Terreux, euse, *adj.* *Earthy.*
Terrible, *adj.* *Terrible, dreadful, fearful, dismal.*
Terriblement, *adv.* *Terribly.*
Terrien, (grand,) *f. m.* *One that has a vast estate in land, a landed man.*
Terrier, *f. m.* *A burrow, a kennel.*
Terrier, *f. m.* (ou papier terrier, *adj.*) *Terrier, a register of lands.*
Terrine, *subst. f.* *An earthen pan.*
 † **Terrinée**, *f. f.* *An earthen pan full.*
Terrir, *v. n.* *To lay one's eggs on earth*; ❖ to land.
Territoire, *f. m.* *Territory, Jurisdiction.*
Terroir, *f. m.* *Ground, soil.*
Tertre, *f. m.* *A hill or little hill.*
Tes, the plural of *Ton*, and *Ta*. *Thy.*
Testacée, *adj.* *Testaceous.*
Testament, *f. m.* *Testament, will.*
Testamentaire, *adj.* *Ex.* *Disposition testamentaire, a disposition by will.*
Testateur, *f. m.* *Testator.*
Testatrice, *f. f.* *Testatrix.*
Tester, *v. n.* *To make one's will.*
Testicule, *f. m.* *Testicle or stone.*
Testimonial, ale, *adj.* *Testimonial.* Lettres testimoniales, *a testimonial.*
Téton, *f. m.* *Tester, an old silver-coin.*
 † **Tétonner**, *v. a.* (friser, accommoder les cheveux.) *To frizzle the hair.*
 † **Têt**, *f. m.* *A scull*; ❖ *potshead.*
Tétard, *f. m.* *Bull-head.*
Tetasse, *subst. f.* *A swagging breast or dug.*
Tête, *f. f.* *H:ad.* * (Vie,) ** head, neck, life.* * (Une personne,) *head, a person, a man.* * *Tête*, (l'esprit, l'imagination, la fantaisie,) † *head, pate, noddle, brains, fancy.* * Avoir de la tête, (du sens ou du jugement,) *to have sense, judgment or discretion.* ❖ Une belle tête, (ou chevelure,) *a fine head of*

hair. ♣ Tête des mâts, the head of the masts. ♣ Tête de bordages, a butt. ♣ Faire tête, to stem the wind after a ship has cast her anchor.

Tête à tête, adv. Face to face, cheek by jowl.

Tête pour tête, adv. Full-but, face to face.

Tête à tête, f. m. A private conversation between two.

Teter, v. a. To suck.

Têtière, f. f. The headstall of a bridle; ♣ a stay-band for a new-born child. ♣ — d'une voile, the head of a sail.

Tetin, f. m. (le bout de la mamelle des hommes & des femmes.) The nipple.

Tetine, f. f. (pis d'une vache.) An udder or teat.

Teton, f. m. Breast, a woman's breast.

Tétragone, adj. Tetragonal, quadrangular.

Tétrarque, f. m. Tetrarch.

Tette, f. f. The teat or dug.

Têtu, ue, adj. (from tête.) Headstrong, obstinate, stubborn.

Teutonique, adj. Teutonic.

Texte, f. m. Text.

Thé, f. m. Tea.

Théatins, f. m. pl. Theatins, a sort of Religious Order.

Théatral, ale, adj. Theatral.

Théâtre, f. m. Stage, theatre, play-house. ♣ Piece de théâtre, a play.

Theme, f. m. An exercise; ♣ a theme or text.

Théocratie, f. f. Theocracy.

Théocratique, adj. Theocratical.

Théogonie, f. f. Theogony.

Théologal, ale, adj. Divine.

Théologal, f. m. A Doctor of Divinity, Prebend of Cathedral, Theologist.

Théologale, f. f. The prebend of the theologist, the theologueship.

Théologie, f. f. Divinity or Theology.

Théologien, f. m. A Divine or Theologian.

Théologique, adj. Theological.

Théologiquement, adv. Theologically.

Théoreme, f. m. Theorem.

Théorie, f. f. Theory, speculation.

Théorique, adj. Theoretical, theorick, speculative.

Thérapeutique, f. f. Therapeutic, the art of curing diseases.

Thériacal, ale, adj. Theriacal.

Thériaque, f. f. Treacle.

Thermes, f. m. pl. Hot baths.

Thermometre, f. m. Thermometer, a weather-glass.

Thésauriser, v. n. To treasure up.

Thèse, f. f. Thesis; ♣ a disputation.

Thon, f. m. Tunny, a fish.

Throne, V. Trône.

Thuriféraire, f. m. A thuriferary.

Thym, f. m. Thyme, an herb.

Thyrse, f. m. Thyrsé.

Tiare, f. f. Tiara, a round ornament for the head.

Tic, f. m. Tick.

Tiété, ée, adj. Speckled.

Tiede, adj. Lukewarm.

Tiédement, adv. Coldly, with indifference.

Tièdeur, f. f. Lukewarmness.

Tiédir, v. n. To cool, to grow lukewarm.

Tien, tienne, pronom possessif. Thine, thy own.

Tien, f. m. Thy own.

Tiercé, ée, adj. (from Tiercer.) Tertiated.

Tierce, f. f. Tierce, one of the canonical hours; ♣ a tierce, third, in music.

Tiercelet, f. m. Tassel, tiercel or tercel, the male of a hawk.

Tiercement, f. m. Tertiating.

Tiercer, v. n. To tertiate.

Tierçon, f. m. A tierce a sort of cask and measure.

Tiers, tierce, adj. Third. ♣ Fievre tierce, a tertian ague.

Tiers, f. m. A third person. ♣ Tiers, third part. ♣ Voile à tiers point, a triangular sail.

Tige, f. f. Stalk, blade or shank of a plant; ♣ the trunk or body of a tree.

♣ La tige (ou jambe) d'une botte, the leg of a boot.

♣ La tige d'un chandelier,

the shank of a candlestick.

* Tige, (race,) flock, head of a house or family.

Tigre, f. m. A tiger.

Tigresse, f. f. A tigress.

Tillac, f. m. Deck. ♣ Franc tillac, gun-deck.

Tilleul, f. m. A linden-tree.

Timbale, f. f. A kettledrum;

♣ a battledor.

Timbalier, f. m. A kettledrummer.

Timbre, f. m. Bell, a clock-bell; ♣ the stamp upon paper and parchment.

Timbré, ée, adj. Crested, &c. V. Timbre.

Timbrer, v. a. To crest.

Timide, adj. Fearful, timorous, bashful.

Timidement, adv. Timorously, fearfully.

Timidité, f. f. Fear, timorousness, bashfulness.

Timon, f. m. The beam of a cart or wain; ♣ the helm of a ship.

Timonnier, f. m. Steersman, timoneer, helmsman.

Timoré, ée, adj. Timorous, fearful, scrupulous.

Timpan, V. Tympan, and its derivatives accordingly.

Tine ou plutôt Tinette, f. f. An open tub.

Tinmes, tins, tint, tîntes, tîntent, V. Tenir.

† Tintamarre, f. m. A noise, a thundering noise, a bustle or hurly-burly.

Tintement, f. m. The ringing of a bell.

Tinter, v. a. une cloche, To toll a bell.

Tinter, v. a. To tingle or jingle.

† Tintouin, f. m. A tingling or noise in one's ears.

Tique, f. f. Tick.

Tiquer, v. n. Ex. Un cheval qui tique, (ou qui a le tic,) a horse that has got the tick.

Tirade, f. f. Ex. Une longue tirade de paroles, a long train of words.

Tout d'une tirade, adv. (tout de suite.) Of a stretch, without intermission, all at once.

Tirage, f. m. Pulling, drawing.

TIR

Tirillé, ée, adj. *Pulled or haled about.*
Tiraillement, f. m. *Pulling and hating about.*
Tirailleur, v. act. *To pull or hale about.*
Tirailleur, v. n. *To shoot.*
Tirant, f. m. *A boot-strap; ♦ purse-string; ♦ a slip of parchment to tie papers with.*
Tirant d'eau, draught of water.
Tirasse, f. f. *A net.*
Tirasser, v. a. ou n. *To catch with a net.*
Tire, f. f. *Ex. Tout d'une tire, all at once, all together, without any stop.*
Tiré, ée, adj. (*from Tirer.*) *Drawn, &c. according to the verb.*
Tire-botte, f. m. *A boot-strap.*
Tire-bouchon, f. m. *A screw.*
Tire-bourre, f. m. *A worm to unload a gun.*
Tire-bouton, f. m. *A buttoner.*
Tire-clou, subst. m. *A nail-drawer.*
Tire-d'aile, f. m. *A quick jerk of the wings.*
A tire-d'aile, adv. *Ex. Voler à tire-d'aile, to fly swift.*
Tire-fond, f. m. *A cooper's surret; ♦ a Surgeon's terebra or piercer.*
Tire-larigot, f. m. *Ex. Boire à tire-larigot, to drink hand to fist.*
Tire-ligne, f. m. *A drawing pen.*
Tire-lire, f. f. *Christmas-box.*
Tire-pied, f. m. *A shoe-maker's stirrup.*
Tire-plomb, f. m. *A glazier's vice.*
Tirer, v. a. *To draw, pull, tug, pluck or tug. ♦ (Obtenir,) to get or obtain. * (Extraire, puiser,) to draw, to extract, to pick or get; ♦ to squeeze out. ♦ (Peindre,) to draw one, to draw one's picture. ♦ (Imprimer,) to draw or print, to work it off, to print it. ♦ Tirer le vin de la lie, to rack wine. ♦ Tirer, (étendre,) to pull out, so stretch. ♦ Vaisseau qui*

TIT

tire vingt pieds d'eau à l'arrière, a ship which draws twenty feet of water abaft.
Tirer, v. n. & a. *To shoot off, to let off, to discharge.*
Tirer, v. n. (*en parlant des armes à feu.*) *To go off, to shoot or play.*
Tirer, v. n. (*s'acheminer.*) *To go. ♦ Tirer fur, (avoir quelque rapport,) to incline to.*
Se tirer, v. r. (*sortir.*) *To get out or off.*
Tiret, f. m. *A slip of parchment; ♦ a division.*
Tiretaine, f. f. *Linsay-woolsey stuff.*
Tire-veille, f. f. *A ladder-rope or man-rope.*
Tireur, f. m. *Shooter. ♦ Un tireur d'arc, an archer; † ♦ Tireur d'armes, a fencing-master.*
Tiroir, f. m. *A drawer.*
Tisane, f. f. *Barley-water, diet-drink.*
Tison, subst. m. *Brand, fire-brand. ♦ Les tisons, the fire.*
Tisonner, v. n. *To poke the fire.*
Tisonneur, euse, f. *One that loves to poke.*
Tissé, ée, adj. *Laid.*
Tisser, v. a. *To weave.*
Tisserand, f. m. *A weaver, a cloth-weaver.*
Tissu, ue, adj. *Woven.*
Tissu, f. m. *Tissue.*
Tissure, f. f. *A weaving or texture; the web or weft.*
Tissutier, f. m. *A ribbon-weaver.*
† Tistre, v. a. *To weave.*
Tithymale, f. m. *Tithymal.*
Titillation, f. f. *Titillation, tickling.*
Titre, f. m. *The title; ♦ a title; ♦ standard of the coin.*
A titre, adv. *Under colour, under the pretence.*
Titré, ée, adj. *Honourable, that as a title of honour.*
Titulaire, adj. *Titular.*
Titulaire, f. m. *An incumbent.*
Tocin, subst. m. *Alarm, an alarm-bell.*
Toi, cas oblique du pronom

TOM 451

Tu, thou, thee, thy, thyself.
Toile, subst. f. *Cloth, linen-cloth. ♦ (Rideau devant un théâtre,) the curtain. ♦ Toiles, (ou filets,) toils or hay.*
Toilé, f. m. *The ground of a lace.*
Toilerie, f. f. *Linen-cloth.*
Toilette, f. f. *A toilet.*
Toise, f. f. *A measure containing six foot in length; a fathom.*
Toisé, ée, adj. *Measured by the fathom.*
Toisé, f. m. *Measure or the measuring the brick-work or joiner's work of a house.*
Toiser, v. a. *To measure with a fathom.*
Toiseur, f. m. *Measurer.*
Toison, f. f. *Fleece. L'ordre de la toison d'or, the order of the golden fleece.*
Toit, f. m. *The top of a house, the roof; ♦ a hog-fly.*
Tôle, f. f. *Iron-plates.*
Tolérable, adj. *Tolerable.*
Tolérance, f. f. *Toleration.*
Tolérant, ante, adj. *One who is for toleration.*
Toléré, ée, adj. *Tolerated.*
Tolérer, v. act. *To tolerate or connive at.*
Tollets, f. m. pl. (*terme de mer.*) *Tholes.*
Tolletieres, f. f. pl. *Rowlocks.*
Tombe, f. f. *A tomb-stone; a tomb or grave.*
Tombé, ée, adj. *Fallen or fallen, &c. V. Tomber.*
Tombeau, f. m. (*monument.*) *Tomb, monument; * grave, sepulchre.*
Tomber, v. n. *To fall or tumble, to get a fall or tumble, to drop. * Tomber en faute, dans le crime ou dans le péché, (commettre une faute, &c.) to fall into a sin. * Tomber, (pécher,) to fall or sin. * Tomber d'accord que, to agree, consists, own or grant that. * Tomber, (échoir,) to fall, to come, to light. * (Déchoir,) to fall, to sink, to lower, to decay.*
Tomberneau, f. m. *Tumbrel, a dung-cart or the like.*

452 TOM

Tome, *f. m.* Tome, volume or part.

Ton, ta, au pluriel, tes, pron. Thy, thine.

Ton, *f. m.* Tune, voice. Parler d'un ton fier ou d'un ton réfolu, to speak boldly or confidently, to talk big. ♣ Ton, (ou son,) sound; ♣ tune or note.

Tondeur, *f. m.* A shearer; ♣ a shear-man or cloth-worker; ♣ a barber.

Tondre, *v. a.* To shear; † to cut one's hair.

Tondu, ue, adj. Shorn. Ex. Une brebis tondue, a shorn sheep. * † Il n'y a qu'un tondu & un pelé, there's nothing but rag-rag and bob-tail.

Tonnant; ante, adj. Thundering.

Tonne, *f. f.* A tun.

Tonneau, *f. m.* Cask or vessel; ♣ a tun.

Tonneller, *v. a.* To tunnel.

Tonneleur, *f. m.* One that takes partridges with a tunnel.

Tonnellier, *f. m.* A cooper.

Tonnelle, *f. f.* A tunnel; ♣ an arbour.

Tonnellerie, *f. f.* Cooperage.

Tonner, *v. n.* & imp. To thunder. Il tonne, it thunders.

Tonnerre, *f. m.* The thunder, a rumbling in the clouds; ♣ the thunder-bolt. Frappé du tonnerre, he was thunder-struck.

Tonsure, *f. f.* Tonsure.

Tonsuré, adj. m. Shaven, as a popish clergyman. Un Tonsuré, one with a shaven crown, a shaveling.

Tonsurer, *v. a.* To shave one's crown.

Tonte, subst. *f.* Shearing; ♣ shearing time.

Tontine, *f. f.* Annuities on survivorship.

Tonture, subst. *f.* Shearing or wool. ♣ Tonture des ponts, sheer of a ship's deck. ♣ Tonture des baux, the convexity of a ship's beams.

Tonturé, adj. m. Vaisseau fort tonturé, a ship built with a great sheer.

Topaze, *f. f.* Topaze, a precious stone.

TOR

Toper, *v. n.* To agree or consent to. Tope ou je tope, done, I agree to it. Je tope par-tout, I am at all.

Topinambour, *f. m.* Potatoes.

Topique, adj. & *f. f.* A topical remedy.

Topiques, *f. m. pl.* Topicks.

Topographie, subst. *f.* Topography.

Topographique, adj. Topographical.

Toque, *f. f.* A cap or bonnet.

Toquet, *f. m.* A sort of cap.

Torche, *f. f.* A torch or taper.

Torché, ée, adj. Wiped.

Torche-cul, *f. m.* Bumfucker.

Torcher, *v. a.* To wipe, to make or rub clean.

Torchere, *f. f.* A high stand.

Torchis, *f. m.* Mud. Muraille de torchis, mud-wall.

Torçon, *f. m.* A rubber, a dusting clout; ♣ a dish-clout; ♣ a wisp of straw.

Tordeur, *f. m.* Tordeuse, *f. f.* A twister of wool.

Tordre, *v. a.* To twist, wrest, wring, wrish or throw; to wind about.

Tordu, ue, adj. Twisted, wrung, wrested, &c.

Tore, *f. m.* Torus, a round member in the base of a pillar.

Tormentille, *f. f.* Tormentil or setfoil.

Toron, subst. *m.* Strand of a rope.

Torpille, *f. f.* The cramp-fish.

† Torquet, *f. m.* Ex. Donner un torquet à quelqu'un, to put a sham upon one.

Torquette, subst. *f.* A certain quantity of fish wrapped up in straw.

Torrent, *f. m.* Torrent.

Torride, adj. *f.* Torrid.

Tors, torse ou torte, adj. Twisted, &c. *V.* the verb.

Tors d'un cordage, subst. *m.* Twisting of a rope.

Torse, *f. f.* The trunk of a figure.

Tort, *f. m.* Wrong, injury; ♣ wrong, fault or blame.

Tout le monde lui donne le tort, every body lays the fault upon him or lays the blame at his door. ♣ Mettre quelqu'un dans son tort, (lui faire une offre qu'il

TOU

ait tort de ne pas accepter,) to make one such fair offers that the fault may be on his side, if he does not accept of them.

A tort, adv. Wrongfully. A tort & à travers ou à tort & à droit, at random.

Torte, adj. *V.* Tors.

Torticolis, *f. m.* A wrynecked-man.

Tortil, *f. m.* Torse, in heraldry.

Tortillé, ée, adj. Twisted.

Tortillement, *f. m.* Twisting.

Tortiller, *v. a.* To twist.

† Tortiller, *v. n.* To dodge, to shuffle; ♣ to waddle.

Tortillon, *f. m.* A sort of cap.

Tortionnaire, adj. Wrongful, unjust, unlawful.

† Tortis, *f. m.* A wreath, a garland.

Tortu, ue, adj. Crooked, bowing in and out.

Tortue, *f. f.* Tortoise.

Tortueux, euse, adj. Winding, turning in and out, crooked.

Torture, *f. f.* Torture, rack.

Tory, & par corruption Toris, *f.* Tory, a party name.

Tôt, adv. Quick, quickly, soon. Plus-tôt, Sooner, before. Au plus-tôt, with all speed. ♣ Aussi-tôt, presently, straight, in the same moment, forthwith; ♣ as soon, as easy.

Total, ale, adj. Total, whole, entire.

Total, *f. m.* The whole, the total or whole sum.

Totalement, adverb. Totally, utterly.

Totalité, *f. f.* Totality, the totale or whole sum.

Toton, *f. m.* A whirlboat or totum.

Touage, subst. *m.* Towing or towing.

Touaille, *f. f.* A towel.

Touchant, ante, adj. Sensible, sad, grievous, afflicting; ♣ pathetick, moving. Touchant, prép. Touching, concerning, about.

Touche, *f. f.* A stop or fret of organs or harpsichord; ♣ the string of a musical instrument; ♣ a fescue; ♣ touch, stroke, in painting.

TOU

Touché, ée, adj. *Touched*, &c.

Toucher, v. *act. & n.* To touch, to meddle with, to handle, to finger; to shake hands with one. (Recevoir,) to receive. (Frapper,) to touch, strike or hit. (Chasser devant soi,) to drive or drive on. (Emouvoir,) to touch, move or affect. * (Concerner,) to touch or concern; to strike against a rock or sand-bank.

Toucher à, v. n. (joindre.) To touch, to be next or contiguous. Toucher à un port, to call at any port.

Se toucher, v. r. To touch one another, to be next or adjoining.

Toucher, f. m. The feeling, the touch.

Toue, f. f. Towage, towing; a ferry-boat.

Toué, ée, adj. Towed, kedged, haled.

Touer, v. a. To tow or warp.

Touffe, f. f. Tuft. Touffe d'arbres, a thicket.

Touffu, ue, adj. Thick, bushy.

Toujours, adv. Always, ever, evermore, continually; for all that, but still, nevertheless.

Toupet, f. m. A little tuft, toupet, toupee.

Toupte, f. f. A gig, a whirlingig.

Toupillon, subst. m. A little tuft.

Tour, f. m. Turn or turning; the going round or about; a turn or walk; a little way. (Circonférence,) compass, circumference, tour.

Tour, (ou tour de cheveux,) a tower, false hair.

Tour de cou, a neck-cloth; a cloak-loop; the neck of a band. Tour, (ruse, finesse,) a trick, a wile, a fetch. * Le tour de bâton, by-profits. Tour, (pour façonner en rond,) turn-lath or turning-wheel.

Tour, a turning box in a Nunnery. * Tour, (rang,) turn, order. Tour de cable, a foul haul. Tour de loc, reel of the log.

TOU

Tour à tour, adv. By turns, one after another.

Tour, f. f. A tower; a spire; a rook, at chess.

Tourbe, f. f. Ex. Enquête par tourbe, a general inquiry.

Tourbe, f. f. (à brûler.) Turf.

Tourbillon, f. m. Whirlwind; vortex, whirl or whirling.

Tourelle, f. f. Turret.

Touret, f. m. A winch in a rope-yard.

Touriere, f. f. A maid that looks to the turning box in a Nunnery.

Tourillon, f. m. Trunnion.

Tourment, subst. m. Torment. * Tourment d'esprit, torment, pain, anxiety, racking thoughts.

Tourmentant, ante, adj. Tormenting, troublesome.

Tourmente, subst. f. Storm, tempest.

Tourmenté, ée, adj. Tormented, &c. according to the verb.

Tourmenter, v. *act.* To torment; to plague, to be troublesome; to toss, to tumble, to jolt.

Se tourmenter, v. *rec.* To toss or tumble; to labour much, to take pains. Se tourmenter, (se déjeter,) to warp.

Tournant, f. m. A turning; a whirlpool.

Tourné, ée, adj. (from tourner.) Turned, &c. * Il est bien tourné, he is a very genteel man.

Tournebroche, f. m. A jack; a turn-spit or turn-broach.

Tournée, f. f. A progress or visit; round, walk or turn.

Tournelle, f. f. A Court for criminal causes.

Tournemain (en un), adv. In the turning of a hand.

Tourner, v. *act.* To turn, to turn or wind round. * Tourner casaque, to be a turn-coat. Tourner, (mettre dessus ce qui est dessous,) to turn or turn up. Tourner, (traduire,) to turn or translate. Tourner à blâme ou à louange, to blame or praise; to turn, to make with a turner's wheel.

Tourner, v. *s.* (se mouvoir

TOU

453

en rond.) To turn, to turn round.

Se tourner, v. r. To turn or turn about; to turn, change, become.

Tournesol, f. m. Turnsole.

Tourneur, f. m. A turner.

Tournevire, f. f. (terme de mer.) Voyal.

Tourniquet, f. m. A turnstile.

Tournoi, f. m. Tournament.

Tournoisement, f. m. A whirling or turning round.

Tournoisement de tête, a dizziness or giddiness.

Tournois, adj. de tout genre. Ex. Une livre tournois, a french livre, a pound tournois.

Tournoyer, v. n. To turn or go about, to whirl or wheel about; to dodge, to shuffle.

† Tournure, subst. f. (tour.) Turn.

Tourte, f. f. A pie.

Tourteau, f. m. A tortoise, in heraldry.

Tourtereau, f. m. A young turtle-dove.

Tourterelle, subst. f. A turtle-dove.

Tourtier, f. f. A pan, a baking man.

Tourtire, f. f. V. Tourterelle.

Touffaint, subst. f. All-Saints day, all-hallow day.

Touffer, v. n. To cough.

Tout, oute, adj. All, whole, anything, whatever. Tout, (dans la signification de quoique, encore que ou de quelques, s'exprime par) as, though, for all.

Tout, f. m. The whole, all. (Toutes les personnes,) all, all men, everybody.

Le tout ensemble, all together, the whole. C'est le tout ou le tout est, 'tis all in all. Ce n'est pas tout, (il ne suffit pas,) it is not enough, it does not suffice.

A tout, adv. ou un atout, f. m. Trumps or trump.

Tout, adv. Wholly, entirely, quite, thoroughly, all, all over. Tout nu, stark naked.

Tout autant, adv. As much, as many. Tout aussi, every whit. Tout-à-fait, very, quite, altogether.

454 T O U

wholly, entirely. ♦ Tout d'un coup ou tout-à-coup, suddenly, all of a sudden. ♦ Tout à point, in the nick of time, in good time, seasonably. Tout - haut, Aloud, with a loud voice. ♦ Tout-bas, softly, with a low voice. ♦ Tout-beau, tout-doux, adv. softly, not so fast, forbear. ♦ Tout au moins, tout du moins, at least. ♦ Tout-franc, frankly, freely. ♦ Tout-outré, through and through. ♦ Tout-contre, tout-à-propos, hard by. ♦ Tout au plus, at the most. ♦ Tout de bon, seriously, indeed, in earnest. ♦ Tout du long, all at length, at large. ♦ Par-tout où, wherever. ♦ Du tout, at all. ♦ Partout, every where, in every corner. ♦ Tout du long ou plutôt tout le long, prep. Ex. Tout le long de la nuit, all the night long.

Toutefois, conj. Yet, nevertheless, however.

Toute-puissance, f. f. A'mighty power, almighty, omnipotency; ♦ the almighty or omnipotent being, God almighty.

Tout-puissant, ante, adj. Almighty, omnipotent.

Tout - Puissant, subst. masc. The Almighty, God almighty.

Tou-tou, f. m. A little dog or whelp.

Toux, f. f. A cough.

Tracas, f. m. Hurry, bustle, noise.

Tracasser, v. n. To be busy, to be full of bustle, to be always in action or in a hurry; ♦ to be a busy-body or an intermeddler.

Tracasser, verb. act. To plague, trouble, vex or disquiet one.

Tracasserie, f. f. Shift, shuffle, trick; ♦ bickering, broil.

Tracassier, f. m. Tracassiere, f. f. A busy-body, an intermeddler.

Trace, f. f. Footstep, track or print of the foot; the footing; ♦ trace.

T R A

Tracé, ée, adjct. Whereof a draught or a model is made, &c.

Tracement, f. m. Drawing, draught, delineation.

Tracer, verb. act. To make a draught or model of; to draw. * Tracer, (décrire,) to describe.

Trachée - artère, f. f. The tracheal artery.

Tradition, f. f. Delivery; ♦ tradition.

Traducteur, f. m. A translator.

Traduction, f. f. Translation.

Traduire, v. a. To translate; ♦ to remove or transfer.

Traduit, ite, adj. Translated, &c. V. Traduire.

Trafic, f. m. Traffick, trade.

Trafiquant, ante, f. m. Trader, merchant, dealer.

Trafiquer, v. neut. To trade, deal, traffick or drive a trade.

Trafiquer, v. a. To negotiate or sell.

Tragédie, f. f. A tragedy.

Tragi-comédie, f. f. A tragi-comedy.

Tragi-comique, adj. Tragicomical.

Tragique, adj. Tragical, tragic.

Tragique, f. m. The writing of tragedies.

Tragiquement, adv. Tragically.

Trahi, ie, adj. Betrayed, &c.

Trahir, v. a. To betray.

Se trahir soi-même, v. r. To betray one's self.

Trahison, subst. f. Treachery, treason, falsehood.

Trajet, f. m. A passage over the sea or a river. Passer un trajet de mer, to cross the sea. ♦ Trajet, way.

Train, f. m. Train or retinue; ♦ rogues or wenches; ♦ the pace or going; ♦ a float of wood. ♦ Train de carrosse, the carriage of a coach. ♦ Un train de presse, an entire press. * Mettre en train, to set on, to set a going. * Train, (manière de vivre,) course, way, rate.

Trainant, ante, adj. Trail-ling, dragging.

T R A

A la traîne, adv. (terme de mer.) Towing over-board.

Trainé, ée, adj. (from Traîner.) Drawn, dragged along, &c. V. y. Traîner.

Traineau, f. m. A sledge or sled; ♦ a trammel, drag-net or draw-net.

Trainée, f. f. A train.

Traîner, v. a. To draw, trail, drag or drag along. * Traîner (mener) une vie languissante, to lead a lingering life. * Traîner, (prolonger,) to make linger, to put off, prolong or spin out.

Traîner, v. n. To trail, drag or drag along; ♦ to lie about, to lie scattered. *

Traîner, (être en langueur,) to linger or languish.

Traîner, se traîner, v. r. To crawl or creep along.

Traineur, f. m. A straggler.

Traire, v. a. To milk.

Trait, adj. m. Ex. Or on argent trait, gold or silver-wire.

Trait, f. m. Dart, arrow, shaft or bolt. Une paire de traits, a pair of traces. ♦ Trait, (ce qu'on a vale de breuvage en un coup,) draught, gulp. ♦ (Ligne que l'on tire,) stroke, touch or dash. * (Bon ou mauvais office,) turn, office, trick. * (Action,) stroke, touch, act, piece, passage. ♦ (Au jeu des échecs,) the move at chess. ♦ Voile à trait quarré, a square rigged vessel.

Traitable, adj. Traitable.

Traitant, f. m. A farmer of the King's revenues, an excise-man.

Traite, f. f. A journey, way or progress; ♦ trading of ships with the inhabitants of a sea-coast.

Traité, ée, adj. (from Traiter.) Treated, &c. Voy. Traiter.

Traité, f. m. A tract, a treatise or discourse; ♦ treaty or agreement.

Traitement, f. m. Treatment, entertainment, usage.

Traiter, verb. act. & n. (raisonner sur.) To treat or handle, to discourse of &

TRA

upon. ♦ (Négociier,) *to treat of or about, to be upon a treaty.*
Traiter, verb. n. To treat, to be upon a treaty or bargain.
Traiter, verb. a. (agir avec quelqu'un.) To treat or use, to deal with. ♦ (Donner à manger,) *to treat or entertain.*
Traiteur, f. m. A cook, that keeps a great ordinary.
Traître, Traitresse, adj. Treacherous, treacherous.
Traître, f. m. A traitor, a betrayer.
Traitresse, f. f. A traitress.
Traîtreusement, adv. Treacherously or traitorously.
Tramail, f. m. A trammel or drag-net.
Trame, f. f. The woof; in weaving. * *Trame, (complot,) plot.*
Tramé, ée, adj. Woven, &c.
Tramer, v. a. To weave. * (Machiner,) *to plot or contrive, to brew.*
Tramontane, f. f. Tramontane, the north-wind; ♦ the north-star.
Tranchant, ante, adj. Sharp, cutting.
Tranchant, f. m. The edge; épée à deux tranchans, a two-edged sword.
Tranche, f. f. Slice, cut; ♦ edge.
Tranché, ée, adj. Cut, cut off, &c. *V. Trancher.*
Tranchée, f. f. Trench or trenches. ♦ *Tranchées devant l'accouchement, the pains of a woman in labour.*
Tranchefile, f. f. A bar in a shoe; ♦ the head-band of a book.
Tranchefiler, v. a. To make head-bands for books.
Tranchelard, f. m. A cook's great knife.
Trancher, v. a. To cut or cut off. * *Il tranche du Philosophe, he sets up for a Philosopher.* * *Trancher, (décider,) to decide, resolve or determine, to speak or be plain.*
Tranchet, f. m. A shoe-maker's cutting-knife.
Tranchoir, f. m. A trencher.

TRA

Tranquille, adj. Quiet, still, calm. * (Au moral,) *quiet; still, calm, peaceable, undisturbed, sedate.* *Avoir l'ame tranquille, to have a sedate, undisturbed or composed mind.* *Une vie tranquille, a quiet life.*
Tranquillement, adv. Quietly, peaceably.
Tranquilliser, verb. a&t. To quiet.
Tranquillité, f. fém. Quiet, tranquillity.
Transaction, f. f. Transaction, agreement, articles.
Transcendant, ante, adj. Transcendent.
Transcription, f. f. Transcription or transcribing.
Transcrire, v. a. To transcribe or copy.
Transcrit, ite, adj. Transcribed, copied, &c.
Transe, f. f. Trance, agony, pangs.
Transféré, ée, adj. Transferred, &c.
Transférer, v. a. To transfer, to translate or remove; ♦ to make over.
Transfiguration, f. f. Transfiguration.
Transfiguré, ée, adj. Transfigured.
Transfigurer, se transfigurer, verb. réc. To be transfigured.
Transformation, f. f. Transformation.
Transformé, ée, adj. Transformed.
Transformer, v. a. To transform.
Se transformer, v. r. To be transformed, to turn.
Transfuge, f. m. A deserter, a turn-coat.
Transfusion, f. fém. Transfusion.
Transgressé, ée, adj. Transgressed, &c.
Transgresser, v. a. To transgress, to break, to infringe.
Transgresseur, f. m. A transgressor.
Transgression, f. f. A transgression; ♦ a trespass.
Transi, ie, adj. Chilled, benumbed with cold, &c. *V. Transir.*
Transiger, v. a. To transact,

TRA 455

to agree or enter into article.
Transir, v. a. To chill or benumb.
Transir, v. n. To be chilled or benumbed.
Transissement, f. m. Chilness, numbness.
Transition, f. f. Transition, a passing from one thing to another.
Transitoire, adj. Transitory, transient.
† Traduire, V. Traduire.
Translation, f. f. Translation, removal.
*Transmettre, v. a. To make over, to pass away; * to transmit.*
Transmigration, f. f. Transmigration.
Transmis, ise, adj. Made over, transmitted, &c.
Transmissible, adj. Conveyable.
Transmué, ée, adj. Transmuted, &c.
Transmuer, v. a. To transmute, change or transform.
Transmutation, f. f. Transmutation.
Transparence, f. f. Transparency.
Transparent, ante, adj. Transparent, diaphanous, pellucid.
Transpercé, ée, adj. Transpierced or run through.
Transpercer, v. a. To transpierce or run through.
Transpirable, adj. Transpirable.
Transpiration, f. f. Transpiration.
Transpirer, v. n. To transpire or perspire.
Transplantation, f. f. Transplantation.
Transplanté, ée, adj. Transplanted.
Transplanter, v. a. To transplant.
Transport, f. m. Exporting, transporting or transportation; ♦ carriage. ♦ *Vaisseau de transport, a transport ship, a transport.* * *Transport, (extase,) transport, rapture, extasy; ♦ conveyance, assignment.* ♦ *Un transport au cerveau (symptôme causé par des*
 F f iv

46 TRA

vapeurs malignes,) *light-headedness*, a being *light-headed*, *delirium*.
 Transporté, ée, *adj.* Removed, *transported*, &c.
 Transporter, *v. a.* To transport or export; to remove or carry; \clubsuit to transfer; \clubsuit to convey or make over, to pass away.
 Se transporter, *v. r.* To go upon the place.
 Transposé, ée, *adj.* Transposed.
 Transposer, *v. a.* To transpose.
 Transposition, *f. f.* Transposition.
 Transsubstantiation, *f. f.* Transsubstantiation.
 Transsubstantié, ée, *adj.* Transsubstantiated.
 Transsubstantier, *v. a.* To transsubstantiate.
 Transvasé, ée, *adj.* Decanted.
 Transvaser, *v. a.* To decant.
 Transversal, *ale*, *adj.* Transverse, *crossing*.
 Transversalement, *adv.* Transversally, *cross-wise*.
 † Trantran, *f. m.* Knack.
 Trappe, *f. f.* A trap; \clubsuit a trap-door.
 Trapeze, *f. m.* Trapezium.
 Trapu, *ue*, *adj.* Thick and short, *strong-limbed*, *stubbled*, *squat*.
 Traquenard, *f. m.* A kind of ambling pace of a horse; \clubsuit an ambling nag; \clubsuit a brisk sort of dance; \clubsuit a trap.
 Traquet, *f. m.* Trap, snare; \clubsuit a mill-clapper.
 Travade, *f. fem.* A kind of whirlwind at sea.
 Travail, *f. m.* Work, labour, pains.
 Travailé, ée, *adj.* Wrought, &c. \clubsuit elaborate; done exactly.
 Travailler, *v. n.* To work or be at work, to labour, to be busy.
 Travailler, *v. a.* To trouble, to disorder or discompose; \clubsuit to work.
 Travailleur, *f. m.* A labourer; \clubsuit a pioneer.
 Travaux, *V.* Travail.

TRA

Travée, *f. fem.* A bay of joists.
 Travers, *subst. m.* Side or breadth; \clubsuit irregularity. \clubsuit Le travers d'un vaisseau, *athwart ships*. Par le travers du vaisseau, *on the beam*.
 A travers, *au travers*, *prép.* Cross, *through* or *thorough*.
 En travers, *adv.* Cross, *cross-wise*, *side-wise*. \clubsuit De travers, *cross*, *a-cross*, *awry*, *a-slope*, *athwart*, *transversally*, *cross-wise*. \clubsuit Travers par travers, *hank for hank*.
 Traverse, *f. f.* A cross way, a short cut; \clubsuit a cross piece of timber; \clubsuit traverse, *in fortification*; * *cross*, *trouble*, *misfortune*, *rub*.
 A la traverse, *adv. Ex.* Se jeter, *venir à la traverse*, *to come betwixt*, *to fall cross*, *to cross* or *thwart*.
 Traversé, ée, *adj.* Crossed. *V. the verb*.
 Traversée, *f. f.* A voyage, a sea-voyage, a passage.
 Traverser, *v. a.* To cross, to go or pass over; \clubsuit to go cross or through, *to traverse*; \clubsuit to run through; * *to thwart* or *cross*. \clubsuit Traverser l'ancre, *to slow the anchor*. \clubsuit Traverser les voiles, *to flat in the sails*.
 Traversier, *iere*, *adj.* Cross.
 Vent traversier ou traversier, *f. m.* A wind that blows into an harbour, and hinders the coming out. \clubsuit Traversier de chaloupe, *the fore thwart of a long boat*.
 Traversin, *f. m.* A bolster. \clubsuit Traversins des baux, (*ou barrotins*), *small carlings*.
 Travestir, *ie*, *adj.* Disguised.
 Travestir, *verb. a.* To disguise.
 Se travestir, *v. r.* To disguise one's self.
 Travestissement, *f. m.* Disguise.
 Trayon, *f. m.* A dug.
 Trébuchant, *ante*, *adj.* That weighs, of full weight.
 Trébuchement, *f. m.* Fall, down-fall.
 Trébucher, *v. n.* To stumble, slip or trip; \clubsuit to fall or tumble; \clubsuit to be of full

TRE

weight or to bear down the weight.
 Trébuchet, *f. m.* Weights, gold-weights; \clubsuit a trap or pit-fall.
 Tresse, *f. m.* Trefoil, clover-grass; \clubsuit clubs, at cards.
 Treillage, *f. m.* Arbour-work or pole-arbour.
 Treille, *f. f.* Arbour, a vine arbour.
 Treillis, *f. m.* Buckram; \clubsuit a grate or lattice, *cross-bars*.
 Treillisé, ée, *adj.* Grated, *cross-barred*.
 Treilliser, *v. a.* To grate or cross-bar.
 Treize, *adj. num.* Thirteen.
 Treizieme, *adj.* Thirteenth.
 Trélingage, *f. m.* des haubans, *cat harpings*.
 Tremblaie, *f. f.* A grove of asps or aspen-trees.
 Tremblant, *ante*, *adj.* Trembling, *shaking*.
 Tremble, *f. m.* The asp or aspen-tree.
 Tremblement, *f. m.* A trembling; \clubsuit a chattering of teeth. \clubsuit Tremblement de terre, *an earth-quake*.
 Trembler, *v. n.* To tremble, quake, shake or shiver.
 Trembleur, *f. m.* One who is afraid. Trembleurs, *Quakers*.
 Tremblotant, *ante*, *adj.* Trembling, quaking, shivering.
 Trembloter, *v. n.* To tremble, quake or shiver.
 Trémie, *f. f.* (trémie de moulin.) A mill-hopper.
 Trémouffement, *f. m.* A fluttering.
 Trémousser, *v. n.* To flutter.
 Se trémousser, *v. r.* To jog one's arse; \clubsuit to stir or bestir one's self.
 Trempe, *f. f.* The tempering of iron.
 Trempé, ée, *adj.* Dipped, &c.
 Tremper, *v. n.* To dip, soak or steep; \clubsuit to bathe; \clubsuit to dilute; \clubsuit to temper iron or steel.
 Tremper, *v. a.* To soak or steep.
 Trempure, *f. f.* The treacle of a mill.
 Trentain, *f. m.* Thirty all.
 Trentaine, *f. f.* Thirty.

TRE

Trente, *adj.* Thirty.
 Trentième, *adj.* Thirtieth.
 Tréou, *subst. m.* Lug-sail or square sail.
 Trépan, *f. m.* Trepan; *♣* a trepanning.
 Trépané, *ée*, *adj.* Trepanned.
 Trépaner, *v. a.* To trepan.
 Trépas, *f. m.* Death; *decease*.
 Trépassé, *ée*, *adj.* Deceased, dead, departed this life. Les trépassés, *the dead*.
 ‡ Trépassement, *f. m.* The point of death, *decease*.
 Trépasser, *v. n.* (mourir.) To die, to depart this life, to give up the ghost.
 Trépitation, *f. f.* Trepidation, trembling.
 Trépied, *f. m.* A treves; *♣* tripod.
 Trépignement, *f. m.* A stamping or clattering motion with the feet.
 Trépigner, *v. n.* To make a clattering motion with the feet, to stamp with one's feet.
 Trépointe, *f. f.* A welt.
 Très, *adv.* Most, very.
 Trésor, *f. m.* Treasure; *♣* the treasury-chamber; *♣* a treasury or treasure-house; *♣* charters, records.
 Trésorerie, *f. f.* Treasury *♣* treasurership.
 Trésorier, *subst. m.* A treasurer.
 Treffaillement, *f. m.* A start, starting or starting up.
 Treffailir, *v. n.* To start, to start up, to leap.
 Tresse, *f. f.* A twist of hair.
 † Tresses, (terme de mer,) foxes.
 Tressé, *ée*, *adj.* Weaved, woven, &c.
 Tresser, *verb. a.* To weave hair.
 Tresseur, *f. m.* tresseuse, *f. f.* A weaver, that weaves hair for periwigs.
 Treteau, *f. m.* A trestle.
 Treve, *f. f.* Truce, cessation of arms; * intermission.
 Treuil, *f. m.* Roll, axis, axle-tree.
 Trévire, *f. f.* Parbuckle.
 ‡ Triacleur, *f. m.* A quack, a mountebank.

TRI

Triage, *f. m.* Choice or chusing.
 Triaires, *f. m. pl.* Triarians.
 Triangle, *f. m.* A triangle.
 Triangulaire, *adj.* Triangular, three-cornered.
 Tribade, *f. f.* A woman that loves her own sex.
 Tribord, *f. m.* & *adv.* Starboard. *♣* (ou Les tribordais,) the starboard watch.
 Tribu, *f. f.* A tribe, clan.
 Tribulation, *f. f.* Tribulation, trouble, affliction, cross, adversity.
 Tribun, *f. m.* (from tribu.) A tribune.
 Tribunal, *f. m.* Tribunal.
 Tribunat, *f. m.* The tribune's office and dignity.
 Tribune, *f. f.* The pulpit; *♣* a gallery in a Church.
 Tribut, *f. m.* Tribute; *♣* tax, duty, custom.
 Tributaire, *adj.* & *f.* Tributary, that pays tribute.
 Triché, *ée*, *adj.* Cheated, bubbled.
 Tricher, *v. a.* To cheat, to bubble.
 Tricherie, *f. f.* A cheat or cheating trick.
 Tricheur, *f. m.* Tricheuse, *f. f.* A sharper, a cheat.
 Tricon, *f. m.* A gleek.
 † Tricot, *f. m.* A cudgel.
 Tricotage, *f. m.* Knitting.
 Tricoté, *ée*, *adj.* Knitted.
 Tricoter, *v. a.* To knit.
 Tricotets, *f. m. pl.* A Cheshire round, a sort of dance.
 Tricoteur, *f. m.* Tricotéuse, *f. f.* A knitter.
 Triétrac, *f. m.* Tick-tack; *♣* tables, a pair of tables.
 Trident, *f. m.* Trident.
 Trié, *ée*, *adj.* (from trier.) Picked, picked out, culled.
 Triennal, *ale*, *adj.* Triennial.
 Triennalité, *f. f.* The term of three years.
 Trier, *v. a.* To pick, to pick out or chuse, to cull.
 † Trigaud, *aude*, *adj.* & *f.* A shuffler, a shammer.
 Frigauder, *v. n.* To shuffle, to play foul.
 Frigauderie, *f. f.* Shuffling.
 Friglyphe, *f. m.* A triglyph, in architecture.
 Trigonométrie, *f. f.* Trigonometry.

TRI 457

Trin, *adj. m.* Ex. Trin aspect, trine aspect, in astronomy.
 Tringle, *f. f.* A curtain-rod; *♣* a wooden rule; *♣* a triangle in architecture.
 Trinitaires, *f. m. pl.* Trinitarians or Mathurins.
 Trinité, *f. f.* Trinity.
 † Trinquer, *v. n.* To tinkle, to tope.
 Trinquet, *subst. m.* The foremast. *♣* Voile de trinquet, the fore sail.
 Trio, *f. m.* Musick in three parts; *♣* a company of three.
 Triolet, *f. m.* A french kind of poem.
 Triomphal, *ale*, *adj.* Triumphal.
 Triomphant, *ante*, *adj.* Triumphant, triumphing; *♣* glorious, famous, magnificent.
 Triomphateur, *f. m.* A triumphph.
 Triomphe, *f. m.* A triumph. Un arc de triomphe, a triumphal arch.
 Triomphe, *f. f.* The trumpcard; *♣* a trump.
 Triompher, *v. n.* To triumph; * to conquer, subdue or master; * to excel; * to be pleased.
 Tripaille, *f. f.* Garbage.
 Tripe, *f. f.* Tripe, gut.
 Triperie, *f. f.* A tripe-house.
 Triphthongue, *f. f.* A triphthong.
 Tripiere, *f. f.* A tripe-woman, one that sells tripes.
 Triple, *adj.* Triple, threefold.
 Triple, *f. m.* Treble.
 Triplé, *ée*, *adj.* Trebled.
 Triplement, *f. m.* A threefold augmentation.
 Triplement, *adv.* Three times as much.
 Tripler, *v. a.* & *n.* To treble.
 Triplicité, *f. f.* Triplicity.
 Tripoli, *f. m.* Whiting, a sort of stone to polish metals.
 Tripot, *f. m.* A tennis-court.
 † Tripotage, *f. m.* Mish-mash, a mingle, a medley.
 Tripoté, *ée*, *adj.* Mixed, &c.
 † Tripoter, *v. a.* To mash or to make a mish-mash, to huddle.
 Trisaisieul, *f. m.* Great-great-grandfather.
 Trisaisieule, *f. f.* Great-great-grandmother.

458 TRI

Triste, *adj.* Heavy, sad, sorrowful, afflicted, cast down; ♣ sorry, melancholy, pen- sive, sullen; ♣ (obscur,) sad, dull, dark; ♣ (petit, léger,) sorry, pitiful.
Tristement, *adv.* Sadly, sor- rowfully, in a melancholy manner; heavily.
Tristesse, *f. f.* Sadness, hea- viness, grief, sorrow; ♣ melancholy, pensiveness.
Triton, *f. m.* Triton, a sea-god.
Triturable, *adj.* Triturable.
Trituration, *f. f.* Trituration.
Trituré, *ée*, *adj.* Triturated.
Triturer, *v. a.* To triturate, to grind and digest the food.
Trivial, *ale, adj.* Trivial, or- dinary.
Trivialement, *adv.* Trivially.
Triumvir, *f. m.* A Triumvir.
Triumvirat, *f. m.* Triumvirate.
Troc, *f. m.* Truck, exchange.
Trochée, *f. m.* Trochee.
Trochet, *f. m.* A cluster of flowers or fruit.
Trochisque, *f. m.* Trochisk, a physical cake.
Trochure, *f. f.* Trochings.
Troène, *f. m.* Privet, a sort of shrub.
† Trogne, *f. f.* † Phiz, face.
Trognon, *f. m.* Ex. Trognon de chou, the stump of a cab- bage; ♣ core.
Trois, *adj.* Three. ♣ Trois, (ou troisieme,) third.
Trois, *f. m.* A three or trey.
Troisième, *adj. & f.* Third.
Troisième, *f. f.* The third form in a school.
Troisièment, *adv.* Thirdly.
Trôle, *ée*, *adj.* Carried up and down.
† Trôler, *v. a.* To carry up and down, to lead about, to stroll.
Trompe, *f. f.* A hunter's horn; ♣ trumpet; ♣ trunk; ♣ the jews harp; ♣ (ou pompe de mer,) water-spout.
Trompé, *ée*, *adj.* Cheated, &c. *V.* the verb.
Tromper, *v. a.* To deceive, delude or beguile; ♣ to cheat, gull, cozen, bubble, or catch.
Se tromper, *v. r.* To mistake or be mistaken, to be out.
Tromperie, *f. f.* Cheating, a cheat, a trick,

TRO

Trompété, *ée*, *adj.* Summo- ned with sound of trumpet.
Trompeter, *v. a.* To summon with sound of trumpet.
Trompette, *f. f.* A trumpet; ♣ a sackbut.
Trompette, *f. m.* A trum- peter.
Trompeur, *f. m.* Trompeuse, *f. f.* A cheat.
Trompeur, *euse*, *adj.* Deceit- ful, cheating, fallacious.
Tronc, *f. m.* The trunk, stump, stem; * stock, family; ♣ a Church-box; ♣ the shaft of a pillar.
Tronchet, *f. m.* A block.
Tronçon, *f. m.* A piece cut or broken, a stump.
Tronçonné, *ée*, *adj.* Trun- ked, shivered, broken in pieces.
Tronçonner, *v. a.* (couper par tronçons.) To truncate, to lop, to cut into pieces.
Tronçonner une lance, to trunk a lance.
Trône, *f. m.* A throne.
Tronqué, *ée*, *adj.* Maimed, mutilated, &c. *V.* Tronquer.
Tronquer, *v. a.* To maim, mutilate or mangle; ♣ to curtail, to lessen or dimi- nish; ♣ to lame.
Trop, *adverb.* de quantité.
Too much, too many, too great, overmuch. **Trop grand**, too great.
Trop, *f. m.* Ex. La médiocrité est entre le peu & le trop, mediocrity is between too little and too much.
Trophée, *subst. m.* A trophy.
*** Faire trophée d'une chose**, to boast of a thing, to glory or pride one's self in it.
Tropique, *f. m.* Tropick.
Tropologique, *adj.* Tropolo- gical.
Troqué, *ée*, *adj.* Trucked, exchanged.
Troquer, *v. a.* To truck, barter, chop, exchange or swap.
Troqueur, *f. m.* One fond of trucking or exchanging.
Trosse, *f. f.* (ou racage, terme de galere,) the parrel of a lateen yard.
Trot, *f. m.* Trot.
† Trotte, *f. f.* Way.

TRO

Trotter, *v. n.* To trot or be trotting.
Trotteur, *f. m.* A trotter or trotting horse.
† Trottin, *subst. m.* A foot- boy.
Trotliner, *v. n.* To trot or run up and down.
Trou, *f. m.* A hole. ♣ Le petit trou, (au jeu de Paume,) the hazard at tennis. ♣ Trou du chat de la hune, lubbers hole.
Trouble, *adj.* Thick, muddy, troubled, turned.
Trouble, *subst. m.* Trouble, confusion, disturbance, dis- order.
Troublé, *ée*, *adject.* Trou- bled, &c. according to the verb.
† Trouble-fête, *subst. m.* A trouble-fest, a troublesome guest.
Troubler, *v. a.* To trouble, to make thick or muddy, to turn; * to trouble, disturb, embroil or confound; * to put out or confound; * to disturb, interrupt; * to hinder.
Se troubler, *v. r.* To grow thick or muddy, to turn; ♣ to be over-cast; * to be out or to confound one's self.
Troué, *ée*, *adj.* That has one hole or more.
Trouer, *v. a.* To make a hole; ♣ to break through.
Trou-madame, *f. m.* Trol- mydames or pidgeon-holes, a game so called.
Troupe, *f. f.* Troop, com- pany, band, set, gang, crew. ♣ Troupe de loups, a herd of wolves. ♣ Troupe d'oies, a flock of geese. ♣ Troupes, troops, forces, soldiers.
Troupeau, *f. m.* A flock.
Trouffe, *f. f.* A quiver for arrows; ♣ a cumb-cask; ♣ a truss, bundle or bunch.
Trouffé, *ée*, *adject.* (from Trouffer.) Tucked or pin- ned up, &c. *V.* Trouffer.
Trouffeu, *f. m.* A quiver of arrows; ♣ a bunch of keys.
† Trouffe-galant, *subst. m.* Cholera-morbus, a sharp and violent disease.

TRO

Trouffer, *v. a.* To trust or tie up, to tuck up or in, to pin up. * † Trouffer une affaire, to dispatch or expedite a business.
Trouillis, *f. m.* Folding in, taking in.
† **Trouvaille**, *f. f.* A thing found by chance.
Trouvé, *é, adj.* Found, &c. *V.* Trouver.
Trouver, *v. act.* To find, meet or meet with; † to find out, invent, contrive or devise. *P.* Qui bien fera, bien trouvera, *P.* do well and have well.
Se trouver, *v. r.* To meet, to be found. † (Être présent,) to be, appear or be present. *Se trouver mal*, to be ill, to find one's self ill. Il s'en trouve parfaitement bien, he finds much good by it, he does very well with it.
Truand, *ande, f.* A truant.
† **Truandaille**, *f. f.* Truants, those who truants.
† **Truander**, *v. n.* To play the truant, to truant.
Trucheman, *f. m.* An interpreter.
† **Trucher**, *v. n.* To beg.
† **Trucheur**, *euse, f.* A beggar or truant.
Truelle, *f. f.* Trowel, a Mason's tool.
Truillée, *subst. f.* A trowelfull.
Truffe, *f. f.* A truffle.
Truie, *f. f.* A sow.
Truite, *f. f.* A trout.
Truité, *é, adj.* Red-spotted or speckled.
Trumeau, *f. m.* A leg of beef; † a pier.
Tu, *pron. perf.* Thou.
† **Tuant**, *ante, adj.* Killing.
† **Tu autem**, *f. m. Ex.* Savoir le tu autem d'une affaire, to know the short and the long of a business.
Tube, *f. m.* A tube or pipe.
Tubéreuse, *f. f.* Tuberose.
Tubéroité, *subst. f.* Tuberosity.
Tudesque, *adj. & subst.* Teutonick.
Tué, *é, adj.* Killed.
Tuer, *v. a.* To kill, slay or murder. † (Eteindre.) to put out.

TUE

Tuerie, *f. f.* Slaughter, massacre, carnage; † slaughter-house.
† **Tue-tête**, *adv. Ex.* Crier à tue-tête, to bawl.
Tueur, *f. m. Ex.* Un tueur de cochons, a hog-butcher.
* † Un tueur de gens, a bully.
Tuf, *subst. m.* A soft gravel-stone, a sandy stone.
Tuque, *f. f.* The poop of a frigate.
Tuile, *f. f.* A tile.
Tuileau, *f. m.* A shard of a tile.
Tuilerie, *f. f.* A tile kiln.
Tuilier, *f. m.* A tiler or tile-maker.
Tulipe, *f. f.* A tulip.
Tuméfié, *é, adj.* Tumefied.
Tuméfier, *v. a.* To tumefy.
Tumeur, *f. f.* A tumour or a swelling.
Tumulte, *f. m.* A tumult, an uproar.
Tumultuaire, *adj.* Tumultuary, tumultuous.
Tumultuairement, *adv.* Tumultuously or tumultuously.
Tumultueusement, *adv.* Tumultuously.
Tumultueux, *euse, adj.* Tumultuous, mutinous, riotous.
Tunique, *subst. f.* A tunic, † a tunicle.
Tuorbe, *f. m.* Théorbe.
Turban, *f. m.* Turbant.
Turbot, *f. m.* Turbot.
Turbotin, *f. m.* A small or little turbot.
Turbulemment, *adv.* Turbulently.
Turbulent, *ente, adj.* Turbulent, boisterous.
Turc, *f. m.* A Turk; † Turk, the Turkish language.
Turc, *Turque, adj.* Turkish.
Turcie, *f. f.* A stone-caufey in a form of a dike.
† **Turlupin**, *f. m.* A punster, a silly jester.
† **Turlupinade**, *f. f.* A silly jest, a silly way of jesting.
† **Turlupiner**, *v. act.* To jeer, to banter, to play upon.
Turlupiner, *v. n.* To pun, to banter.
Turpitude, *f. f.* Turpitude.
Turque, *f. f.* A Turk or Turkish woman.

VAC 459

A la turque, *adv.* After the Turks way.
Turquin, *adj. Ex.* Bleu turquin, a deep blue.
Turquine, *f. f.* A sort of turquoise.
Turquoise, *f. f.* Turquoise.
Tutayer, *V.* Tutoyer.
Tutelaire, *adjest.* Tutelar, guardian.
Tutelle, *f. f.* Guardianship.
Tuteur, *f. m.* Tutrice, *f. f.* A guardian.
Tutie, *f. f.* Tutty.
Tutoyé, *é, adj.* Thowed.
Tutoyer, *v. a.* To thou.
Tutrice, *f. f.* *V.* Tuteur.
Tuyau, *f. m.* A pipe; † the tunnel of a chimney; † the stalk of corn, hemp, &c. † a bellows nozzle or snout; † a quill.
Tymbale, *V.* Timbale.
Tympan, *f. m.* The tympanum; † an indented watch-wheel or clock-wheel.
Tympanisé, *é, adj.* Defamed, slandered.
Tympaniser, *v. act.* To do fame, slander, traduce or lampoon.
Tynpanon, *f. m.* Dulcimer.
Type, *f. m.* Type, figure, shadow; † type, mod. l.
Tyran, *subst. m.* A tyrant; † an usurper.
Tyrannicide, *f. m.* Tyrannicide.
Tyrannie, *subst. f.* Tyranny.
tyrannique, *adj.* Tyrannical, tyrannous.
Tyranniquement, *adv.* Tyrannically, in a tyrannous manner.
Tyrannisé, *é, adj.* Tyrannised, oppressed, &c.
Tyranniser, *v. a.* To tyrannise over, to oppress.

V

VA, *impératif du verbe Aller.* Go, go thou. † Il va, he goes.
Vacance, *subst. f.* Vacancy.
Vacances, *f. f. pl.* Holy-days.
† **Vacances**, (ou *Vacations*), vacation.
Vacant, *ante, adj.* Vacant, void; † empty.
Vacarme, *f. m.* Noise, stir, bustle, tumult, uproar.

Vacation, *f. f.* Trade, calling, profession.

Vacations, *subst. f. pl.* Vacation.

Vache, *f. f.* A cow. * † Manger de la vache enragée, to bite on the bridle. ♣

Vache, (ou cuir de vache,) nears leather. Vache de Russie, Russian leather.

Vacher, *f. m.* A cow-herd or cow-keeper.

Vachere, *f. f.* A cow-keeper.

Vacherie, *f. f.* A cow-house.

Vacillant, *ante, adj.* Reeling, staggering, wagging; ♣ wavering, irresolute.

Vacillation, *f. f.* Vacillation, reeling, staggering; * wavering, uncertainty, quandary.

Vaciller, *v. n.* To reel, stagger, waggle or shake.

Vacuité, *subst. f.* Vacuity, emptiness.

Vade, *f. f.* The go or stake in gaming.

Va & vient, *f. m.* (terme de mer,) a pass-ropes.

Vagabond, *onde, adj.* Wandering, vagrant, rambling.

Vagabond, *f. m.* A vagabond.

Vagin, *f. m.* The vagina or womb-pipe.

Vague, *adj.* Vague, loose, indefinite, indeterminate, uncertain.

Vague, *f. f.* Wave, surge or billow.

Vague-mestre, *f. m.* Master of the waggons.

Vaguer, *v. n.* To wander, rove or range about; to stray or straggle.

Vaigrage, *f. m.* Ceiling or foot waling.

Vaigres, *f. f. pl.* Planks, clamps and thick-stuff used in the ceiling of a ship.

Vaigrer, *v. a.* To place the planks and thick-stuff of a ship's ceiling.

Vaillamment, *adv.* Valiantly, stoutly.

Vaillance, *f. f.* Valour, bravery.

Vaillant, *ante, adj.* Valiant, stout, brave.

Vaillant, *subst. m.* (capital.) All a man is worth, a man's estate.

† Vaillantise, *f. f.* Vaillantness, prowess.

Vain, *aine, adj.* Vain, fruitless, unprofitable; ♣ (chimérique,) unprofitable, frivolous; ♣ vain, vain-glorious, proud.

En vain, *adv.* Vainly, in vain.

Vaincre, *v. a.* To vanquish, subdue, overcome or conquer; to worst.

Vaincu, *ue, adj.* Vanquished, subdued, overcome or conquered.

Vaincu, *f. m.* One that is vanquished or conquered.

Vainement, *adv.* (from Vain.) Vainly.

Vainqueur, *f. m.* (from Vaincre.) A conqueror, victor or vanquisher.

Vainqueur, *adj.* Conquering.

Vair, *f. m.* Vaire, in heraldry.

Vairé, *ée, adj.* Vairy.

Vairon, *adj. masc. Ex.* Cheval qui a l'œil vairon, a wall-eyed or silver-eyed horse.

Vaifseau, *subst. m.* A vessel; ♣ a vessel or ship.

Vaifseau marchand, a merchant-man. — de guerre, a ship or man of war. — négrier, a guineaman. — de bas bord, a low built vessel. — de haut bord, a general name for large ships.

Vaifelle, *f. f.* Dishes and plates. — de terre, earthen ware. — d'étain, pewter. — d'or ou d'argent, plate, gold or silver plate.

Val, *subst. m.* Valley, dale.

Valable, *adj.* (from Valoir.) Good, lawful, allowable; ♣ valid, good in law, done in good form.

Valablement, *adv.* (validement.) Ex. Un pupille ne peut contracter valablement, one under age cannot make a valid contract, the contract of one under age cannot be good in law.

Valant, *partic.* (from Valoir.) Worth.

Valériane, *f. f.* Valerian, an herb.

Valet, *f. m.* Man, servant.

* † Faire le bon valet, to be too officious or over officious. ♣ Valet, (au jeu

des cartes,) a knave. ♣ Valet de miroir, a desk of a table looking-glass. ♣ Maître-valet, a steward's mate. ♣ Valets à canon, wads. ♣ Valet de menuisier, Hold-fast.

Valetaille, *f. f.* A pack of inferior men-servants, footmen.

Vâleter, *v. n.* To drudge, to wait, to attend.

Valétudinaire, *adj.* Valitudinarian, infirm, sickly.

Valeur, *f. f.* (bravoure.) Valour, courage, stoutness, bravery. ♣ (Prix,) value, worth, price. ♣ La valeur de, (environ,) a matter about, as good as.

Valeureusement, *adv.* Valiantly, bravely.

Valeureux, *euse, adj.* Valiant, stout, brave.

† Validation, *f. f.* Confirming, ratifying.

Valide, *adj.* Valid, legal, good in law.

Validé, *ée, adj.* Ratified, confirmed.

Validement, *adv.* Validly, legally.

Valider, *v. a.* To ratify or confirm.

Validité, *f. f.* Validity, the being good in law.

Valise, *f. f.* Cloak-bag, portmanteau.

Vallée, *f. f.* The side of an hill, the ascent or descent of it; ♣ valley, vale, dale or bottom.

Vallon, *f. m.* A little valley or dale.

Valoir, *v. n.* To be worth, to be of some value, to be good. ♣ Valoir, (avoir une certaine bonté ou mérite,) to be worth, to be good. Ne valoir rien, to be worth nothing, to be good for nothing; to be naught. Il vaut son pesant d'or, he is worth his weight in gold.

♣ Un homme qui ne vaut rien, a man of no good principles, a knave. P. Un averti en vaut deux. P. Forewarned, fore-armed. ♣ Vaillie que vaillie, happy be lucky. Sa terre lui vaut dix mille écus par an, his estate in

V A L

worth or yields him ten thousand crowns a year. ♦ Faire valoir, to improve, to make the best of. Faire valoir une terre, to keep land or an estate in one's own hands. Faire valoir une prétention, to prosecute a claim or pretension. ♦ Se faire valoir, to put one's self forward.
Valoir, *v. imperf.* Ex. Il vaut mieux, it is better.
Valvules, *f. f. pl.* Valves.
Van, *subst. m.* Fan, a winnowing fan or van, a cribble for corn.
Vanité, *f. f.* (from Vain.) Vanity.
Vanné, *ée, adj.* (from Vanner.) Vanned, winnowed.
Vanneau, *f. m.* A lapwing, a bird.
Vanner, *v. act.* To van or winnow.
Vannerie, *f. f.* The basket-trade.
Vannette, *f. f.* A flat and shallow basket.
Vanneur, *f. m.* A vanner or winnower.
Vannier, *subst. m.* A basket-maker.
Vanne, *f. f.* A flood-gate or water-gate.
Vannets, *f. m. pl.* Scollopshells, in heraldry.
Vantail, *f. m.* A leaf of a folding-door.
† Vantard, *f. m.* A boaster, a braggadochio.
Vanté, *ée, adj.* Cried up, praised, extolled.
Vanter, *v. act.* To cry up, to commend, praise or extol.
Se vanter, *v. réc.* To boast, brag, glory or vapour.
Vanterie, *f. f.* A boasting, a glorying.
Vapeur, *f. f.* Vapour, steam, ♦ smook.
Vaporeux, *euse, adj.* Vaporous, full of vapours.
Vaquant, *V. Vacant.*
Vaquer, *v. n.* To be vacant or void; ♦ to be empty. ♦ Vaquer à quelque chose, to attend or mind a thing, to apply one's self to it.
Varangues, *f. f. pl.* The ribs or floor-timbers of a ship.

VAR

Varech, *f. m.* (herbes que la mer jette sur la côte.) Sea-weed, sea-wreck.
Varenne, *f. f.* An extent of ground or the liberties kept for a prince's game; a warren.
Variable, *adject.* Variable, changeable, fickle.
Variant, *ante, adj.* Variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain.
Variation, *f. f.* Variation, change.
Varice, *subst. f.* A swollen vein.
Varié, *ée, adj.* Varied, variegated.
Varier, *v. a.* To vary or diversify.
Varier, *v. n.* To vary, alter or change.
Variété, *f. f.* Variety.
Vase, *f. m.* A vessel, vase.
Vases de faïence, *fine* Dutch ware. Vases de porcelaine, China ware.
Vase, *f. f.* Mud, slime or filth, ooze.
Vaseux, *euse, adj.* Muddy, miry, oozy, slimy.
Vassal, *f. m.* Vassale, *f. f.* A vassal.
Vasselage, *f. m.* Vassalité, *f. f.* Vassalage.
Vassoles des écoutes, *f. f. pl.* Coamings of the hatches.
Vaste, *adject.* Vast, large, spacious, great. * Un esprit vaste, a great genius.
Vau, à vau l'eau, *adv.* Ex. * † Tout est à vau l'eau. All goes to wreck, all's lost.
Vauderoute, *adv.* A vauderoute, in a confusion. Mettre une armée en vauderoute, to rout an army.
Vaudeville, *f. m.* A ballad or country-ballad.
Vaurien, *f. m.* An idle rascal or rogue.
Vaut, *c'est une personne du verbe Valoir.*
Vautour, *f. m.* A vultur, a bird of prey.
Vautrait, *f. m.* An equipage for the hunting of wild boars.
Vautrer, *v. a.* To tumble.
Se vautrer, *v. r.* To tumble, wallow, wester or grovel.
Vaux, *V. Val.*

VEI 461

Ubiquiste, *f. m.* A divinity doctor that belongs to no particular college in the university of Paris. ♦ Ubiquistes, ubiquitarians.
Veau, *f. m.* A calf. ♦ (Chair de veau,) veal. ♦ (Cuir de veau,) calves-leather. * † Veau, a silly fool, a simpleton. * † Il pleure comme un veau, he cries like a sucking calf.
Vécu & vécu, (personnes du verbe Vivre.) V. Vivre.
Vedette, *f. f.* A centry on horseback.
Végétale, *adj.* Vegetable; capable of growing.
Végétatif, *ive, adj.* Vegetative.
Végétation, *f. f.* Vegetation; growth.
Végétaux, *f. m. pl.* Vegetables.
Végéter, *v. n.* To vegetate; to grow.
Véhémence, *f. f.* Vehemence or vehemency.
Véhément, *ente, adj.* Vehement, eager, sharp, violent, boisterous, fierce.
Véhicule, *f. m.* (terme de Physique.) Vehicle. * Cette considération a servi de véhicule pour le réfoudre, this has made him resolve upon the business.
Veille, *subst. f.* Watching; ♦ a watch, or part of the night. ♦ Chandelle de veille, a rush-candle. ♦ Veilles, labour, study, business. J'y emploierai mes veilles, I shall make it my business. ♦ Veille, (le jour précédent,) eve or vigil, the day before. * Etre à la veille (ou sur le point) de, to be upon the brink, to be near, to be within a few moments, to come to that point or pass that. * Il est à la veille de la mort, he is very near the grave. * Nous voici maintenant à la veille d'une grande guerre, now a great war is coming upon us, a great war is ready to break out. * Il étoit à la veille de se voir le plus triomphant ou le plus misérable

Prince de toute la terre ,
he was come to the point
of being either the most glo-
rious or the most miserable
Prince of the universe. ♦
Bouée à la veille , a buoy
floating in fight over the
anchor.

Veillé, ée, adj. Watched, &c.
V. the verb.

Veillée, f. f. A night's re-
dex - vous.

Veiller, v. act. & neut. To
watch, to sit up in the night ;
♦ to wake, to be or lie
awake ; * to watch, to be
vigilant or watchful , to
have an eye upon, to mind
or take notice of. * Veiller
sur soi-même, to be vigi-
lant or watchful, to stand
upon one's guard. * Veiller
sur quelqu'un, to watch
one, to have an eye or a
watchful eye upon him. *
Veiller quelqu'un, (pren-
dre garde à ses déporte-
mens,) to watch or observe
one, to have an eye or a
watchful eye upon him.

Veilloir, f. m. A shoemaker's
stool, to put his tools upon.

Veine, f. f. A vein. ♦ Veine
de bois, grain of wood.

Veiné, ée, adj. Full of
veins.

Veineux, euse, adj. Veiny,
full of veins.

Vêler, v. n. To bring forth
a calf.

Vélin, f. m. Vellum.

Vélites, f. m. pl. Velites, a
sort of soldiers among the
ancient Romans.

Velléité, f. f. Velleity, vo-
lition.

Vélocité, subst. f. Velocity,
swiftness, nimbleness.

Velours, subst. masc. Velvet.
* Chemin de velours, a
green carpet way.

Velouté, ée, adj. Velvet,
tufted or tufi.

Velouté, f. m. Velvet-lace.

Velu, ue, adj. Hairry.

Venaïson, subst. f. Venison.

♦ (Temps auquel la ve-
naïson est bonne à man-
ger,) venison - time or
season ; ♦ the suet of ve-
nison.

Vénal, ale, adj. Venal, ven-

dible ; ♦ venal or merce-
nary.

Vénalement, adv. In a venal
manner, mercenarily.

Vénalité, f. f. Venality, a
being venal.

Venant, f. m. (from Venir.)
A comer.

Vend, V. Vendre.

Vendange, f. f. Vintage ;
♦ vintage-time.

Vendangé, ée, adj. The
grapes whereof are gather-
ed. * † Tout est vendan-
gé, all is gone, all is
lost or gone to wreck.

Vendanger, v. act. To gather
the grapes, in order to
make wine.

Vendanger, v. n. Ex. On
vendangera dans quinze
jours, the vintage will be-
gin a fortnight hence.

Vendangeur, f. m. Vendan-
geuse, subst. f. Vintager,
grape-gatherer.

Vendeur, f. m. Vendeuse, f. f.
A seller. ♦ Vendeur d'hui-
tres, an oysterman. Ven-
deur de marée, a fish-
monger. ♦ Vendeur de
charbon, a coal - man. ♦

Vendeuse de fruits, a frui-
terer, a fruit - woman. ♦

Vendeur de mithridate, a
quack, a mountebank.

Vendication, f. f. Vindica-
tion, claiming.

Vendiqué, ée, adj. Vindi-
cated, claimed.

Vendiquer, v. act. To vindi-
cate, challenge or claim.

Vendre, v. act. To sell, to
part with or make over ,
for a certain price. Une
chose à vendre, a thing to
be sold. Exposer une chose
à vendre, to expose a thing
to sale or to be sold. Ven-
dre tout, to sell all off.

Se vendre, v. r. To be sold ;
♦ to sell or go off ; ♦ to
sell or betray one another.

Vendredi, f. m. Friday.

Vendu, ue, adj. (from Ven-
dre.) Sold or sold off. &c.

Véné, ée, adj. Ex. Viande
vénée, meat that smells as
strong as hunted venison.

Vénéficé, f. m. Vénéficé, a
poisoning.

Venelle, f. f. Ex. * † Enfiler

la venelle, to scamper or
to run away, to make one's
escape.

Vénéneux, euse, adj. Veno-
mous or venomous.

Vener, v. a. To hunt. Faire
vener de la viande, to keep
meat till it mortifies.

Vénétable, adj. Venerable.

Vénération, subst. f. Venera-
tion.

Vénérer, v. a. To venerate ,
reverence or honour.

Vénérie, f. f. Vénery ; ♦ the
train and equipage belonging
to venery or hunting.

Vénérien, enne, adj. Vene-
real, venerous.

Veneur, f. m. Huntsman.

Vengé, ée, adj. Revenged.

Vengeance, f. f. Vengeance,
revenge.

Venger, v. a. To revenge,
avenger or vindicate.

Se venger de quelqu'un, v. r.
to be revenge of one, to
revenge one's self upon him.

Vengeur, Vengeresse, adj. &
f. Avenger, revenger.

Véniel, elle, adj. Venial.

Véniellement, adv. Ex. Pé-
cher véniellement, to com-
mit a venial sin.

Venimeux, euse, adj. Veno-
mous or poisonous.

Venin, f. m. Venom, poison.

Le venin de la plume, the
venom or virulency of his pen.

* Venin, (haine cachée,)
spite, grudge, malice.

Venir, v. n. To come or be a
coming. S'en venir, (ve-
nir,) to come, to come
away. ♦ Venir, (arriver,)
to come, to come in, to
arrive ; ♦ to come upon, to
chance or happen, to fall
out, to succeed. ♦ Venir,
(échoir,) to come or fall
to. ♦ (Procéder,) to come,
to proceed. ♦ Venir, (naî-
tre, croître,) to grow or
thrive. * Venir bien, (être
convenable,) to fit, suit or
become. * Venir de, (façon
de parler qui se joint à
l'infinitif des verbes, pour
marquer un temps passé
depuis peu.) Ex. Je viens
de le quitter, I left him
just now. Je viens de querir
mes livres, I have been to

VEN

fetch my books. Il vient d'arriver, he is but just come, he came but just now.
A venir, adj. (futur.) To come, future.
Vent, f. m. Wind, gale, air. Tomber sous le vent, to fall to the leeward. Mettre les voiles au vent, to set sail, to hoist sail. ♦ Vents alisés, trade winds. Vent d'amont, land wind. — d'aval, a sea-wind or breeze. — arriere, a wind right aft. — de bouline, a scant-wind. — devant, head to wind. Côté du vent, the weather-side. Dessus ou avantage du vent, the weather gage. ♦ Donner vent à un vaisseau, to give vent to a vessel. ♦ Vent, (haleine,) wind or breath. ♦ Prendre le vent, (flairer,) to wind or scent. Vent, (avis secret.) Inkling, hint. ♦ (Vanité,) wind, vanity, emptiness.
Au vent, adv. To the windward. Sous le vent, to leeward or under the lee.
Vente, f. f. Sale, selling or vendition. ♦ Qui est de vente ou de bonne vente, that sells or goes off well. ♦ Vente, the place where wine is sold by the whole. ♦ Lods & ventes, a fine for alienation.
Venter, v. n. imp. Ex. Il vente, the wind blows, 'tis windy weather.
Venteux, euse, adj. Windy.
Ventilateur, f. m. A ventilator.
Ventilation, f. f. Estimate, estimation, valuation; ♦ a canvassing or sifting of a business.
Ventilé, ée, adj. Estimated, &c.
Ventiler, v. a. To ventilate, estimate, prize or value; ♦ to debate, canvas, sift or examine.
Ventosité, f. f. Ventosity, wind collected in the body of an animal.
Ventouse, f. f. A vent or air-hole; ♦ A cupping-glass.

VER

Ventouffé, ée, adj. Cupped.
Ventoufer, v. a. To cup.
Ventre, f. m. (ou bas ventre.) The belly, paunch or guts. ♦ Avoir le ventre libre, to be loose. Lâcher le ventre, to loosen. Flux de ventre, looseness. ♦ Ventre, (petit ventre,) the stomach, breast or ventricle. ♦ (La matrice,) belly or womb. ♦ Muraille qui fait le ventre, a wall that bellies or bunches out.
Ventree, f. f. A litter of young; ♦ birth.
Ventricule, f. m. The ventricle.
Ventrière, f. f. A belly-band.
Ventriloque, f. m. & f. One who speaks in such a manner as that the sound seems to issue from the belly.
Ventru, ue, adj. Big-bellied, gore-bellied.
Venu, ue, adj. (from Venir.) Come. Monsieur, soyez le bien-venu, welcome, Sir. Un nouveau-venu, a new-comer.
Venue, f. f. Coming, arrival. ♦ Allées & venues, going backwards and forwards. ♦ J'ai fait trois quilles de venue & fix de rabat, I carried three pins and tips fix.
Tout d'une venue, adv. All together, all at once, at the same time. ♦ Tout d'une venue, (uni & égal par-tout,) all of a size, all of a piece.
Vénus, f. f. Venus.
Vêpres, f. f. pl. Vespers, evening prayers.
Ver, f. m. Worm; ♦ a maggot or mite; ♦ a moth or moth-worm. * Le ver de la conscience, the remorse, stings or check of conscience. * † Tirer les vers du nez à quelqu'un, to pump one.
Verbal, ale, adj. Verbal, that comes from the verb.
Verbal, f. m. (ou procès-verbal.) A verbal process.
Verbalement, adv. Verbally, by word of mouth.
Verbaliser, v. n. To make a verbal process. * † Verbaliser, (causer, parler d'une manière trop étendue,) to

VER

465

be long-winded or tedious in one's discourse, to make many words.
Verbe, f. m. A verb. ♦ Le Verbe, (terme de l'Ecriture,) the Word, the second person of the ever adorable Trinity.
† Verbiage, f. m. Idle words, empty, frothy discourse.
† Verbofite, f. f. Verbofity, too many words.
† Vercoquin, subst. m. A maggot.
Verd, V. Vert.
Verdâtre, adj. Greenish.
Verdée, f. f. White Florentine wine, verde-dea.
Verdelet, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdelet, a tart wine.
Verderie, f. f. A verderer's jurisdiction.
Verdet, f. m. Verdigrise.
Verdeur, f. f. Greenness on sap of wood. ♦ Verdeur de l'âge, green years, youth. * Verdeur, (vigueur,) briskness, lustiness, strength. ♦ (Du vin,) tartness of wine.
Verdi, ie, adj. (from Verdir.) Painted green; grown or become green.
Verdier, f. m. Verderer; ♦ greenfinch.
Verdir, v. a. To paint green.
Verdir, v. n. To grow or become green.
Verdoyant, ante, adj. Green; verdant.
† Verdoyer, v. n. (devenir vert.) To grow green, to be verdant.
Verdure, f. f. Greenness or verdure; ♦ the green or green grass; ♦ a forest-work in a suit of hangings.
Verdurier, f. m. Herberman.
Véreux, euse, adj. Full of maggots, rotten. * † Véreux, Naught.
Verge, f. f. Rod, switch; wand, yard; ♦ a verge.
Verge de l'ancre, shank of the anchor. ♦ Verges, (au pluriel.) Rods. Battre à coups de verges, to whip. ♦ Verges, (châtiement,) gauntlets.
Verget, f. m. An orchard.
Vergeté, ée, adj. Brushed.
Vergeter, v. a. To brush,

264 VER

Vergettier, *f. m.* ou Vergettier-
broffier, *a brush-maker or
seller.*

Vergettes, *f. f. pl. A brush.*

Verglas, *f. m. A glazed frost.*

† Vergogne, *f. f. Shame.*

Vergue, *f. f. A yard to which
the sails hang. La grande
vergue, the main-yard. La
vergue de misaine, the fore
yard. La vergue de grand
hunier, the main-top yard.*

Véridique, *adj. Veridical.*

Vérificateur, *f. m. An exa-
miner.*

Vérification, *f. f. Verifica-
tion.*

Vérifié, *ée, adj. Verified.*

Vérifier, *v. a. To verify, to
prove; ♦ to examine and
compare.*

Véritable, *adj. True.*

Véritablement, *adv. Truly,
really, indeed.*

Vérité, *f. f. Truth, verity.*

En vérité, *adv. Truly, verily,
in truth, indeed; ♦ I con-
fess.*

Verjus, *f. m. Verjuice; ♦
sour grapes.*

Verjuté, *ée, adj. Ex. Vin
verjuté, sharp or tart wine.*

Vermeil, *eille, adj. Vermil-
lion, fine or lively red. Le-
vres vermeilles, red, cherry
lips.*

Vermeil, *f. m. (argent doré.)
Silver-gilt.*

Vermicelles ou Vermicelli,
*f. m. Vermicelli, a sort of
Italian dish.*

Vermiller, *v. n. To grub up
the earth from worms.*

Vermillon, *f. m. Vermilion,
red lead, a natural red, a
cherry red; ♦ the scarlet
grain.*

Vermine, *f. f. Vermin, as
lice, fleas, &c.*

Vermisseau, *f. m. A little or
small worm.*

Se vermouler, *v. r. To rot, to
grow worm-eaten.*

Vermoulu, *ue, adj. Worm-
eaten, rotten.*

Vermoulure, *f. f. Worm-hole,
worm-eatenness or rottenness
in wood.*

Verni, *ie, ou Vernissé, ée,
adj. Varnished.*

Vernir ou Vernisser, *v. a. To
varnish.*

VER

Vernis, *f. m. The gum of
juniper-trees; ♦ varnish.*

Vernisseur, *subst. m. A var-
nisher.*

Vernissure, *subst. f. A var-
nishing.*

Vérole ou grosse vérole, *f. f.
The pox, the French pox. ♦
Petite vérole, the small-
pox.*

Vérolé, *ée, adj. That has the
pox, pocky.*

Vérolé, *f. m. Une véro-
lée, f. f. A pocky man or
woman, one that has the
pox.*

Vérolique, *adj. Pocky.*

Véron, *f. m. Menow, the
menow fish.*

Véronique, *f. f. Fluelling, an
herb.*

Verrat, *f. m. A boar or boar-
pig.*

Verre, *f. m. Glass.*

Verrée, *f. f. A glass or glass-
full, a brimmer.*

Verrerie, *f. f. A glass-house;
♦ glass-making; ♦ glass-
ware, glasses.*

Verreux, *V. Véreux.*

Verrier, *f. m. A glass-maker;
♦ glass-seller.*

Verrière, *f. f. A glass to put
before pictures, &c.*

Verrou, *f. m. A bolt.*

Verrouillé, *ée, adj. Bolted.*

Verrouiller, *v. a. To bolt.*

Verrucaire, *f. f. Warts-wort.*

Verrue, *f. f. A wart.*

Vers, *f. m. Verse.*

Vers, *prép. Toward, towards.*

A verse, *adv. Il pleut a verse,
it rains hard, it pours down,
it rains as fast as it can
pour.*

Verfé, *ée, adj. (from Verfer.)
poured, &c. ♦ Verfé, (ex-
périmenté,) versé, skilled,
experienced.*

Verseau, *f. m. Aquarius, one
of the celestial signs.*

Verfer, *v. a. To pour or fill;
♦ to spill or shed.*

Verfer, *v. n. To be laid or
lodged; ♦ to overturn.*

Verfet, *f. m. A verse. Verfet
d'un pseaume, a staff of a
psalm.*

Verificateur, *f. m. A versifier,
a poet.*

Vérification, *f. f. Versifica-
tion.*

VER

Verifié, *ée, adj. Verified.*

Verifier, *v. n. To verify.*

Version, *f. f. Version, transla-
tion.*

Vert, *erte, adj. Green. Via
vert, tart wine. * Vert,
(vif, alerte,) brisk, lusty,
fresh, strong. * Une verte
réponse, a sharp answer. *
On lui fit une verte répri-
mande, he was sharply or
severely reprimanded. ♦ Cuir
vert, raw leather.*

Vert, *f. m. Green or green
colour. ♦ Mettre un che-
val au vert, to put or turn a
horse to grass. * † Manger
son blé en vert, * † to
outrun the constable, to run
out. * Prendre sans vert,
to take unprovided or nap-
ping.*

Vert-de-gris, *f. m. Verdigrise.
V. Verdet.*

Vertebres, *f. f. pl. Vertebra,
chine-bones.*

Vertement, *adv. (from Vert.)
Briskly, smartly, stoutly.*

Verteville, *f. f. The staple of
a bolt.*

Vertical, *ale, adj. Vertical.*

Verticalement, *adv. Verti-
cally, perpendicularly.*

Vertige, *f. m. A dizziness,
giddiness or swimming in the
head.*

Vertigineux, *euse, adj. Gid-
dy, vertiginous. * † Ver-
tigo, (caprice, fantaisie,)
a maggot, crotchet or whim.
♦ Vertigo de cheval,
(maladie de cheval,) the
staggers.*

Vertu, *f. f. Virtue, honesty; ♦
efficacy, force, power, pro-
perty.*

Vertueusement, *adv. Virtu-
ously, uprightly, worthily.*

Vertueux, *euse, adj. Vir-
tuous, honest. ♦ (Chaste,)
honest, chaste.*

Vertugadin, *f. m. A sardin-
gal.*

Verve, *f. f. A poetical rap-
ture, folly or rage; ♦ a
frolic, fancy, maggot or
crotchet.*

Verveine, *f. f. Vervain or
holy herb.*

Vervelle, *f. f. Vervels.*

Verveu, *subst. masc. A fruit-
basket.*

Verteux;

VER

Verveux, *subst. m.* *A sweep-
net.*
Vesce, *f. f.* (grain.) *Vetch*,
fuch.
Véficair, *f. f.* *Alkekengi* or
winter-cherry.
Vésicatoire, *adjest.* *Ex.* Em-
plâtre vésicatoire ou un
vésicatoire, *f. m.* *A vesica-
tory or blistering plaster, a
blister.*
Vésicule, *f. f.* *Vesicle.*
Vespérie, *f. f.* *Vesperies*; *
a lecture, reproof or reprimand.
Vespérifié, *ée*, *adj.* *Schooled*,
rebuked, reprimanded.
Vespérifier, *v. a.* *To school*,
check or reprimand.
Vespres, *V.* *Vèpres:*
Vesle, *f. f.* *Fizzle.*
Vesse, *V.* *Vesce.*
Vesse-de-loup, *f. f.* (faux cham-
pignon.) *Fuzz-ball or puck-
st.*
Vesser, *v. n.* *To fizzle.*
Veskeur, *f. m.* *Veskeuse*, *f. f.*
Fizzler.
Vessie, *f. f.* *Bladder*; * *a
blister.*
Vestale, *f. f.* *A vestal nun or
virgin.*
Veste, *f. f.* *A vest*; * *a
waistcoat.*
Vestiaire, *f. m.* *Vestry.*
Vestibule, *subst. m.* *Entry*;
purch.
Vestige, *f. m.* *Step, footstep*,
vestige; * *sign, mark, re-
main, vestige.*
Vêtement, *f. m.* *Vestment*;
raiment, garment, vesture,
clothing.
Vétéran, *f. m.* *A veteran or
veteran soldier*; * *a veteran*,
*an old officer of twenty years
standing.*
Vétillard, *V.* *Vétilleur.*
Vétille, *f. f.* *A trifle.*
Vétiller, *v. n.* *To trifle*; *to
stand upon trifles.*
Vétilleur, *f. m.* *Vétilleuse*,
f. f. *A trisler.*
Vêtir, *v. a.* *To clothe*, *to
find clothes.*
Se vêtir, *v. r.* *To dress one's
self, to put on one's clothes.*
Vêtu, *ue*, *adj.* *Clad, arrayed*,
clothed, having on.
Vêture, *f. f.* *Vesture.*
Veu, *V.* *Vu, &c.*
Veuf, *f. m.* *A widower.*

Tome I.

VIC

Veuve, *f. m.* *Widowhood*,
widuity.
Veuve, *f. f.* *A widow.*
Vexation, *f. f.* *Vexation.*
Vexé, *ée*, *adjest.* *Vexed*,
&c.
Vexer, *v. a.* *To vex, trouble*
or oppress.
Viager, *ere*, *adj.* (from *Vie.*)
for life, during life. *Pension*
viagère, a pension for life,
an annuity.
Viande, *f. f.* *Meat, flesh*; *
meat, viands, victuals,
food.
Viander, *v. n.* (terme de
chasse.) *To feed, to go to
feed.*
Viandis, *f. m.* *The feeding*,
viands or pasture of deer.
Viatique, *f. m.* *Vaticum.*
Vibration, *subst. fem.* *Vibra-
tion.*
Vibord, *f. m.* *The waist of a
ship.*
Vicaire, *subst. m.* *Vicar*; *
Curate.
Vicairie, *f. f.* *Vicarship* or
curacy.
Vicarial, *ale*, *adj.* *Vicarious*,
of a vicar.
Vicariat, *f. m.* *Vicarship* or
curacy.
Vice, *f. m.* *Vice*; * *sin*,
lewdness, debauchery; *
fault, defect, imperfection.
Vice-Amiral, *f. m.* *A vice-
admiral.*
Vice-Bailli, *subst. m.* *A vice-
bailiff.*
Vice-Chancelier, *f. m.* *A vice-
chancellor.*
Vice-Gérent, *f. m.* *Vice-gérent*
or deputy.
Vice-Légit, *subst. m.* *A Vice-
legate.*
Vice-légation, *f. f.* *A vice-
legateship.*
Vice-Reine, *f. f.* *A Vice-roy's*
or Deputy's wife.
Vice-Roi, *f. m.* *Vice-roy, a*
Deputy king. *Le Vice-Roi*
d'Irlande, the lord lieutenant
of Ireland.
Vice-royauté, *f. f.* *The place*
and dignity of a vice-roy or
deputy.
Vice-Sénéchal, *f. m.* *A vice-
seneschal.*
Vicié, *ée*, *adj.* *Viciated, not*
sound.
Vicier, *v. a.* *To viciate.*

VID 465

Vicier, *v. n.* *To be an error in
law.*
Vicieusement, *adv.* *Viciously*,
wickedly, lewdly.
Vicieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Vicious*,
*wicked, sinful, lewd, naugh-
ty*; * *head-strong*; * *full*
of errors.
Vicieux, *f. m. pl.* *Ex.* Entre-
tenir les vicieux, *to coun-
tenance vicious men.*
Vicissitude, *f. f.* *Vicissitude.*
Vicomte, *f. m.* *A viscount.*
Vicomté, *f. m. & f.* *A vis-
county.*
Vicomtesse, *f. f.* *A viscount-
ess.*
Vicime, *f. f.* *A victim or*
sacrifice.
Victoire, *f. f.* *Victory.*
Victorieusement, *adv.* *Victo-
riously.*
Victorieux, *euse*, *adj.* *Victo-
rious.*
Victuaille, *f. f.* *Victuals.*
Vidame, *f. m.* *Vidame, the*
judge of a Bishop's temporal
jurisdiction.
Videlle, *subst. f.* *A jagg-
ing-iron.*
Vidange, *f. f.* *Ex.* Un tonneau
en vidange, *a vessel broa-
ched or tapped.* * *Vidanges*;
(des fossés à privés, des
cloaques, &c.) *filth.* *
* — (d'une maison,) *the*
rubbish of a house. * — (des
femmes,) *woman's flood*
after child-birth.
Vidangeur, *f. m.* *A night-man*
or gold-finder.
Vide, *adj.* *Empty or void.*
Vide, *f. m.* *A void, an*
empty space, a void space;
a vacancy; * *a blank or*
white; * *a vacuum.* * *Un*
*grand vide dans son dis-
cours, a great gap or chasm*
in his discourse.
A vide, *adv.* *Empty.*
Vidé, *ée*, *adj.* *Emptied, &c.*
Vider, *v. a.* *To empty, to*
make void or empty. * *Vider*
la volaille, to draw a fowl.
Vider un étang, *to drain a*
pond. **Vider ses mains**, *to*
give up or resign. * **Vider**
un lieu ou vider d'un lieu,
verb. neut. *To avoid a*
place, to go out of a place,
to leave a place. *Il faut qu'il*
vide le pays; he must leave
the place.

G g

or run the country. ♦ *Vider*, (découper,) to pick or cut into flowers, &c. ♦ *Vider* ou *évider*. *V. Evider*. ♦ *Vider*, (finir.) To determine, to decide, to end or make an end of, to make up. ♦ *Vider les terres*, to level the ground.

Se vider, *v. r.* To empty; * † to let fly. * *Se vider*, (se finir,) to be determined, decided, ended or made an end of.

Viduité, *f. f.* *Viduity*, widowhood.

Vie, *subst. fem.* *Life*. ♦ *Sur* ou *sous* peine de la *vie*, upon pain of death. ♦ *Vie*, (la nourriture & la subsistance,) *livelihood*, food. ♦ *Faire la vie*, (se réjouir,) to be merry or make merry. ♦ *Vie*, (plaisir, délices,) *life*, *delight*. * (Réprimande,) *reprimand*, *lecture*. ♦ Deux heures s'étant passées sans qu'on lui donnât le moindre signe de *vie*, two hours being spent, and no manner of notice taken of him or and nothing stirring.

A vie, *adv.* For life, during life.

Vieil ou *Vieux*, *vieille*, *adj.* Old or ancient, in years. ♦ (Ufé,) *old*, worn out.

Vieillard, *f. m.* An old man, an ancient man.

Vieille, *f. f.* An old woman.

Vieillerie, *f. f.* Old clothes or goods; old rubbish.

Vieillesse, *f. f.* Old age, age.

Vieilli, *ie*, *adj.* Grown old, grown out of date.

Vieillir, *v. n.* To grow old; ♦ to grow out of date.

Vieillir, *v. a.* To make one grow old or look old.

† *Vieillot*, *otte*, *adj.* Oldish, somewhat old, stale.

Vielle, *f. f.* A cymbal.

Vieller, *v. a.* To play upon the cymbal.

Vieilleur, *f. m.* A player on the cymbal.

Vierge, *f. f.* Virgin or maid; ♦ *Virgo*, one of the twelve celestial signs. Il est amoureux des onze mille vierges, he is a general lover.

Vierge, *adj.* Maid.

Vieux. *V. Vieil*.

Vif, *vive*, *adj.* (qui est en vie.) Live, quick, alive, living. * *Esprit vif*, a quick, sharp, smart or piercing wit. ♦ *Vif-argent*, quicksilver, mercury. * *Vif*, (ardent dans une affaire, dans une entreprise,) sanguine.

Vif, *f. m.* *Ex.* Le *vif* d'un arbre, the wood or inside of a tree. ♦ Le *vif* de l'eau, highwater.

Vigies, *f. f. pl.* (Terme de mer.) Rocks above water; ♦ watching places; ♦ the man that watches. *Etre en vigie*, to keep a look out.

Vigilamment, *adv.* Vigilantly, watchfully.

Vigilance, *f. f.* Vigilance or vigilancy, watchfulness.

Vigilant, *ante*, *adj.* Vigilant.

Vigile, *f. f.* Vigil, eve.

Vigne, *f. f.* Vine; ♦ a vineyard.

Vigneron, *f. m.* A vine-dresser or husbandman.

Vignette, *subst. f.* A printer's flower, flourish or border.

Vignoble, *f. m.* A vineyard-plot.

Vigogne, *f. f.* A sort of Spanish wool.

Vigogne, *f. m.* A hat made of Spanish wool.

Vigoureulement, *adv.* Vigorously, briskly.

Vigoureux, *euse*, *adj.* Vigorous, stout, strong, lusty, brisk.

Viguerie, *f. f.* The place or jurisdiction of a viguier. *V. Viguiier*.

Vigueur, *f. f.* Vigour. * (Courage,) stoutness, mettle, courage.

Viguier, *f. m.* A sort of magistrate in France.

Vil, *ile*, *adj.* Vile, mean, contemptible.

Vilain, *aine*, *adjeç.* (sale.) Nasty, filthy, slovenly, flutrish. ♦ (Laid,) ugly, homely. ♦ (Indigne,) villainous, unworthy, shameful. ♦ (Impudique,) filthy, obscene, bawdy.

Vilain, *f. m.* (un roturier.) A villain or bond-man. ♦ (Un mal-propre,) a nasty man, a sloven,

Vilaine, *f. f.* A slut; ♦ a prostitute.

Vilainement, *adv.* Nastily, filthily, dirtily; ♦ filthily, obscenely, basely, shamefully.

Vilbrequin, *f. m.* A wimble.

Vilénie, *f. f.* (from *Vilain*.) Filth, filthiness, nastiness; ♦ a base, pitiful, shameful thing; ♦ filthiness, bawdry, obscenity.

Vileté, *f. f.* *Vileness*, meanness, cheapness, inconside-
rableness.

† *Vilipendé*, *ée*, *adj.* Under-
valued, vilified.

† *Vilipender*, *v. a.* To under-
value, vilify or despise.

Village, *f. m.* A village.

Villageois, *oise*, *adj.* Of the country or village.

Villageois, *f. m.* A country-
man, a clown, a bumpkin.

Villageoise, *f. f.* A country-
woman, a country-lady.

A la villageoise, *adv.* After the country-fashion.

Villanelle, *f. f.* A country-
ballad or lay.

Ville, *f. f.* A town or city.

Villebrequin. *V. Vilbrequin*.

Villette, *f. f.* A small town.

Vin, *f. m.* Wine.

Vinaigre, *f. m.* Vinegar.

Vinaigré, *ée*, *adj.* Seasoned with vinegar.

Vinaigrette, *f. f.* A sauce with vinegar and pepper, &c. ♦ a kind of casket.

Vinaigrier, *f. m.* A vinegar-
man; ♦ a cruet for vinegar.

Vindas, *f. m.* Windlafs, draw-
beam.

Vindicatif, *ive*, *adj.* Vindic-
tive, revengeful.

Vinée, *f. f.* Crop of wine.

Vineux, *euse*, *adj.* Vinous. ♦

Vin vineux, strong wine.

Vingt, *adj.* Twenty, a score.

Vingtaine, *f. f.* A score.

Vingtième, *adj.* Twentieth.

Viol, *f. m.* A rape.

Violat, *adj. masc.* *Ex.* Sirop

violat, syrup of violets.

Violateur, *f. m.* A breaker;
infringer or transgressor.

Violation, *V. Violement*.

Viole, *f. f.* A viol.

Violé, *ée*, *adj.* Violated, &c.;

Violement, *f. m.* A violating,
violation, breaking, trans-
gressing; ♦ rape.

VIO

Violemment, *adv.* *Violently*;
 ♦ *eagerly, earnestly.*
Violence, *f. f.* *Violence.*
Violent, *ente*, *adj.* *Violent*,
fiere, boisterous.
Violenté, *ée*, *adj.* *Forced*,
&c.
Violenter, *v. a.* *To force.*
Violer, *v. a.* *To violate, break*
or transgress.
Violet, *ette*, *adjct.* *Purple.*
 * † Il en devint tout violet,
He looked blue upon it.
Violet, *f. m.* *Purple or violet-*
colour.
Violette, *f. f.* *A violet.*
Violier, *V.* *Girofler.*
Violon, *f. m.* *Violin, fiddle*;
 ♦ *a fiddler.*
Viorne, *f. f.* *The wild vine or*
hedge plant.
Vipere, *f. f.* *Viper.*
Vipereau, *subst. m.* *A viper's*
whelp.
 † **Virago**, *f. f.* *Virago, a*
termagant.
Virelai, *f. m.* *Virelay or*
roundelay, a sort of poem.
Virement, *f. m.* *de partie,*
the paying a creditor with a
debt which is owing us, a
transfer.
Virer, *v. n.* *Ex. Tourner &*
virer, to go about the bush.
Virer au cabestan, to heave
the capstan. Virer à pic, to
heave short. — de bord, to
put about a ship or to go
about. — vent-devant, to
tack. — vent-arrière, to
veer.
Virevaut, *f. m.* *Roller or*
winch.
Virevolte ou virevouffe, *f. f.*
A turning and winding, a
quick turning.
Virginal, *ale*, *adj.* *Virginal,*
maidenly.
Virginité, *f. f.* *Maidenhead,*
virginity.
Virgouleuse, *f. f.* *A sort of*
pear.
Virgule, *f. f.* *A comma.*
Viril, *ile*, *adj.* *Of a man,*
male; ♦ virile, manly.
Virilement, *adv.* *Manly,*
stoutly.
Virilité, *f. f.* *Virility, man-*
hood.
Virole, *subst. f.* *A ferrule or*
verrel.
Virtuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Virtual.*

VIR

Virtuellement, *adv.* *Virtually.*
Virulent, *ente*, *adj.* *Virulent.*
Virura de bordages, *f. f.*
Strakes or streaks.
Virus, *subst. m.* *Virulency,*
venom.
Vis, *f. f.* *A screw; ♦ the*
spindle-tree of a stair-case.
Vis-à-vis, *adv. & prép.* *Over-*
against, over the way, cross
the way, opposite.
Visa, *V.* *Viser, v. a.*
Visage, *f. m.* *Face, visage*;
 ♦ *look.* * *Changer de visage,*
(rougir,) to colour, to
*blush; * (pâlir, devenir pâ-*
le,) to turn pale.
Visceres, *f. m. pl.* *The entrails*
or bowels.
Viscosité, *subst. f.* *Viscosity,*
clamminess.
Visée, *f. f.* *Aim.*
Viser, *v. n.* *To aim or take*
one's aim.
Viser, *v. a.* *To revise and*
examine an act.
Visibilité, *f. f.* *Visibility.*
Visible, *adj.* *Visible, manifest.*
Visiblement, *adv.* *Visibly.*
Visiere, *f. f.* *de casque. The*
fight or visier of a head-
piece.
Vision, *f. f.* *Vision, fight*;
 ♦ *apparition; ♦ an idle*
fancy.
Visionnaire, *adj.* *Fanciful,*
whimsical, sanatick.
Visionnaire, *f. m. & f.* *A*
fanciful man or woman, a
sanatick.
Visir, *f. m.* *Visier.*
Visitation, *f. f.* *Visitation.*
Visite, *f. f.* *Viste or visiting*;
 ♦ *visitation; ♦ search;*
 ♦ *searching.*
Vistté, *ée*, *adj.* *Visited, &c.*
Vistter, *v. a.* *To visit; ♦ to*
make a visitation; ♦ to
search, to view or survey.
Vistteur, *f. m.* *A visiter; ♦ a*
searcher.
Vision, *f. m.* *A Printer's*
visorium.
Visqueux, *euse*, *adj.* *Viscous,*
slimy; clammy.
Visuel, *elle*, *adj.* *Visual.*
Vital, *ale*, *adj.* *Vital.*
Vite, *adj.* *Quick, nimble,*
swift, speedy, fleet.
Vite, *adv.* *Quickly, speedily,*
fast.
Vitement, *adv.* *Quickly.*

VIV

467

Viteffe, *f. f.* *Quickness, nim-*
bleness, swiftness.
Vitonnières, *f. f. pl.* *Limber-*
holes, a sea-term.
Vitrage, *f. m.* *Glazing, the*
glass windows.
Vitraux, *f. m. pl.* *A great-*
glass-window.
Vitre, *f. f.* *A glass-window*;
 ♦ *a glass or pane of glass.*
Vitré, *ée*, *adj.* *Glazed.*
Vitrer, *v. a.* *To glaze.*
Vitrier, *f. m.* *A glazier.*
Vitrification, *f. f.* *Vitrifica-*
tion.
Vitrifié, *ée*, *adj.* *Vitrified.*
Vitrifier, *v. a.* *To vitrify.*
Vitriol, *f. m.* *Vitriol.*
Vitriolé, *ée*, *adj.* *Vitrio-*
lous.
Vitriolique, *adj.* *Vitriolous.*
Vitupere, *f. m.* *Blame, re-*
proach.
Vivacité, *f. f.* *(from Vis.)*
Vivacity, liveliness.
Vivandier, *f. m.* *Vivandiere,*
f. f. *A jowler.*
Vivant, *ante*, *adj.* *Living,*
alive.
Vivant, *f. m.* *Ex. Il n'y a*
point de vivant qui soit
plus à elle que moi, there
is no man alive more addic-
ted to her than I am. ♦ Un
bon vivant, a good fellow
a good companion.
Vive, *f. f.* *The sea-dragon.*
Vive, *V.* *Vif.*
Vivement, *adverb.* *Briskly,*
sharply, vigorously; ♦ to
the quick.
Vivier, *f. m.* *A pond, a fish-*
pond; ♦ a well in a ship.
Vivifiant, *ante*, *adj.* *Vivifying,*
vivifical.
Vivification, *f. f.* *Vivification,*
vivifying.
Vivifié, *ée*, *adj.* *Vivified.*
Vivifier, *v. a.* *To vivify or*
quicken, to revive.
Vivifique, *adjct.* *Vivifical,*
vivifying, that gives life.
Vivoter, *v. n.* *To live from*
hand to mouth, to make
just shift to live; ♦ † to rub
on.
Vivre, *v. n.* *(from Vie.) To*
live, to be living or alive.
 ♦ *Faire vivre, (entrete-*
nir,) to maintain, keep
feed or entertain. ♦ Vivre,
(se conduire,) to live, &c.

lead a sort of life; ♦ to behave, carry or understand one's self. ♦ Exister, to live or exist. ♦ Vive le Roi, God save or bless the King. ♦ Qui vive? who are you for?

Vivre, *f. m.* Food, diet.

Vivres, *f. m. pl.* Provisions, victuals.

Ulcération, *f. f.* Ulceration.

Ulcere, *f. m.* An ulcer.

Ulcéré, *éc.* adj. Ulcerated, excoriated, ulcerous.

Ulcérer, *v. a.* To ulcerate or excoriate; ♦ to provoke, incense or exasperate.

Ultérieur, *eure*, adj. Farther or furthestmost, on the farther side.

Ultramontain, *aine*, adj. & subst. Beyond the mountains.

Un, une, adj. One, a, an.

♦ Les uns, (quelques-uns.) some. ♦ Les uns & les autres, all, altogether, every body. ♦ En un, (ensemble,) in one, together.

L'un & l'autre, both. L'un ou l'autre, either. Ni l'un ni l'autre, neither.

Unanime, adj. Unanimous.

Unaniment, adv. Unanimously.

Unanimité, *f. f.* Unanimity.

Uni, unie, adj. (from Unir.) United, &c. ♦ Uni, (égal poli,) smooth, even or level. ♦ Du linge uni, plain linen.

Uni, adv. Even. Mettre à l'uni, to level.

Unieme, adj. One. Ex. Vingt & unieme, one and twentieth.

Uniforme, adj. Uniform, even, regular.

Uniformément, adv. After the same fashion.

Uniformité, subst. *f.* Uniformity.

Uniment, adv. (d'une manière unie.) Smooth or even.

Union, *f. f.* Union, conjunction; ♦ union, unity, concord.

Unique, adj. Only, sole. ♦ (Excellent,) notable, singular.

Uniquement, adv. Only, singularly, entirely.

Unir, *v. a.* To unite or join

together; ♦ to smoothen, to level, to make smooth, level or even.

S'unir, *v. r.* To unite or be united, to join together.

Unisson, *f. m.* Unisson.

Unitaire, *f. m. & f.* An unitarian, a theist.

Unité, *f. f.* Unity; ♦ an unit.

Univers, *f. m.* The universe, the world; ♦ the earth.

Universaliste, *f. m. & f.* An universalist.

Universalité, *f. f.* Universality, generality.

Universel, elle, adj. Universal, general.

Universel, *f. m.* Universaux, pl. An universal or a predicable, in logic.

Universellement, adv. Universally, generally.

Univerité, *f. f.* An university.

Univoque, adj. Univocal.

Vocabulaire, *f. m.* A vocabulary.

Vocal, ale, adj. Vocal, oral.

Vocatif, *f. m.* Vocative, the vocative case.

Vocation, *f. f.* Vocation.

Vocaux, *f. m. pl.* Voters, those that vote in an election.

Vœu, *f. m.* A vow. ♦ Je fais vœu à Dieu que, I vow to God or I swear that. ♦ Vœu, (souhait,) vow, wish, desire, prayer, request.

Vogue-avant, *f. m.* A rower or fore-rower.

Vogue, *f. f.* The rowing of a galley. ♦ (Crédit,) vogue; ♦ mode or fashion.

Voguer, *v. n.* To row or pull.

Vogueur, *f. m.* A rower.

Voici, adv. Behold, here is, that is, here be, here are.

Voie, *f. f.* Way, road; ♦ wiew, footing or strain of deer. ♦ Voie, (moyen,) ways, means, method or course. ♦ Une voie d'eau, a leak.

Voilà, adv. There is, that is; there be, there are, those be.

Voile, *f. m.* A veil. ♦ Voile, (figure, allégorie,) veil, figure, allegory. ♦ (Apparence,) veil, cloak, colour, shew, pretence, mask.

Voile, *f. f.* Sail. La grande

voile, the main sail. La voile de misaine, the fore sail. — d'artimon, the mizen sail. — de grand hunier, the main top-sail. — de petit hunier, the fore top-sail. — de perroquet d'artimon, the mizen top-sail. — de grand perroquet, the main top-gallant-sail. — de petit perroquet, the fore top-gallant-sail. — de grand perroquet volant, the main top-gallant-sail. — de la perruche d'artimon, the mizen top-gallant-sail. La grande voile d'étai, the main stay-sail. La voile de civadiere, the sprit-sail, — de contre civadiere, the sprit top-sail. — de paille en cul, the driver or ring-sail. ♦ Voile, (vaisseau,) a sail or vessel.

Voilé, *éc.* adj. Veiled, &c.

Voiler, *v. a.* To veil or cover with a veil; ♦ to give the veil.

Voilerie, *f. f.* A sail-yard.

Voilier, *f. m.* A sail-maker. ♦ Vaisseau bon voilier, a good sailor.

Voilure, *f. f.* Sails; ♦ way of sailing.

Voir, verb. act. To see. Voir, (considérer,) to see, to look or behold. ♦ Voir sur ou voir, to look over, to over-look, to survey. ♦ Il semble, (il paroît,) it seems, it looks. ♦ Faire voir, (montrer,) to let see, to shew.

Se voir, *v. r.* To look one's self, to look upon one's self, to look. ♦ (Se fréquenter, to see, frequent or visit one another. ♦ (Coucher ensemble,) to lie together. ♦ Se voir (se trouver) dans un piteux état, to find one's self in a sad condition.

Voire, adv. Ay, ay marry, nay.

Voirie, *f. f.* A loy-stall.

Voisin, inc. adj. Neighbouring, bordering, adjacent.

Un voisin, *f. m.* one voisine, *f. f.* A neighbour.

Voisinage, *f. m.* Neighbourhood, vicinity.

* Voisiner, *v. n.* To be neigh-

VOI

Hourly, to visit one's neighbours.
Voiture, *f. f.* Carriage; ♣ fare; ♣ load, loading; ♣ (carrosse, chariot, bateau, cheval, &c.) carriage, a coach, cart, boat, horse, &c.
Voituré, *ée*, *adj.* Conveyed.
Voiturier, *v. a.* To convey or carry.
Voiturier, *f. m.* A carrier.
 ♣ Voiturier par eau, a bargeman.
Voiturin, *f. m.* One that lets horses.
Voix, *f. f.* Voice. ♣ (Cri,) voice or cry. ♣ (Suffrage,) voice, vote or suffrage.
Vol, *f. m.* Robbery, theft; ♣ theft, stolen goods.
Vol, *subst. m.* The flight or flying of a bird; a cast of hawks. * Il a le vol pour cela, he has an admirable talent that way.
 † **Volable**, *adj.* That may be stolen.
Volage, *adj.* Fickle, inconstant, unsteady. ♣ Feu volage, wild fire, a sore.
Volaille, *f. f.* Poultry, fowl.
Volant, *ante*, *adj.* Flying. ♣ Fusée volante, a rocket.
Volant, *f. m.* A shuttle-cock.
Volatil ou volatile, *adj.* Volatile.
Volatile, *f. m.* A volatile, a flying creature.
Volatilisé, *ée*, *adj.* Volatilized.
Volatiliser, *v. a.* To volatilize, to make volatile.
Volatilité, *f. f.* Volatility.
 † **Volaille**, *f. f.* Fowls.
Vole, *f. f.* Vole or flam.
Volé, *ée*, *adj.* Robbed, stolen.
Volée, *f. f.* The flight or flying. * (Qualité, rang,) rate, rank, quality, degree. ♣ Volée (de canons,) a volley of cannon-shot.
 A la volée, *adv.* Rashly, at random, inconsiderately. ♣ Toute volée, random shot.
Voler, *v. n.* & *a.* To fly or fly at.
Voler, *v. a.* (ravis par force.) To rob, to take away.
Volerie, *f. f.* A flight of a bird of prey at some game or other.

VOI

Volerie, *f. f.* Robbery, theft.
Volet, *f. m.* A dove-cot; ♣ a little sea-compass. ♣ Volet de fenêtre, a window-shutter.
Voléter, *v. n.* To flutter or flicker.
Voleur, *f. m.* A thief.
Voleuse, *f. f.* A thief, a woman thief.
Volière, *f. f.* A volery, a great bird-cage. ♣ Volière, (volet,) a dove-cot.
Volontaire, *adj.* Voluntary, spontaneous; ♣ wilful, heady.
Volontaire, *f. m.* (à la guerre,) A volunteer.
Volontairement, *adv.* Voluntarily.
Volonté, *f. f.* Will; ♣ mind or pleasure.
Volontiers, *adv.* Willingly, readily, gladly.
Volte, *f. f.* (rond) A ring; ♣ volta or bounding-turn.
 ♣ Voltes, (deux parties gagnées d'un jeu,) rubbers, two sets won.
Voltegement, *f. m.* Vaulting.
Voltiger, *v. n.* To flutter or begin to fly; ♣ to ride about.
Voltigeur, *f. m.* A vaulter or tumbler.
Volubilis, *f. m.* Withe-wind, bind-weed, rope-weed.
Volubilité, *f. f.* Volubility.
 Volubilité de langue, volubility, glibness, fluency, nimbleness of tongue.
Volume, *f. m.* Volume, book; ♣ volume, bulk, size.
Volupté, *f. f.* Pleasure, sensuality or voluptuousness; ♣ pleasure, delight, satisfaction.
Voluptueusement, *adv.* Voluptuously, sensually.
Voluptueux, *euse*, *adj.* Voluptuous, sensual, libidinous; ♣ delightful.
Voluptueux, *f. m.* A voluptuary.
Volute, *f. f.* Volute.
Vomique, *adj.* Ex. Noix-vomique, a vomiting-nut or nut vomica.
Vomir, *v. a.* To spue, vomit, cast or bring up.
Vomissement, *f. m.* A vomiting.
Vomitif, *ive*, *adj.* Vomitory.

VOY 469

Vomitif, *f. m.* A vomit.
Vorace, *adj.* Voracious, ravenous.
Voracité, *subst. f.* Voracity, greediness.
Voter, *v. n.* To vote or give one's vote.
Votre, *adj.* au pluriel vos; (pronom possessif de la seconde personne.) Your. ♣ Vâtre, au pluriel vôtres, (étant mis sans le substantif,) yours. C'est icile vôtre, this is yours.
Votif, *ive*, *adj.* Votive.
Voué, *ée*, *adj.* Devoted, consecrated, &c.
Vouer, *v. a.* To devote or consecrate. ♣ Vouer, (promettre,) to vow or promise.
Voulant, *participe de Vouloir.* Willing.
Vouloir, *v. n.* To will or be willing; to please or be pleased; to have a mind.
Vouloir, *v. a.* Ex. Il l'a voulu ainsi, he would have it so. Si elle savoit ce que vous lui voulez, if she knew what design you have upon her.. ♣ A qui en veut-il? what ails him? what is the matter with him?
Vouloir, *f. m.* Will, pleasure; ♣ will, intention, design.
Voulu, *adj.* Ex. Mal-voulu, (hâi), hated.
Vous, *pronom personnel pluriel*, you, ye. Que dites-vous, Messieurs? what do you say, Gentlemen? Comment vous va, mon cher ami? how do you do, dear friend? Je suis tout à vous, I am wholly yours.
Vouffure, *f. f.* The arch or bending of a vault.
Voûte, *f. f.* A vault, an arched roof; ♣ the counters of a ship. Voûte de la galerie, the cove.
Voûté, *ée*, *adj.* (fait en voûte,) Vaulted, arched.
Se voûter, *v. r.* To bend like a vault.
Voyage, *f. m.* Voyage, travel, journey.
Voyager, *v. n.* To travel.
Voyageur, *f. m.* A traveller.
Voyant, *participe du verbe Voir.* Seeing, &c. according to the verb.
 G 2 2

† Voyant, ante, adj. *Gaudy, very gay.*

Voyant, *f. m. One that has his eye-sight.* † Un Voyant, (un Prophete,) a *seer or Prophet.*

Voyelle, *f. f. Vowel.*

Voyer, *f. m. (from Voie.) A surveyor or overseer of the high-ways.*

Voyerie, *f. f. The place or office of the surveyor of the high-ways.* † Voyerie, *V. Voirie.*

Vrai, aie, adj. *True, right.* Un vrai filou, a *mere or an arrant cheat.* † Vrai, (propre,) *right, true, fit.*

Vrai, *f. m. The truth.* † Vous dites vrai, *you say right.*

Au vrai, adv. *Truly, really, sincerely;* † *for certain.* On n'en sait rien au vrai, *there is no certainty of it.*

Vraiment, adv. *Indeed, truly.*

Vraisemblable, adj. *Likely, probable.*

Vraisemblable, *f. m. A probability or likelihood.*

Urbanistes, *f. f. pl. Urbanists, a fort of nuns.*

Urbanité, *f. f. Urbanity, civility, good manners, good breeding.*

Ure, *f. m. An ure-ox.*

Uretere, *f. m. The ureter.*

Uretra, *f. m. Urethra.*

Urgent, ente, *adject. Urgent, pressing.*

Urinal, *f. m. An urinal.*

Urine, *f. f. Urine, stale water.* † Rétention d'urine, (difficulté d'uriner,) *the strangury.*

Uriner, *v. n. To urine, to make water, to piss.*

Urne, *f. f. An urn, a pitcher.*

Ursuline, *f. f. An ursuline nun.*

Us, *f. m. pl. (terme de Palais.) Usage, ways, practice, custom.* † Us & coutumes de la mer, *uses and customs of the sea.*

Usage, *f. m. Use, custom, usage, way;* † *use, the using of a thing;* † *use, advantage, benefit, usefulness;* † *a common-prayer-book.* † Droit d'usage dans une forêt royale, *right of commonage or pasture in a royal forest.* † Usage, (biens

possédés en commun,) *common, common pasture-ground.*

Ulager, *f. m. A commoner.*

† U lance, *f. f. Usage, custom, use;* † *usage, a month.*

Usé, ée, adj. *Worn out or off, &c. V. User, v. a.*

User de, *v. n. To use, to make use of.* † User de régime, *to keep a strict diet.* † En user (agir) bien ou mal avec quelqu'un, *to deal or do well or ill by one, to use him well or ill.* † User de miséricorde, *to shew mercy.*

User, *v. a. To use, waste or consume.* * User sa jeunesse, *to spend one's youth.* User le verre, (le frotter,) *to polish glass.*

S'user, *v. r. To wear out or off, to waste or decay.*

User, *f. m. Ex. Ce drap est d'un bon user, this cloth will wear well or do one good service.* * Il est bon à l'user, *he is a very officious or obliging man.*

Usité, ée, adj. *Used, in use;* † *usual.*

Ustensile, *f. m. Utensil, implement.* Ustensiles de cuisine, *kitchen-utensils, kitchen-tackling.* † Ustensile, *free quarters.*

Usuel, elle, adj. *Usual.*

Usufruituaire, adj. *Usufructuary.*

Usufruit, *f. m. Use and profits without property.*

Usufruitier, *f. m. Usufruitiere, f. f. Usufructuary or tenant.*

Usuraire, adj. *Usurious.*

Usurairement, adv. *Like an usurer.*

Usure, *f. f. Usury, unlawful use;* † *the wearing or wearing out of a thing.*

Usurier, *f. m. Usuriere, f. f. An usurer.*

Usurpateur, *f. m. An usurper.*

Usurpation, *f. f. Usurpation.*

Usurpatrice, *f. f. An usurper, a she-usurper.*

Usurpé, ée, adj. *Usurped, &c.*

Usurper, *v. a. To usurp.*

Utérin, ine, adj. *Uterine.*

Utile, adj. *Useful, of use, beneficial, profitable, serviceable.* Joindre l'agréable

à l'utile, *to join profit to pleasure.*

Utilement, adv. *Usefully, to good purpose, profitably.*

Travailler utilement pour le public, *to work for the public good.*

Utilité, *f. f. Utility, usefulness, benefit, profit;* † *usefulness, use.*

Vu, vue, adj. (from Voir.) *Seen, &c.*

Vu que, conj. *Seeing, being, considering that.*

Vu, *f. m. Ex. Au vu de tous le monde, before every body.*

Vue, *f. f. The sight or eyesight;* † *view, eye or eyes.* look. † (Maniere dont on regarde un objet,) *look or prospect.* † (Aspect,) *prospect, vista, view.* † (Jour, ouverture,) *light, window or casement.* † (Examen,) *view, survey, examination.* † (Dessin,) *prospect, aim, design, consideration, account, score.*

Uvée, *f. f. The uvea tunica of the eye.*

Vulgaire, adj. *Vulgar, common, general, ordinary;* † *vulgar, low, mean, base, vile, trivial.*

Vulgaire, *f. m. The vulgar, the mobile.*

Vulgairement, adv. *Vulgarity, commonly;* † *meanly.*

Vulgate, *f. f. The vulgar translation of the Bible.*

Vulnérable, adj. *Vulnerable.*

Vulnérable, adj. *Vulnerable.*

Vulnérable, *f. m. A vulnery.*

Vulve, *f. f. The uterus, womb or matrix.*

Y

Y, Adv. *relatif de lieu, qui signifie en cet endroit-là. There, thither.* Voulez-vous y aller? *will you go there, thither?* Je m'y trouve bien, *I find my self well there.* † Passer-y, (ou passez par-là,) *go that way.* † Y, (à cela, en cela, en ces choses-là,) *is, of it, of them; to it, to them; in it, in them.* Prenez-y garde, *mind it,*

Y A C

look to it. J'y penserai, I shall think of it or of them. J'y ai remarqué quelques fautes, I spied some faults in it or in them. J'y ai ajouté plusieurs choses, I have added several things to it or to them. ♣ Vous y êtes, (vous avez deviné,) you are in the right, you have hit the nail on the head. ♣ Vous n'y êtes pas, (vous vous trompez,) you han't it right, you are out, you are in the wrong box. ♣ Vous vous y prenez mal, you go the wrong way to work, you don't take a right course in it. Il y a, there is. V. Avoir.
Yacht, f. m. A yacht.
Yeuse, f. f. The French oak or holm oak.
Yeux, (pluriel d'œil). Voy.
Œil. Yeux de chat, V. à la suite du mot Œil. ♣ Yeux (ou trous) de la civadiere,

Z A G

the holes in the sprit-sails.
Yole, f. f. A yawl a sort of small boat.
Ypréau, f. m. The elm-tree, dutch elm.

Z

Zagaie, f. f. A long kind of dart used amongst the Moors.
Zain', adj. m. Ex. Cheval zain, a horse all of one dark colour, without any star, spot or mark about him.
Zani, f. m. (un bouffon Italien.) A zany.
Zélateur, Zélatrice, subst. Zealot.
Zeie, subst. m. Zeal, ardent affection.
Zélé, ée, adj. Zealous, full of zeal.
Zénith, f. m. Zenith.
Zéphyr ou Zéphyre, f. m. Zephyre, a gentle gale.

Z O O

Zéro, f. m. Acyphar, nought.
Zest, interj. Fiddlestick, pshaw.
*Zeste, f. m. A zest, a piece of the peel of an orange; ♣ the woody thick skin quar-tering the kernel of a walnut. * Je n'en donnerois pas un zeste, I would not give a straw, a rush or a pin's head for it.*
Zibeline, f. f. A sable; ♣ a sable-skin.
Zigzag, f. m. A zig-zag.
Zinzolin, f. m. A reddish violet colour.
*Zizanie, f. f. (dissention.) Dissension. * Semer la zizanie, to sow dissension, to make differences.*
Zodiaque, f. m. Zodiac.
Zoile, f. m. (mauvais critique.) A snarling critick; Zoilus.
Zone, f. f. A zone.
Zoophyte, f. m. Zoophyte, a plant-animal.



LISTE ALPHABÉTIQUE

DES NOMS DE BAPTÊME LES PLUS ORDINAIRES
d'Hommes & de Femmes, en François & en Anglois.

AN ALPHABETICAL LIST

OF THE MOST COMMON CHRISTIAN NAMES OF MEN
and Women, in French and English.

NOMS D'HOMMES. — NAMES OF MEN.

A.

Aaron, *Aaron*.
Abel, *Abel*.
Abraham, *Abraham*.
Achille, *Achilles*.
Adam, *Adam*.
Adolphe, *Adolphus*.
Adrien, *Adrian*.
Alain, *Alan* or *Allen*.
Alaric, *Alaric* or *Alarich*.
Albert, *Albert*.
Alexandre, *Alexander*.
Alfred, *Alfred*.
Alphonse, *Alphonfus*.
Aluin, *Alwin*.
Ambroïse, *Ambrose*.
Amédée, *Amedeus* or *Amadeus*.
André, *Andrew*.
Anne, *Anna*.
Anselme, *Anselm*.
Antoine, *Anthony*.
Archibald ou Archimbaud, *Archibald*.
Arnaud, *Arnold*.
Arthus, *Arthut*.
Auguste, *Augustus*.
Augustin, *Austin*.

B.

Balthazar, *Balthasar*.
Baptiste, *Baptist*.
Barnabé, *Barnaby*.
Barthelemi, *Bartholomew*.
Basile, *Basil*.
Baudoin, *Baldwin*.
Benjamin, *Benjamin*.
Benoît, *Bennet* or *Benedict*.
Bernard, *Bernard*.

Bertrand, *Bertram*.
Blaïse, *Blaise*.
Boniface, *Boniface*.
Bonaventure, *Bonaventure*.

C.

César, *Cesar*.
Charles, *Charles*.
Christophe, *Christopher*.
Chrysostome, *Chrysostom*.
Claude, *Claudius*.
Clément, *Clement*.
Conrad, *Conrad*.
Constantin, *Constantine*.
Corneille, *Cornelius*.
Cyprien, *Cyprian*.
Cyrille, *Cyril*.

D.

Daniel, *Daniel*.
David, *David*.
Denys, *Deny* or *Dennis*.
Donstan, *Dunstan*.

E.

Edmond, *Edmund*.
Edouard, *Edward*.
Eléazar, *Eleazar*.
Elie, *Elias*.
Elisée, *Ellis* or *Elisha*.
Emmanuel, *Emmanuel*.
Erasme, *Erasmus*.
Etienne, *Stephen*.
Eugene, *Eugene*.
Eusebe, *Eusebius*.
Eustache, *Eustace*.
Ezéchias, *Ezechias*.
Ezéchiel, *Ezechiel*.

LISTE ALPHABÉTIQUE DES NOMS. 471

F.

Fablen, *Fabian*,
Félix, *Felix*,
Ferdinand, *Ferdinando*,
François, *Francis*,
Frédéric, *Frederick*,
Foulque, *Fulk or Fowk*,

G.

Gabriel, *Gabriel*,
Gaspar, *Jaspar*,
Gautier, *Walser*,
Gédéon, *Gideon*,
Gédouin, *Goodwin*,
Geoffroy, *Geffery*,
Georges, *George*,
Gervais, *Gervas*,
Gilles, *Giles*,
Gilbert, *Gilbert*,
Godefroy, *Godfrey*,
Grégoire, *Gregory*,
Guillaume, *William*,
Guy, *Guy*.

H.

Hannibal ou Annibal, *Hannibal*,
Hector, *Hector*,
Henri, *Henry*,
Herbert, *Herbers*,
Hercules, *Hercules*,
Hierome, *V. Jérôme*,
Hilaire, *Hilary*,
Horace, *Horatio*,
Hubert, *Hubert or Hobart*,
Hugues, *Hugh*,
Hemfroy, *Humfrey*.

J.

Jacob, *Jacob*,
Jacques, *James*,
Jean, *John*,
Jérémie, *Jeremy*,
Jérôme, *Hierome*,
Ignace, *Ignatius*,
Job, *Job*,
Jonathan, *Jonathan*,
Joseph, *Joseph*,
Josias, *Josias*,
Joscelyn, *Josselin*,
Josué, *Joshua*,
Irénée, *Irenaeus*,
Isaac, *Isaac*,
Jude, *Jude*,
Jules, *Julius*,
Julien, *Julian*.

L.

Lambert, *Lambert*,
Lancelot, *Lancelot*,
Laurent, *Laurence*,
Lazare, *Lazarus*,
Léonard, *Leonard*,

Léopold, *Leopold*,
Louis, *Lewis*,
Luc, *Luke*,

M.

Malachie, *Malachy*,
Marc, *Mark*,
Martin, *Martin*,
Matthias, *Matthias*,
Matthieu, *Matthew*,
Maurice, *Maurice, Morice or Moritz*,
Maximilien, *Maximilian*,
Michel, *Michael*,
Moïse, *Moses*.

N.

Nathan, *Nathan*,
Nathanaël, *Nathanael*,
Néhémie, *Nehemiah*,
Nicolas, *Nicholas*.

O.

Olivier, *Oliver*,
Othon, *Otho*.

P.

Patrice, *Patrick*,
Paul, *Paul*,
Philibert, *Philebert*,
Philippe, *Philip*,
Phinée, *Phineas*,
Pierre, *Peter*,

R.

Randolphe, *Randol*,
Raoul, *Ralph*,
Raphaël, *Raphael*,
Raymond, *Raymund*,
Renaud, *Reynold*,
Richard, *Richard*,
Robert, *Robert or Rupert*,
Rodolphe, *Rolph or Ralph*,
Roger, *Roger*,
Roland, *Rowland or Orlando*.

S.

Salomon, *Solomon*,
Samuel, *Samuel*,
Samson, *Sampson*,
Sébastien, *Sebastian*,
Sigismond, *Sigismund*,
Silvain, *Silvan*,
Silvestre, *Silvester*,
Siméon, *Simeon*,
Simon, *Simon*.

T.

Théodore, *Theodore*,
Théodoric, *Dorick*,
Théodose, *Theodosius*,
Théophile, *Theophilus*,
Thibaud, *Theobald or Tibald*,
Thomas, *Thomas*,



3 9015 01922 4008

2. 6. 3
5. 6. 3
1.

